

الطبعة الاولحك - جدة ١٤٠٣هـ - ١٩٨٣م الطبعة الثانية - ستيكاغو ١٩٨٦

مؤسسة إقراء الثقنافية العالمية شيكاغو

قامُونْ الفَاضِ القُرالكِوَيُ عَلَى الْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُورُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤِرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤْرِدُ لِلْمُؤِرِد

عَــرَيٰ - إنجـُــليزيٰ

حسبَبِ الترتيبُ الْمُجِيزِرِي وَالبِسْيَاقِ المعْسَنوِي مَع إيضاحَا بست صَرفِيَّة ونحوبَّة وتفسَاصِيل مُيسّرة عن الأمسَاكِن وَالأعسْلام

> ت أليف ال**تكتورعبراندعباريوالندفي** عَشوعَينة التددين بمثهداللّث التربيّة جَلِينَة لم المشتوط - شكلة للكزّنة

بيس اللوالرج فالرحسي

وَلَقَدُ يَسَّرُنَا ٱلقُّرُآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلُ مِنْ مُدَّكِرِ فَهَلُ مِنْ مُدَّكِرِ فَهَلُ مِنْ مُدَّكِر

INDEED WE MADE THIS QUR'AN EASY TO BEAR IN MIND - WHO, THEN, IS WILLING TO TAKE IT TO HEAR?. 54:17

مقستاتيكم

الحمد لله رب العالمين وسلام الله على رسوله الأمين سيدنا محمد وآله وصحبه أجمعين وبعد،

فهذا قاموس لألفاظ القرآن الكريم باللغة الأنجليزية وضع على الترتيب الجذري فيه شرح للكلبات الواردة في القرآن الكريم من حيث معناها وسياقها في الآيات وأشارات ترمز الى ضع كل كلمة من ناحية الاشتقاق وموقعها من الرفع. والنصب والجر، كما يوجد فيه بعض التفاصيل من دون تطويل عن الأنبياء السابقين الذين ورد ذكرهم فيه والأماكن التي أشار اليها القرآن العظيم.

ويأمل المؤلف ان يستفيد من هذا القاموس المسلمون الذين ينطقون بالأنجليزية ومن عداهم ممن يتعلّمونها بأعتبارها لغة دولية وهم ينتمون الى مختلف الجنسيات وينطقون بشتى اللغات ولا يمكن الأتصال بهم وتقريبهم الى لغة القرآن الكرم إلا بواسطة لغة دولية أو شبه دولية مثل الأنجليزية.

والحافز الى وضع هذا القاموس عدة أمور: أولا:

أني لمست رغبة ملحة في قلوب كثير من المسلمين في الشرق والغرب الى تفهم معاني كتاب الله العظيم فها مباشرا بدون وسائط الترجمات وقد وفق الله لأجلهم بعض عباده الى أنتهاج منهج خاص لتعليم مبادىء اللغة العربية وكان ذلك المنهج مبنيا على تركيز القوة الواعية لتلقي اللغات الأجنبية على آيات القرآن الكريم لتكون هذه القوة أكثر أئتلافا

بالنسق القرآني من أول خطوة تخطوها نحو تعلم اللغة العربية.

وهذا المنهج يتمثل في كتاب (تَعَلَّم لغة القرآن الكريم) الذي أخرجته دار الشروق عام ١٤٠٠هـ فالذين تعلموا مبادىء اللغة بواسطة هذا الكتاب وألفوا النسق القرآني في تركيب الجمل وماهية الكلمات كانوا في حاجة الى معرفة معاني المفردات القرآنية من ناحيتي المبني والسياق.

ثانيا :

أنه لا يوجد قاموس عربي - أنجليزي لألفاظ القرآن الكريم يرجع اليه المؤلفون والباحثون ألا كتابا وضعه المستشرق John Penrice في عام ١٨٧٢م أي قبل أكثر من قرن وهو قاموس مختصر لا يخلو من الأخطاء والطعنات الخفية في الأسلام وعقائد المسلمين ومصادره ثانوية مما ألفه أسلافه المستشرقون الذين نفثوا فيها سموم أحقادهم والتواء أفكارهم فجاءت غير مبرأة من الخطأ والأنجراف.

أما النهج الذي أتبعه مؤلف هذا القاموس فهو أنه ألزم نفسه أبان تأليفه مراجعة التفاسير المتفق على صحتها مثل الطبري والكشاف للزمخشري وابن كثير والقرطبي ثم البحث عن معانيها في معاجم اللغة العربية مثل لسان العرب لابن منظور والمفردات في غريب القرآن للعلامة أبي القاسم الحسين بن محمد المعروف بالراغب الأصفهاني (٥٠٢م).

وفي بعض الأحيان راجع أقرب الموارد لسعيد الخوري حيث أنه معجم وسيط لا بأس من مراجعته مع التحفظ وبدون الأتكال عليه وحده ومعجم ألفاظ القرآن الكريم تأليف لجنة من أعضاء المجمع اللغوي بالقاهرة وبعد الاقتناع من صحة معنى الكلمات القرآنية بالعربية راجع المؤلف الترجمات المختلفة لمعاني القرآن الكريم مما كتبه المسلمون وغيرهم وعرض الكلمات المختارة منهم لترجمة اللفظ العربي القرآني على قاموس ليرجمة اللفظ العربي القرآني على قاموس لين Eunk & Waknall فأختار التعبير الأنجليزي

الذي وجده في رأيه مطابقاً للكلمة القرآنية وبالأصح التعبير الذي وجده أقرب الى المدلول المعنوي لكلمة وردت في القرآن الكريم.

وجعل مدخل المادة الكلمة التي وردت في القرآن في هيئتها الأصلية بجردة من الضائر مشفوعة بالرموز المشيرة الى صيغة هذا اللفظ من ناحية الاشتقاق ومكانها في الآية منصوبا أو مجرورا أو مجزوما (لم يلتزم بالأشارة الى المرفوع منه نظرا الى تكرره وكونه أصلا الا عندما أقتضت الحاجة ليفرق الطالب بين المنصوب من اللفظ والمرفوع منه).

وأكتفى ببيان معنى واحد لكلمة واحدة أذا وردت في موضع واحد في القرآن أو وردت في عدة مواضع ولكنها تفيد معنى واحد في كل سياق فلم يدعم الشرح بمثال من الآيات ولكنه أذا ورد اللفظ الواحد في سياقات مختلفة مما حمل المترجمين على أن يختاروا تعابير مختلفة للدلالة على المعنى فذكرت الآيات مترجمة ومرقمة.

ويعلم مؤلف هذا القاموس أن كثيراً من أهل الزيغ والهوى وأصحاب العقائد المنافية لعقيدة السلف الصالح وعقيدة التوحيد شرحوا المفردات القرآنية بما تتفق ونظرياتهم الشاذة فكان على حذر منهم ولهذا فقد تحرى وبحث قبل أثبات معنى من معافي المفردات القرآنية ما أستطاع الى ذلك سبيلا ودفعه تحريه الى مراجعة ساحة العلامة الشيخ عبد العزيز بن عبد الله بن باز للاستفادة من سعة علمه في شرح بعض الكلمات من هذا القبيل فكان حفظه الله خير عون له في إيضاح المهات من معافي الكلمات.

وأعددت ملخصين في آخر الكتاب أولها للكلبات التي يحار فيه الطالب الذي لا يعرف قواعد الأشتقاق ولا يعرف الأصل الثلاثي للكلمة فيعجز عن معرفة مكانها في القاموس مثل الكلبات المبدوءة بحروف المضارع الأربعة والكلبات المبدوءة بلام التوكيد وميم الفاعل

والمفعول في أبواب المزيد فيه، والملحق الثاني هو دليل شامل لكلهات القرآن ومواضع ورودها فيه مشيراً اليها برقمي السورة والآية.

وأنني أذ أتقدم بهذا المعجم لمعاني ألفاظ القرآن الكريم فأنه يهمني أن أعلن لأخواني السادة العلماء وجمهرة المثقفين المخلصين أستعدادي لتلقي أي تعقيب علمي مفيدا أو نقد فكري هادف بناء يعين على أتقان العمل في هذا المعجم وإيصاله الى مرتبة عالية في الشكل والمضمون حاضرا ومستقبلا فلست منزها من الأخطاء والعصمة الله وحده.

ويطيب لي أن أتوجه بالشكر والعرفان بالجميل إلى المربي الكبير الأستاذ السيد محسن أحمد باروم الذي تولى إخراج هذا القاموس على نفقة دار الشروق كها أشكر مؤسسة إقرأ الثقافية العالمية شيكاغو لطباعته الثانية، مع العلم أن كتب المراجع والمعجمات بطيئة الدوران وقليلة الربح ولكنه أراد بنشر هذا العمل العلمي وجه الله ورضاه وخدمة دينه وكتابه الخالد والله المسؤول أن يتولى جزاءه.

كما يسعدني أن أشكر المجمع العلمي الاسلامي في مدينة لكناو بالهند (الذي يرأسه سماحة مولانا السيد أبي الحسن علي الحسني الندوي حفظه الله) حيث تم في مطابعه تنضيد الحروف الانجليزية ونظائرها العربية.

كما أنني مدين لفضل أخي في الله الاستاذ الفاضل محمد الرابع الحسني أمين عام المجمع والأستاذ الكاتب محي الدين مستشار المجمع لجهوده الكبيرة التي بذلها في تصحيح المسودات وتطبيق البروفات وشاركه في هذا العمل الشاق نجله العزيز السيد معين الدين.

كما يشكر المؤلف كل من ساعده في أكمال هذا العمل ويخص بالذكر منهم الأستاذ وقار عظيم الندوي والأخوة الأعزاء نسيم أختر والسيد محمد عزيز الندوي الأندوري والأبن فياض حفيظ الرحمن والأبن طه عبد الله الندوي. تقبل الله مني ومنهم هذا العمل المبارك أن شاء الله وأجزل الخير للجميع والحمد لله الذي بنعمته تتم الصالحات وآخر دعوانا أن الحمد لله رب العالمين.

كتبه العاجز الفقير الى رحمة ربه التركتررعبدالشعباسفي التركتررعبدالشعباسفي معهد اللغة العربية ـ جامعة أم القرى مكة المكرمة / ١٤٠٣/٢/١٦ هـ.



Abbreviations

Acc.

Act. Pic.

Active participle: on the measure of jet or its extended form indicating feminine, dual and plural i.e. numbers and genders.

Act. 2 Pic.

Active participle: on the measure of that denotes a stable meaning of the root such as one who Possess the description of () generosity as permanent and inseparable nature of his personality. Sometimes this form gives the meaning of Passive participle as:

Adj.

Adjective: Arabic has no special form for adjective as English does. A simple noun from active participle or passive participle can be used as adjective.

Ap-der

Active participle from one of the derived stems, such as : مُكرَّمُ from iv. مُكرَّمُ from ii and مُكرَّمُ from viii etc.

Assim.

Assimilation: The verb consists of a duplicated radical as : that is

Card.

Cardinal Number

Comp.

Compound words: This word is compound by a noun and a verb followed by a pronominal such as in "my father", that is ++ or comprising comprising be fearful of me'. Some time is an 1st. P. objective pronoun is shortend to it.e. the final is dropped.

D. Pron.

Demonstrative pronoun.

C/R

Contents requirements: Due to the contents the word choosen for translation in English, though the actual meaning differ from it, as shown in the root form (or) the form of the verb is of perfect but it meant future tense and vice versa.

EL

Emphatic with lam: There is a prefixed "J-Lam" to the imperfect subjunctive that means "in order to" as "in order to take it", when it is placed before a passive imperfect it means 'let-do as نَا الله ' 'let him go' or 'he may go'.

Elative

The form of Elative ' أَفْعَلُ التَّفْضِيلُ ' e.g. أَمْدَى 'more righteous than' . .

Elative-W

The form of elative denoting wonder, surprise and excess as with the 'how good is he!'

Emp.

'Emphatic' there is a duplicated mun i suffixed, to emphasize the meaning of the root e.g. نُحْبَنُ 'he surely will go'.

Epl.

There are a duplicated nun s in Emp above, suffixed and a " J la" prefixed to show the surety of the action denoted by the root form e.g. the surely shall kill'.

F|fem.

Feminine: learner should note that in Arabic where a feminine singular verb precedes the subject of the sentence it does not necessarily mean that the subject is a feminine. Often a plural, receives the initiative verb of feminine singular as A community has entered, I The bedowin told.

F.D.

Final dropped: The min of plural and dual is dropped, thus مَعْمَلُونَ , مَعْمَلُونَ and مَعْمَلُونَ and مَعْمَلُونَ and مَعْمَلُونَ . مَعْمَلُونَ and مَعْمَلُونَ . That indicates that the verb has been preceded by conditional particle such as اَنْ عَالِفَ عَالَى , or cause stating وقد etc.

Gen.

Genative: The word has occured in genative.

H.V.

Hamzated: This verb consists of a hamza in its original triliteral root, thus modified form of this verb has different shape than usual ones.

id.

idiom.

Imperf.

المنارع Imperfect tense

Interj.

Interjection.

Intrans.

Intransitive.

Ints.

السُمُ الْبَالَيْدِ Intensive : Forms of noun known as عَلََّمُ such as عَلَّمُ well knows etc.

Juss.

Jussiv: Imperfect tense having sukun on the final letter due to negative or being a part of conditional Phrase, or due to dropping the final letter that happens in a weak letter. Also, in case of a weak verb the final radical () is dropped.

L.C.

The "القَرْطِ of conditional phrase جَوَابُ القَرْطِ 'Apodosis' is prefixed.

lit.

The literal meaning of this word is...

M/m/masc.

Masculine.

Meta. Metaphore, figurative expression. Plural noun. n.p. إِسْمُ أَلَاقِهُ Noun for instrument N-int. إِسْمُ الزَّمَانِ وَ الْمُكَانِ وَ الْمُكَانِ N-P.T. The noun. nun dropped: The final nun () of dual N.D. plural form is dropped due to idafa (Genative case) such as is it's 'two muslims of the town', or 'muslims of the town'. Negative. Neg. Nominative case: this sign used only where an Nom/accusative has occured to show contrasting form as which is in accusative مُسْلِينَ in comparison to مُسْلُونَ case. Opposite : as أُنْهُو كُ White' of أَنْهُونُ 'Black'. Opp. Person as: 1st. P, 2nd. P, 3rd. P. Broken plural : as the plural of دَاكِعٌ 'bower' is P.B. رَاكِمٌ Plural solid : as active participle : Plural of P.S. رَا كُمْ انَ is Passive participle () on the measure of Pact-Pic 'written', عَمْدُوْب 'praised'. Imparative : Stands for command or order Perate Prefered to imperative as it does not signify the correct sense of (الْمَاضَىٰ) Perfect tense Perf المضارع الجيول Passive imperfect tense PIP Passive Participle from one of the derived stems as Pis. Pic. 'praised one', or "respected one'.

Plu. Plural

الْمَاضِيُّ الْجَنْوُلُ Passive Perfect الْمَاضِيُّ الْجَنْوُلُ

PROP-N Proper noun

Quad. Quadrilateral, having four radicals الرُّمَاعِي

R-adj. Relative adjective.

RF Root-form: means that the derived form has the same meaning as its triliteral root.

R. pron. Relative pronoun.

Sing. Singular.

SS Something or someone,

Trans. Transitive.

V.D. Vowel dropped: a vowel of the radical is dropped as from

V.N. Verbal noun إِنْمُ الْمُدَر

Derived to

Derived from: also to show the مَاضِي imperfect and verbal noun الْمُعَادِعُ of the word occured in the H.O.

>> While in the H.Q. only its derived form has occured, its literal form is given for convenience of the reader to know the original meaning.

he, she, it (i.e. what ever the subject suit the sentence is to be understood the word before which ~ occurs. In case of feminine ~ may refer to the plural subject as 'they'.

Derived Forms of the Triliteral Verb

The simple or root form of the verb is called 'stripped' or 'naked' verb), while the derived forms are said to be 'increased'. Derived forms are made by adding letters before or between the three radicals. Thus means 'to write'; "to write to", 'correspond with'; and "to write to each other", "to correspond with each other means "to kill"; "to massacre". "To break" trans.; and "to be broken", "to break" intrans.

Form No. VIII	ifta-e-ala اِفْتَعَلَ
	(e.g. to profit', 'benefit' trans;
per c	(to profit by') اِنْتُمْعُ بِهُ
Form No. IX	if_e_alla
	(e.g. احتر) 'to become red')
Form No. X	Istaf-E-ala
	(e.g. آستُحْسَنَ "to be good"; اِسْتُحْسَنَ "to think
	good", "admire")
Form No. XI	اِفَالَ if_e_alla
	(e.g. ادمام"became dark green with foilage".

Proper Names

Instead of Biblical transliteration of the proper names, the Arabic forms have been adopted throughout in this dictionery.

Readers will also notice a change in spelling of such names as 'Mecca' should be written 'Makkah'; 'Medina' should be written 'Madina' and so on.

The following list shows the Arabic names and their Biblical equivalents:

ARABIC	BIBLICAL	ARABIC	BIBLICAL
Adam	Adam	Qarun	Koran
Al-Yasha	Elisha	Saba	Sheba
Ayyub	Job	Sulaiman	Solomon
Babil	Babel	Talut	Saul
Dawud	David	Taurat	Torah
Esa	Jesus	Uzair	Егга
Fir'won	Pharaoh	Yajuj	Gog
Harun	Aaron	Ya'qub	Jacob
Ibrahim	Abraham	Yahudi	Jew
Imran	Amran	Yahya	John
Ilyas	Elias	Yunus	Jonah
Injil	Gospel	Zakariyya	Zacharias
Ishaq	Issac	11 2	
Ismail	Ishmael	1	
Jalut	Goliath	~	
Jibril	Gabriel	*	*
Lut	Lot	*	×
Misr	Egypt	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Majuj	Magog		
Maryam	Mary	x x	
Mikal	Michael		- 58
Musa	Moses	*	`X
Nuh	Noah		

VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN REFERNCES

Besides the text of the Holy Quran and a concise Quranic concordance arrenged by Faizullahal Hasany Printed at Bairut In 1323 H., The following works have been under consultation; few of them are referred to by their famous author's names or their full titles; the most frequently referred works are abbreviated.

A - ARABIC:

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مجموعة تفسير شيخ الإسلام ابن تيمية ورتبها وتولى نشرها عبد الصمد شرف الدين بومباي (الهند) ١٣٧٤ هـ.

أبن عقيل: علي بن عقيل شرح أبن عقيل على الفية ابن مالك تحقيق محمد محيى الدين بن عبد الحميد، بيروت ١٣٩٤ هـ.

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أبن القيم: الأمام عبد الله محمد ابن القيم الجوزية م ٧٥١هـ التفسير القيم، جمعه وحققه العلامة محمد أويس الندوي.

أبن قتيبة: ابو محمد عبدالله بن مسلم م٢٧٦هـ تأويل مشكل القرآن - دار التراث - القاهرة ١٣٩٣هـ.

أبن كثير: المفسر أسهاعيل بن كثير الدمشقي م ٧٧٤ هـ، تفسير القرآن

العظيم، بيروت (أفست) ١٩٧٥م.

أبن منظور: أبو الفضل محمد ابن مكرم ، لسان العرب بيروت ١٩٦٥م.

الأفغاني: الأستاذ سعيد مذكرات في قواعد اللغة العربية دمشق

۱۳۷٦ هـ.

البغوي: الحسين بن مسعود الفراء م ٦١٦هـ ، معالم التنزيل

الحلبي – مصر ١٣٢٦ هـ.

البيغاوي: نصير الدين عبد الله بن محمد م ١٨٥ هـ.

أنوار التنزيل وأسرار التأويل، مصر ١٣٥٥ هـ.

ترزي: فؤاد خيا، الأشتقاق بيروت (عام الطبع غير مذكور).

الراغب: أبو القاسم الحسين بن محمد المعروف بالراغب الأصفهاني

المفردات في غريب القرآن - الحلبي مصر ١٣٨١ هـ.

الزمخشري: المفسر أبو القاسم جار الله محمود بن عمر م٥٣٨ هـ.

١ - الكشاف عن حقائق التنزيل بيروت ١٣٨٥ هـ.

٢ - أساس البلاغة بيروت ١٣٨٥ هـ.

السيوطي: العلامة عبد الرحمن جلال الدين م ٩١١هـ .

١ - الأتقان في علوم القرآن مصر.

٢ - معترك الأقران في أعجاز القرآن.

٣ - المزهر في علوم اللغة وأنواعها.

سعيد: سعيد الخوري أقرب الموارد بيروت (عام الطبع غير مذكور).

شاهين: توفيق محمد شاهين المشترك اللغوي نظرية وتطبيقا، مكتبة وهبه، القاهرة ١٤٠٠هـ.

عبد الباقي: محمد قواد عبد الباقي معجم غريب القرآن مستخرجا من صحيح البخاري، مصر ١٩٥٠م.

العبكري: الحسين بن عبد الله م ٦١٦ هـ أملاء ما من به الرحن من

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وجوه الأعراب والقراءات في جمع القرآن – الحلبي – مصر ١٣٨٠ هـ.

الفراء: أبو زكريا محيي الدين بن زياد الفراء معاني القرآن بيروت ١٩٨٠م.

الجمع: مجمع اللغة العربية - القاهرة معجم ألفاظ القرآن الكريم القاهرة (عام الطبع غير مذكور).

المغنى: جال الدين بن هشام الأنصاري مغنى اللبيب الحلبي - القاهرة.

موسى: محمد أبو موسى خصائص التراكيب دراسة تحليلية لمسائل البيان - القاهرة ١٤٠٠هـ.

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بشيرالله الزخلن الزجير

كتاب الألف (الهمزة)

آلَوْتَرَ ؟

Didst thou not see? (105:1)

أذكؤ سيواآنا نأتي الأرض تنقصها

Behold they not that we visit the land diminishing it. (13:41)

أفد وَنْ تُومَّاتَكُ عُونَ مِن دُونِ الله

Bethink ye then those whom ye call upon beside Allah. (39:38)

To introduce an alterna- (2) tive question, the second alternative starts with as:

مُن أَذٰلِكَ خَيْرًا مُجَنَّهُ الْخُلْدِ

Say Thou: Is that better or Garden of Abidance? (25:15)

To denote a dubitative (3) sense 'Whether'

ءَانْذُرْتَهُمُ أَمْ لَوْتُنْذِرُهُمْ

Wheather Thou warnest them or warnest them not. (2:6)

* * * 1

an interrogative article (1) placed before a verb

أَجْمَلُنُونِيقَالِهُ الْمَأْتِجُ وَ....؟

Did you hold the giving of drink to the pilgrims and? (9:19)

or before a preposition as:

آني الله شَكُّ ؟

Is there any doubt in Allah? (14:10)

or before a pronoun as:

اَنْتَ قُلْتَ ؟

didst thou say ? (5:116)

or before another particle or a letter of the conjunction such as: الله من من من من من من من من من

art thou verily

أَإِنَّكَ

or (أَيُثَكَ written as (أَيُثَكَ وَلِإِبْوَيْهِ لِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ وَنَهْمَ اللَّهُ وُسُ

And for his parents each of them shall have one sixth.

[4:11]

fathers (physically)(1) (n. p.) 391

وَلَا مَنْكِ حُوًّا مَا نَكُحُ ابَا وَكُوْ

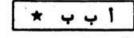
And do not marry women whom your fathers previously married. [4:22]

forefathers (2)

اوَتَغُولُوا إِنَّا أَشْهَاكَ الْبُّونَامِن مَبْلُ

Or lest you say; it was but our forefathers who associated afore. [7:173]

According to Raghib the word Tincludes, besides fathers, forefathers, paternal uncles, teachers of the old, spiritual leaders etc.



grass (n.) acc.

ا ب د ★

أكدا

forever (1) (adj.)

مَاكِشِينَ فِيهِ إلَّهُ

Staying in it for ever. [18:3]

(2) never

إِنَّالَنَ نَدُخُلُهَا ابْدُا

We will never enter it. [5:24]

1.**

father (n.)

declined with letters as

nom.

acc.

gen. 3

The word in sigular signifies father in the sense of blood relationship as

مَاكَانَ مُحَمَّدُ أَبَا آحَهِ مِن يَجَالِكُو

Mohammad was not father of any one of your men.

[33:40]

meanwhile the singular denoates the meaning of plural from. and is used for forefather in spiritual sense.

مِلَّةَ إِيكُوْالِرْمِيمُ

The creed of your forefather Ibrahim. [22:78]

Zamakhshari observes;

هُوَ أَبُوْ رَسُولِ اللهِ عَلَى مُكَانَ أَبا لِأُمَّتِهِ

لِأَنَّ أَمَّةَ الرَّسُولِ فِن مُخُمِّ أَوْلَادِم

Ibrahim was forefather of the Messenger of Allah. Thus he became father of his community; as the Messenger's community is as good for him as his descendents.

parents (n. dual.) أَوَانِ الْوَبْنِ

(perf. 3 p. m. phu.) أَوَا they refused

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) آيَنَ they (f) refused

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing) اَبَ ~ refuses (with a N particle)

وَلَايَأْبَ كَالِبُّ أَنْ يَكُنُهُ

Let not the scribe refuse to write. (2:282)

imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) عَالَيْن refuses

* 6 - 1

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) أَقَا

< ~ came,

to come, arrive, الزيانا أن الم

~brought, gave, (ب) آل

to bring, present (ب)آليّاناً (ب)

~ came (perf 3 p. f. sing.) حُتَنَ

(perf. 3 p. f. dual) they (twain) came

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) المَيْنَ they (f) came

we came (perf. Ist p. plu.)

< red (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) آبَقَ بَا بِيقُ أَبْقًا)</p>
to run away, أَبَقَ بَا بِيقُ أَبْقًا)
escape (as a slave)

* * * *

أَمَارِيْقُ (إِبْرِيْقُ bowls (n. phu. of

١ ب ك ★

أَبْكَارٌ ععد ب ك ر

ا ب ل *

camel (n.) Jy

a flying creature (n.) Lil

إِنْ ابِنُ see (n.) بن و

١ ب ي 🖈

آبِن (أب +ى. (Comp. ر أب) my father

يَا أَبَتِ (أب + ت .Comp) O my father

أبي (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<∼refused

to refuse, reject آبل بأبل إباء

مُؤْتِيْنَ

give, pay(perate m. sing.)iv آتِ	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أُوْلَ he was given	he comes (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. اَلَّٰنِ اَ اَلَٰتِ اللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰمِلْمِلْمِلِي الللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ
اُوْ تُوْدُا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اُوْ تُوْدُا they were given	they come (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
(pp. 2 p. m. sing.) iv أُوْتِيْتُ thou was given	(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. أُتِي he comes
(pp. 2 p. m. plu.) iv you were given	(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. تَأْتُواْ ا تَأْتُونَا / تَأْتُونَا / تَأْتُونَا / تَأْتُونَا / تَأْتُونَا
(pp. 1st p. sing.) iv اُوُنِيْنَا we were given	(imperf. Ist p.plu.) acc. الْقِي الْقِين we come
(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُؤْتَ he is (or will be) given	come! bring! (perate m. sing.) إِنْتِ (perate m. dual)
(pip. 3 .m. lu.) iv يُؤْتُونَ they are (or will be) given	(you twain) come!
	(perate m. plu.) اِنْتُوا (you all) come!
(pip. 1st p. sing.) i أُوْتَ I am given	to bring, آئے ہُونِی iv اِیْتَاماً to give
(ap-der.>iv m. plu.) الْوُ وُنُ the givers	(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ST
(pis. pic. m. sing./used for	< ∼brought, gave,
ap-der) acc. مُأْتِتًا comer certainly	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~ gives
that is to be fulfilled	(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou give
* • • • 1	(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُؤْوِنَ

they give

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv they (f) give

household, (n) acc.

goods,

~effect (2)

ريمَاعُمُ فِي وَجُوْهِمْ مِنَ آثَوِ السُّجُوْدِ

Mark of them is on their faces from the effect of prostration. [48:29]

effects (1) (n.p.) がて

كَانْظُرُ إِلَّى أَثْرِدَ حَمَتِ اللَّهِ

Look, then, at the effects of Allah's mercy. [30:50]

traces (2)

كالواهم أشكر وفائم أوة واقارا

They were mightier than thee in strength and in the traces (which they have left of their power and glory). [40:21]

footsteps, after (3)

فلعكك بالجثع تفسك على الماريم

Haply thou art going to kill theyself over their footsteps. [18:6]

trace (4)

أنآرة

إينونيكتب من قبل هذا أواشة من عليه

Bring me a book before this or some trace of knowledge. [46:4]

ا ت ل ★

Temarisk

(n) 18

ات ر *

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) اَوْرُنَ <they (f) raised to transmit, to raise (الله عَامُورُ الْوَ الله الله preferred (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

to prefer آيَّةَ يُؤْثِرُ إِنِثَاراً

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُؤْيُّوُونَ they prefer

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ອີ້ you prefer

(imperf. Ist p. plu.)

~we prefer

لَنْ وَيُراك

We shall never prefer thee." [20:72]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

~transmitted

فَقَالَ إِنْ هُنَّ اللَّهِ عُرْيُهُ فَلَا

Then he said; naught is this but magic transmitted (i.e. transmitted from the writings of the former generations). [74:24]

~footstep (1)

(n)

فَقَبَحْسُكُ قِنْضَةُ قِنْ أَثْمِ الزَّمْثُولِ

So I took a handful from the footstep of the messenger. [20: 96]

يَّابَتِ التَّاْجِرُهُ إِنَّ خَيْرَ مَنِ

O my father! hire him, for the best that thou can hire is strong and trustworthy one. [28: 26]

reward; hire

(n.) 32

rewards; hires (1) (n.p.) أَجُورٌ

وَلَمَّا الَّذِينَ المَثْوَادَعَ لُواالطِيخْتِ

فَكُنَّ فِي عَنْمُ الْمُؤْدِدُ الْمُعْلِخْتِ

And as for those who believed and worked righteous works, he shall repay them their hires. [3:57]

dowers (2)

So give them their dowers stipulated. [4:24]

* J = 1

reason (particle)

141

مِنُ آجُلِ ذُلِكَ

because of that (5:32)

(an appointed) term (n) أَجَلُ

وَلِكُلِّي أُمَّةٍ أَجَلُ

And for every community there is (an appointed) term (i.e. in the divine plan). [7:34] ا ت م ★

اَثُمُ إِنَّا وَ مَأْفَالِهِا to commit a sin or crime

the requital or recomp- (n.)

sinful (act. pic. m. plu.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. آرُغِمَيْنَ sinful persons

sinful person (act. 2 pic.)

a sin, a lie (v. n. >ii)

★ ₹ ₹ 1

bitter

(n. adj.) اَجَاجُ

اجر *

أَجُورُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing,)

<thou hires</p>
أَجَرَ يَأْجُرُ أَجُرا (ن)

to hire; employ

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) x اُسْتَـــاُجَرُتَ thou hast hired

إِنْسَا عِرْ hire! (perate m. sing.) x

آخَذَ يَأْخُذُ أَخُذاً وَمَأْخَذاً (ن) to take, put, catch

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) اُخَذَتُ she took, put

they took (perf. 3 p.f. plu.) آخَذُنَ you took (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) آخَذُمُ

we took (perf. Ist p. plu.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m.plu.) كَأْخُذُونَ they will take

أَخُذُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu) acc. يَأْخُذُوا they take (or) may they take

nom آخُذُونَ acc. آخُدُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) you will take

الْآجَلَيْنِ (dual n.) الْآجَلَيْنِ فَقَيْتُ فَلا عُمْوَانَ عَلَيْ

Whichsoever of the two terms
I fulfilled it shall be no
harshness to me. [28:28]

<thou (perf. 2 p.m. sing.)</p>
hast appointed.

أَجَّلَ بُوَجِّلُ تَأْجِبُلاً to fix a term

وَيِلْفُنَّا آجَلْنَا الَّذِي فَي آجَلْتَ لَنَا

And we have reached the term which thou hast appointed for us. [6:128]

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) اُجِّلُتُ ~is timed, appointed, has been fixed

لِآيَ يَوْمِ أُجِّلَتُ

For what day is it timed? [77:12]

fixed term (pis-pic) مُوَجَّلُ مُوَجَّلُ كُلُوا مُنْكَا مُنَا مُنْكَا مُنْكَا مُنْكَا مُنْكَا مُنْكَا

A recorded term. [3:145]

* 2 5 1

one (m) (cordinal num.) عُدَّةً

اخدی (f) one

اخ ذ *

(perf. p.m. sing.) آغَذَ took, put. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii 4

وَمِنَ الْاعْرَابِ مَنْ يَتَّخِدُ مَالِنْ فِي مَعْرَمًا

And the dweller of the desert is one who taketh up that which he expecteth as a fine. (9:98)

~set up (2)

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَتَّخِذُ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ آنْدَادًا

And of mankind are (some) that set up compeers unto Allah. (2:165)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii تَخْدُدُ thou take

nom. بَتَّخِذُولُ acc./ مِتَّخِذُولُ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii they take

nom. تَخْخِذُوُلَ acc./ المَّخِذُوُلَ (imperf. 2 p.m. phr.) viii you take

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) viii نَتْخِذُ we adopt, take

أَخِيدُ take ! (perate m. sing.) viii

(perate f. sing.) viii إُغْضِلْوَىٰ (thou f.) take!

(perate m. plu.) إِلَّيْ ذُوُا (you) take!

taking, overtaking (1) (۷.n.) أخُـــُدُّ 30 يُوَاخِذُ imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii يُوَاخِذُ

لايُؤاخِذُكُمُ اللهُ بِاللَّغُوفَ أَيْمَانِكُمُ

Allah will not call you to account for what is vain in your oaths. [2:225]

لاً تُوَاخِذُ (perate/neg.) iii أَوَاخِذُ punish not, reckon not

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اِنْدُدُ < ~ he has taken

to adopt, الْخُمَاذُ بَتَّحِيدُ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ to take

Note: Raghib has mentioned this root in うっさっこ others put it in うっさい

وَتَالُوااتُّفَدُ اللَّهُ وَلِكَا

And they said, Allah hath adopted a son (or) Allah hath taken a son. [2:116]

الَّغَذَوُا perf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii الَّغَذَوُا they have taken

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii الْخَذُتُ thou hast taken

(perf. Ist p. sing.) viii عُنَدُتُ I have taken

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii الْحَذَوْثُمُ you have taken

(perf. Ist p.m. plu.) viii عُنَدُناً we have taken

one who takes (ap-der > viii) SS as possessor of, certain adjectives (L.L.).

مَاكُنْتُ مُعْفِنَ الْمُضِلِينَ عَضْمًا

Nor was I one who takes seducers as supporters. [18:51]

(ap-der. m. plu. n.d.) ئىنچىدىدى takers SS in certain object

وَلَامُتَخِينِيُّ آخُتَانِ

And not taking (them) as secret concubines. [5:5]

(ap-der. f. plu.) تُتَخِذَاتُ

those women who take some one (in friendship for sinful, illegal relationship)

أخد ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii آخَرَ

~put behind, delayed.

to delay, النَّحْرَ لَأَخِيرُا put behind

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ii آخَرَتُ (she) put behind, delayed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii أَخَرُهُا we put behind, delayed

(perf 2 p.m. sing.) آخُرُتَ thou hast delayed. thou hast delayed me

وَكُنْ إِكَ أَخَذُ رَيِّكَ

And such is the overtaking of thy Lord. [11:102]

grip (2)

فأخذنهم آخذ عزيز فقندر

Whereof We laid hold of (took) them with grip of (Our) might. [54:42]

أَخُذَةً (n.) grip

(act. pic m. sing.)

مَامِنْ دَآبَةِ إِلاهُوَاخِنَّابِنَاصِيَتِهَا

No moving creature is there but He holdeth it by its forelock. [11:56]

(act. pic. m. phu.) acc. آخِذِنُنَ those who hold SS, takers

آخِيدُيُهِ -nd.) آخِيدُيُهُ

overtakers, holders with grip (of it or him).

taking (v.n.>viii) إِنِّكَادُ

الكخلكتة إنفتكم بالقادك البيل

Verily you have wronged your souls by your taking the calf. [2:54] (n. plu.) nom. آخِرُوْنَ acc. آخِرِيْنَ others

> another (f.) (n.) أُخْرَى others (f.) (n. plu.)

final, last, that is to (n.)

الَيْوَمُ الآخِرُ (Hereafter) الْيَوْمُ الآخِرُ last, coming after (n.)

the abode of Hereafter الدَّادُ الآخِرَةُ

ا خ د ★

brother (n.) 🛱

declined as if with letters not vowels. Thus

nom. أَخْرُ Acc. أَخُو gen. أَخْرُ

 siginfies A male person having the same parents as another or others or having only one parent in common.

التىالنوآغاه

He took his brother to himself. [12:69]

(2) A person of the same descent, land, creed or faith with other or others

الكماً المؤمنون الحوة

The believers are naught elsethen Brothers.

[49:10]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii وَقُوْمُ مُ

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) ii we delay

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii وَقَحْرُ ~is delayed, will be delayed will not be delayed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v تَأَخَّرَ delayed (1)

وَمَنْ تَاكِمُو فَلْا اِثْنُو عَلَيْهِ

And whosoever delayth on him is no sin. [2:203]

that comes later (2)

مَاتَعَتَدَمَين ذَنْهِكَ وَمَا تَأْخَرَ

That hath preceded by thy fault and that which may come later. [48:2]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَالَيْنِ العَالَمُ العَالَمُ العَالَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ العَلَمُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَأْخِرُونَ they remained behined.

استأخر to remain behind

أَسْتَأْخِرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) نَسْتَأْخِرُونَ you remain behind.

(ap-der.>x, m. plu)acc. الْمُنْتَأْخِرِيْنَ who are delayed behind.

another (n.)

other two (n. dual.) ゴデ

other two (n. dual.) ace.

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. ii أَدُوا that you pay back hand over! (perate. m. plu,) أَدُوا to deliver up (v.n.) (the thing entrusted to its owner).

* 0 3 1

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) اَذِنَ ∼allowed (1)

أَذِنَ بَأْذَنُ إِذْنَا (س)

to bear, perceive, respond, listen, allow

إلَّامَنْ أَذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمُنُ

Except he whom the Beneficent allowed. [78:38]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) اَذِنَتْ perceived, heard (2)

وَاوْنَتُ لِرَبِّهَاوَحُقَّتُ

And listened to its Lord and is made fit. [84:2]

(perf. 2 p.m sing.) آذِنْتَ thou permitted (3)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) اُذَنُ permits

عَلَى يَأْدُنَ لِنَا إِنَّ الْ

Until my father permits me. [12:80]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آذَنَ I give permission. in the genitive case أين as:

فأوارى متوءة أيئ

So cover the dead body of my brother. [5:31]

لِيُرِيَهُ كُفُ يُوَادِئَ مَنوءَةً آخِيْهِ

To show him how to cover the dead body of his brother. [5:31]

(n. dual.) acc.-gen. أَخَوَيْنِ two brothers

two brothers (n. dual.) nom. أَخُوانِ

brothers (n. p.) إُخُوانًا

brothers (n. p.)

sister (n.)

two sisters (n. dual.) الأختين

sisters (n. plu.) آخَوَاتُ

* lec *

impious, disastrous (n.) acc. [5]

* 631

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii وَقَدُّ ~delivers وَقَدِّى تَأْدِيَّةً وَيْ تَأْدِيَّةً وَيْ تَأْدِيَّةً وَيْ الْمِيَّةِ وَيْ الْمِيِّةِ وَيْ الْمِيَّةِ وَيْعِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَيْمِيْمِ وَيْمِيِّهِ وَيْعِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَيْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَيْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْمِ وَالْمِيْم

to pay, perform.

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُثِوِّدُ ~in order to pay back, should pay back

44

فَقُلُ اذْ نُتُكُوْعَلَى سَوْآه

Then say; I have warned you all alike. (21:109)

to declare (2)

قَالُوٓ الزَّنْكُ مَامِتَامِنْ شَهِنيو

They will say; we declared to thee not one of us can bear witness. (41:47)

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv is we declared

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v الْأَذُنَّ proclaimed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x اسْتَأْذَنَ asked leave

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x اشتَأَذُنُونًا they asked leave

(imperf. 3 p.m. p. sing.) x يَشْتَأُذِنُ asks leave

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَشَتَأْذِنُونَ they ask leave

proclamation, (v.n.) آذَانُ

permit, leave (n.) إِذُنْ

ear; all ears or (metp.) (n.) أَذُنُّ hearer (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) اُذِنَ ~is allowed

يُوْذَنُ (pip 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤْذَنُ ~is allowed

excuse (1) (perate m. sing.) إِثْنَانُ

ائُذُنْ إِنْ وَلَاتَعْتِينَ

Excuse me and try me not. (9:49)

give leave (2)

فَأُذُنُ لِنَنْ شِثْتَ مِنْهُمْ

Give leave to whom thou wilt of them. (24:62).

be apprised (3)

فأذنوا بحرب تن الله ويسوله

Then be apprised of war from Allah and His messenger. (2:279)

(you) permit (perate m. plu.) إِنْذُورُا

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii آذَنَ announced

announce! (perate m. sing.) ii أُذَنُ call! make known to eve. j body

(apder. > ii m. sing.) مُؤَذِّنُ an announcer

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv آذَنْتُ <1 warned (1)

iv لَذَنَ بُوذِنُ إِنْدَاناً to warn, declare (imprf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُؤُذُونَ they give trouble, harm or annoy

ئۇدۇن . nom ئۇدۇر ا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you annoy, give trouble

give punish- (perate m. sing.) آذُوُا ment!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) دُوْذِي has been given trouble, persecuted

They were (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) أُوْذُوُا persecuted

we were per- (pp. 1st p.plu.) أُوُذِيْنَا

(pip. 3 p. f. phu.) يُؤَذِّنُ they (f) should be given trouble

أَذِيِّ (n.) (ailment (1)

اوَيِهِ آدَى ثِن تَلْيرِهِ

Or has an aliment of the head. [2:196] harmful (2)

كالكواذ كالماكز لوالتسآة فالتجني

Say Thou: it is harmful Keep aloof from women during menstrual charge. [2:222] ears (1)

وَتَعِيمَ أَذْنُ وَاعِيهُ

It might be retained by the retaining ears. [69:12]

all ears or hearer (2)

وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَاذُنُ

And they say: he is all ears (hearer, looking for news). [9:61]

ears (phu. of اَذَنَ) his two ears (dual n.d.) اَذَنَتُ الْمُنْتُ (both ears of him)

* * * *

أَذْمَانُ see نُقُ ثُ

* 631

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv آذَوُا < They maligned, annoyed

آذَى يُؤذِي إِنْدَاءا

to hurt, cause bodily pain, wound the feeling

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اَذَيْتُمُ you maligned, annoyed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُوْذِيُ - gives trouble, harms, annoys through disease or extreme old age have lost reason and manhood.

(Jid.>Rgh.)

purposes (plu. n.) آرِبُ (sing. مَأْرُبَةً

أرض ★

earth, land, city, (n.) آُرُضُّ country

ارك*

أَرَائِكُ (sing. أَرَائِكُ (أَرِيْكُ \$ sing. أَرِيْكُ

1 . 7 *

'IRAM' or 'Aram' () was according to one account, the name of the great fathers of 36, from whom the tribe took its name; and according to another the name of the city in which it lived.

The عَادَ are called مَادَ , the word مَادِ means 'lofty buildings' supported by columns.

injury (3)

حُتُولًا يُتَبِعُونَ مَاأَنفَعُوا مَكَاوَلًا آذًى

Then they follow not up what they spent with reproach or injury. (2:262)

annoying (4)

وَدَعُ أَذْنُهُمْ

And disregard their annoying (talk). (33:48)

a.slight evil, slighter than what is termed مُرَرُّدُ (LL.); or anything causing a slight harm. (Rgh.)

إذً ، إذًا

remember (particle) when, (pointing to the past), that time when.....

(particle) اَغُا when (pointing to the future)

۱ ر ب *

رِدُبَةُ need (n.) عَيْرُ أُولِنَ الْ

those male attendants who

back, strength

(n) 55T

اشدُدُيةٍ آنْيِهِ يَ

Confirm by him my strength. (20: 31) (Arb.)

Strengthen by him my back.
(Jid.)

* 331

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim v) عُرِّدُّ they (satans) incite

تؤزهٔ عَالَاًا

They incite them by an incitement. (19:83)

ا ز ف *****

أَرِ فَتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) < ~ got nigh آزِفَ ، بَأْزَفُ (س)

that is coming (act. pic. f.) آزِفَتُّ very soon

1 س س *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim v) آسَسَ < ~laid the foundation

أَسَاشُ (n) foundation

أَسِّسَ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ∼laid (its foundation)

إنقرذات المعتاد

Aram, the possessors of lofty buildings supported by highly built columns. (89:7) (Rgh.)

"the people of many columned 'IRAM". (Jid.)

lit.: 'IRAM' possessing lofty structures supported by columns. The reference is to the earthly Paradise built by Shaddad, son of 'Ad' one of the greatest king of the dynasty.

(Jid. P. 30, nn. 333)

ازد ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv 55T

 \sim >strengthened

to help آزَرَ مُوَازَرَةً strengthen

* * * *

Azar

(p.n.) 55T

Prophet Ibrahim's father, an an idolater. According to Bible quoted by Jid. his name in Bible is Terah (also Zarah). He was the Chief Officer of King Nimrod and a great favourite with his royal master.

ا س ن ★

altered (pact. pic.)

(i.e. water, the colour and smell of it are altered.)

ا س و ★

< example, an object (n) أَسُوا إِلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه

لِكَيْلَاتَأْسَوْاعَلْ مَا فَاعْلُو

Lest you sorrow for the sake of that which hath escaped you. (57:23)

* د س ۱

اتى (n) sorrow

لاً تَأْسَ (perate. neg.) لا تَأْسَ

اشر ★

rash, insolent

38

أير (١١)

* * * *

اُسُنَسُبُرَقُّ(n) brocades اُسُنَعُالِ see ع ل و

اس د ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (h.v.) آغرُوُنَ you take—imprison

to bind, (ح) آشراً (ع) أشراً المستر، بأيثر، أشراً (ع) take captive

structure, joints, frame (n) أشر (act. 2 pic.) أسير أستراك (aptive, prisoner captives, prisoners (plu. n.) أستراك see مس ر ي

ا س ف 🖈

السَفُوا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) iii السَفُوا they made SS angry,
السَّفَ مِأْسَفُ أَسَفًا (س)
to be sad, grieve about.

(in) sorrow, anger (n.) acc. آميةً (v.n.) acc. آميةً < sorrow and anger

مَ أَسَىٰ O my sorrow (interjec.)

أَعَانَ/أَعِيْنُوُا / اِسْتَعِيْنُوُا see ع و ن أَغُرَيْنَا see غ ر و

1 ف ف *

fie! Oh! (interjec.)

ا ف ق ★

(n. p.) آفَقُ (n. sing.) أَفَقُ horizons; horisons

1 6 6 *

أَفِكُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

<they feign, make a false show

أَنْكَ بَأَنِكُ إِنْكُا

to tell a lie, change another purpose, turn away from.

أَوْكُ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu. (wv) أَوْكُ thou turns away

آجِفْتَنَالِتَأْفِكُنَاعَنَ الِهَتِنَا

Art thou come to us that thou may turn us away from our gods? [46:22]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) أُوِلُكُ was turned away 1 ص د ★

(pis. pic. iv, f. sing.) مُؤْصَدَةُ closed over
to shut, close

1 ص د

إِمْرٌ burden (1) (n)

رَبِّنَاوَلَاتَعْيِلْ عَلَيْنَا إِصْرًا

Our Lord, do not lay upon us a burden. [2:286]

compact (2)

وَاخَدُنُّوعَلَى ذَلِكُوْلِصُونَ

And do you take my compact in this matter.[3:81]

* J - 1

آصُلُ root (n)

أَصُولًا (roots (n.p.)

evening (n)

evenings (n.p.) Jul

* 1 2 1

أَعْطَلَى ، أَعُطَبُنَــاكَ، أَعُطُوا see ع ط و

اع ف *

أَعْنُوا see ع ف و

ا ف ن ★

أَفْنَانُ see ف ن ي

* 7 11

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) كُلُّ أ they twain ate they ate (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَكُلُوا eats (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) بَأُكُلَانِ they twain eat they eat (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَأُكُلُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) اَ كُلُنَ they (f) eat

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

أَكُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَأْكُونَ you eat

we eat (imperf. Ist p. plu.)

(perate f. sing.) کُلِیٰ eat (addressed to a woman) 40 (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) أَوُ فَاكُ is turned away

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) مُؤُفَكُونَ they are turned away

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) وَ وَ مُكُونَ you are turned away

a lie; slander (n) إُذَك big liar; big slanderer (n. ent)

(ap-der. viii f. sing.) الْمُوْمَنِينَا the subverted (cities) the subverted or overturned (cities)

* * * *

أُقْتَتُ see و ق ت

أ ف ل ★

set (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) أَفَلَ مَأْفُولُا (ن) to set

مَعْلَتُ مَا eset (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) (h.v) حُلِّلُ

(act. pic. m. phu.) acc. آفلتُنَ setting ones, (moon, sun or stars) cause to deprive of, or decrease

* 3 J 1

الَّذِيُ (Sing.) الَّذِيُّنَ (plu.) اللَّذَيُّنِ (dual) acc. اللَّذَانِ (relative pronoun) (dual. n) who, who that

> الِّينُ (Sing.) اللَّانِيُ ، اللَّاثِيُ (الَّيِيُ)

(rel. pronouns f.) (phu.) who, which, that

١ ل ف *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii أَلَّفَ < ~ united, joined

to acustom لَإِنْ بَأَلْفُ إِلْنَا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing) ii يُؤَلِّفُ units, joins together

protection (Sale.) (v.n. iv) إِيْلَافَةُ taming (Pic.), keeping (Jid.)

(pis. pic. ii, f. sing.) مُؤَلِّفَةُ that is made to incline

والنؤلفة فأويهن

and those whose hearts are to be conciliated. [9:60] (perate m. f. dual) کا eat (O you twain)

eat (O you twain)

eat (you) (perate m. plu.) الْكُوْلُ (perate m. plu.) الْكُوْلُ (act or state of eating (acc.) کُوُلُ (act. pic m. plu.) (n) acc. الْكُوْلُ (act. pic m. plu.) (n) acc. الْكُوْلُ (sing. الْكُوْلُ (pact. pic.) الْكُوْلُ (pact. pic.) الْكُوْلُ (eaten up, devoured

* 1 1 1

lo! (particle) Ĭ

lest (particle \(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \) \\
that not,

ا ل ت *

we (perf. Ist. p. plu.) (h.v.) أَلَتُنَا deprived of > (من أَلِتُ أَلِيتُ أَلِيتُ أَلِيًّا (من deprive of, decrease,

anything other than the UNIMAGINABLE SUP-REME BEING.

The word has no corresponding word in English or in any language of the world.

O Allah! أَمْ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ أَمْنًا اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمِلْمُ اللّٰمُ الل

ا ل و 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (h.v.) اَلُوْنَ <they will fall short

to fall الاَ بَأَلُو الرَّا short, refuse, be remiss

لَايَأْلُوْنَكُوْخَبُالُا

They shall not be remiss in corrupting (your affairs). (3:118)

(acc) أَوْلُوا (particle) أَلِيْ ، أُوْلِيَ possessors, owners of those who are أُوْلُو بَقِيسَاءًة owners of wisdom possessors, owners of (f.) أُوْلاَتُ أُولاً one thousand (card. numb.)

(card. numb. dual) acc. اَلْفَيْنِ two thousands

(card. numb. plu.) آلُوْفٌ / أَلُوْفٌ (thousands

*rj1

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَلْوُنَ

they are suffering, to suffer, feel pain

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) تَأْلُونَ you ars suffering

(act. 2 pic. adj. m.) effective, painful

* • J 1

god (n) (1)

gods (n. p.) - T

The proper name app- (n) lied to the Being who exists necessarily by Himself.

comprising وَاجِبُ الْوُجُودِ all the attributes of perfection.

The word has neither feminine nor plural and has never been applied to (v.n.) 25/1

to keep away from the wife

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii مِنْ اللهِ عَلَيْلُ اللهِ اللهِ swear off

وَلَا يَأْتَلِ أُولُوا الْفَصَٰلِ مِثَكُمُ وَالسَّعَةِ

اَن يُؤْتُوا أُولِ الْعُرْنِ

And let not the owners of affluence, and amplitude among you swear off from giving unto the kindred. [24:22]

favours bounties, (n.p.) IT

* - 1

ruggedness (n) 2

كَاتَرٰى نِيهُمَا عِوَجُا وَلَا آمَتًا

Wherein thou shalt not see any crookedness or ruggedness. (20:107)

ا م د *

a distant term, time, place (n) 5-1

ام د *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) →

"The bearers اُوْلاَتُ الْآَحَالِ of burdens" (i.e. pregnant women)

those, these (demonstrative) أُوْلَيْكُ (these (demonstrative)

(plu. of 5)

see ولي

أولاً. أدار أدار

(a separable preposition) Us

مِنَ السَّعِيدِ الْحَوَامِ الْكَالْسَنْجِيدِ الْأَقْصَا

From the Sacred Mosque to to the Furthest Mosque. [17:1]

with, adding to (2)

وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا الْمُوالَهُ وَإِلَّى الْمُوالِكُمْ

And devour not their substance with (i.e. by adding it to) your substance(4:2).

till (3)

آيتواالقيأم إكىالكيل

(And) complete the fast till night (fall). [2:187]

1 ل ي *

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv وُوُوُنَ they swear

to swear

آلى يُوْلِينُ إِيْلاَءَآ

to be off from wife.

(pp. 1st p. sing.) اُمِنْ اَلَّالُهُ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَالِينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَالِينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَالِينَ الْمُعَالِّينَ الْمُعَالِينَ الْمُعَالِينَ الْمُعَالِينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعِلِينَ الْمُعَلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعَلِّينَّ الْمُعِلِّينَّ الْمُعِلِّينَّ الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَّ الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِينَّ الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَا الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينَ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِينِ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِينِ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِّينِينِ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِينِينِ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِّينِ الْمُعِلِينِينِ الْمُعِلِّينِ ال

وُّنَ (pip. 2 p.m. sing.) وَوُنَى thou art commanded

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) تُؤُمَّرُونَ you are commanded (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii يَأْعِرُونَ they are taking counsel

(perate. n. plu.) viii اثْتَمِرُ وُا take counsel

matter, affair (1) (n)

وَقُضِيَ الْأَمْوُ

And matter has already been decided. (2:210)

news (2)

وَإِذَا جَأْءَهُ وَأُمْرُثِينَ الْأَسْنِ أَوِالْحَوْفِ أَذَا عُوالِهِ

But if any news of security or fear comes to them, they spread it abroad. (4:83)

command (3)

يَتَنَوَّلُ الْأَمْرُ بَيْنَهُنَّ

The command descends among them. [65:12]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) آخرُوُا they commanded

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) أَمَرُتَ thou commanded

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) اُرَيْنَا we commanded

caution: the beginners should note the difference

between iii (Ist.

commanded) and line

(3 p.m. sing. + 1 —he

has commanded us)

زاًمُنْ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) رامن (commands

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَأْمُرُونَ they cammand

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing. تُرْمِينُ thou (f) command

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) آئن وُنَ you (m) command

(imperf. 1st p. sing.)

(e.m.p. lst. p. sing.) آگرنگآ I surely will command

(perate m. sing.) اُوُصُرُ give order, command

أَمِنُ وُا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) أَمِنُ وُا they were given order

٤٤

* , , 1

mother (1)

(n)

وَآوَحُنْنَالِلَ أُمْرُونِهِي

And We inspired the mother of Musa. [28:7]

mothers (n. p.)

ختمت عَلَنكُ أَمَّعْتُكُ

Forbidden unto you are your mothers. (4:22)

Note: The primery meaning

is mother and in all secondry significances some idea of the primary significance is retained as illustrated in following verses.

dwelling (2)

فأتحة مكامنة

His dwelling shall be the Abyss. [101:9]

the source: origin, (3) foundation or basis.

وَالْ وَهُونَ الْمُعَالِينَ مُن الْمُولِينَ الْمُولِينَ الْمُولِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ

Wherein some verses are firmly constructed, they are the basis of the Book. [3:7]

authority (4)

أولى الكفر

The possessors of the authority or who are in authority. [4:59]

affairs, matters, (n.p.) commands (but not news or authority

> ان عود عراد ع انرآه see م د ع

> ع د ع see (عُرَية) (مَنْ أَوْ) see م ر م

> > grevious (n.)

لقدخنت شئاامرا

Thou hast committed a thing grievous [18:71]

(act. pic. m. phu.) الأيرون those who command

(ints. f.) wont to command

yesterday, nearpast, (n) الأمس recently

hope (n) Lyl

or (a conjunction)

سَوَّا يُعَلِيُهُوْءَ اَنْذَرْتُهُمُّ اَمُّ لَوْتُنْفِرُهُمُّ الاَيُؤْمِنُوْنَ

It is equal for them whether thou warn them or warn them not, they will not believe. [2:6]

(act. pic. m. plu. assim) v قَتْنَ آ <those who are repairing

to repair to, المَّمَ يُؤُمُّ أَمَّا to go towards

وَلَا الْمِيْنَ الْمِيْتَ الْحَوامَ

(Profane not) those who are repairing to the Sacred House. [5:2]

ماً (ف) مas for, but, (particle) ما الله عنه مع الله عنه الله عنه

أمَّا مَنِ اسْتَغُنَّىٰ فَأَنْتَ لَهُ تَصَدَّى

As for him who considers himself free from need, to him thou payest regard. [80:5, 6]

either, or, (particle) [

فَإَمَّامَتُنَابَعُدُ وَإِمَّا فِيكَآءٌ

(Let them off) either freely or by ransom: [47:7]

leader, the Quran (n.)

leaders (n.p.) المُقَدِّةُ

وَعِنْدَ أَمْ الْكِتْبِ

And with Him is the origin of the Book. [13:39]

centre (4)

وَلِتُنْكِ رَأُمَّ الْعُرى وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا

And (it is sent) that thou may warn the mother (centre) of the town (Makka) and those around her. [6:92]

first instance is the mother of the towns; the metropolis, particularly Makka; because it is asserted to be the middle of the earth; or because it is the Qiblah of all men, and thither they repair; or because it is greatest of towns in dignity. (Jid>LL)

is generally used in the second of two alternative prepositions, the first of which

is proceded by (1); both may by rendered

"weather'.' see (1)

Thus Ibrahim is described as possessor of virtues in his own self that is expected from the people or a community.

unlettered (n) الأثن

Note: Raghib has quoted a view of some unknown and irreliable commentrators, that

as a relative أُمِّ الْقُرُاي adjuctive to

i.e. the inhabitant of Makka. This view is but a guess, not supported by grammatic rules.

The Holy Quran in another verse 2:78 (forthcoming) has given significance of this word.

أُمِّيُّونَ (أُمِّيُّ plu. of أُمِّيُّ

unlettered ones

الْأُمْتِينَ) acc. الْأُمَّةِ (الْأَمْةِ

unlettered ones

وَمِنْهُمْ أَمِينُونَ لَايَعَلَمُونَ الْكِتْبَ

And of them are unlettered ones who know not the Book. [2:78] before, in front of (n.)

community, nation (1) (n.)

كَانَ الكَامُ أَمَّاةً وَاحِدَةً

Mankind was one community. [2:213]

a period (2)

وَاقْكُوبِعَدَامَةِ

And he recollected himself after a period. [12:45]

a (certain) way, (3)

course, mode, rule of life or conduct, religion.

إِنَّا وَجَدُنَّا أَبَّاءً نَاعَلَ أُمَّةً

Verily we have found our fathers on a way (of conduct or religion). [43:22]

pattern (4)

(an example, a model to be followed, in respect of true religion and piety). —Razi; Ibn Kathir)

إِنَّ إِبْرُهِ يُو كَانَ أُمَّةً قَانِتًا يَتُلُو حَنِيفًا

Verily Ibrahim was a pattern devout unto Allah, upright. [16:120]

Note: According to Rgh.

in this verse means community or group.

أَمِنْتُ I trusted (perf. Ist. p. sing.)

إلاكما أمِنْكُوْمَالَ آخِيْدُ

Except as 1 trusted you with his brother. (12:64)

يَأْمَنُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَأْمَنُ ~feels secure

فَكَايَامُنُ مُكُولِقُلِهِ إِلَّالْعَوْمُ الْعِيرُونَ

But none feels secure from Allah's plan except the people who perish. (7:99)

أَمْنُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَمْنُوا they trust

أَمَنُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) تَأْمَنُ thou trusts

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) آمَنُ I shall trust

هَلُ امَنْكُوْعَلَيْهِ

Shall I trust yau. [12:64]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آمَنَ < ~ believed

آمَنَ يُؤْمِنُ إِلْمَاناً

to believe; have faith

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv مُنْتُ (e) believed

(perf. 1st p. sing.) iv آمَنْتُ I believed groups, communities nations

comp. of مُنَ + مُنُ) أُمَّنُ (أُمُّ + مُنُ)

أمِّنْ هُوَقَانِتُ أَنَّاءَ الَّيْلِ

Is he who is devout in the watches of the night. [39:9]

ا م ن 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) ن

became safe, considered oneself safe, trusted a person with anything>

أَمِنَ بَأْمَنُ آمُنا وَ أَمَانا وَ أَمَانَةً

to be safe, trust, consider someone safe.

فَإِنْ آمِنَ بَعَضُكُمْ بَعَضًا

If one of you trust another. [2:283]

أواكمن آهل العنزى آن يتأييه فوكالمنا

Are the people of the town then secure from our punishment. [7:98]

فَإِذْ أَامِنْتُوفَاذُكُوا اللَّهُ

And when you are in safety remember Allah. [2:239]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they are in safety

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you are in safety أمِنُوُا

21

آمِنْينَ acc. آمِنُونَ (n.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) those who are safe, in peace, secure

(act. 2 pic.) أُمِينُ trustworthy

أَمَنَةً أَنْوَلَ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ يَعْيِ الْغَيِّرَامَنَةً لَّهُ مَنْ يَعْيِ الْغَيِّرَامَنَةً

Then after grief He sent down on you security. [3:154]

trust (n.) Tall

الْأَمَانَاتُ (n.p.) trusts

faith, belief (n.) أَكُانُ

(ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) مُؤُ مِنْ believer

مُوْمِنِيْنَ acc. مُؤْمِنُونَ

(ap-der. iv, m. plu.)

believers

مُؤُمِنَةٌ .sing مُؤُمِنَاتُ (plu.)

(ap-der.>iv, f.)

believer, believers

place of (n. for place) مَأْمَنُ safety

secured (pact. pic.) مَأْمُونُ

غَيْرَ مَأْمُونِ not to be felt secured

ام و ★

a bondwoman (n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) آمَنُوُا they believed

(perf. 2 p.m- plu.) مُنْتُمُ you believed

(perf. Ist p. plu.) آمَنَا we believed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤْمِنُ مُن believes

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) تُوُمِنُوا thou believe

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يُؤُمِنُونَ they believe

تُؤْمِنُ acc. تُؤْمِنُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you believe

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) وُ مِنْ we believe

رُوْمِـٰنَّ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤْمِـٰنَ ~certainly believes or shall surely believe

(emp. 2 p.m. sing.) تُوْمِدِانَ thou shall have to believe

(emp. Ist. p. plu.) وُوُهِدِ مَنَّ we shall certainly be believing

security, peace (n) الْأَمْنُ

آمِنٌ (m.) آمِنَةُ (f.)

peaceful (Act. pic. sing.)

أذَ

انَّ

they are Thy servants.

[5:118]
in place of '4' 'he is or (2)
he was to' as

اِنْ كَادَكُيْضِلْنَا عَنْ الْهَتِنَا He had well-nigh led us

astray from our gods. (25:42]

A negative particle. And (3) in this case it should be followed by \[\frac{1}{2} \], as:

إِنْ هٰنَاالَاقُولُ الْبَشَرِ

This is naught but a word of a man. [74:25]

that, indeed, (particle) certainly (this particle comes to introduce a statement)

واعكوان الله عزيز كيكيو

And know that Allah is Mighty, Wise. [2:260]

Used in the (particle) beginning of a para or new sentence, e.g.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلِمْ حَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى النَّهِيِّ

Verilly Allah and His angels send their benedictions upon the Prophet. [33:56]

 the bondwomen (n.p.) [

Note: Non-muslim translators of the Holy Quran, due to their shortcoming, tend to render the word into slave - woman.

* * * * *

(pronoun, Ist p. sing.)
I, myself

(particle) 3

This particle is used to (1) support the preceding particle i.e. when as under:

لَلْتَأَانُ جَأَءَ الْبُصِيْدُ Then, when the bringer of the

glad tiding came. [12:96] explanatory (2)

وَانْطَلَقَ الْمَالَا مُوْائِمَ الْمَالِّوْا وَالْمَالِوُلُوْ عَلَى الْمَالِّوْ عَلَى الْمَالِيُّةُ الْمَالِيُ The chiefs among them departed—go and preserve in your gods i.e. they departed saying. [38:6]

lest (3)

وَذَكِرْبِهُ أَنْ تُبْسَلَ نَفْنُ عِاكْبَتْ

And admonish thou them lest a soul be given up to perdition for that it hath earned. [6:70]

It is used as: (particle) introducing a conditional (1) sentence:

إِن تُعَذِّبُهُمْ وَانْهُمْ عِبَادُكُ

If Thou chastise them, surely

50

أَمَّ شَاسٌ (n.p.) أَمَّ شَيِّ (أَمِنْ أَنِي men (n. plu. of أَمَّ أَنِي (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv المَّنَ المُ

آنَسَ يُونِينُ إِيْنَاساً ,to perceive see

أنس في التكاوينارًا

He perceived a fire on the side of Tur (mountain). [28:29]

(perf. Ist p. sing.) iv آسُتُ آ I perceived

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اَنْسُمُّ you find

فَإِنْ أَنْشَتُهُمْ مِنْ أَنْشَدُا

Then if you find in them maturity of intellect. [4:6]

أَسُتَأُنِسُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) السَّتَأُنِسُوا you ask permission

أَيْنَ .i.e. اسْتَأْنَنَ x اسْيَيْنَاساً

to seek familiarity (ap-der > X m. pl:..) مُسَنَأُنِسِينَ seekers of familiarity

وَلَامُسْتَأْلِيهِ يُنَالِحَوِينِ

Without lingering to enter into familiar discourse. [33:53]

١ ن ف *

nose (n.) آنْتُ

me, that I, verily I, etc."

Likewise these are prefixed
to other pronominal

forms: هُمْ ، هُمَا ، هَا ، هُ

verily, is but (particle) لَوْا

قُل إِنْكَاآنَا بِشَرْمِيْفُكُمْ

Say thou: I am but a human being like yourselves. [18:110]

that (statement) (particle)

يُوْخَى إِنَّ آثَمَاً الْهُكُمُ اللهُ وَاحِدٌ

Revealed unto me is that your God is one God. [18;110]

+ 001

female (n.f.)

two females (n. f. dual.) الْأَنْسُانِي

females (n. f. phu.) 36]

۱ ن س ★

man (opp. jinnee.) (n.) إِنْسُ

man (general) (n.) انسان ا

man (general) (n.) إنْسَى

men (n.p.)

تُسْفَى مِنْ عَيْنِ أَيْدَةٍ

Given to drink of a spring fiercely boiling. [88:5]

vessels (2) (n.) آنیسَةُ

وَيُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِأَنِيَا فِينَ فِضَّةٍ

And brought round among them will be vessels of silver. [76:15]

(n+o:pronoun) (its time (of cooking)

wherefrom (interjec.)

الْهُ اللَّهُ مُنَّا

Where thou got it from? [3:37]

* 1 . 1

people (1) (n.) وأهلاً

وَلَوُا اسْ اَهْلُ الْكِتْبِ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمُ

And if the people of the Book believe, surely it would have been better for them. [3:110]

worthy, Lord, owner, (2) being entitled

هُوَاهُلُ التَّعُوٰى وَاهْلُ الْمَغُورُةِ

He is the Lord of piety and the Lord of forgiveness. [74:56]

family members (3) (such as son, brother, wives and kins.)

وَالْكَنْفَ بِالْكَنْفِ

A nose for a nose. [5:45]

just now (n.) LiT

و لقنال القاقاة

What is that he hath said just now? [47:16]

انم 🖈.

creatures (n.)

ان ی ★

أَنْ بَأْنِيُ إِنَّهُ الْأَصْ) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) وَأَنْ بَأْنِيُ إِنَّهُ الْأَصْ)

to be time for SS

الغريان للذبن المثوا

Is not the time yet come to those who believe?

[57:16]

times; hours; (n.p.) "L'T

آنِ <(act. pic. m.) إِنْبَةً

boiling (1)

آنِيَةٌ (act pic. f.) إِنْيَةٌ boiling

يَطُوْفُوْنَ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَ حَمِيْمِ إِن

Going round between it and boiling water, fierce.

[55:44]

والله عندة محش الماب

And Allah; with Him is the best goal (or resort). [3:14] one who is oft-returning (ints.) أَوَّا اِينَ those who are (ints. plu.)

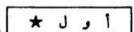
î و د 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عُوُّدُ < ~ tires iv (ن) آدَ يَوُّدُ أَوْداً (ن) الله to make tired.

وَلَا يُؤُدُهُ خِنْظُهُمَّا

And guarding of the twain tire Him not. [2:255]

أَدِدَ بَأُودُ أَوَداً to become bent



تأويل (v.n.>ii) أويل interpretation (1)

هٰذَا تَأْوِيْلُ رُءُيَاى مِن تَبْلُ

This is the interpretation of my dream of old. [12:100]

result, final sequel, end (2)

ذلك خَيْرُقا حُسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا

This is best and more suitable to (achieve) the end.
[4:59]

رَبِإِنَّ ابْنِي مِنْ آهْلِي

My Lord; surely my son is of my family. [11:45]

responsible persons, (4) elders of a family.

فَالْكُوْمُنَ بِإِذْنِ آمْلِهِنَ

So marry them with the permission of their masters (elders of their family).

[4:25]

أَمْلِينَ acc. أَمْلُونَ

families, (plu. of family members)

. ا و ب ★

(perate > ii, f. sing.) خَوْنِ <do an act of echo, repeat, to return آبَ x إِيَابًا وَ مَآبًا to act أَوَّبَ (وَ) أَيَّبَ as echo, bring, repeat (Rgh. Lis.)

ينجِبَالُ آدِيْ مَعَهُ

O mountains! repeat Our praise with him. [34:10]

to come back, (v.n.) to return (with one's own intention—Rgh.)

(n. for place; v. mim) مَآبُ resort, goal, returning

ا و . ★

< long-suffer- (ints. sing.) أوّاه ing one (one who mourns or sorrows much.)</p>

(آهَ يَوْهُ أَوْماً وَ نَأْوَهُ) (١

to call out oh; feel pain,

ا و ی ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) آوٰی ~sought refuge

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اُوَوُا they sought refuge

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) آوَيْنَا we sought refuge

آولی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv gave shelter,

< ~ betook lodge;

آوى يُؤُويُ إِيُواماً

to give shelter

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they gave shelter

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv تُوُوى thou give shelter

shelter, (n. of place) home, abode

* * * *

aye, yea! (particle) 3

fulfilment, consequence (3)

مَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا تَاوِيلَةً يَوْمَ يَأْقَ تَاوِيلُهُ

Do they wait for aught but its final sequel? on the day when its final sequel comes. [7:53]

first (card. num.) 151

مُوَالْاَقَلُ وَالْلَخِر

For Allah is what

is coming after and

what is the First (Jid. nn. 27,427) [57:3]

first (card. num. f.) (this word is opposite to

(Hereafter) وَ الْآخِرَةُ

فَيلُوالْأَخِرَةُ وَالْأُولِ

Allah's is the First and Last. (i.e. life and afterlife.)

[53:25] أَوْلِئُكَ / أُوْلاَءِ / أَوْلِنَ عُعْدًا لَ وَ

woe! !!!

آوْل لَكَ فَأَوْل

Woe unto thee woe. [75:34]

(Note.... the difference bet-

r. of أُوَلِيُّ ween

and 11.1 -owe)

Ji

tators, such as Razi, and Ibn Kathir, the two tribes, though closely allied, were distinct.

people, followers (n) UT

Caution: According to Raghib the word is deri-

i. e. أَهُلُّ i. e. is turned to أَلِفُ as its deminutive form

in أُمَيْل . The differenc

between JT and

is that the former is possessed only to man, while the latter is possessed to man, time and idea etc. as

but not أَهُلُّ النَّارِ ٢٠ أَلُّ النَّارِ

e. g. it may be said

The word originally signifies people and nation. But in case of Prophet Mohammad (P. B. H.), in some accounts, it is termed for his kith and kin. According to another view it is to be generalised for the followers, 'Ummah'.

اِيُ وَرَيْنَ إِنَّهُ لَحَقَّى

Yea! By my Lord this is the truth. [10:53]

ا ی د ★

see (plu. of گذی (که see (plu. of گذی) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii اُنگر > supported,

supported, أَيْدُ تَاثِيدًا لَمَ يُؤَيِّدُ تَاثِيدًا

to support, strengthen

(perf. 1st p, sing.) ii أَلَّكُتُ I supported

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ばば

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii 💃

might (n.) 🎞 🗓

وَالسَّمَاءَ بَنَيْنُهَا بِأَيْدٍ

And the heaven, We have built with might. [51:47]

1 2 6

wood, thicket, another name () of Midian (n)

Note: signifies the thicket or collection of tangled trees. Noeldeke identifies these people with the Midianites. According to Muslim commen-

(particle) آگان when (question about time)	* 1 5 1
whichsoever (particle)	~single women إلاَّ على
alone (adv.)	(i.e. unmarried, divorced or widow)
suffixed to a pronoun e.g.	sing. of <
إِيَّاكَ نَعُبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ لَمُنَّا عَيْنُ	أَيْمَانُ see يَمِيْنُ
Thee alone do we worship, and of Thee alone do we seek help. [1:5]	* * * *
sign, verse (n)	where (particle) نَا الله الله
signs, verses (n.p.) さげ	whithersoever (particle)

كتاب الساء

by (5)

قَالَ فِيعِزُوكَ لَأُغُويَنَهُمُ أَجْمَعِينَ

He said: By Thy might, I will surely lead them all astray. [38:82]

from (6)

مَيْنَا يَتُمْرَبُ بِهَاعِبَادُ الله

A fountain from which the servants of Allah drink. [76:6]

It also denotes the (7) object of a transitive verb.

وَلِذَا مَنْ وَايِ اللَّهُ وِمَنْ وَاكِوامًا

And when they pass by what is false (vain) they pass by nobly. [25:72]

to support the subject, (8)

that is termed زَائِدَةُ i.e. additional (Rgh.)

ومآآنت بمؤين كناوكؤكنا صيوين

And thou believe not our sayings even when we speak the truth. [12:17]



an inseparable preposition denoting:

with (1)

خُدُوْامَآاتَيننگُويِتُوَة

Hold that which We have given you with strength. [2:63]

during (2)

ومِنَ النيلِ فَتَعَبَّدُهِ

And during a part of the night keep awake. [17:79]

in (3)

أدْخُلُوْهَا إِسَالِهِ الْمِنِيْنَ

Enter therein in peace, secure. [15:46]

for (4)

الأنفَ بِالْأَنْفِ

A nose for a nose. [5:45]

the earliest form of the metal—its meteoric origin before it could be obtained from its ores. (Jid. nn. 27.527-A)

Adversity (3)

Their adversity among themselves is very great. [59:14]

conflict, war (4)

وَالصَّهِينَ فِي الْبَأْسَاءِ وَالْفَتَرَاءُ وَحِينَ الْمَأْسِ

And the patient in distress and affliction and in the time of conflicts. [2:177]

tribulation, distress (n.) الْأَسَادُ

(The kind of evil that relates to property such as poverty (L.L.), compare

(ضرر see ضَرَّابُهُ

الْبَأَيْسُ (act. pic. m. sing.) الْبَأَيْسُ poor, needy

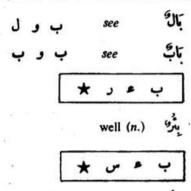
(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) بَشِينُ dreadful

ب ت ر 🖈

أنير

(n. elative) tail-less, i.e. cut off from all future hope.

to curtail بَثَّرَ يَبْثُرُ بَثُرُ أَلِين cut off entirely, amputate.



evil, bad, very bad, (m.sing.) بِشُنَ (an unorthodox word of 'blame'.)

بِئْسَ الشِّرَابُ

Evil is their drink [18:29]

ليشس ماكانوا يعملون

Very bad in their work.
[5:63]

(perate. viii, neg. m. sing.) لَا تَسُنَّهُ سُلُ

terror, punishment (1) (n.)

فَيَا مَمَا بَالْمُنَا بِيَا تَالَوُهُ مُ قَالِمُونَ

Our terror came to them by night or while they slept at noon. [7:4]

power, violence (2)

وَاَنْزَلْنَا الْحَدِيْدَ فِينِهِ بَأْسُ شَدِيْدُ

And We send down iron wherein is mighty power. [57:25]

Note: sending down of iron may well allude to

58

إِنَّهَا آشَكُوا بَنِّي وَحُزُنِ إِلَى اللهِ

I only bewail my distress and grief unto Allah. [12:86]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْبُنْتُونَى (scattered

(pact. pic. f. sing.) مُنْبُثُونُهُ spread (pis. pic. > viii.) (مُنْبَثُ مُنْبَثُ وَمُنْبَثُ (مُنْبَثًا)

ب ج ٺ *

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْجَنَّدُ < ~ is scratching

to dig, (ن) أَنْ يَكُنُ بَكُ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّه

ب ج س *****

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) vii الْبُعَمَّنَتُ <gushed forth

بَحَنَ يَبْجُسُ بَحُسَاهِنَا المِنْ to openij

ب ح د *

sea (n.) عُدُّدُ

(n. dual) acc. عَرُبُنِ nom. بَكْرُانِ two seas

بِحَارُ الْبَحْرُ عُ (n.p.) عَارُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَحْرُ الْبَ

Bahira (n.)

(i.e. mother-camel whose milk was dedicated by the

ب ت ك *

(epl. 3 p. m. plu.) ii خَنَكُنُ رَبِعُكُ وَمِنْكُ رَبِعُكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مَنْكُ مِنْكُ مَنْكُ مُنْكُ وَمِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مَنْكُ مُنْكُمُ وَمِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُ مَنْكُ مُنْكُمُ وَمِنْكُ مِنْكُ مِنْكُمْ مَنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مِنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمُ مُنْكُمْ مُنْكُمْ مُنْك

ب ت ل 🖈

(perate > v. m. sing.) ii جَتَلُّ <devote

to devote v بَتَّلَ ii بَتَلَ oneself entirely to Allah.

devotion (v. n.) عُبُتِيُلُ

means. 'He detached himself from wordly things, and devoted himself to God, or he forsook every other thing, and applied himself to the service of God.' (Jid > LL. nn. 29.360)

ب ٺ ٺ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim. v.)

<~has dispersed

to disperse الله عَبْثُ بَثْنَانِهُ to disperse

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~disperses (assim. v.)

distress (v.n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) نَبُخُلُ they stint, are niggardly

مَبُخَلُوا .acc تَبُخَلُونَ مِ nom.

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you stint, are niggardly

niggardliness (n.) البُخُلُ

ب د ء ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) آبَدُ <started, began (1)

to begin, بَدَأُ بَنْدَأُ بَنْدَأُ رَفْ commence, create (God)

فَهَنَايِاً فُعَيْتِهِمُ

He bagan with their sacks. [12:76]

to originate (2)

فَانْظُوُواكِيْفَ بَدَاالُخَلْقَ

And behold how He originated the creation. [29:20]

رَدَاُوُا (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) بَدَاُوُا they began

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) الْمُذَانِّةُ we began

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) 1

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُبُدِئُ ~originates (1) pagan Arabs to their gods.)

ب خ س ★

يَنْخَسُ (imperf. 3 p.m' sing.) < ~diminishes

بَغَنَ يَبُخَنُ بَغُماً(ف) to diminish, to treat unjustly

لاً تَبُخَسُوا (perate. neg. m. plu.) لاً تَبُخَسُوا (you) diminish not!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يُتُحُسُونَ they diminish

diminution, reduced (price)

ب خ ع ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) بَاخِعُ one who kills himself with grief
To commit بَخَعَ بَدُبِخَمُ بَخْعًا

suicide

بخ ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) عَالَ < ~ stinted, was niggardly

to stint, be miser, (س) گُغُلاً الله يَبُخُلُ مُغُلاً

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُغَاوُدُ they stinted, were niggardly

60

ب دع *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَدُعَ < ~originated

to originate, لَدُعُ بَدُعُ بَدُعُ فَيَا begin, produce

innovator (n.) acc. بدُعا originator (act. 2 pic.)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii ابْتَدَعُوْا they invented

ابُنَدَعَ viii ابْنِدَاعاً to originate, invent

ب د ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii كَدِّرُ < ~ changed بَدُلُ يَبُدُلُ بَدُلًا (ن)

to exchange, to alter

رَدُورُ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii الدُّورُ they changed

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii تَدُلُنَا we changed

(imperf. 1st p. sing.) ii づれ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v الْبَدَّةُ < ~got changed

أَبُدُّةُ v الْبَدُّةُ < to exchange, get changed

يُبِدِئُ اللهُ الْخَلْقَ

Allah originateth the creation. [29:19]

to show (2)

ومَايُنِدِئُ الْبَاطِلُ وَمَايُعِيْدُ

The falsehood shall neither show (its face) nor it shall return. [34:49]

Note: The particle نه may here be a negative, or may be in the place of accusative in the sense of مَنْ مُنْتُنْ مُنْتُنْ .

ب د ر ★

تَذُرُّ 'Badr' is a village at (n.) distance of 150 kms. from Al-Madina. It was a camping ground and a market, noted for plentiful supply of water and situated at the union of the road from Al-Medina and caravan route from Syria to Makka.

in haste acc. (v. n. iii) إِذَارًا بَدْنَ بَادَدُ بِدَارًا

to make haste

ب د ر *

- بَسَدَا يَسُدُو بَدُوا وَ بَدَاوَةً (ن) to appear, become clear, manifest,
- (2) to occur in mind
- (3) to dwell in desert

بَلْ بَدَالَهُ وُمَّا كَانُوا يُغُفُونَ مِن مَبْلُ

Nay! that which they concealed before hath appeared for them. (became clear unto them.) [6:28]

to occur in mind (2)

فُوِّبَهَ المُعْوِينَ بَعْدِ مَازَا كَالْالِيَ

لينجئنا كالمحايين

Thereafter it occured to them, (even) after they had seen the signs (of his innocence) to imprison him till a time. [12:35]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) بَــدَتُ ~appeared

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُسُدِيُ < ~(h.) to make appear

to make أَبُدَى إِبْدَاءاً plain, manifest

(in order to make manifest)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) v مَنْبَدَّلُ درhanges

(perate m. plu.) v الْ تَقْبَدُّ لُوُ ا exchange not

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُشُدِلُ < ~changes

change, الدَلَ يُسُدِلُ إِبْدَالًا to alter

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) x will choose SS instead of SS

وَيُسْتَبُولُ قَوْمًا غَيْرُكُو

He will choose instead of you a folk other than you. [9:39]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) x يَسُتَبِدُوُنَ you exchange, take SS instead of SS

(v.n.>simple) ゴズ

an exchange (كَانَّ) (v.n.>ii) أَسُدُلاً acc. تَسُدُلاً

change, altering
replacement (v.n. > x) استندالاً

changer (ap-der > ii) مُسَدِّدًا (

ب د ن 🖈

بَسَدَنٌ (n.) body

camels: to be slain for sacrifice (during Hajj)

سَوَّة إِلْمَاكِكُ فِيهُ وَالْبَادِ

Equal (for all men) the dweller (of Makka) and the dweller of desert.

[22:25]

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَادُوْنَ dwellers of the desert

يَوَدُوْ الوَالَّهُمْ بَادُوْنَ فِي الْأَعْرَابِ

They would fain to be in the desert with the wandering Arabs. (Jid.) [33:20]

(act. pic. m. sing.) بادِيُ deficient, immature

Those of بادِي الرَّأْي

discloser (ap-der > iv) مُبُدِىُ Caution : مُبُدِئ with hamza

> أَتَدَ أَن , to start

without مُسُدى and

(iv) أَبُدُى بُبُدِيُ hamza>

to disclose or make manifest.

ب ذر ★

(perate >ii, neg.) الْأَبُدَدُّرُ <squander not!

بَذَّرَ يُسَدِّرُ اللهِ تَبُدُيُراً to disperse, sequander

dissipation, (v.n. ii) تَبَيْدُورُو squandering (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv جُدِيُ ~(f.) makes manifest

إِنْ كَادَتْ لَتَبْدِي بِهِ

لَوْلَا إِن تَنظِنَاعَلْ عَلْهِمَا

She had well-nigh disclosed him if we had not fortified her heart. [28:10]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُندُوُنَ they make manifest

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُسُدِينُ they (f.) make manifest

ئَبُدُوا .acc كَيْدُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) You make manifest

n.d. gen. يُسُدِ (آ)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he did not discover

فالتهايوشف في نغيه وكغيبيهاله

But Yusuf concealed it in himself, and discovered (revealed) it not unto them. [12:77]

(2 p.m. sing.) pip. iv تُبُدَدُ ~made disclosed

desert (n.)

وَعَاءً مِكْنُونِنَ الْبَدَ

And hath brought you from the desert. [12:100]

the dweller of (act. pic.) SIN

dutious (3)

ذَبَرُّا بِوَالِدَيْهِ

And dutious (or pious) towards his parents.

[19:14]

land (3)

حُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُوْصَيْنُ الْبَرِّ

The game of land is forbidden unto you. [5:96]

the piety, virtue (n)

pious ones (n.p.) آرُارُ ا

<virtuous ones (n.p.) %
55.</pre>

أر sing.

ب د ء *

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) (h.v.)

<we create; bring into being

to create (فَ بَبُرَأُ بَرَآهُ وَ (فَ بَبُرَأُ بَرَآهُ وَ (فَ imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv

رِي خلامه المعالم الم

أَبِرَأَ بُهُرِيُ إِبْرَاهَا أَبِرَأَ بُهُرِيُ إِبْرَاهَا

to heal, make free.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv أُبُرِيُّ I heal

(imperf. 1st p. phu.) iv نُبِرِیُّ we heal (ap-der. > ii m.plu.) acc. مُبَدِّرِ يُنَ squanderers

ب ر ر ★

(assim) v مَرَّوُنَ < acc. ا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

to act well, be pious for towards God, parents; be virtuous, be true, behave courteously.

you act piously (1)

وَلَاتَجْمَلُوااللهَ عُرْضَةُ لِآيَمَانِكُمُ أَنْ سَكِرُقُاوَسَّتَكُوْ

And make not Allah a butt of your oaths that ye shall not act piously nor fear Allah." (Jid.) [2:224] you deal benevolently (2)

ڵٳؽۜڣٚػؙؙؙۅ۠ٳٮڵۿٶڽٳڷڒؿؽڵۏؽؾٵؾڶٷٚڴؿڣٳڸؾؿؙڹ ۮڵۏۼۏ۫ؠٷڒؙؙڡؿڽ؋ؾٳڕڴۏٲڽٛؾٙڎؙٷۿؗؠ

Allah forbiddeth you not inat you should deal benevolently to those who fought not against you on account of religion and drove you not out of your houses [60:8]

benign (1) (n)

لموالبزالزهيء

He is the benign, merciful.
[52:28]

رَدَاهُ (n.) رَاهُ freedom from obligation

creation (n.)

بَرَيَّة

one who is free (pis. pic.)
from obligation or blame or any kind of defect.

برج *

(perate > v. neg. f. plu.) you (f.) do not display beauty display of beauty (v.n.)

(ap-der > v, f. plu.) مُنَرِّجًاتُ women displaying their beautifulness

يُوُجُّ <towers (n.p.) اَرُحُجُّ sing. tower

* C) Y

لاً | لَنُ أَبُرَحَ (imperf. 1st p. sing.) <I will not cease to

leave
بَرَحَ بَيْرَحُ بَرُحًا وَ بَرَاحًا (ف)

بُرِحَ يَبُرَحُ بَرُحًا وَ بَرَاحًا (ف) to leave a place

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) كَنُ نَبُرَحَ we will not cease to leave

برد ★

coolness (v.n.)

رُوَّا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مَرَّا (declared innocent, cleared from blame

٠٠٠ فَبَرَّا اللهُ

Allah cleared him (from that which they alleged.) [33:69]

رُور مِنْ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مِنْ quitted himself of

إذْ تَبْتَزَالَوْيْنَ النَّهِ عُوامِنَ الَّذِيْنَ البُّحُوّا

When those who were followed shall quit themselves of those who followed. [2:166]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المَّرَاوُا

أَوَّ أَوَا (perf. 1st. p. plu.) we declared our innocence before you

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we quit

(act. 2 pic.) يُزِيُّ safe of blame, innocent

أَنَّ اللَّهُ بَرِينٌ فَيْنَ الْتُشْرِكُيْنَ

Allah is free from obligation to idolaters. [9:3]

إنكنئ بَرِئَ ثُيِّتَا لَتُشْرِكُونَ

I am innocent of that which you associate. [6:19]

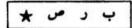
innocent (n.) وَأَدُّ

(act. pic. f. sing.) آارِزَةُ appeared plain

برزخ

Litt: a thing that (n.) بُرُنَةُ intervenes between any two things.

> (In the Quranic sense it is the interval between the present life and that which is to come, from the period of death to Resurrection, uponwhich he who dies enters.)



الأَبْرَصُ (n.) the leprous

ب رق ★

رَوِقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَوِقَ ∼got confused

الْعَرْقُ (n.) the lightning

* * * *

أُ مِأْرِيْقُ see أَيْرِيْقُ

ب رك ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii 当が he blessed cold (act. pic) عارِ 3

ب ر ز ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَرَذُ < ~he went forth

رَدُ بَسُرُورُ بَرُوُدُ اللهِ

to pass out, to appear, to show oneself after concealment

> ڠؙڶٷۘػؙؿؙۼؙۏؽ۬ؿؙۼۊػؙؙؙؙڗ ڵؿڒڒؘٲڵؽؿؽڴؿؠؘٸێؿٟۻ_۠ٳؽؾؙڬ

Say! Had you remained in your houses, those for whom slaughter was ordained would have gone forth. [3:154]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَرُدُوْا they went out against (1)

وَلَتَابَرَنُو الْجَالُوتَ

When they went forth against Jalut. [2:250]

to come forth (2)

وبرزوا يله جييعا

And they all will come forth to Allah. [14:21]

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ii يُرِّزُتُ ~brought up

أرِزُوُنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) أَرِزُوُنَ those who appear scowling (act. pic. f. sing.) آيرة

ب س س 🖈

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) assim. v بنت was grounded to powder

acc. بَسَّا (v.n.) بَسَّة grinding to power

ب س ط 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) Extended

~amplified الرِّزْقُ the provision

~stretched out 1-1

(perf. 2 p.m- sing.) thou stretched out

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) stretches, amplifies

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أرفي الله they amplify, stretch

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(parate neg. m. sing.)

stretching (v.n.)

expanse (n.) 🏂 🚎

abundant (n.)

رُورِكَ pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iii يُورِكُ ∼is blessed

(perf 3 p.m. sing.) iii أَبَارَكُ be blessed, exalted

(n. sing.) \$5. <(n.p.) 35.

(pis. pic. m. sing.) 当に blessed one

(pis. pic. f. sing.) گازگا blessed one

* () +

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَرُمُوا they determined

مُبْرِ مُوْنَ (ap-der > iv, phu.) مُبْرِ مُوْنَ

ب ر ه ن

a proof (n.) يُرْمَانُ

two proofs (n. dual) بُرُهَا فَانِ

ب زغ 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.) بَازِغُ uprising (moon) acc.

(act. pic. f. sing.) اَزِغَا عَادِيَا بِهِ uprising (sun) acc.

ب س ر ★

بَسَرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَسَرَ scowled down ب س م 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v تَبَسَمُ < ~smiled to smile تَبَسَمُ وَ تَبَسَمُ

ب ش ر ★

بَشَرُوُلُ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مَشَرُوُلُا

~ < they gave good tidings

to give آبُشِعُ تَبُشِعُ good news

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii بَشَرُحُمُ you gave good tidings

(perf. 1st p. phu.) ii بَشَرُهُا we gave good tidings

' (imperf. 3 p. sing.) ii يُمَثِّرُ gives good tidings

أَسُمِّرُ imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii أُسَمِّرُ you give good tidings

رُبُشُرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii تُبَشِّرُونَ you give good tidings

imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نُجَمِّرُ we give good tidings

بَــُمُّرُ (perate m. sing.) ii) give good tidings!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii منظر راه is given good tidings

أَبُسُرُو (perate m. plu.) iv أَبُسُرُو (have (you) good tidings!

(act. pic. m. sing.) ماسط outstretching

بَاسِطُوُا .acc بَاسِطُوْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.)
outstretching forth

مَـُبُسُوُ طَتَـانِ (pact. pic. f. dual.) مَـُبُسُوُ طَتَـانِ (twain) stretched out

ب س ق.★

أَمِيقَاتُ (act. pic. f. plu.) أَالِيقَاتُ (tall (trees), having noble disposition

to be high, tall (tree)

ب س ل 🖈

أَيُسَلُ pip. 3 p. f. sing.) iv مُكبَسَلُ (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) iv مُكبَسِلُ (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) iv مُكبَسِلُ (اِسَالًا

to forbid, to deprive of reward (Rgh.)

وَفَكُوْدِيهَ أَنْ تُبْسَلَ لَفُنَّ مِاكْبَتَ

And admonish thou them lest a soul be given up to perdition for that it hath earned. [6:/0]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اَبُسِلُونا who are given up to perdition (ap-der. f. plu.) ii مُسَمَّرًاكُ givers (f) of good tidings

ب ص ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) بَصُرَتُ she watched

بَصُرُتُ (perf. 1st p. sing) آبُصُرُتُ I watched

لَهُ يَـنُصُرُوُا . egen بَـنِصُرُوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they did not see

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يَــَصَّرُونَ they shall be made to see

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آبُصَرَ ~saw, watched

(perf. 1st. p. plu:) iv أَيْصَرُهُا we saw, watched

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~watches

(impref. 2 p.m. sing.) iv دُنُصِرُ thou watch

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv كُهُوُونَ they watch

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) أَيُصِرُونَ you watch

how clear is (elative-w) (إِنِهِ) أَبُصِرُ his sight!

in Arabic for expressing wonder called المُعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعَالُ التَّعْلُ التَعْلِيلُ التَّعْلِيلُ التَّعْلِيلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَعْلِيلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعِلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ التَّعْلُ الْعَلَيْلُ التَّعْلُ الْعَلَيْلُ التَّعْلُ الْعَلَيْلُ التَعْلِيلُ التَّعْلُ لِلْعُلُولُ التَّعْلُ لِلْعُلِيلُ التَّعْلُ لِيَعْلِيلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَيْلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَيْلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَيْلُ الْعَلَيْلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلِيلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَيْلُ لِي الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلِيلُ الْعَلِيلُ الْعَلِيلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَيْلُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلِيلُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِل

آبُشَرَ بُهُشِرُ إِبْشَاداً

to have good tidings!

المَثِرُولُ (perat m. plu.) iii مَأْثِرُولُ touch or contact

(in sexual intercourse)

an affair in one's own person, to go into sexual intercourse

(perate neg. m. plu.) iii كَاشِرُوُا do not touch or contact (of sex)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَبُشُوُونَ they are having good tidings

استُنجُمَر استِبُمَاراً to have good tidings

(perate m. plu.) x الْسَتَـ لِيُشِرُّوُا have good tidings!

(ap-der. f. sing.) x مُسْتَ بُشْرَهُ she who has good tidings

human being (n.)

acc. اِنْشُر (v.n.) اِنْشُرا bearing good news

good news (n) المشرك

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) عُشِيرُ a bearer of good tidings

a giver of good tidings (ap-der. m. sing.) ii

(ap-der. m. plu.) ii مُسَقِّرِينَ givers of good tidings

insight (2)

آدُعُوْ آلِلَ اللَّهُ عَلَى بَوِيْرَةِ

I call unto Allah (resting) upon an insight. [12:108]

enlightenment (n.p.) أَصَارُهُ

an insight (v.n.) مُسْمِرَةً

ب ص ل ★

onion (n.) عَمَلُ

ب ضع ★

a few, (a number (n.) بعضع ranging between three and nine)

an article of (n.) بِضَاعَدُ merchandise

ب ط ء *

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) ii بُعَلَّنُ he certainly will be late and delayed (Rgh)

بَعُلُوَ يَدِبُعُلُوُ بُرُهُما ۚ وَ بِطَاءاً (كــ) to move slowly, linger

to detain, delay ii

ب ط ر *

بَطِرَتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) بَطِرَتُ < ~exulted he is,' or أُخْيِنُ أَوْ for the same meaning. Likewise أَخْيِنُ means

'how clear is his sight!'
look! (perate m. sing.)

the sight (n.) الْمَتَةُ

sights (n.p.) أَبُعَادُ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْبَصِيْرُ one who sees clearly

clear (ap-der. >iv)

(ap-der. (f.) > iv) مُبْهُرُهُ openly watchable (iv) (in the sense of pact. pic.)

that is seen very clearly, (1) مُبْرُصِرُ وُنَ enlightened

فَإِذَاهُمُ وَمُبْوِعُونَ

And lo! they are enlightened.

(ap-der. m. plu.) x مُسْتَنَصِرِ يُنْ seers clearly

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) الْبَصِيْرَةُ enlightenment (1)

بَلِ الْإِنْسَانُ عَلْ نَعْسِهِ بَصِيْرَةً

Aye! man against himself shall be an enlightenment. [75:14] أطل (act. pic. m. sing.) أطل falsehood

(ap-der. m. plu.) مُسْطِلُونَ followers of falsehood

ب ط ن *

(perf. 3 p.m sing.)
< ∼is hidden

بَطَنَ يَسُطُنُ بَكُناً وَ شُكُونًا

to be hidden, secret

وَلَاتَغُرُبُوا الْفُوَاحِثَى مَاظَهُرَوِنُهَا وَمَابَكُلَ

And approach not indecencies whatsoever is open thereof and whatsoever is concealed. [6:151]

(act. pic. m. sing.) البُاطِنُ hidden

(opp. الظَّاهِرُ manifest)

الْبَاطِنَةُ (hidden (act. pic. f. sing.)

(opp. ظاهرة manifest)

inner (n.p.) عُطَائَنُ

covering (of a bed or dress) lining, secret, بَطَانَة < intimate friend

intimate friend (n.)

heart of city, (1) (n.) بَطُنُّ valley

وَآيْدِيَكُوْ عَنْهُوْ بِبَطْنِ مَكَةً

And (withheld) your hand from them in the valley of Makka. [48:24] بَعِيرَ يَبُطَرُ بَطُرا

to exult, be intoxicated in good fortune

exultation (v.n.) acc. آبطراً

بطش*

(perf, 2 p.m. plu.)

بَعَلَشَ يَبُطِيثُ بَعُلِماً

to seize by force

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْطِشُ ~ seizes

أَسُطِيُّونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُعْمُونَ they seize

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) نُعُطِّنُ we seize

أَلْبَطُشُ (v.n.) seizing

seizure (n.) أَلْطُتُ

بطل*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خطل (was made vain

بَطَلَ يَبُعُلُ بُعُلَاناً وَ بُعُلاً to be vain, false, go for nothing, be of no account, be repealed, abolish

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَرْبُطِلُ brings SS to naught abolish, تُرْطِلُونَ <acc. iv اللهُ you repeal

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) لَبُعَثَنَ he surely will raise

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) عُنْمَتُ ~we raise

untill we raise acc. حَتَىٰ نَبُعَثَ

(perate. m. sing.) إِبْعَتْ (thou) raise, appoint

(pip 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْفَتُ he is raised

(pip 3 p.m. plu.) يُنْعَوُّنُ they are raised

(pip 2 p.m. sing.) مُنْبَعَثُ thou art raised

(epl. 2 p.m. plu.) الْمُنْعَثُنَّ you certainly will be raised

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) نَبُعُونَ you will be raised

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii انْبَعَثَ ∼rose up

resurrection (1) (n.) البَعْثُ اللهِ اللهِ

إِنْ كُنْتُو فِي رَبْبِ مِنَ الْبَعْثِ

If you are in doubt respecting the resurrection. [22:5]

upraising (2)

مَاخَلُقُكُو وَلَا بَعْنَكُو إِلَّا كَنَفُونَ وَاحِدَةٍ

Your creation and your upraising are only as (though of) one soul. [31:28]

womb (2)

رَبِّ إِنْ نَذَرُتُ لَكَمَا فِي بَعْلِي مُحَرِّرًا

My Lord! I have vowed unto Thee that which is in my womb to be dedicated. [3:35]

belly (3)

لَلِّمَتُ إِنْ يَطْنِهُ إِلَّ يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُونَ

He would have tarried in the belly thereof till the day they are raised. [37:144]

سُطُونُ (n.p.) wombs (1)

وَاللَّهُ أَخْرَجَكُومِ مِن الطَّوْنِ أُمَّهُمِيكُو

And Allah has brought you from the wombs of your mothers. [16:78]

bellies (2)

كَانْهُ إِنْ يَغْلِيْ فِي الْبُعُلُونِ

Like the dregs of oil! it shall seethe in the bellies.
[44:45]

بع ٹ 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَعَثَ < ~sent, raised

to send, اَعْتَ تَعْمُ بَعُناً raise after death, awaken

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) بَعْنَا we sent, raised

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْبَعَثُ -raises (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) جَدُدُتُ < ~ seemed far

بَعُدَ بَبُعُدُ بَعُداَ (ک)

to be far distant

وَلِكِنُ بَعَدُ تُ عَلَيْهِمُ الشُّقَّةُ

But the distance seemed far unto them. [9:42]

> far removal (v.n.) أَعُداً far, wide (act. 2 pic.)

(perate > iii, m. sing.) عُدِلًا make the distance longer

after, latter, (n.) أَغُدُ follow up

مُبْعَدُّونَ (pis. pic. iv, m. plu.) مُبْعَدُّونَ (who are kept far off

بع ر ★ camel (n.)

بع ل 🖈

husbands (n.p.)

husband (n.)

(n.) acc.

Ba'l is a primitive title of divinities, which is found in all branches of the semitic race hence the use of the name in the Quran with an indefinite article

(v.n.>vii) عُمِّاتٌ (raising up, going forth

مَبْعُو ثِينَ acc. مَبْعُو ثُونَ

(pact. pic.m. plu.) those who are sent or raised up

بعث ر

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)(Quadrial) بُنيْر <~is poured forth

iay upon, overturn, pour out

آفَلَايَعْ لَهُ إِذَا لِعُمْ يُرْمَا فِي الْفَبُوْرِ

Knoweth he not that when the contents of the graves are poured forth. [100:9]

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) مُعْرِّتُ ~are overturned

وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ بُعُ يُركَ

And the sepulchres are overturned, [82:4]

بعد ★

بَصِدَتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) جَمِدَتُ < ~ were removed afar

رَبِيدَ يَبُعَدُ بَعَداً (س) to remove afar, to perish

آلائهمكالمكنين كماتبوت تنوود

Lo! a far removal for Madyan as Thamud were removed afar. [11:95] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَعْنَى oppresses

لَيَبْغِيْ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَ بَعْضٍ

That they oppress each other. [38:24]

فَإِنْ بَعَتُ إِحُدُ مُهمّاً عَلَى الْأُخْرَى

كَقَاتِلُوا الَّذِي تَبُغِي

Then if one of them aggresseth on the other, fight (the party) which aggresseth. [49:9]

to pass (a barrier or board) (2)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) بنبغيان the twain pass SS

بَيْنَهُمُ أَبَرْزَخُ لَايَبْغِيٰنِ

In between the twain is a barrier (which) they pass not. [55:20]

تَبُغ <acc. تَبُغِيُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou seek, wish for

نَبُغ < acc. نَبُغِيُ

(imperf. 1st p. plu.)

we wanted

to seek, wish for (3)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَغُوُنَ they seek

أَفْغَيْرُونِينَ اللهِ يَبْغُونَ ؟

Seek they then other than the religion of Allah? [3:83] * * * *

a gnat (n.) بَعُوْضَا

بغ ت ★

suddenly (adv.)

بغ ض 🖈

hatred, (n.) بَغْضَاءُ vehement hatred

بغ ل ★

البُغَالُ (mules (n.p.)

بغ ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ was unjust, على (1) على oppressed

> بَغَىٰ يَبُغِىٰ بَغُبا ۖ وَبُغُبَةٌ (ض)

to seek, wish for, desire, aggress, oppress

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) (يَغَتُ (عَلَى) was unjust,
oppressed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (عَلَى) they were unjust, oppressed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii they sought (perate. m. plu.) viii vou seek! (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ~seeks (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii تَنْقُونَ they seek (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you are seeking <acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that you seek < gen. (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I wish (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) viii نبتغي we want, wish seeking (v.n. viii) oppressing (v.n.) acc. لَمْعُ المَعْدِ المَعْدِ المَعْدِ المَعْدِ المَعْدِ المُعْدِدِ ال (act. pic. m. sing.) desirer, (one who desires) adultery, prostitution prostitute (لَيْقًا) a cow (n.) kinds of cows (n.)

تَقْرَاكُ (n.p.) الله cows

تَنْغُول acc. ا تَنْغُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you seek I seek (imperf. 1st p. sing.) gen. (imperf. 1st p. plu.) we seek (perate neg. sing.) (perate neg. plu.) seek not! ~has been (pp.3 p.m. sing.) (منع علم) oppressed يَنْغَيُ (ل) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii ~is worthy, suits to وَمَاكِنْكُغُ لِلرَّحْمُنِ آنَ يَتَكَجِلُولَكُما And it is not worthy of the Rahman (Almighty) that He should adopt a son. [19:92] (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ~sought فَعَن ابْتَغِي وَرَآءَ ذُلِكَ And whosoever seeketh beyond that. [23:7] (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou wished, desired وَتُوْيِ إِلَيْكَ مَنْ تَشَكَّا أُوْمَنِ ابْتَغَيْتَ And thou may take unto thee such of them as thou wilt and whosoever you

desire. [33:51]

وَمَاعِنْدَاللَّهِ بَاقِ

And what is with Allah is lasting. [16:96]

(The final & of (act. pic.) is dropped as usual in week verbs.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْبَاقِينَ the rest ones, the remaining ones

ثُغَوَّ أَغَرَقُنَا بَعَثُ الْبُعِيْنَ

Then We drowned the rest thereafter. [26:120]

(act. pic. f. sing.) آفية

فقل تزى لفغين بايتاة

Behold then any of them remaining. [69:8]

(act. pic. f. plu,) آافتاك the lasting ones

remainder (1) (n.)

بَقِيَتُ اللَّهِ خَيْرُتُكُمْ

The remainder of Allah is better for you. [11:86]

what is left by Allah after giving legal alms, or, that which Gcd has preserved for you, of what is lawful tor you (L.L.).

ب ق ی 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

remineth, lasteth permanently, will last permanently

وَذُرُوْامَا يَعِيَ مِنَ التِهْوَا

And give up what remaineth (due to you) from usury. [2:278]

وَيَبْغَى وَجْهُ دَيْكَ

There remaineth but the countenance of thy Lord [55:27]

more lasting one (n. elative)

وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُوۤ آبُعْي

Allah is better and more lasting. [20:73]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

\[
\rightarrow \text{left}
\]
to leave
\[
\begin{align*}
\hat{i} & \ha

أَسْبَقِ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~(f) leaves, they leave

لا يُبغِينُ وَلَا تَذَرُ

(The Fire) will not leave nor spare. [74:28]

lasting (act. pic. m. sing.)

إنَّهَابَقَرَةُ لَانَايِضٌ وَلَا يَكُ

She should be a cow neither old nor young. [2:68]

(The word signifies 'virgin'.)

virgins (n. p.) 55:1

sing. * <

morning (n.)

mornings (n.p.) عُكُارٌ السياسة

sing. * K

* 1 1 ·

Bakka (n).

A variation for Makka (misspelt by modern geographers as Mecca). There is a mention af the valley of Bacca in the Bible (Ps. 84:6). The old translators gave word the meaning of weeping: but better sense seems to have come now. According to more recent of the Biblical scholars the word "signifies rather any valley lacking water." And the Psalmist apparently has in mind a particular valley whose natural condition led him to adopt its name (JE. II. 415). Now this waterless valley by its natural condition can be easily identified with the valley of Makka (Jid. 4, n. 19)

wisdom (2)

فكؤلا كان مِنَ الْعُرُونِ مِنْ مَبْلِكُو الْوَابَقِيَّةِ

Why were there not of the generations before you, owners of wisdom. [11:116]

"here signifies one possessing exellence e.g. 'such a one is the best of the people.'

Thus imeans:
persons possessed of excellence or possessing sound
judgement and intelligence
or persons of religion and
excellence. (LL)

relic (3)

وَبَقِيَة فَكُونَا تَوَلَقَ الْ مُثَوِنِينَ وَالْ هُوُونَ تَعْسِلُهُ السَّلِكَةُ

And the relic of that which the household of Musa and the household of Harun had left. [2:248]

(old فَارضٌ .old)

VV

ب ل د ★

land (n.) The

lands (n.p.) 354

town, land (n.)

the city of Makka عَلَمُا الْكِيَّةِ

ب ل س ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُلْيِنُ <-will despair

أَبُلَنَ يُبُلِينُ إِبُلاَساً

to despair, to be silent with grief nom. مُنْلُسُونُ مُنْلُسُونُ

(act. pic. m. phu.)
who are silent with grief,
who are despairing

ب ل ع 🖈

swallow! (perate f. sing.) إُبِلَعِيْ to swallow أَبُلَعُ بَلُماً

ب لغ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

بَلَغَ يَسُلُغُ مِلُوعًا(ن)

to reach, attain come of age, come upto, come to one's knowledge

المُنْذِتَكُهُ إِن وَمَنْ بَلَغَ

That I may warn you and whomsoever it may reach. [6:19] ب ك م *

<a dumb (adj. def. col.) اَبُكُمْ مِنْ اَلْكُولُهُمْ اللّهُ ا

acc/

(adj. def. plu.)
those who are dumbs
(meta. i.e., incapable of
uttering truth)

أَمْلَ = بَكُمْ plu. مُثَلَ = أَبْكُمُ (the form denotes colours and defects)

ب ك ى 🖈

رَكُتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) المُكَاثِ (cried, wept)

to weep, cry تَكِلُ بَيْكُنُ أَكُامُ الْمِن to weep, cry

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُونَ (they are weeping

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) gen. اِلْتَنْكُوْرُا they should weep you weep(imperf.2 p.m.phu.) آئے گُونَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv sing made weeping

أَبْكِلُ مِبْكِيْ iv إِنْكَامًا to cause to weep, cry

weeping (v.n.) acc.

* * * *

(a particle of digression)
but, nay! rather, not so,
on the countary,

thou shall not reach تَنَلَغَا <acc. تَسُلغان (imperf. 3 p.m. dual) twain reach تَثُلُغُهُ ا <acc. اسْلُغُهُ أَنَّ <acc. اسْلُغُهُ أَنَّ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they reach تَسُلُغُهُ ا <acc. اَسُلُغُهُ اَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you reach (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii 🛋 thou have preached. to preach Lilis is thou have not preached ... (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii تَلَفُونَ they preach (imperf. 1st p. sing.) ii I preach preach! (perate m. sing.) ii

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَبْلَغُوا <they preached to preach, to inform. أَبْلَغَ إِبْلاً فَا اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّ اللل

(perf. 1st p. sing.) iv أَيْلُتُكُ I delivered

لَقَنْ أَبُلُغُنُّكُوْدِسَالُةً دَبِّن

Assurely I have delivered unto you the message of my Lord. [7:79]

(perate m. sing.) iv اَيْنِيُّ make-reach بَلَفَتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) بَلَفَتُ ~came up

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) بَلَغْتَ thou reached

(perf. 1st p. sing.) بَلْفُتُ I reached

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) الله they (twain) reached

بَلْغُوُّا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) إَلْغُوُّا they reached

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) بَلَغُنَ they reached

(perf. 1st p.f. plu.) بَلَغُنَا we reached overtaken, came up to me بَلَغُنِي +came up to me (to me نِهُ +came up

وَّقَدُ بَلَغَنِيَ الْكِبُرُ

While the old age has overtaken me. [3:40]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

in order to reach acc. لِتَبُلُغَ

يَبُلُغَنَّ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) يَبُلُغَنَّ ~attain the age of

acc. أَبُلِغُ (imperf. 1st p. sing.) I may attain

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. ثَنْتُ thou reach

كُلْ لَوْلِلْمِ الْحُجَّةُ الْبَالِمَةُ

Say thou! with Allah is the sound argument. [6:149]

effectual, clear, (act. 2 pic.) بَلْيُنْغُ eloquent

وَقُلْ لَهُمْ فِي النَّهِيمُ وَالْدِيمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

And say unto them for their souls an effectual saying. [4:63]

preaching, warning (v.n.)

limit (v.n. mim)

ب ل و ★

بَلُوْنًا (perf. 1st p. plu.)

we tried

> بَلاَ يَسْبُلُوْ بَلاَءًا (ك)

to test, try, put to sever trial, afflict, prove

(el. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. المنافق in order to try, he may try

لِيَبُلُواْبَعْضَكُمْ بِبَعْضِ

In order that He may try yau one another. [47:4]

تَبُلُوُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ∼will prove

مُنَالِكَ تَبْنُواكُنُ نَعْيِنِ مَالَسَلَقَتْ

Therein every soul shall prove that which is sent before. [10:30]

المنافئة مأمنة

Then make him reach to his place of security. [9:6]

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَالِغَ

the attainer (1)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ بَالِغُ آمْرِةٍ

Verily Allah is sure to attain His purpose. [65:3]

that is brought (2)

هَدَيُّالِلِغَ الْكَتْبَةِ

The offering brought to Ka'ba. [5:95]

that reaches (3)

كَبَايِسُولُكُنْيُهُ إِلَى الْمَالُولِيَكُنَّعَ فَاهُ وَمَا هُوَيِبَالِغِهِ

As one stretching his palms to water that it may reach his mouth, while it will reach it not. [13:14]

(act. pic. f. sing.) بالغَنةُ

consummate (1)

عِكْمَةُ بَالِغَةُ

Wisdom consummate. [54:5]

reaching (2)

آمرلكغ أينمأن علينا بالغنة إلى يؤمرالقيفة

Or have you oaths from Us reaching to the Day of Resurrection. [68:39]

sound, convincing (3)

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) iv المُثَالِيَّةُ in order to prove

لِمُنِيلَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مِنْهُ بَلَاءٌ حَسَنًا

In order that He might prove the believers with a goodly proving from Him.

[8:17]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ابْسَلَلْ <- tried, proved

to prove, اَبُنَالُ ابْتِلاَءَ try, examine

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يُنْبَلِيُ ~tries

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) viii كُبُلِيْ we (might) prove

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii جُنُيلِي was tried, proved

(perate m. plu.) viii اَبُـَـَالُوا examine !

(ap-der viii, m. plu.) acc. مُشَلِّعُةُ provers

وان من المنتلين

Verily We have been proyers.
[23:30]

n.d. (ap-der. >viii m.sing.) مُبُنَيل

إِنَّ اللَّهُ ثَبْتَلِينُكُونِ مِنْ فَي

Verily Allah will prove you with a river. [2:249]

trial, proving, test (n.) الكرة

رُونًا (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) يَـُــُونًا ~certainly will try

imperf. Ist p. plu.) نَدِيُوُ we try, prove, shall prove

(epl. 1st p. plu.) لَنَـٰئُونَ we surely will try (or prove) you

(epl. pip. 2 p.m. plu.) كَتُسْبُونَ you shall surely be tried

ب ل ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَتُنْكُلُ < ~decays

بَلِيَ يَسْبَلَىٰ بِلِيَّ وَ بَلاِّمَا

to become old, to decay; to get polish removed and real face appeared

دَمْلُكِ لَايَبْل

And kingdom not to decay. [20:120]

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) كُبُلِيا will turn to its reality

يَوْمَ تُبُلِي السَّرَآيِرُ

On a day wherein secrets shall be out (i.e. every thing will appear in its original reality.) (Jid) [86:9]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

to test, try, آبُلِي مِبْلِي إِبْلاًءاً prove

(n.d. ک + ک (م.d. جَيْنَ () بَيْنَ () my sons

is phural of بالن ; when an inseparable pronominal ن is suffixed it becomes بن The ن of the plural is dropped.

بَوَّ (baneyya) my sons and الله (bunayya) my little son)

daughter (n.) أِنْسَنَةُ daughter (n.)

daughters (n.p.) بَنَاتُ (n.d. يَ + (dual) بُنَاتُنُ (أُبُنَيْنُ إِلْهُ الْمُنَانُ my two daughters

ب ن ی ★

built (perf. 3 p.f. sing.)

to build بَنَىٰ يَبَنِيُ بِنَاداً

Note: The final ع is changed to المنافئة followed

yes لله

(used in affirmative response to a question initiated with a negative particle)

ٱوكَيْسَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّنُونِ وَالْأَدْصَ بِعَنْدِدٍ عَلَى اَنْ يَخْلُقَ مِثْلَهُ مُؤْمَلُ وَهُوالْخَثْقُ العَلِيمُ

Is not He who created the heavens and the earth able to create the like of these:
Yes! He is the supreme Creator, the Knower.

[36:81]

ب ن ن 🖈

fingertip (n.) بَنَانُ

ب ن و ★

son (n.)

The initial Hamza is (n.)
dropped for purposes of
assimilation

عِينَى ابْنَ مُرْيَهُمَ

Eisa son of Maryam. [2:87]

sons (n.p.) nom

sons (n.p.) acc.

بَنْوُنْ

sons (n.p.) n.d.

بَنْوُدُ

sons (n.p.) n.d.

82

ب م ج ★

joy, beauty, rejoicing (v.n.)
to rejoice (c.r. cr. < (act. 2 pic n.)
joyful, joyous

ب م ل *

viii fri < fri
(imperf. 1st p. plu.)

<we humbly pray

to leave one to his fri fri
own will, to curse

oneself before God and call upon Him, to invoke curse on the liar.

* , . . .

beast (act. 2 pic. f.)

ب و ۱ 🖈

by a personal pronoun as لَـنَـامَ .

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَنَوُا they built

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) اَنَيْنَا we built

آ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) آ نَبْنُوُنَ you build

(perate m. sing.) زُبُر (thou) build!

(perate m. plu.) إِنْكُولُا (you) built!

بِنَامُّ (v.n.) building, canopy

structure, building (n.) بُنَانُ

(pact. pis. f. sing.) مُنْيَنَةً that is built up

ب ۵ ت ★

(p. p. 3 p.m. sing.) was confounded

to be asto- (فَكُمْ بَرُبُتُ مَبْرُتُ مَبْرُتُ مَبْرُتُ مَبْرُتُ مِنْ اللهِ ا

to fall in a (س) أَبْهَتُ بَهُوا الساء

to be con- رَبُتُ بَهِتُ اللهِ founded

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

رَجُتُ رُجُتُ يَجُتُ مُجَانًا (ف.م.) مُجَتَّانًا (ف) المُعَتَّلُ مُجَتَّانًا (ف)

To calumniate, to slander

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v أَسَوَّ وُواْ ا < they are settled

to be settled v

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v gets settled, takes place, inhabits.

أَسُنَواً (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) v we take place, inhabit

(perate m. dual.) v (you twain) inhabit!

settlement (v.n.mim)

gate, door (1) (n)

تابي لاتذخفوامن بك واحد

Enter not by one gate. [12:67]

a portal (2)

حَتَّى إِذَا فَقَتْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ بَابُاذَا عَذَابِ شَدِينِهِ

Untill we opened upon them a portal of severe torment. [23:77]

doors, gates (n.p.)

نسبور (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~shall perish مَارَ سَوْرُ وَرُأَ وَ يَوَارِ الْالْمَالِمُ to perish 84

سَأَءُوْ بِغَضَبِ مِنَ اللهِ

They incurred Allah's wrath. [2:61]

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) they brought, incurred

(acc. 2 5

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou bear

الآء أرنكان تشكلا الثيني

Verily I would that thou bear my sin. [5:29]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < lodged, settled بَوَّأَ يُبَوِّى تَبُونِتُا وَ تَبُولُهُ

to place, prepare a place, settle, lodge

يَوَّاكُ فِي الْأَرْضِ

He settled you in the earth. [7:74]

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii (J) いっ we settled

أَسْرِقُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii thou settle

تبرى الكؤمنين مقاعد التتال

Thou art settling the believers in position for the fight. [3:121]

(emp. 1st p. plu.) ii نُسَوِّمَانُ we surely will settle

(epl. 1st p. plu.) ii نَكُنَتُنُ we surely will attack by night while sleeping at night (v.n.) بَيَامًا

يَنْتُ (house (n.) مُمْبُوتُ (houses (n. p.) الْسَنْتُ ، الْسَنْتُ الْحَرَامُ ، الْسَنْتُ الْعَنْشُ

The sacred House, i.e. Ka'ba.

the frequented house, that is, the original model of Ka'ba, over it or corresponding to it, in heaven, which thousands of angels visit every day and around which they circuit (make tawaf) and pray.

(Ibn Kathir, Baghwi, Jid.)

ب ی د ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) تَبِيْـــُدُ < ~ will perish

to perish, بأد يَدِينُدُ بَيُدا (ف)

بی ض 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix ابْيَقَتْ الْبِيَقَةُ الْبِيَقَةُ الْبِيَقَةُ الْبِيَقِيْنَ الْبِيقِيْنِ الْبِيقِيْنِ

to become ix اِبْدَيْقُ يَدْيِقُ white

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix حَدِيْضُ ~will become white (imperf. neg. 3 p. f. sing.) كَنُ تَبُوُرَ will not perish

perdition, doom (v.n.)

perdition, doom (v.n.) 315.

ب و ل ★

condition, state, heart (n.)

(It may be rendered as 'about' if contents require.)

مَابَالُ النِّسُوَةِ الْمِي تَطَعْنَ آيديكُنَّ

What was the matter of those women who cut off their hands (or what about those women who). [12:50]

ب ی ت 🖈

يَــِيْوُنَ خthey pass the night

to pass (بَاتَ بَسِيْتُ بَسَاتًا (ف

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) آبِنَّة planned by night

" < بَيَّتَ يُكَيِّثُ اللَّهُ اللّ

to plan against

SS by night, to attack by
night

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مُبِيَّتُونَ they plan by night

لَا تُلْهِيُهِمْ يَعَارَةُ وَلَا بَيغُ

Men whom neither trafficking nor bargaining diverteth. [24:37]

الله Christian churches (n.p.) الله sing.

لَهُ يُستَ صَوامِعُ وَبِيعٌ وَصَلَوْتٌ وَمَنِيعًا

The cloisters and churches and synogogues and mosques would have been demolished. [22:40]

ب ی ن 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii آبَيْنُوا they expounded

to ex- آیَنَ ii تَبْدِیْناً <

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii بَيِّنَا we have expounded

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُتِينُ ~expounds

(emp. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُمَيِّنُونُ they will surely expound

(el. 2 p.m. sing.) ii لَـُوْمَا الْمُعَالِقُونَا that ye may expound

(el. 1st. p. sing.) ii لَأَبَيْنَ that I expound

(el. 1st p. plu.) ii لِنُسَيِّنَ that we expound

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) ii نَيْنَ we expound الْآبُيَضُ (white (n.m.)

white (n. f.) أَنْيُضَاهُ أَ

eggs (n.p.) بَيْضُ

ب ی ع *

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii المَعْمُ you made bargain

بَايَعَ بُسَايِعُ مُبَابَعَةً

to deal with selling and buying, to swear fealty

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii يَبَايِعُونَ they swear fealty

أَيْمُ اللهِ (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iii أَيْمُ اللهِ (they swear fealty

(perate m. sing.) iii take oath (accept fealty)

Note: 'means thou swear fealty.' But in the course of contents and certain grammatical rule it means here: accept their initiative or action.

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi مُعَمَّمُ you bargain one with

to conclude أَجَايِمُ أَجَامِهُمُ < a sale or make a contract with each other.

bargaining, selling (v.n.)
and buying

1000 1000 (ap-der. f. plu.) مُبَيِّنَاتُ illuminating ones

(ap-der. >iv, m. sing.) مُبِين open to see, clear, self-expressive

exposition (1) (n.) آيان

لمذَ ابْتَأَنُّ لِلنَّاسِ

This is an exposition for men" [3:138]

distinctness of speech (2)

عَلَّمَهُ الْبُسَيَانَ

He taught him distinctness of speech. [55:4]

explanation (3)

شُعَرَانَ عَلَيْنَابِيَانَهُ

Then it is upto its expounding. [75:19]

exposition (v.n.) lift

(ap-der >x, m. sing.) الْمُسَتَّمِينَ luminous

between (particle)

in front of بَيْنَ مَدَى

in presence of بَيْنَ أَيْدِيُ

(also see ع د)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv حَيْنُ اللهُ ا

لايخاديب أن

He well nigh cannot make (himself) clear. [43:52]

نَــَـٰيَّنَ γ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) γ رُبَيِّنَ v became manifest

to become v اَتَبَيِّنَ تَدَبِّينَ clear, to become manifest, to declare

(perate. m. plu.) v المَّاتِّةُ (you) declare, make clear

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v becomes clear

(el. 3 p. f. sing.) x لِتَسْتَلِينُ <in order to be shown

to be manifest x الْمُتَانَ clear (act. 2 pic.)

evidence (n.) تَنِيَّنَة

clear evidences (n.p.)

(ap-der f. plu.) مُبَيِّنَةُ illuminating, manifest

كتاب التــاء

ئ

to denote 1st. p. sing. of perf. e.g. 'I said'

denotes fem., and turns to ha sound at the end of a sentence.

the ark i.e. the ark of (n.) النَّابُونُ تُ the covenant (see Jid. 2 n. 652)

تَادَة (n.) تَادَة

تَأْرَةٌ أُخُدٰى

once again. [20:55]

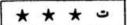
ت ب ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ج < perished

(ن) آبَ بَنْ اَبَ الْهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّه

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) مُنَّتُ مُنْ

ruin (v. n.) بَابُ



a preposition (1)

(used with the name of Allah only to denote oath.)

وتالله لككيدن آخذا مكو

And by Allah I shall surely devise a plot against your idols. [21:57]

and suffix to verbs. As prefix it is used in the 3rd p. of the perf. to denote

the fem. e.g. [perf. 3 p. f. sing. : she said)

to denote 2 p.m. of perf,

e.g. أَثُلُتُ 'thou said' to denote 2 p. f. of perf.

e.g. المُنَّاتِ 'thou (f..)

أَسِيْمُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَّيْمُوُا they followed they did not follow

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَتْبَعُ ∼follows

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) تَــُبُعُ (f) follows

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُثِينَةً مُ

(perf. 1st p. plu.) iv we made SS follow SS

(perf. 3 p.m. plu,) iv اَنْبَعُوْا they followed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُدِيمُونَ they make (one) follow

(p.p. 3 p.m. plu.) iv الْمُعِوْدُ they were followed, were overtaken by SS

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) iv نُتْبِعُ we make follow

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اتَّبَعَ إِنَّا عَا

to follow (some R. F.)

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii اتَّـَيْتُ thou followed

(perf. 1st p. sing.) viii اتَّـَعْتُ I followed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اتَّبَعُوْا they followed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you followed

 ruin (v. n.)
 تشرِبُبُثِ

 قَبْدِيُّ عَلَى see
 ب د ل

 قَبْدِيُّ see
 ب د و

 تُبْدِیُ see
 ب د و

 قَبْرَاً
 see

 قَبْرَاً
 ب د و

 قَبْرَاً
 ب د و

ت ب ر ★

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) ii المَّتَّةُونُ اللهُ الل

آ بَدُو يَسَكُمُو مَسُواً وَ يَبَرُّ يُتَكُّرُ مَسَكِيرًا اللهِ to destroy, break.

destruction (v. n. ii) أَنْسِيْرُوا (el. 3 p. m. plu.) ii acc. الْمُسِنَّبِرُووُ they might destroy

destruction (v.n.) تبار و

destoryed (pis. pic)

ت بع ★

رُبِعَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ followed

تَبِيعَ بَدُبُتُ تُبُعًا وَ يِبَاعاً (س)

to follow, initiate, join a person, serve, obey, follow a doctrine (act. pic. m. sing.)

تَابِعُ

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. أَبِينَ followers

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

ثُوَرِّلا تَعِدُوْ الكُوْعَلَيْنَا بِهِ عَبِيْمًا

You will not find for yourselves against us an avenger (or prosecutor). [17:69]

is one who prosecutes, or sues, for a right, or due (L.L.). The phrase signifies: Then you shall not find for you any one to sue us for the disallowing of what hath befallen you nor for our averting it from you (Jid).

اتُباَعُ (v.n.) to follow

successive (ap-der. > iii) مُتَابِعُ (one following another)

فَعِينَا أُرثَتُهُ وَيُنِي الْتَتَابِعَيْنِ

Fasting for two months in succession. [4:92]

(pis. pic. >viii) مُتِّعِمُونَ مare overtaken by SS

ב ב כ ★

one after another (v.n.) مريري

see و ت ر

(perf. 1st p. plu.) viii اتَّـَبَعْنَا we followed

(impref. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حُتَّبِعُ ~follows

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii دُنْجُعُ thou follow

حنى تنبيع مِلْتَهُو

Except thou follow their faith. [2:120]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii يَدَّعِمُونَ they follow

تَدَّبِعُونَ acc. اَتَّبِعُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you follow

(imperf. 1st p. sing) viii أُتَّبِعُ I follow

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) viii we follow

(perate>viii, m. sing.) بُغة (thou) follow !

(perate > viii, m. plu.) اتَّبِعُوا (you) follow

(perate. neg. m. sing.) اَ تَشِيعُ (thou) follow not!

(perate emp., neg. m. لَا تَشِيعَانَ (perate emp., neg. m. dual)

you twain follow not

لَاتَتَّبِهُ فَنِّ بَينَلَ الَّذِينَ لَايَعْلَمُونَ

You twain never follow the path of those who know not. [10:89]

follower (n.)

ت ر ف ★

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv آرُهُوَٰ we luxuriated
أَرُونَ مُبِرِّفُ إِبْرَافاً
to luxuriate, give comfort,

make in ease تَرَفَّ يَنْرُفُ ثَرُفاً

to live in abundance, in

أَيُّرُ أُولًا (p.p. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَيُّرُ أُولًا they are luxuriated

أُمِرُفُمُ (p.p. 2 p.m. plu.) iv أُمِرُفُمُ you are luxuriated

(ap-der. > iv, m. plu.) acc. مُرِ فَيْنُ affluent ones

> (ap-der. >iv, m. plu.) مُرَّقُ n.d. acc.

affluent ones,

affluent people of that town or community

affluent ones among them

(ap-der. >iv, m. phu.) مر فود n.d. nom.

affluent ones

affluent people of that town or community

ت رق ★

< collor bones n. p. رُآقِيَّ ing. رُآفِيَّ أَدُوْنَا إِنَّ الْعَامِينَ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلِينَ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلِينِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِينِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلِيمِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِي الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلِي الْعِلْمِينِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعَلِي الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعَلَيْنِي الْعَلَيْنِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعَلَيْنِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعَلِي الْعَلِي الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعَلِي عَلَيْنِ الْعَلَيْنِي الْعَلَيْنِي الْعَلَيْنِي الْعَلَيْنِ الْعِلْمِينَانِي الْعِلْمِينِي الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينِ الْعِلْمِينِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينِي الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَانِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَانِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينِ الْعِلْمِينَ الْعِلْمِينِي الْعِلْمِينِي الْعِلْمِينَانِي الْعِلْمِي عَلِي الْعِلْمِي عَلَيْهِ الْعِلْمِي عَلَيْعِيلِ الْعِلْم *

merchandise (v.n.) جُمَارَةٌ (ن) بَعْمَرَ مَنْهُو بَعْمَارَةٌ (ن) بَعْمَرَ مَنْهُو بَعْمَارَةٌ (ن) to carry on commerce

* " " "

beneath (particle) عَمُتُ (opp. فَوُقَ : above)

ت خ ذ ★

اَغَزَ see أخ ذ for the derived forms

ت ر ب 🖈

dust, earth (n) デーデ

women of equal age (n.p.) آُرُاَبُ sing.

< breast-bone (n.p.) رُوَائِث (of women) or upper part of chest</p>

reducing to dust, (v.n.)

leave! (parate m. sing.) اُرُوْكُ ما is left (pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. المَرْحُورُ they are left

مُنْدَكُولَ عدد. أَسَنُو كُونَ

(pip. p.m. plu.) you are left

أوك (act. pic. m. sing.) أوك one who leaves SS

(act. pic. (n.d.) m. sing.)
you are left

ت س د ★

nine (cardinal number)

nine (cardinal number n.f.) مُنْدَةً عُشَرً (cardinal number) مُنْدَةً عُشَرً nineteen

أَنْ يُعْ وَ يَسْعُونَ (cardinal number) أَنْ عُونَ ninety-nine

ت ع س 🖈

نَّهُ (downfall (v.n.) مَّهُ اللهُ to perish, المُّهُ اللهُ أَنْهُ اللهُ اللهُلِمُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ

ت ر ك ★

~ left, (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ゴデ to leave, (ごうしょうごうごう omit, abandon, refrain, desist, give up

to leave SS by his own (1) choice or willingness

وتركنا بعضام بوميديكوج ف بعض

And We left them on that day (i.e. We shall leave them) surging one against another. [18:99]

to leave compulsorily (2)

كؤتركواس بمثلت وعيون

They left how many of gardens and springs. [44:25]

I lest (perf. 1st. p. sing.) رُكُتُ

they left (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) 15-5

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) رُحَىٰ they (f.) left

you lest (perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

we lest (perf. 1st. p. plu.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) يُرُوكُ thou leave

(imperf. 1 st. p.m. plu.) نَرُوكُ we leave

* J J =

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) If

وَتَلَّهُ لِلْجَبِيْنِ

And he threw him upon his forehead. [37:103]

ت ل ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) √ ~followed (1)

وَالْعَتَمِياذَاتَلْهَا

And by the moon, when she followeth him. [91:2]

is masculine and فرق moon is feminine, contrary to English.

(perf. 1st p. sing.) تَكُونُكُ I recited (2)

يَسْتُلُوا (n.d.) يَسْتُلُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they recite

تَـُتُوُا (n.d.) تَـُتُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you recite

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نَتْوُ we recite

ت ن ث 🖈

unkemptness, impurity (n.)

* * * *

نَقُوای (n.) (see و ق می piety) نَقَبَّلَ / نَشَنَقْبِلَ see ق ب ل

ت ق ن 🖈

he did perfectly and iv اُمَّنَىٰ thoroughly, to do something skilfully

لَّقَنَ (r.f.) وَ أَثْقَنَ !!

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) iv he may complete (el. 1st. p. sing.) iv I may complete أتخ (perate > iv. m. sing.) thou complete أَيْوُا (perate m. plu.) you complete! complete (n.) (ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) completer, perfector ١ > > و 4 ت (imperf. 1st p. sing.) v I lean (on SS) a place in which (pis. pic.) one reclines, a staff, a couch (ap-der. plu.) | نَحْدُنُ الْمُتَكُمُّنُ الْمُتَكَمِّنُ الْمُتَكِمُّنُ الْمُتَكِمُّنُ الْمُتَكِمُّنِ الْمُتَكِمُ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللّ acc. recliners LL see oven (n.) عَالَمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَالَمُ اللَّهُ عَالَمُ اللَّهُ اللَّه ت ,

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(perate. m. sing.) (thou) recite! 121 (perate m. plu.) (you) recite! (p.p. 3 p.f. sing.) ~was/were recited (pip 3 p.m. sing.) ~is recited (pip 3 p. f. sing.) ~is/are recited التاليات (act. pic. f. plu,) <reciting angels sing: 1-11 recitation (n.) تلاوة ٢

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim)

< ~ was completed

to be completed الْمَامَةُ وَهُمُّا الْمُعُمَّاتُهُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَهُمُّا الْمُعَامُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَهُمُّا الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِ وَمُعَامِّةً وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ الْمُعَامِّةُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِهُمُ وَمُعُلِّمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعُمِّةً وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعَامِعُهُمُ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمِّةً وَمُعَامِعُمُومُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمِّهُمُ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمُّ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمِّمُ وَمُعُمِمُ مُعْمِعُمُ ومُعُمِّمُ ومُعْمِعُمُ ومُعُمُّ مُعْمِعُمُومُ ومُعُمِّمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُومُ ومُعُمِّمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعُمِعُمُ مُعِمِعُمُ مُعُمِعُمُ مُعُمِعُمُ مُعِمِمُ مُعُمِعُمُ مُعُمُومُ ومُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُومُ ومُعُمُومُ مُعُمُومُ

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv الْعَبَةُ thou completed

~completed

(perf. 1st p. sing.) iv المُنتُ I completed

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) iv we completed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ∼completes

~repented

يَتُوْبُول acc. بَيْوُبُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they repent

(perate—prayer) عن may thou accept repentance

you repent! (perate m. plu.) او بوا

التَّوْبُ ، التَّوْبَةُ ، مَتَابُ (v.ns.)

repenting (Allah) (Ints,) وَرَابُ

(act. pic. plu.) آفبۇن repenters (m.)

(act. pic. f. plu.)

(ints. plu.) acc. وَالْمِينَ

<repenting men</p>
sing.
قَوَّابُّ

* * * *

Torah (Bible), (n.) the Divine writ revealed to the Prophet Musa (Moses)

* • 6

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ختيرُنَّ they shall wander about
to wander مَا مَا مَا مَا مَا مَا
about lands without
direction

fig (n.)

فَسَنْ تَابَينَ بَعْدِ ظُلْمِهِ وَأَصْلَحَ

Whosoever repenteth after his wrong-doing and amendeth. [5:39]

accepted repentance, (عَلَىٰ) he forgave

فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ يَتُونُ عَلَيْهِ

Surely Allah shall relent towards him. (He will accept his repentance). [5:39]

اَبَ (إِلَىٰ) repented (إِلَىٰ) اَبَ (as تَاتَ without الله)

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) (5

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) الوا they repented

(perf. 1st p. sing.) بُنُتُ I repented

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) بنام you repented

أَسُوُّبُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَنْوُبُ he accepts repentance

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) آژُوُبُ I repent

تَـُنُوبًا (n.d.) تَتُوبَان

you twain repent

كتاب الشاء

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv he keeps

> أَثْبَتَ يُثُبِثُ إِثْبَاناً ١٠

to keep (1)

to confine, (2)

to bring SS to a stand

يَمْحُوااللَّهُ مَايِسَاكُ وَيُثِيثُ

Allah abolisheth whatsoever He will and keepeth. [13:39]

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they may confine

وَإِذْ يَنْكُونُ مِكَ الدُنْ مِن كَفَرُواليُنْ مُوكُولًا وَيَعْتُلُوكَ

And (recall) what time that those who disbelieved were plotting against thee to confine thee or to slay thee. [8:30]

(act. pic. m. sing.) . تابت firmly fixed

fixture (n.)

(perate. m. plu.) أَنْ يُبُولُوا <stand firm,

نَيْتَ تَشُكُ ثَمَانًا وَ ثُبُونًا(ن)

to stand firm, permanent, be fixed, settled, established

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii < we have confirmed

to establish, أَشَيُّتُ أَا تَشُينًا to confirm

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii he establishes

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) ii we establish

(perate (prayer) m. sing) may thou keep firm, stable

(perate m. sing.) you keep firm

(ن) أَيْخُنُ عَمْناً (ن) to be thick, hard and firm to inflict iv أَغْمَن severe slaughter of an enemy.

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) acc. vi منافعة المامة المامة

ٹ ر ب *

reproof, reproach (v.n.) ii مَارِيْتُ

ث ری ★

التراى (n.) soil

***** د ع ب

a serpent (n.) مُعْبَانُ

ث ق ب ★

glowing (act. pic. m. sing.) التَّآفِ اللَّهِ

ث ق ف ★

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)

ثَقِفَ بَثُقَفُ ثَقُفًا (س) to meet, reach to conquer

(emp. 2 p.m. sing.) thou overtake

strengthening (v.n.>ii) عَيْنِكُ

body of man, sing. troops, horsemen

فَانْفِرُوالْبُهُ إِن إِوانْفِرُوا جَمِيمًا

Then sally forth in detachment or sally forth all together. [4:71]

ٺ ب ر ★

<death, destruction (v.n.) بَوُرُدُ نَسَبَرَ يَشُبُرُ فَبُراً وَ لُبُوراً (ن) to persist, to destroy

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مَأْثُوراً last one, destroyed one

***** ك ب ط

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَبَّقُ < ~ withhold

نَبَعَلُ وَ نَبُّكُمُ (عَنُ)

to hinder, withhold.

★ ₹ ₹ ₾

plenteous (ints.)

ٹ خ ن ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv

< weights, (n.p.) วิโล้าโ burdens

فَقُلِ ': sing.

(n. dual.) الثَّقَلَان two dependents (man and jinn)

heavy (v.n.) المُقَالَّة

إنفيروا خفافاة يتقالا

"March forth light (armed) and heavy (armed). [9:41]

(pis. pic. f. sing.) iv one heavy laden

(pis. pic. m. plu.) iv مُقَلُونَ those who are heavy laden

(n. for instrument) عُقَالُ weight of

ث ل ث ★

(card. number) きがってが

(card. number) تَلاَّقُونَ | ثَلاَثِينَ (thirty

one-third (fraction)

two-third (fraction) النُّهُ الْ

nom. n. d.

(fraction) acc. n. d.

ثَالِثُ / ثَالِثَ أَ الْمِثَةُ (third (card. number

threes گُلآتُ

逆

بَثْقَفُوا .acc يَثْقَفُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they come upon

إِنْ يَثْقَفُونُ فُونُواللَّهُ أَعْدَاءُ

Should they come upon you they will be enemies unto thee. [60:2]

(p.p. 3 p.m. plu.) الْقَفُولُا they are found

د ق ل ★

ر (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) مُقَلَتُ ∼ become heavy, momentous

> ثَقُلَ بَثُقُلُ ثَقُلاً وَثَقَالَةً to be heavy

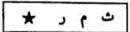
(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv مُعْلَتُ become heavy

you bowed down with heaviness (Pic.), ye are weighed down (Jid.), you sink down heavily (Arb.) you should incline heavily Rod.

Al-Akbary belongs to stem sixth عَمَا الْعَلَمُ an additional is prefixed.

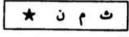
(see vol. 1, Cairo, 1956, pp. 44,)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) weighty, heavy



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv المُعَرَ الْمُعَارِدَا bore fruit الْمُعَرَ الْمُعَارِدَا to bear fruit

fruits (n. p.) عَرَّةُ fruit (n. sing.) عُرَّةً sing. عُرَاتُ <fruits (n. p.)



price (n.)

eighth part, (fraction) مَانِيَّة one-eighth eight (card. number) مَانِيَّةً

eight (card. number) عَانِينَ

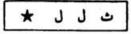


(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشُنُونَ <they fold to fold, double a thing

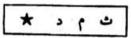
أَسْتَتُمُنُونَ (imperf. 3. p m. plu.) بَسْتَتُمُنُونَ they make exception

وَلَايَسْتَثُنُونَ

And they made not the exception i.e. they say not: 20 f God will."
[68:18]



a group (n.)



An ancient and power-(n.)

ly related to 36 Adites and heirs to their civilisation and culture with their seat in the northwest corner of Arabia. forming the southern boundry of Syria (Nicholson, Literary History of the Arabs, N. York, 1932.) Unlike the Adites of whom we find no trace in historical times, the Thamudite are mentioned still existing by Diodoras Siculus and Ptolemy; and they survived down to the fifth cen tury A. D. in the corps equites Thamudeni attaced to the army of the Byzantine emperors

(Jid. 8 nn. 542)



there, at the same time or place أثم

to pay for SS, تَوْيَبُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ لَا يَقُويُبُ اللَّهُ pay back (good deeds)

RF

(إلَّى مَثُونُ ثُونِاً (إلَّى اللهُ اللهُ to return

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آآب جين (1) (h.v.) iv آآب مين (آب مين) to reward, to recompense

فَأَنَا كُوْغَتُنَا بِغَيْمَ

Have given you (another) grief for (your first) grief. [3:153]

rewarded (2)

فأخابث الله بساقالوا

Allah rewarded them for that which they said. [5:85]

reward (n.) وَأَبُّ

مَنُونَة (n.) reward

a resort, a place of (n.) visit

چَابُ (garments (n.p.) چَابُ sing. تُوبُ

ث و ر

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَثَارُوُ ا <they break up to raise, أَرَ يَثُورُ ثَوْرَ ٱلنَّهُ be stirred, break up ثَانِيُ (card. number) ثَانِيُ (card. number) ثَانِيُ اثْنَائِينِ الْنَائِينِ الْنَائِيلِيِيلِ الْنَائِيلِيلِ الْنَائِيلِ الْنَائِيلِيلِيلِيلِيلِ الْنَائِيلِيِيلِيلِيلِ الْنَائِيلِ الْنَائِيلِ الْن

twelve (m.) acc. مُثَنَّى عَشَر

المُنتا عَشَرة . nom. أَمُنتا

اثْمَنَّقُ عَشَرَةً .twelve (f.) acc

مَنْی twos by twos

oft repeated (Jid.). مَثَانِيُ repeating (Arb.) paired (Pic.)

المله تؤل آخس الحديث وثباته تشابها تشانى

Allah hath revealed the most excellent discourse, a book consimilar(self-resembling,) oft-repeated." [39:23]

repetition (2)

وَلَقَدُ النَّيْنَاكَ سَبُعُكَامِّنَ الْمَكَانِيَ وَالْفُرُالَ الْعَظِيْرَةِ

And assuredly we have given thee seven of the repetitions and the mighty Ouran, [15:87]

ث ر ب ★

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii وُعِبَ (~is paid ث و ی ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آاوِياً dweller

تُولى بَشُوِىٰ تُوَاءاً (مَن)

to halt, stop

abode (n. for place) مَثُوني

ٹ ی ب ★

< non-virgins (n. p.) حَيِّبًا عُدْ</p>
sing. حَيِّبًا

أكاروا الأرض

They broke up the earth and inhabited it. [30:9]

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv they raised

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing) iv ~ break up

raise (1)

فتوثيؤته كماكا

They raised the cloud. [30:48] plaugheth (2)

إِنَّهَا بَقُرُةٌ لَاذَ لُولَ ثُمِيْتِ الْأَرْضَ

She should be a cow unyoked to plough the earth. [2:71]

كتـاب الجيم

ج ب ت ★

an idol or idols (LL) (n,) الْجُبُتُ sorcery (a worthless thing) (Q. Rgh.)

ج ب د ★

strong, powerful, (ints. sing.) tyrant, rebellious, giant, compeller

giants (s. n. p.) acc. جَادِينَ

ج ب ل ★

mountain (n.) فَبَلُ

جِبَالٌ (mountains (n. p.)

* > = E

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَمْأُرُونَ <they cry for succour جَأْرَ بَمُأْرُ جَأْراً وَ جَمُّوْراً(ف) to cry aloud in prayer or supplicate

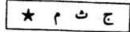
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) جَارُوُنَ you cry aloud for succour

(perate. neg. m. plu.) آوُوُا cry not for succour

ج ب ب ★

the well (n.) الجُبُّ

جَتَّ بَحُثُّ جَنَّا وَ (الْجَنَّتِ viii) to cut off, cut down, uproot



(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. آيُمِينَ motionless bodies in the state of prostration جَمَّمَ جَمُّماً وَ جُمُّوماً وَ مُحُوماً وَمُ

out sense, motionless

ج ٺ و ★

(act. pic. f. sing.) جَاثِبَةُ < kneeling down
جَاثِبَةُ بَخْتُو بُحُودًا (ن)

to sit with knees upon the ground, to kneel

the state of sitting on (v.n.) the knees

* , 5 5

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَحَدُوُا <they denied

جَحَدَ بَجُحُدُ جُحُوداً (ب) to dany, refuse one's right

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَعْدَدُونَ they deny multitude (n.) چیل ج ب ن ★

forehead (n.)

ج ب • ★

<foreheads (n. p.)</p>
sing.

ج ب ی ★

بار (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) <~is drawn, brought جَبَا بَجُنُو (جُمُنِيُ

جُبُوَةً وَ جِبَايَةً وَ جِبَاوَةً

to gather taxes, impost, we collect water in a reservoir, to bring together

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii الْجَنَّبَىٰ < ~ selected, chosen

to choose, select أَجْنَبِي الْجِنِبَاءاً

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii اُجُنَّابَيْتُ thou selected, chose

(perf. 1st p. plu.) viii اَجْتَبَيْنَا we selected, chose

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حُنِي chooses

* * * * 7

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) اُجُنَّتُهُ < ~was pulled out to quarrel; dispute ずぶく せい to twist, (いんいりょう りょう しょう しょう はght, make firm

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iii جَادَلُت thou disputed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii جَادَلُتُمْ you disputed

(imperf. 3 p.m sing.) iii عُمَادِقُ ~disputes

> مُعَادِلُوا (acc. n.d.) مُعَادِلُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iii

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii جُادِلُونَ you dispute

(perate. m. sing.) iii عَادِلُ contend, argue

(perate. neg. m. plu.) iii كَاوُلُوا dispute not!

disputing (v.n.) iii בֿנֿל

جدال the dispute (v.n.) iii

ج ذ ذ ★

broken in pieces (n.) جُذَاذً جَذَّ بَجِذُ جَذَّا (صُ) to cut off at the root

(pact. pic. m. sing.) جُذُوُدُ cut off 104 جدث ★

أَجُدَاكُ (graves (n.p.) جَدَكَ

* 5 6 6

<greatness, majesty (v.n.) عُدَّةً بَعِدًّا جَدَّا to be great المَا يَحَدُّهُ عَدَّاً عَدَاً عَدَاً المَا يَحْدَاً المَا يَحْدُهُا المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَا يَحْدُهُا المَّارِّةُ المَّارِّةُ المَا يَحْدُهُا المَا يَحْدُهُا المَّارِّةُ المَا يَحْدُهُا المَا يَحْدُهُا المَارِقُ المَّارِقُ المَّارِّةُ المَا يَعْمُ المَّارِقُ المَارِقُ المَّارِقُ المَّارِقُ المَارِقُ المَّارِقُ المَّارِقُ المَارِقُ المَارِقُ

تَعْلُ جَدُرَيْنَا

"Exalted be the majesty of our Lord, [72:3]

<new (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) ביני

جَدَّ بَيدُ جَدًّا وَجِدُا

to be new

جَدَدُ (n.p.) خَدَة sing. جَدَدُ street, way

ج د د ★

a wall (n.) جدارً

walls (n.p.)

most disposed one (elative) imost worthy, fittest, more proper

to be fit, (نَّ جَدَارَةً لَانَ بَعُدُرُ جَدَارَةً اللهُ worthy, to deserve

★ J > ₹

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii الجادَلُوُ (they disputed

ج د د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~drags to draw, to drag. 「デーデーデー

* 3 2 5

barren (n.) **

(land incapable of producing (vegetation—Rgh.)

* 6 2 5

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v يَسْتَجَرَّعُ عُرَعُ < ~ sips v جَرَعٌ جَرْعً جَرْعً وَ يَجَرَّعُ viii وَ الْجَنَرَعَ to swallow, sip

ج دُ ف 🖈

hollowed bank (n.) きっちゃ

* () 5

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَجُورُ مُو اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المِلْمُعِلَّ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المِلْمُ المِلْمُلِمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُلِيَ

جَرَمَ بَجُرِمُ جَرُماً وَ الْجَنْرَمَ !!!vii وَ الْجَنْرَمَ !!!v

to cut off, incite, commit a crime against one, be guilty of it

عَطَاءً غَيْرَةِ مُنْدُونِ

The gift never to be cut off. [11:109]

* 2 5 5

جِدُعْ (n.) trunk (of a tree) (n.) جِدُعْ النَّحُلِ (n.p.)

a brand of fire (n.) جَذْوَةً

* 6 7 6

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) جَرَّحُمُ <you earned

to wound,(خَرَحُ جَرُ حَارِف) injure, hurt, to earn (Lis.-Aq.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii انجتر محود ا

جُرُوْحٌ (wounds (n.p.)

wound (sing.) مُحْرُحُ

خوارح (beasts used for (n.p.)

جَارِحَة (sing.)

* > > 5

ارد (n.) المرادة

بشيوالله متجريها ومرسا

In the name of Allah be its course and its anchorage.

[11:41]

(The word بخری (majra) is read خری (majrey) (due to imala مراة)

Note: إِمَالَة is a way of pronunciation of أَلِفُ as weak ya e.g. بَحْرُى ma-

jra read as majrey جُرِیُ . (act. pic. f. sing.) جَارِيَةً

فِيْهَاعَيْنُ جَادِيَهُ

Therein is a running spring.
[88:12]

(act. pic. f. plu.) جَارِيَاتُ running ones

a traversing ark, ship (2)

إتالتاظفاالنا أعتلنك فالجابية

Verily, We! when the water rose We bore you upon the traversing ark (i.e. a ship). [69:11]

اَلْجُوَّارُ (ships (1) (n. p.) جَارِيَةُ (sing.) (perf. 1st p. plu.) iv أَجُرَ مُناً we committed sin

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv جُوِمُوْنَ you commit a sin

commitment of a sin (v.n.) إُجْرَامُ

sinner(act.pic.>iv,m. sing.) مجرِمُ

acc. بَحْرِ مُوْنَ nom. بَحْرِ مِيْنَ sinners (act. pic. m. plu.)

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) لَا يَجُرِ مَنَّ should not or let not incite or drag

مَنْكُوْمَتَكُوْمَتَكُوْمَتَكُوْمَتَكُوْمَتَكُواْمِتَكُومَتَكُومَتَكُومَتَكُومَتَكُومَتَكُومَتَكُومَتَكُومَتَك And let not the hatred of a people incite you not to act fairly. Act fairly! [5:8]

undoubtedly (a phrase) FF Y

ج د ی ★

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) جَرَيُنَ < they (f.) ran away جَرَى جَرَيْ الْمِنَ to flow (water), to run, be current

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) جُرِيُ (f.) runs, flowes

(imperf. 3 p.f. dual) بَحْرِ مَانِ the twain run, flow

بَغِرِی < بَخِرِی (v.n. min.) بَغِرِی < بَخِرِی course of water flowing

106

(perf. 1st p. sing.) جَزَيْنَا I rewarded (perf. 1st p. plu.) جَزَيْنَا we rewarded (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَزِيُ ~rewards (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

بُوْرِي (imperf. Ist p. plu.) we reward

(emp. 1st p. plu.) بُغِزِيَنَّ we surely give reward, recompense

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) جُرَوُن they will be rewarded or be recompensed

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) بَحْرُوُنَ you shall be given reward or recompensed

(pip. 2 p.m. sing.) thou shall be given reward or be recompensed

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iii هُمَازِيُ we recompense

compensation, reward (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) جَادٍ giver of a reward

compensation (n.)

(A tax that is taken from the free non-Muslim subjects of a Muslim government whereby they ratify the compact that assures them protection—LL.)

ومن اليتوالجوارني البخركالأعلام

And of his signs are the ships in the sea like landmarks. [42:32]

moving swiftly (like ships) (2)

اَلُكُا أُمُّيِ وُبِالْكُنِّينِ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنِّينِ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنِّينِ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنِّينِ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنِّينِ I swear by the receding (stars) moving swiftly (and) hiding themselves.
[81:15-16]

★ כ כ פ

a part, a portion (n.)

جَاوَزَ see ج و ز

★ と う で

we raged (perf. 1st p. plu.) جَرِعُنَا to grow (جَرِعَ بَحُرُعُ جَرُعا(س) impatient, be sad, grieve bewailing (ints. m. sing.) جَرُوعً

ج ذ. ی ★

جَزِی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. حَزِیْ < ~ recompensed جَزِی (جَزَا) بَجُزِی جَزَاداً (ض) to recompense, reward

وجزائم يتاحتبروا

And he recompensed them for that which they patiently bore. [76:12]

اذبحتلنا البيت متابة

When We made the House a resort unto mankind.

[2:125]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you counted (3)

أجتلت يقاية المآتج

Count you the giving of drinks unto the pilgrims.
[9:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَمُوُنَ they set up (4)

الَّذِيْنَ يَجْعَلُونَ مَعَ اللّهِ الهَّا اخَرَ

Who set up along with Allah another god. [15:96]

(act. pic. m. sing.) عامِلُونَ الْمَاعِلُونَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِّمِينَ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِينِ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِينِ الْمُعِلِينِ الْمُعْلِينِ الْمُعْلِي الْمُعْلِي الْمُعْلِينِ الْمُعْلِ

ج ف و

a worthless thing, (n.)

<rubbsish

litt. froth, foam

ج ف ن

خِفَانٌ < basins, (n.p.) جَفْسَة (sing.)

a large deep dish of wood

ج س د ★

a body (n.) عَسَدٌ

* " " 5

(perate neg. m. plu.) الْمُ تَجَسَّسُوُا الله خَسَّسُوُا to feel, touch جَسَّ بَحُشُ جَسَّالُونا

to investigate, spy » وَ يَجْنَ

* 1 0 5

الْجِسُمُ (n.) body

sing. جُسُمُّ <bodies (n. p.) أُجُسَامُّ

* J & E

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَعَل ~placed (1)

make, effect, prepare, produce, appoint, fix (a price, compensation or reward), begin

مَاجَعَلَاللهُ لِرَجُلِ مِنْ قَلْمَيْنِ فِي جَوُفِهِ

Allah has not placed into any man two hearts in his inside (or chest). [33:4]

(perf. 1st p. phu.) الْعَمَلُة we made, (2) ج ل س ★

الْجَالِسُ <seats (n.p.) مَجُلِسٌ

n. for p.t. (sing.)

جَلَنَ يَطْلِينُ جُلُوْسَالِمِنُ) to sit

* 7 7 £

glory (v.n.) اَلْمِلَالُوْ جَلاَلَةُ أَضَ جَلَّ يَجِلُّ جَلالاً وَ جَلاَلَةً أَضَ to be great, powerful, sublime

The Possessor • ذُوْ الْجَلَالِ ، of glory.

₹ 5 0 €

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii جُلُّ < ~glorified

جَلُ بُمَلُ جُلِيًّا

to glorify, to make clear, bring in light

وَالنَّهَارِإِذَاجَلْهَا

By the day when it glorifieth him (Jid) i. e. when it shows forth the sun's splendour to its full.

[91:3]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) چُلُو glorifies, manifests ج ف ر ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. vii خَمَا اللهُ ال

ج ل ب ★

(perate m. sing.) iv أُجُلِبُ <collect, summon

جَلَبَ يَخْلِبُ جَلْبُالُمْنَ)

to drive, draw, bring, assemble

<overgarments (n.p.) جُلاَيِثُ (sing.) جُلْبَابٌ

₹ 5 0 €

(perate m. plu.) iv اَجُلِدُوْا (you) flog!

to whip, جَلَدُ جَلِدُ جَلَدُ الْمِنِي scourage

stripe (n.)

جُلُودٌ (sing.) جِلْدُ <skins (n.p.)

1.4

* 21E

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < < ~amassed (1)

جَمَعَ بَحْمَعُ جَمُمَا

to gather, collect, amass, assemble

الذي جَمَعَ مَالُاوَعَدَهُ

Who amasses wealth and counts it. [104:2]

settled SS (2)

نَجَمَعُ <u>گ</u>ِيْدُهُ

Then he settled his plan. [20:60]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اجْمَوُا they gathered

إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَنُجَمَّعُوا لَكُو

Surely people have gathered against you. [3:173]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) بَعَعْناً we assembled

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) بُخَتُعُ ~gathers

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) لَيَجُمُعَنَّ he shall gather together

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُمُعُونُ they gather together

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُنَعُ we assemble

لانُعَلِيْهَالِوَقْتِمَالَالْمُوَ

None but He will manifest it at its time. [7:187]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v

∼unveiled (face or glory)

المَّا تَحِلُ رَقُهُ

When his Lord unveiled His glory. [7:143]

جَلاً ْ (the exile (v.n.) جَلاَ يَخْلُونُ جَلاَّةً (عَنْ وَ مِنْ)

to exile, to migrate, emigrate from one's country, depart

* 212

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُمْعُوْنَ they ran away in all haste

جَمَعَ يَجُمَعُ جَمُعًا (ف) وَ جِمَاحًا وَ جُمُوْحًا

to be restive and run away (horse), to be headstrong, quick to throw at, hit

* , , E

(act. pic. f. sing.) جَامِدَةُ <firmly fixed

جَمَدَ بَخُمُدُ جَدُأً وَ جُمُوْداً (ن)

to congeal, harden, stiffen

Friday (n.) اَجُنْتُهُ

place of meeting, (n. for p.t.) junction.

(pact. pic. m. sing.) جُوْرُعُ assembled one,

(pact. pic. m. plu.) جَوُّ عُوْنَ assembled ones the day of assembly بَوْمُ الْبُنَعِ

* 7 6

the camel (n.)

< the camels (n.p.)

(sing.)

all, complete one (n.)

the beauty (n.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) جُولُو beautiful

* 115

(n.) 👼 < acc. 🚎

very much (in exceeding manner)

ج ن ب ★

(perate. m. sing.) اَجُنُبُ <keep aside, save تَجْمَعُوْا (n.d.) تَجْمَعُوْنَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that you have to gather

وَأَنْ تَجْمَعُوابِينَ الْأَعْتَيْنِ

(Forbidden unto you) that you have two sisters together (i.e. as your wives). [4:23]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ←
was brought together

(perf. 3 p.m. plu,) iv they resolved, (agreed among themselves)

وَاجْمَعُواانْ عَجْعَلُولُونُ غَلْبَتِ الْجُتِ

And they resolved to put him in the bottom of the well. [12:15]

(perate m. plu.) iv أَجْمِوُوا you devise

فأجيع واكيد كوكو والثواصفا

Wherefore devise your stratagem, then come in the row. [20:64]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) viii حُتَنَعُتُ رُجُلُعُتُ مِن got together

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) viii اجتمو ا

multitude, gathering (v.n.)

(v.n. dual) جَمْعَانِ

two gathered groups

momentous (act. pic. m. sing.)

perf. 3 p.m. sing. انجَنَابُوْ that has a Fatha mark on the ن and imperative m. plu.

وَالَّذِينَ اجْحَنَبُواالطَّاعُونَ

And those who avoid the devils. [39:17]

اجْتَوْتُوْاكَيْتُوْكِينَ الظُّلِّنَ

Avoid much from suspicion. [49:12]

in respect of (1) (n.) (about, of)

عَلْ مَا فَتَرَظْتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللهِ

That I was unmindful of Allah. (Pic.) [39:56]

That I have been remiss in respect of Allah. (Jid.)

side (2)

والضليب بالتجني

And the companion of the side. [4:36]

جنوب (sing.) جنب <sides (n.p.)

distant (1) (n.)

وأنسك الشنب

And the distant neighbour.

i.e. the neighbour who is
not of kin (The person
who is one's neighbour
but belongs to another
people (LL). (4:36]

جَنَبَ يَخْبُ جَنْبًا (ن)

to turn aside, turn off, lead to the side

وًا خُنْهِنِي وَبَنِيَّ أَنُّ نَعْبُكُ الْكَصْنَامَ

And keep me and my sons away from worshipping the idols. [14:35]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعْبُدُ ~keeps away, saves

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) ii جُخْبُ ~shall be kept away

وسينجنبها الأثغى

And away from it shall be kept the most pious. [92:17]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v دُنْجَنْبُ keeps himself away, avoids

ويتجنبها الأشقى

And the most unfortunate one will avoide it. [87:11]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii الْجَشَنَوُ الْجَسَنَوُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)viii يَحْسَنِبُونَ they avoid

يَخْتَيْنُوا .acc تَخْتَيْنُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (that if you) avoid

(perate m. plu.) viii اَجْتَـٰيُبُوا avoid

(Learners should note carefully the difference between

وَاخْفِصْ لَهُمَا جَنَاحَ الذُّلِّ

And lower down unto them the wing of submission. [17:24]

acc. جَنَاحَيْن < n.d. جَنَاحَيْن two wings, both wings

أُجْنِحَةُ (wings (n.p.) جَنَاحُ (sing.)

جَنَاحُ (n.) جَنَاحُ

كيْنَ عَلَيْكُوْجُنَاحُ

It is no sin for you. [2:198]

ج ن د ★

an army (n.) عُنْدُ

جُنُودٌ (the armies (n.p.) جُنُدُ (sing.)

ج ن ف ★

unjust cause, (n.) wrong course

(Ap-der. m. sing.) vi مُنْجَانِفُ willingly inclining

غَيْرَمُعِمَانِنِي لِإِنْمِ

Not one inclining wilfully to sin. [5:3]

★ ὑ ὑ ₹

بَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَقَ ∼overshadowed impure (2)

وإن كُنْتُمْ جُنْبًا فَأَصَّاهُمُ وَ

And if you are unclean purify yourselves. (Pic.) [5:6]

And if ye be polluted (by sexual acts) purify your-selves. (Jid.)

(According to L.L. is a technical term and means, one who is under an obligation to perform a total ablution or bathing.)

Note: The emission of semen whether in waking or in sleep makes bathing obligatory.

جَانِبُ side (act. pic. m. sing.) جَانِبُ

The right side of the mount Tur. [19:52]

* 7 3 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَنَوُا <they inclined

جَنَحَ بَحْتُحُ مُثُوِّعًا (ف)

to incline towards, to bend

incline (perate m. sing.)

كأن جَفَوُ الِلسِّلْهِ فَأَجْفَعُ لَهَا

And if they incline to peace incline thou also to it.

[8:61]

wing (n.)

فَيَوْمَهِ فِهِ لَا يُعْتَلُ عَنْ ذَنْهِ ﴾ إنْسُ وَلَاجَانَ ا

Of his sin will be questioned that Day neither man nor Jinn. [55:39]

serpent (2)

تَعَتَّزُكَا ثَهَاجًا ثُنَّ

It was wriggling as though it were a serpent. [27:10]

جِنَّةً <the Jinn (n.p) جِنَّةً

مِنَ الْجِنَّةُ وَالنَّاسِ

Whether of Jinn or mankind.
[114:6]

madness (2)

آخرَيَةُ وَلُونَ بِهِ جِنَّهُ

Or say they: in him is madness. [23:70]

is with عِنَّة is with a definite article الْمِنَّة (i.e. (i.e. الْمِنَّة) means Jinn.

(pact. pic. m. sing.) جَنُونُ <mad one

to be mad أَجُنَّ بُحَنُونا enclosed garden, (n.) جَنَّةً

(n. dual) acc. جَنَّتَيْنِ nom. بَنَّتَانِ two gardens

جَنَّاتُ <gardens (n.p) جَنَّاتُ

جَنَّ بَهُنَّ جَنَّا وَ جُنُونَا

to cover, veil, be dark

مَنْتَأْجَنَّ عَلَيْهِ الْيُلُ

Then when the night overshadowed on him. [6:76]

الْجِينُ السَّاسِ Jinn (n.)

Jinn are a definite order of conscious being, intelligent, corporial and usually invisible, made of smokeless flame, as men are of clay, created before Adam. They eat and drink and propagate their species. and are subject to death. much in the same way as human being are, though as a rule invisible to the human eye. They manifest themselves to men at will. mostly under animal form. (Jid. 7. n.n. 644)

Note: The word "Jinn" is a plural noun denoting a kind of creature as النسان or النسان for human being. It has also a singular jinnee but has not occured in the Holy Quran.

بَانٌ the Jinn(1) (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عامد معادد

ومَنْ جَاهَدَ وَالْمَايُجَاهِدُ لِنَفْسِهِ

And whosoever strives, strives only for himself. [29:6]

(perate. m. sing.) جَاهِدُ thou strive!

you strive (perate. m. plu.) جَاهِدُوُا

struggle, strive (v.n.)

acc. مُجَاهِدُونَ nom. مُجَاهِدُونَ (Ap-der < iii, m. plu.) strivers

hard earning, endeavour (n.)

لَايَعِينُ فَنَ الْاحْمَدُهُمْ

They find naught (to give) but their earning. [9:79]

binding, forcible (n.)

أفتمولاللوجند أيكانهم

Who (they) swear by Allah their most binding oaths. [5:53]

ج • د ★

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ said openly, published

جَهَرَ بَحْهُوَ جَهُراً وَ جَهُرَةً وَجَهَاراً (ف)

to be or become public, known,

shield, shelter (n.) جُنَّةُ

أَجِنَّةُ <embryos (n.p.) جَنِيُنْ

وَإِذَانَتُوْ إِحِنَّهُ فِي مُطُونِ أُمَّ لَمُ يَكُو

And you are embryos in the wombs of your mothers. [53:32]

* 5 5 5

sing: جَيْ < furits (n.p)

وكبنا الجئتين دان

And the fruits of the two gardens are within reach. [55:54]

fresh (n.) acc.

النيخ المناعزية

It will drop on the fresh ripe dates. [19:25]

* > * 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii آجاهَد حجاهَد

جَامَدَ مُجَامَدَةً وَ جِهَاداً to struggle

to exert (فِنُ) جَهْدُ جَهْدُا وَنِهُ oneself, endeavour

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iii أَجَاهُبُوا the twain strived

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii أَجَاهَدُوُا they struggled, strived acc. آهِايُّنَ nom. مَاهِايِّنَ (act. pic. m. phu.) (sing.) مَاهِلُ <ignorants the state of ignorance (n.) مَاهِلِتَة (or) unawareness

the hell (n.)

ج و ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ابرا المراجع المر

to pass آبَ بَحُوبُ جَوْباً through a country, to cut, to penetrate

وَتُسُوُدَ الَّذِينَ عَالِمُواالصَّحُرَ بِالْخَاهِ And Thamud who hewed out the rocks in the valley. [89:9]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv جَبُّمُ <you replied

[جَابَةً

أَجَابَ جُبِيْبُ إِجَابَةً

to reply, answer, accept

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv replies, answers

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv acc.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv أُجِيْبُ I accept

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv بُحِبُ we accept to disclose, say (ب) جَهَرَ (ب) publicly

open (n.) جَهْرُ

loudly, openly (adj.) آجُرُا

manifestly open (٧.٨.) مُرِّرَة

(prate m. plu.) اَجْهَرُوُا (you) say loudly!

(perate neg. m. sing.) الْمَ يَحْدُونُ do not shout (thou)! say not loudly!

openly, very clearly (٧.n.) چَارٌ

★ 3 • €

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii جَبَرَ furnished, provided

provision (n.) جَبَازُ

* J . E

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) ii جَهُوْنَ <they are ignorants

جَمَلَ يَجْمَلُ جَهٰلاً وَجَهَالَةً (ف)

to be ignorant, to lack knowledge

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you are ignorants i.e. they/ you speak ignorantly

(act. pic. m. sing.) جامِل an ignorant one

very ignorant (ints.) جُوُولُ

(perate>x. m. plu.) اسْتَجِيْبُوُ (you) respond!

one who accepts prayer or supplication

(act pic. phu. iv, phu.) الْجُنْيُونَ The Almighty who accepts prayer or supplication

(Note that plural is used for singular.)

جَوَابٌ (v.n.) جَوَابٌ

وَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قُوْمِهُ

And the answer of his people was..... [7:82]

watering troughs, (n.) الجُوَّابُ wells > (sing.) جَايِّة very large pot of water, well

وَجِفَاإِن كَالْجَوَابِ

And bowls (large) as wells or watering troughs. [34:13]

(نَالَا) cisterns—Jid.)

₹ 2 9 7

جُوْدِيُ (n.) Judi

"It is the name of a mountain, its greek name is said to be Gordyæi being one of the mountains which divide Armenia on the south from Mesopotamia." (M.A.)

(perate m. plu.) iv أَجِيبُوا respond, accept, reply

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) iv مُؤْمِيْتُتُ accepted

مَالَ تَدالْمِينِتُ دُعُوثُكُمًا

He said your petition is accepted. [10:89]

(pp. 2 p.m. phu.) iv you were replied

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv أُجِبُتُ I accept, I respond

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x (he accepted

to accept منتجابة استجابة

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) x الشَيَّا وَالْمُ

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you accepted

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) x (we accepted

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) x الْمُتَجِيْبُ was accepted

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x he accepts

يَسْتَجِيُوْا .acc بَسْتَجِيُوْنَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) x they accept, respond

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) x you ask acceptance

(perate.>x, m. sing.) انْتَجِبُ thou may accept! (parate m. sing.) iv give protection!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii أَكُورُونَ they take the place in one's neighbourhood

لأنجادرونك

They shall not be thy neighbour. [33:60]

(act. pic. m. sing.) جَائِرِه deviating (way)

مُنَجَاوِرَاتُ (ap-der.>vi, f. plu.) side by side

وَفِي الْأَرْضِ قِطَعٌ مُتَاجُورِكُ

And in the earth are tracts side by side. [13:4]

ج و ز ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii جَاوَزَ بَعَاوِزُ جَوَازاً وَ مُجَاوَزَةً حاوَزَ بُعَاوِزُ جَوَازاً وَ مُجَاوَزَةً to pass a certain boundry, to cross

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) iii بَاوَزَا they (twain) passed forth, crossed

(perf. Ist.p. plu.) iii جَاوَزُناً we crossed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iii (ب) جَارَزُنَا (ب) we caused to cross

نَتَجَاوَزُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) نَتَجَاوَزُ we pass by

نَـنَجَاوَزُ (عَنْ) (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we forgave Still regarded by the Kurds as the scene of the descent from the ark." (Jid.)

"As traditionally affirmed the ark resting on the mountains must have been very ancient. (Sale)

الجِياَدُ (sing.) جَوَادُ (horses (n.p.) جَوَادُ

ج و د ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) آجاڙ neighbour

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ∼protects, shelters

to save, أَجَارَ مُجِيرُ إِجَارَةُ protect, to cause one to turn aside from,

جَارَ يَجُوُرُ جَوُراً (ن) to be unjust, to turn aside _____

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv protects, shelters (the & is dropped in a conditional phrase)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)iv

وَهُوَلِعِ يُرُولًا يُعَارُعَلَنِهِ

And He protests and none is ptotected against Him. [23:88]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x انستجار sought protection

جَاةً بَجِنْعُ جَبِيثًا (ب)

to come, to bring

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) جَامَتُ ~ (f.) came

جَاوُّوُا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) جَاوُّوُا they came

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(perf. 2 p. f. sing.) جِئْتِ thou came (with.....thou brought)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you came, brought

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) بغياً we came (or brought)

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) جيئ < جائ < جيئ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

فأجآتها التخاض

Then the birth-pangs drove her. [19:23]

€ ى ب ★

opening at the neck (n.) جُنْبُ

ج ی د ★

<neck, ironical (n.)
litt. a beautiful neck (L.L.)</pre>

ج و س ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَاْسُوُا < they ravaged, made havoc, entered

جَاسَ يَخُوسُ جَوْساً (ن)

to seek for (or) to see after, to go back and forth (between)

ۍ و ع ★

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) acc. < thou art hungry

جَاعَ بَهُوُعُ جَوْعاً (ن)

to be hungry

الانتجوع نيها

That thou art not hungry. [20:118]

hungry (n.) مُوعَ

ج و ف ★

<chest, thorax (n.) جُوْفٌ litt: a hollow, inside

₹ , , , ,

firmament (n.) (middle of the sky)

* . . .

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) si-

| <∼came

كتاب الحساء

as r.f. (above) vi (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou loved (perf. 1st p. sing.) iv I loved (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv loves ~ with love (in reply) (iv.) (The assimilation of double · denotes its being in accord with a conditional phrase). (imperf. 3 p.m. plu) iv they love (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you love (imperf. 1st p. sing.) iv I love more wanted than (eletive) SS, more dearer than SS

	L	*	* * *
ح	و	۲	see اُجَـــةُ
ی	٢	۲	see "
ی	٢	۲	see عنياً
	٢		see
د	د	۲	see 51
ش	,	۲	see آش
	ی	2	see آق

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~endeared حَبُّ يَحُبُّ حَبًّا وَ مُجًّا (ن)

to love, be loved

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عَجْيِسُوْنَ you detain تَحْيِسُوْنَهُمَا

You detain them (two), [5:106]

ح ب ط

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ came to naught, gone in vain

to come to naught, to perish

رُطِتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) حَبِطَتُ came to naught, gone in vain

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. it may go in vain

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) لَيُحْمَلُنُ surely be made ineffective

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv.

iv لُعَبِطُ إِخْبَاطاً to make SS ineffective

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

ح ب ك ★

paths (n. p.) (signifies either the traces of angels or the orbs of stars Jid.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x المُتَعَبِّرُهُ they preferred, love much (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they prefer, love much (more than)

the love (n.)

the love (n.mim)

* * * *

probable, grain (n.)

grain (n.)

ح ب د ★

مُعَبِّرُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعَبِّرُونَ <they shall be made happy

خبِرَ تَحَبِّرُ حُبُوراً (س) To be glad

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) عُبِرُونَ you shall be made happy.

great learned men; (n.p) أُحَبَارُ doctors of religious laws.

ح ب س ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ prevents, detain

حَبَى يَغِينُ حَبُساً (ض)

to imprison, confine; detain

* 5 5 5

(pref. 3 p.f. sing.) (assim)

color performed the religious
 rites and the ceremonies
 of the pilgrimage, repaired
 to Makka or to Ka'ba

حَجَّ بَحْجٌ حَجّالن)

to intend to a certain target,

the pligrimage (n.)

the pilgrimage of the عِجُّ الْبَيْتِ House (Ka'ba)

the pligrimage (n.) المُعَجُّ

(act. pic. m. sing.) جُلِيًا the pilgrim

(used also for the group of pilgrims as a noun of

إِسُمُ الْجِنْسِ kind إِسُمُ الْجِنْسِ years (n.p.)

an argument (n.)

مَاجٌ بُعَاجٌ عَاجُهُ وَ حِجَاجًا to despute, contend

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii انجوا they contented

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii ماجعة you contented

ح ب ل ★

a rope, a cord, (n.) عُبُلُّ a course union

ropes, cords (n. p.) "

* 1 = 5

unavoidable (n.)

* * * *

until, yet, till, (preposition) even, nay! even

ح ٺ ٺ ★

quickly, incessantly (v. n.) أَشِينًا

ح ج ب ★

barrier, a veil, curtain (n.) حِبَّابُ (ن) لَا يَجْبُ حِبَّامًا (ن)

to hide, to cover, to put behind veil

(pact. pic. m. plu.) خبور الله خبور الله (the debarred ones, who are kept behind a veil, those who are shut out

(sing.)

Note: In the time of paganism, a man meeting another whom he feared, in a sacred month, used to say meaning, it حِجْراً مَحَجُوراً is rigorously forbidden to thee to commit an act of hostility against me, in this month, and the latter thereupon would abstain from any aggression against him and so, on the day of Ressurrection, the polytheists, when they see the punishment, will say to the angels, thinking that it will profit them. (Jid.-LL)

وجعل بينهما بززغا وجغرا معجوا

And he has placed between these two (seas) a barrier and great partition.

[25:53]

sense, understanding (3)

مَلُ فِي وَ إِلَّ قَدَ وُلِكَ قَدَ وُلِن يُحِدِ

Indeed in that is an oath for a man of sense (is there in that an oath for a man of sense?) [89:5]

Note: The interrogative par-

is also used to stress the sense of the sentence. Theretore, some translators of the Quran tend to interpret it by 'surely, indeed, and alike.' acc. (n.d.) أيُحَاجُوا (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) ili they are contending

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii كَاجُوْنَ they are contending

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii عُعَاجُونَ you are contending

وَمَلْجَهُ قُومُهُ قَالَ آعُكُا خُوْلٍ فِي اللهِ ؟

And his people contended with him, he said: Are you contending me about Allah? [6:80]

they wrangle together vi بَنَحَاجُونَ < خَمَاجٌ يَنَعَاجُ عَاجُهُ * to wrangle together

* > 5 5

prohibited one (1) (n.)

وَقَالَةُ الْمَنِهُ وَانْعَامُ وَحَرِثَ حِجْدُ

And they said: Those (such and such) cattle and crops are prohibited. [6:138]

a barrier (2)

وَيَعُولُونَ عِجْرًا مَحْجُورًا

And they will say: Let their be a strong barrier (and they will say: away! away! — Jid.) [25:22]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) المُحْرُورُا who is put behind a barrier وجعلبين المتحدين عاجؤا

And has set a barrier between two seas. [27:61]

(act. pic. m. plu.) تاجزين withholders

فَمَامِنْكُوْقِنَ الْحَوِعَنْهُ خِينِيْنَ

And not one of you would have withheld us (from punishing him). [69:47]

* '- 2 C

mound, elevated (n.) place

حَدِبَ يَحْدَبُ حَدَبًا _ عَلَىٰ _ to be affectionate,

(n.) خَدَبُّ ج أَخْدَابُ وَ خُدُبُّ elevated ground

* * 5 2

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii خَوْنُ < ~ will tell, will inform

to tell ii عُدِيثاً to state

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii عُدُونَ you will say, inform

tell (perate m. sing.) ii حَدِّث

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

< ~ creates, generates (1)</p>
to create, iv أُخْدُتُ إِخْدَاثًا
initiate, generate

Name of a mountain (4)
about 150 miles north of
Syria. The rocky tract of
land known by this name
lies in the north of Arabia
on the highway to Syria.
It was inhabited by the
tribe of

Hijr, in Ptolemy and Pliny, is an oasis staple town of the gold and the frankincense carvan road from Arabia the Happy. (Jid. 14 nn. 95) Doughty, Travels in Arabia Deserta, 1, 135)

وَلَقَذَكُذُ كَنَّ بَأَضْعُ بُ الْحِجْوِ الْمُوسَلِيْنَ

And surely the dwellers of Hijr rejected the message. [15:80]

the stone (n.) الْحَجُرُّ (the stone (n.)

the stone (n.) حَجَارَةً

(sing.) خَجُرَاتُ (sing.) حُجُرَاتُ

ward, guardianship (n.p.)

وتتليكوالق فاعجوركم

And your step-daughters who are your ward (or in your guardianship). [4:23]

* > 7 7

a barrier (act. pic. m. sing.) ماجزً

discourse (2)

وَيُعَلِّمُكَ مِن تَأْوِيلِ الْلَحَادِيْثِ

And will teach thee of the interpretation of the discourse. [12:6]

* > > 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii 55-

act with hostility towards SS

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عادد

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii عُادُونَ they oppose

limits. bounds (n. p.) عَدُودُ (sing.)

يلك حدودالله فلانتوثوها

These are bounds of Allah wherefore approach them not! [2:187]

iron (1) (n.) مُدِيْدُ

وَٱنْزَلْنَاالْحَدِيْدَ فِيهُ بَأْسُ سَدِيْدُ

We sent down iron wherein is great voilence. [57:25]

sharp (2)

فَيصَرُكُ الْيُؤْمِرَ حَدِيثُكُ

So thy sight is sharp today. [50:22]

أوينوى لهم وكوا

Or it may generate in them some admonition. [20:113]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv آخرت I initiate, begin

حَتْى اُحْدِتَ لَكَ مِنْهُ ذِكْرًا

Until I begin thereof (some) mention. [18:70]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) iv څکوک fresh, new

> (act. pic. m. sing.) حَدِيْثُ a story (1)

وَهَلُ ٱللَّهُ كَدِيثُ مُؤْمِنِي

And has come to thee the story of Musa. [20:9]

a discourse (2)

حتى يخوضوان حبيث عيرة

Until they plunge in a discourse other than it.

[4:140]

speech (3)

لايكادون يَعْقَمُونَ حَدِيثًا

That well-nigh they understand not any speech.
[4:78]

stories, bywords (1) (n.p.) أَعَادِيْثُ

وَجَعَلُناهُمُ آحَادِيكَ

And we made them bywords. [23:44] (act. pic. m. plu.) حَاذِرُونَ those who are in state of preparation or cautious

a thing to be feared of, gaurded against

اِنَّ عَذَابَ رَيِّكَ كَانَ عَدُورًا

Verily the torment of thy Lord is ever to be gaurded against. [17:57]

precaution (n.)

خُنُوْاحِدُوُكُ

Take your precaution. [4:71] fear (v.n.)

حَنَعَالُمُونِتِ

Fear of death.[2:19]

* 7 7 7

حَارَبَ عَارَبَ A p.m. sing.) iii حَارَبَ < made war against حَرَبَ تَحْرُبُ حَرَاً (نَ)

to plunder

iii حَارَبَ مُحَارَبَةً to wage war against, to fight

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii عَادِيُونَ they fight, make war against

war, fighting (n.)

sanctuary,(n.t.p.) أَغُرُ أَبُ an apartment inside the sanctuary حِدَادٌ (sing.) (adj.) حَدِيْدٌ (sing.)

سَلَعُوْكُوْ بِٱلْسِنَاةِ حِدَادِ

They smile at you with sharp tongues. [33:19]

ح د ق ★

حَدَاثِقُ (gardens (n.p.) حَدَاثِقُ حَدَاثِقُ

* , 3 7

غَذَرُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَذَرُ <~fears

حَذَرَ يَخْذُرُ حَدْراً وَحِدْراً (ف)

to be cautious, to fear

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) عَذَرُونَ they are cautious

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عُذَرُونَ you are cautious

(perate. m. sing.) اُخُذُرُ (thou) be cautious

(you) fear!

(imperf. 3 p.m sing.) ii څُذُوُ

حَذَرَ عُذِيرًا الto caution #

مَصْنِيَ لَمُنْ اللَّهُ تَعْسَهُ

And Allah cautioneth you of Himself. [3:28]

restriction (2)

كَيْنَ عَلَى الْأَغَنَّى حَدَيْح

No restriction is there upon the blind. [24:61]

blame (3)

مَا كَانَ عَلَى النَّهِي مِنْ حَرَج

No blame is there upon the Prophet. [33:38]

prevention (n.) 3; حَرَدَ تَحُودُ حَرُداً (ض) to prevent, be angry

وَغَدُواعَلَى حَزِدِ قُدِينَ

And they went out betimes having been powerful on the prevention [68:25]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v they endeavoured (opp. cold) the heat (n.) 221 (opp: slave) the free (n.) الْحَوَّوُرُ (n.) the sun's heat خريو (n.) خريو to set SS free (v.n.) مخرير

ككنا دخل عكيها ذكرتا البخاب

Whenever Dhakariyya entered the apartment in sanctuary to (see) her.

[3:37]

the wall (of the sanctuary) (2)

اذُ تُسَوِّرُواالْمُحْرَات

When they climbed the wall of the sanctuary. [38:21]

ا lofty halls (LL) (n. p.)

(sing.) عُرَابٌ <synagogues (Jid., M.A.)

تَوْتُ (n.) tilth

> حَرَثَ نَحُوثُ حَوْثًا (ن) to till and sow the ground

(imperf. 2 p m. plu.) you sow

ح د ج

straitness (1) (n.) > حَرَجَ يَحْرُجُ حَرَجا (ف) to be close, be oppressed, be straightened

فَلَا يُكُنُّ فِي صَدُرِكَ عَرَجُهُمَّتُهُ

So let there be no straitness in thy breast. [7:2]

ح ر ف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing:) ii گُوَّةُ فُ مِرَاهُ < ~ perverts, dislocates, - عَنْ - عَنْ أَنْ عَرْفَا (ضَ) - عَنْ to turn from the proper way

to turn from the proper way or manner, corrupts the words, alters the sense of word.

to trans- ii حَوِّ فَ تَحْرِيْهَا pose or change (letters or words).

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they pervert, dislocate, currupt.

the edge (a point of (n.)

one who turns away in order to return to fight, swerving

إلامتعتيكا إيتال

Unless it be swerving to a fight. [8:16]

ح د ق 🖈

(epl. Ist. p. plu.) لَنُحُوِّ قُنَّ we surely shall burn

to burn (ض) تَحْرُقُ جَرُونًا by pulling in the fire,

> خرَّقَ الْ غَيْرِيْمَا burn, to cause burning

to burn, to cause burning pain

ح د س ★

حَرْشُ (n.) guard > حَرَسَ يَخُومُنُ حَرْساً وَ حِرَاسَةً (ن) to guard, to watch

ح د ص ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) حَرَّضُتَ <thou desired eagerly

حَرَصَ بَحْوِمُ حَرْصاً (ض)

to desire eagerly

خَرُضُمُّ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you desired eagerly

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) (gen.) تَحْرِ صُ thou desire eagerly

حَرِيْصُلُّ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) eager

most eager (eletive) آخرَ ص

ح د مش ★

(perate. m. sing.) ii حَرِّضُ pursuade!

وَّضَ ال تُحْ يُضا

to encourage, incite, to pursuade

>> حَرَضَ تَحْرُونُ حَرَضاً (ض، ن)

to be decayed, to be corrupt, sickly, approach death point

sick to the point of (v.n.) حَرَّ صَنْ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii عُمِونَ they forbid

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii عُوِّ مُوْنَ you forbid

i.e. the territory of Makkah and its inviolable suburbs

اتَّاجَّعَلْنَاحَرَمُاأُونَا

We have appointed an inwiolable sanctuary. [29:67]

عرام (1) (n.) عرام unlawful

لمناحلل ولمناحرائر

This is lawful and this unlawful. [16:116]

ban (2)

وَحَوْمُوعَلَى قَرْيَةٍ أَهْلَكُنْهَا

And ban is (laid) on (every) town which we have destroyed. [21:95]

sacred (3)

القهوالغوام بالشهوالغوام

A sacred month is for a sacred month. [2:194]

وَ لَاتُعْتِلُونُمْ عِنْدَ الْسَنْجِدِ الْحَوَامِ

And fight them not near the sacred Mosque (i.e. the Mosque of Kaba) [2:191]

< sacred ones (1) (n. p.)

حرام (sing.)

(you) burn!

(perf. 3 p.j., sing.) viii اُحَتَّرَقَتْ consumed (by fire)

الحريق (act. 2 pic.) الحريق

ح د ك ★

(perate. neg. m. sing.) المُعْرَدُ اللهِ <move not to move, to ii المُعْرِينَا to move, to ii المُعْرِينَا اللهِ اللهِ

Note: RF حَرَكَ عَرِكُ حَرَكَ اللهِ اللهِ

7 2 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~ でする < ~ forbade to forbid.

to forbid, أَحْرُمُ مُحْرُمُ مُورِهُمُ اللهِ to prohibit use or doing SS

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii أَوْرَامُ is forbidden

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii څوځمنځ is forbidden

ر (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مُوَّا they forbade

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii نوعة we fordade

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii thou forbid

sacred ordinances (2)

وَمَنْ يُعَظِّمْ حُرُمْتِاللهِ

And whoever respects the sacred ordinances of Allah. [22:30]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) اَلْحَوْدُومُ a deprived one

وَفِيَّ آمْوَالِهِ وَحَقَّ لِلسَّالِلِ وَالْمَحْدُوْمِ

And in their wealth there was a due share for the beggar and the non-beggar (deprived one). [51:19]

(pact. pic. m. plu.) كَوْدُوْ مُوُنْ deprived ones

بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْدُومُونَ

Aye! we are deprived ones. [56:67]

(1) (pis. pic. m. sing.) ii

حَرَّمَ !! تَخْرِيمًا to forbid

وَهُو مُعَرِّمُ عَلَيْكُةُ إِخْوَاجُهُ عُ

Whereas forbidden unto you was their driving away.
[2:85]

sacred (2)

عندكينتك النحزم

Near thy sacred House.

[*4:37]

(pis. pic ___.) ii عُوِّقَةً forbidden كَاذَ النُسَلَحَ الْأَشْهُوُ الْحُرُمُ

When the sacred months have passed. [9:5]

Note: The ancient Arabs held four months in the year as sacred, during which they held it unlawful to wage war. These months were the first, seventh, eleventh and twelfth, namely, Muhurram, Rajab, Dhulqa'da and Dhulhijja.

to be in the state of (2)

(اخرام) ihram

لَا تَعْتُلُوا الصِّيدُ وَأَنْتُمُ عُومٌ

Slay not chase while you are in state of sanctity.

[5:95]

to enter upon the performance of those acts of الْحُرَّمُ إِخْرَامًا (al-hajj, pilgrimage) or of الْعُنْرَةُ (al'umrah)whereby certain things become forbidden that were lawful before this state.

things regarded (1) (n.p.) خومات sacred

والغومك تصافى

And retaliation (is allowed) in sacred things. [2:194]

مَّدُ نَعْلُوا لَهُ لَيَحُونُنكَ الَّذِي يَعُولُونَ

We know indeed that which they say grieveth thee. [6:33]

ولك ادنى آن تَعَرَا عُدُنُهُنَّ وَلايحْزَقَ

This is liklier to cool their (f) eyes and not let them grieve. [33:51]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they grieve

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) عَجْزُونَ you grieve

(perate. neg. m. sing.) لَا تَعُزَنُ (thou) grieve not!

(perate. neg. m. plu.) لاَ عُرِزُوا (you) grieve not!

(perate. neg. f. sing.) الأَعْرَاقِيْ (thou f.) grieve not!

grief (v.n.) acc. 55

تَوْلُوْاوًا عَيْنُهُ وْتَغِينُهُ وَلَغِينُهُ مِنَ الدَّمْعِ حَزَنًا

(They) turned back while their eyes overflowed with tears for grief. [9:92]

a cause of grief (2)

فَالْتَقَطَا ۚ الْ فِرْحُونَ لِيَكُونَ لَأَكُمْ عَنْ وَاوَّحَزُنَّا

And the people of Firown took him up, that he should become unto them an enemy and a cause of grief. [28:8]

تَالَ فَإِنَّهَا لُعَزَّمَهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

Said He! verily it is forbidden unto them. [5:26]

* + > 5

confederate, sect, (1) (n.) حِزْبُ

أولَيْكَ حِزْبُ اللهِ

It is the Allah's band.[58:22]

two parties (2) (n. dual.) اَلْحِزُ بَيْنِ

آئًا أَعِزَيْذِ لِصَلَّى لِمَا لِمُعَالَكُمُ وَالْمَدُا

Which of the two groups was best at reckoning the time that they had tarried.

[18:12]

sects (3) (n.p.) أُخْزَابُ (sects (3) المُعَرِّابُ الْعُرِيْ

فاختلف الدعزاب من بينوم

Then the sects have differed among themselves, [19:37]

confederate (4)

وَلَتَنَارَا الْمُؤْمِثُونَ الْكِحْزَات

And when the believers saw the confederates. [33:22]

* 37 5

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ₹

حَزَنَ عَرُنُ مُؤنَّا (ن) to grieve!

(e.n. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) لَا تَعْسَبَنَّ thou should not think

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iii آبَنَا (we reckoned أَحَاسَبَ يُحَاسِبُ مُحَاسَبَةً وَ حِسَابً to settle an account with, ask on account from,

حَسَبَ يَحْشُبُ حَسُأً وحِسَابًا

to count, to number, to calculate

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii مُعَاسِبُ will reckon

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عُمَاسَبُ will be reckoned

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii imagines

يَخْتَيْبُوْلَ < viii acc. اَيُخْتَيْبُوْنَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they imagine, think of

reckoning (1) (v.n.) الم

إنهنوكانوالا يرمؤن حسابا

Surely they feared not the reckoning. [78:27]

sufficient (2)

جَزَاءُ مِنْ تَنِكَ عَمَا مُرَاءً حِسَابًا

A reward from thy Lord sufficient. [78:36]

my account, my reckoning حِسَابِيَة (n. suffixed with a pronominal of Ist. p. attached

with . of rhyming period.

grief (n.) مُحُزُنَّ

وَانْ يَكُنُّ عَيْنُهُ مِنَ الْحُزْنِ

And his eyes whitened with grief. [12:84]

ح س ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) حَسِبَ < ~thought

خَسِبَ بَحْسَبُ عِسْبَاناً (س) to think, consider

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَسِبَتْ thought

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) المنابقة thou thought

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) حَسِبْتُ I thought

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُعَيِّدُونَا they thought

you thought (perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْسَبُ مخلسب

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) عُنْسَبُ thou think

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عُصِّبُونَ they think

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) و you think

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (n.d.) المُعْسَبُونُ that you think

(e.n. neg. 3 p.m. sing.) لَا يَعْسَبُنَّ ~should not think

the envy (v.n.) 555

ح س د ★

حَسْرَهُ (n.) جَسْرَةُ

to grieve for something that happened or was done in the past

Judgement is also called "the Day of anguish" because man will then regret that he wasted the opportunity given to him to work for his own good (Ibn Kathir).

یا مخترة ! Ah, the anguish

مَا عَشْرَ فَا Alas, my grief!

مَا حَسُرَتُنَا ! Alas, our grief

حَسَرَ اكْ (n.p.) عَسَرَ اكْ

(sing.) مُنْرَةً

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) خسيرو that is made dim, that becomes wearied out

حَسَرَ يَعْشُرُ مُحْسُوراً (ن)

to get tired, fatigued, to fall short

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَشْتَخْسِرُونَ they weary

(pact. pic. m. sing.) آغشتُوراً (pact. pic. m. sing.) أغشتُوراً (من ، ن) أغشرُ خَسْراً (من ، ن) خَسَرَ يَخْسِرُ خَسْراً (من ، ن) to remove

sufficient (n.)

suffixed with a pronominal as خنان i.e. Allah is sufficient for me.

(act. pic. m. plu.) خاسیای (sing.) خاسیای reckoners

(act. 2 pic. m. pul.)

reckoning (1) (v.n.) ومُنْبَانُ

القشش والقبريشتبأن

The sun and the moon are in a reckoning (i.e. they follow a calculated path in their motion.) [55:5]

a bolt (2)

و يُرْسِلَ عَلِينُهَا خُسْبَانًا مِن السَّمَاء

And he sends thereon a bolt from the heaven. [18:40]

ح س د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

. to envy(نا) عَسْدُ عَسْدُ اللهِ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَانُدُونَ they envy

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَدُدُونَ you envy

(act. pic. m. sing.)

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(الْحَسُوْمُ : شُؤُمٌّ عَلَىٰ الْوَصْفِ وَ الْإِصَافَةِ أَىٰ حَاسِمَةُ الْحَنَثِ عَنْ أَهْلِهَا (لِسَانُ)

i.e. مُحْوُمُ means: of bad augury or omen, that cuts off the good from the affected men)

ح س ن ★،

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) محسن become excellent

خَسُنَ يَحْسُنُ حَسَناً وَ حَسَنَةً وَحُسُناً (ك)

to be handsome, to make good, to seem good or beautiful

حَسُنَ أُولَمِكَ دَفِيقًا

Excellent are those as a company. [4:69]

(pepf. 3 p.m. sing.) become excellent

أُخْسَنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْسَنَ

أُخْسَنَ ir إِحْسَاناً to do excellently

احسن مثواي

He made good my abode.
[12:23]

* " " 7

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَحَسَّ (~perceived

أختر نجش إخساسا

to perceive

> حَسَّ بَحُسُّ حِسّاً وَ حَسّاً (ن)

To extirpate (to make one's perceiving powers dead i.e. to kill—(Rgh.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَحَسُّوا they perceived

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv غُمِنُ thou perceive

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَحْسُونَ you extirpate, rout

إذ تَعَنُّونَهُمْ بِإِذُنِهِ

When you routed them by His leave (or when you were extirpating them by His leave—(Jid.) [3:152]

(you) inquire! find out! look

a faint sound (n.) حسيس

* 1 0 2

in succession, (v.n.)acc. مُشُومًا
 continously

عَسَمَ تَحْدِيمُ حَسْمًا (مِنْ)

good (n.)

things, deeds (n.p.)
 خَسَنَاتُ
 (sing.)
 خَسَنَةُ
 أَخَسَنَاتُ
 أَخَسَنَاتُ
 أَخُسَنَاتُ
 أَخُسْنَاتُ
 أَخُسْنَانِهُ
 أَخُسْنَاتُ
 أَخُسْنَالِهُ
 أَخُسْنَاتُ
 أَخُسْنَال

الحسني reward, good

(fem. of آخستن n.f. elative)

the beauty (v.n.)

two good things (n. dual) حُسْنَيَن

beautiful ones, bea- (n. p.) وسَانُ utious

ح ش د ★

جَشَرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَشَرَ

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) - تَشَرُق thou gathered

(perf. 1st p. phu.) آخشز آ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْمُرُ ~gathers (together)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) مُعْشِرُ we gather together

(e.m.p. 1st p. plu.) نخشرت we must gather together

(p.p. 3 p.m. sing.) مختر was gathered together

(p.p. 3 p.f. sing.) کثیرَتُ was/were gathered together ~was kind for SS ____

وَقَدُ آحُسَنَ إِنَّ

He was very kind to me. [12:100]

to be kind to SS __ [L]_

وَآخِينُ كَمَا آخُسَنَ اللهُ إِلَيْكَ

And do good (to others) as Allah did to you. [28:77]

أُحُسَنُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أُحُسَنُوا they did good

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv thou did good

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُغْيِينُونَ they do good

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, n.d. كُغُسِنُوُ you do good

(perate, m. sing.) iv أُحُسِنُ thou do good

(perate. m. plu.) iv اِجْسِیْدُأُ you do good

لخبتان kindness (v.n.) ii

(ap-der. m. sing.) مُحْسِنٌ a well-doer

acc. مُغْسِنُونُ أَ nom. مُغْسِنَيْنُ (ap-der. m. plu.) the well-doers

(ap-der. f. plu.) مُحْسِنَاتُ the (f.) well-doers

well (v.n.) Tin

100

وَاتُواحَقُهُ يَوْمُرَحَصَادِهِ

And give the due thereof on the day of its harvesting. [6:141]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) mown (1)

ونهَاتَأْتُومُ وَحَعِيدُنَّ

Of them are (some) standing and (some) mown (down). [11:100]

cut off (2)

جَعَلْنَهُمْ حَسِيْنًا غِيبِينَ

We made them cut off, exinct. [21:15] reaped (3)

حَبَالْحَصِيْدِ

The grain that is reaped. [50:9]

ح ص د *

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) حَصِرَ تُ

خَصِرَ تَحْصَرُ حَصَراً (س) to be strait

أوكبالؤول وحصرت صدورهم أن يقايلوك

Or who come to you with their breasts straitened that they should fight you. [4:90]

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اُحْمِرُ وُا they are restricted مُغَشَّرُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ~will be brought together

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُحْشَرُونَ they will be brought together

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. ایُحْشَرُوْا they will be brought together

مُخْشَرُونَ (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) عُخْشَرُونَ you will be brought together assembling of a crowd, (n.) الْمُشَرُّ gathering

ح ص ب ★

firewood (n.)

(act. pic, m. sing.) acc.

حَسِبَ يَحْمَبُ حَمَّباً (س) to throw fuel in fire

ح ص ح ص

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (a quadriliteral verb.) become clear

ح ص د ٠٠

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) خفدة <you reaped

حَمَدَ يَحْمُدُ حَمُداً وَ حَمَاداً (ن) to mow, to reap

harvesting, harvest (v.n.) time

ح ص ن *

iv أَخْصَنَ إِحْصَانًا <> أَخْصَنَ إِحْصَانًا

أَحُمِنَّ pp. 3 p.f. plu.) iv they (f.) guarded (their chastity i.e. they are wedded)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv عُصِنُوْنَ you preserve

الاقليلامِتانُحُوسُونَ

Except a little which you preserve. [12:48]

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv acc.

لِتُحْصِنَكُمْ مِنْ بَلْكُمُ

That may protect you from your violence. [21:80]

keeping chaste (v.n.) v

إن الذن تعفينا

If they desire to keep chaste.
[24:33]

(ap-der iv, m. plu.) those who are in protection from sinful sextual intercourse i.e. wedded men.

to restrict, iv أَحْصَرَ إِحْصَاراً besiege, beset

الكذين أخيركوا

Who are restricted. [2:273]

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv أُحُصِرُ مُمُّ you have been besieged

اخشروا (perate m. plu.) اخشروا

خُدُوْمُمُ وَاحْمُرُومُكُو

Capture them and beset them. [9:5]

a bound prison (act. 2 pic.)

وتجلنا جهنو للكفرين حصيرا

And We have appointed Hell for disbelievers, a prison. [17:8]

a chaste (ints.) آ

وسيتاة كحفولا

And a leader and a chaste.
[3:39]

ح ص ل *

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حُصُّل ~is brought to light, made persent

> حَصَّلَ ١٧ تَخْصِبُلاً

to obtain, to make present

ن كَفُلُ مُصُولًا (ن) مُصَولًا (ن) to come forth, to appear,

(ن) حَضَرَ بَعُضُو حُمُنُوراً to be present (opp. to be absent)

آمَكُنْتُمْ شُهَدَا أَزِلْهُ حَضَرَيْعِ عُوْبَ الْمَوْتَ

Were ye witnesses when death presented itself to Yaqoob. [2:133]

يَخْضُرُونَ <acc. كَخْشُرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they come to presence

وَأَعُودُ بِكَرَبَ أَنْ يَتَحْفُرُونِ

And I seek refuge with Thee, my Lord! lest they may be present with me.

[23:98]

consists of في + الله خَصْرُول + الله consists of نفطروا + الله they may come to me.' It is not on the measure of مُعْمَدُ of nominative case.

ن (Ist p. personal) iv sometimes shortened to ف by dropping final د .

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv أُخْطَرَتُ \

أَحْضَرَ iv إِحْضَاراً to present, bring

(pp. 1st p. plu.) iv لَتُحْضِرَنَّ we shall make present

أُحْضِرَتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) iv is/are taken to presence those (among women) whose chastity is under protection as they are weddcd ladies

< fortresses (n.p.) حُصُون (sing.)</p>

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii fenced

إلَّا فِي تُحْتَى لِمُعَقِّدُة

Except in the fenced townships. [59:14]

* 5 00 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv حَصْلًى الْمُحْمَلُ الْمُحَمَّلُ الْمُحْمَلُ الْمُحْمَلُ الْمُحْمَلُ الْمُحْمَلُ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّه

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv اُحُقَيْناً we counted

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) كُنْ غُمُورُهُ you can never count it

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) المُحْسُونُهُا you cannot count it

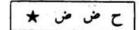
(you) count (perate m. plu.)

ح مش د ★

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَعْنَر arrived, was presented (pis. pic. m. sing.) viii
one who approaches the
brink of death or one
who comes on his turn

كُلُّ عِرْبِ لَمُتَنَثَرٌ

Every drinking shall be by turn. [54:28]



توم محض (assim.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~urges

حَضَّ تَحُضُّ حَضًّا (ن)

to incite, to stimulate

وَلَايَحُضَعَلْ طَعَاْمِ الْمِسْكِيْنِ

And he urges not the feeding of the needy (poor).

[107:3]

أَعَاضُونَ vou incite one another

وَلَاتَخَفُّونَ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمِسُكِيُنِ

And nor do you urge (incite) one another to feed the needy (poor). [89:18]

ح ط ب ★

fuel, the fire wood (n.)

ح ط ط ★

forgiveness (n.)

وَأَحْضِرَتِ الْانْفُنُ اللَّهَ

And souls are engrained with greed. (Jid)

But the greed hath been made present in the minds of men. (Pic.)

And avarice is met within (men's) mind. (Rod.)
[4:128]

حَاضِرٌ (present (act. pic. m. sing.)

مَاضِرَةً (act. pic. f. sing.) مَاضِرَةً present, ready (1)

اِلْآانَ تَكُونَ تِعَارَةً حَافِيرًةً

Except when it be a ready merchandise. [2:282]

near, close to, (2) overlooking

وَسْتَلَهُوعَنِ الْقَرْيَةِ الَّذِي كَانَتُ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْدِ

And ask thou them concerning the town that was close on the sea (or was overlooking to sea. [7:163]

(act. pic. m. plu. n.d.) حَاضِرِيُ these who are close to SS

ولي لِينَ لَوْ يَكُن آهُلُهُ حَافِيرِي الْسَجِدِ الْعَوَامِ

That is for (him) whose family dwells not near the sacred Mosque.[2:196]

مُعْضَرُّ (pis. pic. sing.) iv مُعْضَرُّ who is presented

عُضَرُونَ nom. مُعْضَرِيْنَ

(pis. pic. plu.) who are brought forth to have a (ن) مُخَطَّ حَظًا portion or a fortune (used in good sense)

لِلدُّكَرِيثُلُ حَظِلْالْتُشْكِين

For the male is equal of the portion of two females.
[4:11]

good fortune (2)

إِنَّهُ لَذُوْحَوْلًا عَظِيهُ

Surely he is possessed of mighty fortune. [28:70]

ح ف د ★

حَفَدَةً (grandsons (n.p.) حَفَدَةً (sing.)

ح ف ر ★

حَفْرَةُ عَلَيْ اللَّهِ ditch, pit, abyss (n.) حَفْرَةً اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّاللَّاللَّا اللَّالَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

(act. pic. f. sing.) الْحَافِرَةُ return, way back, nature, original form (LL), the first state (Jid.)

ح ف ظ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَفِظُ <- protected, watched, guarded * 1 5 2

تِحَطِمَنَّ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) - surely will crush
حَطِمَ تَحَطِمُ حَطْمًا (س)

to crush, to break into pieces, to crumble

لَايَعُولِمَثَّكُوسُلِنَانُ وَجُنُودُهُ

Lest Sulaiman and his hosts crush you. [27:18]

> > ح عظر د

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُعْطُورٌ < restrained one

حَظَرَ يَمُظُو مَظُواً (ن) to restrain, to prevent, to forbid

(ap-der. viii, m. sing.) عضور ح a fold builder

one-self an enclosure of wood or reeds

كهَشِيْوِالْمُحْتَظِرِ

Like the stable of a fold builder. [54:31]

> ح ظ ظ ★ < portion (1) (n.)

حَفَظَةُ (n. p.)

انظ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

that is given protection, protected one

ح ف ف *

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) assim.

to go (ن) تَعْتُ عَفَّا وَعَا around, to surround from all sides

to encompass - -

(act. pic. m. plu.) assim. مَافَيْن those who are thronging around

ح ف ی 🖈

< familiar (Jid.) (n.)

حَنِّيَ يَعْنَىٰ حَفَاءًا وَحَنَّىٰ (س)

to show great joy, be familiar

well-informed (Rod. Pic.)

solicitious (Rgh.)

كآنك حنى عنها

As thou solicitious (wellinformed) about it [7:187] حَفِظَ بَعْفَظُ حِفْظً (س) to guard, protect

(perf. 1st p. plu.) مُغْفُناً we have guarded

مَعْفَظُونُ \ acc. مَعْفَظُونُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
they may guard

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) عُفَظُنَ they protect

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.)
we protect

(perate m. plu.) احْفَظُوا watch! be watchful!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) til مُعَافِظُونَ they guard

(pp. 3 p. m. plu.) they were made protectors they were entrusted (Jid. Rod. LL.)

protection, guarding (n.)

(you) protect, guard

(act. pic. m. sing.) عافظ

مَافِظِينَ acc. مَافِظُونَ nom.

(act. pic. m. plu.) protectors, guardians

حَافِظً (sing.)

(act. pic. f. plu.) خافظات (women) protectors

of Esh-shihr: to the country of 'Ad St (LL) Al-Dahna (the red sand) is the name of the land extending east-west from 'Umman to Yamen and north-south from Najd to Hadramaut and covering an area of about 300,000 sq. miles. This 'red land' is a comparatively hard plain covered at intervals with long and winding sand belts.

(Jid. P. 46. n. 68)

* 5 5 7

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (assim.) < has hold over SS (Pic.)

to be (ض) يَحِقُّ مَعَاً genuine, real, a fact, be true, right, just, necessitated

∼has been justified SS (Jid.)

∼deserved SS (Rod., Arb.)

A cartain thing has become necessary as suited to the requirement of justice in his case. (LL)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ~is made fit

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ↓ ~justifies ever kind (2)

إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِي حَفِيتًا

He is ever kind to me.

[19:47]

تُحُنِي <gen. تُحُنِيُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ insisted, pressed

أَحْنَىٰ يُحْنِيٰ إِحْفَاءاً to press

إن يَنتَلْكُنُوهَا فَيُصَّفِكُمْ تَبَعَلُوا

If he should ask it of you and press you, you will be niggardly. [47:37]

ح ق ب ★.

<a long period, ages (n.p.) وغيرة (sing.)

أذامني كمقيا

Or I shall go on for ages. (Rgh.) [18:60]

long years (n. p.) اُخَتَابُ

إن يَنعَلْمُوْمَا فَيُسْفِكُمْ تَبَعْكُوا

Living therein for long years.
[78:23]

ح ق ف **★**

أَحْقَافٌ (n.) sand-hills

rly to certain oblong tracts of sand in the region

right, claim (6)

مَلْنَافِي بَنْتِكَ مِنْ حَقّ

We have no right on your daughters. (11:79)

what ought to be (7)

يَتْلُونَهُ حَقَى تِلَافَيَهِ

They recite it as it ought to be recited. [2:121]

duty (8)

حَقًّا عَلَى التُتَقِينَ

A duty on the God-fearing. [2:180]

incumbent (9)

وكانت اعكيتانك ألنومينين

And to help believers was ever incumbent on us.

[30:47]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) عَيْنِيُّ incumbent

حَقِينٌ عَلَى آنُ لَا آثُولَ عَلَى الله وِاللَّالْحَقَّ

Incumbent it is upon me that I speak naught respecting Allah save the truth. [7:105]

(act. pic. f. sing.) الْمَاقَةُ reality, inevitable

more entitled (1) (elative)

وَبُنُولَتُهُ كَالَمُ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا

And their husbands are more entitled to their restoration.

[2:228]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x انتخق مطاوعة

(A certain thing as established for (or against) SS)

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) x انتخاً the twain deserved

one of the excellent (1) الْمَقَةُ names of Allah

ذْلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَالْحَقُّ

Because Allah is the Truth. [22:6 and 31:30]

true (2) (n.)

وَشَهِدُ وَالْنَ الرِّينُولَ حَقُّ

They have borne witness that the messenger was true. [3:86]

truth (3)

وَيَسْتَنْإِنُونَك آحَقُ مُوَتَقُلْ إِي وَرَبِّنَ إِنَّهُ لَحَيَّ

And they ask: is that truth? Say aye! by my Lord it is surely the truth. [10:53]

due share (4)

وَفِيَّ آمْوَالِهِ عُرَحَقٌ لِلسَّلَهِلِ وَالْمَعْدُومِ

And in their wealth there is a due share for beggar and deprived persons.

[51:19]

justice (5)

وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّبِينَ بِغَيْرِ حَيْق

They slay prophets unjustly.
[3:21]

a judge

(perate m. sing.) sive judgement!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii خَكُوْنَ <they appoint—to judge to ask one خَكُمُ ii خَكِيْة to judge, to appoint one

they ask your judgement عَكُونَاكَ

(pp. 3 p. f. plu.) iv انكيت < ~ is guarded, made firm (like a building, orderly and well constructed)

to make a thing iv اَحْكَمَ إِنْ الْحُكَامَةُ well to consolidate

كِتْبُ أَخْكِمَتُ الْيَتُهُ

A Book this, the verses whereof are perfected (or) guarded [11:1]

يَنْحَاكُمُوا > بَنْحَاكُمُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi <they make SS judge

each other, to go together before the judge, to make SS judge

judgement, ruling, (n.) decision

عَكُمُّو (n.) arbiter

judges. rulers (n.p.) 🎏

wisdom (n.)

more worthy (2)

وَنَحْنُ إِنَّحَقُّ بِالْمُلِّكِ مِنْهُ

And we are more worthy of the dominion than he.

[2:247]

7 6 7 *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <- judged, gave decision, ruled

مَكُمْ بَعْكُمْ مُنْكُما وَ مُحَكُّوْمَةً (ن)

to restrain from evil-doing, exercise authority, command, give judgement, to be wise

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) حَكَّت thou ruled, judged

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you ruled, judged

judges (act. pic. m. plu.) حَاكِمُيْنَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) will judge

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) نُعُكَّانِ (the twain) will judge

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) كُلُوْنَ they will judge

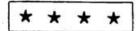
(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou will judge

(imperf. 1st p. sing.)

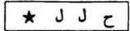
تَعْكُمُونَ > يَعْكُمُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you judge حَلَقَ بَعُلِقُ تَعُلِقُ عَلْقاً (ض) وَ حَلَّقَ ثَمَا مُنَا عَلَمُ to shave أَثْنَا أَنَّا

(ap-der. ii, m. plu.) عُلِيْن having the heads shaved



مُلْقُومٌ (n.) مُلْقُومً



you put off the مراجع (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) (assim.) you loosened the knot (i.e. you put off the علم المراجع (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) (assim.)

(assim.) عَلِلُّ ، يَحِلُّ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~become allowed, (1)

> حَلَّ بَمِلُ عِلاٌّ وَ حَلاَلاً (ض)

(i) to be lawful, permissible,

(ii) to fall

لَايِعِلُ لَكُوْاَنَ تَلْخُدُوْا

It is not lawful for you to take. [2:229]

falls (or) will fall (2)

وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَاكُ ثُمْقِيْهُ

And a lasting chastisement will fall on him. [11:39] wise (n.) حَكِيْمُ

more powerful (elative) judge,

The Powerful, اَحُكُمُ الْعَالِمُيْنَ wiser judge then other judges or rulers

(pis. pic. iv, f. sing.) firmly constructed

vinambiguous (n.p.) ci.e. free from all abscurity and admitting of (only) one interpretation (sing.)

ing.) عدد (opp. عدد (Jid.)

ح ل ف ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) حَلَفُتُم you have sworn

حَلَفَ تَعْلِفُ حَلْفاً (ض)

to swear, to make an oath

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْلِغُونَ they swear

لَبَحُلِفُنَّ (epl. 3 p.m. plu.) لَبَحُلِفُنَ they surely swear

one who swears (ints.) عَرِّنْ habitually

ح ل ق ★

(perate. neg. m. plu.) آغُلِقُوا do not shave! cause to fall (2)

رُ آحَلُ افَرْسَهُ وَ دَارَالْبُوارِ

And they made their people fall the abode of perdition. [14:28]

نجك (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) makes lawful

تجلوا ر n.d. acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they make lawful

ر جائن . <n.d. acc. تِعِلَوْا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you make lawful

ح ل ی

مُحَلَّوْا أَحِلَّ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~has been made lawful

أحِلَّتْ (pp. 3 p.f. sing.) iv ~has been made lawful

lawful, allowed (n.)

(opp. 料を sinful)

(sing.) - - - wives (n.p.)

(ap-der. iv (n.d.) n. plu.) those who allow

غَرُجُ لَى الصَّيْدِ

Not allowing the chase, [5:1]

destination (n. for p.)

حَقْ سَلْغَ الْعَدَى عَلَا

Until the offering reaches its destination. [2:196]

فَيَجِلَّ عَلَيْكُمْ خَضَبِيُّ وَمَنُ تَحْلِلُ

عَلَيْهِ غَضَيَّ فَقَدُ هُوٰي

Lest My wrath fall upon you, and he on whom My wrath falleth, he is lost indeed. [20:81]

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) enters, falls upon

حَلَّ عَلَّ وَ مُحَاوِّلًا (ن) to untie a knot, to enter, to fall upon

أدُقَعُلُ قُونِيًا مِن دَارِهِمُ

Or it will fall upon close by their abode. [13:31]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~will make lawful

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they make lawful

(perate m. sing.) loose (the knot)

واخلا عفدة من لسان

And loose a knot from my tongue. [20:27]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~has allowed, (1) made lawful

آحان المذابية

Allah has allowed the trade. [2:275]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they have allowed, made lawful.

ii عَلِيَّ تَعْلِيَّ عَلِيَّ عَلِيَّ عَلِيَّ عَلِيَّ عَلِيَّ عَلِيَّ اللهِ حَلَّىٰ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.)ii مُحَوِّنَ they are (or) will be adorned

ornament (n.) علية

ornaments (n.p.)

حِلْبَةً (sing.)

ح م ا * * clay (n.)

slack mud (LL) (n.)

* > 1 2

مُعَدُّوُنَ < n.d. acc. ایکُمَدُّوُنَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) they are praised

خَدَةُ خَداً (س)
 to praise, to thank

وَيُعِينُونَ أَنْ يُعْمَدُ وَالِمَ الْمُويَعُمَلُوا

And they love to be praised for that which they have not done. [3:188]

(act. pic. m. plu.) اَلْمَامِدُونَ those who praise (i.e.) praise Almighty Allah

praise (v.n.)

a thing by which an (n.) oath is expiated

* 7 7 2

the puberty (v.n.)
(a period in life at which a person becomes capable of reproduction) (Rgh.)

to dream, (ن) مُعَلِمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِم have a vision, to attain to puberty

dreams (1) (n.p.) أُخْلَامُ أَ

ومَانَعْنُ بِتَأْوِيْلِ الْفَعْلَامِ يَعْلِيدِينَ

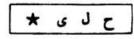
And we are not skilled in the interpretation of the dreams. [12:44]

understanding (2)

آمرتأ مُرْمُ وَاحْلَامُهُ وَبِعِلْنَا

Enjoin them their understanding to this? [52:32]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) حِلْمُ اللهِ (The Forbearing (one of the excellent names of Allah) to be forbearing



(pp. 3 p.m. phu.) ii عُلُوْا they were adorned i.e. will be adorned * 112

an ass (n.)

<asses (n.p.)

جار (sing.)

the ass (n.)

<reds (p.b.) مخری

(sing.)

* 7 1 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) J

حَمَلَ تَغْيِلُ خَمْلًا (ض)

to bear, carry, lift, incite

- على to be pregnant

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَلُوُا they bore

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) حَلَتُ

i.e. she bore a child in her womb, became pregnant

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) المُعَلَّمُة

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) المُعَلَّمُةُ we carried

وَمِتَنْ عَمَلْنَامَعَ نُونِ

And of those whom We carried with Nooh. [19:58] all kinds of praise (v.n.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

the praised one (proper n.) أُخْمَدُ

(A proper name of the Prophet Mohammad—peace and blessing of Allah be upon him.)

> دَمُبَيِّ زُلِيرَسُوْلِ يَأْلِيَصُنَّ بَعَسْدِى اسْدُهُ أَحْمَدُ

And give the glad tiding of an Apostle who cometh after me, his name will be Ahmad. [61:6]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُوُّدُ praised

مَقَامًا عَنْوُدًا

A praised place. [17:79]

(This praised place, station or place of praise, according to different ways of rendering, is the post of intercession on behalf of others assigned to the holy Prophet—peace be upon him.—Ibn Kathir.

praised one (pis. pic. > ii)

(The proper name of the holy Propet of Islam, peace and blessings of Allah be upon him).

محتك تشول الله

Muhammad is the messenger of Allah. [48:29]

(perate. neg. m. sing.) ii لَا تَعَمَّلُ (thou) lay not

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اختَمَل < ~bore, carried

same as RF viii كَنْمَلُ اخْيَالًا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اختمالوًا they carried, bore

burden (n.)

load (n.) علي ا

(act. pic. m. plu.) مامِلْين the bearers

(act. pic. f. phu.) عامِلاً لله the bearers

(ints. f. sing.) The bearer (woman)

(i.e. who usually or professionally carries loads of wood, etc.)

cattle used for loading (n.)

* 112

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) warn (1)

كَأَنَّهُ وَلِيٌّ حَبِينُو

As he is a warm friend.
[41:34]

boiling water (2)

لَهُ مُنْ الْكِ مِنْ حَمِيْمِ

For them (shall be) drink of boiling water. [6:70] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) bears, carries

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) تَعْمِلُنَّ surely will carry

أَيْضِيَّةُ وَنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَعْمِلُونَ they bear

acc. n.d. اعملوا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they bear

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) يَخْمِلُنَ they (f.) bear

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَحْمِلُونَ you bear

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) عُمِيلُ she bears

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آخرا I bear (or): carry

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) مُغْمِلُ we bear, carry

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) Jak

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii √

same as RF كَيْدُ ii مَحْدَدُ

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المعلق they were loaded

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you were loaded

(pp. 1st. p. plu.) ii we were made to bear

(perate neg. m. sing.) لَا تَحْمِلُ (thou) lay not

ح ن ذ ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) تَخِينُـذُ < roasted to roast (ض) تَخْنِذُ حَنْدًا

ح ن ف ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) کوئیفٹ (the upright man (من) کوئیفٹ کوئیفٹ کوئیفٹ to stand firmly on one side, to leave a false religion and turn to right

★ 4 5 5

(epl. 1st. p. sing.) viii لَاحْتَكُنَّ I shall certainly cause to perish

to overturn, to sweep away, perish

>> خَلَكَ يَعْنُكُ خُنكاً (ن)

to briddle (a horse), make wise

* 3 3 7

حَنَانَّ (v.n.) حَنَانَّ (ضر) حَنَّا تَعِنَّ حَنَانًا وَ حَنِيْنًا (ض) to have a longing desire for black smoke (n.)

* 5 7 2

مُحْمَٰیٰ (pip. 3 p.m. sing) will be heated حَمِیَ تَحْمِٰی حَمْیاً وَ مُحُوّاً (س)

to be very hot

ارمیت (act. pic. f. sing.) خامیت vehemently hot

a zealotry (الْمِيَّةُ or tribal pride background of this

(for the background of this term see Jid. 29, nn.316)

haam (n.)

the dedicated stallion camel
after begetting ten young
ones was turned loose
(Rgh.)

* • • • 7

(perate. neg. m. sing.) Steak not (thy) oath

حَنَنَ يَخْنَتُ خِنْثًا (ف)

to break ons's oath

offence, sin (n.) الْحُنْثُ

ح ن ج ر

الْحَنَاجِرُ <gullets (n.p.) مُخْتَجَرَهُ (sing.) feeling of need (3)

وَلَايَعِينُ وْنَ فِي صُدُوْدِهِمْ عَلَجَةً

And they find in their hearts no feelings of need. [59:9]

★ 3 9 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x أَنْتُخُونَا became dominant, (or) gained mastery x أَنْتَخُونَا اسْتَخُونَا اسْتَخُونَا اسْتَخُونَا اسْتِخُوادَاً to overcome, get the master

to overcome, get the mastery over

مَاذَ يَعُوْذُ حَوْدًا (ن)
 to drive fast, overcome

إستخوذ عكيهو التقيظن

Satan hath gained mastery upon you. [58:19]

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) x مُنْتَعُودُ we get mastery

النونشنغوؤ عكيكم

Gained we not mastery over you? [4:141]

ح و د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

حَادَ بَحُوْرُ حَوْراً (ن) to return to or from, will never go back لَنُ يَحُورَ Hunain (proper, n.)

A deep and irregular valley with clusters of palm trees, situated on one of the roads to Taif. The scene of the famous battle fought soon after the surrender of Makka. The date of battle according to the Christian calendar is Ist. February 630 A.D.

ح و ب ★

حُوْبٌ (n.) حُوْبٌ

to sin, (ن) تَحُوُّبُ حَوْبًا transgress

* 5 5 5

fish (n.) 25

جِيْبَانٌ (fishes (n.p.) مُؤْتُ (sing.)

* 5 9 5

desire (n.)

الاعلجة إن نغيس يعنوب تضما

It was only a desire in the soul of Ya'qoob which he satisfied. [12:68]

need (2)

وَلِمَنْكُمُ وَاعَلَيْهَا حَاجَهُ فِي صُدُورِكُو

You may attain through them a need which is in your breasts. [40:80]

ح و ط ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv Lif

أَمَاطَ بَيْنِطُ إِمَّاطَتُ

to encompass, surround, <> حَاطَ تَحُوْطُ حَوْطًا (ن)

to watch, guard

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَحَاطَتُ encompassed

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) iv اَحْطَتُ I encompassed

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv اَحْطَاناً we encompassed

iv كَيْعُلُونُ acc. الْمَيْعُلُونُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they encompass

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv acc. المُعْطُولُا you encompass

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اَحْيُطُ was encompassed

وَظَنُّوۡۤااَنَّهُمُ أُحِينَظَ بِهِمُ

And they deem that they are encompassed. [10:22]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv عَاطُ was/were encompassed

إلَّانَ يُعَامَّا بِكُوْ

Except if you are completely surrounded. [12:66]

(imperf, 3 p.m. sing.) iii عاور در converses

مَاوَرَ مُحَاوَرَهُ وَ حِوَاراً to converse with another, debate

تَعَاوُرُ و conversation (v.n.)

<fair ones (Jid.), (n.p.)</pre>
pure ones (Rod., Pic.)

having eyes (sing.) حُورًا أَهُ intense white and black (Rgh.)

الْحُوَّادِيِّيْنَ .acc الْحُوَّادِيُّوْنَ (n.p.) (the desciples

i.e. the adherents of the Prophet Eisa (Jesus). Literally خَوَارِیُّ is one who whitens clothes or garments by washing and bathing them. Hence the plural خَوَارِیُّونَ is applied to the companions of Prophet Eisa who were doing this job (LL.)

ح ش ی ★

remotness from (part.) الله imperfection of the like, or freedom therefrom.

every imperfection, or how free is Allah from imperfection (Rgh.)

Note: The word عول also means strength as in المَا الْمَا الْمَا

حُولَيْنِ (sing.) حَوْلَيْنِ حَوْلَانِ

removal (n.) عَوَلَ عَامِ

means (n.) عُلُةً

change (v.n.) ii عُوِيلُو

ح و ی ★

ر the entrails (n.p.) اَلْحَوَّا مِاً (coiled, (sing.) حَوِيَّةٌ وَ حَاوِيَةً وَ مَاوِيّةً

dried up that (elative) أخواى became black by reason of oldness

خوتی تخوای خوتی(س)
 to be brown or black

ح ی ٹ 🖈

where, whereat. (part) أَحُنُثُ in the place where
as to, as far as, where- مِنْ حَبْثُ from

* > 5 T

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

غَيْظُ > غَيْظُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) you encompass

فَقَالَ ٱلصَّلْتُ بِمَالَةِ تُحِطْمِهِ

I encompassed what they did not encompass i.e. I knew what they did not.

[27:22]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) one who encompasses

(Ap-der. f. sing.)

ح و ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) JE-

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) \(\sigma_{\text{comes}} \) \(\sigma_{\text{comes}} \)

رُول (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) was put in between i.e. a barrier is placed between SS and SS

around (1) (v.n.) عُولًا

فَلْتَا اَضَاءُتُ مَا حَوْلَهُ

When it was illumined all around him. [2:17]

year (2)

متناعال العول

Maintenance for a year.
[2:240]

وَالِّي لَوْيَعِضْنَ

And those who not (yet) menstruate. [65:4]

menstruation (v.n. mim.) عُيْفُنْ

ح ی ف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

حَافَ يَعِيْثُ حَبْفًا (ض)

to act unjustly

أمريخا فون كن يحيف الله عليهم وسكوله

Or fear they that Allah and His messenger shall misjudge them? [24:50]

* 5 5 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ☐
< ~encompassed

مَاقَ يَحْبُقُ حَبُقًا (ض)

to surround and take hold of

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

* 3 6 7

period, (1) (part.)
a space of time

حَلُ آئى عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ حِينٌ مِنْ الكَّهْرِ

Hath there come upon man (ever) any period of time.

[76:1]

عَادَ يَمِيدٌ حَبُداً وَ حَبَدَاناً (ض)

to deviate, remove, avoid, turn aside, shun

فإلك مَاكُنْتَ مِنْهُ تَعِيثُ

That is what thou would shun [50:19]

ح ی ر

ح ی د ★

(Ap-der. v, m. sing.) مُنْحَيِّرٌ one who turns away in a

battlefield for the purpose of returning to fight, retreat which is one of the stratagems of war.

(LL. Rgh. Lis.)

ح ی ص 🖈

(n. for p. and t.) حُفِقُ <a place of escape

مَاصَ بَعِيضُ حَبْصاً وَ مُعْبُوماً (ض) to deviate, turn away, to shun, escape

ح ی مش ★

(imperf. neg. 3 p.f. plu.) they (f.) menstrurate

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْبًا < gave life الْخُبًا يُعْنِي إِخْبًا اللهِ to give life

to give life اَحَيَا يَعْمِينُ إِحْيَاءُ ا (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv اَحْيَدُتَ

thou gave life

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we gave life

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv gives life

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv د المعلقة thou give life

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv آخین I give life

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv بي we give life

(emp. Ist. p. plu.) iv عُلِينًا we surely give life

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x اثنتغيرًا they let SS live

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x نَسْتَحُونَ they let SS live

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x د lets SS live (1)

يُذَيِّحُ ٱبْنَاءَ هُوْ وَيَسْتَخِي إِنَاءَهُو

He (i.e. Firawn) used to slay their sons and let their women live. [28:4]

<<feels ashamed (2)

حَيِيَ بَمْنِي حَبَاءًا (س)

to be ashamed

intimated time (2)

وكالمحمل الكرض مستقترة وستاع الاحين

And for you on earth a habitation and provision for (an intimated time). [2:36]

in the time of, when

وَالْفِيدِينَ فِي البِئْسَاءِ وَالْفَتَزَاءِ وَعِيْنَ البَأْسِ

And the patient in tribulation and adversity and the time of stress. [2:177]

then, at that time (part.) عِنْتُنْدِ

* 5 5 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) \$\footnote{\sigma}\$

خيي بَخْبَل حَبَاةً (س)

to live, be alive

greet !

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) کیویا حانوی ابتدا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عُمْيُوْنَ you live

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المجوَّةُ they greeted

حَيَّوُكَ بِمَالَوُ يُحَيِّكَ بِهِ اللهُ

They greet thee with a greeting with which Allah greeted thee not. [58:8]

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) مُعِينِمُ you are greeted

ر (perate m. sing.)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يَسْتَعْمُ آنُ يُضْرِبُ مَثَلًا

Allah is not ashamed to set forth any parable. [2:26]

نَسْتَحُونُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we let SS to be alive

اسْتِحْبَاءُ (v.n.) bashfulness

<= حَيَاءٌ bashfulness

فَجَآءَتُهُ إِحُدْمُهَاتَعْيْنُ عَلَى الْمِتَعْيَا إِ

The one of the two women came to him walking bashfully. [28:25]

a living one (n.) حَيِّى ، حَيًّا

The Everliving (Allah) (n.) greeting (v.n.)

كتاب الحا.

to become أُخْبَتَ إِخْبَاتًا humble, lowly

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv acc. عُنِّتُ submitted humbly

(ap-der. m. plu.) iv عُنِيْنُ humble ones

خَبَتُ see خ ب و

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) خُونُتُ < ~is vile, bad, inferior

(ط) أَغُلُثُ خَمَالَةً ﴿ to be vile, corrupt

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْخِيِّثُ foul, evil, bad

الْحَيِّنِيْنَ .acc. الْحَيِّنِيُّوْنَ

<evil or bad ones

خَبِيْتُ (sing.)

a evil or bad (f.)

خ ب ت ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اُخْبِتُوْا they submitted humbly

خ ب ل ★

mischief (n.) كَالْكَ عَبَالُ

They shall not be remiss in doing you mischief.

[3:118]

is a state of perdition or destruction, or things going away or being consumed or destroyed. Thus the verse means they will not fall short in corrupting your affairs).

خ ب و ★

خَبَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) حَبَتْ < ~abated (نَ عُواً وَ مُجُواً (نَ)

to be extinguished, subsided (fire, anger)

كلماخكت نيدنهم سيميرا

Whenever it abates We make them burn the more.

[17:97]

(act. 2 pic. f. plu.) خَيْنَاتُ evil or bad (f.) ones

bad things, evil (n. p.) خَالِثُ

(sing.) خَبِيْتُ <

***** 5 + 5

مُعْبُرٌ ؟ خُبُرُا مِن اللهِ اللهِ

to test, to try, to learn by experience

information, tiding, (n.) خَبُرُ

information, (1) (n. p.) أَخْبَارُ tidings

يؤسي فتوخ اخاتما

On that day she will tell out the tidings thereof. [99:4] states (2)

وَنَبِنُواْ آخِبَارُكُوْ

And We shall prove your states. [47:31]

ever-aware (ints.) جُنِيرُ

خ ب ذ ★

bread (n.)

خ ب ط ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المُغَبِّطُ confounds

sealing (n.) خِتَامٌ

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُنْوُمُ scaled one

check (n.)

trench, ditch (n.) أُخْدُودُ

آصُخْبُ الْأُخُدُوْدِ

The owners of the ditch.

[85:4]

The reference is to the persecution of some Christians by ذَوُ أَوَالَنُ (Dhu Nawas), a king of Yemen, who was of the Jewish religion (Ibn Kathir).

* 2 ° ±

عَدْدَعُونَ ، يَغْدَعُونَ ، يَغْدَعُونَ ، عَدْدَعُونَ ،

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they deceive

> خَدَعَ يَخْدَعُ خِدُعًا (ف)

to deceive

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii يُخَادِعُونَ they deceive

to deceive خَدَاعًا < غَادِعٌ (act. pic. m. sing.) خَادِعٌ

one deceitful

خ د ن ★

secret paramours (n.p.) أُخْدَانُ

خ ت ر ★

خ ت ع *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) →

(imperf. 3 p.m sing.)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we sealed

seal (n.) عَاتَمُ

مَا كَانَ مُحَمِّدُ أَبَّا آحَدِينَ يَجَالِكُو

وَلِيَنُ دَّسُولُ اللَّهِ وَعَاتَدَ السَّيِهِ

Muhammad is not the father of any man among you but is the messenger of Allah and the seal of the Prophets. [33:40]

means the closer of the long line of prophets (Jid.) He is not only a prophet but the final Prophet (LL) i.e. there will be no prophet after him in any case, in any shape or in any sense.

خَرَجُولُ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) انتخرَجُولُ they came out

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) خَرَجْنَ they (f.) came out

خَوَ جُمْمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) خَوَ جُمْمُ

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) خَرَجُناً we came out

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُخْرُجُ comes out

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) يَحُوْجُنَّ surely will come out

nom. يَخُرُّجُوْلَ acc. كَخُرُّجُوْلَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they drive out

(perate. m. sing.) اُخُورُجُ come forth

(perate. m. plu.) أُخُرُ جُواً you come forth

عَارِجُ (act. pic. m. sing.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) خارِجِينَ comers forth

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْرَجَ ~brought up

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv أَخُورَ جَتُ she brought up

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv خُرِجُ ~brings up

يُخْرِ جَنَّ emp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv) ~surely will derive them خ ذ ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) غُذُلُ < ~abandons

خَذَلَ عَنْدُلُ خَذُلاً وَ خُدُلاًناً (ن)

to forsake, abandon, abstain from aiding

خَذُول (ints.) خُدُول

Note: It is applied to the devil, because he forsakes the unbelievers and declares himself to be clear of the latters' guilt on the accusion of his betrayal or affliction (LL).

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُذُولُ forsaken ones

خ ر ب ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُحْرِيُونَ they demolish

أُخْرَبَ كِغُرِبُ إِخْرَاباً
 to demolish

خَوَابٌ (n.) تَحَوَابُ

خ ر ج ★

خَرَجْتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَرَجْتَ thou came out

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they are driven forth (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you are driven forth منتخر جان < acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) x they two may bring forth (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x نخو جُوْنَ you bring forth tribute, maintenance (n.) tribute, maintenance (n.) going forth (v.n.) خُرُوجُ driving out (v.n.>iv.) اَخُواجُ الْجُ (n. for. p.t.) way out (place of safety) (ap-der. > vi, m. sing.) bringer forth عر جون ، عر جين acc. (pis. pic. m. plu.)

خ د د ل

mustared seed (n.) عُرْدُلُ

those who are brought forth

* > > 5

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv عَرْجُوْنَ they drive out (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv عَرْبُ الله thou drive out < going out (v.n. min.) عَرْبُ عَمْنَ الْمُوْرُدِّجِ : مَصْدَرٌ مِيْمِيٍّ بِمُعَنَى الْمُوْرُدِّجِ : مَصْدَرٌ مِيْمِيٍّ بِمُعَنَى

وَّأَخُرِخْنِي مُعْنَعَ صِلْتِي

And to go out with a firm going out [17:80]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv غُرُ جُوْنَ you make out or bring SS forth

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv acc. اتخر مجود you make out or bring SS

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv خُوِج we bring forth

(perate. m. sing.) iv أُخُوِجُ bring forth

(perate. m. plu.) iv اَخْرِجُوا bring forth

~ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) iv is raised up, brought up

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اخْرِجُوا they were driven forth

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you were driven forth

(pp. Ist. p. plu.) iv we were driven forth

اخو

خَرَقَ يَخُرِقُ خَرُقاً (ض)
 to make a hole, tear SS, tell a lie

حَتَّى إِذَا تَرِكِبًا فِي السَّغِيبُنَةِ خَرَقَهَا

When they two embarked in a boat he scuttled it.

[18:71]

خَرَ قُتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَرَ قُتَ

خَرَقُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) خَرَقُوا they impute

وَخَرُفُوالَهُ مَنِينَ وَيَنْتِي بِغَيْرُعِلُمِ

They imputed unto Him sons and daughters without knowledge. [6:100]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. عُرِقَ thou rend (3)

إِنَّكَ لَنُ تَخْرِقَ الْأَرْضَ

Thou will never rend the earth. [17:37]

★ 3 3 5

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. خَازِنْمِينَ <treasurers

غازن (sing.)

keepers of a place (n.p.)

(The keepers of paradise and the keepers of the hell, both of them are referred

(خَزَنَةٌ to as

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)(assim) thou fall down

يَخِرُّ وُنَ (assim)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they fall down

> يَخِرُّوُا .acc يَخِرُّوُنَ they fall down

> > خ د ص 🖈

يَخُرُمُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَخُرُمُونَ they guess, conjecture

> خَوَمَلَ يَخُرُمُ خُرُماً (ن)

to conjecture

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَخُرُصُونَ you conjecture conjecturers (ints. plu.) الْخُرَاصُونَ

قُتِلَ الْحَرَّصُونَ

Perish the conjecturers.

[51:10]

(Those who in denying the truth of religion only conjecture and do not exercise their reason and understanding in the proper way—Jid.)

خ رطم

الْحَرُّ طُوْمُ (n.) snout

خ د ق 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خَرَقَ ~scuttled (1)

* * " =

(perate. m. plu.) انځستوُ ا slink away

(ف) النَّمَا عَنْماً اللَّهِ ا to be dazzled—distant, to drive away (a dog)

acc. آيستاً ، عَاسِتًا (act. pic. m. sing.) despised one

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. عَاسِتُينَ despised ones

خ س د ★

غَيِرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing) خَيِرَ يَخْتَرُ خُسُراً وَ خَسَارَةً تَ نَـارًا ﴿)

to lose, suffer (س) وَ خَسَاراً damage, be cheated, lose one's way, go astray

تَحِيرُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) المخيرُوُا they lost

acc. (n.d.) أَضُورُو (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you make SS lose

مُنْسِرُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu) iv مُنْسِرُونَ those who make SS lose

خُسُرٌ ، خُسْرَانٌ ، خَسَارَةً (n.) loss

عَاسِرِينَ acc. عَاسِرُونَ acc. (act. pic. m. plu.)

losers

treasures (n.p.) خَوَرَائِنُ (sing.)

* 6 3 5

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) عُزُىٰ we are humiliated

خَوْی یَخُوْی خَوْماً (س)
 to fall into misery or disgrace
 خَوْالَةٌ وَ خُوْق to feel

ashamed

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv آخُزَيْتَ thou hast humiliated

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv يُخْزِيُ

~will not humiliate كُوْرَى will not humiliate (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) gen.

will humiliate

(perate. neg. m. sing.)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْأَ غُرُوا (you) humiliate not

لاَ تُعْزِنِيُ humiliate we not

لاَ تُحْزِناً humiliate us not

(ol men) humiliate لَا تَخْرُونَ me not

more humiliating (elative) آخُزُى

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv عُزِيُّ humiliator

humiliation (v.n.) خُزْی ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُغْيِنُ ~sinks

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) عُنْمِيْفُ we sink

* 2 ÷ 5

وتحقعت الكفكوات للزحملن

And the voice should be humbled for Al-Rahman (the Compassionate).

[20:108]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. خَشَعَ that should humble

humblity (v.n.) خُشُوعٌ

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. هَاشِعْ ، عَاشِعْ

acc. عَاشِعُونَ nom. عَاشِعِينَ (act. pic. m. plu.) men of humblity

(act. pic. f. sing.) خاشفة (in state of) humbity

(act. pic. f. plu.) خَاشِعَاتُ women of humblity, (in state of) humblity

(acc. مُثَمَّعٌ (خُشَّمًا) lowering (their eyes) غاير (act. pic. m. sing.)

خَاسِرَةً (act. pic. f. sing.)

loser

الْآخُسَرِيْنَ acc. الْآخُسَرُوْنَ nom. (elative. m. plu.)

the greatest losers

أَخْسِيْرٌ losing (v.n.>ii) تُخْسِيْرٌ

مُخْسِرِ يُنَ (Ap-der. > iv. m. plu.) مُخْسِرِ يُنَ those who cause others to lose

خ س ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خَسَفَ <~eclipsed (1)

خَسَفَ يَخْيِفُ خُسُوْفاً (ض)

to sink into the earth, disappear, eclipse

to cause الأَرْضَ بِهِ the earth to swallow one up, sink with one

وخشف المقتري

And moon has eclipsed. [75:8]

sink with (2)

لَوْلَاآنَ مَنَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَالَخَسَفَ بِنَا

Had not Allah been gracious unto us, He would have sunk (the earth) with us. [28:82]

we sank (perf. Ist. p. plu.) Line

(perate 2 p.m. plu.) اخْشُوْا be fearful

fear (n.)

خ ص ص خ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يُخْتَصُّ selects, chooses, singles out

>> خَصَّ بَحُصُّ خَصًّا وَ خُصُومًا (ن)

to distinguish particularly by assigning specially to

to be poor, تَحْصُلُ خَصَاصَةً needy

(act. pic. f. sing. adj.) خَاصَةُ

thirst and hunger, (v.n.) ineediness

خ ص ف *

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) تخصفان <they (two) cover

خَصَفَ بَخُصِفُ خَصُفاً (من) to sew, patch

* • • • •

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اخْتَصَامُوْا they contended, disputed

خَصَمَ بَغْصِمُ خَصُماً (ض)
to contend

غيثيمين مين الذل

Downcast with ignominy.
[42:45]

خَتَعَالَبُصَالُهُ

Their eyes downcast. [54:7]

خش ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خَشِيَ <~was fearful

خَشِيَ يَخْفَىٰ خَفُباً وَ خَفْيَةً (س) to fear

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) خَشِيْتُ I was fearful

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) آخشِيناً we were fearful

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُخْشَىٰ ~fears

e.l. acc. لِيَخْشَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~should fear

لَمْ يَخْشَ gen. لَمْ

(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. sing.)

—did not fear

نخشی (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou fear

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَ يُخْشُونَ الْمَانُونَ الْمَانُونُ الْمَانُونَ الْمَانُونَ الْمَانُونَ الْمَانُونَ الْمَانُونَ الْمُنْفُولُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللّلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّلَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمِ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ ال

تَخْشُونَ | تَحْشُواْ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you fear

زم نخشی (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we fear

خ ∘ش د 🖈

(pact. pic. adj.) عُفُوْدِ thornless or bent down with fruits

خَضَدَ يَغُضِدُ خَضَداً (ض)
 to break, bend

خ ش د ★

اَلْآخُفُرُ (n.) حَضْرُ أَنْ أَخْفُرُ خَضْراً (س)

to be green
(plu. of isi)

خَصْرُ (أَخُصَرُ plu. of) green ones

green (stalks) آخضرا

(pis. pic. f. sing.) خفتر (that is made green to become green انتخاراً المادة المادة

خ ض ع ★

(act. pic. m. plu.) غَاضِينَنَ submissive ones

خَفَعَ يَغْفَعُ خُعُثُوعاً (ف)
 to submit, obey, be submissive

(perate neg. 2 p.f. plu.) كَا عُضَعَنَ be not soft

فلاتخضش بإلقؤلي

Be not soft in speech. [33:32]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii كَتْصِيمُونَ they contend

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii كَخْصَّمُونَ they contend

تَخْتَصِمُوا التَّخْتَصِمُونَ إلا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you contend

adversaries, disputing (n.) الْخَصَّمُ

disputers, (n. dual.) خَصْبَانِ litigants

contentious (n. plu.) خَصِمُونَ (people), disputing ones

(act. 2 pic. n.) خصيم contender (1)

فَإِذَاهُوَخَصِيمُ مِينِينَ

And lo! he is an open contender. [16:4]

pleader (2)

وَلَا تَكُنَّ إِلَّهُ عَلَّهِ إِن خَصِيمًا

And be not one pleading the cause of the dishonest. [4:105]

الخِصَامُ (n.) dispute, contention

وُهُوَ فِي الْخِصَلِمِ غَيْرٌ مِهُ يَنِ

He is in contention, not plain. [43:18]

وكمواكث الينعسك

He is the most contentious of the adversaries. [2:204]

تَخَاصُمُ contending (v.n.) iv

166

(plu. of. عُطَاياً (خَطَا) faults, sins, mistakes

عَاطِلْيُنَ / عَاطِلْتُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.) عَاطِلْتُنَ / عَاطِلْتُونَ

(act. pic. sing. f. adj.) خَاطِئَةُ sinful

خ ط ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عَاطَبَ مَاطَبَ

(ن) خَطْبُ خُطْبُ خُطْبَةً (ن) to speak, sermon

(perate. > iii, neg.) لَا يُعَاطِبُ do not address, speak not

لاً تَخَاطِنِيُ speak not to me لاَ تَخَاطِنِيُ object (1) (n.)

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكَ يُسَامِرِي

(Musa) said: what was thy object, O Samri? [20:95]

matter (2)

كال مَاخْلِنُكُما

(Musa) said: what is the matter with you (O two girls)? [28:23]

خِطَابُ (۷.n.) خِطَابُ (۱)

declaration or speech (1)

وَانْتِنْنُهُ الْحِكْمَةُ وَفَصْلَ الْخِطَابِ

We gave him wisdom and a decisive speech. [38:20]

خ ط ا *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْطَأُهُمُ you made mistake

خطئ تَعْطَأُ خَطَأً (ف)
to err, make a mistake

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv اَخْطَأَنَا we made a mistake

mistake, wrong (n.)

إِنَّ قَتْلَهُ وَكَانَ خِطْأً كَيِيرًا

Surely the killing of them was a great wrong.

[17:31]

by mistake (n.) أَخُطُأ

وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤْمِنِ أَنْ يَقَتْلُ مُؤْمِنًا إِلَّاخَطَاتًا

And a believer would not kill a believer except by mistake. [4:92]

غَطِيْنَةُ (n.) (a fault (1) (n.)

ومن يكيب خطيفة

And whoever commits a fault. [4:112]

sin (2)

بكل مَن كسبَ سَيِنَهُ وَأَحَا لَمَتْ بِهِ حَوِلَيْتَهُ

Yes! whoever earns evil and his sin beset him on every side. [2:81]

(plu. of. خطيئة) صطبئات (غطيئة) faults, sins, mistakes

Note: In the verse 28:57. the verb occured as apodosis therefore is جَوَابُ الشَّرُ طِ taken in genitive.

an act of snatching (n.) away

خُطُوَاتٌ (خُطُو أَ (خُطُو أَ أَ (مُعَلِّم (n. phu. of < footsteps خَطَّا تَغُطُّوْ خَطُواً (ن) to step

(perate. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) do not make (the sound), very low opp. shouting

to speak in low voice (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (iv) تَتَخَافَتُو نَ they are muttering

خ ف ض 🖈

اخفض (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) lower! to depress, lower

وَاخْفِضْ حَنَاحَكَ لِلْمُؤْمِنَانَ

And lower thy wing unto believers. [15:88]

dispute (2)

دَعَرُنْ فِي الْخِطَابِ

And he prevailed upon me in speech (or dispute).

[38:23]

address (3)

لاظك أمناهمنككا

They will not be able to address him. [78:37]

proposal of marriage (n.) given to a woman

ط ط 🛨

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) <thou hast written خَطَّ عَنُطٌ خَطًّا (ن) to write

خطف (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) snatched, carried off خَطَفَ تَخَطَّفُ خَطُّهَا

وَ خَطُفَةً (س) to snatch (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) خطف ~snatches (carries off)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) خطف ~snatches (carries off)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) v ~are being snatched, ~are being carried off

(pip. 1st. p. plu.) v نُتَخَطَّفُ we shall be snatched away

(imperf. with neg. كا and emphatic ن) الْمَسْتَخِفَّنَّ كَالْمُ الْمُعْمَدِينَّ كَالْمُ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمَدِينَ الْمُعْمَدِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمَدِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينِ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَا الْمُعْمِعِينَا الْمُعْمِعِينَا الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِعِينَ الْمُعِمِعِينَ

وَلَا يَسُتَخِفَنَكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُوْقِنُونَ

And let not those who have no conviction, make thee impatient (Jid.) i.e. let not lighten your will power or patience. [30:60]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you find light

تَسْتَخِفُونَهَا يُؤْمَرَظَعُنِكُمُ

You find that light on the day of your flitting.

[16:80]

light adj. (act. 2 pic. n.) خَفِيْفُ light (plu. of خَفِيْفُ) يَخْفُافُ)

(opp. The heavy)

alleviation (ii. < v.n.)

خ ف ی ★

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَخُون <--concealeth

خَيْقَ يَخْنَىٰ خَفَاءاً (س)

to be hidden, unperceived, concealed

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) عُنَىٰ conceals

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَنْهُوْنَ they are hid

لأيغفون عكينا

They are not hid from us.
[41:40]

abasing (act. pic. f. sing.) عَافِضَةً

خَافِضَهُ رَّافِعَهُ

Abasing, exalting. [56:3]

خ ف.ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) خَفْتُ <~became light

خَفَّ عَنِثُ خَفًّا وَ خِفَّةً (ض) to make light

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) ii حُنْفُ ~lightened

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) li حُفَفُ

makes light, (lightens)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~will be lightened

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x منتفعًا ~incited (Jid. &. M.A.) ~persuaded to make light (Pic.) ~lightened the mind (Rgh.)

فاستغف قفه فألماغوه

He (Firawn) incited his people and they obeyed him. [43:54]

Note: The meaning of the verse, according to Raghib and Ibn Katheer, is that Firawn had made the minds of his people so light that they were unable to understand their loss and profit, so they followed him.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~will abide

خَلَدَ غَلْدُ خُلُودًا (ن)

to remain, be eternal

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) خلدون you may abide

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

~ clung (1)

وَلَكُتَّهُ أَخُلُكُ إِلَّى الْأَرْضِ

But he clung to the earth. [7:176]

made a bid (2)

يختث أنّ مَالُهُ آخلته

He thinks that his wealth will make him abide.

[104:3]

111 abiding (v.n.)

one who abides (act. pic.) عَالِدُونَ ، عَالِدِينَ those who abide

(plu. of 11) الْحُلُودُ (abiding (v.n.)

يَوْمُ الْخُلُود

The day of abidance. [50:34]

(pis. pic. phu.) ii عَلْدُوُنَ never altering in age

أَخْفَيْتُمْ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you have concealed

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv خفو ن they conceal

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv they conceal

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou conceal

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you conceal

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv I conceal

يَشْنَخْفُونَ < يَشْتَخْفُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they tend to conceal

steady (1) (n.)

يتغارون من ظرف خفي

They are looking with steady glance. [42:45]

secret (2)

إذ كَادْي رَبُّهُ نِدُا مُ خَفِيًّا

(Recall) what time he cried unto his Lord with a secret cry. [19:3]

(extensive n.)

most hidden

عَافِية (act. 2 pic. f. sing. n.) hidden

secrecy (n.)

(pis. pic.>x) مُسْتَخَفُ one who hids himself

إنَّا آخُلَصْنُهُمْ بِخَالِصَةٍ ذِكْرَى الدَّارِ

Indeed we distinguished them with a distinct quality: the rememberance of abode. [38:46]

أَسْتَخْلِصُ x (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I will single out اسْتَخْلَصَ اسْتَخْلَصاً to seek

best of a thing

آستغلضه لينغيئ

I single him out for myself. (Jid.) [12:54]

I chose him for myself.
(Arb.)

I will attach him to my person. (Pic.)

a distinct quality (1)
(see above verse 38:46)

SS alone for SS (2)

خَالِصَةٌ لِنَّكُولِنَا

(Such cattle is) for our males alone. [6:139]

pure (3)

كَنَنَاخَ الِصَّاسَ أَبِغَ الِّلْتَّيْرِيِيْنَ

Milk pure and pleasant to swallow for the drinkers. [16:66]

وَيَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وِلْدَاقُ تَعَلَّدُونَ

And they shall go round unto them, youths ever young. [76:19]

(i.e. destined to continue for ever in boyhood. Always to the same age; never altering in age; or endowed with perpetual vigour; that never becomes decrepit— LL).

خ ل ص ★

خَلَصُوُ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

<tney conferred(exclusively)</pre>

خَلَمَنَ يَخْلُصُ خُلُوماً وَ

to be pure, (ن) عَالِمَةُ unmixed, free, retire

خَلَصُوْا نَحِيًّا

They conferred privately. [12:80]

أَخُلُمُو (perf. 3. p.m. plu.) iv أَخُلُمُو ا they made SS exclusive (for SS)

> أُخُلَصَ إِخُلاَصاً ١٠

to be sincere, to be devoted

وَ آخْلَصُوادِيْنَهُمْ يِلْلِهِ

And made their obedience exclusive for Allah. [4:146]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv اخْلُصنا we purified, distinguished (act. pic. m. plu. of عُلِياً) مُعَالَمُ) partners

* 2 J خ

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) خُلُعُ <take off

to pull (فَ عَلَمُ خَلُمُ اللهِ and cast off, strip, depose

خ ل ف ★

(perf. 3 p. sing.) خَلَفَ succeeded (1)

فَغَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفُ

Then succeeded after them successors. [19:59]

acted as a successor (2)

قال بشسكا عَلَفْتُهُ وَإِن مِن بَعنوى

(Musa) said: Bad is that which you have acted as my successors. [7:150]

to succeed each other (3)

وَلَوْنَفَا أَهُ لَجَسَلْنَا مِثْلُو تَلَيِّكَةً فِي الْأَرْضِ يَخْلُمُونَ

And had We willed, We could have appointed angels (born) of you in the earth to succeed (each other). [43:60]

(perate 2 p.m. sing.) اُخُلُفُ succeed

exclusive (4)

ألكيتاء اليتين الخالص

Lo! For Allah is the religion exclusive. [39:3]

(ap-der. m. sing.) iv عُلُونُ one who does something exclusively for Allah

مُخْلِصًا لَهُ الدِّينَ

Making exclusion for Him in religion (or obedience).

[39:2]

(also see دِنْ)

(pis. pic. m. sing.) iv عنافی pure-hearted, chosen one

إنَّهُ كُلِّن عُنْكُمًّا

He was pure-hearted.

[19:51]

(ap-der m. plu.) اَغُلِّمُونَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ those who make exclusive their devotion to Allah or His religion, His obedience

* b J خ

خَلَمُلُوْ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

< they mixed SS with SS

خَلُطُ عَنُولُ خَلُطاً (ن) to mix, mingle

عُنَالِطُو (مُمُ) عُنَالِطُونَ !!!

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) you mix with (them)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اختلط

(neg. imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we do not keep back
nom. بَنَخَلْفُوْا acc. n.d. بَنَخَلْفُوْدُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v they lay behind

آنٌ يَعْفَكُفُواعَنْ تَسُولِ اللهِ

That they should lay behind the messenger of Allah. [9:120]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii انْخَلَفَ he has differed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اختَلَفُوا they differed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii مُعَلَّفُهُمْ you differed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii كُعُلِفُونَ they differ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii عَلَمُونَ you differ

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اُخْتَلِفَ was differed in

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x انتخلف made successor

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x مُشَعَّطُفُ makes successor

epl. تَشَكُولُونَ emp. يَشَتُخُلُونَ certainly he will make successor

< successor (1) (n.) خَلْنَـٰدُ</p>
Note: Lexicologists recognize
a difference between خَلْنَدُ
khalf and خَلَنَـٰدُ
khalaf,
the former being applied
to evil and the latter to

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) ii عُلَمُوا (they) were left behind (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii عُلَلُمُونَ (they) oppose (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iii أُخَالِفُ أَ

آن أخَالِفَكُ

That I oppose you. [11:88]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv انْخَلُقُوْا they kept back

بِمَا أَخْلَغُواللَّهُ مُلوعِدُوهُ

Because they kept back from Allah that which they had promised. [9:77]

you kept back (from an appointment or promise)

(perf. 1st p. phu.) اُخُلُفُنَا we kept back from promise

we did not keep back(from promise)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv he keeps back (from promise or appointment etc.)

he keeps not back عُلِفُ مُعَلِّفُ we will never keep مُعَلِّفُ مُعَلِّفًا اللهِ ال

back

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv عُلِفُ thou keepeth back

thou keepeth not back

خِلْفَةً succession (n.)

وهُوَالَّذِي جَعَلَ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَخِلْفَةُ

And it is He who hath appointed the night and the day a succession. [25:62]

(act. pic. fem. plu.) الحَوَّ الْفُ

(مَالِفَةٌ plu. of (مَالِفَةً)

خِلِفَة (act. pic. n.)

vicegerent, successor

(plu. of عَلَيْفَ ا خُلَفَاهِ (خَلِيْفَةُ اللهُ sucessors

acc. اَهُكُلُونَ nom. الْعُلُقُيْنَ (pis. pic. ii, m. plu.) those who lagged behind

(ap-der. iv, sing. m.) عُلِفُ one who fails in his promise

فَلَاتَحُمَةِ اللهُ مُخْلِفَ وَعْدِ إِدْسُلَهُ

So think not that Allah will fail in His promise to His messengers. [14:47]

alternation (1) (v.n. iii) اخْتِلاَفْ دَلَهُ اخْتِلاَفُ الْكِلافُ النَّهَادِ

And His is the alternation of the night and the day. [23:80]

variation (2)

واختلاف السنتطخ والوانكة

And the variation of your tongues and colours (in your languages and complexions). [30:23] good, whether a son or generation. (M.A. LL)

نَفَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفُ

Then succeeded after them successors. [19:59]

behind (2)

مَابَيْنَ آيْدِيثِهِمْ وَمَاخَلْفَهُمُ

What is before them and what is behind them. [2:255]

after (3)

لِتَكُونَ لِمَنْ خَلَفَكَ أَيَةً

That thou may be a sign for those (who will come) after thee. [10:92]

(act. pic. plu. n.) خَالِفُيْنَ those who stay behind

فَأَقْعُدُوْامَعَ الْمُعْلِقِيْنَ

Then sit (now) with those who stay behind. [9:83]

against, after (1) (n.) خِلاَفُ

الكينكنون خلفك إلاقليلا

They will not tarry after thee (or against thee) but a little. [17:76]

opposite sides (2)

أؤنقنظم أبديهم وأدغلهم مين خلاب

Or their hands and feet be cut off on the opposite (sides). [5:33]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he creates	يخلق
(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou create	عدم م مخلق
(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I create	أُخُلُقُ
(imperf. 1st p. plu.) we create	تَخَلَقُ
(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) was created	خجلِق
(pp. f. sing.) was/were created	خُلِقَتُ
(pp. m. plu.) they were created	تحلِقُوا
(pip. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) has not been built (created	لَمْ مُعْلَقُ
كَوُيُخْلَقُ مِثْلُهَا فِي الْبِلَادِ	
The like of which was no built in the cities. [89:	
(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) they are created	يخلقون
creation (1) (n.)	خَلُقٌ
creature (2)	
moral character, natural tendency, disposition	خُلُق
creator (act. pic. m. sing.)	خالِقُ
(acc.) خَالِقُونَ (nom.)	عَالِقَيْنَ
creators (plu. of. عَالِقُ)	
portion, share of good (n.)	خَلاَقُ

contradiction (3)

وتؤكلن من عني غيراللو

لوجك واغتادا ختلافا كيفيرا

Were it from other than Allah they would surely find therein many a contradiction. [4:82]

(ap-der. viii, m. sing.) عُلِفُ varied

nom. عُتَلَفُوْنَ acc. عُتَلَفُوْنَ those who differ (with) each other in any matter

(phu. of Like)

أَسْتَخْلَفَيْنَ (pis. pic.>x.) وَمُسْتَخْلَفَيْنَ successors (plu. of مُسْتَخْلَفُ (plu. of

خ ل ق 🖈

خَلَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خَلَقَ <~created

خَلَقَ يَخُلُقُ خَلْقاً وَ خَلْفَةً (ن) to create out of nothing

(perf. 3 p. m.plu.) اخْلَتُوْا they created

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَلَقْتَ thou created

خَلَقْتُ (perf. 1st. p.m. sing.)

(perf. 1st p.m. plu.) Life

فَتَرَى الْوَدُقَ يَغُرُجُ مِنْ خِلْلِهِ

So that thou seest the rain coming forth from their midst. [24:43]

friendship (n.)

friend (act. 2 pic. n.) خَلِيلُ

Note: But the English word 'friend' does scant justice to the idea of which in Arabic denotes the dearest or the most sincere friend who has no rival in the love and reliance placed upon him. (Jid. p. 5, n. 535)

friends (plu. of "لَاَخِلام (خَلِيُل friends (plu. of

خ ل و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ↓

~is alone (1)

> خَلاَ يَنْلُونُ خُلُواً وَ خَلاَءاً (ن)

to be alone, pass away (time), be free from, be empty

وَلِغَاخَلَابَتُهُمُ إِلَى بَعَيْن

And when some of them are alone with some others. [2:76]

passed (2)

طَانْ مِنْ أَمْعَ إِلَّا خَلَا فِيهَا كَذِيرُ

And there is not a community but there has passed among them a warner. [35:25]

مَالَهُ فِي ٱلْاخِرَةِ مِنْ خَلَاقِ

He has no portion or share of good in the Hereafter. [2:102]

The most powerful (ints.) الْحَلَّقُ Creator

(pis. pic. >ii, f. sing.)

مُّخَلَّقَةٍ وَّغَيْرِ مُخَلَّقَةٍ

A piece of flesh formed and unformed. [22:5]

an invention (v.n.>viii) اُخُتِلاَقُ or a forgery

★ J J خ

خَلُّوُا see خ ل و

to treat as عَالَّ خِلاً لاَ a friend

يَوْمُ لِلابَيْعُ فِيهُ وَلاخِللُ

The Day wherein there will be no bargain nor friendship. [14:31]

inside, through, midst (2)

فَجَاسُوْاخِلْلَ الدِّيَارِ

They entered (ravaging) in the midst of the dwellings. [17:5] * > 1 5

عَامِدُونَ . nom خَامِدِينَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

<rp>
—extinguished

خَمِيدَ يَخْمَدُ خَمُداً وَ خُمُوداً (س) to be extinguished

* J. C *

خَرُوْ (m.) < wine (m.) خَرُوُ اللَّهِ خَرُواً وَ خَمَواً (س ح) to veil, cover, conceal

خمار < scarves (plu. n.) خمار </ri>
head cover, scarf.

* ~ 1 5

five (card. num.)

one-fifth (fraction) مرون

fifth (ord. num.) أَخْلَمِسَةُ

fifty (card. num.) acc. خَيْسِيْنَ

خ ۲ ص *

<hunger (v.n. mim.)

خُصُ عَغُمُصُ خَمُاً (ك) to be hungry

* 4 4 *

bitter (n.) مُعْطَدُّ

خَلَتُ (pref. 3 p.f. sing.) خَلَتُ ~passed

خَلَوُ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اخَلَوُ (they are alone with SS (1)

وَإِذَاخَلُوا إِلَى شَيْطِيْنِزِمْ

And when they are alone with their satans. [2:14]

they passed (2)

سُنَّةَ الله فِي الَّذِينَ خَلُوْامِنُ مَّبِلُ

(That was) Allah's dispensation with those who have passed away before. [33:38]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَخْلُ will be alone, or will be free

امَّتُلُوْالُوُسُفَ آدِاطُرَخُوُلُا رَضَّا يَعْفُلُ لَكُوْ وَجُهُ إِينَّكُمْ

Slay Yusuf or cast him forth to some land, your father's face (countenance) will be free for you. [12:9]

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) عَلَوْا leave SS free

فَإِنْ تَابُوا وَأَفَامُوا الصَّاوْةَ وَأَوْالاَكُوةَ فَعَنْوَاسِيلَهُمْ

Then should they repent and establish prayer and give the Zakat, leave their way free. [9:5]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) v عُلِّتُ became empty

past (act. pic. f. sing.) الْخَالِتُهُ

you plunged (about)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. كَخُوْمُنُواً

they plunged about

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) تَحُوُّ مَنُ we plunge

we were plunging كُنَّا يَخُوصُ

مَوْضٌ (v.n. wading, yain talk (v.n.) كَوْضٌ birth pangs (v.n. mim.)

خ و ف ★

خَافَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~apprehended, suspended

غَافَ بَخَافُ خَوْفًا وَ عَاَفَةً وَخِيفَةً (ف)

to fear, be frightened, be apprehensive, be suspicious, be anxious

(perf. 2 p. f. sing.) خِفْتِ thou fear

I fear (perf. 1st. p. sing.) خفت

أَخُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَخَافُوا they are afraid

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَافُ he fears

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) غَافُ thou fear

(perate neg. m. sing.) آيَّنُ fear not

خ ن ز ر

خِنُوْيُرُ (n. sing.) خِنُوْيُرُ خَنَازِيْرُ (swines (plu.)

خ ن س ★

sneaking (n.) خَنَاسُ

خ ن ق ★

(pis, pic. f. sing.) الْنُخَوْفَةُ < strangled

خَنَقَ يَغْنُقُ خَنْقاً (ن)

to strangle, throttle

* > 9 2

خ و ض 🖈

خَاصُوُ ((perf. 3 p.m. plu.) خَاصُوُ <~indulged in idle talk, plunged (about)

عَاضَ يَخُوُّمُنُ خَوْمَاً وَ خِياَماً (ن) to plunge into, enter, wade, engage in conversation

178

خ و ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii آخوً رُورَة عَوْلًا عَامِينَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّاللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّ

> عَالَ يَغُولُ خَوُلاً (ن)

to take care of, manage

خَوَّلْنَا (perf. 1st. p. plu.) ii نَوَّلُناً we granted

maternal uncle (n.)

عَالَاتُ (عَالَةً) (maternal aunts

maternal uncles (plu. n.) أُخُوالُ

خ و ن ★

(perf. 3 p.f. dual.) أَخَانَـنَا they (two women) defrauded
(ن) عَانَ بَخُونُ خَوْنًا وَ خِيَانَةً (ن) to defraud be treacherous

to defraud, be treacherous, be unfaithful, betray one's trust, break one's word

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اقانوا they defrauded

غَوْنُوا .acc غَوْنُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you defraud

(perate n.m. plu.) لَا تَخُونُوا defraud not!

لَمْ أَخُونُ <neg. acc. أَخُونُ

I did not defraud

(perate. neg. f. sing.) آُ عَالَيْ fear not

(if) thou are really (emp.) عُنَافَنَ afraid

آعاَفُ I fear

يَخَافَا حَافَانِ حacc. يَخَافَا نِ they two (m.) fear

الْآلَنُ يَعْنَانَا

But if they are afraid.

[2:229]

(perate neg. m. dual.) fear net (O you two)

يَخَافُونَا .acc يَخَافُونَ مِنَافُونًا .acc يَخَافُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they fear

يَّغَافُونُا <acc. يَّغَافُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

you fear

apprehension, (n.) الحَوْفُ suspicion, fear

(act. pic.) خَانِفُ one who falls in a fear

(phu. of فالفين) أغافين feared ones

fear (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii يُخَوِّقُونُ makes SS feared

fear (v.n.>ii) تَخُو يُفُ

تَوَقَّقُ (fright (v.n.>ii)

(ض) خَيْبُ خَيْبَةً (ض) to be disappointed, fail, be in a vain (effort)

(act. pic.) acc. عَاثِينَ disappointed ones, frustrated

خایث sing.

خ ی د 🖈

imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v عَنْوُونَ <you may choose

غَارَ يَخِيْرُ خِيْرَةً وَ خِيراً (ض) to choose, perfer

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v يَتَخَيِّرُونَ they may choose

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اخْتَارَ choosen, selected

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) viii اُخْتَرُتُ I have choosen

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii عَالُ he chooses

خ ی د 🖈

< excellent (1) (n. adj.) خَيْرُ خَيْراً (ض)</p>
to be good, excellent

مُوَخَيْرُ ثُوابًا وَخَيْرٌ عَقْبًا

He is excellent in respect of reward and excellent in respect of the final end.

[18:44]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii يَخْتَافُونَ they defraud

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii عَنَانُونَ you defraud yourselves

treachery (v.n.) خِيَانَةُ

خَالِثِينَ (غَالِثُنَّ) (act. pic. plu. of تَعَالِثِينَ) treacherous

(act. pic. f. sing.) عَايَتَة defrauding (1)

وَلاَتَزَالُ تَطَلِعُ عَلى خَلِّينَةٍ مِنْهُمُ

And thou will not cease to light upon defrauding on their part. [5:13]

fraudulence (2) (in the meaning of a verbal noun)

يَعُلُوُخَلِّهَ الْأَعْيُنِ

He knows the farudulence of the eyes. [40:19]

خَوَّانٌ (treacherous one (ints.)

خ و ی 🖈

(act. pic. sing. adj.) عَارِيَةُ laid overturned

> خَوْلَى يَغْدِىٰ خَوَاءًا (ض)

to be uninhabited, deserted, be in ruins

خ ی ب 🖈

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خابَ disappointed, brought to naught خ ی ط *

الْحَبَطُ (m.) خَاطَ يَخْيُطُ خَبُطًا وَ خِبَاطَةً (ض) خَبُطًا وَ خِبَاطَةً (ض) to sew, stitch

needle (n.) اَلْخِيَاطُ

حثى يلج الجمك في سَيْم الْخِيَاطِ

Until camel passes through the eye of the needle.

[7:40]

Note: The phrase is symbolic of impossibility.

* 5 5 5

horses (n.) اَلْخَيْلُ

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii عُغِلُّ ~made to appear

خَالَ يَخَالُ خَبُلاً وَ خَالاً وَ خَنْادُلَةً (ف)

to imagine, conceive, think, fancy

(pis. pic. m. sing.) viii عَالُ vainglorious

خ ی م *

tents (n.p.)

better (2)

وَمَاعِنْدَ اللهِ خَيْرٌ لِلْأَبْرَادِ

And that which is with Allah is better for the pious.
[3:198]

good (3)

آنُ يُنَوَّلَ عَلَيْكُو مِينَ خَيْرٍ

That he may send down upon you the good.

[2:105]

note: اختر litt. means good, and according to the contents it may mean good, excellent, better, best, best of etc.

wealth (4)

وَإِنَّهُ لِحُبِّ الْخَيْرِ لَشَدِيْدُ

And he is verily vehement in the love of wealth.

[100:8]

excellent ones (plu. n.) الْآخْيَارُ

الْحِيْرَةُ (n.) choice

agreeable (plu. n.) خَيْرَاتُ (to mind and heart)

الخَيْرَاتُ (phu. n.)

good (doings, things, blessing etc.)

كتاب الدال

* .. .

<a moving creature (n.) دَابَّةُ وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَنَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَنَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَنَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَنَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلِيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلِيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلِيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلِيْتُمْ عَلِي عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلِي عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلِي عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلِيْتُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَ

آوَرَابُّ (دَابَّةُ) (n. plu. of مَوَابُّ) moving creatures

د ب ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

<he disposes (i.e. Allah is governing all things with supreme juctice and wisdom. He is not only the Creator but also the constant Ruler and the continuous Disposer of all affairs.—Jid.)

دَيْوَ يَدْيُورُ دَبُواً وَ دُبُورًا (ن، ض) to turn back, flee, follow after.

د و ب ★

< wont, way of doing (n.) دَأْبُ وَ رُوْدُ اللّٰ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ

and diligent in a mater, toil, become wearied

to be zealous

كَدَأْبِ إلى فِرُعَوْنَ

Like Fir'awn's folk, or, after the wont of the people of Fir'awn. [3:11]

قَالَ تَزْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ سِينِيْنَ وَأَبَّا

He said: You shall sow seven years as usual (i.e.) as you wont. [12:47]

(act. pic.) دُالْمِیْنَ to hold one's course (LL), to constantly toil So the root of the people who did wrong were cut off. [6:45]

(ap-der. f. plu.) الْمُدَّرِّاتُ (the angels) who manage the affairs

(ap-der. m. sing.) iv< مُدُيُّرُ a retreating one

وَيْ مُدُيرًا وَكُولُو يَعَقِّبُ

He turned back retreating and looked not back.

[27:10]

(ap-der. m. plu.) iv مُدُورِينَ those retreating

د ث ر ★

(ap-der.) v < مُدَّرُّهُ وَهُورًا one enveloped in the cloak (ن) حَرَّر- بَدْنُورُ دُوُرًا to cover with a blanket

* 2 5 2

حُورًا (ف.n.) دُحُورًا (ف) دُحُورًا (ف) دَحَر بَدُحُورًا (ف) to drive away, repel, turn off driven away (pact. pic.) مَدُحُورًا

د ح ض 🖈

يُدُحِطُنُو اَ <acc. كَدُحِطُنُو (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they refute (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آُذِيَرَ turned back

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v يَتَدَبِّرُونَ they ponder

يَسَدَّرَوُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v, acc. تَدَّرُووُا they ponder تَدَّرِّرُوا

أَفَكُوْرِيكَ تَرُواالُقُولَ

Pondered they not over the word. [23:68]

behind (n.) دُبُرُ (الدُّبُرُ (plu. of أَدُبَارٌ (دُبُرُ * after (1)

مَسَيِّحَهُ وَأَدُبَارَ السُّجُودِ

Hallow him, and also after the (prescribed) prostrations. [50:40]

backs (2)

يُؤِكُّوُ الْأَدْبَارَ

They turn upon you their backs. [3:111]

setting (v.n.>iv.) إَذْمَارَ

فسيتخه وإذبار النجوم

Hallow him at the setting of the stars. [52:49]

اری last remnant root (act. pic.)

فَقُطِعَ دَايِرُ الْقَوْمِ إِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

So of the people who did wrong the last remnant was cut off (Pic). دَخَلَ يَدُخُلُ دُخُولًا

و مَدُخَلاً (ن) to enter

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) دَخَلُتُ ~entered

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ا دَخَاوُا they entered

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) دَخَلُتَ thou entered

رَخَلُمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) رُخَلُمُ you entered

أَدُخُلُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) المُذُخُلُ he enters you certainly shall (epl.) النَدُخُلُنَّ enter

> يَدُخُلُونَ acc. اَيَدُخُلُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they enter enter! (perate 2 p.m. sing.)

(perate. 2 p.m. dual.) اَدُخُلاَ enter!

enter! (perate. 2 p. f. sing.) أَذْخُلِيُّ و

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv أَدْخَلْنَا we caused to enter

وَأَدْخَلُنْهُ فِي رَحْمَيْنَا

And We cause him to enter in Our mercy. [21:75]

يُدُخِلُ أَيْدُخِلُ أَنْدُخِلُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُدُخِلُ أَيْدُخِلُ he causes/will cause to enter

I certainly will (emp.) iv أَدْخِلَنَّ cause to enter

لَنْخِلُ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv نُدْخِلُ we will cause SS to enter

دَحَضَ يَدُحَضُ دُحُوضًا (ف)

to annul (an agreement), refute, reject

لِينْحِضُوابِهِ الْحَقَ

In order to refute the truth.
[18:56]

a thing of no-weight, null

كجَنُهُ وَدَاحِضَهُ عِنْدُرتِهِمْ

Their plea is null (and void) with their Lord. [42:16]

(pis. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُدَحِصْين rejected ones, or those cast away

* 2 5 3

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) stretched out

وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ وَخُهَا

And the earth, thereafter He stretched it out. [79:30]

د خ د 🖈

(act. pic. m. plu.) دَاخِرُ وُنَ <they are lowly

دَخَوَ يَذْخُرُ دَخَواً وَ دُخُوراً (ف) to be small, mean

لَّذَّغِوُرُونَ see ذخ ر

د خ ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) دَخُلَ <entered * . . .

يَدُرَأُ دَرُمًا وَ دَرُأَةً (ف) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَدُرَأً دُرُمًا وَ دَرُأَةً (ف) دَرَأً مَدْرَأً دَرُمًا وَ دَرُأَةً (ف)

to repel

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدُرَوُونَ they overcome, combat

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اُدْرَوُّوُا repel

فَادْرَءُواعَنَ أَنْفُيكُوالْمَوْتَ

Then repel death from yourself. [3:168]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi اَدَّارَأَتُمُ you quarrelled (among yourselves)

د ر ج ★

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) x خَسَنَدُرِجُ < we lead SS on step by step

دَرَجَ يَدُرُجُ دُرُوجًا وَ دَرَجَانًا(ن)

to go step by step,

walk, proceed gradually

> ۅٙٲڰۏ۪ۺؘػڰۜٛڹٛۅٳۑٳ۠ێؾؚٙٵڛڬؘۺؾۮڔۣڿؙۿؙۄؙ ڡؚڗؙڽڂڣؙڵڒڽۼػؠؙۅ۠ؽ

And those who deny our signs, we lead them on step by step whence they know not. [7:182]

a degree of (n.) دَرَجَهُ supriority (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) أَذُخلُ cause to enter (1)

أدُخِلْنِي مُدْخَلَ صِدْق

Cause me to enter a rightful entrance. [17:80]

put in (2)

وَادُخِلْيَدَكَ نِي جَيْبِكَ

And put thy hand into thy bosom. [27:12]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) اُدُخِلُ ~is made to enter

أُدْخِلُوا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) أُدْخِلُوا they were made to enter

مِدُخُلُ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) مِدُخُلُ ~shall be made to enter

a means of discord (n.) دخل

وَلَاتَقَوْدُ وَالْيُمَانَكُمْ دَخَلًا بَيْنَكُمْ

And make not your oaths a means of discord amongst you. [16:94]

a retreating place (n.p.) مُدَّخَلُ

مُدُخَلُ (entrance (v.n. mim)

دَاخِلِيْنَ .acc دَاخِلُوْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) entering men

د خ ن 🖈

smoke (n.) دُخَانُ

دِرَاتَ * study (v.n.)

* 4 2

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ろうだく~overtook

أَدْرَكَ « إِدْرَاكاً

to overtake, comprehend, perceive, reach

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv كُنْرِكُ comprehends, overtakes

لْدُرِكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv غُرِكُ ~comprehends

لَاتُتُدِيْكُهُ الْإَبْصَارُ وَهُوَيُدُيِكُ الْأَبْصَارُ

Sights comprehend Him not and He comprehendteh all sights. [6:103]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi こんしん マreached (Jid.) マfavoured

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii しずん

رُارَكُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii دُارَكُوْا they reached one after another

وَرَكُ (v.n.) وَرَكَا v.n.) كَرَكُا لَاقَنْكُورَكُا

Fear not overtaking. [20:77]
abyss

abyss إِنَّ الْمُنْفِعَيْنَ فِي الدِّرْكِيُّ الْكِلْمُنِيِّ مِنَ التَّالِمِ

Verily the hypocrites (shall be) in the lowest abyss of the Fire. [4:145]

والزجال عليفي مدجة

And for men is a degree (of superiority) over them (f. plu.). [2:228]

degrees (phu. n.) تَرَجَاتُ

د ر ر ★

brilliant (adj.) دُرِّیُّ

مِدُرَارٌ (pouring (adj.) مِدُرَارٌ i.e. very capious showers of rain

دَرَّ يَدِرُّ دَرًا وَ دُرُوْراً (ض) to flow capiously

يؤسيل المتعكآء مكينكؤ يتذوازا

He will send the heaven upon you pouring (rain plentifully). [11:52]

د ر س 🖈

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) دَرَسُوْا (they have read (or studied)

دَرَسَ بَدُرُسُ دَرُساً وَ دِرَاسَةً (ن) to read, study

دَرَسْتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) دَرَسْتَ thou has studied

يَدُرُسُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدُرُسُونَ they have been studying

أَدُّرُ سُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مَدُّرُ سُوْنَ you have been studying

what made thee know مَا أَدْرَاكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُدْرِي شامع makes know

مَا يُنْرِيْكَ what makes thee know

د س ر 🖈

دُمْرُ : (nails (plu. n.) . مُرَّرُ دَمُراً (ن) دَمَّرَ يَدُمُو دَمُراً (ن) to repair a ship, nail

د س س 🖈

يَدُسُّ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he buries

آمريك شكة في التخواب

Or shall bury it in the dust [16:59]

دَمَّى (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) buried

وَقَلْ عَلْهِ مَنْ وَلِي مِنْ الْمُسْهَا

And miserable is he who hath buried it. [91:10]

Note:Some grammarians have mentioned the form under the entry of على على على but according to reliable commentators the word belongs to عنى ; the final عنى is replaced by النال to ease the pronunciation. (Arb. Rgh.)

(pis. pic.>iv, m. plu.) مُدْرَكُونَ ~are overtaken

د ز م م

silver coins (phu. n.) دراج

* 6 2 3

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) آُڏُرِيُ I know

 </

مَكْ أَدُرِي أَفَرِيبُ آمْرِيدِينَ مَا تُوْعَدُونَ

And I know not whether nigh or far is that which ye are promised.

[21:109]

آ أَدْرِ . - (genitive) مَا أَدْرِيُ also denotes same مَا أَدْرِيُ

(imperf. 2 p.m sing.) گُذُرِيُ thou knowest

رَدُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مَدُرُوْنَ you know

لَّذِرِيْ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) لَدُرِيْ we know

Note: -All forms of this root are used with nega-

tive particle : 7 . 6 or

آذری or الله (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

made to know

لَمْ يَدُعُ / لَمْ يَدُعُنا (neg.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
he did not call us

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدْعُونَ they call

أَدُعُو (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) نَدُعُو thou call

تَدْعُونَ / تَدْعُوا (acc.)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) you call

نَدْعُوْ ا نَدُعُ (imperf. 1st p. plu.) نَدْعُوْ ا نَدُعُ اللهِ we call

call! (perate. 2 p.m. sing.)

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) دعوا call (you all)

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) دُعِيَ ~was called

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) دُعُوا they were called

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) you were called

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) تَدْعُونَ you are called

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii نَدَّعُونَ they ask for

وُلَهُ وَمَّايِنَ عُونَ

And theirs shall be whatsoever they ask for. [36:57]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii نَدْعُونَ you ask for

* 2 2 3

يَدُعُ رَبِّ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < repel (repels) دَعٌ مَدُعٌ دَعًا (ن)

to repel, thrust, push back violently

َيْدُعُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدُعُونَ they are thrust

thurst (v.n.) (disdainful thrust)

* , 2 ,

دَعَا ﴿ دَعَا ، دَعَا رَبُّهُ ، دَعَانِ ﴾

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<called, prayed, (1)
(him, his lord, me)</pre>

to call (نَ) دَعَا مَدُعُو دُعَاءاً (نِ up, ask for, summon

حَمًا _ إِلَىٰ (2) حَمَّا _ إِلَىٰ (2)

~ascribed (3) $\sqrt{1 - 65}$

آنُ دَعَوْلِلِرِّحْمُنِ وَلَدُّا

That they ascribed unto Rahman a son.

[19:91]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (عُوُّا (مُّمُّةُ) they called (them)

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) (عُوْتُ (عُمْ) I called (them)

(perate. 3 p.m. sing.) إِنَّهُ let-call, he might call

لَهُ دَعُوةُ الْحَقّ

Unto Him is the true call.
[13:14]

claim, message (2)

لَيْسَ لَهُ دَعْدَةً فِي الدُّنيَّا وَلَا فِي الْاحْرَةِ

(ho) hath no claim (or message) in the world or in the Hereafter. (Pic.)

Which is not to be invoked in the world nor in the Hereafter. (Jid.) [40:43]

prayer (3)

أجيب وعوالكاع إذادعان

I answer the prayer of the supplicant when he calls on Me. [2:186]

دَعُواهُمُ (> دَعُولَى هُمُ) (١٠.)

are a call, particularly, a calling or crying for aid, or succour. (LL)

د ف ء 🖈

دِفْ وَ (دِهُمُّا) (warmth (n.) حِفْ وَ رَهُوَ يَدُنُوُ دَفَا مَةً دَفَاً يَدُفَاً دَفَاً وَ دَفُوَ يَدُنُوُ دَفَا مَةً (ف ، ك)

to be or keep warm

هْنَاالَّذِي كُنْتُوبِهِ تَتَاعُونَ

This is that which you have been asking (or calling) for. [67:27]

دَاع / دَاعِي (act. pic. m. sing.) دَاع / دَاعِي a caller, summoner

supplication, prayer (1) (n.)

ومَادُعَآءُ الكَفِينِيَ إِلَا فِي ضَلْل

And the supplication of disbelievers only goeth stray. [13:14]

دُعَاءِ (دُعَاءِ+ يُ my prayer (دُعَاءِ (دُعَاءِ اللهِ

My Lord! and accept The prayer [14:40]

Or followed by a preposition

وَلَوْ ٱلْنَ إِنْ عَلْمِكَ رَبِّ شَقِيًّا

And I have not (yet) been in my prayer to Thee, O my Lord, unblest. [19:4] calling (2)

> لَاتَحْتَلُوْادُمَا آوَالرَّيْوُلِ بَيْنَكُوْكُدُمَا ۗ بَعْفِحُمْ يَعْضًا

Place not the massengers calling among you (on the same footing) as your calling of each other.

[24:63]

أَدْعِياءُ adopted son (plu. n.)

دَعُونَ (v.n.) (call (1

averter (act. pic.) دَافِيْعُ

د ف ق ★

دَافِقُ (act. pic. m. sing.) دَافِقُ

دَفَقَ بَدُفُقُ دَفُقاً وَ دُفُوُقاً (ن) to flow with force.

> د ك ر ★ ادَّكَرَ عود ذك ر مُدَّكِرُ عود ذك ر د ك ك ★

is grounded (pp. f. sing.) دُكُّتُ رَكُّ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلِيْكُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ

كَلْالِدُادُكُتِ الْأَرْضُ دَكُا

Nay! when the earth is ground (to atoms) with grinding. [89:21]

i.e. when the earth will be made to crumble to pieces.

(pp. f. dual.) الْكُنَّةُ (the earth and mountain) are crushed

a single crash (n.) \$5

(v.n.)

dust, crumble dust, powder, crumble (n.)

د ف ع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) دَفَعَةُ to repel, to defend, to pay (to hand over مَدَفَعَ RF)

وَإِذَا دَنَعْنُمُ النِّهِمْ امْوَالَهُمْ

When ye hand over their substance to them. [4:6]

(perate 2 p. m. sing.) إِذْنَعُ repel

إِذَ فَعْ بِالَّذِيْ هِيَ آحُسَنُ

Repel thou the evil with that which is the best. [23:96]

> (perate. 2 p.m. phu.) اَدُفَعُوا handover (1)

> > فَادْفَعُوْلِالِيْهِمُ الْمُوالَهُمُ

Handover to them their substance. [4:6]

defend (i.e. in the (2)

meaning of ذَافَعَ iii)

تَلِينُوا فَي سَيِيلِ اللهِ آوِادُفَعُوا

Fight in the way of Allah or defend. [3:167]

رُدَافِعُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii يُدَافِعُ defends, repels

إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُنْ فِعُ عِن النِّينَ المَوْا

Verily Allah will repel from those who believe. [22:38] you convey

bucket (n,) مَزُونًا تَدُلُونًا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv

آدَلَیْ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v آدَلَیْ He let himself down

1,1,

בק see בק و

(quad. perf. 3 p.m. sing.) دَمُدَمُ <- overwhelmed

دَمْدَمَ كِدَمْدِمُ دَمْدَمَةً

to give over to destruction (God)

* > 1 >

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii annihilated, destroyed, wiped out,

>> دَمَرَ مَدُمُرُ دُمُوراً وَ دَمَاراً (ن)

to perish utterly, be annihilated

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii いっこう

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~annihilates, destroys

destroying (v.n.) ii گذمیر

* 213

<tear (n.) الدَّمْعُ

* 4 1 1

the declination (v.n.)

* 1 1 .

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<indicated, showed, pointed at, guided, discovered

to show, point out, indicate

مَا دَلَهُ وَعَلَى مَوْتِيَةِ إِلَّا دَأَبَةُ الْدَرْضِ

Naught indicated his death to them except a moving creature. [34:14]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) Js

point at shall I lead you? مَلْ أَدُلُّكُمْ المُعَالِقِينَ عَلَيْهِ المُعَالِقِينَ المُعَلِّقُ المُعَالِقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعَالِقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعِلَّقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعْلِقِينَ المُعَلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعْلِقِينَ المُعْلِقِينَ المُعْلِقِينَ المُعْلِقِينَ المُعْلِقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ المُعِلِّقِينَ الم

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we lead, guide etc.

indication (v.n.) الله

د ل و 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<caused to fall to draw (ز) دَلُو دَلُوا (ن) دَلُو دَلُواً (ن)</p>

the bucket out of the well

فَنَالْهُمَا بِغُرُورٍ

Thus with guile he caused the twain to fall. [7:22]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv كُلُّ حادة down worse, lower (1)

قَالَ اَتَنتَهُولُونَ الَّذِي مُوَاذَنْ بِالَّذِي هُوَخَيْرٌ

He said: Would you exchange that which is better?
[2:61]

best (way) (2)

ذُلِكُوا مُسَلَاعِنُكَ اللهِ وَاقْوَمُ لِلشَّهَادَةِ وَادَلَى الاَتَوْتَالِوْآ

This is more equitable in the sight of Allah and makes testimony surer and the best way to keep away from doubts. [2:282]

more fit, more proper (3)

ذٰلِكَ آدُنَّى ٱلْأَنَّعُولُوا

That is more fit that you may not do injustice. [4:3]

more likely, more (4) probable

ذٰ لِكَ آدُنَى آنُ يَأْتُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ عَلَى وَجُعِهَا

That is more likely that they produce the testimony according to the fact thereof. [5:108]

nearer, near (5)

فِنَ أَدُنَّ الْكُرْضِ

In a nearer land. [30:3]

فَكَانَ قَالَ قَوْسَيْنِ آوَادُنْ

Till he was two bows length off or (yet) nearer. [53:9]

دَمَعَ يَدُمَعُ دَمُعًا (ف)

to shed tears (from eyes)

د م غ *

رَدُمَتُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) <knocks out SS's brain

دَمَغَ يَدُمُّغُ دَمُغًا (ف،ن) to destroy

*

دَمُّ / الدَّمُ (n.) حَمَّ / الدَّمُ (مَّ) حَمِّ يَدُمُ دَمًّا (س)

to bleed, be blood-stained bloods (plu. n.) دِمَاءٌ | الدَّمَاءُ

د ن ر ★

a gold coin of ancient (n.) دُنِنَارُ times

د ن و 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) is

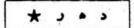
> دَمَا مَدُنُو دُنُوا (ن)

to be or come near

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) يُدُنِينَ they should let down

(act. pic. m. sing.) دَانِ near at hand (within reach) litt. nearest (elative)

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الدَّهْرُ (n.) time

(Time from the beginning of the world to its end. Hence because, in the sense time brings to pass events, good and evil, was applied by the Arabs to 'fortune' or 'fate' and they used to blame or revile it—LL).

وتمايُفلِكُنَّا إِلَّا الدَّهُرُ

And naught destroyeth us save time. [45:24]

د ۵ ق 🖈

دِهَاقُ (v.n.) وَهَاقُ دُهُمَّا (ف) دَهَقَ يَدُهَقُ دَهُمًّا (ف) to fill (a glass)

وَكَأْسُادِهَاقًا

And a overflowing cup.

[78:34]

* * * >

(pis. pic. > xi, f. dual.) (the colour of that two gardens) dark-green (black by reason of intense greenness from abundant irrigation—LL)

less, fewer (6)

وَلَوْا دُنْ مِنْ فَالِكَ وَلَوْا كُثُرَ

And neither less or fewer than that, nor more. [58:7]

this world (7)

يَلْغُنُونَ عَرضَ مُدَاالُادُ أَن

Taking the gear of this nearer life (i.e. this world). [7:169]

وكَنُونِ يُعَنَّعُهُمْ مِينَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَدُنَ

And certainly We will make them taste the nearer punishment (i.e. earthly or worldly punishment).

[32:21]

الدُّنْيَا (أَدُنْ f. form of)

litt. The nearer, within reach (opp. Fig. 1) Hereafter)

ncarer (1)

إِذْ أَنْتُوْ بِالْعُدُو قِالدُّهُ أَيَا وَهُوْ بِالْعُنْدُوةِ الْعُصْوٰى

When you were on the nearer side (of the valley) and they were on the farther side. [8:42]

(opp. أَكْنَوْنَ) this world (2)

اشتركا لتيؤة الذنيك الفيقة

They bought the life of this world for the Hercafter.
[2:86]

دَارَ یَدُوْرُ دَوْراً وَ دَوْرَاناً (ن) to revolve, go around, circulate

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv گُدِيُرُونَ you circulate

abode, dwelling place, (n.)

دِیَادٌ (دَادٌ) dwellings, country houses
inhabitant (ints.)

turn (act. pic. f. sing.) دَاثْرَةُ السَّوْءِ evil turn (دَاثْرَةُ السَّوْءِ evil turn (

د و ل ★

دُولَة (٧.١٠)

حدال تَدُوُلُ دَوُلَةً (ن)

to be in continual rotation,

change (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) نُدَاوِلُ

we change about

***** 6 9 5

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) دامت (remained, existed

دَامَ يَدُومُ دَوُمًا وَ دَوَامًا (ن)

to continue, endure, persist,

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) دُمُتَ thou remained ادُهَامٌ ، ادْهَامًا ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، الْهُمَامُ ، ادْهَامًا

* 0 . .

أَدُمِنُ (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv thou shouldst be pliant iv. أَدُمَنَ الْمُعَالَاً

to be pliant, treat gently, deceive

أَدُهِنُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv دُهُنُونَ they would be pliant

وَذُوالوَتُدُهِنَ فَيُدُهِنُونَ

They wish that thou shouldst be pliant so they (too) be pliant. [68:9]

مُدُمِنُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) مُدُمِنُونَ those who take SS lightly

oil (cooking oil) (n.) الدُّمْنُ

red hide (n.) الدَّمَانُ

* 6 * 3

(elative, n.)

<more grevious

دَمَىٰ يَكُمَٰىٰ دَمُيّاً (ف)

to bring misfortune upon

* 2 2 2

لَدُورُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) لَدُورُ <roll about not at your level in sincerity to religion. (Rgh.)
[3:118]

وَيَغْفِرُمُأُدُونَ ذَٰ إِلَى

And He forgives what is besides that i.e. what is less than that. (Rgh.) [4:48]

other than, besides (2)

لَيْنَ لَمُ مِنْ مُدْنِهِ وَلَيْ وَلَا سَفِيهُ

There shall be for them no partner nor intercessor besides Him. [6:51]

د ی ن 🖈

lending, debt (n.) دَيْنُ دَيْنًا (ض to owe (مَنَ يَدِيْنُ دَيْنًا (مَن (ii) money, lend, borrow دَيْنًا وَ دِيَانَةً (ii) to be religious, be a believer to requite, دَيْنًا وَالْنَ (iii) reward, deliver judgement (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi مَدَايَنُتُمُ عُن deal one with another

إذَاتَكَ ايَنْتُمْ بِدَيْنِي

When ye deal, one with another, in lending. [2:282]

يَدِيْنُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they observe (a religion) رَامُوْا (pref. 3 p.m. plu.) دَامُوْا they remained

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) دُمْتُ I remained

Note: All forms of this root are preceded by آه Thus مَا دَامُوا، مَا دَامُون express the duration of time, e.g.

مَا دَامَتِ السَّنونَ وَالْأَرضُ

So long as the heavens and the earth remain.

[11:107]

لن تَدُخُلُهَا الْبَدُامَادَامُوافِيهَا

We shall never enter it so long as they remain. [5:24]

مادمتمخوا

So long as you are in the state of of sanctity. [5:96]

(act. pic. m. sing.) دُاءَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) دَايْمُونَ constant

* 6 9 9

a particle, it denotes (1) SS less than SS

لَاتَغَيْضُوْابِطَانَةً مِنْ وُفَيْكُوْ

Take not for an intimate (anyone) besides yourselves i.e. those who are

obedience (4)

المَّاعُبُ وَاللَّهُ مُنْفِلِهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ البَّيْنَ Worship thou Allah, making exclusion for him in the obedience. [39:2]

آلكيلاءاليتين الخالص

Lo, for Allah is the obedience exclusively. [39:3]

is primarily obedience and not religion which denotes any system of faith and worship.

Hence image means sincere and exclusive obedience to and service of God—LL)

لَايَدِينُونَ دِيْنَ الْحَقّ

They observe not a true religion. [9:29]

يرُنَّ (n.) judgement (1) (n.) دِيْنَ مُلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ

Owner of he Day of Judgement. [1:3]

religion (2)

وَيُكُونَ الدِّينُ مِلْهِ

And religion is for Allah.
[2:193]

law (3)

ا كَانَ لِيَأَنِّ الْمِيْكِ الْمِيْكِ He was not to take his brother by the law of the king. [12:76]

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كتاب الذال

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) الْخَاعُ ذَعُا (فَ) الله slaughtered
(فَعُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ ال

a wolf (n.) الذُّنْبُ أَدُونُما لَا اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَما لَا اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ عَلَما لَا اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰمُلّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰمُلّ

مَذَبُدِينَ (pact. pic. > quad.) مُذَبُدِينَ those who are wavering (between this and that)

~is slaughtered

~slays, (slaying)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

an atom's weight مِثْقَالَ ذَرِّةِ children, progeny, (n.) ذُرِّيَة descendants

وَلَهُ زُرْتِيَهُ الْمُعَمَّلَةُ

He hath progeny of weaklings. [2:266]

ذُرِّيَّاتُ (ذُرِّيَةٌ) وَرَبَّةُ offsprings, generations

ذرع 🖈

أَدُرُعُ length (n.)

فِرَاع (n.) (cubits (1) (n.)

تُعَوِّنُ سِلْسِلَةٍ ذَرْعُهَاسَبْعُوْنَ ذِرَاعًا فَاسْلَكُوهُ

Then in a chain, thereof the length is seventy cubits, bind him. [69:32]

forelegs (2)

دَكَلْبُهُمْ بَالِسُطُ ذِرَاعَيْهِ بِالْوَحِيْدِ

While their dog stretched forth his two forelegs on the threshold. [18:18]

وَضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا

And he felt straitened on their account. [11:77]

Note: This is an idiomatic phrase which means 'he was distressed and felt himself powerless to do what he ought to have done.' (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُذْبِحُونَ they slay, (were slaying) (pact. pic.) مَذْبُوحُ <(n.)

ذ خ د ★

نَدَّخِرُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii مَدَّخِرُونَ you store

ذَخَرَ يَذُخَرُ ذُخُراً (ف) to save, store, make provi-

ذ ر ء 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) آزَةَ <created

ذَرَأَ يَلُوَأُ ذَرُهَا (ف)

to create, multiply

sion for

ذَرَأُنَا (perf. 1st p. phu.) لَا يَرُأُنَا we have created

رَدُواً (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) آَنُواً he creates, multiplies

يَدُ دُوْكُونِيُهِ

(He is) multiplying you.

[42:11]

ذ ر ر **★**

قرة (n.) atom

litt: smallest kind of ant, resembling in weight and shape to atom or smallest seed of grain

ذَكَّ بَذُكُ ذِكُما (ن)

to remember, call back to memory, admonish, recollect

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ذَكُرُوا they remembered

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) こうらi thou remembered

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَذَكُرُ مُهُ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ السَّاءِ ا

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) 555

nom. يَذْكُرُولَ acc. يَذْكُرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they remember

لِتَذُكُرُوا (el.) لِيَذُكُرُوا for they may remember

nom. أَذَكُرُ <acc. أَذَكُرُ

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I remember, that I remember

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) اَذْكُورُ we remember

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اَذَكُرُ remember!

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) أَذْكُرُوا remember !

(perate 2 p.f. plu.) اَذْكُرُنَ remember!

ween اَذَكُونَ (perate f. plu.), that means, O you women remember!) and

ذرو★

ذَرًا يَذُرُو ذَرُوا (ن)

to scatter, disperse

هَشِيْمًا تَذُرُوهُ الرِّيْحُ

Dry stuble which the winds scatter. [18:45]

ذَرُوَّ (n. plu. of ذَارِيَّةً (n. plu. of ذَارِيَّةً

winds, as they are dispersing

وَاللَّهِ بِيْتِ ذَرُوًا

By the dispersing (winds) that disperse. [51:1]

ذع ن ★

(Ap-der. iv, m. plu.) acc. مُذُعِنِينَ <(they will come) in submission, willingly

ذَعَنَ يَذُعَنُ ذَعْنًا (ف)

و أَذْعَنَ ، إِذْعَانًا vo obey, iv إِذْعَانًا submit to

ذق ن ★`

الْآذُوَّانُ (ذِقْنُ chins (plu. of

ذ ك ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) -55 ≤~remembered (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii '55] recollected.

زَدُّوُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii تَذَوُّ receives admonition, remembers

(imperf 3 p.m. plu.) viii يَّذَكُرُونَ they receive admonition (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, acc. يَّذَكُرُورُ that they may receive admonition

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) لِيَـذِّكُرُوا for they may receive admonition

عَدُرٌ ، الذَّكُرُ ، nom. فِكُمَّ ، الذَّكُرُ ، الذَّكُرُ ، الذَّكُرُ ، الذَّكُرُ ، mention (1) (n.)

ذِكُوْرَخْمَتِورَتِكَ

Mention of the mercy of thy Lord. [19:2]

remembrance (2)

وَلَيْكُو اللهِ أَكْبُرُ

And surely the remembrance of Allah is the greatest. [29:45]

reminder, admonition (3) (i.e. the holy Quran)

وَهٰذَاذِكُوْمُهُمُ اللَّهِ أَنْزَلْنَهُ

And this is a Reminder blest, We have sent down (i.e. from heaven). [21:50]

reminder, (1) (n.) ذِكُرُىٰ admonition (perate. 2 p.m.

sing, with a pronoun 3 suffixed, meaning, remember me) should be noted.

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ is mentioned

وَدُكِرَ فِيهَا الْفِتَالَ

And therein fighting is mentioned. [47:20]

إذَاذُكُواللهُ وَحِلَتُ ثُلُوبُهُمُ

When Allah is mentioned their hearts are filled with awe. [8:2]

يُذَكَّرُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) يُذَكَّرُ SS is mentioned

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii うら

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) ii وُ كُرُنُّمُ you are admonished

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) ii دُكُرُ admonish!

(pref. 3, p.m. sing.) v - 53

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) v receives admonition, remembers

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu) v مَنْدَذُكُرُونَ they remember, receive admonition

تَذَكِّرُونَ (تَنَذَكَّرُونَ)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v you remember, receive admonition مَذُكُورٌ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مَذُكُورٌ mentioned one, mentionable man (opp. woman) (n.)

(n. dual.) acc. الذَّكَرَيْنَ male (opp. female) males (plu. n.) الذَّكُرَ انُ / ذُكُرُ انًا

ذكى ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii النام litt: you have cleaned; technically: you have slaughtered in an awful way

< ذَكَّى (ii) تَذْكِيَّةً

to slaughter

* 1 1 3

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii دَّلَّٰتُ <we have subdued, subjected يُذِلُّ ذُلًا يَذِلُ ذُلُّاً وُلُّالِ

وَ ذِلَّةً وَ مَـذَلَّةً (ض)

to be low, gentle, contemptible, submissive, humiliated, meek

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ذُلْكُ are made down (easy to reach)

تَذُلِلْ (v.n.>ii.) تَذُلِلْ

hanging down, making something low, humiliating

ذٰلِكَ وَكُوٰى لِلدُّ كِوِيْنَ

This is a Reminder unto the mindfuls (those who remember) [11:14]

recollection (2)

فَلَاتَقَعُكُ بِعُكَ الذِّيكُولِي مَعَ الْقَوْمِ

And sit not thou, after the recollection, with the wrong-doing people. [6:68] reminder, admonish (n.)

يْقَوْمِ إِنْ كَانَكَ بُرَعَكَيْكُوْ مَّقَامِيْ وَتَذْكِيُوِيْ بِأَيْتِ اللهِ

O my people! if my standing forth and my admonishment with the commandments of Allah be hard upon you, then....

[10:71]

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الذَّاكِرِينَ mindful men (those who remember)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الذاكرات mindful women (those who remember)

مَذَكِّرُ admonisher (Ap-der. >ii.) مُذَكِّرُهُ

one who would be admonished (Jid.), one will mind (M.A.), one who rememtereth. (Pic.)

meanest, lowest, (elative.) الْآذَلُّنَ powerless (opp. powerful) (plu. of الْآذَلُّنَ) الْآذَلُّنَ) الْآذَلُّنَ) الْآذَلُّنَ أَلَّنَ أَلَّانَ أَلَّانًا) الْآذَلُّنَ أَلِّنَ أَلَّانًا أَلْكُونًا أَلَّانًا أَلَّانًا أَلْكُونًا لَاكُونًا أَلْكُونًا أَلْكُونًا أَلْكُونًا أَلْكُونًا أَلْكُونًا

* 1 1 3

agreement, convenant, (n.) فِقَةُ pact < blamed one (pact. pic.) مَذُمُومٌ to blame (نَمَّ يَدُمُ ذَمًّا وَ ذِمَّةً (نَ)

> ذ ن ب خ <crime (1) (n.)</p>

أَذُنَبَ يُذُنِبُ (iv) إِذْمَابًا to commit a fault or crime, be guilty

وَلَهُوْعَلَى ذَنْكِ

And they have a crime against me. [26:14]

sin (2)

بِأَيِّ ذَنْبٍ مُتِلَتُ

For what sin she was slain. [81:9]

sins (plu. of زُنْبُ) وَنُبُّ portion (Rgh.) (n.)

Note: زُوْبُ (dhumub) is plural of ذَبُّ sin, crime, offence etc. But زُوْبُ (dhamub) is singular, litt. bucket meta, portion.

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv ປັ່ງລັ້ thou abasest

أَذِلُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we are disgraced

meekness (n.)

made submissive (1) (ints.)

إِنَّهَا بَعْرَةٌ لَاذَ لُولٌ تُرِيِّزُ الْأَرْضَ

Verily, she should be a cow not made submissive to plough the land. [2:71] subservient (2)

مُوالَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُوُ الْأَرْضَ ذَلُولًا

He is it who made the earth subservient to you, [67:15]

submissively (plu. n.) acc.

weak, humble (1) (plu. n.) آَذِلًا (opp. powerful, well armed)

وكقد نَصَرُ عُواللهُ بِدُيرِ وَانْتُعُواذِلَّةُ

And Allah certainly helped you at Badr when you were humble (or weak). [3:123]

low (opp. noble) (2)

إِنَّ النَّمُوْكَ إِذَا مَعَلُوَّا قَرْيَةٌ أَفَسَدُوهَا وَ جَمَّلُوَّا آخِرًةً أَهْلِهَا أَذِلَةً

Surely the kings, when they enter a town, ruin it and make the noblest of its people the most low. [27:34] (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اُذُهِبُمُ you removed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) removes, takes away

(el. m. sing.) acc. لِنُدُهِبَ in order to take away, or remove

رُوسَتُ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) الْحُوسُ he certainly will take away, or certainly he will remove

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv يُذُهِبُنَ they will take away

gold (n.) ذَهَتْ

نَمَابُ _ ب (۱.n.) taking away

goer, outgoer (act. pic.)

* 4 6 6

نَدُمَلُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) لَذُمَلُ she will forget (فَهُ لاَ (فَ) <

to forget, neglect

* * * *

litt. possessor. (m. sing.)
(demonstrative pronoun)
with, on, in, of

وَإِنْ كَانَ ذُوْعُنْرُةٍ فَنَظِرَةً إِلَى مَيْرَةٍ

If (the debtor) is in the straitness, let there be postponement till (he is in) ease. [2:280]

ذ م ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) دَهَبَ < ~ went, is gone (فَهَبَ يَذُهَبُ ذِهَابًا وَ مَذُهَبًا (ف to go

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) نَعَبَ بِ رَحْمَهِ ~took away

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) دَهَبُوا مِ بِي they took away

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ذَهَبَ _ عَنْ ~is gone away, departed

we went (perf. 1st. p. plu.) ذَهُبُنَا

يَدْعَبُوا . acc يَدْعَبُوْنَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they go

nom. تَدُّمَبُونَ (el.) acc. المَّذُمَبُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you may take away

(epl. Ist. p. plu.) لَنَدُهُنَّ بِ we surely will take away

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اَذْهَبُ go (thou)

(perate 2 p.m. dual) اَذُهَا go (you twain)

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) اَذْهَبُوُا go (you)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~removed

(perf. 3 p.m.dual.) 55

زَاقُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَقُوا they tasted

acc. يَذُونَ > لِيَدُونَ (el. 3 p.m. sing.)

that he may taste

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. الْمَدُوُ وَوُا that they may taste

لَا يَلُدُقُونَ < بَلُدُقُونَ

(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) they will not taste

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) دُقُ taste! thou

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) دُوْقُوا taste! you

أَذَاقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَذَاقَ

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv اَذَوْنَا we made taste

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv يُذِيقُ سيديق makes SS taste

أَدُونُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv لَدُونُ we make SS taste

we certainly shall (e.m. p.) نُذِيْقَنَّ make SS taste

one who tastes (or) will taste

acc. اَيْقُونَ nom. ذَايْقُونَ (act. pic. m. phu.)

those who will have to taste

ditto in acc. position 15

ذِي ditto in gen. position

وَفَوْقَ كُلِّي ذِي عِلْمِ عَلِينَهُ

And above every knowing one is a knower. [12:76]

ذَاتَ الْيَمَيُنِ ditto (f. sing.) ذَاتُ الْيَمَيُنِ on the right

on the left القيمال

ذَوَاتًا (f. dual.)

ذَوَاتَا آخَتَانِ

(The both gardens are) with spreading branches.

[55:48]

ذ و د ★

أَذُوُدَانِ (imperf. 3 p.m. dual) < the twain were keeping back.

دَادَ يَذُودُ ذَوُداً (ن) to keep back

ذ و ق ★

زَافَتْ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) زَافَتْ

ذَاقَ يَذُونُ ذَوُقًا

وَ مَذَاقًا وَ مَذَاقًهُ (ن)

to taste, experience

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَذَاعُوا اللهِ اله

كتاب الراء

رَأْفَ يَرْأُفُ رَأُهَا ۗ وَرَأْفَ ۖ (ف، ك) to be kind, merciful, show pity, be compassionate

رَوُوْنَ (extensive n.) رَوُوْنَ دُوْنَا (clement, compassionate

ر ای 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
<∼saw

رَأْ'، رَأَىٰ

رَأَىٰ يَرَىٰ رَأَياً وَ رُؤْيَةً (ف) to see, perceive, think, have

an opinion, judge (perf. 2 p.m. sing.)

thou sees

When an interrogative (أ) is placed before the word it will be read as

hast thou seen?

I saw (perf. 1st. p. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they saw

ر اس ★

رَأْسٌ ، الرَّأْسُ ، الرَّأْسُ ، الرَّأْسُ ، الرَّأْسُ وَالسَّةَ (ف)

to be a chief, the head (of a tribe)

رَوُّوْسٌ (رَأْسٌ plu. of) heads (or hoods) (1)

كَأَنَّهُ زُوْوْسُ الشَّيْطِيْنِ

As they were the heads of satans. [37:65]

initial capital, (2) principle

مَانْ تَبْتُمُ وَلَكُمُ رُودُونُ وَأَمْوَالِكُمْ

And if you repent, then you shall have your capital.

[2:279]

ر **ا ف ***

رَأْنَة (v.n.) خَأْنَة

last letter, thus will be written if a pronoun is to follow: i.e. you have seen it (or) him. ءَ کی (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) hash seen (litt. he sees) as A after آوَلَهُ يَوَالُونْسَانُ Seest not man (that.....) [36:77] (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hast seen (thou see) Did thou not see those who went forth from their habitations? [2:243] (imperf. 2 p. f.) emp. thou seest And thou seest any human being. [19:26] I see (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) we see (imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

attached to a pronoun (iv)

أَدَا كُمُهُ ، أَرَيْنَاكَ ، أَرَيْنَاهُ : as

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

أَرَاكُمُ he showed them unto thee

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) they women saw (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you saw, you have seen observed, beheld have you seen? have you then أَفَرَأَنُهُ seen (or) have you then observed? (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) she saw (perf. 2 p. sing.) = 1 hast thou seen ? (prefixed ()) of interrogative particle) (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) أَرَأَبُمُ have you seen ?

of expression to say e.g. hast thou seen or seest thou? أَرَابُكُ i.e. bethinkest thou.

فَالْ الدَّيْ يُتَكَ هٰذَا الَّذِي كُرِّمْتَ عَلَيَ

(Iblis) said: bethinkest Thou: this one whom Thou hast honoured above me? [17:62]

you saw رَأَيْمُ Same is written with an additional (و) after the

~showeth

ارًاْیَ اَلْمَیْنِ beholding with one's own eyes

opinion (n.) ارَّاٰیُ immature opinion مادِیَ ارَّاٰی appearance (n.)

هُمُ الْمُسْنَ الْمَاكَا وَرِهُ يَا

Who (were) goodlier in goods and outward appearance. [19:74]

vision (n.) ارْقُومًا making show (n.)

ر ب **ب** *

رَبِّ Lord, Sustainer (n.)

Lord is but a poor substitute for the Arabic which signifies not only the Sovereign but the Sustainer, the Nourisher, the Regulator, and the Perfector. The relation in which the God of Islam stands to all His creation is that of Righteous, Benign Ruler and not that of mere father.

(Jid.) imeans the Universal Patron, the Allin-All Guardian. Not a tribal deity, nor the national God of any specially favoured race or people, nor any narrow "Lord of the hosts" or the anthropomorphic "our father in heaven" (Jid. > LL)

أَدَيْنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we showed (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv he shows (imperf. 2 p. sing.) iv thou show (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I show (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we show show (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) أرنى show me أرناً ~is seen (pip.) they will be shown (pip.) يَ اَوُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they make show

الَّذِينَ هُو يُرَآءُونَ

Those who make show.

[107:6]

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi ر (they) see each other

فَلَتَاتُوا ء الْجَمْعُين

When the two parties saw each other. [26:61]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) vi رَاعَتْ they faced each other

فكتأثرا كرت الينتني

When the two groups faced each other. [8:48]

beholding, seeing (n.v.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v يَتْرَبُّصُ he waits

أَيْرَبَصُونَ v (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v يَرَبَصُونَ they wait

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) v يَتَرَبِّصُنَ they (f.) wait, they should wait

رَّبَّهُوُنَ vou are waiting (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v

(imperf. ist. p. plu.) v مُرَّبَّهُ we are waiting

رَّبَّهُوُ (perate 2 p. plu.) v ارِّبَّهُوْ you wait!

waiting (v.n.) رَبُّصُ

مَرِّبِعُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) مُرِّبِعُونَ

ر ب ط 🖈

رَبَطُنَا (perf. 1st. p. plu.) (بَطُنَا رَبُطُ وَ رِبَاطُةً (ضَ) (خَبُطُ وَرِبَاطُةً (ضَ) to be firm, to tie, fasten

رَابِطُوُ ا (perate. 2 m. plu.) iii ابطُوُ ا be ever ready! be steadfast!

رِبَاطًا الْحَيْلُ strings (v.n.) iii دِبَاطًا الْحَيْلُ strings of horses

ر بع 🖈

one-forth (fraction)

fours (plu. num.)

often (LL), (particle)
oft times, in the Hereafter
(Jid.), it my be (Pic.),
the time may come (Sale.),

رِبِّیُوْنَ (godly men (plu. n.) رِبِّیُوْنَ رَبِّ

to be master (i)

to feed (ii)

perchance (Arb.)

to bring up a (iii) child

رَبَائِبُ stepdaughters (plu. n.)

divines, (plu. n.) رَبَّانِیِّنَ ، رَبَّانِیُّنَ worshippers of the Lord, faithful servants of the Lord

رَبِتَ see ربو

رَجِحَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) رَجِحَتْ (profited (س) رَبِحَ رَبُحَ رِبُحًا وَ رَبَاحًا (س) to gain, be successful in

trade

مَا رَجِمْتُ profited not

ر ب ص ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v رَبُّعُمْ you waited

to wait, تَرَبُّعُمْ v تَرَبُّعُمْ
watch for an opportunity however slight, over and above the principle sum lent, and this includes both usury and interest) (Jid. P. 3, n. 141)

note: the Quranic transcription of this word is رُبُّ in the above verses; also with رَبَّا is to be noted in Q. 30:39.

they twain brought up they (parents) brought me up or raised me up, i.e. sustained and took care of me

(assim رُّبَّة () مُرَّبِّة (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we bring up

did we not bring اللهُ رُبُّكُ thee up?

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. رَايِتًا swelling (or) on top

(act. pic. f. sing.) acc. آلِيَة increasing

a height (n.) دَبُوَةً

ر ت ع 🖈

رُنْعُ (imperf. 3 p.m, sing.) رُنْعُ (refresh himself with fruits رَنَّعُ رَبُّعًا وَ رِبَّاعًا دَ وَ وَالَّعَ دَرُنَّعُ دَرُنُعًا وَ رِبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبَّاعًا وَ وَرَبُّعًا (ف satisfaction (و رُبُوعًا (ف)

four (cardinal num.) أَرْبَعُ مِمْ الْرَبِعَةُ وَالْرَبِعَةُ الْرُبِعَةُ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمُعَالِّينَ forty (cardinal num.) وَأَبِعُ فِي اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) دَبَت

<~swelled</p>
(رَبَا بَرُبُو رِبَاءاً وَ رُمُواً (ن)

to increase, grow (child), augment wealth

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

in order te get increased

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُرِين makes increased

more increased (elative)
i.e. in number, more
numerous

اَنْ تَكُونَ اُمَّةً فِي اَدْنِي مِنْ اُمَّةٍ A community may be more

numerous than (another) community. [16:92]

الرِّباً (الرِّبو) (usury (n.)

is but partially covered by the English word usury which in modern parlance means only an exorbitant or extortionate interest; the Arabic on the other hand means any addition,

* 5 5 3

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) رُجَّتُ <-is shaken to shake, (نَّ رُجَّ رُجًا (نَّ) make termble, termble.

shaking (acc. v.n.)

* ; 5)

evil kind of punishment.

كأنزلنا عكى الذين ظلكواد جزاين التمآء

Then We sent down upon the wrong-doer wrath from the heaven. [2:59]

pollution (n.) الرُّجُرُ

وَالزُّجُزَفَاهُجُرُ

And the pollution shun, (i.e. pollution of idolatry)[74:5]

ر ج س ★

رِجُسُ (n.) رِجُزُّ (synonym of رِجُنُّ (uncleanliness (1)

رَجِسَ بَرُجِسُ رَجُسًا وَ to disgrace and (س) defile one-self by a shameful deed, thunder (sky)

لِيُدُوبَ عَنْكُمُ الرِّجُسَ

To take away uncleanliness from you. [33:33]

ر ت ق ★

closed up (acc. n.) رَثُقًا (ن to close, (نُهُمًّا (ن) be joined together

ر ت ل ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii رَبِّلُنَا we intonated (in repeating or recitation)

رَأْلُ !! زَنْبِلاً
 رَأْلُ ! زَنْبِلاً
 رَأْلُواً ! زَنْلِاً

to read gracefully and distinctly

intonation (v.n.>ii) تَرْنِيلُ (of the Quran) with measured voice

رُوَّلُ (perate 2 p.m.) رُوَّلُ recite with intonation

signifies pronouncing the word or words with ease and correctness; this is the proper signification but the conventional meaning is being regardful of the places of utterance of the letters, and mindful of the pauses, and the lowering of the voice, and making it plaintive, in reading or reciting.

رَجَعُمُّ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you returned

رَجَعُنَا (perf. 1st. p. plu.) (رَجَعُنَا) we returned

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَجِعُ returns, answers

يُرْجِعُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُجِعُوْنَ they return, bring answer

(imperf. 2 p. plu.) رُجِعُونَ you take back

فَلَوْلَا إِنْ كُنْ تُوْغَيْرُ مَدِينِيْنَ

تَرْجِعُونَهَ آاِنُ كُنْ تُوصِدِقِيْنَ

Why then, if ye are not in bondage, do you not force it back, if ye are trustful? [56:86-87]

> (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) رُجِعُ go back (1)

> > انجغإلى رتيك

Return to thy Lord. [12:50]

bring back, (2) repeat

ثنو ارجع البقر كزتين

Then repeat thy look twice over. [67:4]

(perate. 2 p. f. sing.) ارْجِعِيْ return thou

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) الْرَجِمُوا return you (m. plu.) (Allah is addressed by man in plural instead of singular as a sign of regards.) wrath (2)

فالَ قَدُ وَ تَعَ عَلَيْكُو مِنْ تَرَكُّوْرِجْسٌ وَعَضَبُ

He said surely there have befallen you wrath and indignation from your Lord. [7:71]

> pollution (3) of the idolatry

> > فَأَجْتَنِبُوااللِّرْجِسَ مِنَ الْأَوْثَلُن

So avoid the pollution of the idols. [22:30]

* 6 5 7

رجع (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رجع

رَجَعَ يَرُجِعُ رُجُوعًا وَ مَرْجَعًا (ض) to return, turn

back, repeat, answer, bring answer, to be brought back

returned (1)

وكتاريجع مؤسمي إلى قويه

And when Musa returned to his people. [7:150]

brought back (2)

قَانُ تَجَعَكَ اللَّهُ إِلْى ظَالِفَة مِنْهُمْ

If, then Allah bringeth thee back to the party of them. [9:83]

رَجَعُوْ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) رُجَعُوْ (they returned

الرَّاجِفَةُ (n.) quaking

earthquake (n.) الرَّجُفَةُ الْمُرُحِنُونَ الْمُرَجِنُونَ الْمُرَجِنُونَ أَرْجَفَ iv أَرْجَافًا read alarming reports

to spread alarming reports (the raisers of the commotion i.e., the spreaders of false rumours and scandals)

د ج ل 🖈

رِجُلُّ (n.) <foot (n.) رَجِلَ يَوُجَلُ رَجَلاً (س)

to go on foot

أركض برجياك

Urge with foot. [38:42]
foot (Jid., M.A., Pic.) (n.)
(walker, derived from Rgh.)

وَأَجْلِبْ عَلَيْهِمْ بِنَيْلِكَ وَدَجِلِكَ

And summon against them thine horse and thine foot. [17:64]

رِ بِحَلَيْنِ two feet (n. dual.) acc. رِ بِحَلَيْنِ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَتَشِينَ عَلَى رِجْدَيْنِ

And of them is one that walketh upon its two feet. [24:45]

أَدُجُلُ (plu. n.) أَرُجُلُ

ٱلَهُمُ الْمِعُلُّ يَنْشُونَ بِهَا

Have they feet wherewith they walk. [7:195] قَالَ مَتِ ارْجِعُونِ

He said: My Lord send me back. [23:99]

رُجِعْتُ (pp. 1st. p. sing.) I am sent back

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) رُجُعُ رُجُعُ is taken back

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) وُرْجَعُ is taken back

رُوْجُوْنَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُؤْجُوُنَ they are taken back

رُوْجَنُونَ (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) يُوْجَنُونَ you are teken back

imperf. 3 p. dual.) vi يَتْرَاجَعا they twain return unto each other

ترجُعٌ (n.) bringing back الرُجُعُ

رَاجِعُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.) رَاجِعُونَ those who return

(n. for time or place) termination, a place where one is to go back finally without return

ر ج ف 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) وَرُجُونُ < ~shall quake وَ رَجُفَا ا وَ رَجُفَااً وَ to quake, tremble (ن) رَجَنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) زَجَنا we stoned

وَلَوْلَارَهُ عُلكَ لَرَجَمُنْكَ

And were it not for thy company we had surely stoned thee (to death).

[11:91]

يَرْجُمُوا > يَرْجُمُونَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they (pelt with) stone

(they stone thee يَرُجُونُكُ)

(imperf.1st. p. sing.) eml الْأَرُجُنَّةُ I surely shall stone (I shall surely stone.

(أَلْأَرُ جَمِنْكَ thee

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) eml لَرَ جَنَ we surely shall stone (we surely shall stone

(لَنُو جُمَنَّكَ) thee

تَرُجُونَ > تَرُجُونَ

ye stone (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

(ye stone me (تَرُجُمُونِ)

تَوْجُوُنِ in نِ in is a short form of (فِيُّ) pronoun.

(pact. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْمُرَّ جُوُ مِيْنَ those who are stoned

to guess (v.n.) رَجُمُ

shooting stars (plu. n.) رُجُومُ

man (opp. woman) (n.) できって

وَلَوْجَعَلْنَهُ مَلَكُالَجَعَلْنَهُ رَجُلًا

And if We had him an angel, We would certainly have made him a man. [6:9]

رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ،

رِجَالٌ (۱) (n.) رُجُلٌ plu. of

اليِّجَالُ قَوْمُونَ عَلَى النِّسَاء

Men are overseers over women. [4:34]

(see Jid. P. 5, n. 73)

plu. of رَاجِل or رَاجِل (2) walker on foot (Rgh.)

وَآذِنْ فِي التَّاسِ بِالْحَجِّ يَأْتُولَوَ رِجَالًا

And proclaim thou among mankind, they shall come walking on foot. [22:27]

فَإِنْ خِنْمُ فَرِجَالُا أَوْنَكُمَانًا

And if you fear then (pray) on foot or riding. [2:239]

* 4 5 3

<to stone (1) (٧./١.) الرَّجُمُ رَجُمًا (ن)</p>

to stone

< to guess (2)

_ بِالْغَبُ إَوْ بِالظَّنَّ

to guess, surmise

to throw off, to (3) shoot, to curse

تُوْجِيْ مَنْ تَشَكَاءُ مِنْهُ كَ وَتُؤْتِي إليَّكَ مَنْ تَشَكَاءُ

Thou can defer whom thou wilt of them and take unto thee such as thou wilt.

[33:51]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُرْجُو one hoped for

(pact. pic. plu. > iv) مَرْجَوُنَ those who are kept awaited defer (or) put (iv < perate) أَرُجِ

قَالُوٓالَيْجِهُ وَاخَاهُ

And they said: put him and his brother off. [7:111]

ע כ י ★

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) رَحُبَتُ <-become wide
(ط) أَرَجُبُ رَحُبُ وَحَبًا وَ رَحَبًا (ك)
to be wide, spacious (place)

وْضَافَتُ عَلَيْكُ وُالْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتُ

And the earth, wide as it is, straitened unto you. [9:25]

welcome (v. min.) デージー

لامزحبًا بيم

No welcome for them.

[38:59]

ر ح ق 🖈

pure wine (act. 2 pic. n.)

وجعلنها ومؤما التشيطين

We had made them shooting stars for the Satan. [67:5]

(act. pic. adj.) رَحِيمُ one thrown off with curse

فَاخُرُخِ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيهُ

Then get thee forth therefrom; verily thou are damned (cursed). [15:34]

ر ج و 🖈

أَرُجَاءُ borders (plu. n.) أَرُجَاءُ (sing. زَجَأ border—Rgh.)

وَالْمَلَكُ عَلَى أَرْجَالِهَا

And the angels shall be on the borders thereof. [69:17]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ﴿ وَهُو رَجُو رَجُو رَجُو اَ (مَا يَوُجُو رَجَاءاً وَ رَجُواً (نَ) رَجًا الله وَ رَجُواً وَ وَ رَجُواً وَ وَرَجُواً وَ وَ رَجُواً وَ وَرَجُواً وَ رَجُواً وَ وَالْحَالِقُوا وَ وَالْحَالَ وَالْحَالُ وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالَالُوا وَالْحَالِقُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالَالِهِ وَالْحَالِقُوا وَالْحَالِقُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالُولُوا وَالْحَالَالِولُوا وَالْحَالَالِولُوا وَالْحَالِقُوا وَالْحَالَالِولُوا وَالْحَالَالِولُوا وَالْحَالِمُ وَالْحَالُوا وَالْحَالَالِولُوا وَالْحَالَالِمُ وَالْحَالَالِولُوا وَالْحَالِمُوا وَالْحَالُولُوا وَالْحَالُولُوا وَالْحَالَالِمُوا وَالْحَالِمُوا وَالْحَالِمُ وَالْحَالَالِمُ وَالْحَالَالْحَالَالِمُوا وَالْحَالَالِمُوا وَالْحَالَالِمُوا وَالْحَالَالِ وَالْحَالِمُوا وَالْحَالَالَالِمُ وَالْحَالَالِمُوا وَالْحَالَال

ويرجؤارخمة ريه

And he hopes the mercy of his Lord, [39:9]

يَرُجُوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُجُوُنَ they expect

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) آرُجُونَ you expect

(imperf. 2 p.m sing.) iv رُجِيُ thou defer (or put off)

215

(imperf. 3'p.m. sing.) (nom.) مُرْحَمُ he will be merciful

اوُلِيِكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللهُ

Those! Allah will surely show mercy to them. [9:71]

(acc.) عَلٰى رَيْكُوٰ أَنْ يَرْحَمَكُوْ

Belike your Lord may yet have mercy on you. [17:8]

(gen.) قَالُوالَهِنْ لَحْيَرُحُسْنَارَتَبْنَا

They said if our Lord have not mercy on us. [7:149]

(imperf. 2 p. sing.) thou shows mercy

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اُرْحَمُ have mercy!

you are (pip. 2 p. plu.) رُحُونُ وَ (or will be) shown mercy

mercy (n.) رُخَمَةً

affection (n.) رُحُمُّ

خَيْرًامِنْهُ زَكُوةً وَآقُرَبَ رُحْمًا

One better then he in piety and closer in affection. [18:81]

أَرْحَامٌ (womb) وَحُمْمُ wombs

most merciful (elative)

الرَّاحِينَ (act. pic. m. plu.) الرَّاحِينَ those who are merciful * 1 5 5

رَحُلُّ (م.) جَالِّ رَحُلُاً وَ رَحِيْلاً (ف)

to depart from one place
and to go to another,
migrate

جَعَلَ البِتَعَايَةَ فِي رَحْلِ آخِيْهِ

He placed the drinking-cup in his brother's pack.

[12:70]

رِحَالُ (plu. n.) الم

* 1 2 3

رَحِمَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) رَحِمَ <~has mercy

رَحِمَ يَرْحَمُ رَخَمَةً وَ مَرْحَمَةً وَ رَخَمًا (س)

to have mercy on, have compassion upon, pity

رَجِنَا he has mercy on him رَجِنَا he has mercy on us

رَحِمْتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou had mercy

رَحِنتُ thou had mercy on him

رَحِنَا (perf. 1st p. plu.) وَحِنَا we have mercy

is Ist. p. plu.,

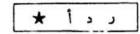
we have mercy; رَحِنَا is 3rd. p. sing. attached to

(1) pronoun, he has

mercy on us.

فَسَخُونَالَهُ الرِّيْحَ تَحْدِئ بِأَسْدِ إِنْحَامُ

Then We subjected to him the wind, it ran gently by his command. [38:36]



رِدُاً (support (n.)

فَآرَيْسِلُهُ مَعِيَ دِدُا

So send him with me as a support. [28:34]

*

to send back, turn back, reject, refuse, repel

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. رَدُوا they gave back

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. رَدُدُناً we return back

مِرْدُول (acc.) مِرْدُونَ assim.

they give (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) back, return, refer

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we give back, return, refer

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. رُدُوا they were returned, taken back

وَأَنْتَ أَرْحَهُ الرَّحِيثِينَ

And Thou art Most Merciful of merciful. [7:151]

وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُالرَّحِينِينَ

And Thou art the best of the merciful ones. [23:118]

(act. 2 pic./n. adj.) رَحِيْمُ merciful

رَحْمَانٌ compassionate

are names or epithets applied to God; the former (الرّحمٰنُ) is considered as expressive of intensiveness — agreeable with, analogy,—may be rendered as the Merciful.

They are both names or epithets formed to denote intensiveness of signification, from خَانَ such as

عَلِيْمٌ and غَضِبَ <غَضُبَانُ

> عَلَمْ (Jid. LL)

the compassion (v. mim.) أَلْزَحَةُ

ر خ و ★

رُخَا.اً (gently (adj.) (خَا.اً وَ رَخُوَةً (س) رَخِيَ يَوْخُلُى رُخُلُا أَوَ رَخُوَةً (س) to be soft, relaxed, flaceid, رَادِّیٰ <acc. رَادِّیٰنَ رَادُّوُا <nom. رَادُّوُنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.)
those who hand over something, those who bring
back (the nun. of plu. is
dropped)

returning place, return (also used in the sense of a verbal mim).

(pact. pic. sing.) مردود avoidable, made to return

مَرُدُودُونَ (pact. pic. plu.) مَرْدُودُونُ avoidable, made to return

ر د ف *****

رَدِفَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَرِفَ <to be close behind رَدِفَ يَرْدُفُ رَدُوْاً (س)

to follow, come behind, ride behind

عَنْ اَنْ يَكُونَ دَوْفَ لَكُمْ بَعْضُ الَّذِي تَسَعَمُ الَّذِي تَسَتَعِلُونَ

Belike close behind you is some of that which ye may hasten on. [27:72]

(act. pic. f. sing.) الرَّادِفَة one that comes after another without break, follower

تَثِبُهُ الرَّادِفَةُ

There will follow it (after the earthquake) the next (blast.) [79:7] (pp. 3 p.f. sing.) assim. رُدُّتُ was returned

(pp. Ist. p. plu.) assim. رُدِدُتُ I was returned

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. مَرْدُ ~is (or will be) taken back, referred, given back

رُوُوْنَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُودُوُنَ they are (or will be) driven back

you will be taken(driven)back

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v

أَمَّ وَدُونَ they waver, (they are tossed to and fro) (Jid.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رَبَّدُ ~get back (to one's previous state)

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) viii اُرُنَّدُا the twain followed back

ارُنَدُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii ارُنَدُوُا they returned, went back

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يَرْنَدُ gets (comes) back

(perate neg. m. plu.) آوَنَدُوا return not, (do not go back)

taking back, (v.n.)

bringing back (act. pic.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou caused to perish (or to ruin)

قَالَ تَاللهِ إِنْ كِدُتَ لَكُرْدِينِ

He said: By Allah, thou hadst wellnigh causedest me to perish. [37:56]

Note: The nun. of آرُدِيُن is personal pronoun i.e. a short from of .

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv الرُدُوُّ الله they cause SS to perish that they may cause them لِلْرُدُوُ مُ

رَدَى ۱۷ (perf. 3 p.m sing.) بردَى م

وَمَا يُغْنِي عَنهُ مَالُهُ إِذَا تَرَدِّي

And his substance will avail him not, when he perisheth. [92:11]

الْمَرَدِّيةُ (Ap-der. f. sing.) the tumbled i.e. an animal killed by a fall

ر ذ ل ★

﴿ the meanest one (elative) أَرُذَلُ رَذَالَةً ﴿ س ، ك)

to be mean

وَمِنْكُومَن ثِيرَةُ إِلَّى أَرْدَ لِالْعُنْدِ

And of you are some who are brought to the meanest of age. [16:70]

(m. plu. iv. < ap-der.) مُرُدُونُنُ comers one after another, each following another

الن مُستُكُون بِٱلفي مِن السَلْمِكَة مُود فِين

Verily I am about to succour you with a thousand of angels rank in rank (who will come down continously). [8:9]

* (2)

a rampart (n.) acc. رَدُمًا (ف) رَدُمَّ يَرُدَمُ رَدُمًا حَرَدَمَ يَرُدَمُ رَدُمًا (ف) to fill up

ر د ی ★

رُدُی (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) <thou perish

رَدِي يَرُدُى رَدُبًا (س)

to die, perish

فَلَايَصُنَكُ عَنْهَا مَنْ لَانْوُمُونَ بِعَاوَاتُبَعَ

عَوْمَهُ فَكَرَّدُى

So let not him who believeth not in it, and followeth his own desire, keep thee away form it, lest thou perish. [20:16]

أرُكى (perf. 3 p.m. sing. iv) has ruined

(has ruined you رُأَدُواكُمُ)

يَوْزُقَ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he provides (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou provide (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we provide (perate 2 p. m. sing.) provide!, may thou provide! may thou provide us! ارزتنا (perate, 2 p.m. plu.) (you) provide! (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) 135 they were provided (pp. Ist. p. plu.) we were provided (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) they are provided (pip. 2 p. dual.) زفان you (twain) are provided provision (n.) رازقین (act. pic. m. plu.) providers وَأَنْتَ خَنُوالِوَ زِقِيْنَ Thou art the best of providers. [5:114]the provider (extensive n.) of livelihood

(act. pic. m. plu.)

firmly grounded people (in knowledge)

(B. plu. of 15:1) (15) meanest ones ومَانَرُكَ اللَّهَ عَكَ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ هُو آزاذ لنائادي الزأى And we behold not that any follow thee except the meanest of us, (by) an immature opinion, [11:27] أَرْذَلُونَ (أَرْذَلُ S. plu. of أَرْذَلُ They said: Shall we believe in thee when the meanest follow thee? [26:111] ز ق (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) provided, gave, bestowed > درق يرزق رزقا(ن) to provide necessaries of life (good), grant, bestow he provided me he provided you he provided them (perf. 1st. p. plu.) we have provided we have provided him we have provided them

we have provided you

د س ل 🖈

أَرُسَلَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَرُسَلَ (حَالَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ ا

أَرْسَلُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi أَرْسَلُوا they sent

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv أَرْسَلَتُ

(perf. 1st p. plu.) iv أَرْسَلْنَا we sent

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُرْسِلُ he sends

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv وُسِلُ we send

(epl. imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv لَنُرُ سِلَنَّ we surely will send

لَنُ أَرُسِلَ (.I shall never (neg. acc

أَرْسِلُ (perate iv) أَرْسِلُ

أَرْسِلُهُ مَعَنَا send him with us

أَذُ سِلُونِ then (you people) send me. فَأَدُ سِلُونِ الله الله الله الله Note: The final nun in

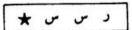
is short form of 3 of a personal pronoun, not of plural.

أَدْسِلَ iv أَدْسِلَ he was sent

أُرُسِلُوُا (pp. 3 p. plu.) iv أُرُسِلُوُا they were sent رَسَخَ يَرُسَخُ رُسُوعًا (ف) to be firm, stable

الرسيخون فيالعلير

Those who are firmly grounded in knowledge. [3:7]



الرَّسَّ (Rass (n. for place)

(Rass is the name of a country in which a part of the tribe of Thamud resided. According to an opinion quoted in Taju'l 'Urus, Rass, was a town in Yamamah. Ibn Kathir has observed that it meant a well, and it is said that they were a people who threw their prophet into a well. A. M. Daryabadi observes: (Rass was) proabably a town in Yamamah, where a remnant of Thamudites had settled. In the modern maps of Arabia, Rass, or Ras, is placed in Wadi Rumma, in the district of Qasim, (Lat. 26° N. and long. 43 E.). Doughty referring to another place, to says it is 'nigh er-Rus at the Wady - cr-Rummah : where are seen wide ruins and foundations. (Travel in Arabia Deserta, II, p. 388)

portions of the mane of the horse; or the meaning is, sent forth بالمُعُرُّونِ i.e., with beneficence, or benefit. (Jid.>LL)

ر س و 🖈

رُسلی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv رُسلی (صestablished SS firmly رَسَا يَرُسُوْ رَسُواً وَ رُسُواً (ن) to be firm, stable, immovable

وَالْجِبَالَ أَرْسُهَا

And the mountains! He established them firm.

[79:32]

رَوَايِيَ (رَامِيتَ اللهِ plu. of) firm mountains

firmly (act. pic. f. sing) آاسِيَاتُ fixed, immovable

(راستة phu. of)

وَقُدُورِتُولِتِي

And cauldrons standing firm (which could not be removed from their place.) [34:13]

> (n. for place) مُرْسَىٰ anchorage (1)

> > بشيوالله مجريها ومرسها

In the name of Allah be its course and its anchorage. [11:41] I am sent (Ist. p. sing.) iv أُرُسِلُتُ or was sent

نَعَدُ ابْلَغُتُكُومًا أَرْسِلُتُ بِهِ

I have surely preached unto you that wherewith I was sent to you. [11:57]

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اُدُسِلُتُمُ you are sent, (or) you were sent

أُرْسِلُنَا (pp. Ist. p. plu.) iv المُرْسِلُنَا we are sent

رُسُلُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) يُرْسَلُ ~is being sent, is sent

رِسَالَةٌ (v.n.) message

رِسَالاَتُ (رِسَالَة messages (plu. of

مُرُسِلُوا > مُرُسِلُونَ (.nom)

مرسلين senders (acc. gen.)

(ap-der. f. sing.) مُرْسِلَةً sender (woman)

the wind (مُرْسَلَكُ) sent forth

وَالْمُرْسَلْتِ عُرِفًا

By the winds sent forth with beneficence. [77:1]

phrase from the of of horse, meaning by the angels or the winds, that are sent forth consecutively, like the several

right direction (2)

آمُ آلَادَ يِعِمْ رَكُهُمْ رَشَدًا

Or whether their Lord intendeth for them a right direction. [72:10]

benefit (3)

قُلُ إِنَّ لَّا أَمْلِكُ لَكُوْخَرًّا وَلَا رَسَّمًا

Say: verily I owe not for you (power of) hurt nor benefit. [72:21]

الرَّ شَادُ rectitude (v.n.)

الرَّاشِدُوُنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) الرَّاشِدُونَ men of rectitude

رَشِيْدٌ (act. 2 pic.) a right-minded man, a man

of rectitude, rightly-directed

آلنِنَ مِنْكُوْرَجُلُ زَيْبِكُ

Is there not among you any man right-minded?

[11:78]

ومتأ أمونوعون بويثياب

And the commandment of Fir'awn was not rightlydirected [11:97]

(Ap-der. iv, m. sing.) مُرْشِدُ a director (to the right path.)



<watching, (v.n.) رَصَدَةً رَصَداً lying in wait arrival (2)

يَتْنَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ آيَّانَ مُرسُها

They question thee of the hour, when will its arrival be? [79:42]

ر ش د 🖈

يَرُشُدُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُشُدُونَ <theyfollow the right guidance

رَفَدَ يَرْشُدُ وَ رَشِدَ يَرْشَدُ رَشُداً وَ رَشِداً وَ رَشِداً (ن ،س)

to follow the right way, be well-guided

discretion (1) (v.n.) الرَّشُدُ i.e., maturity of intellect, capacity to manage one's affairs

يون انشخ يَنْهُمُ مُشْدًا

Then if you perceive in them a discretion. [4:6]

rectitude, (2) directive knowledge

مِتَاعِلْتُ رُشُدُا

Of that which thou hast taught a directive knowledge. [18:66]

الرَّشَدُ (رَشَداً) (n.) (آشَدُ (رَشَداً)

وَهَيْنُ لِنَامِنُ آمْرِنَارِشَدًا

And prepare for us a right course. [18:10]

> دَصَّ بَرُصُّ دَمَّاً (ن)

to stick together, compact

د ضع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv أَرْضَعَتُ <she suckled

رَمَنَعَ يَرُمِنَهُ رَضُمًّا وَ رَمَّاعَةً و رِمَاعًا (ف، ض) to suck the breast

أَرْضُعْنَ (pref. 3 p.f. plu.) they suckled

فَإِنْ أَرْضَعُنَ لَكُوْ

Then if they suckle (their children) for you. [65:6]

وأمته تنكو التي آرض متكو

And your foster mothers (who have suckled you). [4:23]

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv رُضِعُ she suckles

she shall suckle مَتْرُضِعُ

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv بُرُضِعُنَ they suckle

أَرُضِعِيُّ (perate. 2 p.f. sing.) suckle!

أَرْضِعِيهِ ! suckle him

تَسْتَرُ ضِعُولُ <acc. اَسُتَرُ ضِعُولُ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you seek suckling (for your children) رَصَدَ يَرْصُدُ رَصَداً (ن)

to watch, watch for, lie in wait for

فَسَ يَسْتَجِعِ اللَّآنَ يَعِدُلُهُ شِهَا بُأَرَّصَدًا

But he who tries to listen now finds a flame lying in wait for him. [72:9]

a lurking place (v.n. >iv) إَرْصَادُ اللهُ

ambush (n. for place) مُرْصَدُ

وَاتَّعُدُوالَهُمْ كُلُّ مَرْصَدِ

And sit in wait for them in every ambush. [9:5]

'(Ambuscade is the hiding of troops for the purpose of a sudden surprise attack —Jid.)

(n. for instrument used مِرْصَادُ as a n. of place) ambuscade

إِنَّ جَهَّنَّهُ كَانَتْ مِرْصَادًا

Verily the hell is ambuscade. [78:21]

(The angels whereof are lying in a wait for the guilty —Jid.)

إنَّ رَبَّكَ لَيِالُومُوصَادِ

Verily thy Lord is an ambuscade. (Where he watches the doings of the wicked —Jid.) [89:14]

ر ص ص 🖈

مَرُصُوْ صُلُّ ((pact. pic. m. sing. adj.) well compacted prefer (4)

رَضُوا بِأَنْ يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ

They preferred to be with those who remained behind. [9:87]

رَصِيْهُمْ (perf. 2 p.m. phu.) رَصِيْهُمْ you are contented

آدَخِينُتُمُ بِالْعَيْوَةِ الدُّنْيَا

Are you contented with this world's life? [9:38]

Note: The first letter () is an interrogative particle not a prefix.

يَرْضَىٰ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَرْضَىٰ he pleases, he choses

he likes it for you يُرْضَهُ لَكُمْ اللهُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) رُضیٰ thou are pleased

لترضى that thou may be pleased

تَرْضَاهُ، تَرْضَاهَا with which thou like

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) وَرُضَىٰ (used for a group)

وكن ترضى عنك البهود

And the Jews will never be pleased with thee. [2:120]

أَرُّ مَنْوُنَّ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُّ مَنُوْنَ they like, they are pleased with مُرضِعة (ap-der. f. sing.) a suckling woman

الرضاعة (n.) suckling

الْمُرَّاضِعُ (مُرُضِعَةُ plu. of) suckling women

ر ض ی

رَضِيَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَضِيَ <~is pleased (1)

رَضِيَ يَرُضَىٰ رِضِيَّ وَ رِمُنُوَانَّا(س) to be pleased, satisfied, content

رَضُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) رَضُوُا they are pleased

رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ وَرَهُواعَنْهُ

Allah is well-pleased with them and they are wellpleased with Allah.

[5:119]

chosen (2)

وتضيئت ككوالإسكاء يتنا

And I have chosen for you Al-Islam as religion. [5:3]

was content (3)

وكوائه ورضواما اشهم الله ورسوله

And if they were content with what Allah and His messenger gave them.

[9:59]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi ارْتَمَنَىٰ ~approved (1)

ولايشفغون إلا ليس الاتضى

And they intercede not except for whom He approved. [21:28]

chdosed (2)

فَكَايُظُهِرُ عَلَى غَيْبِهَ أَحَدًا إِلَامِن ارْتَظَى مِنْ رَّسُولٍ

Then He discloseth not His unseen unto anyone except a messenger whom He chooses. [72:26-7]

رَضِيٌّ (act. 2 pic. adj.) وَضِيًّ acceptable

رَاضِيَة (act. pic. f. sing.) وَاضِيَة well-pleased

مَرْضِتَهُ well-pleasing, approved one

ارجعة إلى رباك واضية مرضية

Return unto thine Lord wellpleased (and) well-pleasing. [89:28]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُرْمِنيُّ approved one

وكان عِنْ رَيِّهِ مَرْضِيًّا

And he was with his Lord the approved one. (opp. rejected one.)

[19:55]

مَرْمَنَاةٌ (good-will (v.n. mim.)

يَرْ صَنْيَنَ (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) يَرْ صَنْيَنَ they (women) may be pleased

تَرْمَنُوا .acc تَرْمَنُونَ .nom

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you choose, like, are pleased with

among those whom يَمَّنُ تَرُضَوُنَ you choose

يَعْلِفُونَ لَكُولِلَانِ وَوَاعَنْهُو فَإِنْ تَرْضُواعَنْهُ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يَرْضَى عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْفَيتِينَ

They will swear to you that you may be pleased with them. But if you are pleased with them, Allah is not pleased with the transgressing people.

[9:96]

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) iv يُوصُونَ they please you

يُرْضُوا (> يُرْضُونَ)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they please you or make you please

(Note: The nun of plural is dropped due to idafa.)

يتخلفون باللونكة إيزفوكز

They swear by Allah to you to please you. [9:62]

ر (perf. 3 p. m.phu.) vi أَوَاضُوا they agree among themselves

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi you agree among yourselves

* 2 E J

رَعُدُ / الرَّعُدُ رَعَدَ مَوْعَدُ رَعُداَ وَ رُعُوداً (ف) to thunder

دعی 🖈

رَعُوُّا (perf. 3 p.m. plu) خَوُّا (they tended دَعَىٰ يَوْعَىٰ دَعُباً وَ

دِعَايَةً وَ مَرْعَىٰ (ف)

to have regard to, tend, rule, pasture, graze

فَمَارَعُوْهَاحَقَ رِعَايَتِهَا

They tended it not with its due tendance. [57:27]

ارُعَوُ (perate. 2 p.m. plu.) ارُعَوُ pasture

كلؤاوارعواآنعامك

Eat and pasture your cattle.
[20:54]

رَاعِنا (perate. m. sing.) give ear to us, listen

(us: pronoun 6 + 215)

(act. pic. m. plu.) (رَاعُونَ) رَاعُونَ) care-takers, observers (of duties, trusts etc.)

(plu. of وَاعِع shepherd) الرَّعَادُ (phu. of الرَّعَادُ الرَّعِلُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعَادُ الرَّعِادُ الرَّعِلَ الرَّعَادُ الرَعْمُ الْعَلَمُ الْعَلِي الْعَلَمُ الْعَلَمُ الْعَلَمُ الْعَلَمُ الْعَلَمُ الْعَلَمُ

تر اً منی agreement (v.n.) رَامِنی pleasure (n.)

رط ب *

رَهُلِثُ (fresh (n.)
رَهُلِثُ رَهَابَةً (ك)
to be fresh

لانكلي وَلَايَابِي إلَّافِي كِيْبُ ثَبِينِي

Nor out of fresh or dry is in Book luminous. [6:59]

fresh dates (n.) وُطَلِبُ

ثنوظ عَلَيْ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّا اللَّهُ ال

It shall drop on thee dates fresh and ripe. [19:25]

رع ب *

\(\text{terror (1) \quad (n.) } \frac{1}{2} \]
\(\text{c} \)
\(\text{c} \

سَنُلُقِنْ فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا الرُّعُبَ

We shall cast a terror into hearts of those who disbelieve. [3:151]

awe (2)

ليلفت منهم رعبا

And thou wouldst surely have been filled with awe of them. [18:18] ارَغُبًّا (act. pic. m. sing.) (عَنْ) حَدَدُ (act. pic. m. sing.)

الاخالات عن الهين يَا بُرْهِيهُ

Art thou averse to my gods, O Ibrahim? [19:46]

رَاغِبُونَ _ إلى _ beseechers (sing.) _ إلى _ رَاغِبُ

ٳٵٞٳڵؙۯؾ۪ڹٵۮۼؠؙٷڹ

Verily we are unto our Lord beseechers. [68:32]

رغ د ★

دغ م 🖈

(n. p.t.) acc. اخًا

refuge, (Jid.) wide way to follow (Rgh.), a place of escape (Rd.)

to break iii حُرَاغَمَ مُرَاغَمَة <

أَفُهُ مَ أَهُمُ رَخُمًا (ف) _ أَفُهُ

to be humiliated

pasturage (n. for place) رُمْعَىٰ (for the cattle)

رغ ب 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) – عَنْ – عَنْ – (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) – عَنْ

رَغِبَ بَرُغَبُ رَغُبَةً (س) to desire, long for (في),

to have no desire (عَنْ),

to supplicate (31),

to prefer _ يَّنُ - بِ ، عَنْ one thing to another

ومن يرغب عن ملقائدهم

And who shall be averse from the faith of Ibrahim. [2:130]

يَرُغَبُونَ < ب ع عدد. اَرُغَبُونَ (imperf 3 p.m. plu.) they prefer

لَايَزْغُبُوا بِأَنْفُيهِمْ عَنْ تَغْيِبهِ

They should prefer not themselves before him, [9:120]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) وَغُونَ you desire

ارُغَبُ (perate. m. sing.) ارُغَبُ attend!

وَإِلَّ رَبِّكَ كَارْخَبُ

And unto thy Lord, attend. [94:8]

ر ف ر ف

رَفْرَف (n.) cushions

ر فع ★

رَفْعَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَفْعَ <~raised

رَفَعَ يَرُنْعُ رَفُعاً (ف)

to raise, hoist

رَفَعْنَا (perf. 1st p. plu.) (ve raised

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) رَفَعُ

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) رُنْعُ we raise

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) رُنْعَ be exalted

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْ تَرْفَعُواْ ا

رَافِعٌ (act. pic. m. sing.) raising, lifting

(act. pic. f. sing.) وَافِعَةُ exalting

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) رَفِيْعُ

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْرَفُوعُ elaveted one

(pact. pic. f. sing.) مُرْفُوعَةُ وا

ر ف ت *

anything crushed (n.) acc. رُفَاناً to pieces and fragments

(ف) رَفَتَ بَرُفَتُ رَفْتاً (ف) حَرَفَت بَرُفَتُ رَفْتاً (ف) to break in pieces

ر ف ث ★

sexuality (1) (n.) رَفَتُ sexuality (1)

> رَفَقَ يَرْفُثُ رَقَاً (ن)

to have sexual conduct, to use immodest speech

أيحل لكوليلة القيام الرائة من إلى فيسال يُح

Allowed unto you, on the night of fasts, is to go unto your wives. [2:187]

lewdness (2)

فَلَارَفَكَ وَلَاهُمُونَ وَلَاجِدَالَ فِي الْحَتَّج

There is no lewdness, nor wickedness, nor wrangling during the pilgrimage.

[2:197]

ر ف د ★

a present (n.) الرِّقْدُ

> رَفَدَ يَرُفِدُ رَفْداً (ض)

to make a present

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْمُرَافُودُ present one أَيْرَ قَبُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مِرَّقَبُ looks about

فَأَصُبَحَ فِي الْمَدِيْنَةِ خَالِمُ أَيْتُرَقَّبُ

And in the morning he was in the city fearing and looking about. [28:18]

(perate. m. sing.) viii اُرُ تَقِبُ wait thou!

ارُ يَقِبُونُ (perate. m. plu.) viii ارُ يَقِبُونُ you wait!

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُرْيَقِبُونَ they are waiting

رَقِيْبُ (act. pic. m. sing.) رَقِيْبُ

رَقَبَةُ (n.) (neck (1)

meta. a bound (2) person, slave

رِقَابٌ (necks (n.p.b.)

رقد 🖈

رُقُودٌ (v.n.) sleeping رَفَدَ يَرُفُدُ رَفُداً وَ رُفُوداً وَ رُفَاداً (ن)

to go to sleep

sleeping place, (n. p. t.) مَنْقَدُ

رقق خ

رَقُ parchment (n.) وَقَ

ر ف ق ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. رَفِيْقاً companion

to accom- iii حَرَافَقَ مُرَافَقَةً pany one

< رَفَقَ بَرْثُقُ رِفْقًا (ن)</p>
to be useful

easy arran- (n. ints.) acc. مِرْ فَقًا gement

(litt. a thing by which one profits or gains advantage or benefit—LL)

resting (n. p. t. < viii) acc. مُرْ يَقِفًا place

<elbows (n. ints. p. h.) مَرَافِقُ</p>
(sing.) مُرَافِقٌ

رقب ★

يَرُقُبُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَرُقُبُوْنَ <they guard (i.e., respect)

رَفَبَ يَرُفُبُ رُقُوبًا وَ رَفَابَةً (ن)

to watch, observe, guard

لَا يَوْقُبُوْنَ فِي مُؤْمِنِ إِلَّا قُلَاذِمَّةً

They respect not either kinship or agreement in a believer. [9:10]

لاَ يَرْفُبُونَ < n.d. acc. اَيْرُفُبُونَ as above

(imperf. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) أَ زُفُّتُ thou has not guarded

لِيرٌ مَعُولُا (el. 3 p.m. plu.) viii المِرُ مَعُولُا let them ascend

mounting, ascending (v.n.)

راق (act. pic. m. sing.) charmer (IK) ascender (Rgh.)

وَقِيْلُ مَنُ رَاتٍ

And it is said: who will ascend with it (or who is the charmer or physician). [75:27]

ر ك ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) كِبَا <they twain embarked

to ride, (رَكِبَ يَرُكُبُ رُكُونًا (س)

embark, mount on horseback رقم 🖈

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الرَّقِيمُ inscription, litt. a table of lead

ٱمْرَحَيِسْبْتَ أَنَّ اَصْعَبُ الْكَهْفِ وَالدَّوْنِيوِ كَانُوْا مِنْ الْبِيْنَا عِجَبًّا

Or, thinkest thou that the Companions of the Cave and inscription were of Our wouderful signs.

[18:9]

Note: See the details about the people referred to in this verse in Jid. P. 15 nn. 300-301.

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَنْ قُوْمُ written one

رقو ★

التَّرَ الْقِيَّ (collor-bone (n.p.b.) مَرْقُورَةً

رقی ت

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou ascend

رَقِيَ يَرُفَأَ رُمِيًّا (س) ـ فِنْ ، إِلَىٰ ـ (ارْتَوَا as RF. viii)

to ascend, rise

to cause ii زگرت < ترکت one to ride, to set onething upon another, compose, mix, construct

band of horsemen or (n.) וֹלְצֹי riders on camels, ten or more in number, caravan

> riders (n. p. b.) رُكِّانً sing) مُحَانًا

رَاكِبُ (sing.)

رِكَابُ camel (n.p.)

< riders (n. p.) رُكُانٌ</p>
(sing.) رَاكُ (sing.)

ridden, camel (n.) こうち

(Ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) مُتَرَاكِ ridden one on another (close growing)

ر ك د ★

<at rest, tran- (n. p.b.) כֿפֿוֹצַבُ quil, stable

رَاكِدَهُ (sing.) >>

to stop, (نَ كُدُّ رُكُوْداً (ن to be calm, to be kept stable

ر ك ز ★

low sound, whis- (n.) acc. اِيْرُةُ per

> (ن) الْحَدْ تَرُدُ رَكُوا (ن)

to plant, fix in (the ground)

رَكِبُول (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) رَكِبُول they embarked

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَزْكُوُنَ they ride

زَكِوُنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَرْكِوُنَ you ride

(el. 2 p.m. plu.) n.d. کِرُّوْ کَبُوُا you may ride

لَّتُرُ كُنِّ (.epl. 2 p.m. plu) surely you ride

لَتَرُكَبُنَّ طَبَقًا عَنُ طَبَقٍ

Surely ye shall ride layer upon layer. (Jid.) [84:19]

[i.e., (O mankind!) your existence is not fixed or stationary; you must be ever-changing, growing, journeying from the state of the living to the dead, and from the state of the dead to a new state of life in the next world. The preposition مُنَّدُ here is synonymous with عَنْ عَمْ طَعًا عَنْ طَعَا عَنْ عَلَا عَنْ عَلَا عَلَا

to الله عَلَمَةُ عَالَةً (Rz., O.).

(perate. m. sing.) از کَبُ (thou) embark!

(perate. m. plu.) ازگروًا (you) embark!

رُكِّب (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii رُكِّب -constructed (perate. f. sing.) اُرُكِمِيْ (thou f.) bow down!

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. رَاكِمًا one who bows down

رُكِمًا . acc. رُكِيع

those who (act. pic. m.p.b.)
bow down

رَاكِع (sing.)

gen. دَاكِمُونَ nom. رَاكِمْيِنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) those who bow down

ر ك م ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc.

to heap up, (زَكُمْ رَكُمُّا (زَ) bring together

a heap (n.) acc. لَكُنَّا

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مَرْكُونُمْ piled up

ركن 🖈

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) تَرُكُنُ دُلُونًا مِلِياً (ف ، س)

thou leaned (ف ، س) رَكِنَ يَرُكُنُ زُكُونًا مِلِياً (ف ، س) to lean upon, rely upon, trust (perate. neg. m. plu.) لاَ تَرُكُنُوا (you lean not

رُكُنْ (n.) court (1)

litt. the firm part of a thing on which it rests, support, pillar, corner-stone

ر ك س ★

أَرُكُنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَرُكُنَ < ~ reverted

> رَكَمَ يَرُكُنُ رِكُساً (ن) وَ أَرْكَمَ إِرْكَاساً *'

to upset, overturn, subvert

أَرُكِيسُوُ ا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَرُكِيسُوُ ا they were reverted

د ك ض 🖈

يَرُ كُفُنُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُ كُفُنُونَ <they flee, they are fleeing

رَكُمْنَ يَرُكُمُنُ رَكُمُناً (ن) to run, urge, to strike heavily with foot

(perate. m. sing.) از کُفن (strike (heavily)

لاً تَرُكُفُنُوا (perate. neg. m. plu.) لاً تَرُكُفُنُوا run not, do not flee

ر ك ع

زَرُ كُمُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُ كُمُوْنَ <they bow down

رَكَّعَ يَرُكُعُ دُكُونِعًا (ف)

to bend to the ground to bow down

لاَ يَزُكُعُونَ they bow not down

ارُ كَعُوا (perate. m. plu.) ارُ كَعُوا (you) bow down!

* ()

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) رَمِيْمُ decayed

رمن 🖈

الرُّمَانُ pomegranate (n.)

د م ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. こう

رَمَٰ يَرِمِيْ رَمُبًا وَ رَمَايَةً (ض) to throw, hit by throwing,

blame, to cast on

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. رَمَيْتَ thou threw

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v., fd chrows, casts

زُمِيُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v.

زَمُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَرْمُونَ they blame, cast

ر م ب ★

يَرُهَبُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُهَبُوْنَ < they dread

رَهَبَ يَرْهَبُ رُهُبَا وَ رَهْبَةً to fear, dread (ف)

فَتَوَلُّ بِرُكُنِهِ

Then he trurned away with his court. [51:39]

support (2)

ٳٷٳڋؽٙٳڶؽٷڽۺؘڡؚؽؠ

Or could betake me to a powerful support. [11:80]

* 21)

(sing.) رُمُنْ (sing.)

د ۱ د 🖈

ashes (n.) っぱっぱ

ر م ذ ★

<indication by (v.n.) acc. (رَمْرُ) sign (with the eye, lips, or hand)</p>

دَمَنَ يَوْمُنُ دَمُناً (ن)

to make a sign to, indicate by a sign

ر م مض ★

Ramadhan (the ninth (n.) رَمَصَانُ month of Islamic calendar, the month of fast) د ۵ ق ★

يَرُهَقُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~covers, will cover رَهِقَ يَرُهَقُ رَهُقًا (س)

to approach, to overtake,

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) وَرُهُقُ <-covers, will cover

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُرْهِقُ causes burden, imposes upon

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv أَرُهِقُ I shall impose upon, I shall cause burden

لاً تُرْمِقُ (perate. neg. m. sing.) لاً تُرْمِقُ do not impose burden

وَهُوَّ (v.n.) evil disposition

* : . .

(act. 2 pic.m. sing.) رَهِيْنُ a pledge

رَهَنَ يَرْهَنُ رَهُناً (ف)
 to leave a pledge with some one

(act. 2 pic f. sing.) وَمِيْنَةُ a pledge

رِمَانٌ (.taking a pledge (v.n.)

* 0 * 0

رَهُو * (۳.n.) (motionless (sea) (۲.n.) رَهُو أَ

to go slowly

ارُ هَبُوُا (perate. m. plu.) <be dreadful (فَارُ هَبُوٰنِ: فَ + ارْهَبُوُا + نِ > نِيْ) you dread me

وَايَاى فَارْهَبُوْنِ

And Me (alone) you should dread. [2:40]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv تُرْهِبُونُ you frighten

أَدُمَب إِدْمَابًا vi

to make dreadful, frighten

اسْتَرْهَاباً x اسْتِرْهَاباً iv

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x اسْتَرْ هَبُول as they frighten

الرُّهُبَانُ (monks (n.p.b.)

رَاهِتْ (sing.)

i.e. esoteric heads of religion.

There were Christian monks as early as the 3rd century. The monks and the nuns were looked upon as the most consistent Christians, and were honoured accordingly. (Jid., Ebr.V. p.676)

(a relative adj. رُهُبَانَ) شَانِيَّةً (رُهُبَانِيَّةً) monkery, monasticism

* 4 0 0

group, company (n.) مُعُمَّا

the soul of man (1)

دومح

وَيَنْ عَلَوْنَكَ عَنِ الرُّوحِ قُلِ الرُّوحِ مِنَ آمْرِيِّنِ

And they ask thee regarding the soul, say thou: the soul is by the command of my Lord. [17:85]

the possessor of (2) soul (in generic sense the singular standing for class)

يَوْمَنِقُوْمُ الزُّوْمِ وَالْسَلْبِكَةُ صَفًّا

On the Day whereon the possessors of soul and angels will stand arrayed. [78:38]

Gabriel, the (3) angel of revelation

تَنْزَلُ الْمُلْكِمُةُ وَالرُّوحُ

The angels and Gabriel descend. [97:4]

the holy (comp.) رُوُحُ الْقُدُسِ spirit

Note: Holy Spirit in Islam is not the 'third Person of Trinity,' but arch-angel, Gabriel, who was is in constant attendance upon the Prophet Jesus and protected him—a mere mortal—from the wiles of his enemies. There is no trace in any verse of the Holy Quran of any specially high rank being bestowed on Jesus above other

* 7 9 9

رِيُحُونَ imperf. 2 p.m plu.) iv رَيْحُونَ you drive at evening

>> دَاحَ يَرُوْحُ رَوَاحاً (ن)

to go or do a thing at evening

litt. evening breeze (1) (n.) (a sort of comfort, mercy and bounty)

فَرَوْحٌ وَرَيْحَانٌ الْوَجَنْتُ نَعِيْمٍ

(For him shall be) comfort and fragrance and garden of Delight. [56:89]

mercy, bounty, (2) gift

> وَلَا تَايْتَسُوُامِنْ تَدْجِ اللهِ إِنَّهُ لَا يَايْتَمُنَ مِنْ تَدْجِ اللهِ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْكُوْمُونَ

And despair not of the mercy of Allah. Verily none despairs of Allah except a people disbelieving.

[12:87]

Note: Pickthal has translated کُوْکُ by mistake as spirit, that is, رُوْکُ (with dhamma upon the first redical), not رُوْحُ (with fatha upon it). The verse means: A man true of faith never gives up hope in the mercy of Allah. (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iii رُاوِدُ solicits

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iii وُاوِدُ we solicit

أراد (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اراد حسنة

to wish, أَرَادَ vi آرَادَ intend, desire

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv اَرَادَا they (twain) intended, wished

أَرَادُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَرَادُوُا they intended, wished

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv أَرَدُنَ they (f.) intended, wished

(perf 2 p.m. plu.) iv أَرَدُتُمُ you intended, wished

(perf. Ist. p. phu.) iv آرَدْنَا we intended, wished

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُرِيْدُ ~intends, wishes used also as an auxillary verb as:

يُرِيدُانَ يَنْقَضَ

It is about to fall down.

[18:77]

(imperf. 3 p.m, sing.) juss. غُرِدُ intends, wishes

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) يُرِيْدَانِ ، يُوِيْدَانِ ، يُوِيْدَانِ ، يُوِيْدَانِ ، يُويْدَانِ ، يُويْدَا

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) اُرِيْدُ I intend, wish prophets. He has simply his own place—a very honourable one, no doubt—in the long list of the messengers of God.

The angel Gabriel الرُّوْحُ الْأَمِيْنُ who is entrusted with divine revelation

evening journey (v.n.) رَوَاحٌ (opp. غُدُو morning journey)

ر و د ★

رَاوَدُوْا iii (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) iii رَاوَدُوْا

to ask one رَاوَدَ iii مُرَاوَدَة to do, prevail upon him by blandishment

رَاوَدَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iii رَاوَدَتْ solicited

تَالَ هِيَ رَاوَدَ ثُنِيْ عَنْ نَفُويُ

He said: it is she who solicited me against myself.
[12:26]

signifies رَاوَدَهُ عَنِ الْأَبِّ signifies 'she endeavoured to turn him by blandishment or by deceitful arts or to entice him to turn from the thing.' (Jid.>LL)

رَاوَدُتَّنَّ perf. 2 p.f. plu.) iii رَاوَدُتَنَّ you (f.) solicited الوُّوْمُ

د و ب 🖈

Romans, Byzantines (n.)

ری ب 🛨

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اُدْتَابَ ~doubted

> دَابَ يَرِيْبُ رَيْباً (ض)

to cast one into doubt and uncertainty, suspect

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii ارْ تَابِتُ doubted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii ارْ تَابُوُا they doubted

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii اُرْتَبُتُمُ you doubted

رَتَابُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رُتَابُ رَعَابُ

أَرُو اللهِ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii,acc. يَرْ قَابُو اللهِ they doubted

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.)viii, acc. اَرْتَابُولُا you doubt

رَيْبُ doubt, suspect (n.)

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv مُرِيْبٌ arouser of suspicions, causing doubt

(ap-der. m. sing.) viii مُرُمَّابُ doubter

> ر ی ح 🖈 پیغ (i) (n.)

يُوِيْدُوْنَ ، يُوِيْدُوا (juss.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they intend, wish

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv يُودُنَ they (f.) wish, intend

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) iv يُولِدُ we wish, intend

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv عُرَادُ is wished, intended

for a while, (particle) acc. Slowly, gently (according to the grammarians the word is a diminutive form of which verbal noun is not in use.)

ر و مض ★

meadow somewhat (n.) رُوْضَةُ watery, garden

meadows some- (n. plu.) رَوْضَاتُ what watery

روع 🖈

(alarm (n.) الرَّوْعُ

to fear, (زاغ يَرُوْعُ رَوْعاً (ن) to be terrified

روغ 🖈

رَاغ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<= slipped </p>
رَاغَ يَهُ وُغُ رَوْغًا (ن)

to act slyly (i.e., scoffingly)

fragrance, a bounty, (n.) الرِّيَّانُ a gift of God (a synonym to subsistence (Jid.>LL) لا ي ش ط علام adornment (i.e., dress) (n.)

رِيسَ (i.e., dress) (n.)

a high place (n.)

د ی ع 🖈

رین 🖈

رَانَ مَرِیْنُ رَیْنًا _ عَلیٰ ، ب(ض) to be rusty, dirty

وَجَرَيْنَ رِهِمْ بِرِينَ مِحَ كَلِيْبَةٍ

And they run away with them with a goodly wind.

[10:22]

predominance (2)

فَتَفْشَلُوْا رَتَنْهَبَرِيْعِكُمْ

Lest ye flag and your predominance depart. [8:46]

smell (3)

Surely I feel the smell of Yusuf, [12:94]

«winds (n. p. b.) الرقياح (sing.) الرقيع المراجعة المراجع

كتباب الزاى

ز ب ن ★

the bondmen, (n. p.) أَجَانِيَةُ infernal guards

ذ ج ج ★

a/the glass

الرُّجَاجَةُ ، رُجَاجَةُ

ذ ج د ★

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii آزُدَجَرَ was reproved

> ازْدَجَوَ بَزْدَجُو ازْدِجَاراً

to obey an interdiction, forbidden

زَجَرَ بَرُجُومُ زَجُراً (ن) عَنْ ـ عَنْ ـ to interdict, rebuke

a deterrent (v.n. mim.) viii مُنْ دَجَوُ

driving away (v.n.) زُجْرُ

ز ب د ★

زَبَدٌ ، الرَّبَدُ (n.) thè scum

ز ب ر ★

<scriptures (n. p.)

the divine (sing.) writ revealed in parts by the Prophet Daud

وَإِنَّهُ لَغِيْ زُنْرِالْاَقَلِيْنَ

And verily it is in the Scriptures of the ancients.

[26:196]

<the lumps (n. p.)

heavy pieces of (sing.) iron (Rgh.)

اتُونَ نُهُوَالْحَدِيْدِ

Bring me lumps of iron.

[18:96]

is an army, or a military force, marching little by little, or leisurely, or heavily, by reason of their multitude and force—LL)

ز خ ر ف

ornament (1) (n.) زُخُرُفُ (n.)

أخَذَتِ الْأَرْضُ زُخُرُفَهَا

When the earth took her ornaments (i.e., it is decked out in full beauty). [10:24]

gold (2)

ٳٷڲڴۅ۬<u>ڹ</u>ٙڮڮڹؽؾٛڣؽۏۮؙڂۅؙڣ

Or there be for thee a house of gold. [17:93]

gilded speech (3)
(i.e., fair-seeming untruth and falsehood)

ز ر ب ★

زَرَابِيُّ (carpets (n. p.)

ز رع ★

زَرَعُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تُزْرَعُونَ <you shall sow

زَرَعَ يَزُرَعُ زَرُعاً (ف)

to sow, plant, cultivate

corn, cornfields (n.) ذَرُعُ a sown corn, cultivable land, plant (act. pic. f. plu.) زَاجِرَاتُ those (f) who drive away (i.e., angels who are the drivers of the clouds.

the shout (n.) (The reference is to the second blast of the trumpet.)

ز ج و ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv デーシー・

أَزُجِي يُؤْجِيُ إِزْجَاءاً ٧. to push, speed up

>> زَجِي يَزْجُو زَجُوا (ن) to stop, urge on gently

(pis. pic. f. sing.) iv
goods that are pushed out
disposed of (i.e., goods of
no value or of very little
purchasing value)

ز ح ز ح

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) qrt. زُمُوزِ حَ <:—is removed

to remove SS _ _ زَحْزَحَ _ عَنْ _ form its place

(act. pic. m. sing.) مُزَحْزِعُ remover

ز ح ف ★

marching slowly (v.n.) acc. زَحْفاً

زَعَمَ يَزْعَمُ زَعُماً وَ زُعُماً (ف)

to assert (1) something that may be true or false

to assert (2) something false

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) زُعَتُ thou asserted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) زُعَمْ you asserted

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَزْعُونَ they asserted

(imperf. 2 p. plu.) يَزْعُونَ you asserted

assertion (n.) زُعْمُ

ز ف ر ★

panting (act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(signifies the beginning or commencing part of crying, or braying of the ass. app. signifies the ending or final part thereof.—LL)

ز ف ف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. يَزِفُونَ <they hasten

to hasten, (ضَ يَزِفُ زَفِيْهَا (ض to flap (the wing)

cornfields (n. p.) دُرُوعً

sowers (n. p. b.) زُرَّاعٌ

(act. pic. m. phu.) الزَّارِ عُونَ sowers, growers (i.e., the causers of the growth)

ز ر ق ★

زُرْقٌ (sing.)

أَزْرَقُ وَ زَرْقَاهُ (sing.)

وَغَنْ مُرْالُهُ جُدِينُ نَا يَوْمَهِ فِوْذُمْ قَا

And We shall gather the culprits on that day bleareyed. (Jid.) [20:102]

ز د ی ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)(w.v.)vii زُدَرِيُ <~condemns

ازُدَرَى يَزُدَرِيُ ازُدِرَاهَا

to condemn, to despise, redicule

> زَرِي يَزْدِي زَرْياً (ض)
to reprove, reproach

Note: The () of the stem viii is replaced with

زع ۲ ★

زَعَمَ (perf. 3 p. sing.) رُعَمَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii thou cleanseth, purifieth

(Imperf. 3 m. p. plu.) ii يَرْكُونَ they cleanse, purify

(perate. neg. n. plu.) اَ تُزَكُّوا justify not

فَلَا تُؤْكُواۤ الفُسَكُمْ

So justify not yourselves.
[53:32]

means: He زَكَ نَفْسَهُ) means (لَكُ نَفْسَهُ)

Litt. 'He attributed to himself purity or cleanliness' Thus

signifies

'do not praise yourself or claim purity'.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v 55

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) v يَّذَكُ v purifies himself

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) 5. is cleansed

الزَّكَاهُ ، زَكَاهُ (الزَّكُوهُ ، زَكُوهُ) [(n.) Zakat

وَالْقِينُواالْعَلُوةَ وَانْوُاالزُّلُوةَ

And establish prayer and give the Zakat. [2:43]

word litt. means purity and purefication, and is a technical term of the Islamic law that means: certain portion or amount of property

ز ق م 🖈

Zaqqum (n.) الزقوم ازقوم ازقوم ازقوم ازقوم ازقوم القوم الإقوم القوم الق

The tree (in verse 37:62) is symbolic of the living conditions in the hell.

ز ك ي ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) 3

> وَتُوْلَا فَضُلُ اللهِ مَلَيْكُمْ وَوَتَعُتُهُ مَا ذُكُى مِعَكُمْ فِينَ احْدِابَكًا

And had there not been the grace of Allah upon you and His mercy, not one of you would ever have been cleansed. [24:21]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ごう

ito purify, clean زَكُ زُكِية

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii Sigcleanseth, purifieth

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. زَكِنَّ ، زَكِيًّا pure

لِأَهْبَ لَكِ عُلْمًا لَكِيًّا

That I may bestow on thee a boy pure. [19:19]

(act. pic. f. sing.) وَرَكِتَا pure (i.e., innocent)

قَالَ آقَتَانَ نَفْسًا نَكِيَّةً

He said: haste thou slain a person innocent. [18:74]

the purest (elative.)

ز ل ز ل

رُلِدُلُتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) زُلِدُكُ <∼is shaken

زُرِّلَ يُزَارِلُ زَارِّلًا وَالْوَلَا عَرَارِلُ وَالْوَلَا عَرَارِلُ وَالْوَلَا عَرَارِكُ وَالْوَلَ

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) زُارِ لُونا they were shaken

إِزُالًا (shaking (v.n.)

quake (n.)

* J J j

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُرَالُةُ you slipped

زَلَّ يَزِلُّ زَلَّا وَ زَلَلاً to stumble, slip, make a mistake (ض

رِّنُ أَنْ تَزِلُ) (أَنْ تَزِلُ) (acc. أَنْ تَزِلُ) may slip (imperf. 2 p. f. sing.)

that is given thereof as the due of God by its possessor to the poor in order that he may purify it thereby (LL).

The payment of this religious due is obligatory provided that the property is of a certain amount and has been in possession for one luner year. The portion, to be given, varies according to the nature and amount of the property. Generally it is one-fortieth thereof i.e., two and a half percent.

as a Islamic tax, poordue, poor-rate or charity but none of them renders the full meaning of the term. Thus, it is reasonable to use the term as such.

purity, piety (2)

نَارَدُنَاآنُيُبُولَهُمَارَبُهُمَاخَيُرُامِنَهُ زَكُوهُ وَالْمُرَارِبُهُمَا لَا يَعْمَا خَيْرًا مِنْهُ

So we intended that their Lord should change for the twain one better then he in piety and chosen affection. [18:81]

وَحَنَانَا مِن لَكُنَّا وَزُكُوةً

And tenderness from Our presence and purity.

[19:13]

Note: "is 'an c'sing.) is 'an arrow without a head and without feathers. arrows here allude to those divining arrows by means of which the Arabs in the time of ignorance sought to know what was allotted to them. They used to put them in a receptacle, and when one of them desired to make a journey, or accomplish a want, or when desired to perform some affair, he put his hand into that receptacle and took forth an arrow; and if arrow upon which was 'Command' came fourth he went ahead to accomplish his purpose, but if that upon which was 'Prohibition' came forth he refrained, and if the black one came forth he shuffled them a second time.'

(Jid. LL, IK.)

ذمد,★

* J c 3

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii الْمُزْمَّلُ wrapped

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آزَلَّا caused to slip (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) x اَسْتَرَلَّا caused to slip

ز ل ف ★

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv آزُلَفْنَا <we brought near

﴾ أَزُلُفَ يُزُلِفُ ، إِزُلاَعًا to bring near, to cause to

approach

(ن) رَلَفَ يَزَلُفُ زَلُفاً وَ زُلُنَيَّ (ن) to advance

أَزُلْفِتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) iv أَزُلْفِتُ ~is brought near

(n.) acc. زُلْنا neighbouring (watches)

proximating (n.) acc. زُلْفَةً

an approach (v.n.) زُلُق

ز ل ق ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُزْلِقُونَ <they caused to stumble to cause to iv أَزْلَقَ إِزْلَامًا

slip, stumble >> ۚ زَلَقَ يَزُلِقُ زَلُقاً (ض)

to stumble, slip slippery acc. (v.n.)

* , ט ;

arrows (n. p. b.) الْآزُلَامُ (sing.) زَلَمْ

زَوَّجَ ii تَرُونِكُمَّا to give

a woman in marriage, to conjoin, to classify in pairs, to unite with fellows

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii يُزَوِّجُ ~conjoins

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii زُوِّجَتُ is paired

وَإِذَ االنَّافُوسُ زُوِّجَتْ

And when the souls are paired. (i.e., united with their fellows). [81:7]

زَوْجٌ (n.) wife (1)

وَإِنَّ أَرَدُتُمُ الْمِيِّبُ مَالَ نَفْجٍ مَنْكَانَ ذَفْج

And if you intend to relpace a wife by another. [4:20]

husband (2)

حَثَّى تَنْكِحَ زَدْجًا غَيْرَة

Untill she weds a husband other than he. [2:230]

pair (3)

وَالْبُنَتُ مِنْ كُلِلَ نَوْجٍ بَهِيْج

And it groweth every luxuriant pair of growth (i.e., of every kind) [22:5]

(n. dual.) acc. زَوْجَانِ nom. آَوُ جَانِ man and woman, husband and wife, two kinds, pairs

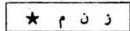
wives, husbands, (n. p.b.) أَزُواجُ pairs, kinds

is ت ، مُتَزَمِّلُ < الْمُزَمِّلُ

replaced by j then duplicated by Shaddah (AK).

زَمْمِرِيْرُ biting cold (n.)

a certain plant called (n.) (رَجُمِينُونُ Zanjabil that has good flavour, ginger



(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُرَنِيمُ base-born, claiming someone else as his father

ز ن ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَزُوُنُونَ < they commit adultery

زَنْ يَزُنِيُ زِنْ وَ زِنَاءاً (مَن) to commit adultery

يَزُنِينُ they (f.) commit adultery (act. pic. m. sing.)(fd.) الزَّانِيُ ، زَانِ (fd.) one who commits adultery

(act. ptc. p. f. sing.) الزَّانِيُّةُ ، زَانِيَّةُ ، وَانِيَّةُ ، وَانِيَّةُ ، وَانِيَّةُ ،

ز و ج ★

زَوِّجُنَا perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii زَوِّجُنَا < we wedded

ney

(el. 3 p. f. sing.) لِتَزُوْلَ that may remove

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii وَيَّلُنَا we caused split

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v اَوْ يَلُوُوْا they were distinguished one from another (Jid.)

decline (v.n.) زوال ا

Preceded by a (2)
negative particle

when verb JI; perf. JI;

imperf. J. imperf. juss.

(to cease) is used it is preceded by the negative particles L., Y or Y and means that the action is still continuing.

ماً زَالَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ماً زَالَتْ م

فَازَالَتْ يَلْكَ دَعُولُمْ

It was continually their cry or this ceased not to be their cry. [21:15]

مَا زِلْتُمْ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you remained, continued

تَمَازِلْتُمْ نِي شَلِقَ

You remained in doubt or you ceased not to be in doubt. [40:34]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَالُ رُالُ remains continually ز و د ★

ذ و د .★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) زُرُمُ <you visited

زَارَ يَزُورُ زِيَارَةً (ن) to visit

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) vi يُزَاوُرُ « deviates, turns aside

تَزَاوَرَ بَقَوَاوَرُ vi تَزَاوُراً to deviate

(. Ak تَتَزَاوَزُ < تَزَاوَزُ)

acc. زُوْراً nom. الزُّوْرُةُ < falsehood (n.)

زَوِدَ يَزُورُ زَوْراً (س) to falsify

زول ★

In simple verbal (1) form

(perf. 3 p. f. dual.) w.v. وَالْمَا <the twain ceased

زَالَ يَوُولُ زَوُلاً وَزَوَالاً (ن)

to pass, cease, decline, remove

(act. pic. m. sing.) زَاهِقٌ vanished ones

رَهُوْقاً vanishing (ints.) acc. وَهُوْقاً

ز ی ت ★

رَبُتْ (n.) oil

زَيْتُونَ dive (n.)

olive (n. adj.) زَيْتُونَةِ

زی د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. زاد م

زَادَ يَزِيْدُ زِيَادَةً (ض)

to increase, to add

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. زَادَتُ ~added, increased

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. زَادُوُا they added, increased

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

(imperf.3 p.m. sing.) juss./w.v. يُرِدُ did not add or increase

(The second radical i.e., is dropped due to the juss. case).

(imperf. 2 p.n. plu.) w.v. עָנגעני you increase

(ent. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. آزیْدَنَّ I will surely increase

لَا يَزَالُ بُنْيَانُهُ وَالَّذِي بَنُوْلُوبُيَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِ حَ

And their building which they have built will cause continually doubt in their hearts. [9:110]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) لا تَزَالُ will remain continully

لاً يَزَالُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) لاً يَزَالُونَ they will remain continually

الزَّامِدِيُنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) الزَّامِدِيُنَ <abstemious, indifferent

زَمَدَ بَرُمَدُ زُمُداً (ف) ـ ف ـ

to turn away from, be indifferent to, forsake

ز م ر ★

flower, splendour (n.) أَذَوْرَةُ

ز م ق ★

زَمَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~vanished

زَمَقَ بَرُمْقُ زُمُوفًا (ف)

to vanish

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. رُوَّهُوْ may vanish, to vanish (i.e., to die, pass away) tion

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. زَاغَتُ ~turned aside زَاغُوْ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they turned aside أزآغ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi, w.v. ~caused to turn aside ر بزيغ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)vi, w.v. ~causes to turn aside مَنُ يُزِغَ whosoever turns aside (The & is dropped due to the conditional sentence) turning aside, devia- (v.n.)

زین خ−

زَيَّنَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii ~made to seem fair to make زَّنَ ii تَرُيْتُ < SS seem fair, to adorn, decorate

< زَانَ يَزِيُنُ زَيْنًا (ض)</p>
to adorn

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii وَيِّناً we made SS seem (1)

كَذَٰ لِكَ زَيْنَالِكُلِ أَنَةِ عَلَكُمْ

Thus to every people have We made their deeds fairseeming. [6:108]

بزيد (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. we will increase we shall never increase (perate. m. sing.) w.v. increase! اذ دَادَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. ~got increased gradually, waxed (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii w.v. ازدادوا they got increased gradually, waxed (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. 3122 ~gets increased (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii, w.v. وُدُوادُ ~gets increased يزدادو! (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)viii, w.v. they get increased (el. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v. that they may get increased (imperf. 1st. p. plu.)viii, w.v. we shall add an increase (v.n.) an increment (v.n. mim.) more, additional

ز ی غ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. زَاغَ ~turned aside (من) خَرَاغَ يَزِيُنعُ زَيْغًا (من) to deviate, to turn aside (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~is made to seem fair

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ازَّبَّتُنَّ became adorned

is shaped from ازَّيَّنَتُ)

(v) رُبَّنَتُ (Abk.)

the/an adorn- (n.) الزِّيْنَةُ ، زِيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ ، زِيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ السِّيْنَة

we adorn (2)

إِنَّا ذَيِّنًا السَّمَاءُ الدُّنيَ إِنِينَةَ إِلْكُواكِ

Surely We have adorned the lower heaven with an adornment, the stars.

[37:6]

surely (epl. Ist. p. f. sing.) we made fair ~ seeming



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كتىآب السين

[عَنُ ، ب [a question about]

> سَأَلَ بِشَأَلُ مُؤَالًا وَ مَسُأَلَةً (ف)

to ask, (1) ب، عَنْ question, enquire to ask, beg (2) to demand (3)

قَدْسَأَلُهَا قَوْمُرُفِينَ قَبْلِكُوْ

Surely people asked question before you. [5:102]

سَأَلَسَأَيِكُ بِعَنَابِ وَاقِعِ

There hath asked a questioner concerning the torment about to befall. [70:1]

وَإِذَاسَأَلَكَ عِبَادِيْ عَنِي عَلَيْ وَلِي

And when my bondmen ask thee regarding Me, then verily I am nigh. [2:186]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) الله thou asked

Prefixed to the imperfect tense to denote the meaning of future, as:

سَيَعُولُ السُّغَمَّ أَيْمِنَ التَّاسِ

The foolish among men will say. [2:142]

(According to the grammarians it is shortened form of مَوْفُ that is placed before the imperfect, المناوع to conform the meaning of the future. As the imperfect consists both of the present and the future tenses).

س أ ل *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. Ji

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سَالَدُ سَالُوا سَالُمُ بِسَالُهُ بِسَالُهُ

أشآل

بَشْأَلُوُا

لِبَسُأَلُوُا

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) الْمُنَالُ we ask, demand	(perf. 1st p. sing.) I asked	
(epl. Ist. p. plu.) لَسَالَنَّ we surely shall question	(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they asked	
ر (perate. m. sing.) اَسُأَلُ (thou) question! ask!	(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you asked	
(perate. m. plu.) اَشَأَلُوُا (you) question! ask!	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) demands, asks (1)	
~ is asked (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) مثل	يَتُ كُلُكَ آمُلُ الْكِيْبِ آنُ تُنَزِّلَ كَيْرِمُ كِثْبًا	
(f.) is asked (pp. 3 f. sing.)	The people of the Book ask	
(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) اشگاو they are asked	thee to bring down a Book. [4:153]	
(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) النَّالُ مناكَلُ مناهِ	begs (2)	
(epl. passive. 3 p.m. plu.) لَيُسُأَلُنُّ verily they shall be asked, (pip. 2 p.m. sing.) نُسُأَلُ	يَنْكُلُهُ مَنْ فِي السَّمَاوِتِ وَالْأَرْضِ مَنْ Of Him beggeth whosoever is in the heavens and the earth. [55:29]	
thou will be asked	(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)	
(epl. passive. 3 p.m. plu.) لَتُسُأَلُنَّ you certainly shall be asked, questioned	thou demand	
(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُسْأَلُونُنَ they will be asked	Thou asketh them no fee for it. [12:104]	
(pip. Ist. p. plu.) اُنْـُأَلُ we are/will be asked	(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I ask, demand	
(act. pic. m. sing.) السَّائلُ / سَائلُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ (act. pic. m. sing.) questioner (1) beggar (2)	acc. يَسْأَلُونُنَ acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they ask, enquire, demand	
(act. pic. m. plu.) السَّالِيْن questioners, beggars, those who ask SS or make query	(el. 3 p.m. plu.) that they ask. enquire, demand	
one who is questioned (pact. pic. m. plu.)	(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) nom. you ask, demand acc.	

سَمَّ بَسْأَمُ سَآمَةً وَ سَأَماً (س)- مِنْ

to feel aversion for, to turn away, to disgust, cause to loathe

أَسُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (h.v.) أَسُونَ they grow weary

يُسَيِّحُونَ لَهُ بِالْكِيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَمُمْ لَا يَسْتَنُونَ الْأَلْمَ الْمَسْتَنُونَ الْمَا They hallow Him night and day, and they weary not.

[41:38]

لاً تَسْأَمُوا (perate. neg. m. plu.) لا تَسْأَمُوا be not weary!

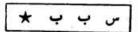
وَلاِيَّتُوُّ النَّكُمُّوْهُ

And be not weary of writing. [2:282]

س ب ء ★

Saba (prop. n.)

(Saba was a city of Yemen, also called Ma'arib, at about three days' journey from San'a. The bursting of the dyke of Ma'arib and the destruction of the city by a flood are historical facts, and happened in about the first or second century of the Christian era. (Palmer)



(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. خسبوراً (they revile

سَبِّ يَسُبُّ سَبًّا وَ مَسَبَّةً (ن) to revile, defame مَسْتُولُونَ (pact. pic. m. plu.) مَسْتُولُونَ those who are asked

تَسَاتَلُوُنَ > تَنْسَاءَلُوُنَ w

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you demand one of another

وَاتَّعُوااللَّهُ الَّذِي تَسَأَءً لُوْنَ بِهِ وَالْأَرْحَامَرْ

And fear Allah by whom you demand one another your rights (or dues) and wombs. (i.e., fear Allah and the wombs by whom you demand of one another your rights.) [4:1]

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) الْبَنْسَاءَ لُوُا they might question among themselves

وَكَذَٰ لِكَ بَعَثُمْ مُ لِيَتَسَاءَ ثُوَالِيَهُمُ

And likewise We raised them up that they might question among themselves.

[18:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv مَنَسَاءَ لُونَ لَا they asked each other

عَجَ يَتَكَاءَلُوْنَ

Of what ask they? (refreshing or comforting to them).

[78:1]

questioning, deman- (n.) مُوَّالُ ding

requests (n. p.)

* 0 = 0

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)(h.v.) رُسُامُ (mperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

سَبَحَ يَسُبَحُ سَبُحًا وَ سَبَاحَةً (ف)

to swim, to float (in water or air), to go rapidly, to change about, turn over

كُلُّ فِي فَلَكِي يَسْبَحُونَ

Each one in an orb floating.
[21:33]

(v.n.) acc. it. nom. litt. floating, swimmingly chain of busi- (1) ness (Pic.)

إِنَّ لَكَ فِي النَّهَارِسَيْمُ المُونِيُّانَ

Lo! thou has by day a chain of business. (Pic.) [73:7]

occupation (Jid.) (2)

Verily, there is for thee by day occupation prolonged. (Jid.) [73:7]

swimmingly (as (3) below)

those who are floating (i.e., angels who come down floating from heaven with their Lord's command.)

وَالشَّيِخْتِ سَبُّكُاكُ

By the angels who glide swimmingly. [79:3]

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَسَّنَ (~glorified, hallowed (perate m. plu.) assim. الأَ تَسْبُولُوا do not revile

<way, means (n.) جُبَةً (not drawn from جُبَةً) <causes, reasons (n.p.) أُسْبَاً (sing.) جُبَةً

ways. means (n.p.)

س ب ت ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) نَسْبِتُونُ they keep the Sabhath

(ض) مَسْبَتُ مَسْبِتُ مَسْبَتًا (ض)

to rest, to keep sabbath

the day of keeping (v.n.) مُبَتَّة Sabbath (of Jews)

لَسَّبُتُ Saturday (n.)

(i.e., the holy weekend of the Jews, between Friday and Sunday.)

acc. البَّمَةُ nom. مُبَاتًا repose, rest (n.)

وتجعلنانوم كوسباتان

And We made your sleep as a rest (for repose). [78:9]

* 2 7 0

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) خُوُنُ <they swim

glorifying (v.n. <ii) td="" قبيح<=""></ii)>
مستحول nom. مُستِحان
those who (Ap-der. m. plu.) glorify (their Lord)
hallowed be to (n.) أَنْبُحَانَ
(It always occurs before Allah as pronominal or relative pronoun referring to Him as:
hallowed be Allah مُنبِحَانَ اللهِ
hallowed te Thou مُنْحَانَك
hallowed by He
سُبُحٰنَ الَّذِيْنَي ٱسْرَى بِمَدْدِهِ لَيْلًا
Hallowed be He who carried His servant by night. [17:1]
س ب ط *
acc. الْكَاشَبَاطُ gen. الْكَاشَبَاطُ <tribes (n.="" p.)<="" td=""></tribes>
(sing.)
litt: a tree that has many branches, grandsons, tribes
س ب ع ★
rapacious, animal, (n.) lion, wild beast (plu.)
acc. النَّبْعُ ، سَبْعٌ ، سَبْعً ، سَبْعً ، عَبْعً ، عَبْعً seven (card. num.)
seven (card. num.)

to praise, آسُیْعاً ii	سبح
magnify God with the	
God is far above,	مُنبُحَانَ ا
He is beyond the level of human beings	f
(Though tense of the wor	rd
is perfect (past.	250
yet in the Quranic sty and context it stands for the present tense. The	or IS
means he glorific or hallows.)	es
(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they hallow, they praise	سَبْحُوا
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii glorifies, hallows	يسبح
(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) ii ~ glorifes, hallows	تسبع
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they glorify	يُسَبِّحُونَ
(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) they (f.) glorify	يُسَبِّحُنَ
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you glorify	مسومر تسبحون
(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) acc. ii you glorify	تسبخوا
(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) ii we hallow, praise	نسبخ
(perate. m. sing.) ii (thou) glorify!	سَبِّحُ
(perate. m. plu.) (you) grorify!	سَبْحُوْا
[2]	

ڵۊؘڷڒڮڹٛػ۪ۊڹٙٳٮڶٶۺۘڹؿؘڶۺؾڴٷڣۣۿٵۜڶۼۜۮ۫ؿؙٷ عَذَابٌعَظِيثُ

Were it not that a writ had already gone forth from Allah, there would surely have touched you mighty torment for that which ye took. [8:68]

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) مُبَقُولًا they had gone forth, they escaped

لَا يَعْسَبَنَ الَّذِينَ كَفُوا سَبِغُوا أَنَّهُمُ لِالْفِعِدُونَ

Let not those who disbelieve 'deem that they have escaped, verily they cannot frustrate. [8:59]

> أَسْبِقُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) وَسُبِقُ precedes

مَاتَسْبِقُ مِنْ أُمَّةُ وَاجْلَهَا وَمَايَسُتَأْخِرُونَ

No community preceds the term thereof nor doth it fall behind. [15:5]

أَسْيِقُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَسْيِقُونَ they escape

منبق nom. سَبْق going speedily (v.n.)

Then they speed with (foremost) speed. [79:4]

رايق (act. pic. m. sing.) مايق one who goes ahead acc. سَبْعُونَ nom. مَبْعُونَ seventy (card. num.)

س بغ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv المبغة has completed

ر (act. pic. f. plu.) منابغات - (complete (coat of mail)

سَابِغٌ (sing.)

(This word applies to a thing of any kind, complete, full, ample, or without deficiency, and long—LL)

آيناعمَلُ سِيغْتِ

Make thou complete coats of mail. [34:11]

س ب ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<had gone (1)
before, already gone forth

سَبَقَ يَشِقُ سَبُقًا (ض)

to get in advance, precede, overtake, to pass, come first to the goal

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ~had gone before, already gone forth

path, method, < way (n.) المبيلة the way (n.) المبيلة the way (n.) acc. المبيلة المبيلة المبيلة المبيلة المبيلة المبيلة المبيلة المبيلة (n. p.) ways (n. p.)

ways (n. p.)

six (card. num.)

sixty (card. num.)

تَسَيِّرُونَ «you cover yourselves

to hide oneself, put a cover on himself, conceal one-

>> مَثَرَ بَشْرُهُ مَثْرًا (ن)

to cover, veil, conceal

بِعَارُ veil, cover (n.)

مَسُورٌ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مَسُورٌ

س ج د 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) → Prostrated himself

acc. سَابِعَيْن nom. السَّابِعُونُ those who (act. pic. m. plu.) go first

(act. pic. f. plu.) السَّابِقَاتُ those who go first, those who pass speedily

(pact. pic. m. plu.) acc.

وَمَانِحُنُ بِسَنْفُوْوِينُ

And We are not to be outrun, [56:60]

another

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) viii استَبقاً the twain raced

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii استبقور they raced, strived

وكوتفقآ وكطستناعل اغينهم كاستبغواالتحاكط

And if We listed surely We should wipe out their eyes that they would strive for the way. [36:66]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) viii we strive in race

إثَّاذَهَبُنَأَنَّتُهِنَّ

We went off competing.
[12:17]

(perate. m. plu.) viii اُسَيِّعُوْا (you) strive! (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they prostrate (1) themselves

يَتُنُونَ أَيْتِ لللهِ أَنَا الْيُلِ وَهُوْيَدُ جُدُونَ ا

(They) reciting the revelations of Allah in the hours of night while they prostrate themselves. [3:113]

they adore (2)

وجَدْثُهَاوَقُومَهَايَنْجُدُونَ لِلسَّمْسِ

I have found her and her people adorning the sun. [27:24]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. ایسجدوا they adore

آلاتيتخلوالله

So that they adore not Allah? [27:25]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.)

(parate. m. sing.) انتجاد thou (m.) prostrate thyself

(perate. f. sing.) انتجدی thou (f.) prostrate thyself

(you all) prostrate yourselves

وَلِذَاقِيْلَ لَهُواسْجُدُوالِارْحُلْنِ

And when it is said unto them prostrate yourselves. [25:60]

تَبَعَدَ يَسْجُدُ تُبِحُوداً (ن)

to prostrate (1)

to be submissive (2) obeisance, to adore

فَسَجَدَالْمَلْكِكَةُ كُلُهُ وَأَجْمَعُونَ

So the angels prostrated themselves, all of them togather. [15:30]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they prostrated themselves

أَسُجُدُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) makes obeisance

وَيِلْهِ يَسْجُدُ مَنْ فِي التَّسُوْتِ وَالْكَرْضِ

And whoever is in the heavens and the earth makes obeisance to Allah only.

[13:15]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. that thou prostate thyself

مَامَنَعُكَ ٱلْانْشَجُدَ

What prevented thee that thou shouldst not prostrate thyself. [7:12]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) المجدّد I prostrate myself

أَسْجَدَانِ (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain made obeisance

وَالنَّجُهُ وَاللَّهَ جُرُيْتُهُ مُنْكِ

And the herbs and the trees do obeisance. [55:6] the sacred(prop. n.) الْمُسَجِدُ الْحُرَّامُ (Mosque at Makkah

(also referred to as بَنْتُ اللهِ the House of Allah and K'aba)

* > 5 c

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) رُسُجُرُونَ < they will be stocked to be burnt

عَمَرَ بَسْجُرُ عَمْراً وَ مُعُوْراً (ن)

to fill (oven) with wood, to heat, burn, to fill (well) with water

ثُوَيْنِ النَّارِيُهُ جَرُوْنَ ﴿

Then in the fire they would be stocked. [40:72]

(pact pic. m. sing.)

وَالْبَحْرِالْسَبُورِنَ

By the overflowing sea.

[52:6]

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.)ii مُوِّرَتُ دُونِهِ

وَإِذَ االْهِحَارُسُجِّرَتُ ۖ

And when the seas shall be filled. [81:6]

* 7 5 0

the scroll of writing (n.) السَّيِّيلُ

prostration (1) (v.n.) التُجُوْدُ

وَمِنَ الْيُولِ مُسَيِّحَهُ وَأَدْبَارَ السُّجُودِ @

And in the night time hallow Him and also after (the prescribed) prostration. [50:40]

(p. b. of عَاجِدٌ) (2)

those who prostrate themselves

وَالرُّكِيعِ النَّبِحُودِ@

And those who bow down and those who prostrate themselves. [2:125]

(act. pic. m. sing.) مناجِدٌ one who prostrates himself

السَّاجِدُوْنَ .nom السَّاجِدِيْنَ سَاجِدِيْنَ

(act. pic. m. p.s.) acc. those who prostrate themselves

(act. pic. m. p.b.) acc. مُجَدًا prostrating

وَادْخُلُواالْبَابَ مُعَدِّدًا

And enter the gate prostrating yourselves. [2:58]

mosque (n.p.t.)

لمستجِدُ أيست عَلَى التَّعُوني

Surely a mosque founded from the first day on piety [9:108]

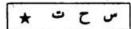
الْمَاجِدُ ، مَاجِدُ ، الْمَاجِدُ ، mosques (n.p.b.)

259

تَعَبَ بَشْعَبُ تَغِا (ف)

to drag, trail on the ground

acc. السَّحَابُ، سَعَابُ nom. السَّحَابُ، سَعَابُ cloud (n.)



(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. iv خشجت (that may extirpate to destroy, انعانا ۷

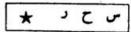
exterminate (ف) تَعَتَّ بِسُحَتُ سَخَاً

to gain what is unlawful

لَاتَفْتَرُواعَلَاللهِ كَذِبًا فَيُسْحِتُّكُو بِعَذَابٍ

Fabricate not against Allah a lie, lest He extirpate you with a torment. [20:61]

forbidden, unlawful (n.)



المورود (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المورود (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

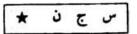
> تَوَ يَسْعَرُ يَغُوا (ف)

to bewitch, enchant, practise magic or sorcery

سَحَوُوْ آاعَيُنَ النَّاسِ

They enchanted the eyes of the people. [7:116]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. that thou enchant the stones of baked clay(n.) السَّجِيلُ



(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. حيسجن < ~ be imprisoned

to imprison (ن) تَبَعَنُ بَعْنا (ن

(epl. 3 p.m. plu.) لَيُسْجَنَّ they should imprison SS

(epl. pip. 3 p.m. sing.) در المحال (epl. pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

the prison (n.)

(pact. pic. m. plu.) مُسْجُونُ (sing.) مُسْجُونُ

Sijiin (n.)

litt. a 'prison' which is a certain place in which is kept the record of the deeds of the wicked (LL).

* 5 5 0

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

to be calm, (ن) تَعِمَا يَسْجُوْ سَغُواً (ن) to be covered with

* 4 5 0

يُسْجُبُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. phu.) (pip. 3 p.m. phu.)

(pis. pic. m. plu.) ii فَسَعِرِ نَنَ bewitched ones

early dawn (n.)

غِينَاهُمُ بِسَعَرِ

We delivered them at early dawn. [54:34]

early dawns (n. p. b.)

وَالْسُتَغُفِرِيْنَ بِالْأَسُحَارِ

And praying ones at early dawn for forgiveness.

[3:17]

* 3 5 0

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

to be distant (ن) be far away (v.n.)

س ح ل ★

(act. pic. m. sing,) السَّاحِلُ seashore, bank of a river

س خ د ★

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) يرز < ~ scoff at

مَنْخِرَ بَسْخَرُ تَغْرَأً وَ شُخْرَةً (س)

to make fun of, laugh at, mock

(pip. 2 p.m. sing.) يُسْحُرُونُ you are turned away

عُل كَالْيُ كُنْحَدُونَ

Say thou: How then are ye turned away. [12:89]

is not only "bewitched" but also to be turned away from one's course or way.

السَّخرُ ، بِيخِرُ magic (n.)

two magics (n. dual) يغرّان (or magicians)

قَالُوْاسِحُرْنِ تَظْهَرَا

They said: two magics supporting each other. [28:48]

(act. pic. m. sing.) السَّاحِرُ ، سَاحِرُ السَّاحِرُ ، سَاحِرُ

(act. pic. m. dual.) ماجِرَانِ two magicians

(act. pic. m. ps.) السَّاحِرُونَ the magicians

(act. pic. m. pb.) السَّحَرَةُ the magicians

magician (ints.) عَادُّ

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُنْحُورُ enchanted

منځورون nom. منځورين (act. pic. m. plu.) ii

enchanted ones

وَسَخُولُكُو الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَبَرَ

And He subjected the sun and the moon for you (i.e., for your benefit).

[14:33]

we subjected (perf. 1st. p. m. plu.) المعتقرة الم

(pis. pic. m. sing.) ii subservient, one subjugated

الْمُسَخَّوَاتُ ، مُسَخِّرَاتُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

(pis. pic. f. plu.) those who are made subject, subservient

* 5 0

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <-became incensed

نَيْطَ بَسْخَطُ سَغَطًا _ عَلَىٰ _

to be angery, to be inflamed in anger, incensed (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they are enraged

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv
angered

displeasure (v.n.) مُعَطَّ

* "

حَدَّ بَسُدُّ سَدًا (ن) (assim) (ن) مَدَّ بَسُدُّ سَدًا

to close (a whole), to stop up, to bar

mountain (2)

two mountains (n. dual)gen. (that serve as barriers)

نَسْخُوُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou scoffs at

they scoff at

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَسْخُرُونَ you scoff at

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. أَسْخُرُوا that you scoff at

نَسْخُو (imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. السَّاخِرِيْن the scoffers

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) خرون <they turn to scoffing

mockery (v.n.) acc.

as RF

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

ii تسخيراً SS under dominion or control, to subjugate

وَسَخَوَالنَّهُ مِن وَانْقَدَرُ

And He subjugated the sun and the moon. (compelled them to act or do their functions as they are ordered.) [13:2] س ر ب ★

act. pic. m, sing.) مَارِبُ one who goes about freely

> سَرَبَ يَسْرُبُ مُرُوبًا (ن)

to go forth and pasture freely (camels)

حرز to turn freely (v.n.) acc. آتر بأ

مَرِبَ بَشْرَبُ سَرَبُ الرِهُ (س)

to flow, run

نَاتُوْنَ سَمِيلُهُ فِي الْبَحْرِسَرِيَّا Then it took its way into the sea freely. [18:61]

تراباً acc. تراب mirage (n.)

س ر ب ل متراثان (n. p.b.)

(sing.) " = <

س ر ج ★

انتراجا litt. lamp (n.) acc. سراجا meta.(1) Prophet Muhammad (P.B.H.)

(2) the sun

س د ح ★

jou drive out to pasture

(فَ سُرَحُونَ مَرْحًا وَ سُرُوحًا (ف)

to send forth to pasture

proper, (n.) acc. مَدِيْدِا straight to the point (ض) مَدُّ يَسِدُّ مِدَاداً to be right, in the right

to be right, in the right direction

س د اد ★

lote-trees (n.)

(of a wild, thorny and fruitless variety)

المذرّة (n.) lote-tree

boundry (beyond which neither angels nor prophets can pas, and which is the ultimate point of access for created beings).

* " "

one-sixth (fraction) السُّدُسُ

تَأْدِسُّ sixth (ord. num.)

س د ی ★

الندگ (adj.) اlitt. in vain, (n.)

آيَعْسَبُ الْإِنْسَانُ آنُ يُتُولِكَ سُدَّى

[75:36]

كَا يَعُ لِكُونُهَا تَسُتُوالْمُطِيئِنَ

The colour whereof is deepest, delighting the beholders.

[2:69]

(part. pic.m. sing.) acc. مَسْرُوراً delighted

happines (v.n.) acc. آرُوراً

prosperity (n.) (opp. tribulation)

happiness (opp. distress)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُرَّدُ hidden (1)

to keep secret, آبرار iv تر to conceal, to confide, impart a secret to

مَبَوَا ويمن مُن استرالعول ومن جَهويه

Equal (unto him) is he among you who hideth the word and he who publisheth. [13:10]

confided (2)

وَإِذْ أَسَرَّ اللَّهِيُّ إِلَى بَعُضِ أَزْوًا جِهِ حَدِيثًا

11

And when the Prophet confided a story to one of his wives. [66:3]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) آئوَرْتُ I spoke secretly

أَسَرُّوُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَسَرُّوُوا they hided

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يُسِرُّوُنَ they hide وَلَكُوْ فِيهَا لَجَمَالٌ حِيْنَ ثُرِيْخُونَ وَحِيْنَ تَنْرَخُونَ

And for you there is beauty in them as ye drive them at eventide and as ye drive them out to pasture.

[16:6]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) ii حَرِّعُ (I shall release

تَرَّحَ الْ تَسْرِيْحُاً
to release, to set free, to divorce

(you) release!

to set free, (v.n.) acc. آراحاً (to divorce)

setting free (v.n.) ii

س ر د ★

coat of mail (n.) السَّرْدِ (or) links (stitch)

~س د د ق

مَرَ ادِقَ (n.) awning awning canvas roof

* ~ ~ ~

imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) (assim) مرود محطور delights

 أَمُرُّ مُرُوداً وَ مَسَرَّةً (ن)
 الله مَسُرَّةً (ن)
 الله مَسُرَّةً (ن)
 الله مَسَرَّةً (ن)
 الله مَسَرِّةً (ن)
 الله مَسَرَّةً (ن)
 الله مَسَرِّةً (ن)
 الله مَسَر

المرابع ا

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) iii فتارعُ we are hastening

(you) make haste! vie with each other!

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) تسريع swift, sharp

الله سيريغ الميساب

And Allah is swift at reckoning. [2:202]

ميراعا hasten forth (v.n. <iii) acc.

يرع swifter (elative) مرع

س ر ف ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) آشرَقَ ~<trespassed (1)

> أَسْرَفَ ١٠ إِسْرَافاً

extravagent, to exceed a limit in anything

كَذٰلِكَ نَجُزِيُ مَنْ أَسُرَكَ

Thus We requite him who trespasseth (the boundry of law). [20:127]

أشرَفُوا they committed extravagnce

قُلْ يْعِبَادِى الَّذِينَ آسُرَفُوْا عَلَى ٱنْفُيعِمُ

Say thou, O My bondmen who have committed extravagance against themselves. [39:53] imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) اُسِرُّ وُنَ you hide!

أَيِرُ وُا (perate m. plu.) أَيرُ وُا (you) hide!

آيسة واقولكوا واجهدوايه

And whether ye keep your discourse secret or publish it. [67:13]

secretly (v.n.) acc. إشراكراً (talking or addressing secretly)

secret (n.) acc. بير nom. الشره secretly (n.) acc.

secretly (h.) acc.

سَرِيْو (sing.)

رفيهكا أسؤره فترفؤعة

Therein shall be couches elevated. [88:13]

س دع ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii بُسَادِعُوْنَ <they vie with each other

منازع بُسَارِعُ مُسَارَعَةً وَ بِرَاعاً ،

make haste with one another, or crying, or striving, with one another, hastening with another, to be or get before other or others

إشرافآ

mic عَوْنَ ، nom سَارِقَيْنَ ،nom سَارِقَيْنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)viii اَسْتَرَقَ

إَلَامَنِ السُّتَوَقَ السَّنْعَ

Save him who stealeth the hearing. [15:18]

س ر م د

تر مداً continuous (n.) acc. آثر مداً

س د ی 🖈

(imperf. p.m. sing) w.v. f.d. يسير < departs (ض) يَسْرِى شَرَى وَ سُرْيَةً (ض) to travel at night

وَالَّيْسِ إِذَا يَسْرِ

And by the night when it departeth. [89:4]

depart ! (perate. m. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اَسُرِیْ carried by night, made to travel by night

ترياً acc. ترياً

س ط ح

شطِحَتُ (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) مُطِحَتُ <-outspread (ف) مُطَحَّ يَشْطَحُ سَطُحًا (ف)

to spread out, level

لاً يُشرِفُ (el. neg. 3 n.m. sing.) لاً يُشرِفُ (el- neg. 3 n.m. sing.)

أَمْ يُسْرِفُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) juss. المُعْ يُسْرِفُوا الله they were not extravagant

لاً تُسْرِفُونُا (perate neg. m. plu.) الله تُسْرِفُونُا be not extravagant!

extravagantly (v.n.)

مُسْرِفٌ (.ap-der.>iv neg. sing مُسْرِفٌ

المُشُرِ فِيْنَ ، مُسُرِ فِيْنَ (apder. m. plu.)

extravagant people

س د ق ★

تَرَقَّ بَشُرِئُ سَرَقاً وَ سَرَقَةً (ض)

to steal

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) juss. يَشْرِقَ steals

قَالْوَّالِنْ يَسْرِقْ فَقَدْ سَرَقَ آخٌ لَهُ مِنْ مَثِلْ

They said: if he stealeth then surely a brother of his hath stolen before.

[12:77]

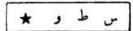
لاَ يَسُرِقُنَ (imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) لاَ يَسُرِقُنَ they (f.) should not steal

(act. pic. m. sing.) السَّارِقُ thief (m.)

(act. pic. f. sing.) السَّارِقَةُ thief (f.) (3)

أَمَا طِنْدُ (fables, stories (n.p.b.) أَمَا طِنْدُ (sing.)

signifies, lies or falsehoods, or fictions, or stories having no foundation ص



(imperf 3 p.m. plu.) n.v. يَسْطُونُ <they attack

سَطَّا یَشُطُو سَطُواً وَ سَطُواً (ن) - عَلَیٰ ، ب to attack, assail, leap upon

سع د 🖈

شيدُوُا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) معِدُوُا they are blest

> سَعَدَ بَسُعَدُ سَعُداً وَ سُعُوْداً وَ سُعُوْداً وَ سُعُوْداً

to be prosperous, fortunate, to be blessed (p.p.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُعِيدُ one who is blessed

(wretched شَقِيٌّ wretched)

س ع د 🖈

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ii مُقْرَتُ < ~ is made to blaze

دَالِيَ الْأَرْضِ كَيْهُ كَاسُطِعَتْ

And (look they not) at the earth how it is outspread? [88:20]

س ط ر 🖈

(1)

شُطُرُوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (they inscribe

سَطَرَ يَسُطُرُ سَطُرا (ن)

to inscribe, write, draw

مَسْطُورٌ ، مَسْطُوراً . مَسْطُوراً

(pact. pic. m. sing.)
he inscribed SS

مُستَطِرُ (written down(pis.pic.>viii)

وَكُلُّ صَغِيْرٍ وَّكِيبُرِمُ سَتَطَلُ

And everything, small and great, hath been written down. [54:53]

(2) س ی ط ر

مَصَيُطِرُ (ap-der.quard. m. sing.) مَصَيُطِرُ (warden

مَيْطَرَ يُسَيْطِرُ سَيْطَرَةً - عَلَىٰ

to exercise full authority over SS

(Ap-der. m. plu. quard.) مُصَيُطِرُوُنُ wardens

Note: The first redical or is replaced with

speeded, went quickly (2)

وَإِذَا تَوَلُّ سَعَى فِي الْأَرْضِ لِلْغُسِدَ فِيهَا

And when he turneth away he speedeth through the land that he may act corruptly therein. [2:205]

endeavoured (3)

وَأَنْ لَيْسَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ إِلَّامَاسَعَى

And that for man shall be naught save that therefor he endeavoureth. [53:39]

ر (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. استورا they endeavoured

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. رسمی حرب

نُورُهُ وُيسُعٰى بَيْنَ آيندِيُومُ

Their light will be running before them. [66:8]

striveth (2)

ثُعَ آذبَرَيَسُلي

then he turned back striving.
[79:22]

runneth, is running (3)

وَجَآءَ رَجُلُ مِنَ أَقْصَا الْمَدِينَةِ يَسْعَى

And then came a man from the farthest part of the city running. [28:20]

وآمّاس جَآءَك يَسْلى

And for him who cometh unto thee running. [80:8] to provoke, ii مُعَرِّ تَسْعِيْر to light the fire acc. آسَعِيْر ، سَعِيْر ، سَعِيْر ، سَعِيْر ، سَعِيْر ، سَعِيْر

flame, blaze (act. 2 pic.)
(of the Hell)

madness (1) (n.)

فَتَالْوَا آبَشَرُا مِنَاوَاحِدُ انتَبِعُهُ النَّادُ الَفِي

And they said: a (mere) human being from among us, and single! shall we follow him? verily then we should fall in error and madness. [54:24]

plural of سَعِيْر (2) (According to Ibn. and Mot. معر

in the verse 54:24

is plural of , as it is endorsed by authentic commentators).

س ع ی 🖈

to strive, to go quickly, hasten, to run, to be active

وسلى في تخوايها

And he strived after their ruin. [2:114]

فَلَتَابَلَغَ مَعَهُ السَّعَى

And when he (Isma'il) attained the age of running.
[37:102]

speeding (2)

لَيْعُسَوْ يَأْمِينَاكَ سَعْيًا

Then call them, they will come unto thee speeding.
[2:260]

endeavour (3)

فكلا كُفْرَانَ لِسَعْيِهِ

There shall be no denial of his endeavour. [21:94]

striving (3)

وتسغى لهَاسَتِهَا

And strive therefor with (due) striving. [17:19]

efforts (5)

أكذين مكا سعيه وفي المعيوة الدني

Those whose efforts are wasted in the life of the world. [18:104]

سغ ب *

مَسْغَبَةً <privation (v.n.) مُسْغَبَةً

يَشُغُّبُ سَغُباً وَمَسُغَبَةً (ن،ف)to hunger

س ف ح 🖈

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc. حَسْفُوْ مَا poured forth Note: In the above quoted verses the verb مُسْجِى has occured as مَالَّ therefore is rendered as running.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ~ striveth, runneth, endeavoureth

تشعلى

لِتُجُدِّى كُلُّ نَعْيِبٍ بِمَاتَسَعْى

In order that everyone may be requited according to that which he endeavoureth. [20:15]

فَٱلْفُهُمَا فَإِذَاهِيَ حَيَّةٌ كُسُني

So he cast it down, and lo! it was a serpent running along. [20:20]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَسْعُوْنَ they strive (1) (in corruption)

ويَسْتُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَأَمًا

And they go about in the land corrupting. [5:33]

they endeavour (2)

وَالَّذِينَ يَسْعَوْنَ فِي الْيِنَامُعْجِزِينَ

And those who endeavour to frustrate Our signs.

[34:38]

السَّعُيُّ ، سَعُياً (v.n.) acc. litt. running (1) mata. the age of running (for a child)

779

(3)

<tomes (1) (n.p.b.) أَسْفَارُ (volumes of a book) heavy book or scries of volumes (sing.)</p>

كَتَشُلِ الْمِعَلِيَةِ عَيْنِ لُ السَّغَارُا Likeness of the ass bearing tomes. [62:5]

(2) سَفَرٌ plural of

فَعَالُوْارَبِّنَا بِعِدُبِينَ آسْفَادِنَا

And they said: our Lord! make the distance between our journeys longer.

[34:19]

scribes (4)

ؠؚٲؽؙۮؚؽڛٙۼؘۯۊ

By the hands of scribes.
[80:15]

س ف ع ★

(epl. 1st p. plu.) لَنَسْفُعاً we shall seize and deal

empathic:

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) : نَسْفَعُ

acc. without shaddah:

س ف ك *

يَسْفِكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

> سَفَحَ يَسْفَحُ سَفُحاً وَ سُفُوحاً (ف)

to shed,

flow (tears, blood, etc.)

آؤدمات فوحا

Or blood poured forth.

[6:145]

(ap-der. m. phu.) acc. gen. مُسَافِقِينَ fornicators

سَافَحَ مُسَاكَحَةً وَ يَنْعَاحَا

to fornicate, to commit fornication

(ap-der f. plu.) مُسَالِحًا تُّتُ fornicatresses

س ف ر ★

(1) journey (n.)

to depart, مُسَافَرَة iii مُسَافَرَة < travel, set out on a jour-

>> سَغَرَ يَسْفِرُ سَفْراً (ض)

to sweep, disperse

(2) أَسُفَرَ brightened iv حَامِنَاراً أَسُفَرَ iv إِسُفَاراً

(dawn), enter at the time of dawn

وَالصُّيْحِ إِذْآانَسُغَرَ

By the morning when it brighteneth. [74:34]

(Ap-der. f. sing.) سُفْوَرَةُ beaming (with the light of faith)

the boat (n.) (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~beflooded سَغة سَنْقة تَفا (س) رَ سَفَّة سَنفُهُ سَنَامَةً (ك) to be unwise, stupid, foolish to make oneself in it or become stupid, foolish, befool folly (v.n.) Tala (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) one who is foolish (act. 2 pic. m. plu.) those whe are foolish (sing.) the Hell (n.) (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المقطور الم <they fell سَفَطَ سَنْفُطُ سُقُوطًا (ن)

سَفَكَ بَسُفِكُ سَفُكاً (ض)

to shed (blood or tears)

plu. (imperf. neg. 2 p.m.) you shall not shed

س ف ل ★

سَافِلُ (act. pic. m. sing.) مَافِلُ downward

جَعَلْنَاعَالِيَهَاسَافِلَهَا

We turned upside thereof the downward. [11:82]

the lowest (1) (elative)

تُعَرِّدُدُنْهُ أَسْفَلَ سَافِلِيْنَ

Thereafter We cause him to return to the lowest of the low. [95:5]

below (2)

وَالرَّكِ اللهُ لَكِ مِنْكُوْ

And the caravan was below you. [8:42]

the lowest (elative)

(elative n. plu.) الْآمُفَلِينَ

nethermost men (humble)

31 -

السُّغُلِيْ (elative f. sing.) السُّغُلِيْ nethermost

وَجَعَلَ عَلِمَةَ الَّذِيْنَ كَغَرُواالسُّفَلَ

And he made the word of those who disbelieved nethermost. [9:40]

to fall down

to come to

to deviate from

شقفآ <roofs (n. p. b.) (sing)

ق

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) w.v. < not well

مَ يَسْغُمُ سَفُهَا وَ سُفْهَا (ك)

to be weak, to be not well

ق

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ watered مَنَىٰ بَشْتِينَ سَقْبًا (ض)وَ أَسْبَا

to give to drink, to water, to irrigate

وسعهم رتهم فكراباطهوكا

And their Lord hath slaked their thirst with a pure [76:21] drink.

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. thou watered

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) gives to drink or will give to drink

He will pour out wine for [12:41] his lord.

(imperf. neg. 3 p.f. sing.) ~does not give water

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they water, were watering

(pp.) أَشْفِطُ (pp.) فِنْ يَدِم he repented, regretted an act, he slipped to fall into еггог

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) ~falles repented (pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

وكفائية كم فتاليديم

And when they repented.

[7:149]

(The phrase in Arabic means: they struck their hand upon their hands, by reason of repentance: or repented greatly: because he who repents, and grieves, or regrets, bites his hands in sorrow, so that his hand is fallen upon his teeth.)

(LL)

(act. pic. m. sirig.) acc. one that is falling down

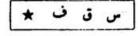
acc. iv

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) thou causes to fall

acc. iv (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we cause to fall

(perate. m. sing.) iv (thou) causes to fall

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv it shall drop



(n.) acc. lian the roof

س ك ب ★

سَكَبَ بَسْكُبُ سُكُوْماً (ن)

to pour out, (melt and cast metals)

س ك ت ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <∼became quiet

سَكَتَ بِسُكُتُ سُكُونًا (ن)

to be silent, became quiet (meta.) مُنَكَتَ عَنْهُ الْغَنْبُ the anger is abated

وَلَتَاْسَكَتَ عَنْ مُوْسَى الْغَضَبُ And when the anger of Musa abated. [7:154]

س ك ر ★

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ii مُكَرِّتُنْ

intoxicated

اَتَكُرُ بِنْكُرُ مِنْكُواً وَ سَكُواً (ن)
 to be intoxicated

إنشأك كرت أبعكاثنا

Intoxicated have been our sights. [15:15]

(imperf. neg. lst. p. plu.) لأ نَـنِق we do not water

بَسْفِيْنِ (بَسْنِيْ + ين = بَسْفِنْنِيْ)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ gives me to drink

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) they are given to drink

∼shall be given to drink

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) يُسْقُونُ they will be given to drink

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أَسْقَيْناً we gave to drink

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we give to drink

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x استشقیا ~prayed for drink, asked for drink

السَّفَايَةُ / سِفَايَةً السَّفَايَةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِقِيقِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايَةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِقِي السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِقِ السَّفَايِقِ السَّفَايِّةِ السَّفَايِقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّفِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَّقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِقِيقِ السَامِق

giving of drinks (1)

آجَمَلْتُوْسِقَايَةُ الْحَاتِجَ Make ye the giving of drinks unto pilgrims. [9:19]

the drinking cup (2)

جَمَلُ السِّقَالِهُ فِي رَحْلِ آخِينِهِ He placed the drinking cup in his brothers pack.

]12:70]

(giving the) drink (n.)

•

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) المسكن - إلى that he might find (2) repose

وجَعَلَ مِنْهَ أَذَوْجَهَ إِلْيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا ۗ

And He created therefrom his spouse (Hawwa, the first woman) that he might find repose in her. [7:189]

(The word بَالَكُنُ إِلَيْاً "repose in her" puts in a nutshell the various attitudes the two sexes can adopt towards each other—of love in youth, of companionship in middle age, and of care and attendance in infirmity.—(Jid.)

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. المنكنوا في المام they repose

اَثَاجَعَلْنَاالَیْلَ لِیَمُنُّوْلِیْکُو We have appointed the night that they may repose therein. [27:86]

تَشَكُّنُونَ / تَشكُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّم

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you repose

(el. 2 p.m. plu.) لِكَانُوْا مِ إِلَا that you may find repose

(epl. 1st p. plu.) we surely shall cause to dwell

(perate. m. sing.) منگن thou dwell liquor (n.) acc. (It also signifies the nonintoxicating beverages such as vinegar)

عُرَةً agony (1) (n.)

سَكُرَةُ الْمَوْتِ The agony of death. (Pic.) the stupor (Jid.) [50:19]

intoxication (2)

لَهُ مُرْكُ الْهُ مُ لَغَىٰ سَكُرْ تِهِ مُ يَعْمُهُونَ By thy life! in their intoxication they were wandering. [15:72]

drunken, (n.p.b.) مُكَادِلُي intoxicated

شكر ان (sing.)

س ك ن ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

سَكَنَ بَسْكُنُ سَكَناً وَ سُكُنَا (ن) to dwell, inhabit to rely upon, فِيْ وَ إِلِنْ trust in, to repose

> (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) بنگنتم ye dwell (1)

مَّكَنْ أَنْ فَيُ مَلِكِي الَّذِيْنِيَ ظَلَكُوۤ الْفَصَّمُ مُ And ye dwell in the dwellings of those who had wronged themselves.

[14:45]

knife (n.) dwelling (n. pt.) dwellings (n.p. pt.) (pact. pic. f. sing.) inhabited غَرْ مَسْكُونَةِ uninhabi ed poverty, (v n. mim.) lowliness (n.) acc. Line nom. poor, humble, submissive المَسَاكِنَ / مَسَاكِنَ / مَسَاكِنَ / the poor(n.p.b.) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~snatches If the fly were to snatch away aught from them. [22:73] خلخة (arms (n. p.b.) سِلاح (sing.)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)

انتكنوا (perule. m. plu.) (you) dwell (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~have not been inhabited 1:5: (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv I cause to dwell أنكنا (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we cause to dwell يشكن juss. iv (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ causes to cease or stop > سَكُنَ يَشْكُنُ مُنْكُونًا (ن) to subside, to be or become quiet opp. to move آئيکن cause to be quiet (perate. m. plu.) iv (vou) lodge! (act. pic. m. sing.) acc. still تک. repose (1) (n.) انَ صَلَوْتَكَ سُدُ يُلَهُ Verily thy prayer is a repose

[9.103] for them.

tranquillity, rest (2)

And He appointed the night as a rest. [6:96]

tranquillity (n.)

<we draw

>> تبلط بشلط تشلطة (س)

to be strong, hard, be sharp

وَلَوْشَاءُ اللَّهُ لَسَلَّطَهُ وْعَلَيْكُو

And had Allah willed He would have surely set them upon you. [4:90]

(imperf. 3 p.m, sing.) ii ~gives power over SS

عُلُماًانٌ (n.) (authority (1) (n.)

إِنَّ عِبَادِي لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمُ سُلُطْنُ

Verily as for My bondmen no authority shall thou have over them. [15:42]

warrant (2)

آمُلِكُهُ سُلَظِنٌ مُسِينً

Or is there for you a clear warranting. [37:156]

شُلُطَآنِيَة (مُلُطَآنِ + يَ + دُ) my authority

(s is only for rhyme)

هَلَكَ عَنِي سُلْطِنَة

There hath perished from me my authority. [69:29]

س ل ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) حَلَقَة <~is past

سَلَفَ يَسْلُفُ سَلَفاً وَ سُلُوفاً (ن) to come to an end, pass away, to precede to strip off (نَ اللّٰهُ مُلْخُ اللّٰهُ مُلْخُ (نَ اللّٰهُ مُلْخُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمِلْمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ

to be slipped off

انْسَلَخَ vii

فَإِذَا انْسَلَحَ الْأَشُهُو الْحُرْمُ

Then when the sacred months have slipped away. [9:5]

~sloughed off (2)

اتينه أيتنافأنكخ منعا

We gave him Our signs but he sloughed them off. [7:175]

* * * *

fountain (namely (n.) تُلْتَيْنِكُ Salsabil)

س ل س ل

a chain (n.) عليلة

chains, (n. p. b.) السَّلاَ سِلُ السَّلاَ سِلُ السَّلاَ السَّلاَ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ الله

س ل ط - ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii <∼gave SS mastery or power

to make أَسُلُونَا ii أَسُلُونَا one overcome, have the mastery

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against you with sharp tongues. (Jid.) scold you with sharp tongues. (Pic.) smite you with sharp ton-[33:19] gues. (M.A.)

Note: Among the words "inveigh against", "scold", "smite" and "flay" the second one is the nearmost to the sense of that signifies "to attack with scathing criti-

cism". (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ threaded (1)

سَلَكَ يَسْلُكُ سَلُكاً وَ سُلُوكاً (ن)

to travel on a road, to thread a pathway, to make a way

وَسَلَكَ لَكُوْ مِنْهَا لَهُ إِلَّهُ لِللَّهِ مِنْهَا لَهُ لِلا

And he threaded for you roads therein. (i.e., opened in the earth pathways). [20:53]

~caused to enter (2)

الدَّوْانَ اللهُ الزَّلِ مِن السَّمَاء مَا مُنسَلَحَهُ يتابيع في الأرض

Didst thou see not that Allah sendeth down water from the heaven and causeth it to enter springs in the earth. [39:21]

فألفاسكك

His is that which is past. [2:275]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv sent before, did previously

أَسْلَفَ ١١

to do SS or give SS in advance

مُنَالِكَ تَبِكُوا كُلُ نَعْسِ مَا اسْلَقَت

Therein every soul shall prove that which it sent before. [10:30]

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) you sent in advance or you did previously تآنآ

previously (v.n.) acc.

And We made them a thing past. [43:56]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they flaved

سَلَقَ بِسَلْقُ سَلُقاً (ن)(to boil, scold (LL) to hurt by words (Mjm.)

سَلَقُوْكُوْ بَالْسِنَةِ حِدَادِ

They flay you with sharp tongues. (Arb.) in veigh > تَسَلَّلَ إِنَّ تَسَلُّلُا

to slip away secretly

>> سَلُّ يَسُلُّ سَلُا (ن)

to draw out slowly (assim)

فَدُيَعُلُو اللهُ الَّذِينَ يَتَسَلَّمُوْنَ مِنْكُمْ لِوَاذَا Surely Allah knoweth those who slip away privately. [24:63]

extract (n.) ゴゾム

سُلْمَةٍ مِّنُ طِيْنِ And extract of the clay. [23:12]

سُلْلَةِ مِّنْ مَلَّهِ مِّغِيْنِ An extract of water (base). [32:8]

* ~ 0

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

<->saved (1)
<-> مَيْلِمَ بَشْلُمُ مَلاَمَةً وَ سَلاَماً (س)

to be in sound condition, well, without a blemish

(i) to give over, hand over, to transmit

(ii) to salute, greet

iii) to be solid, whole أُسُلِرُ iv إِسْلَامًا

(i) to surrender, submit

(ii) to accept Islam as one's religion

~led (3)

مَاسَلَكُكُ فِي سَعَرَ

What led you into the scorching Fire? [74:42]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we made a way (4)

كَٰذَٰلِكَ مَلَكُنْهُ فِنَ قُلُوْبِ الْمُخْرِمِيْنَ Likewise we made way for it into the hearts of the culprits. [26:200]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُسْلُكُ ~causes to go

وَالْتُهُ يَمُلُكُ مِنْ بَكُنِ يَكَيْهِ He causeth to go before him. [72:27]

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) نَسْلُكُ we make a way

(perate. m. sing.) الله make the way

(perate. f. sing.) اَسُلُكِيْ make the way

(perate. m. plu.) اَسْلُكُوا bind with a chain (5)

تُوْنِيْسِلِيلَةٍ ذَرْعُهَاسَبْعُونَ ذِرْعًانَاسْلُكُوهُ Then in a chain whereof the length is seventy cubits, bind him. [69:32]

س ل ل ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)vi < they slip away

يَتَسَلَّلُوْنَ

ئَاذَادَ خَلْتُوْلِيُونَّافَسَلِهُوْاعَلَ اَنْفُرِ هُمُّ غَدَ فَيْنِ عِنْداللهِ مُنْزِكَةُ طُنِيةُ

Then when you enter houses salute each other with greeting from before Allah, blest and goodly. [24:61]

send benedictions (2)

لَيَّ يَهُمَّا الَّذِينَ المَنُوا صَلُوا عَلَيْهِ وَسَبِلْمُوا تَسْلَسُمُّا

O ye who believe! send your benedictions upon him and salute him with goodly salutation. [33:56]

(pisc. pic. f. sing.) ii whole (1)

سُكَةُ لَاشِكَةُ مِنْهَا

(The cow should be) whole and without blemish in her. [2:71]

delivered one (2)

زَدِيَةُ السَّلَمَةُ إِلَّى آهَلِهِ

A blood-wit delivered to his family. [4:92]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv -1

بَلِي مِنْ السَّلَوَ وَجُهَا فَ مِلْكُ

Aye! whosoever submitted himself unto Allah.

[2:112]

(perf. Ist p. sing.) iv

ولكن الله سكة

But Allah saved. [8:43]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

you hand over (2)

مَلَاجُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُولِوَاسَلَمْتُومُّ الْيَحُوُ

And there is no blame on you when you hand over that which you have given reputably. [2:233]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُتَأْتُوا they submit (3)

ثُعَوَلا يَعِدُ وَإِنْ آنَفُ مِهِمْ حَرَجًا لِمَا الْعَدَيْتَ وَلُسَالُوا لَسُدُوا لَسُدُانَا

Then they find no vexation in their hearts with that which thou hast decreed and they submit with full submission. [4:65]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. ii you salute or (4) greet, invoke peace

(Enter not houses other than yours) until you have asked the permission and greeted the inmates.

[24:27]

(perate m. plu.) مُلِّوُا greet (1)

TVA

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the religion of (1) (n) Islam

O ye who believe ! enter into Islam wholly. [2:208] Note : " literally is peace, reconciliation, selfresignation or submission, with the definite article, is synonymous with الأسلام as the meaning of the religion of the Muslims, because it is a religion of self-resignation or submission. (LL)

peace (2) (n)

And if they incline unto peace, then thou may incline thereunto. [8:61]

submission (3) (n)

فأنغوا التكة

Those whom the angels cause to die while they are wronging themselves and then they proffer submission. [16:28]

(4) (n) acc.

سَلَا

to be wholly possessed (4) by someone, to belong to someone

Say, I have surrendered myself unto Allah. [3:20]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv the twain submitted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they accepted Islam

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you accepted Islam

أشكآ

وَ قُلْ لِلَّذِنْ مِنَ أَوْتُواالِكُتْ وَالْأُمِّتِينَ وَالْمُعْتِينَ وَالْمُعْتِينَ فأن أسكه افقت المتكوا

And say thou unto those who have been vouchsafed the book and unto the illiterates: Do you accept Islam ? If they accept Islam, they are surely guided. 13:201

(perf. 1st p. plu.) vi we submitted

وَلَكِنْ ثُولُوا آسُكُنْنَا

But you say we have submitted. [49:14]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) submits

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) acc. that I submit

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they submit

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you submit

(el. Ist. p. plu.) that we may submit

by the holy Prophet Mohammad (P. B. H). It has been the religion of all prophets in all climes, other (so-called religions) being so many deviation from it. religion is acceptable with God save Islam, which consists in acknowledging the unity and soleness of God and embracing the code which Mohammad (P. B. H.) had brought. Literally, and in practice, it is 'self-surrender', 'submission', 'absolute surrender' to the Devine will, and was a fit designation of the faith revealed to Abraham. Ishmael and the Arabs. (Torrey; Jewish Foundation of Islam. p. 104, cited from Jid, P. 3, n. 291)

Islam, the name applied by Muhammad (P.B.H.) himself to his religion, means 'the religion or resignation, submission to the will, the service, the commands of God. (Jid. > Klein, The Religion of Islam, p. 1)

Auslim (ap-der. m. sing.)
(One who surrenders himself to the will of God)

(Ap-der. m. dual.) مُسْلِمَيْنِ twain muslims,

those who surrendered

ڞٙڒڹٳٮڶۿؙڡٞڟٙڷٲؾؙۼڷڵۏؽۏۺؙڗڴؙؙؙٛٚٛٛۿڰڟڮؽۏؽ ۅڒڿؙڵٳڛٙؽٵڵؚۯڿؙڸٝۿڷؽۺؾۏؽۥۺٙڵڵ

Allah profoundeth a similitude: a man having several partners quarrelling and a man wholly belonging to one man. Are the two equal in likeness? [39:29]

(act. pic. m. plu.) سَالِمُونَ who are in full possession of the power of judgement and will

رَقَنْ كَالُوْ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى السَّحُوْدِ وَهُوْ سَلِيْوُنَ They had been called upon to prostrate themselves while yet they were whole. [68:43]

peace, greeting (n) أَسُلامُ ، سَلامُ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)
whole, free from all taint
of vice
stairway (n) acc.

surrender (1) (v.n.)

عُن لَا تَنْ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

Say thou: deem not your surrender a favour unto me. [49:17]

Islam (2)

إِنَّ الدِّيْنَ عِنْدَا للهِ الْإِسْلَامُ

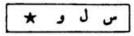
Verily the religion with Allah is Islam. [3:19]

(Islam is the technical name of the creed preached (Ap-der. m. plu.) x مُسْتَسْلِؤُنَ submissive

بَلْ هُوُالْيَوْمُ مُسْتَسْلِمُونَ

Nay! on that day they will be entirely submissive.

[37:26]



the quails (n) السَّلُّولَى

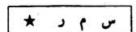
is a noun derived from سَلُونی): consolation, comfort, also a kind of bird. According to Ibn Abbas a symbol of flesh or meat which is given as provision.—Rgh.)

* > 0

مَامِدُوْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) مَامِدُوْنَ

<thcse who behave proudly

سَمَدَ يَسْمُدُ سُمُوداً (ن) to hold up one's head in pride



(act. pic. m. sing.) acc.

one who passes his nights
in saying or hearing
stories

مَمَرَ يَسْمُرُ سَمْراً وَ سُمُوْراً (ن) to pass night awake in idle talk وَأَنُونِيْ مُسْلِمِيْنَ And come unto Me as those who surrender. [27:31]

gen. acc. مُسْلِيْقِنَ nom. مُسْلِيْقِنَ Muslims

(Ap-der. f. sing.) مُسْلِمَة Muslim (female or

a group of Muslims)
(adjective of ination)

(Ap-der f. plu.) مُسْلِمَاتُ Muslims (female)

(v.n.) acc. ii submission (1)

ئْوَلَاعِهُ وَافَآ نَفُرِيمُ حَرَجُ لِيَا اَعْنَيتَ رَفْيَكُوا تَسَلِيمًا

Then they find in their hearts no vexation with that which thou hast decreed and they submit (with full) submission. [4:65]

self-surrendering (2)

ومَازَادَهُمُ إِلَّا إِيْمَانًا وَتَسْلِيمًا

And it only increased them in belief and self-surrender. [33:22]

salutation (3)

يَا يَهُاالَ ذِينَ امَنُوْا صَلُوا عَلَيْهِ وَسَلِمُوالتَسْرِيسُةًا

O ye who believe send your benedictions upon him and salute him with goodly saluation. [33:56]

سَمِعُوْ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they heard (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you heard (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we heard (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~hears مَنْمَعُونَ / تَسْمَعُونَ / تَسْمَعُونَ / مَنْمَعُونَ اللهِ acc. gen. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they, that they may, they do not, hear (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hear acc. gen. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you, that you may, you do not, hear (epl. 2 p.m. plu.) you surely will hear (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) 1 hear (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we hear we used to hear (perate m. sing.) listen (thou) ! (perate. m. plu.) hear, listen (you) ! اسْمَعُون (اسْمَعُوا (ಬ listen to me (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv made SS hear

مُسْتَكَدِّرُنَ فَتَي الْمِسْرَانَهُ جُرُوْنَ Stiff-necked, discoursing thereof by night reviling.

[23:67]

(the word file has occurred here in the verse as the i.e., in the state of doing so).

السَّامِرِيُّ (n) Samiri

is not a proper noun, a man belonging to a tribe called existed at the time of Moses (IK. Tb.). According to the recent researches, the word sounds more of an appellation than of a personal name. If we look to old Egyptian, we have 'Shemer": a stranger, foreigner. As the Israelites had just left Egypt, they might quite well have among them any Egyptianised Hebrew bearing that nickname (Jid. > Aya. P. 16, n. 381).

* 21 0

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُجَعَ مُحheard

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُعِمَتُ ~(f) heard

(form of wonder) أَشِيعْ - بِهِ how clear is his hearing! (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) السَّمْعُ أَسَمُعُ أَسَمِعُ أَسْمِعُ أَسْمُ أَسْمُ أَسْمُعُ أَسْمُ أَسْمُعُ أَسْمُ أَسْم

(and also one of the Excellent Names of Allah meaning 'The Hearer')

one who listens

listeners (ints. phu.) مَمَّاعُونَ (sing). حَمَّاعُ

س م ك ★ height (n)

* 110

the eye of needle (n)

حَتَّى َيَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فَيْسَمِ الْخِيَاطِ Untill a camel passeth through the eye of a needle. [7:40]

scorching wind,(n.) مُحَوَّمُ ، سَمُومُ scorch

* 000

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُسْمِنُ nourishes

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv سُمِعُ سُمِعُ makes to hear

juss. أَسْمِعُ أَسْمِعِ أَسْمِعُ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِعُ أَسْمِ أَسْمِي أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ أَسْمِ

you make not hear إِنْ تُسْمِعْ

(pis. pic. m. sing.) iv

They say: We hear and we disobey and hear thou without being made to obey. [4:46]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حَشَمَعُ

اسْنَعَ الْمِنْهَاعَا as RF

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii استَعَوُّا they heard

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii مُنْتَيِعُ العَمْدُ ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii نَسْتَمِعُوْنَ they hear

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii بَسْتَمِعُوْنَ you hear

(perate. m. sing.) viii اشتَمِغ (thou) listen! hear!

(perate. m. plu.) viii استَهِعُوا (you) listen! hear!

(Ap-der. m. sing) viii, listener

(ap-der. > m. plu.) آمنینون

(perate. m. plu.) ii (you) name!

(you) name them

<heaven (n.)

litt. : the higher or highest, upper or uppermost part of anything (LL). Essentially it is the upper part of the universe in contradistinction to the earth.

السَّمَاوَاتُ ، سَمَاوَاتُ السَّمَاوَاتُ heavens (n.p.)

the name (n.) الإشم ، إسم

the names (n. p.b.) "أَشَاءُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُعَادُ الْمُ

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. name-sake

لَهُ بَخِعُلُ لَهُ مِن قَبُلُ سَبِيًّا We have not aforetime made his name-sake. [19:7]

compeer (2)

هَلْ تَعْلَدُلُهُ سَتًّا

Knowest thou (any as) his compeer. [19:65]

giving a name (v.n.) ii

لَيْسَتُونَ الْتَلَيْكَةُ تَسْمِيَّةً الْأَنْثَى They name the angels the name of females. [53:27]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) ii named one, fixed

Which shall neither nourish not avail against hunger.

[88:7]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) fat one

سمان (act. 2 pic. m. phu.) fat ones (sing.) مَعْنُ <

9 6

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~has named

>> سَمَا تَسْمُوْ شُمُوّاً (ن) to be high, elevated, sublime, rise high

to give name ii iii to, to name

The faith of your Ibrahim, he hath named you Muslim. [22:78]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) ii I named

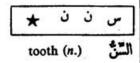
(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you have named

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they name

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii ~is named, (called)

TAO

Note: 'Tasnim' is generally taken to be a proper noun but according to Zajjaj (grammarian) it is a water coming upon them from above.' (LL)



وَالنِّنَّ بِٱلنِّينَ And a tooth for a tooth. [5:45]

dispensation (n.)

مَضَتْ سُنَّتُ الْأَقُلَانَ

Then already gone forth is the dispensation of the ancients. [8:38]

dispensations (n.p.)

دَيَهُ دِيَكُمُ سُنَنَ الَّذِيُّنَ مِنْ مَالُكُمْ

And He guides you unto dispensations of those before you. [4:26]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) < moulded

سَنَّ سَنُّ سَنَّا (ن) to mould clay (assim)

وَلَقَدُ خَلَقُنْ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنُ صَلْصَالِ مِنْ حَإِ مَسْنُوْنٍ

And verily We have created human being from ringing clay of loam moulded.

[15:26]

إذَاتَكَ اينُهُمْ بِدَيْنِ إِلْيَ أَجَلِ مُستقى When ye deal with another in lending for a fixed [2:282]

a corn-ear (n.)

سَنَابِلُ، سُنْبُلُ ، سُنْبُلاَتُ (٣٠٥) <corn-ears</pre>

شنکة (sing.)

term.

ن د

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii propped up

سَنَّدَ تَسْنُداً to support firmly, set up stays or props against a wall

> >> تشد پشند مُنَّةُ دَا ، نَسَانَدَ وَ اسْتَنَدَ

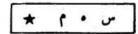
to lean upon, stay oneself upon, reply upon, confide in

satin (Jid.) (n.) finest silk (Pic.)

Tasnim (prop. n.)

س و ل 🖈

<plain lands (np.) "مَهُوْلًا"</pre>
(sing.) "مَهُوْلًا"



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii < ~joined the lots, cast the lots,

سّاخ بُسَامِ مُسَاحَة

to cast lots

س ه و ★

مَاهُوْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) مَاهُوْنَ <those who are unmindful

سَبَا يَشْبُوْ سَبُواً وَ سُبُواً (ن) to overlook, neglect, be heedless, unmindful

س و ع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v.

سَاهَ بَسُوهُ سُوماً وَ مَسَامَةً (ن) to treat badly, do evil to,

to disgrace (as الماء)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) h.v. →was evil (f)

س ن ۰ ★ آه مَشَنَّهٔ juss.

(imperf. 3 p.m.sing.) v, < ∼has not rotten

مَنِهَ يَسْنَهُ سَنَها (س) وَ تَسَنَّهُ to be advanced in age, change colour, teste and smell

س ن و ★

<flash, brightness, (n)</p>
light, gleaming

سَنَا بَسْنُو سَنُواً (ن) to blaze (fire, lightning)

يكادستابونهينفب بالأبصار

Well-nigh the flash of His lightning takes away the sights. [24:43]

year (n.) مُنَةً

السِّنِيْنَ ، سِنِيْنَ (n.p.) years

س م ر ★

<surface (of the (n) earth) litt. awakened</p>

is a wide land having no growth; interpreted as the land of the hereafter.]

مَعَلِّ السَّوْءِ evil rain evil thought علية السوء evil (n) السُّونُ ، سُونُ السُّونُ السَّانُ السُّونُ السَّانِ السَّانِ السَّانِ السَّانِ السَّانِ السَّانِ الس

وَمَامَتُنَى الثَّوَّهُ

And evil would not have touched me. [7:188]سيثأ

vicious (n)

(ODD. IL righteous)

evil (n)

plotting of evil ill, evil, bad (n)

(opp. Final good)

evil (decds) (n. p.) السَّمَّاتُ ، سَنَّاتُ much bad (elative)

السَّوْأَى (elative f.) السَّوْأَلَى

(Note : The word , if is elative (f.) of []

corpse (1) (n)

كُفُ يُوَارِي سَدْءَةَ أَخِنْهِ

How he may cover the corpse of his brother. [5:34]

(2) (np.) عُاتُ (2) the external portion of the organs of generation of both sexes

لينبدى كفماماؤرى حنفهامن سواتهما In order that he might discover unto the twain which lay hidden from the twain of their shame. [7:20]

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. that they may disgrace

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) juss. ~may annoy

إِنْ يُعْدَ لِكُو تَسُوُّكُو

If it is disclosed to you, may annoy you. [5:101]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) →was distressed

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) litt. ~would be/were distressed meta. ~would be/ were grieved, sad

まご (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv worked evil, committed evil

أساؤوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they worked evil, committed evil

أشأثخ (perf. 2 p.f. plu.) iv you worked or committed evil

Note: 1 (triliteral) is in-

transitive while (iv) -[-] is transitive.

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv evil-doer

السَّوْءُ ، سَوْءٌ (n) wicked, evil

مَا كَانَ آيُولِدُ امْرَأَسُوهِ

Thy father was not a man of [19:28]evil.

> دَارْرَةُ السَّوْهِ evil turn

288

ر تنبيض رحو فوتنو درووه ر تنبيض رحو فوتنو درووه

On a day whereon faces become whitened and faces become blackened, [3:106]

black (n)

< black ones (n, p)

(sing.) 15 ---

(ap-der. ix,>m. sing.) acc. blackened, darkened onc

(ap-der.>ix, f. sing.) acc. blackened one (f.), darkened one

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. <a leader (1)

سَادَ يَشُؤُدُ سِبَادَةً وَ سُؤْدَداً (ن) to be head, leader, master or a chief

A leader and a chaste (one) and a Prophet righteous.

[3:39]

master (2)

والفياسيد مالكاالباب

And the twain met her master at the door. [12:25]

> سَادَةً <chiefs (3) (n.p.)

(sing.)

وَمَا لُذَا رَبِّنَا إِنَّا الْمُعْمَا سَادَتُنَا

And they said ! O our Lord, varily, we obeyed our chiefs. [33:67]

Saiba (prop. n.)

(i.e. a camel, turned loose as a conscerated animal, to be fed and exempted from common services. 'Saiba' signifies merely a camel turned loose, her being so turned out was generally in fulfilment of a vow-'Palmer').

سَاحَة (n.)

فإذانزل بساحيهم فكأوحد So when it dascends in their court, evil will be the morning of the warned [37:177]

ones.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix اسُوَ دُّث ~became blackened

اسْوَدً x اسْوَاداً

<< سَودَ يَسْوَدُ سَوَاداً (س) to become black

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix become blackened

س و ط ★

scourge (Jid.) (n.) مَوْطِّ a portion (LL)

signifies primarly the mixing of a thing with a nother (Rgh.), then it comes to signify 'a whip'.
But in the verse 89:13

it means a share or portion. Thus the meaning of the verse, according to LL will be "so thy Lord poured on them a portion of torment.")

س وع 🖈

سَاعَةُ (n) (an hour (1) nuch na

مَالَبِئُوا غَيْرَسَاعَةُ

They tarried not but an hour. [30:55]

the Day of (2) (n.) التَّاعَةُ Resurrection

خَشْلِوَاجًا مِنْهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَعْتَةً

Untill when the hour (the Resurrection) came unto them on a sudden. [6:31]

Note: "" means a part of time whithin a day or night (Mjm.), when a definite article is attached it signifies the Resurrection.

س و ر ★

تَسَوَّرُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ه <they climbed

تَسَوَّرَ ٧ تَسَوُّراً to scale a wall

إذ تَسَوَّرُوا لِيحُوَابَ

When they made an entry into the private chamber by climbing the wall.

[38:21]

a high wall (n.) مُورِّ

فَضُرِبَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِسُورِلَّهُ بَاكْ

Then a wall, with a door in it, will be raised between them. [57:13]

أَسُورَةُ <bracelets (n.p.)

بيوار (sing.)

bracelets(acc.) آساور

a chapter from the (n.) مُوْرَةً holy Quran

(Not used for chapters other than that of the Quran. According to some commentators means a part of Quran consisting of at least three verses.)

(Mjm.)

«chapters of the (n. p.)
 «
 Holy Quran
 »

(sing.)

مُسَاقَوْنَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) they are driven or led

سافق (act. pic. m. sing.) a driver

shank (n)

ساق

يَوْمَرِيْكُشَفُ عَنْ سَاقِ

(Remember) the day whereon the shank will be bared. [68:42]

(the expression 'uncovering the shank' in Arabic has, besides its literal sense, a certain meaning that is indicative of a grievious and terrible calamity. Thus it is said "we have uncovered its shank" when it is meant to express the fury and rage of battle. And one says of a man when difficulty or calamity

كَشَفَ عَنْ سَافِيهِ befalls him; meaning, 'he prepared himself for difficulty'-LL).

وَالْتَغَتِ السَّاقُ بِالسَّاقِ

And one shank is entangled with the (other) shank i.e., (in extreme agony, as it is with dying persons).

[75:29]

وكشفت عريساقتها

And she bared her shanks. (here the word denotes the original and literal meaning). [27:44]

متوأعآ 'Suwa' (prop. n.) (a godess of Hudhail tribe)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~swallows

swallow

> أَسَاغَ

>> سَاغَ يَسُوغُ مَنُوغًا(ن) to be easy and agreeable, to swallow, to make easy to

He well nigh swallowes it not. [14:17]

assim. Litte nom.

(act. pic. m. sing.) easy and pleasant to swallow

(perf. 1st p. plu.) <we drived

سَاقَ بَسُوْقُ سَوْقاً (ن)

to drive an animal or cloud by wind

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we will drive

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ~will be driven, was driven (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَسُوْمُونَ they force (they were forcing or imposing evil)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you pasture

اسَامَ بُييْمُ إِسَامَةً اللهِ ا

سنباً (marks (n

السُّجُوْدِ Mark of them is on their faces from the effect of the prostration. [48:29]

(Ap-der. m.plu.) ii سَقِّ مِيْنَ marked ones to mark SS مَتَّ وَعَمْ مَسُوعِمًا <

with SS, to be distinguished

in the Quran may mean either marked by the colour or the like of their horses and so distinguished from others—LL)

(pis. pic. f. sing.)ii مُسَوَّمَةُ ، مُسَوَّمَةً المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوِّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوِّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوِّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوَّمة المُسَوِّمة المُسْتَقِعة المُسْتَقة المُ

س و ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حُوِّى <-formed (1) (with just proportion)

> مَتَوْلَى نَشُوبَةً ١١

(1) to form with just proportion السُّوْقُ (n. p.) (legs (1)

سَاقٌ (sing.)

فطيغتى مسطا بالشؤق والأعناق

And he set about slashing their legs and necks.

[38:33]

<stems (of a tree) (2)

سَاقٌ (sing.)

فَاسْتُولَى عَلَى سُوْقِهِ

And it stands firmly on its stems. [48:29]

<markets (n.p.b.)

الْأَسْوَاقُ سُوْقٌ (.sing)

س و ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii عُوِّلُ ا <-- embellished

to deceive, ii مُتَوِيْلًا lead one to error,

رَوُلْتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ii مَوَّلْتُ رُفِيلِة

س و م 🖈

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

سَامَ يَشُومُ سَوْماً (ن)

- (i) to bring evil upon, to force
- (ii) to pasture at large

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) ii مَسَوَّى ii ا

توسيري بهمالارض

Were the earth levelled with them. [4:42]

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii ماولی equalized

حَتِّى إِذَ اسَأَوٰى بَيْنَ الصَّدَفَيْنِ

At length, he had levelled up between two mountain sides. (or when evened up, i.e., filled the intervening space). [18:96]

سْتُولى viii عَلَىٰ (intes.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) established himself

اَلتَّحَدُ مُنْ عَلَى الْعَوْشِ اسْتَوْى

The Compassionate on the throne is established.

~turned to (2)

: 11

[20:5]

ثُوَّ اسْتَوْى إِلَى السَّمَّاءِ

Then He turned to the heaven. [2:29]

is metaphorically said of God, meaning: 'then He directed Himself by His will to the heaven or elevated regions, or upwards, or to the heavenly bodies.)

- (2) to make one thing equal to another
- (3) to make complete, adjust, rectify
- (4) to level

فَخَلَقَ فَسَوَّى

And then He created (him) and formed (him). [75:38]

~completed (2)

فسولهن سيعسلون

He made them complete seven heavens. [2:29]

~made perfect (3)

وَنَفْسِ وَمَاسَوْمِهَا

And the soul and its perfection. [91:7]

Note: () is of verbal noun (Masdariyah)

(see Abk.)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii نُسَوِّىٰ we make equal (1)

إذْ نُسَوِيِّكُ وُبِرَتِ الْعُلَمِينَ

When we made you equal with the Lord of worlds. [26:98]

we make complete (2)

بَلْ قُلِيدِينَ عَلَ أَن كُنتِوَى بَنَانَهُ

Yes! we are powerful to make complete (his whole body even) his fingers.

[75:4]

~is not equal

لاً يَشْتَوِيْ

انتوِ بَانِ (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) انتوِ بَانِ the twain are equal

يَسْتُوُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَسْتُوُوْنَ they are equal

لِسْتُوُوْ (el. 2 p.m. plu.) that you may mount firmly

open, central (n.) مُوَّى

شكا كالشوى

A central (or open) place.
[20:58]

مَوَاء alike ! same (1)

(It is) alike for them whether thou warneth them or warneth them not. [2:6]

equal (2)

فَمَا الَّذِيُنَ فُضِهُ لِمُ إِزَادِي دِنْتِهِمْ مَلْ مَلَكُكُ اَيْسَائِمُ فَهُمْ فِيهُ وَسَوَا ۚ أَ

Then those who are referred, are not going to hand over their provision to those whom their right hand possesses so as to be equal. [16:71]

level (balanced) (3)

اَوَلَمْكُ مُنْ مُوَالِكُ الْمُوالِمُ الْمُوالِمُ الْمُوالِمُ الْمُوالِمُ الْمُوالِمُ الْمُوالِمُ الْمُوالِمُ ا Those are worst in abode and farthest astray from the level (balanced) way. [5:60] ~became firm (3) (without preposition)

وَلَتَابِكُمُ الشُّدَةُ وَاسْتُونَى

And when he attained his full strength and became firm. [28:14]

~stood firm (4)

فَاسْتُولَى عَلْ سُوقِهِ

Then stood firmly on its stems. [48:29]

ذُوْمِرَةٍ كَاسُتَوٰى

One strong in make, then he stood firm. [53:6]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii اَسْتُوَتُ اللهِ

وَاسْتُوتُ عَلَىٰ الْجُوْدِي

And it rested on Judi.,

[11:44]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii اَسْتُوَ بُنْتَ ~thou art settled

فإفااستويت آنت ومن مكك

And when thou art settled, thou and those with thee in the Ark'. [23:28]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii مُتَوَقِيمً you mount

إذَا اسْتُوَيْتُوْعَكَيْهِ

When ye mount thereon.

[43:13]

يَسْتَوِىُ imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii) يَسْتَوِى ~is equal س ی ل

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. مَالَتُ <

سَالَ بَيِنِلُ سَيْلًا وَ سَيْلاً أَ

to flow !

ة مَينبلاً (ض)

run (water), to be liquid

أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَأَمُّ فَمَالَتُ اَوْدِيَهُ He sendeth down water from the heaven so that

from the heaven, so that the valleys flow. [13:17]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv, w.v. we made to flow

وَ ٱسكُنَالَهُ عَيْنَ الْقِطْدِ

And We made a fount of brass to flow for him.

[34:12]

السَّيْلُ، سَيْلِ the torrent (n.)

س ی ن 🖈

Sinai (p.n.)

Sinai (p.n.)

Sinai is a mountain in Egypt where Prophet Musa (peace be upon him) was given the divine commendments. Sinai is therefore the mountain of the giving of the law.

The Quran has mentioned it by two form Sainaa (23: 20 and Seeneena 95:2) midst (4)

فَاظَلَعَ فَرَأُهُ فِي سَوَآءِ الْجَحِيْمِ

Then he will look down and see him in the midst of the flaming fire. [37:55] fair (5)

واحدنآ إلى سوآء القراط

And guide us unto the fair path. [38:22]

sound (n.) acc. (physically quite fit)

• • •

قَالَ أَيْتُكَ الْأَثْكِلَةُ النَّاسَ ثَلْتَ لَيَ الْمِسْوِيًّا

He said thy sign is that thou shalt not speak unto mankind for three n i g h t s (while) sound. i. e., he was physically quite fit and not affected by any disease of the tongue (IK.)

[19:10]

فتنكل لهابشراسويا

And it took unto her the form of a human being sound. [19:17]

س ی د 🖈

السَّنْرُ، سَنْراً (w.n.) movement

make, form, state (n.)

سنيين كالمابيرتها الأولى

We shall restore it to its former state. [20:21]

السَّارَةُ ، مَسَّارَةُ (n.) caravan

كتباب الشين

ش ا ن ★

(n.) gen. تَأْنِ nom. 'زُ <state, affair, business, concern,

ش ب • ★

رَلِكِنْ شُبِّهُ لَهُوْ But it was made dub

But it was made dubious to them. (Jid.) But it appeared unto them. (Pic.)

[4:157]

₩ 1 1

<<le>left side, the left (n) رافقاً من منافع و المعافقة و المع

And those on the left hand, how miserable shall be those on the left hand. (i. e., the damned ones whose books of deeds will be delivered in their left hand). [56:9]

ا شَتَّ يَشُكُ شَتًّا وَ شَنَانًا وَ شَنَانًا وَشَنِينًا (ن)

to be scattered, dispersed

فَأَخْرَجُنَا مِهَ أَزُواجَاتِنَ ثَبَاتِ شَتَّى We have brought forth various kinds of plants.

[20:53]

divided (2)

تَصَبُّهُمْ جَبِيهُا وَتُلُوبُهُمْ شَتْي

Thou wouldst them united, but their hearts are divided. [59:14]

diverse, disperse (3)

ٳڹۜڛۼؾػؙۄؙڶۺۧۼؽ

You striving is surely diverse. [92:4]

separately (1) (n.p.) acc.

أشنأنأ

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُوْخِاحُ أَن تَنْأَكُوا جَبِيْعًا أَوْ أَخْمَاتًا

No fault is there upon you whether you eat together or separately. [24:61]

sundry and (2) scattered

يُومَهِن يَصْلُ وُالنَّاسُ أَشْتَاتًا

On that day men will come forth in sundry and scattered groups. [99:6]

ش ت و ★

the winter (n.) الشَّقَاءُ

may bear شُبَّةً لَمُمْ may bear

two interpretations: he was made to be like (it) or to resemble it; or the matter was made dubious or obscure. (M. A. > LL)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi خصابة became dubious, alike

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vi became consimilar, alike

مُنشَابِماً acc. أَمِنْشَابِمِ

(Ap-der. vi, m. sing.) consimilar

(Ap-der>vi f. plu.) مُتَشَابِهَاتُ consimllar

مِنْهُ إِنَّ تُحَكَّمَتُ هُنَّ أَمُّ الكِتْبِ وَأَخَرُمُ تَشْبِهِ اللَّهِ

Where in some verses are firmly constructed—they are the mother of the book, and others consimilar. (i.e., open to various interpretations; those verses whose drift is not clear, owing either to their being too general or to their seeming opposition to some clear text. (Jid.) [3:7]

(Ap-dr. > viii, m. sing.) acc. like each other

ش ت ت *

< various (1) (adj.)

شَعَنَ بَشْعَقُ شَمْناً (ف) to fill, to load

ش خ ص ★

تَشْخَصُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~starring

نَفْضَ بَشْخَصُ خُنُوصاً (ف) to be elevated, to fix the eye upon

(act. pic. f. sing.) شَاخِعَةً

ش د د ★

شَدَدُنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) شَدَدُنا we made strong (1)

نَدَّ بَشُدُّ شَدَا (ن)
 to strap, bind, to strengthen,

وَشَدَوْنَامُلُكُهُ وَأَتَيْنُهُ الْحِكُمَةَ وَفَعْلَ الْخِطَاب

We made his dominion strong and gave him wisdom and decisive speech. [38:20]

we made firm (2)

مَعْنَ خَلَقْنُهُ وَشَدَ مُنْ الْمُرْمِنَ

It is We who created them and made firm their make. [76:28]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نُشَدُّ we shall strengthen SS

(perate. m. sing.) اشدُدُ strengthen ! (1) ش ج د 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

∼is disputed about

> نَتُوَ بَغْمُو مُحُوْداً (ن) ـ بَانَ

to be disputed about, between

حلى يُعَيِّلُونَ فِي الْخَبْرَيْنِهُمُ

Unill they make thee a judge of what is disputed between them. [4:65]

acc. اَيْحَةُ nom. أَيْحَةُ tree (n.) gen. trees acc. nom.

* 7 7 0

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) niggardly ones

نَتَحَّ بَشُتُّ مَا وَ شَعًا (ن) to be niggardly, greedy

niggardliness, دُنْحُ ، نُتُحُ ، وُنِيَّةً ، دُنْعُ ، وُنِيَّةً ، وُنِيَّةً ، وُنِيَّةً ، وُنِيِّةً ، وُنِيِّةً

* 12 0

(sing.) منفع (fats (n.p.b.) منفعم

ش ح ن 🖈

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْمُشْحُونُ <laden mighty (3)

مَلِّمَهُ شَدِيْدُ الْعُوٰى

One mighty in power has taught him. [53:5]

stern (4)

فخاسبنها حسابات يئا

Wherefore We reckoned with them a stern reckoning. [65:8]

great (5)

وَ اَنْزَلْتَ الْحَدِيْدَ فِينَهُ بَأْسٌ سَدِينَكُ And We sent down iron wherein is great violence. (57:25]

vehement (6)

وَإِنَّهُ لِحُبِّ الْخَيْرِ لَشَدِيْدٌ

And verily in the love of wealth he is vehement. [100:8]

عداد . nom شداداً عداداً . act ع nic m nh

(act. 2 pic. m. p.b.) hard ones (1)

ثُو يَاتِيْ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ ذَٰ لِكَ سَبُعٌ شِمَادٌ Then thereafter will come seven hard years. [12:48]

strong (2)

وَبَنَيْنَا فَوَقَكُمُ سَبُعًا شِمَادًا

And We have built over you seven strong heavens.

[78:12]

اشدُدية آنياي

Strengthen my back by him.
[20:31]

harden (2)

واشدن وعل فكؤيمهم

And harden their hearts.

[10:88]

(perate. m. plu.) tie fast ! (3)

حَتْى إِذَا الْفَخَنْتُوهُمُ وَمَثُلُوا الْوَتَاقَ

Untill when you have routed them up tie fast the bonds. [47:4]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) viii اثنتَدَّتْ ~became hard

اَعْمَالُهُمْ كُرَمَادِلِشَتَدَتْ بِدِالزِيْحُ فِي يَوْمِرَ عَاصِفٍ

Their works are like ashes upon which the wind bloweth hard on a stormy day. [14:18]

الشَّدِيْدُ ، شَدِيْدُ اللهِ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الشَّدِيْدُ ، شَدِيْدُ اللهِ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

فَأَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِمَّابِ

Then verily Allah is severe in chastising. [2:211]

strong (2)

وَإِنَّا لَسَنْ مَا السَّمَا أَوْرَجُهُ فِهَا مُلِثَتْ حَرَمًا الْمَدِيدُا

And we sought to reach the heaven but we found it filled with strong guards and flames. [72:8]

وَكُوْاَهُلَكُنَا قَبُلَهُ عُوْنُ قَرْنٍ هُوُاَشَكُمُ مِنْهُمُ مَطْشًا

And how many a generation have We destroyed before them who were mightier in power than they.

[50:36]

sometimes it is (4)
used to show excess or vehemence in any matter. A
few examples are furnished below.

وَالَّذِينَ امْنُوْآاَشَدُ مُتَّالِلَهُ

(a) Those who believe are stauncher in their love for Allah. [2:165]

تُوَكِّنَا فِيعَنَ مِن كُلِّ شِيْعَةِ أَيُّهُمُ كَشَّلُ عَلَ الرَّحُمُن عِتِنًا

(b) Then We shall pluck out from every sect whichever of them was most stubborn in rebellion to the Beneficent. (Pic.) [19:69]

.....of them was the most hardened in disdain of the All-Merciful. (Arb.)

إِنَّ نَاشِئَةً الَّيْنِ فِي آشَدُوطًا وَأَفْوَمُ قِيلًا

(c) Verily the rising by night!

It is most curbing and most conducive to right speech. (Jid.) [73:6]

terrible, severe (3) and strong

عَلَيْهَا مَلْمِكُهُ أَعِلَاظُ شِنَاادٌ

Over which are harsh, terrible angels. (M.A.)

Over which are set angels strong, sever. (Pic,)

Over which are angels stern, strong. (Jid.) [66:6]

stern and firm (4) (n.b.) of heart

وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ أَيْثُلُ وَعَلَى الْكُفَّارِ رُحَمَّا وَبَيْنَهُ مُ

And those who are with him are stern against infidels and merciful among themselves. (Jid.) firm of hearts against the dishelievers. (M.A.) [48:29]

most severe (1) (elalive)

أتت

وَلَعَنَابُ الْلِخِرَةِ الشَّدُ وَابْعَى

And surely the torment of the hereafter is most severe and most lasting.

[20:127]

stronger (2)

اَلَّ اَلْمُ اَلَّهُ اَلَّالُ اَلْمُوْلَا اَلْمُوْلُ اَلْمُوْلُا اَلْمُولُونُ خَلَقْنَا الْمُولِّينُ خَلَقْنَا Ask them thou, are they stronger in structure or those others whom We have created. [37:11]

mightier (3)

وأشو يؤان تكويرم اليعلل بكثوهم

- (a) And they were made to drink the calf in their hearts for their unbelief. (Arb.).
- (b) And they were made to imbibe (the love of) calf in their hearts (M. A.)
- (c) And (the worship of) the calf was made to sink into their hearts (Pic.).
- (b) And into their hearts the calf was made to sink because of their infidelity. (Jid.) [2:93]

شَارِبُوْنَ nom. الشَّارِبِيْنَ gen. أَشَارِبِيْنَ act. pic. m. plu,)

drinkers

مَشْرَبٌ (n. p. t.) acc. مَشْرَبٌ drinking place

مَشَارِبُ drinks (v.n. mim. p.b.)

drinking (v.n.) acc. ご;

drinking (v.n.)

الشَّرَابُ ، شَرَابُ

شراباً acc. أَرَابِ acc. أَرَابِ drink

ش د ح ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُثَرَّحَ ~expanded

لَاانَتُ الشَّدُ مَن عَبَةً فِي صُدُورِهِمُ مِن اللَّهِ

(d) Surely ye are more awful in their breasts than Allah. [59:13]

maturity (n.) عُثُمُّةً

وَلَتَابِلُغُ إَشُكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عُكُمًّا وَعِلْمًا

And when he attained his maturity, We gave him wisdom and knowledge.

[12:22]

ش ر **ب** ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) شَرِبَ صdrank

خَرِبَ بَغْرَبُ شُرْباً وَ مَغْرَباً (س)
 to drink, swallow, sunk in, absorb

شَرِيُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) شَرِيُوا they drank

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَغْرَبُ will drink

يَشْرَ بُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) يَشْرَ بُوْنَ they will drink

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَشْرَبُونَ you drink

اشْرَبُوا (perate m. plu.) اشْرَبُوا (you) drink!

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) iv الشير مُوّا litt. they were made to drink

ش د د ★

(n.) acc. آتر nom. أتر evil (1)

وَلَوُنِيُعَةِلُ اللَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ النَّبَرَ And Allah were to hasten for them the evil. (M.A.) [10:11]

bad (2) (adj.)

مَعَنَى أَن يُعِبِّوا شَيْاقَهُو مَثْرُكُو And belike ye desire a thing whereas it is bad for you. [2:216]

worse, worst (3) (elative)

كَمْلُ أَنْتِتَكُمُّ وُتَنَيِّرَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ مَثُوبَةً عِنْدَاللهِ Say thou! shall I declare unto you something worse as a way with Allah than that? [5:60]

أوليك تترثيتكانا

Those are worst in abode. [5:60]

is an exceptional form of elative adjective while the measure for elative in

Arabic is أَفْعَلَ

wicked, evil, (n.p.b.) الْأَشْرَارُ vicious ones

sparks (n.) gen. شرَدِ

خَرَحَ يَشْرَحُ مَرْحًا (ف)
 to uncover, spread out,
 made open

وَلِينَ مَنْ شَوَحَ بِالْكُفْرِصَدُولَا تَعَلَيْهِمْ

But whosoever expandeth his breast to infidelity, upon them shall be wrath from Allah. [16:106]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. مُرَحُ ~expands, makes open

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) juss. we expand SS, make open

الغ تفرخ لك صدرك

Have We not expanded for thee thy breast, [94:1]

(perate. m. sing.) اشْرَحْ expand! open!

ش ر د ★

(parate. ii, m. sing.) مُرِّدُ scatter! disperse!

to disperse مُثَرَّدَ تَشْرِيْداً

أَشَرَدَ يَشُرُدُ شُرُوداً وَ شُرَاداً (ن)

to flee, escape, depart

شر د ذم

a small band (n.) شَرْذِتُ

شَرِيْتُ (act. 2 pic. f. sing.) law (divine)

'law or ordinance' but also a religion, or a way of belief and practice in respect of religion. (jid. > LL)

< law (divine) (n.) مُرْعَـهُ</p>
litt. custom, way

ش رق 🖈

رُمُرَفَت (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) beamed, gleamed, shone

أَشُرُقُ يُشْرِقُ إِثْرَاقاً

to rise, shine, light up

(ap-der. m. plu.) iv entering at the sunrise

فَأَخَذَتُهُمُ الصَّيْحَةُ شُرِقِينَ

Then they should took hold of him at the sunrise. (Jid.) [15:73]

الْمُشْرِقُ (n.p.) the

(n. for p. dual.) the east and the west
(literally 'the two orients'. A good equivalent idiom in

ش رط ★

أَشْرَاطٌ <tokens (n.p.b.) مَثَرُطٌ token, sign

word اَشْرَاطُ is the plural form of اَشْرَاطُ (with Fatha on the second redical), not of سُرُطُ (with Sukun on it). That is why that the former أَسْرُطُ means sign and is transformed to the plural as اَشْرَاطُ means condition and is transformed to plural as

ش دع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُرَعَ ~instituted, ordained

خَمْرَعَ يَشْرَعُ مَرْعاً (ف) to prescribe or institute a law

شَرَعُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَرَعُوا they instituted, prescribed

(act. pic. f. plu.) acc. شُرَّعاً <appearing on the surface شَارِعَهُ (sing.) to share.

شرك ★

(perate. m. sing.) iii مَادِكُ share SS

(س) مُركَ مَشْرَكُ شِرْكًا (س) حَشْرَكُ شِرْكًا (س)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اَنْتُرُكُ associated, ascribed partners

to take أَشْرَكَ إِشْرَاكاً into partnership

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they associated, ascribed a partner

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv اَشْرَكُتُ you associated SS to, ascribed partner to

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you associated, ascribed partner to

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv اَشْرَكُنا we associated, we ascribed partner to

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُشِرِكُ ~associates, ascribes partner

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُشْرِكُ that SS is associated to

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُشْرِ كُونَ they associate, ascribe partner to

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) acc. iv يَشْرِكُنَ that they shall associate English would be "poles apart", for they could never meet. (Jid.>AYA)

حَتْمَى إِذَا جَاءَنَا قَالَ يَلَيْتَ بَيْنِيْ وَبَيْنَكَ بُعُنَ الْمُشُرِقَيْنِ

Untill he cometh unto Us, he will say, Ah! would that there had been between me and thee the distance of the east and the west.

(Jid.) [43:38]

the distance of the two easts.
(Arb.)

the distance of the two horizons. (Pic.)

setting places, (n p.h.) الْمُشَارِقُ easts,

المَشْرِقُ is plural of المُشَارِقُ : Note

In the plural مَشَارِقُ

signifies the different points of the horizon from whence the sun rises in the course of the year. (Jid.)

فَلْأَافْسِهُ بِرَبِّ الشَّلْرِقِ وَالْمُغْدِبِ

I swear by the Lord of the easts and the wests.

[70:40] sunrise (v.n.>iv) دُنْدَ اقُ

eastward, (n. r. adj.) مَرْفِقًا eastern

eastern, (n. r. adj.) مَرْفِيَّة

4.5

304

الْمُشْرِ كُوْنَ ، مُشْرِ كِيْنَ ، مُشْرِ كَوْنَ ، وَهِمْ اللّهُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّه

إن ٱطَعُتُنُوهُمُ إِنَّكُوْلَيْشِ كُوْنَ

And if you obey them you shall become associators indeed. [6:121]

infidels, idolaters (2)

فَإِذَا انْسَلَحَ الْأَشْهُو الْحُومُ فَاقْتُلُوا الْسُشْرِ كُمِينَ حَيْثُ وَجَدُثْ الْوَهُمُ

When therefore the sacred months have slipped away slay the associators (infidels) wheresoever ye find them. [9:5]

in Quran is sometimes used definitely for the infidels as in the verse quoted above (9:5) but it is used sometimes in a broader meaning also including Muslims (believers) as in the verse (6:121).

الْشُرِكَاتُ (Ap-der. > iv, f. plu.) الْشُرِكَاتُ associator and infidel women

(Ap-der.> viii, m. plu.) اَلْشَيْرِ كُونَ sharers

الشَّرْكُ ، شِرْكُ (n.) (associating (1) الشَّرْكُ ، شِرْكُ

إِنَّ النِّرُكُ لَظُلُوْ عَظِيدٌ

Verily associating is a tremendous wrong. [31:13] (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. iv that you associate (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you associate, ascribe partner (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. iv that you associate, ascribe SS as partner أنبرك (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I associate, ascribe as partner أثرك (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) acc. iv that I associate كنةك (pip. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. iv that SS is associated to أشرك (perate. m. sing.) acc. iv

litt. SS to share

And let him share my task.
[20:32]

بَشْرِكُ (perate, neg, m. sing.) iv

associate not! ascribe not

SS to!

(perate. neg. m. plu.) iv الْ تَشْرِكُوا (you) associate not! ascribe not SS to!

شَرِيْكُ an associate, a partner

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) دُرُكَا دُوُ the associates, partners

(ap-der.> iv, m. sing.) مُشْرِكُ infidel, associator

(ap-der.> iv. f. sing.) مُشْرِكَةً associator women be translated as purchase or sale both. In the abovementioned verse the word

is rendered by a uthentic commentators both ways as it is mentioned by Zamakh-shari and Razl. Ibn Kathir and Jid. have adopted the meaning of purchase.

اشْتَرْی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vili اشْتَرْی ا

to buy آشترای اشتراه ا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii اشتروا they purchased (1)

اُولَیْكَ الَّذِیْنَ اشْتَرَوُاالصَّلَاتَ بِالْهُدَٰى These are they who purchased error for guidence. [2:16]

they sold, bartered (2)

يفتسكا الشتخفاية آنفشكم

Evil is that for which they sell their souls.

......have bartered their souls" (Jid.) [2:90]

رَشْتَرَىٰ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رَشْتَرَىٰ purchases, barters

رَشْتُرُونَ (imperf 3 p.m. phu.) vii بَشْتُرُونَ they purchase, sell, barter

لِشَيْرُوا (el. 3 p.m. plu.) viii لِشَيْرُوا that they may barter, purchase partnership (2)

ٱدُوْنِ مَاذَ الْحَلَقُوْايِنَ الْأَدُضِ آمُرْلَهُ عُرِيدًا فِي السَّمُونِيُّ

Show me whatsoever they have created of the earth, or have they any partnership in the heaven? [46:4]

ش ری 🖈

شَرَوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) h.v. مُشَرَوْا <they sold SS

شَرَٰی بَشْرِی شَرَاهاً وَ شَرَی (ض) to buy or sell, to exhange

يَشْرِيُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَشْرِيُ ~ sells

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشْرُونَ (a) they sell, (b) purchase

فَلِتَعَالِنَ فِي مَنِيلِ اللهِ ا الدُّمُنَا لِهِ اللهِ الله

- (a) Let them therefore fight in the way of Allah those who have purchased the life of this world for the hereafter. (Jid.)
- (b) Let those fight in the way of Allah who sell the life of this world for the other (i.e. hereafter). (Pic.) [4:74].

litt. means commercial exchange. Therefore, it may شطن 🖈

الشَّيْطَانُ ، شَيْطَانَ ، شَيْطَانَ ، مَنْطَانًا (n.) satan, devil

means, شَعَلَنَ means,

'he was, or became remote, or far from the truth, and from the mercy of God' (Jid.>LL). Rgh. stresses: Shaitan is 'every insolent or rebellious one from among the Jinn and the men and the beasts.

satans, (n.p.b.) الشَّيَاطِيْنَ

devils, rebellious ones

by the definite article signifies 'any that is excess i vely or inordinately, proud or corrupt or unbelieving or rebellions, or that is insolent and audacious in acts of rebellion' (Jid. < LL).

ش ع ب *

(n.p.b.) acc. التُعُوباً nation, communities

< شَعْبُ : (sing.) <

(n.p.b.) gen.

branches

< (sing.) : مُعْبَةً <

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we purchase, barter نَشْيَرَى

(perate neg. m. plu.) المُعَمِّرُوا barter not, purchase not

ش ط ء *

شَاطِقٌ (n.) مُنَاطِقً

تؤوى مِن شَاطِعُ الْوَادِ الْأَيْسَمَين

He was called from the right side of the valley. [28:30]

shoot, sprout (n.)

كَنَ عَ آخَرَجَ شَعْكَ ا

Like seed-produce that puts forth its sprout.
.....its shoot (jid.)

[48:29]

ش ط ر ★

towards (n.) acc.

ه ط

(perate, neg. m. sing.) <act not unjustly or iniquitously

to treat with (ن) أَمُّطُ شَعُطاً

unjustice to go beyond due bounds

enormity, (n.) acc.

عَلَمَا

307

where these rites and ceremonies are performed.'

poetry (n.) الشعر

<hair (n.p.b.) gen. شمّار (sing.)</p>

الشَّعُورُ is the plural of الشَّعُورُ (with Fatha on the first redical, not of الشَّعُرُ (with Kasar on it) because this latter one means 'poetry'.

monument (n.p.) المُشْعَرَ

وَاذَا اَفَضَتُمْ مِنْ عَرَافِ مَاذَكُرُه اللهَ عِنْدَالَمُنْعِرُ الْسَدَامِ

Then when ye hurry from Arafat, remember Allah near the sacred monument. [2:198]

signifies the holy monument, which stands at the place known as Muzdalafa, or the ground bordering it, where the pilgrims stop for the night after their return from Arafat on the even in g of ninth Dhul Hajjah.

Sirius (n.) القَّعْرَى (name of a star which the pagans considered a deity). اِنْطَلِقُوْآال فِللِّ فِي ثَلْثِ شُعَبِ

Depart unto the shodow threebranched. [77:30]

شعر 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَشْعُرُونَ they perceive

شَعَرَ بَشْعَرُ ، شَكْرَ بَشْكُرُ شِعْراً وَ شُكُوداً (ف ،ك)

to percieve by the senses, to know

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَشْعُرُونُ you perceive

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. مشعِرُ سmakes perceive or know

(emp. 3 p. m. sing.) كُلُّ يُشْعِرَ كُلُّ do not let them know, or discover

poet (act. pic. m. sing.) عُوِّةً

poets (act. pic. m. plu.) الشَّعَرَاءُ

(act. 2 pic. f. plu.) مُعَاثِرُه signs, marks

< شَعِيْرَةً (sing.)

those religious services which God has appointed to us as signs, or the rites and ceremonies of the pilgrimage and the places

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَشْفَعُونَ they intercede

رَشُفَعُواْ (el. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشُفَعُوا that they may intercede

(act. pic. m. plu.) gen. الشّافِعِين mediators, interceders

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) مُفَعًا أَنْ intercessors

(sing.) مَّفِيْعٌ (sing.) الشَّفَاعَةُ (v.n.)

<evenness (n.)

to make double, to pair
(a number divisible by two)
Note: the commentators hold
different opinions about
the abovementioned word.
Therefore the commenteries on the Quran should
be consulted in this connection.

ش ف ق ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you feared,

> أَشْفَقَ إِشْفَاقًا

to be on guard against anyone, to fear and shun

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv أَشْفَقُنَ they feared ش ع ل *

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii اشتعل حflared (M.A.)

>> شَعَلَ بَشْعَلُ شَعْلاً (ف) وَ أَشْعَلَ ﴿

وَ شَعْلَ to light a fire ii

> افْنَعَلَ اشْنِعَالاً

to become inflamed litt. inflamed

شغ ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُقَفَّفُ معاقدة معاقدة المعاقدة ا

litt. means that SS has so affected SS that the love entered beneath the pericardium.

شغ ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُغَلِّتُ < ~kept busy and occupied

شَغَلَ بَشْغَلُ شَغْلاً (ف) to occupy شُغُلٌ (.occupation (n.)

ش فع 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)
< ∼ intercedes

شَفَعَ بَشْفَعُ شَفَاعَةً (ف) to intercede for

وَمَا اُرِيُكِ اَنَ اَشُقَى عَلَيْك

And I wish not to be hard on thee. [28:27]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii أَوَّا they opposed

> شَاقً بُشَاقٌ شِقَاقًا

to become hostile to

يَشَاقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ ، (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~opposes

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) iii نَسَاقَوْنَ you become hostile, cause cleavage

ثُوَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيلَمَةِ يُخْزِنُهِمْ وَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرَكَا ۚ فَى اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مُنْ ا

Then on the Judgment Day
He will humiliate them and
say: where are My associates regarding whom ye
have been causing cleavage? (Jid.) for whose
sake you became hostile?
[16:27]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعَقَّدُ ~splits asunder, cleaves asunder

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v ∼splits or cleaves asunder

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii انْشَقَ ~rent asunder

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii شَفَتُ

مُشْفِقُونَ nom. مُشْفِقُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

fearful ones

twilight, (n.) الشَّفَقُ afterglow of sunset

ش ف ۱۰ و

two lips (n. dual.)

ش ف ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَشْيَقُ < ~ heals

شَنْيْ بَشْنِيْ شِفَا ٱ (ض)

to cure, heal

يَشْفِيْنِ ﴿ يَشْفِي ﴿ إِنَّ ﴾

~heals me

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. مِشْفِيهُ ~heals, relieves

healing (v.n.)

brink (n.) مَنْفَا

ش ق ق ★

(perf. Ist p. plu.) مُقَقَعًا ~clove (1)

أَفَقَّ بَشُقُّ شَقًا (ن)
 to split, cleave

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) اَشُقُ _ عَلَىٰ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُ المُلْمُلِي المُلْمُلِي ال

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) unblessed the wretched (elative) one, unfortunate wretchedness (v.n.) ك (pref. 3 p.m. sing.) <aper control con grateful مُنكَرَ يَشكُو مُنكُراً وَ مُنكُرَاناً (ن) to realise or acknowledge one's favour (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) they returned / gave thanks (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~gives thanks (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they give thanks, become grateful (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you give thank, become grateful أنكر (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I(return thanks,)become grateful (perate. m. sing.) be grateful!

(perate m. plu.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii ~cleaves asunder (v.n.) acc. cleaving asunder travail, distress, (n.) gen. difficulty وَتَغْمِلُ اَثْعَالَكُوْ إِلْ بَكِدِلَّوْ تَكُونُوْ اللِّغِيْهِ إِلَّا And they bear your loads to a city which ye could not reach except with travail (distress to) your souls. [16:7] a distance hard (n.) to reach But the distance seemed hard unto them. [9:42] cleavage, (v.n. iii) divergence, schism ق ي (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) <~are/were wretched شَوْرِ يَشُورُ شَقاً وَ شَقَادَةً وَ شِقْوَةً (س) to be miserable unfortunate (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

~shall be distressed

(el. 2 p.m. sing.) acc.

that you may be distressed, lest you may be distressed

(you) be grateful,

give/return thanks !

اِنَّهُ كَانَ عَبْدًا شَكُورًا

Verily he was a bondman grateful. [17:3]

appreciative, (2) bountiful in rewarding

إنَّهُ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ

He is Forgiving, Appreciative.
[35:30]

is absolutely similar to شَكُورٌ when it is applied to God; see the above note.

نگراً (thanksgiving (v.n.)

gratefulness, (v.n.) أَنْكُوراً thankfulness

ش ك س 🖈

(ap-der. > vi m. sing.) مُتَشَاكِسُونَ quarrelling ones

الكيس يَشكُسُ شَكَاسَةٌ (س)

to be perverse, stubborn,

to تَشَاكَن < wrangle, quarrel

* 4 4 6

doubt (n.) nom. juss. الله

ش ك ل ★

(act. pic. f. sing.) مُعَاكِمُهُ manner, disposition 312 acc. آيا گره nom. شاکره (act. pic. m. sing.) grateful (1)

شَاكِرُ الْإِنْغُيهِ

Grateful for his bounties.

[16:121]

appreciative (2) and bountiful in reward

دَمَنْ تَعَلَّوْعَ خَيْرًا وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ شَاكِرْعَلِيْهُ

And whosoever voluntarily doth good, then verily Allah is appreciative, knowing. (or) surely Allah is Bountiful in rewarding, Knowing

[2:158]

Note: "" when applied to God means, 'He who approves or rewards, or forgives, much or largely; He who gives large reward for small, or few, works' (LL) or, one who highly appreciates good and is bountiful in rewarding it

juss الشَّاكِرُيْنَ ، شَاكِرِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) acc. grateful or thankful ones

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُشَكُوراً accepted, appreciated, recompensed

acc. الشَّكُورُ ، شَكُورً ، nom. مَثَكُوراً grateful (2) (ints. sing.)

ش م د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) xi اشَازَتُ shrank (with aversion)

> اشَمَأَزُ اشْيَغُوَاذاً

to shrink from

أَمَّزَ بَشْمُرُ شَمْزاً (ن) _ مِنْ
to feel aversion for

ش م س *

the sun (n.) acc. الشَّمْسُ ، شَمْسًا

شم ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) اشتَمَلَتْ _viii على _viii م

to contain, viii أفيمًا لأ المنتمل الفيمًا لا المنتمل الفيمًا لا المنتمل المن

>> ثَمَلَ بَشْمُلُ شَمْلاً وَ ثُمُولاً
وَ شَمِلَ بَشْمَلُ شَمْلاً (ن ، س)

to include, contain

the left (side) (1) (n.)

لَتَدُكَانَ لِبَرَإِ لِيُسَكَّنِعِمُ أَيَّةٌ بَخَتَّيٰ عَنُكِيدُنِي تَشِمَلِ

Certainly there was a sign for Saba in their abode two gardens on the right and the left hand. [34:15]

قُلُ كُلُّ يَغِمُلُ عَلَىٰ شَاكِلَتِهِ

Say: everyone acts according to his rule of conduct.

[17:84]

similar, like (n.) gen.

شكل

ش ك و ★

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) انْكُوْ <I bewail, (Jid.) I complain

شَكَّا يَشْكُو مُنْكُونَى وَ شَكَاةً (ن) to complain, to accuse

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou complaineth, bewaileth

as RF اشتكيا <

مِشْكَأَةً (مِشْكُونًا) a niche (n.)

* - 0 0

(perate. neg. m. sing.) لاً تُشْمِتُ (cause not SS to rejoice (Jid.) make not SS gloat (Arb.)

to make one rejoice at another, affection

ش ۴ خ ★

(act. pic. f. plu.) acc. مُاعِنَاتِ <lofty, high, tall

شَمَخَ يَشْمُخُ شَمُّوْخاً (ن) to be high

رس) مَشْهِدَ يَشْهَدُ شُهُوْداً (س) to witness, be present

الله يَشْهُدُ شَهَادَةً (ك) _ عَلَى

to bear witness, give testimony against

وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدُ مِنْ آهُلِهَا

And a witness of her own family bore witness.

[12:26]

is present (2)

لمَنْ شَهِدَ وِنْكُو الشَّهْرَ فَلْمُصُمَّةُ

So whoever of you is present in the month he shall fast therein. [2:185]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) أُمِيدُوْا they bore witness (1)

وَشَهِدُ وَالنَّ الرَّسُولَ حَقَّ

And they had borne witness that the messenger was true. [3:86]

they witnessed (2)

النفهد واخلقهم

Have witnessed their creation? [43:19]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) مُبِدُمُ you bore witness

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) نَعِيدُنَا we bore witness (1)

فَالْوَاشِهِدُنَاعَلَ الْفُرِيَا

They will say: we bear witness against ourselves.

[6:130]

the left hand (2)

وَاعْتَامَنُ أَوْقَ كِلْبُهُ إِيثَمَالِهِ

Then as to him who shall be vouchsafed his book in his left hand. [69:25]

السَّمَاعِل ، شَمَاعِل ، شَمَاعِل ، the left side (n.p.b.)

ش ن ء 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.) آيانية traducer, insulter

. hatred (n.) مُنَانُ

ش • ب ★

acc. شَهَابُ nom. شِهَابُ flame (1) (n.) gen.

الَّلْ مَنْ خَطِفَ الْخَطْفَةُ فَالْتَبْعَةُ شِهَابٌ كَامِنُ Except him who snatches away (a word by stealth) and him then pursueth a glowing flame. [37:10]

a brand (2)

لؤاتي كوشفاب تبس

Or bring you therefrom a burning brand. [27:7]

the flames (n. p. b.)

ش ه د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُبَيِدَ ~bore witness (1)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you bear witness (1) you witness (2) (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I bear witness (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we bear witness (perate. m. sing.) bear witness! (perate. m. plu.) | jain (you) bear witness ! (perate. neg. m. sing.) testify thou not ! (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~made SS testify (perf. Ist p sing.) iv 33 I made SS present (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~takes SS to witness (imperf. 1st. p. si g.) iv I take S5 to witness (perate. m. plu.) iv (you) take SS to witness (prate. m. plu.) x (you) call SS to witness (act. pic. m. sing.) an evidence, a witness شَاهِدُونَ . nom شَاهِدِينَ .acc. gen (act. pic. m. plu.) bearers of witness (1)

witnesses (2)

we witnessed (2) And thereafter we shall surely say unto his heir, we witnessed not the destruction of his household. [27:49] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~bears witness (1) ~witnesses (2) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they bear witness (1) they witness (2) (el. 3 p.m. phu.) that they witness (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) will bear witness (1) يَوْءَ تَتُهُمُ مُاعَلَهُ وَالْسِنَةُ وُوَ الْسِينِهِ وَوَ آرجله فربها كانوا يغملون On the day wherefrom their tongues and their hands and their feet will bear witness against them regarding that which they were wont to work. [24:24] declares on oath, (2) swears وَيَدُرَوُ اعْنُهَا الْعَنَابَ أَنْ تَثُهُلَا أَرْبَعَ شَهْدَةٍ بالله إنَّهُ لَينَ الكَّذِبِينَ

And it will avert the chastis-

ment from her if she testi-

fieth by Allah four times

that verily he is of the

liars.

[24:8]

وَمَنْ يُعْلِع الله وَالرَّسُولَ فَأُولِكَ مَعَ الذَيْنَ الْمُمَ المَلْهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنَ النَّيِهِ بِنَ وَالصِّيدَ يُعَنِّى وَالشَّهَدَاء وَالضَّلِحِ مِنْ النَّيهِ بِنَ وَالصِّيدَ يُعَنِّ

And whose ver obeyeth Allah and the apostle, then those shall be with them whom Allah hath blessed, from among the prophets, the saints, the martyrs, and righteous. Excellent are these as a company.

[4:69]

acc. مَشْهُوْد nom. مَشْهُوْد (pact. pic. m. sing.)
witnessed

witness (v.n. mim.)

witness (v.n.) القبادة

witnesses (v.n.p.) الشَّيَادَةُ

ش ۵ د ★

الشَّهُرُ ، شَهْرٌ month (n.)

two months (n. dual.)

الشَّهُورُ . الْأَشْهُرُ الْأَشْهُرُ

ش ۵ ق ★

(v.n.) acc. أَمِيقًا nom. أَرِيقًا roaring, braying

(act. pic. m. plu. b.) مُنْهُودُ (sing.) شَاهِدُ (witnesses (act. pic. m. p.b.)

(sing.) شَاهِدُد (witnesses

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مَيْدِداً present (1)

مَنُ انْعَوَاللَّهُ عَلَى إِذْ لَوْ أَكُنْ مُعَمَّمُ مَنْ مِيدًا

Allah hath bestowed favour on me that I was not present with them. [4:72]

witness (2)

وَجِمْنَا بِكَ شَعِيدًا عَلَى مَوْلِا

And We shall bring thee agaiinst these as a witness.

[16:89]

heedful (3)

لِنَّ فِيْ ذَٰلِكَ لَوَكُوٰى لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبُ اَوَّالْعَ السَّمْعَ وَهُوَطَعِيْدُ

Verily herein is an admonition unto him who hath a heart, or giveth ear while he is heedful. [50:37]

(act. 2 pic. m. dual.) شَيْدَيْن two witnesses

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) witnesses (1) martyrs (2)

ش و ك ★

meta. arms (n.) الشوكة

ش و ی ★

شَوْلَى بَشْوِى شَبِتًا (ض) وَ أَشُولَى to roast iv

extremities (M. Ali) (n.) الشوى scalds skin (Jid.)

ش ی ء 🖈

شَاءَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~willed

شَاءَ يَشَاءُ شَيْئًا وَ مَشِيْشَةً وَ مَشَاءَةً (ف) هنسه

to will, to wish (ف)

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) فِنْتُ you willed

(perf. 2 p.m. dual.) you (two) wished

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) پښتم you wished

(perf. 1st p. plu) we willed, wished

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) بشآء wills, wishes

رَشَاوُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشَاوُوْنَ they will wish, will ش ه و . ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii الْمُنْهُدُّ —desired

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii نُسْبُونُ they desire

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii مُنْبِئْ صdesires

lustfully (n.)

desires, lusts, joys (n.p.) الشَّهَوَاتُ

ش و ب ★

mixture for drink (Rgh.) (n.) drought (Jid.)

ش و ر 🖈

شاور (perate m. sing.) iii قاور «consult!

شَاوَدَ اسْتَشَادَ 10 ask

for advise, consult

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv آشآرت < ~ pointed to

أَشَارَ بُشِيْرُ إِشَارَةً

to point out or at الله - to counsel - عَلاَ، ب

mutual counsel (v.n.>vi) تَشَاوُرٌ

counsel (n.) الشُّوراي

ش وظ ★

flame (n.) أَوْ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللّ

(n.) acc. 5 nom.

one advanced in years, aged

(n.p.b.) acc. aged and old ones

2

(pact. pic. m. sing.) plastered, lofty, fortified

(pis. pic. f. sing.) 41 plastered, lofty, fortified

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) circulate, be spread

(n.)

Thereafter, we shall draw aside from each sect whichever of them against the Compassionate were most in excess. [19:69]

party (2)

One being of his own party and the other of his enemies. [28:15]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou wills

تَشَاوُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you will, wish

I will (imperf. Ist p. sing.)

we will (imperf. Ist. p. phu.) :15 (n.) acc. [nom.

thing (1)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ مِنْ كُلِّ مَنْ قَدَارُ

Verily Allah is over every thing potent. [2:20]

aught, any extent (2)

آوَلُ كَانَ أَنَّا وُهُمُ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ فَيَتَّا وَلَا يَعْتَدُونَ Even though their fathers understood not aught.

(Jid.) [2:170]

Note: the word direct objective case is often used to denote the meaning 'a little bit', 'at all' etc. as it is in the above quoted verse.

things (n.p.b.)

(n.p.b.) acc.

<grey-headed ones</pre>

(sing.)

hoariness (n.) acc.

grey hair (n.)

fellows, partisans, (n.p.b.)
man of the same persuation

وَلَقَدُ الْمُلَكُنَا أَشْيَاعَكُوْ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَّكِرِ

And verily We have destroyed your fellows; but is there any that remembreth. (Pic.) And assuredly We have destroyed your likes; so is there anyone who shall be admonished. (Jid.) [54:51]

see و ش ی

آشياع

parties (n.p.b.) < sects, factions.

schismatics

شِبْعَةُ (sing.)

مِنَ الَّذِينَ وَكُوادِينَهُمْ وَكَانُواشِيعًا

Of those who split up their religion and became schismatics. (Pic.) Of those who split up their religion and becames sects. (Jid.)
[30:32]

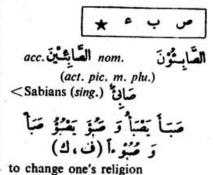
كتباب الصاد

commentators have also expressed the idea that they were star-worshippers. But this opinion is rejected by others.

According to E. Br. (XIX. p. 790) the Sabians "were a semi-Christian sect of Bybylonia, the Elkasaites, closely resembling the Mandaeans or so-called 'Christians of St. John the Baptist', but not identical with them."

According to another definition "they were a sect in ancient Persia and Chaldea, who believed in the unity of God, but also worshipped intelligences supposed to reside in the heavenly bodies."

The commentators have also differed whether they were Ahl-al-Kitab or not.



Note: Sabi is literally 'one who goes forth from one

religion to another' (LL, Rgh.).

The commentators hold different opinions regarding them. Most of them agree that they are a Judaeo-Christan sect. The others mention that they are semi-Christians. Rgh. stresses that they were among the followers of the Prophet Nooh. A few

to come ii مُتَّحَ تَصْبِيْحاً in morning

وَلَقَدُ صَبَّحَهُ وَبُكْرَةً عَدَاكِ مُسْتَقِدُّ

And certainly a lasting chastisement overtook them in the morning. [54:38]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

upon the time of morning, to appear, to become

فأخبتع مين الغيرين

And he became one of the losers. [5:30]

∼ began to do SS (2) (i.e. engaged in doing SS)

فأضبح يقلب كفناء

So he began to wring his hands. [18:42]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)iv

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)iv you became

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.)iv they became

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv acc.

acc. nom. in nom. (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.)vi, acc. 1

The majority does not count them among the Ahlal-Kitab (the people of the book) "Ibn Kathir, Ibn Jurir and Qurtubi have quoted a few opinions of eminent companions of the Prophet (PBH) as Umar and Abdullah Ibn Abbas and from among the Tabeens as Hasan Basri including the Muslim jurist Imam Abu Haneefa who hold that marriage relations are allowed with them.

ص ب ب

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim.

مَتِ بَعْثُ مَثًّا (ن)

to pour out, be poured out

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. we poured

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) assim.

∼ is poured, will be poured

(perate. m. plu.) assim. (you) pour!

pouring (v.n.) acc.

(used as emphatic case, meaning heavy pouring')

ص ب ح ★

(perf. 3 p·m. sing.) ii

مَبْرَ يَعْبِرُ مَبْراً (ض)

to be patient, to endure

مَبَرُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَبَرُوا they bore patiently (1)

نَصَبَرُوا عَلَىمَا كُذِيرُا

But they patiently bore that wherefore they belied.

[6:34]

they endured / (2) were steadfast, constant

ثُغُوَّاكَ رَبَّكَ لِلَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوْامِنُ بَعْدِ مَا فَتِنْوُّا تُحَوِّجُهَدُّوْا وَصَبَرُثُوَّا

Then, verily, thy Lord unto those who have emigrated after they had been persecuted and then striven hard and were steadfast (or endured, or were constant). [16:110]

they persevered (3)

إكلاالكذين صَبَرُقاوَعَمِلُواالطلطي

Save those who persevered and did good works.

[11:11]

they suffered (4)

وتتك كليك تباك المشنى على بني إسراءيل لايما صَدَرُوا

And fulfilled was the good word of thy Lord unto the children of Israel for they were long-suffering.

[7:137]

(epl. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they certainly will become

(imperf. 2 p.m. phi.)iv, acc. that you become

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv

you enter the (3) morning

فَسْبَحْنَ اللَّهِ حِيْنَ تُسْوُونَ وَحِيْنَ تُصْبِحُونَ

And glory be to Allah when you enter the night and when you enter the morning. [30:17]

morning, dawn (n.)

العَنْبُحُ الدِّ أَدُّ

morning, dawn (n.)

الإضباح

(ap-der. iv, m. phu.) acc. (passers by) in morning

daybreak, dawn (v.n.)

ر. مصبحین

وَانْكُوْلَتَمُوُونَ عَلَيْهِمُ مُصْبِحِيْنَ

And you will pass by them in the morning, [37:137]

الْمِشْبَاحُ ، مِضْبَاحُ

مَصَائِيحَ (amps (n.p.b.)

وَلَقَكُ ثَيْنَا النَّمَا أَوَاللُّهُ مُنَا بِمَصَابِيحَ

And certainly we have adored this lower heaven with lamps (i.e., which are radiant stars). [67:5]

س ب د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

juss. أَصْبِرُونَ nom. أَصْبِرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you will bear patiently

(imperf. neg. Ist. p. plu.)
we certainly cannot bear
patiently/cannot endure to

لَنْ نَصْبِرَعَلْ طَعَامٍ وَاحِدٍ

We shall by no means bear patiently with one food. (Jid.) Indeed we cannot endure but one kind of food. (M. Asad) [2:61]

نَصْبِرَنَّ (epl. 1st p. plu.) surely we shall bear patiently

وكنضيرت علىمآافة يتنونا

And surely we shall bear patiently that which ye afflict us. [14:12]

(perate m. sing.)
endure! be patient, bear
patiently

فَلَصْبِرُإِنَ الْعَاقِبَةَ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

So be you patient, verily the happy end is for the Godfearing. [11:49]

wait patiently (Rgh.) (2)

واضبز ليخكيرتبك

And wait thou patiently the judgement of thy Lord.

[52:48]

فيرُوا (perate. m. plu.) endure, be patient, bear with patience, adhere steadily (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) you persevered, endured

سَلَةٌ عَلَيْكُوْ بِمَاصَةِرْتُمْ

Peace be upon you for ye patiently persevered.

[13:24]

وَ لَمِنْ صَبْرِتُمْ لَهُوَخَايُرُ لِلصَّيرِيِّنَ

And if ye endure patiently then surely it is better for the patient. [16:126]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we bore patiently (1)

سَوَا وُعَلِيْنَا أَجْزِعْنَا أَمُرْصَبُنَا

It is the same to us whether we cry or bear patiently.

[14:21]

we adhered (2) patiently

إن كاد كيم لمناعن الميتنا لولان متبرنا عينا

He had well-nigh led us astray from our gods, if we had not adhered to them patiently. [25:42]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~endures patiently

إِنَّهُ مَنْ يَتِي وَيَصْدِرُ

كَأِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُضِيمُ أَجُوَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

Verily whosoever feareth and endureth then verily Allah wasteth not the reward of well-doers. [12:90]

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) juss. thou hast patience

غبر

ص ب غ ★ مِنْ بُو مِنْ بُو (savour, relish (n.)

مَتَغَ يَغِيغُ مِنْهَا (سَ)

to dye, colour, baptize

dye, colour, hue (n.) مِبْغَةً

مِبْغَةُ اللّٰوُومَنَ آحْسَنُ مِنَ اللّٰهِ صِبْغَةُ

Ours is the dye of Allah!

And who is better at dying than Allah? [2:138]

(i.e., the religion of Islam: surrender to the Divine will. 'The dye of Allah is grace on His part and absolute surrender on ours. is also "Religion" and immediate means the religion of God, because 'its effect appears in him who has it like the dye in the garment, or because it intermingles in the heart like the dye in the garment'—

ص ب و ★

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) آَصْبُ I shall incline, yearn

(ن) مَبَاً يَعْبُوْ مُبُوّاً to be inclined, to be a youth 324 مَا بِرُوا (perate. > iii, m. plu.) مَا بِرُوا excel in perseverance

(perate.>viii, m. sing.) اصطبر endure, be steadfast!

الصَّبْرُ ، صَبْرًا . nom مَبْر اً .patience (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آيراً patient

الصَّايِرُونَ ، صَايِرُونَ

(act. pic. m. phu.) acc. patients, steadfasts, perseverers

(pact. pic. f. sing.) مُعَايِرَةُ persevering one (f.)

(act. pic. f. plu.) مَا بِرَاتُ persevering women, patient women

مَا أَصْبَرَ (elative-w.)

how enduring !

فَهَا آصَبَرَهُمْ عَلَى التَّارِ

How enduring must they be of the fire. [2:175]

Note: here is expressive of surprise and wonder.

ر (ints. sing.) التاريخ verily patient, steadfast

ص بع ★

<fingers (n.p.b.) أَمَالِهُ</p>
(sing.) أُمَالِهُ

accompanied'. Illustrating the meaning of this verse Rgh. stresses: 'No peace, mercy, compassion or solace from Us will be available to them'.

(thou) accompany! keep company with! consort!

> (act. pic. m. sing.) مُاحِبُ companion (1)

الْدَيْقُولُ لِمُعَلَّمِ لِلْعَوْنُ إِنَّ اللهُ مَعَنَا When he said unto his companion, grieve not, verily Allah is with us. [9:40]

fellow (2)

Then they called their fellow, and he took sword, and hamstrung her. [54:29]

victims (3)

وَلاَتُسْكِلُ عَنْ آصُعْبِ الْبَحِيمُ

And thou will not be asked about the fellows (victims) of the hell fire. [2:119]

showing any type (4) of connection or link

وَلَا عَنْ كَصَاحِبِ الْحُوْتِ اِذْ نَادَى وَهُوَ مَكُظُوْمُ And be not thou like him of the fish when he cried out while he was in anguish.

[68:48]

وَالْاتَصْرِفْ عَنِيْ كَيْنَاهُنَّ أَصُبُ إِلَيْهِنَّ

Then if thou avertest their guile from me I should incline toward them. (Jid.) and if thou turn not away their device from me, I shall yearn towards them. (M.A.) [12:33]

child, young boy, (n.) acc.

مَبِثُ

ص ح ب ★

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) خَوْنُ <they can be kept company
with

مَعِبَ بَصْحَبُ مَعَابَةً وَ مُعْبَةً (س)

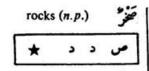
to company, to associate

لايتنتطينون تضرا تغييم وكالمح وتنايص خبون

They will not be able to succour themselves, and against Us they cannot be company with (by solace and comfort). (Jid.) they cannot help themselves nor can they be defended from Us. (M.A.) [21:43]

Note: All the forms derived

necessarily will contain the meaning of company, therefore, the above mentioned word internally means 'they will be



trans. assim. (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<>turned (1)
away (aside)

مِّدٌّ بَعُدُ مُدَّا (ن)

to oppose, to turn away from,

to shout

- متيدندا

Then of them were some who believed therein and of them were some who turned aside therefrom.

[4:55]

~hindered (intrans.) (2)

وَصَلَّهُ مَا كَانَتُ تَعْبُدُ مِن مُدُونِ اللَّهِ

And that which she was wont to worship instead of Allah hindered her.

[27:43]

مَـدُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَـدُوا they hindered

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) مَدَدُنَا we hindered, kept away

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.)

عَمْدُونَ nom. مَمْدُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they turned away (1) (act. pic. m. dual.) n.d. تاجِبَ two fellows

act. pic. f. sing.) مَاحِبَةُ spouse, consort, wife

وَإِنَّهُ تَعْلَى جَدُرَيِّنَا مَا أَغُنَّ صَاحِبَةً وَلَا وَلَمَّا

And He—exalted be the majesty of our Lord—hath taken neither a spouse nor a son. (Jid.) neither wife nor a son. (Pic.) has not taken a consort nor a son. (M.A.) [72:3]

(act. pic. m. plu.) خَابُ <fellows

مَاحِبٌ (sing.)

ص ح ف 🖈

<scriptures, (n.p.b.)</p>
writs, books
(sing.)

حِمَانٌ (sing.) عَانٌ (sing.)

* 5 5 00

المَّاخَةُ (act. pic. f. sing.) <deafening cry or shout

صَحَّ بَعُمُّ صَعًّا (ن)

to strike sound on the ear

ص خ ر ★ rock (n.) (emp. neg. 3 p.m. sing.) آلَ مُعَدِّنَاً (thou) let SS not turn aside (emp. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) آلَ مُعَدِّنًا (you) let SS not turn aside

hindering (n.)

hanging back, (n.) مُدُودٌ turning away

fetid water, festering (n.) water, boiling water

is translated variously as pus, filthy water, hot or boiling water—LL)

ص د ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<will proceed, will come forth

صَدَرَ بَعْدُرُ صَدْراً وَ مَعْدَراً (ن) to return from, proceed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)iv, acc. مُعْدِرُ chrive away, taken away SS

breast, heart (n.) در

مدور (sing.) مسدور (sing.)

ص دع ★

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.)ii بُعَدُّعُونَ they are/will be affected with headache

< مَدَعَ يَصْدَعُ مَدْعاً (ف)</p>
to divide

رَأَيْتَ النَّنْفِتِيْنَ يَصُنْكُونَ عَنْكُ صُورُوا Thou seest the hypocrites turning away from thee. [4:61]

they hinder, / (2) are hindering

وَهُوْ يَصُنَّهُ وَنَ عَنِ الْسَبْجِي الْحَوَامِرِ

When they are hindering people from the sacred Mosque. [8:34]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they cry out, shout (3)

إذاقومنك منته يعيثون

Behold they (people) thereat cry out. (Jid.) lo! thy people raise a clamour thereat. (M.A.) behold! the folk laugh out. (Pic).

[43:57]

Note: the difference between

with dhamma) يَصْدُونَ

with) يَصِيدُّوْنَ and (ص upon

be noted. The former means: 'they hinder or keep away', while the latter means: 'they raise a shout with laughter and clamour'.

(imperf. 2 p.m plu.) acc. that you hinder SS تُصُدُّوا

مَدَفَ بَعْدِفُ مَدْفاً (ض)
 to turn away

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعْدِفُونَ They shun, turn aside

الصَّدَفَيْنِ (n. dual.) cliffs, mountain sides

حَتَّى إِذَ اسَأَوٰى بَيْنَ الصَّدَفَيُنِ

When he levelled up (the gap) between the cliffs. (Pic.) between the two mountain sides. (Jid.)
[18:96]

ص د ق ★

مردق (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حـدق <-- spoke the truth (1)

مَدَقَ يعمُدَقُ مِيدُوًا (ن) o he true to say the truth

to be true, to say the truth, to fulfill SS

عُلُ صَدَقَ اللهُ

Say thou, Allah hath spoken the truth. [3:95]

fulfilled SS true, (2) showed SS true

لَتَدُ مَدَقَ اللهُ رَسُولَهُ النِّيمَ إِللَّتِي

Allah hath fulfilled the vision for his messenger in very truth. (Pic.) [48:27]

صَدَقَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) مَدَقَتْ whas spoken truth, spoke truth

صَدَقُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَدَقُوا they totd truth (1) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v نَعْتُدُ عُونَ they will be sundered, separated.

Note: It is notable that the former is of the second derived stem and passive imperfect, while the latter is which is of the fifth derived stem and active imperfect. The latter is originally but in the abovementioned form the

then assimilated to the other one.

(perate. m. sing.) اصدَعْ proclaim, promulgate aloud, declare openly

splitting (v.n.) العَدْعُ

وَالْأَرْضِ ذَاتِ الصَّدْعِ

And by the earth which splitteth (with herbage).

[86:12]

مُتَصَدِّعاً acc.

(Ap-der.>v, m. sing)
splitting asunder, rending asunder

ص د ف ★

مَدُفَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) -shunned, turned away (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii testified

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii مُدَّقْتُ thou fulfilled SS

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَدِّقُ ~confirmes SS

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)ii مُعَدِّقُونَ they testify, believe in SS

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)ii مُعَدِّقُونَ you confess SS, admit the truth

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُعَدِّقُ meta. ~ forgo litt. ~ gave charity

أَنْنَ تَصَدَّقَ بِهِ فَهُوَلِنَا رَهُ لَا Then whosever forgoeth it, then it shall be for him an expiation. [5:45]

v. acc. n. d. مُتَدَّقُو (imperf. 3 p.m. plu

meta. ~ you forgo litt. ~ you give charity

Note: Its original from is

The final Nun is dropped due to accusative case. The first Ta is also dropped, as it is usual to the fifth derived stem in imperfect form.

(perate. m. sing.) ه فقدًا في be charitable

acc. ۷ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
that they forgo, remit as a charity

حَتَّى يَتَهَ يَنَكُكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا

Before it was manifest unto thee as whosoever told the truth. [9:43]

they are sincere (2)

أوليك النوين صَدَقُوا

Such are they who are sincere. [2:177]

they fulfilled SS (3)

مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ بِجَالٌ صَدَ قُوْامَاعَامَدُ واللهَ عَلَيْهِ

Of the believers are men who have fulfilled that which they covenanted with Allah. [33:23]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) مُدَدُّتُ thou told the truth

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) مَدَقَنَا we fulfilled

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَدَّقَ ~verified (1)

وَصَلَّى الْنُوسَلِيْنَ

And he verified the messengers. [37:37]

~ believed (2)

فَلَاصَتَى وَلَاصَلَّى

He neither believed nor prayed. [75:31]

~proved true (3)

وَلَقَدْصَدَقَ عَلَيْهِ وَإِثْلِيْسُ كُلَّتُهُ

Iblis proved true his opinion of them. (Arb.) [34:20]

other forms always has the meanings of excellence, truthfulness, veracity, virtue, firmness etc.

acc. مادِق nom. مادِق (act. pic. m. sing.) true, truthful, truth-teller

الصَّادِقُونَ ، صَادِقُونَ

الصَّادِفِينَ ، صَادِفِينَ ، صَادِفِينَ

(Ap-der. m. plu.) truthful ones

(ap-der f. plu.) الصَّادِقَاتُ truthful women

alms, charity (n.) acc. gen. مَدَقَةِ

<alms, charities (n.) الصَّدَفَاتُ (sing.):

صَدُقَاتُ «dowries (n.) مَدُقَاتُ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مَدِيْقُ friend

(elative m. sing.) اُصُدَقُ more truthful than SS

(ints. m. sing.) العَدَّيْقُ ، صِدَّيْقُ truthful one, man of truth and veracity

رِيَّةً (ints. f. sing.) مِيَّةً الْمِيَّةُ truthful woman

الصَّدِّ يَعُونَ nom. الصَّدِّ يَعِينَ

(ints. m. phu.)

truthful ones

فَأَصَّدَّقَ acc. v

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) that I may / shall give alms

(epl. Ist. p. plu.) v لَنَصَّدَّفَنَّ we will surely give alms acc. مَدْقًا nom. مَدْقًا

truth (n.) (1)

لَيْنَكُلُ الطِّيوِيْنَ عَنْ صِدُ يَعِمْ

That he may ask the truthful of their truth. [33:8]

veracity, (2) truthfulness

وَتَنْتُ كُلِنتُ رَبِّكَ صِنْقًا وْعَنْلًا

And perfected is the word of thy Lord in veracity and in justice. [6:115]

> excellence (3) (Rgh. Zajjaj)

وكيلوالذينا منواك كموكن مرصدي وعدرتهم

And give glad tiding to those who believe that for them is advancement in excellence. [10:2]

literally means truth in word or deed, as Raghib has mentioned in Mufradat. It is almost impossible to render the vast and various meanings of this word into one word. It will suffice here to mention that this word and its

ص د خ ★

بَصْطَرِخُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii أَصْطَرِخُونَ they will the shouting

to cry out loudly

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v منتقرحُ مناه crying unto SS for succour

(ap-der. > ii, m. sing.) gen. مُصْرِح one who succours

اَلَا بِيضُرِخِكُمُ وَمَا اَنْتُوبِمُصْرِئَى I cannot succour you nor can ye succour me. [14:22]

(مُصْرِخِيْ .nd + يَ)

نَصْرِ خِيِّ (Ap-der. > ii, m. plu.) those who succour (me)

cry for help (but in the Holy Quran this word means reponse for the shout for help. In other words there will be nobody to approach to succour)

ص د د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. iv أَصَرُوا they persisted

to persist, أَصَرُّ اللهِ أَصَرُّ اللهِ إَصْرُاراً \ to persevere in

assim. iv مِثر (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~persists مَدِّقُ nom. مُصَدِّقًا

(ap-der.> ii, m. sing.) confirming one

(ap-der. > ii, m. sing.) gen. الْعَدِّقِينَ confirming one

acc. gen. الْمُتَصَدِّقِيْنَ (Ap-der.>v, m. plu.) almsgivers, charitable ones

(ap-der.>v, m. plu.) acc. الْصَدِّقِينَ almsgivers, charitable ones

(Ap-der.>v, f. plu.) الْمُعَدِّقَاتُ charitable or almsgiver (women)

(ap-der.>v, f. plu.) دانگذهای charitable or almsgiver (women)

confirmation (v.n.) مُعْدِيْق

ص د ی ★

نَصَدَّی ۷ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ک ∼thou attendest

> تَعَدُّىٰ ﴿ يَعَدُّمُ

to correspond to appear

clapping (v.n.)

* 5 0

acc أَمَّرُ عَ nom. الصَّرْحَ ، مَرْحاً palace, lofty building, (n.) tower

صَرَفَ يَضْرِفُ صَرْفاً (ض) _ عَنْ to turn away,

to turn to 31 _

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) مُرَفْناً - إِلَا we turned towards, inclined towards,

imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُعْرِفُ ~averts, turns away

imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) juss. تَعْرِفْ thou turns away, averts

أَصْرِفُ nom. juss.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)
I shall turn away

(el. Ist. p. plu.) انْصُوفُ that we avert from, turn away

صُرِفَتْ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) صُرِفَتْ ~would be turned to

يُصْرُفُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. مُرُفُّ سis averted from

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يَصْرَ فُونَ they are turned away

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) الْمُعْرَفُونَ you are turned awny

اصّرِفُ (perate. m. sing.) avert! turn!

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii مَرَّ فَنَا we variously propounded, set forth

وَلَقَدُ مَتَرُفْنَالِلنَّاسِ فِي هُذَا الْقُرْانِ مِنْ كُلِّى مَثْلِ -And assuredly We have vario

usly propounded for mankind in the Quran every kind of similitude. [17:89] assm. iv مِعْرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they persist

assim. juss. iv (imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.)
they persist not

intense cold (n.)

gen. ورقيق vociferating, moaning (n.)

ص ر ص ر

gen. مَرْصَراً acc. qurd. مَرْصَر raging, furious and (n.) intensely cold (wind)

ص رط 🖈

العَرِّاطُ، صِرَاطُ

straight and right (n.) acc. أُصِرُ أَطَأً

ص دع 🖈

<lying or thrown (n.p.) مترعل prostrate</p>

صَرَعَ بَعْرَعُ صَرُعاً (ف) to strick down

ص ر ف ★

مَرَفَ عَنْ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُرَفَ عَنْ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ~ascending, mounting up

vehement (n.) acc.

1.==

And whosoever turneth aside from the rememberance of his Lord, him He shall thrust into a torment vehement. [72:17]

fearful woe, dis- (n.) acc. أَمُوْدَاً tressing punishment

سأرهفه كصفودا

I shall afflict him with a fearful woe. [74:17]

Note: Literally is an ascending road, a mountain-road difficult of ascent; a difficult place of ascent.

soil, earth (n.) acc.

س ع د ★

(perate. neg. m. sing.) ii Y turn not!

> مَعْرَ ال تَصْعِيْراً

to turn the face

صع ق 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَعِقَ <

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii we propound variously, vary

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vii انْصَرَفُوا they turned away

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc.

diversion, (v.n.) acc.

(n.pt.) acc. escape, way for aversion turning about (v.n.ii)gen.

ص د م *

(epl. 3 p.m. plu.) surely they will reap

> صَرَمَ بَضْرِمُ صَرْماً (ض) د to cut off

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. مادِمين reapers

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) gen. reaped, plucked

س ع د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ascendeth, mounteth up

مَعِدَ بَمْعَدُ مُعُوْداً (س)
 to ascend

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you are going, running, ascending

اِذْ تُصُوِىٰ وُنَ وَلَا تَلُوٰنَ عَلَىٰٓ اَحَدٍ And recall what time ye were

running off. [3:153]

ض غ ي 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) f.d. ~inclined to

مَعْنَى بَعْنُوْ مَنْواً (ن)
 to incline to

(el. 3 p. f. sing.) لِتُصْغَلِ that~may incline to

ص ف ح *

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) 156 فقوا

they should forgive, overlook SS, pass over SS, pardon

مَفَعَ بَقْفَحُ مَفْحاً (ف) _ عَنْ
 to pardon, forgive

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) juss. you overlook, pardon

(you) overlook! pardon! forgive!

overlooking, (v.n.) acc. فقح forgiveness

avoidance, (v.n.) acc. turning away from

آفَتَغُوبُ عَنْكُمُ الدِّكُوْصَفَعًا

Shall We then take away from you the admonition. [43:5]

(this phrase 'is taken from a rider's striking his beast to swoon on مَينَ مَنْقَاً hearing a vehement sound

(i.e., the living will die and the souls of the dead will become unconscious—Jid.)

رِيْ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) المُعْمَقُونَ they shall be swooned (act. pic. f. sing.) الصَّاعِقَةُ ، صَاعِقَةً

thunderbolt, vehement cry, (meta. destructive punishment)

(n.p.b.)
thunderbolts, thunderclaps القَّوَاعِقُ
thunderstruck (n. adj.) acc.

ص غ د ★

مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرُ فَنَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرُ فِي nom. (act. pic. m. plu.) gen. abject ones, subdued ones

مَنْزَ يَعْفُرُ مَنْوا (ك)

to be small,

small

_ مِنْاراً to be mean

gen. مَنِيْر acc. آين

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) acc.

افغة (elative) less than SS

vileness, humiliation (v.n.)

334

وَإِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الصَّافُّونَ

And verily we! we are ranged ranks. [37:165]

(act. pic. f. plu.)gen. الطّاقَاتِ ، صَافَاتِ ، صَافَاتِ ، صَافَاتِ ، صَافَاتِ ، صَافَاتِ ، those who are (1) ranged in ranks (i.e. angels)

وَالصِّفْتِ صَفًّا

By the angels ranged in ranks.
[37:1]

spreading and (2)
outstretching the wings
(i.e., birds)

أَوَلَوْ يَكُو وَالِكَى الطَّائِرِ وَوْتَهُمْ صَّفْتٍ وَيَعْبِضُنَ Behold they not the birds above them outstretching

above them outstretching the wings and they also withdraw them? [67:19]

in rows ('applied to camels as meaning, setting their legs in an even row'.--LL)

gen. مَعْنُونَة nom. مَعْنُونَة (pact. pic. f. sing.)

ranged

row, rank (n.) acc.

ص ف ن. ★

منفآ

(act. pic. f. plu.) العَانِيَاتُ well-bred, coursing horses Note; 'Safinat' Is plural of safin, which signifies, 'a with his stick when he desires to turn him from the course that he is pursuing' (LL). And it signifies avoidance of something).

ص ف د ★

«chains, fetters (n.p.b.) الْأَصْفَادُ (sing) مَفَدُّدُ (sing)

ص ف ر ★

(Ap-der. ix, m. sing.) acc. المفقرة (yellow

اصْفَرَّ ix اصْفِرَاراً to become yellow, pale

صَفْرَاهُ yellow (f)

مُنْفِرٌ (n.p.) <

صَفْرًا و أَصْفَرُ (sing.)

ص ف ص ف

smooth, (n.) (qurd.) acc. levelled and empty plain

ص ف ف ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) assim. المَاقُونَ (those ranged in ranks (i.e., angels)

صَفَتَ بَصُفَّ صَفًا (ن) to set in a rank

220

Safa (n.)

(a small mount or merely an eminence in the holy city of Makkah besides the building of the holy mosque).

ص ل ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) حَلَوُا <they crucified

مَلَبَ يَمَّلُهُ مَلْباً (ن) وَمَلَّبَ # تَصْلَبُ to crucify

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) مُعْلَبُ will be crucified

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَلِّرُوا will be crucified

(epl. Ist. p. sing.) ii آُکُسُلِّبَنَ I will surely crucify

rib, (n.) gen. breast bone

loins (n. p.b.) gen. أَمْلاَبِ

Note: المُتُلَبُ (sing.) and

is used in Quran only one time. But the place where it is used as singular means the "rib of woman' and where it is used as plural it means there 'the loin of the man.'

horse standing upon three legs and the extremity of the hoof of the fourth leg' (*LL*, *Ibn Kathir*). Therefore, it means a horse that is still when standing, or well-bred horse.

ص ف و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv انسنیا << ~distinguished

مَنَا بَصْنُو صَفُواً (ن) to be pure,

أَصْنَىٰ iv إِصْفَاءاً to choose

أفَاصْفُكُورَ فِكُوْمِ الْبَيْنِينَ

Hath then your Lord distinguished you with sons.

[17:40]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii مطنیٰ ~chose SS

(perf. 1st p. (sing.) viii مطفيت I chose SS

(perf. Ist p. plu.) viii أَصْطَلُقْيَنَا we chose SS

يَصْطَفِيْ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii مُعْطَفِيْ chooses

(pis. pic. m. sing.)

(pis. pic. m. plu.) الْمُعَلِّفِينَ slected ones good their state. (Jid.) and improve their condition. [47:2] (M.A.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they amended (their conduct in future)

أضلخنا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) iy we made SS fit and sound

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~rectifies, corrects, purifies

يُصْلِحُ لَكُوْ أَعْمَالُكُ

He will rectify for you your [33:71] works.

sets right (2)

إنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُصْلِحُ عَمَلَ الْمُفْسِينَ

Verily Allah setteth not right the work of corrupters.

[10:81]

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) acc. iv they (twain) effect a reconciliation

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they rectify

acc. gen. iv (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that you make peace, reconciliate

> العَّالِخُ، صَالِحُ nom.

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. good, righteous, fit (1)

SALEH (2) (prop. n.) (the name of a Prophet sent to Thamudites)

7

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~act righteously, good, are fit

لَمْ يَعْلَمُ (ف،ك) to be good, right, sound

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~amended, reformed (1)

فَتَنْ تَأْبَ مِنْ لَيَعْد ظُلْمه وَأَصْلَحَ

Then whosoever repenteth after his wrongdoing and amendeth (e. g., reformed the conduct). [5:39]

~effected an (2) agreement, made up

But if one fears a wrong or sinful course on the part of the testator and effects an agreement between the parties. (M.A.) and thereupon he maketh up the matter between them.(Jid.) [2:182]

~made good, (3) imporoved

He shall expiate their misdeeds from them and make حَلَدَ بَعْلِدُ صَلْداً (ض)
to be hard and smooth

ص ل ص ل

ringing clay (n.) gen. مُلْمَالِ

ص ل و ★

صلخ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) li prayed to pray, ii مَلَيُّ صَلاَةً to pray for

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii

∼is praying (1)

Then the angels called unto him even while he stood praying in the apartment.
[3:39]

~sends blessings (2) and benedictions

المُوالَّذِينَ يُعَمِّلُ مُلَكِّمُ وَمُلَكِّمُ وَمُلَكِّمُ الْمُلَكِّمُ وَمُلَكِّمُ اللهُ He it is who sendeth His blessings (benedictions) to you, and His angels.
[33:43]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii they send their blessings and benedictions

(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. phu.) ii they have not prayed

(act. pic. m. dual.) gen. نالیفین two righteous ones

الصَّالِحُونَ nom. الصَّالِحِينَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

good, righteous ones

(act. pic. f. plu.) الصَّالِحَاتُ righteous (works or deeds)

وَبَشِوِ الَّذِينَ المَثْوَاوَعَمِلُواالصَّلِحْتِ

And give glad tidings unto those who believe and do good works. [2:25]

good, righteous (2) women

So righteous women are obedient, guarding in secret that Allah hath guarded.

[4:34]

(Ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) الْمُنْكُ fair dealer lit. rectifier

gen. الْمُلِحُوْنَ nom. الْمُلِحِيْنَ (Ap-der. > iv, m.plu.) rectifiers, reconcilers

التُلُخ nom. مُلُحًا reconciliation

إضلاح . nom الإضلاح ، إضلاحاً .

rectification (v.n. ii) gen. reconciliation, setting good

ص ل د ★

smooth and bare (n.) acc. [iii

churches, synagogues and mcsques would have been pulled down. [22:40]

ص ل ی ★

مَلَىٰ يَعْلَىٰ مَيْلًا (ف)

to roast, fry, boil

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعْلُونَ they will roast

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) منظلاً will roast

اصْلُوا (perate,>ii, m. plu.)

(perate.>ii, m. plu.)
(you) roast SS

أَصْلِيْ (imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv أَصْلِيْ I shall roast SS

juss. نَعْلِي nom. نَعْلِ

(imperf 1st p. plu.) iv we shall roast SS

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) viii you may warm
yourselves (with fire in
severe cold)

إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِلْقُلِهِ إِنِي الْسُتُ نَارَا سَالِيَكُو بِيَنِهَا عِنْهِ لِوَالْتِيكُو بِشِهَا بِ قَبَسِ تَعَلَّمُ تَصْعَالُونَ (Remember) when Musa said unto his household: I perceive a fire afar, I will bring you tiding thence or bring to you a borrowed flame that you may warm.

[27:7]

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المُعَلَّوْا they should pray

(perate.> ii, m. sing.)
(thou) pray!

(you) send benedictions and blessings!

لاَ نُعَلُّ - عَلَىٰ "

(perate neg. m. sing.) (thou) pray not over SS

acc. gen.

(Ap-dr. > ii, m. plu.)

prayerful ones, (those who pray)

مُصَلَّى (n.pt.) the place for prayer (n.pt.) prayer, worship (n.)

صَلَوَاتُ nom. الصَّلَوَاتِ. nom. حَلَوَاتِ. (n.p.b.) gen حَلَوَاتِ.

صَلوٰہ (sing.)

خفظؤاعك القكولي

Guard the prayers. [2:238]

blassings, benedictions (2)

أُولَيْكَ عَلِيهِمْ صَلَوْتُ مِنَ دَيْهِمْ These on them shall be ben-

These on them shall be benedictions from their Lord. [2:157]

synagogues (3)

ۅؘڷۊٙڵٳۮؘڡٞٛۼؙٳٮڵۼٳڶػٵۺڹڞؙػؙؠؙ؞ؠڹۼڝ۪ٝڵۿؽؚۨڡػ ڝؘۜۅٳڡٷؘۮؠؾڠٷڝڶۅ۠ػ۠ٷۧڝۜۼڽؙ

And were it not for Allah's repelling of some by means of others, cloisters and

صَالُ

* 1100

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. they (willfully) became deaf

> صَمَّ بَعْمُ مَمَّا (ن)

to be deaf

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَصَمَّةً ~deafened SS

deaf (n. adj.) الْأَصَمُّ ا

acc. أَثُمُّ nom. أَنْمُ deaf ones (n. adj. plu.)

ص ن ع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they worked, wrought

مَّنَّعَ بَعْنَعُ صُنْعاً (ف)

to make do, create

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ∼is making

وَيَصْنَعُ الْفُلُكَ

And he was making the Ark.
[11:38]

~is building (2)

وَ وَمَوْنَامَا كَانَ يَصْنَعُ فِرْتَوْنُ وَقُومُهُ وَمَا كَانُوا يَدْ فَكُونَ

And we destroyed that which Fir'awn and his people had built and that which they had raised. [7:137] Note: It is notable that all forms of this root except iv are intransitive. And both are used in the Quran in the context of torment. The eighth derived stem is used in the Quran only two times and not in context of chastisement, but only in the mean ing of getting warm. [27:7]

(act. pic. m. sing.) nom. f.d. one who is to roast

(act. pic. m. plu.) nom. f.n.d. those who are to roast

ص م ت *

مَامِثُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.) مَامِثُونَ <silent ones

مَمَّتَ بَعْمُتُ مَمْناً (ن)

to be silent

ص م د 🖈

An epithet of Allah, meaning: Besought of all, and Independent of every one and every thing, i.e., lacking in nothing and wanting none to complement Him, The Absolute, the Eternal.

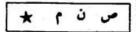
ص ع *

handiwork (2)

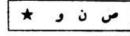
صُنْعَ اللهِ الَّذِي آتُفَانَ كُلَّ شَيْ

The handiwork of Allah who hath perfected every thing. [27:88]

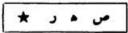
making, art of making(n.)



gen. مَا أَمْنَامَ الْكَامُ مَنْمَ وَالْمَامِ الْكَامِينَ مُنْ وَالْمَامِ الْكَامِينَ وَالْمَامِ الْكَامِينَ وَالْمَامِ الْكَامِينَ وَالْمَامِ الْكَامِينَ وَالْمَامِينَ وَالْمَامِ الْكَامِينَ وَالْمَامِ اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّالِمُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّا لِمُعْ

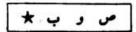


two palm trees (n. sing.) مِنْوَانٌ from one root



(pip. 3 p. m. sing.)

kinship by (n.) acc. آي marriage



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv befall (e. g., (1) calamity)

tr hit, attain the purpose, to be right, to assail, to befall (calamity)

(el. (pip) 2 p. m. sing.) that thou may be brought up

وَلِتُصُنَّعَ عَلَى عَيْنِيْ

And that thou may be brought up before my eyes.
[20:39]

أَنْعُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they are doing, performing

رُفَتُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) you are doing, performing

. (perate. m. sing.) افنة (you) make (SS)!

(perf. Ist p. sing.) viii I chose (SS)

واصطنعتك لنكيى

And I have chosen thee for Myself. [20:41]

Note: It would be rendered as 'I brought up' according to other reliable commentators.

castles, fortress (n. pt) acc.

مصايع

وَتَنْتَخِذُونَ مَصَانِعَ لَعَلَكُورَتُحُلُدُونَ

And take ye for yourselves castles (or fortresses) that haply ye abide. [26:129]

(n.) acc. مُنْعَ ، والمحاصلة والمح

وكمنم يعسبون المهم يعيدنون منعا

And they deem that they are doing well in performance. [18:104] ~will afflict (2)

لَا يُعِيدُهُمْ طُمَّا أُولاَ نَصَبُّ وَلَا مَثَمَّمَةُ Afflict them not thirst or fatigue or hunger.

[9:120]

juss. acc. nom. (imperf. 3 p. f./2 p. m. sing.)
you/it will befall, afflict

(e.m neg. f. sing.) iv لَا تُعِيْبَنَّ shall not afflict

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv acc. I that you may not harm, hurt

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I shall afflict

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv

نُصِيْبُ بِرَحْمَرِتَنَامَنُ تَشَالُهُ

We bestow Our mercy on whomsoever We will.

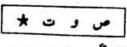
[12:56]

(ap-der.> iv, m. sing.)
that which to befall or
smite SS

(ap-der.> iv, f. sing.) مُعِينَةُ

laden cloud, (n.)
abundant rain

right (n.) acc.



voice (n.)

مَّااَصَابَ مِنْ مُومِيْكَةِ الْأَبِاذُنِ اللَّهِ No calamity befalleth save by Allah's leave. [64:11]

~made SS fall (2) upon (in good context)

فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يَخُرُجُ مِنْ خِلْلِهُ فَإِذَا اَصَابِهِا مَنْ يَشَا أُمِنُ عِبَادِ قِ إِذَا الْمُحْرِينَتَبْشُورُونَ Then when He causes it to fall upon whom He pleases of His bondmen, lo! they rejoice. [30:48]

~intended, desired (3)

فَسَخُونَالَهُ الرِّيْحَ تَجُوِئ بِأَسْوِهِ رُخَاءً

So We made the wind subservient to him, it made his command to run gently whenever he desired (M.A.) whithersoever he intended (Pic.). [38:36]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv ~befell, afflicted

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) iv you inflicted, smited

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we inflicted, smited

juss. acc. nom.
(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv
~shall befall, (1)
let befall

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ص و م 🖈

(e. l. 3 p.m. sing.) حِلْمُتُمْ « ~should fast

مَّامَ يَصُومُ صَوْماً (ن) to fast

- عَنْ to abstain from

أَصُو مُو اللهِ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. أَصُو مُو اللهِ that you fast

(act. pic. m. plu.) gen. الشَّاعِينَ fasting men

(act. pic. f. plu.) gen. الصَّا ثُمَاتِ fasting women

a fast (n.) acc. مَوْماً

القيام ، مِيام أم nom. القيام ، مِيام fasting (v.n.) gen.

* 7 5 00

acc. القَيْحَةُ، مَنْحَةً nom. القَيْحَةُ، مَنْحَةً (an awful) shout (n.)gen. مَنْحَةِ

ص ی د ★

(perate. m. plu.) اصطادوا (you) hunt, chase may hunt, may chase

صَادَ بَعِيْدُ مَنْداً (ض) وَ اصْطَادَ

to hunt

gen. الصّد acc. الصّد nom. مُنِدُ hunting, chase (1) (v.n.)

voices (n.p.b.) acc. الأُمْوَاتُ

ض و ر ★

(perate. m. sing.)

صَادَ يَمُورُ صَوْداً (ن) to cause to incline

نَحُنُ أَنْبَعَهُ مِنَ الطَّايْرِيَصُرُفُنَّ إِلَيْكَ

Take then thou four of the birds and incline them towards thee. [2:260]

مُوَّدً (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii shaped, formed, fashioned

مَوَّرَ ii تَصْوِيْراً
 to shape, fashion

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii مَوَرُناً we shaped, formed, fashioned

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَوِّدُ ~shapes, fashions

(ap-der. m. sing.) ii الْمُسُوِّرُ Fashioner (an epithet of Allah)

ص وع ★

صُوَاعٌ (n.) cup

ص و ف ★

أَمْوَافِي wools (n.p.b.) gen. أَمْوَافِي مُثُوفًا (sing.) مَّارَ يَمِيْرُ مَيْراً (ض) _ إِلَّا to arrive

acc: مَصِيْراً ، مَصِيْر return, destination (v.n.)

س ی ص ★

صَيَّامِيْ (fortresses (n. p.b.) مَيَامِيْ (sing.)

summer (n.) gen. المنيف

وأنته وخور غير فيلى القييب

Not allowing the chase while you are in a state a sanctity. [5:1]

the game (2) (that which is to be hunted)

لَيَبُلُونَكُمُ اللهُ بِثَنَى القَيْدِ

Allah shall surely try you with the game. [5:94]

ص ی د ★

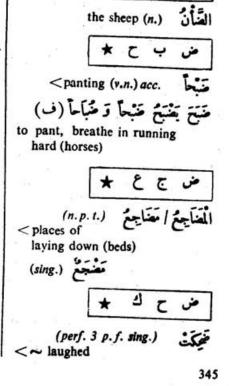
(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) <-- cometh to, reaches to, tenders to

كتاب الضاد

to laugh, to wonder, to rejoice (Rgb., LL) to laugh at _____ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they laugh إذَا هُمْ مِنْهَا نَصْحُكُونَ Behold! at them they were laughing. [43:47] (el. imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) let them laugh (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you laugh وَكُنْهُمْ مِنْهُوْ تَضُحَكُونَ You were laughing at them. [23:110] (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أضحك ~causeth to laugh (act. pic. m. sing.) laughing

T10

ضَّحِكَ يَضْعَكُ ضَّكَا ۚ وَيَضْكَأُ (س)



جندآ

(in) adversary (n.) acc.

(part. 3 p. m. sing.)

<~set forth a parable ~coineth the similitude (pic.)

~propounded the similitude (Jid.)

طَهْ مَأَ (ض) طَرَّبَ يَضْرِبُ to strike, to beat

to coin a similitude or give a parable, make an example

to give similitude (1) to mention (2)

to compare (3)

ف to strive, go forth

to travel to take away, avoid

to put a cover, shut

كف عُمَ اللهُ مَثَلًا

How Allah set forth a parable. [14:24]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they set forth a (1) parable

So he smiled wondering at her word. [27:19]

(act. pic. m. sing.) laughing

ضَاحِكَةُ ثُنْتَنُثُونَةً

Laughing, rejoicing. [80:39]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. <thou shall suffer from sun

ضِي بَضْعِي مِنْهِ (س)

to be smitten by the sun

<early forenoon (n.)

The word properly signifies the bright part of the day when the sun shines fully (LL).

وَ الضَّعِي .comp by the brightness of the day

[the particle) means 'swear by' and

brightness of the day. The final latter of the word

i.e., & is replaced in case of its attachment to pronominal thus:

its sunshine]

(imper: 3 p.m. sing.) مقربُ ~coineth a similitude, gives a parable

يَغْرِبُ اللهُ الْأَمْثُالَ

Allah coineth the similitudes. [13:17]

يغيرب الله الحق والباول

"Allah propounds the truth an , falsity." [13:17](Most of the commentaters in الأشال took the word tl'is verse as ellipsis, thus the meaning would be "Allah set forth or propounded a similitude to show the differences between the truth and the false (see IK., RZ); some of them as Qr., Rgh. took in the meaning of compare i.e., "Allah compares(between) the truth and false"; some of them explained it as "likeneth or confirmeth"

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَغْرِبُونَ they strike

يَضُرِيُونَ وُجُوفَاكُمْ وَأَدْبَارَهُمْ

They strike their faces and their backs. [8:50]

ـ فِيْ الْأَرْضِ they travel

كُلْغُرُفْنَ يَغُولُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ And others who travel on the land. [73:20] كَيْفَ خَرَيْوْالُكَ الْإِمْكَالُ

How they set forth a parble.
[17:48]

They mentioned (2)

مَا خَرَيْوَهُ لَكَ إِلَّا جَدَلًا

They mentioned him not to thee save for disputation. [43:58]

they travel (3)

إِذَا خَرَيْوًا فِي الْأَرْضِ

When they travel in the earth. [3:156]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ye went forth (1)...;

إذَا خَرَيْتُمْ فِي سِينِ لِ اللهِ

When ye go forth in Allah's way. [4:94]

ye travel in the (2) فِيْ ٱلْأَرْضِ earth.

لذاخرَيْتُونِي الْكَرْضِ

And when ye travel in the earth. [4:101]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) وَمَرَ بِنَا _ الْأَمْالَ we made example

وَضَرَيْنَالَكُوْالْأَمْثَالَ

We made (them) example for you. [14:45]

ے علی (2) we put over a cover

فَضَرَيْنَاعَلَ أَفَايْهُمْ فِي الْكُمْفِ

Wherefore We put a covering over their ears in the cave. [18:11] ed by those translators who tend to deny miracles).

give a parable مُثَلِينًا مَثَلًا or propound a similitude make a way أَشْرِبُ مَثَلًا

فَاضُيهُ لَهُمْ طَرِيْقًا فِي الْبَعْوِيَبَكُمُا

And make for them a way dry in the sea. [20:77]

mite! (1)

فَقُلْنَا اضْرِيُوْكُ بِبَعْضِهَا

Wherefore We said, smite with part of her. [2:73]

beat (2)

وَلِفُجُرُوْهُنَ فِي الْمَضَاجِعِ وَاضْرِيُوْهُنَّ

And avoid the (f) in beds and beat them. [4:34]

رِب (pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

similitude is (1) مَثَلُّ propounded

مُلُلاً (2) held up.as مُلِلاً sample

وَلَتَنَاهُمِ بِابْنُ مَوْيَهُمْ مَثَلًا

And when the son of Maryam is held up as an example. [43:56]

is set (3)

فَصُرِبَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِسُوْدٍ

Then between them a high wall is set. [57:13]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) يَضْرِ بْنُ they strike they should not لَا يَضْرِ بْنُ

(el. imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) لَيُضْرِبُنَ They should cover

وَلْيَضْرِبُنَ بِخُمُرِهِنَّ عَلْ جُيُوبِهِنَّ

And they (female) should put their scarves (headcovers) over their bosoms. [24:31]

لاً تَضْرِبُوا (perate neg. m. plu.) propound not الْأَمْثَالَ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

the similitude

we propound the الْآثَالَ similitude,

we take away قر _

أفنضرب عنكمالي كرصفنا

Shall we then take away from you the Admonition. [43:5]

strike! (perate. m. sing.) اضرِبْ

اضرب تتكألؤ الحجر

Strike with thy staff the stone. [2:60]

rendering of أَضْرِبُ is 'smite' or 'strike'. The root verb صَرَبُ never signifies "to seek a way" or "march on" as render-

ضَرَّ بَضُرُّ ضَرِّاً وَ ضُرِّاً (ن) to injure, harm, hurt

وَلاَ مَنْ عُمِنَ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ مَالاَ يَنْفَعُكَ وَلاَ يَضَرُكَ And invite not beside Allah that can neither profit thee nor hurt thee.

[10:106]

مرود ا acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعْرُونَ they hurt

لَنْ يَضُرُّولَكَ they will never النَّ يَضُرُّولَكَ hurt thee

معرف ا acc.

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مَرُونَ you hurt

لاَ تَفُرُّوْنَهُ الاَ تَضُرُّوْهُ

you hurt him not

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ~is hurt or is done harm

وَلَا يُضَا لَوْكَاتِبُ وَلَا شَهِيدٌ

And let no harm be done to scribe or witness. [2:282]

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) أَضَارًا مناجًا

لَاتُضَاِّرُوَالِكَ أَنَّوَالِكَ أَنَّاكِلُهِمَا

A mother should not be hurt because of her child.

[2:233]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) viii أَضْطُورُ < I shall compel (pp. 3 p.f. sing.)

overshadowed 15 -

خُرِيَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ الذِّلَةُ

Overshadowed are they by ignominy. (Asad.) [3:112]

smiting (v.n.)

فَإِذَالَمِيْنُ تُوالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَضَرُبَ الرِّفَاكِ

So when you meet (in battle) those who disbelieve smite the necks. [47:4]

is verbal noun here used in the sense of imperative to emphasise the command. The verse means when you face disbelievers in the battle. (see IK)

(v.n.) acc.

going about in فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ the carth

لاَ يَسَكِطِيعُونَ ضَرَّالِى الْأَرْضِ They are disabled from going about in the earth.

[2:273]

striking (2)

فَوَاغَ عَلَيْهِمُ حَثَرَثُا بِالْيَدِيْنِ

Then he slipped unto them striking with right hand. [37:93]

ض ر ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim < hurts

يصر

مِنرَاداً (hurting (v.n. iii, acc.)

وَالَّذِيْنَ اَتَّنَدُّوْا مَنْضِدُا اَعْدَارُا And those who have set up a mosque for hurting. [9:107]

مَلَاثِشَـُمُومُنَ فِعَالِمًا And retain them not for hurting. [2:231]

harming (v.n. iii) منار

Atter (paying) a bequest they may have made, or a debt (that may have incurred) neither of which having been intended to harm (the heirs). [4:12]

الشَّرَرُ فِمْلُ الْوَاحِدِ وَ الْمُشَارُّ فِمْلُ الْإِثْنَيْنِ

is that what is done by one, while نظراً (v.n.) requires more than one, to give the meaning of the word. (MJJ.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) آناڙ one who harms

وَلَيْسَ بِضَالِيهِمُ تَيْنًا

And he can harm them not at all. [58:10]

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَارَّنَ those who harm others اضطر اضطراراً viii. اضطر المضر المضرة to force, compel, to drive to

عَالَ وَمَنْ كَفَوَ فَأَمْنِيْمُهُ قِلِيلًا ثُمَّا أَضَّعَلَيْكَا إلى مَذَابِ المَادِ

He said: and who disbelieveth
I shall give him enjoyment
for a while. Thereafter I
shall compel him to the
doom of fire. [2:126]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) viii we compel or force to

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii منطرًة compelled to

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you are compelled to

ضَرّاً .acc مَنْرُ (n.n.) hurt

hurt (v.n.) مُرَّ

(lit. hurt) (n.) مُثَرَّدُ

meta: disability (due to illness or any sort of defect)

غيرا وليالقر

Save those who are disabled. [4:95]

is that evil which relates to the person as disease while المنافئة is that which relates to property, as poverty,—LL)

rule).

that of v is changed
by its following emphatic
letter of as a phonemic

humility (v.n.v.,) acc. أَضَرُّعاً

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) صَرِيْعُ bad pasturage, dry herbage, thorny plant.

لَيْسَ لَهُ وَطَعَامٌ الْأَمِنْ صَوِيْعِ No food shall be theirs save bitter thorn. [88:6]

مضغ ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حُنْفُتُ (~was/is weak

ضَّمُّتُ . بَعَنْمُنُ صَّمْنَا وَ صَمَانَةً (ك) to weak

ضَعُفَ الطَّالِبُ وَ الْمَطْلُوبُ Weak are (both) the invoker and the invoked. [22:73]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعَفُونا they were weak

مَا صَعْفُوا (neg.) مَا صَعْفُوا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x استَضَعَفُوا they weakened

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x سُلُفُغُونُ weakens

(p.p. 3 p. m. plu.) x استَعْمِقُوْ ا (lit.) those made weak مَاهُرُيضَارِينَ بِهِ مِنَ آَحَيْن And they are not to harm anyone thereby. [2:102]

distressed (pis. pic.) vili

آمَن يُعِيبُ النَّف طَوَّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ

Is not He (best) who answereth the distressed when he calleth unto Him.

[27:62]

ض دع ★

بَ لَضَرَّعَ يَنْضَرَّعُ تَضَرُّعً لَمُ اللهِ to pray with humilian

< <to pray with humiliaty or humble oneself

ضَرَعَ بَغْرَمُ ضَرُعاً وَ ضَرَاهَةُ(ف) to a base or إلى _

humiliate one's self before

فَلُوُلِّ إِذْ جَاءَمُمْ بَأَسْنَا تَفْتَرُعُوا

Wherefore they did not, when the disaser from Us came upon them, humble themselves? [6:43]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v نَصَرَّعُونَ they humble themselves

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) v they humble themselves

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قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعْفٌ

He said: to each double. (i.e. in the hereafter He will say) [7:38]

twofold (2)

لَهُ وَجَزَّاءُ الضِّعُفِ مِمَا عَبِهُ وَا

Theirs (shall be) twofold rewards for that they have done. [34:37]

twofold (n. dual.)

manifold (m. p.) acc.

أضمافأ

(v. n. iii) acc. (مُضَعَفَةً) مُضَاعَفَةً (مُضَعَفَةً

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. لَغَيْفًا weak

weak ones (n.p.) acc.

weak ones (n. p.)

more weak (elative.)

(Ap-der.> m. plu.)iv مُعْمِفُونَ those who get manifold

فأمليك مئوالمضعفون

They shall have (increase) manifold. [30:39]

مُستَضْعَفُونَ nom. مُستَضَعَفُونَ

(ap-der. m. plu.) x weakened ones

(meta: oppressed people)

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(in the verse 7:75 means: those who were counted weak, due to their poverty or owing to the smallness of their group).

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) x they are made weak

الكَذِينَ كَانُوْالِيسْتَضْعَفُونَ

The people who used to be oppressed. [7:137]

(Note: سُمُعَفُونَ means who are made weak, metaphorically rendered 'oppressed.')

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii خاعف << doubles,

(multiplieth)

مَّمَنَّ بَمُنْمَنُ مَنْعَاً (ف) > مَنَاعَكَ مُضَاعَفَةً "

وَاللَّهُ يُفْعِعِكُ لِمِنْ تَشَالُهُ

to double, multiply

And Allah multiplieth unto whomsoever He listeth. [2:261]

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) مُعَاعَفُ is made double

weakness (n.)

أللهُ الَّذِي خُلَقَكُمُ مِنْ ضُغَفِ

Allah is it who created you in weakness. [30:54]

double (1) (n.)

مِيد

فَعَدُ ضَلَّ سَوَآءَ التَّبِيلِ

Surely he lost the right way, or he surely has strayed. [2:108]

~failed (2)

وضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ كَاكُانُوا يَفْتُونُونَ

And failed them that which they had been fabricating. [6:24]

~wasted (3)

ٱكَذِينَ مَلَّ سَعْيُهُ وَفِي الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَ

(They are) those whose effort is wasted in the life of this world. [18:104]

~disappeared (4)

وَلِذَامَتَكُوُالفُرُنِ الْبَحْرِضَلَّ مَنُ تَدُخُونَ الْآلِاتًاءُ

And when there toucheth you a disaster on the sea, those whom ye call upon disappear except Him (alone). [1767]

(perfect 1st p. sing.) مُثَلَّتُ I went astray

مَّدُ خَلَلْتُ إِذًا وَمَا أَنَامِنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ

For then I shall be gone astray, and shall not remain of the guided. [6:56]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) المرافئة strayed, erred (1) ض غ ث ★

a handful (n.) acc.

(or a handful of twigs of trees or shrubs) (LL)

medleys (n. p.) أَضْفَاتُ

آضغائ آخلاير

Medleys of dreams. [12:44]

ض غ ن ★

(sing.) مَنْفُقُ hatred, malice

ض ف دع

الطَّفَادِعُ (n. p.) <frogs (n. p.)

ضِفْدَعَةً (sing.)

ض ل ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. المارة (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. المارة (المارة المارة المارة

خَلَّ بَخِلُ خَلَالًا وَ خَلاَلَةً (ض) to loss one's way,

go astay, to stray, to fail, to disappear, to err, to wander from, to foget (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) errs (f) (forgets)

So if one of the two (women) erreth (foregeteth), the one may remind the other. [2:282]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I shall go astray

قُلُ إِنْ ضَلَاثُ فَإِنَّهَا أَضِلُ عَلِي نَفِيهِ Say: if (ever) I go astary, I shall stray only against [34:50] mayself.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <~left in error (1)

أمَنلُّ إمْنلالاً (i) to leave in error (if the

- subject of the sentence is Allah and the object is other than man),
- (ii) to lead astray

Do you (perchance) seek to guide those whom Allah let go astray (or left in error). [4:88]

~sent astray (2)

Those who disbelieve and hinder others from the way of Allah, He shall send their work astray. [47:1] فَنْ ضَلُّواضَلْلاً بَعِيدًا

Indeed they have erred (or strayed) going far astray.

[4:167]

disappeared, (2) have gone away

قَالُوْآ اَنِيَ مَا كُنْتُمُ

تَنْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ قَالُوْاضَلُّواعَنَّا

They say: where is that which you used to call upon besides Allah? They would say: They have disappeared from us.

[7:37]

[32:10]

II I I (perf. 1st p. phi.) we disappeared

وَقَالُوۡٓ مَادَا ضَلَلْنَا فِي الۡأَرْضِ مَلِكَالَفِي خَلْقِ جَدِيْهِ And they say, When we are lost (disappeared) in the earth, shall we be in a

new creation?

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~strays (1)

He knoweth well whosoever strayeth from His path. [6:117]

erreth (2)

يَضِكُ رَبِي وَ لَا يَنْسَى

My Lord erreth not nor He foregetteth. [20:52]

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T01

(wandering in the way of God i.e., struggling to find the way, in search of the true light. That the character of the Prophet was even in his youth exemplary and exceptional in the most tempting environment of Makka is borne out by hostile biographers.) (Jid.)

the strayed الضالين ones

an error (v.n.)

But today the wrong-doers are in error manifest. [19:38] astrav

wasted, in vain

وَمَادُعَا أُوالْكُفِي إِنَّ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَّا

supplication of And the only goes the infidels or astray [13:14] wasted

> الشَّلالُ the error (v.n.)

ضَلَالَةً ، الضَّلَالَة (error (v.n.)

further astray (1) (elative)

And who is further astray than he who followeth his desire. [28:50]

further astray (2)

Those are worst in abode;

وَلَقَدُ آضَلَ مِنْكُ حِلَّاكُتُ وَا

And assuredly he (i.e., Satan) hath led astray a great multitude. [36:62]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv the twain led astray

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they led astray

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you led astray

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv they (f. i.e., idols) led astray

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~sends astray

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~sends astray

(Note: In conditional phrases the assimilation of two letters is removed, thus

becomes ضا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they lead astray

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) iv in order to lead astray

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. nd that they/they may lead astrav

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. wandering

ووحدك فألأ فقدى And He found thee wandering so He guided. [93:7]

أضلأ أَصَلُوا

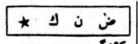
أضلكم

أمللاً

حَالَا

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400



(v.n.) acc.

<hard, narrow

مَنْتُكَ بَعْنُكُ مَنْكُمُ وَ مَنَاكُهُ (ن) to be narrow

ض ن ن ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

< tenacious

مَنَّ بَيْنُ مَنَّا (ن)

to be tenacious, regardly,

ومَّاهُوعَلَى الْغَيْبِ بِضَينين

And he is of the unseen not a tenacious (concealer).

[81:24]

(The prophet has nothing to conceal, his messages are all plain and unambigous) (Rz.)

ض م ا 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)iii h.v. خامون (they resemble

to resemble iii مُضَاهَمُ (the verb has no triliteral from) (LL)

They resemble to saying of those who disbelived before. [9:30]

ض و ء ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv (h.v.) أَضَاءً < ~ illuminated

and furtherst astray from the level way. [5:60]

(Ap-der. m. sing) iv misleader

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. iv مُضِلِّينَ seducers

وَمَاكُنْتُ مُتَّغِنَ الْمُضِلِّينَ عَضُمًّا

I was not one to take seducers as supporters.[18:51]

ض م د ★

(act. pic. m. sing.)

ضَمَرَ يَضْعُرُ مُعُوداً (ن)

to be thin

And on any lean (mount) coming from every deep defile. [22:27]

(worn out and famished by a long journey; the phrase is expressive of fatiguing journey and great distance)

ض م م *

(perate m. sing.) assim.

مَنَّمَّ يَضُمُّ ضَمًّا (ن)

to join, gather, add, to press

وَأَضْمُوْيِدَكَ اللَّهِ جَمَالِهِ كَا معاد press thy band to

And press thy hand to thy side. [20:22]

وماكان الله لينينع إغاثكم

And Allah is not one to let your faith go wasted. [2:143]

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv

آني لَا أُضِيْعُ عَمَلَ عَامِيلِ مِنْكُوْ

That I waste not the work of a worker amongst you.
[3:195]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv

إِنَّا لَانُضِيْعُ آجُرَالُمُصَّلِحِيْنَ

Verily We shall not waste the hire of the rectifiers.[7:170]

ض ی ف ★

مِنْبِغُونَ (w.v.) ii مِنْبِغُونَ acc. n.d.

<they entertain

ضَيَّفَ to entertain ir

مَافَ بَيِنِنُ صِبَافَةً (ض)

to be a guest or to enjoy hospitality

guest (n.) نَيْفُ

ض ی ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) 5

became narrow,
(meta.) was troubled

ضَاقَ يَعِيْنِيُ مَنْبِقاً وَ مِنْبِقاً (ض) to be narrow, to become straiten أَضَاةً إِضَالَةً to illuminate, أَضَاةً إِضَالَةً shine (ن) مَنَاةً بَعْنَوْهُ مَنْوهُ أَ وَ مِنْيَاهُ أَ (ن)

to shine, glitter

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv

illuminated

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

light (v.n., r.f.)

ض ی ر ★

<harm (v.n.)(w.v.)

صَّارَ يَعِيْدُ مَنْدِاً (صَ) to harm, injure, damage

ض ی ز ★

ری (unjust, unfair(n.) (w.v.)

مَنَّازَ وَ مَنَازَ بَمِنْیِرُ مَنُوزی

to be unjust in (ض) وَ مِنْيِزْی (ض giving a judgement (Mojm.)

ض ی ع ★

(perf.3p.m. plu.) iv (w.v.) المُعْلَقُوا دُولِهِ اللهِ اللهِلمُ المَالِمُ اللهِ اللهِ المَالمُولِيِّ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ

iv أَضَاعَ يُعِينِهُ إِضَاعَةً to waste, to neglect, to lose

أضاغواالكلوة

They neglected the prayer.
[19:59]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv
wastes

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(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ straitens

traitens

وَلَقَدُنُمُكُواْتَكَ يَضِينُ صَدَّرُكُ And We know indeed that thy breast straitens. [15:97]

(el. imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)ii that you, in order to straiten

strait (n.) acc.

يَجْعَلُ صَدْرَةُ ضَيِيَّا

(He) maketh his breast strait. [6:125]

(act. pic. m. sing.) straitened (in the sense of Pis. Pic.)

وَضَائِقٌ لِهِ صَدُلُكَ

And thy breast will he straitened by it. [11:12]

straitness (v.n.)

وَخَاقَ رِهِمْ ذَرْعًا

And he was troubled on their account (Arb.) and he felt straitened on their account (Jid.) [11:77]

(Primarily the meaning of phrase is "stretching forth the arm" and is used in the sense of power or ability (TA) the meaning of the phrase is "he was unable to do the thing, or he lacked strength to accomplish the affair"—LL.)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~was straitened

ضَافَتُ عَلِيْهِ مُ الْرَضِ بِمَارِحُبَتُ The earth, vast as it is, bec-

ame straitened unto them.
[9:118]

كتاب الطاء

ط ب ق ★

lit. cover (n.) acc. stage, state, layer

لَتَرُكَبُنَ طَيَقًا عَنُ طَبَقٍ

Surely you shall ride stage by stage. [84:19]

(i.e., O makind your existence is not fixed or stationary, you must be ever changing growing, journeying from the state of the living to that of dead, and from the state of the dead to a new life in the next world. The

is here عَنْ here synonymous with بَعْدُ and مَلْقًا عَنْ طَبَقِ اللهِ is equi-

is equi طبقاً عن طبق . حَالَةُ بَعْدَ حَالَةِ valent to

storeys, stages (v.n.) acc.

ط ب ع *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

طَبَعَ يَطْبَعُ طَبْعًا (ف)

to seal, imprint

بَلْ لَمْ اللهُ عَلَيْهَا بِكُفُرِهِمْ

Aye! Allah hath set a seal upon them for their infidelity. [4:155]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) sets a seal

(imperf. Ist. plu.) we put a seal

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

is sealed

وَكُلِعَ عَلَى قُلُورِهُمُ

And their hearts are sealed.

[9:87]

نطرد

(imperf. 2 p.m.. sing.) acc. thou mayst drive away

(perate. neg. m. sing.) مَطْرُدُة drive not!

(act. pic. m. sing.) طَارِدُ one who drives SS away

ط ر ف ★

lit.: eye. In some verses it is rendered as glance, sight, looking, according to the context.

a side, n. acc. (1) طَرَقًا a portion

إلىتفطع طرقاتين الكذين كفؤوا

That he may cut off a portion of those who disbelieve.

[3:127]

side, end (2)

two ends (n. dual.)

وَآفِيهِ الصَّاوُةَ طَرَتِي النَّهَ أَرِو زُلْقًا مِّنَ الَّيْلِ

Aud establish the pttyer at the two ends of the day, and the neighbouring (watches) of the night.

[11:114]

أَطْرَافٌ (n. p.) أَطْرَافٌ

مَسَيِّحُ وَاظُرُافَ النَّهَارِ

And hallow (Him) at the ends of the day. [20:130] الذي خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمُوْتٍ طِبَا كَا

Who hath created seven heavens in storeys. [67:3]

طح و 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. < ∼extended

طَعاً يَطْخُو طَعُواً (نَ) to spread out, extend (trans.

وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا طَخْمَا

& intrans.) (Lis., Rgh.)

By the earth and Him who spread it forth. [91:6]

ط ر ح 🖈

اطَرَحُوا (perate. m. plu.) اطَرَحُوا <cast forth

طَرَحَ بَطْرَحُ طَرْحاً (ف،س)

to throw, cast forth

امُّتُلُوْايُوسُفَ أَوِاطُرَحُولُا أَرْضًا

Slay Yusuf or cast him forth to some land. [12:9]

ط ر د 🖈

َطُرَدْتُ (perf. 1st p. sing.) < I drove away

طَرَدَ يَعْرُدُ طَرْداً (ن)

to send away, to get SS out (trans.), to drive out

4 7 8 4

طيعوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) طيعوا

طَيِمَ بَعْلَمَمُ طَمْعًا وَ طَمَامًا (س) to eat (intrans.)

طَمِمَ يَعْمَمُ طَعْماً وَ طُعْماً (س) o taste (intrans.)

ر (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُقِينَمُ

كإذا طعمتم فاشتيشروا

And when you have eaten then disperse. [33:53]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعَمَّمُ حeats

لَايْظْعَنْهُ كَالِّلَا مَنْ نَشَا؛

None shall eat thereof save whom We allow. (6:138)

(juss. 3 p.m. sing.) مُطْعَمُ <did not taste

the v.n. is die see above

وَمَنْ لَكُو يَطْمَعُهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِنْتَى

And whosoever tasteth it not, verily shall be mine.

[2:249]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُعَمَّمُ حُرِيرُهُ اللهِ

to feed (trans.) iv [[dal]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

borders (2)

اَوْلَوْسَوْالْنَانَاقِ الْأَرْضَ لَنَعْصُهَا عِنْ اَطْرَافِهَا Behold they not that We visit the land diminishing it by the borders thereof. [13:41]

طرق ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) gen. الطَّارِقُ (the comer by night)

طَرَقَ يَظُرُقُ طَزْقًا (ن)

to come at night, to knock, to strick

(lit. anything coming by night or appearing at night thus

is the star that appears in the night; also the morning star, because it comes at the end of the night—Rgh. LL)

way, path (n.) مَرْبِقَ مَرْبِقَ مَرْبِقَ مَرْبِقَ مَرْبِقِ اللهِ مَعْلَمُ مَرْبِقَةً مُرْبِقِ اللهِ way, path (n.) الطَّرْبِقَةُ مُ مَرِّبِقَةً مُ مَرْبِقَةً مُ مَرْبِقِةً مُ اللهِ ways, paths (n. p.)

لَمِرِّيًا جَمْلُونَ بَعْلُونُ بَعْلُونُو طَرِىَ بَعْلُونُ - ظُوْوَ بَعْلُونُو طَرَاوَةً (س،ك)

to be tender, fresh

طعنأ

غلغلي

طَعَنَ يَطْقَنُ طَعْناً (ف، ن) - فِي ، عَلَىٰ to speak ill of, defame

وَطَعَنُوا فِي دِيْنِكُوْ

And they thrust at your religion (Arb.) assail (Pic.) revile (Jid.). [9:12]

speaking ill (v.n.) acc.

وَطَعْنَافِ الدِّينِ

And scoffing at the faith. (Jid.) [4:46]

ط غ ی ۔ و

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. < ~exceeded (1)

the limit

مَلَنَىٰ يَطْنَىٰ طَغَيَّا وَ طُغْيَانًا (ف)
to exceed the (i)
bounds

طَفَا يَطْغُو طُغُواً وَ طُغُواَناً (ن) to rise high (water) (ii)

رادُهَبُ إلى فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغِي

Go to Firawn, surely he has exceeded the bound (or limits or he is inordinate). [20:24]

(the water) rose high (2)

المَالِمَالِيَّا الْمَالِيَّةِ الْمَالِمَةِ الْمَالِمِيِّةِ الْمَالِمِيْةِ الْمَالِمِيْةِ الْمَالِمِيْةِ الْمُالِمِينِ الْمُالِمِينِ الْمُالِمِينِ الْمُالِمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلِمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلِمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمِلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمِلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمِلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِلِينِ الْمُلْمِينِ الْمُلْمِي

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv نطيعُوْن they feed

comps. iv. يُطْعِبُوْن that they feed me.

that they feed acc. ايُطْعِبُوْن me (pronominal)

first & is dropped

وَمُنَّالُونِ مِنْ أَنْ يُطْمِعُونِ I desire not (from them) that they feed Me. [51:57]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)iv عُلِمِنُونَ you feed

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)
we feed

أطيعوا (perate m. plu.)

ر is fed(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) منطقعاً (perf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain asked food

to seek x أَمْتَطُعُمُ اسْتِطُعُامًا food (trans.)-

the feeding (v.n.) iv

an eater (act. pic. m. sing.) مُعَامِمُ food (v.n.) أَلَّكُما مُ الطَّمَامُ acc. لَمَامًا

taste (v.n.)

طعن 🖈

ر (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) مُعَنُواً (they thrust at exorbitance (v.n.) acc. disi

ط ف ء *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. iv <-extinguished

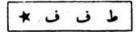
iv, أَطْفَأُ إِطْفَاهاً < to extinguish, put out (fire or light)

< طِنْقَ يَطْفَأُ طُنُوْءًا (س)</p>
to be put out (fire or light)

حفيقوا .acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) that they extinguish

(el imperf 3 p.m. plu.) الطفية would they extinguish (or they may extinguish)



(ap-der. m. plu.) ii <scrimpers

one who gives short measure, or weight, thus cheating his companion, but this epithet is not applied unrestrictedly except in the case of exorbitant deficiency).

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)
they exceeded limits
(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc.
that he my be inordinate

طَغَوْا يَعْلَمٰیٰ

قَالَارَبَّنَآ النَّنَانَةَ الْثُواَنُ يَعْمُوطَ عَلِيْنَاۤ الْوَانُ يَطْغَى

they (Twain) said: our Lord we fear lest he hasten to do evil to us or be inordinate (or he may play the tyrant). [20:45]

do not exceed the limits.

more rebellious (elative)

كَانْوَاهُمْ اَطْلَوْ وَاَطْنَى Verily that were more unjust and more rebellious. [53:52]

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) أَطْفَيْتُ caused to rebel

مَالَ قَرِينُهُ رَبَّنَامَآ أَظْغَيْتُهُ

His comrade saith: our Lord!

I did not cause him to rebel (make him exceed the limits). [50:27]

acc. طَاعْيْنَ ، الطَّاغِيْنَ nom. طَاغِيْنَ ، الطَّاغِيْنَ insolent (LL) (n.p.)
exorbitant (Jid.)

outburst, (intrans.) الطَّاغِيَةُ thundering noise. an idol, false god, devil(n.) الطَّاغُوتُ [whatever is worshipped in-

stead of God is &

ٱلْآطْفَالُ <children (n. p.)</pre> طفاع (sing.) J مَلْكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < ~ seeks طَلَبُ طَلْبُ طَلَّما (ن) to seek, ask desire seeking (v.n.) acc. seeker (act. pic. m. sing.) (pic. pact. m. sing.) the sought طَلْحٌ plantains (n.) (It is the name of a certain fruit tree used to be found in Hejaz, its fruit is very delicious with good smell. (Muj.) It is a non-Arabic word. (Lis.) (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) <~rose high طَلَعَ يَطْلُعُ طُلُوعاً (ن) to appear, rise (sun), sprout علله (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

ط ف ق 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

طَفِقَ يَطْفَقُ طَفْقًا (سِ)

to begin, set out to do something

فَطَيْفَ مَسُخُا بِالنُّوقِ وَالْأَعْنَاقِ

And he set about slashing their legs and necks.

[38:33]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) طَغِقًا the twain began

وَطَنِقَا يَغُومُونَ عَلَيْهِما مِنْ وَمَقِ الْمِنَاةِ And the twain began to cover themselves with leaves from the Garden. [7:22]

ط ف ل *

(n. used for plu.) خلفان المنافق (the children

is used for singular and plural both

آوالظفل الذبن لؤيظ مؤواعل عورن النسك

Or the children not aquainted with privy parts of woman. [24:31]

child (n. used for sing.)

نُخْرِجُكُو لِمِفْلُا ثُخَ

Then we bring you forth as a child (infant). [22:5]

لَعَيِلْنَ أَطَلِعُ إِلَى إِلَٰهِ مُؤلِنِي

That I may ascend to the God of Musa. [28:38]

(el imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < that let know

to cause أطلع إطلاعاً someone know, inform

وماكان الماد المالي المنيب

And Allah is not one to let you know the unseen.

[3:179]

the rising (sun) (v.n.)

the time of rising (n. p.t.)

the place of rising (n.p.t.)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) vtii those who look down

قَالَ هَمِلْ أَنْتُومُ مُطَلِعُونَ

Allah will say! will ye look down. [37:54] (i.e., would you like to look at the man who had spoken thus? The phrase is equivalent with

would you like to look at them (Rz., Ksh.)

ranged date (1) (n.)

And tall date-palms (laden) with clusters ranged.

[50:10]

طلع

طَلَمَ يَطْلَعُ طُلُوعاً (ف) to ascend, to come to, or

upon, look upon, know - عَنْ ، عَلْ to depart from

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vii comp. < has he looked upon?</p>

اطَّلَعَ اطْلاعاً to look viii upon or down, to know

(عللة + interrotive أَ اللَّمَ)

Hath he looked upon the Unseen, or hath he taken of the Compassionate a covenant?." [19:78]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii he looked

فأظلع فرأه في سواء الجحيي

Then he looked (will look) down and see him in the midst of the flaming fire. [37:55]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou look

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou/will/notice

Thou will not cease to notice defrauding on their part. [5:13]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) viii I ascend

470

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) vii the twain set out انطلقآ

فَأَنْطَلَقَا مُعْدَحَتَّى إِذَا رَكِبَا فِي السَّفِينَ اوْخَرْقَهَا

Then the twain set out; until when they embarked in a boat, he scuttled it.

[18:71]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vii انطلقوا they went off

فَانْطَلَقُوا وَهُمُ وَيَتَخَافَتُونَ

So they went off speaking to each other in a low voice.

[68:23]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~moves

بنعللق

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وَيَضِيْنُ صَدُرِي وَلَا يَنْطَلِقُ لِسَانِي

And my breast straineth and my tougue moveth not quickly. [26:13]

طَلِقُوا depart, (perate m. plu.) vii

اِنُطَلِقُوْآ إِلَى مَاكْمُنْتُوْبِ بِنُكُوْبُونَ Depart unto that which you used to call a lie. [77:29]

* 1 1 5

a gentle rain (n.)

فَإِنْ لَوْ يُحِمْهَا وَايِلُ فَطَلَعُ

And if no heavy rain falleth upon it, then a gentle rain. [2:265]

spathe (2)

وَمِنَ الْغَيْلِ مِنْ طَلْمِهَا قِنْوَانُ وَانِيكَةً

And from the date-stone, from the spathe thereof (come forth) clusters of dates low hanging. [6:99]

ط ل ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

< ~divorced

to quit, leave, مَالَقَ مَطْلِيقًا to divorce (his wife)

>> مَلْقَ يَطْلُقُ طَلَاقًا (ن)

to be freed from bond

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you divorced

you divorced them

(i.e., women)

they (m.) divorced you (f.)

divorce! (perate m. plu.)

(pis. pic. f. plu.)
divorced women

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii

to set out انطلق انطلاقا in doing something, or start with something, to depart

> وَانْكُلُقَ الْمُلَاثِينُهُمُ إِنَّ الْمُثُوِّلُ وَاصْبِرُوْاعَلَ الْمُدِينُوُ

The chiefs among them departed (saying): Go! and preserve in your gods.[38:6]

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انطلق

مِنْ قِبْلِ أَنْ تَنْطِيسَ وُجُوهُا

Before we obliterate the faces. [4:47]
Lest We efface your hope (Asad), before we alter countenances (Jid.), before

We destroy the leaders (M. A.), before We destroy the countenances (Pic.).

because و ج because of the differences among commentators in the meaning of وجود ; not in the

meaning of س م

طيش destroy! (perate. m. sing.)

دُبَّنَا الْمُوسُ عَلَّى أَمُوالِمْ

Our Lord destroy their riches.
[10:88]

4 2 9 4

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~covets

طَيعَ بَعْلَمُهُ طَمُّهُا وَ طَهَاعًا ـ ب، فِي

to covet, eagerly desire, to hope for

I covet (imperf. Ist. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) لَمُعُونَ they covet

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تُطْمَعُونُ you covet ط م ت *

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss < ~touches, deflowers

طَمَنَ بَعْلِيثُ طَمْثًا (ض)

to touch a women in order to deflower her

لَوْ يَكْلِيثُهُنَّ إِنْسٌ قَبْلَهُ وَلَاجَأْنُ

Before them man has not touched them nor jinni. [55:74]

ط م س *

(p. p. 3 p. f. sing.)

طَنَسَ بَعْلِيشُ طَنْساً وَطُمُوساً (ض ، ن)

to be effaced,

disappear, go far away, to to be corrupted (in heart), to destroy

كإذاال بجوم كليست

So when stars are effaced.
[77:8]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we wipe out

وَلَوْنَفَآ وُلَكُمُ مَنَاعَلَ اعْيُنِهِمْ

And if We listed surely We should wipe out their eyes. [36:66]

رت (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) acc. that we obliterate

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(le. imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

may rest at ease

لِيَطْلَمَئْنَ

وَلِكِنْ لِيَظْمَعِنَّ قَلْمِيْ

But that my heart may rest at ease. [2:260]

(le. imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) يَعْلَمُنْ -may rest at ease

وَلِتَطْلَبِنَ قُلُومِكُمْ مِن

That your hearts may rest at ease. [3:126]

at rest (Ap-der. m. sing.)

مطمئن

وَ قَلْبُهُ مُعْلَمِينٌ بِإِلْاِيْمَانِ

And his heart is at rest with the belief. [16:106]

(Ap-der. f. sing.) acc.

قَنْيَةُ كَانْتُ الْمِنَةُ مُعْلَمِيَّنَةُ

And town which was secure and at rest. [16:112]

peaceful (Ap-der. f. sing.)

يَّا يَتُهُمُّا النَّفُسُ الْمُطْلَبِينَةُ O thou peaceful soul.

[89:27]

(ap-der. f. plu.) acc. مُطْمَتُنَيْنَ contentedly

مَلْمِكَةُ يُمَثُّونَ مُطْتِمِنِينَ

Angels walking about contentedly. [17:95] (imperf. 1st p. plu.) iv we covet

to hope (v. n.) acc.

. L

<calamity (n.)

طَمَّ مَلُمُّ طَمًّا (ن) (assim) مَامَّ مَلُمُّ طَمَّاً

فَإِذَاجَاءً سِ التَكَامَّةُ الكُبُرى

Then when the grand Calamity shall come (i.e. the resurrection). [79:34]

* 0 7 5

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vi اطّمَأَنَّ < ~is contented

to be free from اطْعَأَنَّ اطْعِشَانًا disquietude, to be in tranquillity

فَإِنْ آصَلَهُ خَيْرُ إِظْمَأَتَ بِهِ

If there befalleth him good he is contented therewith.

> [22:11] المام (perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

you are secure (i.e., out of danger)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) الْمَاوُّنُا they are satisfied

وتفنوا بالمحيوة الدنيا واطمأنوابها

And they are well-pleased with the life of the world and are satisfied therewith.

[10:7]

تَطَبُّوا تَطَبُّرُ يَنْظَبُّرُ

as R. F. (intrans.), (or) they purify themselves (f.)

acc. v, اِ مَنْظَبِّرُوْنَ الْ مِنْظَبِّرُوْدَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they clean themselves

get yourselves cleaned

(ap-der. m. sing.) ii مطبر one who purifies SS

وَ مُطَهِّرُكُمِنَ الْكِنْيِّنَ كُفُووًا And (I am) purifying thee from those who disbelieve. [3:55]

(ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v those who get themselves cleaned or purified

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v, لَعَامِرِينَ clean ones

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii purified one (f.)

أَذُواجٌ مُطَهِّرٌ spouses purified purified ones ii

purifying (v.n.) ii ملينوراً clean (v. n., r. f.)

(elative m. sing.) رُورُة the purest thing

طود 🖈

الطَّوْدُ (n.) cliff, mound

* * . 7

Arabic alphabet, interpreted in various ways (See. IK. Tb. Jid.)

ط م د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) < they are purified

طَهُرُ يَظْهُرُ طُهُواً وَ طَهُوْداً وَ طَمَارَةً (ك) to be clean

pure, to be purified (intrans.)

حَتَى يَطْهُرُنَ

Till they (women) have purified themselves. [2:222]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُلْمِرُ مُنْ purified to purify (trans.)

كلقزك

He purified thee. [3:42]

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) علية acc. that he may purify

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou purifieth

purify ! (perate. m. sing.)

purify! (perate m. duul.)
(O you twain)

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) v
<they are purified

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مَلِيزُ

مكيرآ

تَطَلَّهُ أَنَّ

فطوعت لفنفشه متل أخياء

Then his soul made the slaying of his brother agreeable to him. [5:30]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv وَأَلَمَا عَلَى اللَّهِ صَافِعَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv أَطَاعُوا they (m.) obeyed

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv أَطَعْنَ they (f.) obeyed

you (m.) obeyed

you obeyed him أَطَعْنُكُ (perf. Ist. p. plu.)

we obeyed
(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)iv

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)iv obeys

لَوُيُطِيعُكُمُونِ كَتِيْرِ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ Were he to obey you in many affairs. [49:07]

(juss. 3 p.m. sing.) iv obeys) مطلع

pped due to conditional phrase.

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they obey

أَعِلِيْعُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. iv عُلِيْعُوا that/if/you obey

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv علية

(perate. m. plu.) iv أَعِلْمُو (O you) obey!

كالظؤدالعظليم

Like a huge mound (M.A.), or like a cliff mighty(Jid.). [26:63]

means a mountain, as well as an elevated or overlooking tract of land.) (LL.)

ط و ر ★

Tur (prop. n.) الطُّور ، طُور (Tur is applied to mount Sinai and to the mount of Olives, and to several other mountains—LL)

<stages, states (n.p.)acc. أَمْلُورًا (sing.)</p>

ط وع *

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii ~made agreeable

do bring into عُلُوَّعَ subjection

permitted him, made it easy or feasible for him i.e., he allowed himself to do something

to be able, انتظاع بَسْتَطِلْعُ اسْطَاعَ اسْطَاعَ اسْطَاعَ الْسُطَاعَة to have power, consent, (can do SS)

الْمُتَعَلَّاعُ الْمَتْعَلَّاعُ الْمَتْعَلَّاعُ الْمَتَعَلَّاعُ الْمُعَالِقِينَ Who is able to find a way thereunto. [3:97]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) x مُعَلَّمُتُ thou art able

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) x استَطَعْتُ I am able

اِنُ أَيِنُهُ الْأَلُوصُلَاحَ مَا اسْتَطَعُتُ I desire not but rectification, so far as I am able.[11:88]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x انتظاعوا they are able

إِنْ اسْتَعَلَاعُوا if they can

مَا اسْتَطَاعُوا they could not

(perf. lst. p. plu.) x
we are able

لواستكطفئا لتخرجنا معكو

If we could we would have surely come forth with you. [9:42]

اسْطَاعُوا × (اسْتَطَاعُوا as)

فتالستطاعة آأن يَظْهَرُوهُ

ومااستطاغواله نقبا

Thus they were not able to mount it, nor were they able to burrow through it.

[18:97]

(perate, f. plu.) iv أَطِفْنَ (O you ladies) obey!

وَلَطِفْنَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

And obey Allah and His Messenger. [33:33]

Messenger. [33:33]
[In the verse 4:3

i e., if they obeyed you,
the form is أَحَلَّ (perf.
3 p. f. plu.) which means:
they (f.) obeyed But in
the verse 33:33 the form
is المان (imperative f. plu.)
i. e., (O you ladies) obey.
Learners shou'd carefully

short vowel on the word | dobey me (comp.) iv

note the difference of

(أَطِبْنُوا + نِن أَطِبْنُونِ)

shortend to ()) (perate neg. m. sing.) iv obey not

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv is obeyed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v < did voluntarily to do v, تَطَوَّعَ تَطُوّعَ عَلَيْ something voluntarily

And whosoever voluntarily does good then verily Allah is Appreciative, Knowing. [2:158]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x متعَلَاعً <--could, was able, had power (the of stem v is replaced by duplication of (b)

لَمَافَ _ عَلَيْ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~came upon

> طَافَ يَطُوْفُ طَوْفًا وَ طَوَافًا وَ مَلَوْفَانَا وَ تَطَوَافًا

to go about, walk about, to run around,

to circumambulate. to make the rounds.

to come upon,

to go around

Then a visitation came upon it while they slept.

[68:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~goes round

Go round on them youths (boy servants). [56:17] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.)

they go round

يَطُوْفُونَ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَ حَمِيْمِ إِن (They will be) going round between it and boiling [55:44] water fierce.

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) is/will be/passed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x ~is able Is thy Lord able to send down unto us some food.

[5:112]

(jues. 3 p. m. sing.) x could not do, was not able

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) x thou art able

(acc. 3 p. m. sing.) thou never can do

(juss. 3 p. m. sing.) x thou was not able

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they are able

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you are able

(acc. 2 p.m. plu.) x you were able

you will not be able

willingly (v. n.) acc.

obedience (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) <willing doers (of SS)

طَالِمُ (sing.)

(pic. pact. m. sing.) obeyed one

(Ap-der. m. plu.) v those who do something willing or voluntarily

وكلقرب يتى للظايفين

And clear up my House for those who circumambulate. [22:26]

(act. pic. f. sing.) عُلَاثِتُ a group, party,

(a group of people countedfrom two persons up to a thousand—Rgh.)

طَائِفَتَ إِنِ nom. طَافِفَتَيْنِ ، الطَّالْفَنَيْنِ two parties (n. dual)

الطَّوْفَانُ (n.) flood

lit. overpowering rain or 'deluge'

meta. any other universal destruction

ط و ق ★

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they shall be hung round neck

to impose, مُطَوَّقَ تَعْلُونِهَا < lay upon, to encircle, to put a collar or necklace around SS neck

>> مَلَاقَ مَمُونُ طَوْقاً (ن)

to be able, be in a position to do something

سيكونون ماعينوايه

Soon shall that wherewith they stint be hung round their necks. [3:180] يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِ وَبِكَأْسِ مِنْ مَعِيْنِ

A cup shall be passed round upon them, filled with limpid drink. [37:45]

يَكُوُّونُ walkes about viii كَالُوُّنُ viii

to walk about, run about, to circumambulate

فَلَاجُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِ آنُ يَكُلُونَ بِهِمَا

There is no fault (lit. sin) in him if he walketh in between the twain.

[2:158]

[22:29]

لِيُطَوِّقُوا (el. 3 p.m. plu.) [يُطَوِّقُوا let them circumambulate

وليتلؤفوا بالبكيت المكيني

And let them circumambulate the ancient House.

those who go (n. p. ints.) مُوَّافُوْنَ round frequently

كُلُونُونَ عَلَيْكُونَ بَعُضُكُوعَلَى بَعْضِ

Going round frequently some of you on some of them. [24:58]

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَا اللهُ visitation

فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَاطَآبِثُ

A visitation come upon it.
[68:19]

circumambulatos(2)(n. p.) آفِيْنَ

طَالَ يَعْلُولُ مُؤَلًّا (ن)

to be long, to continue for a long time, to be lasting

حَتَّى طَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعُنْدُ

Until there lasted long upon them the life. [21:44]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) vi مَطَاوَلَ prolonged

تَطَاوَلَ as R.F. vi

فَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَيْهِ وَالْعُنْرُ

And the life was prolonged upon them. [28:45]

أَوْيُلاً (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. مُوْيِلاً prolonged, long

إِنَّ لَكَ فِي النَّهَا يِسَبْعًا عَلِينَا لِا

Verily thou hast by day prolonged occupation. [73:7]

height (v.n.) acc.

وَلَنْ تَبِمُلْغَ الْجِبَالَ مُؤَكِّرًا

And thou canst not reach the mountains in height. [17:37]

power (1) (n.) 1 1

في الطَّوْلِ

The Lord of Power. [40:3] (the possessor of all sufficiency and of super-abundance, as of bounty, or the possessor of power or of bounty, and beneficence) (Lis.).

(i. e. they shall have that whereof they were niggardly made to cleave to their necks like the neck-ring: as it is said in a tradition; it shall be a biting snake upon the neck—

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv حُطِيْقُونُ <they can bear, they are able to do

أَطَاقَ إِطَاقَةَ إِمَاقَةَ iv

to be able to do a thing

وعَلَى الَّذِيْنَ يُولِيَّفُونَهُ فِدُيكُ مُلَمَّا مُوسِيكِيْنِ

And for those who can keep it (fast) with hardship, the ransom is the feeding of a poor man. [2:184] (i e. such men and women

i e. such men and women as are exceedingly weak or are of very advanced old age. signifies what ean be done or borne with utmost difficulty—the utmost that one can do with difficulty, trouble or inconvenience. (Jid.—LL)

طَافَة strength (n.)

رتبنا وَلا تُحَيِّلُنَا مَا لَا طَاعَةً كَنَابِهِ

Our Lord! impose not on us that for which we have no strength. [2:286]

ط و ل 🖈

طال (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) (w.v.) طال < ~ lasted long مأيح

(Benjamin) family and his family was the smallest of all the families of the tribe (Jid. P. 2. n. 643).

ط و ی ★

نَطُوِیُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. نَطُوِیُ <~we roll up

طَوٰی یَطْوِیْطَیْکُ (ض) to fold, roll up

rolling up (v. n.)

يَوْمَنَطُوى التَمَاءِكَالِي التِحِلَ لِلكُتُبِ
The day whereon We shall roll up the heaven like as the rolling up of a scroll for books. [21:104]

مَعْلِوِيًّاتُ (n. p. f.) مَعْلُويًّاتُ

وَالسَّهُوتُ مُطُونِينٌ بِيَعِيْنِهِ

And the heavens are (shall be) rolled up in His Right hand. [39:67]

Tuwa (prop. n.)

(lit. 'a thing twice done or twice blest and sanctified.' As a proper noun it is the name of the valley just below Mount Sinai. This spot is on the right flank of Sinai in a narrow valley called the 'Wadi Shoaib' which runs southeastward from the great opulent (2)

إستأذنك أولواالقلول ونهتم

The opulent among them ask leave of thee. [9:86]

(lit. the possessor of opulence, Jid.)

means (3) (n.) acc.

طَوْلاً

وَمَنْ لَوْيَسْتَطِعُ مِنْكُوْ طَوْلُا أَنْ يَنْكِهُ الْمُحْصَلْتِ الْمُثُومِنْتِ

And those of you who cannot afford means to marry free, believing women.

[4:25]

is often taken to mean "he is not in a position to afford", i. e., in the financial sense: but Mohammad Abduh very convincingly expresses the view that it applies to all manners of perventive circumstances, be they of material, personal or social nature.—

(Asad nn. 4; 29 quoting Manar V. 19)



Talut (prop. n.) عُلُونَ

(The Biblical from of Talut is Saul, who belonged to the smallest of the Israelite tribe of Binyamin اَلَّذِينَ المَّنُواوَ عَمِلُواالصَّلِطَةِ كُلُونِ لَهُمُّ وَ حُمَّنُ مَالٍ

Those who believe and do right, joy is for them, and bliss (their) journey's end. [13:29]

> acc. لَيِّتُ adj. بَالِثُهُ the good (1)

(active participle on the measure of فَعُولُ)

قُلْ لَا يَسْتَوِى الْجَمِيْثُ وَالطَّلِيْبُ Say the evil and the good are not alike. [5:100]

clean (2)

مُتَكَمَّدُوْ صَوِيْدُ الْجِدِيّا Then go to high clean soil. [4:43]

wholesome (3)

كُلُوَّامِمَّا فِي الْرَضِ حَلْلَاطَيِّبَا Eat of that which is lawful and wholesome in the earth. [2:168]

gentle (4)

وَهُدُوْ إِلَى الطَّلِيْبِ مِنَ الْقُولِ

And they are guided into gentle speeches. [22:24]

وما العَلَيْوْنَ nom. العَلَيْوْنَ العَلَيْوِنَ العَلَيْوِنَ العَلَيْوِنَ العَلَيْوِنَ (opp. evil)

plain in front of the Ras-Sufsafeh.—Jid.)

طی ب ★

راًب (pref. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ماًاب <− pleased

طَابَ يَطِبْبُ طَيْبًا وَ طَيْبَةً (ض)

to be good, pleasant, agreeable, lawful

diبَتْ نَفْسَهُ , to be happy, طَأَبِتْ نَفْسَهُ

diبَتْ عَنْهُ نَفْساً ,to leave

فَانْكِحُوا مَاطَابَ لَكُوْمِنَ النِّسَآء

مَثَنَّىٰ وَثُلْثَ وَرُلْعَ

Then marry such as please you, of (other) women by twos and threes or fours.

[4:3]

ر (perf. 3 p. f. plu.) الْمِثْنَ .. تَفْساً they (f.) give up

فَإِنْ لِمِبْنَ لَكُوْعَنْ شَكَّ وَيْنَهُ نَفْسًا

And if they give up anything thereof of their own accord. [4:4]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye are good
blessedness, joy, happiness

(plu. of die n.f. or fem.

form of أَلْتُ elative)

طِنتُمُ

قَالُوْآلِكَانَطَيِّرْنَابِكُوْ

They said, we augur evil of you. [36:18]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ه الطَّيَّقُونَا we augur evil

فَالْوااظَلِيْزِنَابِكَ وَبِمَنْ مَعَكَ

They said: we augur evil of thee and those with thee. [27:47]

رَاتُون ا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَاتِّرُون اللهِ

they augur evil

bird (n.) 5

the bird (n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) iit. a flying creature (1)

وَلَاظَيْرِيَطِيْرُ بِمِنْكَمَةِ

Nor a flying creature that flieth with its wings.

[6:38]

mata. action (2)

وَكُلَّ إِنْسَأْنِ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ ظَلْبِرَهُ فِي عُنْقِهِ

And every man We have fastened his action round his neck. [17:13]

in addition to its literary meaning of a bird means metaphorically the actions of a man which are the cause of his happiness and which are, as it were, attached to his neck as a necklace. (LL.)

good, (1) (n. f. adj.) مُلِيَّتُهُ excellent, fair

بَلْنَاهُ كَلِيَّةُ وَرَبُّ غَغُورُ

A fair land and indulgent Lord! [34:15]

fair, gentle (2)

وَجَوَيْنَ بِرِهُمْ بِرِينَ فِي كَلِيْبَةٍ

And they sail with them with a gentle (or fair) breeze. [10:22]

good ones, (n. p. f.) الطَّيْبَاتُ

اليؤمر أيحل لكؤالقليبك

This day are good things lawful for you. [5:5]

طی ر ★

W..V.

~(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

> طار تطیر طیرا و طیرانا (ض)

to fly (birds), to flee

وَلَاظَيْرِينَطِيرُ عِبَنَاعَهُ وِ إِلَّاأُمَنُّوْ آمَنَالُكُو

Nor a flying creature flieth that with its two wings but are communities like unto you. [6:38]

لَيْنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) v الْيَوْنَا < we augur evil

to augur evil, تَعَلِيرٌ وَ اطْلِيرٌ to draw a bad omen from يَعْافُونَ يَوْمَاكِانَ شَرْهُ اسْتَطِيرًا

They dread a Day the evil whereof shall be widespread. [76:7]

طین 🖈

acc. طِيْنٌ ، الطَّيْنُ nom. طِيْنٌ the clay (n.) (adj.)

mata. augur (3)

قَالَ لَلْمُؤْلُونُهِ عِنْدَ اللهِ

He said, your augury is with Allah. [27:47]

wide-spreading (Jid. & Pic.)
that which spreads far
and wide (Aya.).

كتاب الظاء

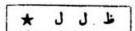
خَلِفَرَ يَظْفَرُ ظُفَرًا (س) _ ب، عَلَىٰ <</p>
to obtain, overcome

مِنْ بَعْدِ اَنْ اَظْفَرَكُوْ عَلَيْهِ خُر After He had given you victory over them.[48:24]

<claws, nails (n. p.)
(of the finger), talon.</pre>

ظفر (sing.)

وَعَلَى الَّذِيْنَ هَا ذُوا حَرَّمُنَاكُنَّ ذِي طُفْدٍ And unto those who are Jews We forbade every animal with claws. [6:146]



ظاء

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim.) <∼remained (1)

ظَلَّةَ يَظَلُّ ظَلَاً وَ ظُلُوُلاً (ف) to be, to become, to grow into, ظعن 🖈

<marching, (v.n.)
departing</pre>

ظُمَنَ يَظْمَنُ ظَمْناً وَ مَظْمَناً (ف) to march, travel, to depart

وَجَعَلَ كُمُّ مِّنَ جُلُودِالْأَنْعَامِ بُيُونَّا شَنَخِفُونَهَا نَوْمَظُمْنُكُمُ

And He appointed for you, from the skins of the cattle, houses which ye find light on the day of your departing (i.e., tha day of your moving from one place to another). [16:80]

ظ ف ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv اَظْفَرَ made victor

to give اِظْفَاراً iv اَظْفَرَ victory, to make victor

ظَلَّهُ

مظللن

وَلَيِنُ أَرْسَلُنَادِ يُحَافِرُ أَوْهُ مُضْفَرُّ الطَّلُوا مِزْمِعُودِ يَكُفُورُونَ

And If We send a wind and they see it yellow, they would after that certainly continue to disbelieve.

[30:51]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you continue

فَطَلُتُمْ تَقَلَّمُهُونَ

You would continue lamenting (or wondering).[56:65]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) they become.

اِنْ يَشَا كُنْكِي الرَّبِيِّ فَمُظْلَانَ رَوَاكِي If He will, He stills the wind so that they become motionless. [42:33]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) J

فَنَظَلُ لَهَا غِكِفِيْنَ

So we shall remain devoted to them. [26:71]

de (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii خَلَلُنْ we overshadowed

أَظُلُّلُ تَعْلِيْلاً ii وَ أَظْلَ إِظْلاَلاً to overshadow

(n.) (acc.) ظِلاَّ ، الظَّلُّ ، الظَّلُّ shadow, shade

أَظْلَالٌ ، ظِللَالٌ ، ظُلُولٌ ((plu.) 380 with a following imperfect or active participle or غلا it means, to continue, to do something, to go on doing something, preserve something)

ظَلَّ وَجُهُهُ مُسْوَدًا

His face remaineth darkened. [16:58]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) مُطَلَّتُن محbecome (2)

نَظَلَتُ آعَنَاقُهُوْلَهَا خُوْمِعِيْنَ So their necks would become submissive to it. [26:4]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَلَكُ thou hast remained

(2 p.m.) ظَلَلْتَ

وَانْظُوْلِلَ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ عَالَمُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ ع And look upon thy god of which thou hast remained a votary. [20:97]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they remained, they kept

فَظَلُوْ الْفِينَةِ يَعْرُجُوْنَ

Then they kept mounting through it. [15:14]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَفَالُواْ they would continue

٣٨.

ظَلَوُّا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ظُلُوُّا they wronged or they did wrong

you wronged or you did wrong

(perf. 1st p. plu.) خَلَتُتُ we wronged or we did/ committed wrong

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ wrongs or doeth wrong

رُفْطِ (el. 3 p.m. sing.) لِغُطِّمِ was to (do) wrong

مَنَاكَانَ اللّٰهُ لِيَظَلِمُهُ مَ Allah was not one to wrong them. [9:70]

(juss. 3 p. f. sing.)
meta. stinted not

كِلْتَاالَجِيْنَةِ بِينِ التَّنَّ أَكُلُمَا وَلَوْتَطُالُونِينَهُ شَيْنًا Each of the two gardens brought forth its produce and stinted not aught thereof. [18:33]

imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) مَطْلِمُونَ they wronged

وَمَاظُلُمُوْنَا وَلَكِنْ كَانُوْاَ أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ And they wronged not Us but themselves they were wont to wrong. [7:160]

(Sometimes, as the context governs, عَظْلِمُونَ has been

إلَّالًا الْمُعْلِيْلُ الْمُعْلِيْلُ الْمُعْلِيْلُ الْمُعْلِيلُ الْمُعِلِيلُ الْمُعْلِيلُ الْمُعْلِيلُ الْمُعْلِيلُ الْمُعْلِيلُ الْمُ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ wronged (1)

أَلْمَ مُعْلِلًا طُلْماً وَ مُطْلَمَةً (ض)

to do wrong or evil, to wrong, to treat unjustly, ill-treat, oppress, harm, suppress, tyrannise

ومن يَعْمَلُ دَلِكُ فَعَنْكُ الْمُعْمَلُهُ مَا اللهِ المُلْقِلْ اللهِ المُلِمُ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُلِيَ

dced he wrongs his own soul. [2:231]

Note: This verb is one of

Note: This verb is one of the frequently used word in the Holy Quran. Almost all translators of the Holy Quran into English have rendered this verb as to do wrong or fo wrong.

(perb. Ist. p. singh.)
I wronged or I did wrong

ظَلَمْتُ

mosques of Allah, that His name be mentioned therein. [2:114]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَطْلَبُ (it becometh dark

to become iv أَظْلَرُ إِظْلاَمًا dark, to enter upon the darkness

with damma on the final letter, in an elative case meaning more or much unjust, more than others in wrong-doing etc. while is perf. 3 p.m. sing. iv and means 'to be or become dark'.)

wrong-doing acc. الله nom. عُلُلُهُ

(act. pic. m. sing.) خَالَامِ، الغَالِمِ a/the wrongdoer

ظَالِكَ (pact. pic. f. sing.) ظَالِكَ

(the femine form has been used the H.Q. for worship or communities i. e., as adjective of a plural).

ظَالِمُونَ ، الشَّالِمُونَ . nom

those (n. p.) acc. ظَالِيْنَ ، الطَّالِيْنِ ، الطَّالِيْنِ ، الطَّالِيْنِ ، الطَّالِيْنِ ، الطَّالِيْنِ ،

ظَالِيْ: the wrongdoers of (n.d.,n.p.)

wrongdoers of ظَالِمِيْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ their own souls

rendered as "they disbelieved.")

فَأُولَيْكَ الَّذِينَ خَيدُوْوًا

أنفستهم بماكانوا بالنينا كالمون

Those are they who ruined their souls because they disbelieved in our signs.

أَطْلِمُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَطْلِمُونَ you (do) wrong

(perate. ncg. m. plu.) كَظُلُوُ ا (O you) wrong not!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

was wronged

المِوَّا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) غَلِيوًا they were wronged

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.)

thou wast wronged

رُفُلْكُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُفْلِكُونَ they were wronged

they are not/shall مُفْلِكُونَ مُعْلِكُونَ مُعْلِكُونِ مُعْلِكُونَ مُعْلِكُونَ مُعْلِكُونَ مُعْلِكُونِ مُعْلِكُونِ مُعْلِكُونَ مُعْلِكُونِ مُعِلِكُونِ مُعْلِكُونِ مُعِلِكُونِ مُعِلِكُونِ مُعِلِكُونِ مُعِلِكُونِ مُعْلِكُون

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) تظلمُونَ you are wronged, you shall be treated wrongly

you shall not be لَا تَطْلَبُونَ treated wrongly

(elative. m. sing.)
more unjust

دَمَنْ أَظُلُومِتَنْ مَنَعَمَ سَجِدَاللهِ أَنْ يُنْكُونِهُمُ المُحُهُ

And who is more unjust than he who preventeth the

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TAT

ظ م أ *

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) h.v. خطّناً <thou thirst (or thou shall thirst)

ظَیعَ یَظُمَّاً ظَیْماً وَ ظَمَاهاً (س) to be thirsty

thirst (n.)

thirsty (act. participle) الظَّمَانَ

ظ ن ن 🖈

ظَقَ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (assim)

—thought (1)

imagined, deemed

> ظَنَّ بَ**ظُنُّ** ظَنَّا (ن)

- (1) to think, assume, deem
- (2) to suspect or assume
- (3) to believe, know
- (4) to conjecture

signifies to conjecture, imagine, suspect and to be sure of something in view of one's observation. As a general rule he points out that often this verb is succeeded by or that means to be sure about, and in certain places it means to imagine, as

لَكُومٌ nom. ظَلُوماً nom. غَلَوْماً great wrongdoer

opresser, wrong- (ints-n.) doer (by habit or one who is pleased to hurt others)

ظَلَامٌ

وَمَادَتُكَ بِظَلَّامِ لِلْعَبِيْدِ

And their Lord is not an oppressor unto (His) bondmen. [41:46]

acc. (pic. pac. m. sing.) مَظْلُومًا one who has done wrong

And whosoever is slain wrongfully, We have surely given his next-of-kin authority. [17:33]

darknesses (n.p.) خُلُمَاتُ الظُّلُمَاتُ

darkness (sing.) خَلْلُهُ <

dark(ap-der. m. sing.)acc. (lit. that becomes dark)

اَغْشِيَتْ وُجُوهُمُهُمْ وَطَعَامِّنَ النِّيلِ مُطُلِعًا Their faces were overcast with pieces of night pitchdark. [10:27]

مُظْلِمُونَ (ap-der. m. plu.) مُظْلِمُونَ SS darkend

وَأَيَةٌ لَهُمُ الَّيْلُ عَنْ مُنْفُولَةُ مِنْهُ الثَّهَارُ فَإِذَا هُمِوْ مُنْفِلِنُونَ

And a sign unto them is the night We draw off the day therefrom, and Lo! they are darkened. [36:37] وَظُنُوْ أَلْهُ وَاقِعٌ وَهِوْ

And they imagined that it was going to fall on them. [7:171]

they realized (2)

وَظُنُواً أَنْ لَامَلُجَأَمِنَ اللهِ الْآلاليَّةِ

And they knew (or realized)
that their was no refuge
from Allah except unto
Him. [9:118]

they suspected (3) (they were in doubt)

مَّا أَكُمُ مُ طَنُّوا لَمُنَاطِّعَتُهُمْ أَنْ ثَنَّ يَتَعِمُ الْمُدَاحِدُهُمْ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِمُ اللّهُ الْمُعَلِمُ اللّهُ ال

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

وَوْلِكُوْظَائِكُوالَّذِي ظَلْنَدُوْ بِوَيْكُو

And that thought of yours that ye formed (thought) concerning your Lord. [41:23]

[41:2

you assumed (2)

بَنْ ظَلَنَدُتُوْانَ ثَنْ يَنْقِلِبَ الرَّسُوْلُ وَ الْمُثُومِنُونَ إِلَى الْمُلِيْعِ وَلِكَا

Yea! ye assumed that the Messenger and the believers would never return to their households.

[48:12]

وَذَاالِثُوْنِ إِذْ فَكَمْتِ مُغَافِينًا فَظَنَّ ا

And Dh-ul-Nun when he went away in wrath and he thought that We would not straiten him.]21:87]

believed, knew, (2) understood

وَظُنَّ دَاؤُدُ أَثَّمَا فَتَنَّهُ

And Dawud understood (or knew) We had tried him. [38:24]

وَظَنَ آنَهُ الْفِرَاقُ

And he believed that it is the time of parting. [75:28]

assumed (3)

إِنَّهُ ظُلَّ آنُ لَنْ يَكُورُ

Verily he assumed that he would not be back.

[84:14]

(perf. Ist p.m. sing.) ظُنَّتُ اللهُ ا

اِنْ ظَنَنْتُ آنِي مُلْقِ حِمَالِيَة

Verily I was sure I should be a meeter of my reckoning. [69:20]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain thought

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they imagined (1)

ظَنَّا

ظَنُّوا

خَطُنَّ خَطُنَ

they entertained (3) wrong thoughts

> وَطَالِهَا ۚ قَدَّا أَهَمَّتُهُو اَنْشُمُهُو يَظْتُونَ بِاللهِ هَنْبِالْحَقِّ ظَنَّ الْبَاهِلِيّةِ

While another party concerned about themselves entertained about Allah wrong thoughts unjustly, the thought of 'Jahiliyah'. [3:154]

(see أَمِيلِتَهُ in ل . ح)

(imperf. 2 p.m plu.) نوّن you entertain wrong thoughts

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we deem

أَلَّنَّ nom. ظَنَّ الظَّنَّ nom. ظُنَّ الظَّنَّ nom.

مَاطَّنُ الَّذِيْنَ يَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبُ And what is thinking of those who forge lies against Allah? [10:60]

conjecture (2)

وَمَا يَسَنَّهُمُ ٱكْثَرُهُمُ وَالْاَظَانَّ إِنَّ السَّلِقَ لَا يُغْفِيٰ مِنَ الْحَقِّ شَيْمُنَّا

And most of them follow not but conjecture, surely conjecture avails not aught against the truth. [10:36]

الظُّنُونُ (diverse) thought (n. p.)

أَمَّانَّيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) entertainers of evil thoughts (perf. 1st p. phu.) الْمُنْتُقُا we thought (1)

مَا الْمُعَنِّقُ الْمُرْكَنِيَّةُ الْمُرْكَنِيَّةُ الْمُرْكَنِيَّةً الْمُرْكَنِيَّةً And we thought that humankind and jinn would never forge against Allah a lie. [72:5]

we knew (2)

وَاتَاظَنَتَا أَنْ لَنْ تُعْمِزَلنا مِن الْأَرْضِ

And we know that we cannot frustrate Allah in the earth. [72:12]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~thinks

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.)

∼thinks

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)
I think

يَفُلُوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَفُلُوُنَ they know

(they believe) (1)

الذين يطنون ألائم ملعوار عام

Who know (believe in) that they will meet their Lord. [2:46]

> وَمِيْهُمُ أَمِيْتُونَ لَايَعْلَمُونَ الْكِئْبَ إِلَّالْمَا إِنَّ وَإِنْهُمُ إِلَّا يَظْنُونَ

And some of them are unlettered ones who know not the Book but only (from) hearsay, and they do but conjucture. [2:78] أظأة

they know (3)

إنَّهُ وُانُ يَظْهُرُوا عَلَيْكُوْ يَرْجُونُوكُو

Verily they, if they come to know of you, would stone you. [18:20]

(juss. 3 p.m. plu.) مَظْهُرُوْا (they knew not

أَوِالْتِلْفُلِ الَّذِينَ لَوْ يَظْهُرُوا عَلَى عُوْرِتِ الْسِّلَةِ Or children who know naught of women's nakedness. [24:31]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii اَهُرُوْا < they helped, support to help, عَظَاهَرَ مُظَاهَرَةً

support others (in the sense of collaboration), to back, or support enemies

وظهرواعلى إخواجكم

And helped (others) in driving you out. [60:9]

(juss. 3 p.m. plu.) بُطَاهِرُوا they did not back up against SS

إِلَّا الَّذِيْنَ عُهَدُتُهُمْ مِنَ الْمُشْمِكِيْنَ دُعُوَّكُوْ يَنْعُضُوُكُوتَيْنَا ۚ وَكُوْيُطَا مِرُوا عَلَيْكُوا حَدُّا

Except those of polytheists with whom you covenanted and they have not ailed you in aught, nor have they backed up any one against you. [9:4]

ظمر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< is open (opp. secret, concealed)

ظَيَرَ يَظْهَرُ ظَهُوراً (ف)

to appear, become distinct, clear, open, to come out, to ascend

مَاظَهُرَونُهَا وَمَابِطُنَ

What is open and what is concealed. [6:151]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَظْهِرُوْنَ they mount, (1) they ascend

وتمعارج عليها يظهرون

And stairs whereby they ascend. [43:33]

فَمَااسْطَاعُوْاآنَ يَظْهَرُوهُ

Thus they were not able to mount it. [18:97]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. الطَهِرُوْا they get upper (2)

كَيْفَ وَإِنْ يَظْهَرُوا عَلَيْكُولَا يَوْتُوافِيْكُوْ إِلَّا وَلَا فِيمَةً

How (can there be any treaty for them) when, if they have the upper hand, they respect not regarding you (either) kinship or agreement. [9:8] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~informs, discloseth(1)

إظهاراً to disclose iv [غلماً

- (2) to cause to appear
- (3) to make SS overcome
- (4) to enter upon the time of noon

عْلِمُ الْعَيْبُ فَلَايُطْلِهِ رَعَلَ غَيْبِهَ أَحَدًا

He is the Knower of the unseen. He discloseth not His unseen unto anyone. [72:26]

cause to (2) appear SS

إِنْ ٱخَافُ ٱنْ يُبَدِّلُ وِيْنَكُوْ اَوْاَنْ يُتْلِهِ وَ فِي الْأَرْضِ الْعَسَادَ

Verily! fear that he may change your religion or he may cause to appear corruption in the land. [40:26]

(el. 3 p. m. sing,) iv may make or cause to overcome

هُوَلَلَذِی اَمْسَلَ رَسُوْلَهٔ بِالهُدْی وَدِیْنِ الْحَقِّ لِیُنْطِهِرَهٔ عَلَى الدِّیْنِ کِلِّهِ

He it is who sent His Messanger with the guidance and the true religion, that He may make it overcome the religions, all of them. [61:9]

نَطْهِرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv مُعْمِرُونَ ye enter upon at noon

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii they put away their wives by pronouncing Zihar.

ٱلَّذِيُّنَ يُظْهِدُونَ مِنْكُومِنْ نِسَالِهِهُ وَ مَاهُنَ أُمَّهٰتِهِوْ

As to those among you who put away their wives by dec!aring 'Zihar', they are not their mothers. [58:2]

(Zihar, an old form of divorcing a woman. The husband saying to the wife, 'thou art to me as the back of my mother.' The word Lihar is derived from meaning back. The Quran while not recognizing this form as a non-returnable divorce, made necessary for a husband in such a case to make an expiation before re-establishment of the conjugal rights).

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii نَظْآهِرُ وَنَ ye declare 'Zihar'

مَاجَعَلُ ازْدَاجِكُمْ آنِ تَطْهِرُونَ مِنْهُنَّ الْمَهْتِكُو And He made not your spouses whom ye declare to be as your mothers' back,

your (real) mothers. [33:4]

~apprised iv

وأظهره الله عكيه

And Allah apprised him thereof or Allah has disclosed it to him. [66:3]

بُظَآمِرُ وْنَ

excellent names of God.)

هُوَ الْأَقَلُ وَاللَّهِ خِرْوَالظَّا وَرُوَالْبَاطِنُ

He is the First and the Last and the Outward and the Inward. [57:3]

> acc. أَهَوِّ nom. ظَأَهِرًا (act. pic. m. sing.) outward (1)

ٱمْرَٰتُكِنُّوْنَهُ بِمَالَابِعَكُو فِىالْاَرْضِ]مُرِيظَالِمِرِيْنَ الْقَوْلِ

Would ye inform Him that of which He knoweth not on the earth or is it by way of outward saying? [13:33]

outwardness, (2) open (outside)

وَذَرُوا ظَاهِرَ الْإِنْسِ وَبَاطِنَهُ

And avoid open sins and secret ones. [6:120]

appearance (3)

يَعْلَمُونَ طَاهِرُ أَمِّنَ الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَأَ

They know some appearance of the life of the world.

[30:7]

outer side (4)

بَاطِنُهُ وَيْدِ الرَّحْمَةُ وَظَاهِرُهُ مِنْ قِبَلِهِ الْعَنَاكِ The inner side whereof con-

The inner side whereof containeth mercy, while the outer side thereof is toward the doom. [57:13]

وَلَهُ الْحَمَدُ فِي السَّنَاوِتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَعَشِيًّا وَجِنُ تُظْهِرُونَ

And His is all praise in the heavens and the earth! and at the sun's decline and when ye enter the noon. [30:18]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) vi خطاهراً (the twain support each other to support vi مَطَاهَرُ مَطَاهُرًا each other against SS

فَالْوُاسِحُرٰنِ تَظْهَرَا

they said: two magics supporting each other. (i.e. two magicians) [28:48]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) vii نَفْاَهُرُوْنَ ye support each other against (one is dropped in وَتَغْفِرُونَ وَيُقًا مِنْكُونَ دِيالِهُمْ تَظْهُرُونَ وَيُقًا مِنْكُونَ دِيَالِهُمْ تَظْهُرُونَ عَلَيْهُ وَيُلَا مِنْكُونَ دِيَالِهُمْ تَظْهُرُونَ عَلَيْهُ وَبِالْإِشْمِ وَ الْعُنْدُونِ

And drive out a party of you from their homes and support each other against them with guilt and iniquity. [2:85]

back (n.)

backs (n. p.)

(sing.)

امِرُ the outward (n.) أَوْمُ . opp. الْأَطَانُ . inward (one of the

الظَّاهِرُ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) helper, one who backs up, supporter

- على aider against SS

وكان الكافؤعل ربيه ظهيرًا

And the disbeliever is ever an aider against his Lord. [25:55]

the heat of noon (n.)

الظَّهِيرَةُ

وَحِيُنَ نَضَعُونَ شِيَاكُمْ مِنَ الظَّهِيْرِةِ

And when you put off your clothes for the heat of noon. [24:58]

behind the back

بلغيرتا

وَاقْغَذْ لِنُوْهُ وَرَأَءَكُو ظِهْرِيًّا

And you put Him behind you on backside. [11:92]

(The phrase means: you have neglected Him as a thing cast behind your backs.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُلَاهِرِيْنَ masters, those who are uppermost

يْقَوْمِلِكُو الْمُلْكُ الْيَوْمَ ظِهِرِيْنَ فِي الْاَمْ ضِ

O my people, yours is the kingdom this day being masters (uppermost) in the land. [40:29]

(act. pic. f. sing.) acc. outwardly (2)

وَاسْبَغَ عَلَيْكُونِهُ لَا عَلَا لَمُ وَالْعِنَةُ وَيَا لِلْنَهُ

And He granted to you His favours compete outwardly and inwardly. [31:20]

appeared, (2) easy to be seen

وَجَعَلْنَابَيْنَهُمْ وَبَيْنَ التُّوْقِ الَّيِّ لِرَكْنَافِيمًا تُومى ظَاهِرَةً

And We made between them and the towns which We had blessed, other towns easy to be seen. [34:18]

+*+

كتاب العين

ع ب ٹ *

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْبَعُونَ <you sport

عَبِثَ يَعْبَثُ عَبُقًا (س) to play, sport in a frivolous manner

اَتَبْنُوْنَ بِكُلِّ رِبُعِ أَيَةً تَغَبَّتُوْنَ

Do you build on every height a monument—you (only) sport (i. e. as a mark indicative of splendour and commemorating deeds of valiance). [26:128]

Note: The verb نَعْسَعُونَ has occurred as hal. acc. to mean: you do.....in vanity.

(v.n.) acc. in vain, to sport, jest 390

* * * *

عاد و see (prop. n.) عاد

ع و د see (a verb) آء

see (year) الم

ع ب ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) < ~ cares for

عَا مِنا عَدا عَالَما الله

to care for, to be solicitous

عُلْ مَا يَجْوُلُو كُورِينَ لُولَا وُعَاوُكُو

Say: my Lord careth not for you, were it not for your prayer. (Jid.) Say: my Lord would not concern himself with you but for your prayer (Pic.) [25:77]

~worships

(perf. 1st p. plu.) هَدَدُنَا we worshipped وَقَالُوْالْوَسُلَاءُ الرَّحُمُانُ مَاعَبُدُنَامُ And they said: Had the Compassionate willed we should not have worsip-

should not have worsipped them. [43:20] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بُعِيْدُونَ they worshipped

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu. el.) they should/in order to/ that they may/worship

that they n.d. نُ يَعْبُدُوْهَا worship them (f.)

they should (el. com.) المعتدون (or in order to, that they) worship me

Note: the final $\dot{\mathcal{Q}}$ is a short form of $\dot{\mathcal{Q}}$ of pronominal and not a $\dot{\mathcal{Q}}$ phu.

وَمَا خَلَقَتُ الَّحِنَّ وَالْإِنْسَ الْأَلْيَعُبُدُونِ And I have not created the jinn and mankind but that they should worship Me. [51:56]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou worship

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَعْبُدُونَ you worship you shall not لاَ تَعْبُدُونَ

worship (i.e., negative \(\frac{1}{2} \) is prefixed)

أفَحَيِبُنْ وَأَنَّمَا خَلَقُنْكُو عَبْثًا

Deem ye that We have created you in vain? [23:115]

ع ب د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

worshipped

عَبَدَ بَعْبُدُ عِبَادَةً

to serve, (نَ عُبُودَةً وَ worship, adore, venerate (Meta. to obey)

ٱلُوْاَعْهَدُ الدِّكُوْنِدِينَ الْدَرَّ آن لَا تَعَبُّدُوا الشَّيْطُنَ

Enjoined I not on you, O ye children of Adam, that ye shall not worship (i.e., obey the commands of) Satan? [36:60]

وَجِعَلُ مِثْهُمُ الْمِرُودُ وَالْمَنْأُزِيْرُ وَعَبْدُ الطَّاعُونَّ He made some of them apes and swine, and (those who) worshipped the devil. [5:60]

Note: the word ____ according to the majority of the commentators, is a plural noun, i.e., plural of ____ worshipper. Thus the verse means: He made some of them opes and swine and worshippers of the devil.

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) وَعَدْمُ you worshipped

bond man opp. a free man (i.e. owned by a human being)

وكعبد مؤون خيرتن متمراد

A believing bondman is better than an infidel (who ascribes divinity to anything besides God).

[2:221]

a servant, a (2)
bondman or a slave possessed and governed by
Allah. Thus all human
beings are Allah's bondmen and bondwomen.

Thus when this word is used in the Quran in relation to Allah it applies on those who willingly submit themselves to Allah and obey His commands that come down to them through His Prophets.

compare:

ۑٙٵؿؙؿٵڷۮؽؽٵۺؙۉٵڴؾڹٸؿػؙٷاڵۊڝٙٵڞ؋ڸڰڰ ٱڵڂڗؙؠٵڷڂڗٵڷڝٙڎؠؽٳڶؿڮ

O yau who believe! Just retribution is ordained (or prescribed) for you in case of killing: the free for the free, and the salve for the slave. [2:178]

لَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفَ الْسِيمُ الْوَالِيَّةِ الْمِنْكُونَ عَبْدُ الْمِيلُةِ اللهِ The Messiah never did scorn to be Allah's bondman.

[4:172]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I worship that I may acc. آن أعد آ worship (imperf. Ist p. phr.) we worship (perate m. sing.) (thou) worship! (perate. m. phi.) (you) worship! (you) worship me (com.) اغتدون (you) worship me (com.) لاً تَعْنَدُ (perate. neg. m. sing.) (thou) worship not! (perate. neg. m. plu.) you worship not! رەرو، -يعسدون (3 p. m. plu.) pip they are to be worshipped اَجَعَلْنَا مِن دُونِ الرَّحُمْنِ الْهَهُ يُعِيدُونَ Have We appointed gods beside the Compossionate to be worshipped. [43:45] (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii < thou enslaved عَبِّدَ يُعَبِّدُ تَعْيِداً # to enslave, subjugate, to make (a road) possible for traffic, to make serviceable, enthrall عَنْدُ، عَنْدُ، أَلْعَنْدُ (n. nom.) (gen.) عند (acc.) أعند a slave or a (1)

لَقَدُّ كَانَ فِي مُصَوِيمٌ عِبْرَةً لِأُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ Assuredly in their stories is a lesson for men of understanding. [12:111]

(prate. m. plu.) viii عَبْرُوا you take a lesson!

to viii اعتبر اغتباراً
consider, take into account observe cerefully, have regard to

فَاعْتَ بِرُوا يَأْوَلِي الْأَبْصَارِ So learn a lesson O ye endued with insight, [59:2]

ع ب س ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) رُسَّ < ~ frowned (ضَ بَعْمِسُ عُبُوْساً (ضَ to frown, look sternly, austere

عَبُنَ وَتُولِّي

He frowned and turned away. [80:1]

austere, grim, stern (n.) عَبُوسٌ

اِنَاعَتَافُ مِنْ زَبِنَا يَوْمَاعَبُوسًا فَمَطُورِيرًا Verily we dread from our Lord a Day grim and distressful. [76:10]

ع ب ق ر

 two bond- (n. dual.) acc. men (of Allah)

(n.p.) acc. مَادٌ ، عَاداً bondmen of Allah

المَادِينَ acc. الْمَايِدُونَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) worshippers

عَالِدَاتُ (act. pic. f. plu.) عَالِدَاتُ worshipper women

worship (v. n.) عَبَادَةً

ع ب ر *

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you interpret

عَبْرَ بَعْبُرُ عَبْراً وَ عَبَارَةً (ن) to state clearly, to interpret

إن كمنتم إلونيا تعترون

If ye can interpret dreams.
[12:43]

عَابِرِيْ < عَابِرِيْنَ < عَابِرِيْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu,)

those who cross

عَبِرَ يَعْبِرُ عُبُوراً (ن)

to cross (a bridge or way) to pass

الاعابري تبييل

Except (in case of) passing (crossing) the way. [4:43]

admonition (n.)
a lesson by which one can
take warning or example

And if they solicit God's favour they shall not be regarded with favour (Rod., Sale.). If they petition their Lord to cancel their compact, or to restore them to the world, He will not do so i.e., He will not restore them to the world; knowing that, if they were restored, they would return to that which they have been forbidden to do. (Qr.)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii < ready, prepared</pre>

to get ready, viii أعتد أعتاداً prepare

>> عَندَ مَعْدُدُ عَناداً (ن)

to be ready

أعنذنا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) viii we have prepared

(pact. 2 pic. m. sing.) ready

وَقَالَ قَدِينَهُ هٰذَامَالُدَيَّ عَتِنْكُ

And his companion will say: (lit. said) this is that which is with me ready. [50:23]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

< ancient

chief, a kind of rich carpet

f.d. x

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they seek pleasure of

to seek, استِعْتَابًا مِنْ اسْتَعْتَبُ اسْتِعْتَابًا favour, pleasure of

>> عَنَبَ يَغْيُبُ عَنْباً وَعَناباً (ض،ن) to blame

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. x they will be (or they are) given leave to seek pleasure of

وكالم يُستَعتبون

On that day the excusing of themselves will not profit those who did wrong nor shall they be allowed to please (Allah). [30:57]

(pic. pact. m. phu.)acc. iv <they are allowed to seek pleasure

أعتَتَ إعتامًا to regard iv with favour, to show favour to

وَإِنْ يَسْتَغَيِّبُوا مَهَا هُوَيِّنَ الْمُعَيِّبُينَ

And if they seek to please (Allah) they will not be of those who are allowed to please Allah (Jid.)

[41:24]

have exceeded (the they bounds) with excess great. [25:21]

> disdain (2) nom.

بَلُ لَجُوا فِي عُتُو وَنُفُورِ

Aye they persisted in disdain and aversion. 167:211

extreme (1) acc. (n.) (degree)

وَقَدُ بَلَغُتُ مِنَ الْكِبَرِعِيةِ إِ

I have reached an age of an extreme (degree) [19:8]

most in excess (2)

أيُهُمُ آمنَتُ فَي عَلَى الرَّحُمٰنِ عِبَيًّا

Whichever of them against the Compassionate were most in excess. [19:69]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) pp. ~is stumbled

عَثَرَ يَعْيُرُ عَثْراً وَ عُثُوراً (ض، ن)

to stumble.

to become aquainted with,

to light upon. أعَدُنا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv

> أُغَيِّرَ إِغْاراً

to cause to light upon

we cause to light upon

عَنَّقَ مَثْنُو عَنَافَةً (ن)

to become old, to remain in a good condition

وليكلوفوا بالبينت العيتن

And let them circumambutate the ancient House.

[22:29]

(perate. m. plu.)

اعتلاا

(you) drag!

عِنِيَّا

عَنْلَ يَغْيَلُ مَثْلاً (ض،ن) to drag, push violently

فأغتِلُوهُ إلى سَوَآه الْبِصَعِد

Lay hold of him and drag him unto the midst of the flaming fire. [44:47]

violent, rude (n.)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ~trespassed

> عَنَا تَغُنُو مُؤْمَةً أَ (ن)

to be proud, rebellious, decrepit,

to disdain, to exceed a boundry in rebellious way

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they exceeded

exceeding (1) acc. v.n.

عَنُوْا

(the boundry)

395

to please. iv أُغِبَ إِعْجَابًا delight

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv اُغِیَتُ (f) pleased

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv يُعْجِبُ delights

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv ~

وَلِذَارَانِيَهُمْ نَغِينِكَ آجْسَامُهُمْ

And when thou seest them their figures please you.

[63:4]

(Note: For plural the verb 3 p. f. sing is used).

pip. juss.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ∼should not amaze, let not amaze

نَلَاتُعْجِبُكَ أَمُوَالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ

Let not wherefore their riches and their children amaze you. [9:55]

marvellous (1) (v.n.) nom.

وَانْ تَغِعَبُ فَعَعِبٌ قَوْلُهُمُ

And shouldst thou marvel, then marvellous is their saying. [13:5]

wonderment (2) (v.n.) acc.

أكأن لِلنَّاسِ عَجَبُ أَنْ أَوْحَيْنَا إلى رَجُلِ مِنْهُمْ

Was it a matter of wonderment to the people that We reveal unto a man?

[10:2]

عَمَأ

ع ث و ★

(perate. neg. m. plu.) معنوا do not act curruptly

عَثَا يَعْنُونُ مُخُنُواً وَ عَنِى يَعْنَىٰ عَثِيًّا to evil, mischief (ن،س)

وَلَا تَعْتَوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُعْيِيدِيْنَ

And do not act wickedly on earth by spreading corruption. [2:60]

ع ج ب *

بُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they marvelled

< عَبَ يَعْجَبُ عَجَمًا (س) <

to wonder, marvel, be astonished, be amazed,

to wonder at المن ال

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) thou marvelled

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you marvelled

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) juss thou marvel

إِنْ تَعْجَبْ if thou marvel

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) وبجنون you marvel

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing.) thou (f) marvel

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

أعجب

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they frustrate

بمجزون

أعِزَ إعِازاً ,to frustrate to make powerless, to make (one) incapable

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el. can frustrate

ومًا كَأْنَ اللَّهُ لِنْعُجِزَهُ مِن مَّني أَني And Allah is not such that anything can frustrate Him. [35:44]

(apder.f.sing)iv litt: frustater meta: a miracle the word is often used to refer to the in imitable sublimity of the Quran as it is a living Miracle

(imperf. 1st p. plu.)

we shall not (neg. آن نمجز) (and can not) frustrate

an old (women) (who has passed child bearing age)

قَالَتُ نُونَكُمَّ ءَاللَّهُ وَآنَا عَدُرُ She said: O wonder! shall I bring forth when I am old. [11:72] wonder (3)

كانوا من المتناعكما (They) were of Our signs a wonder. [18:9]

a marvel (4)

وَاتَّخَذَ سَدِيكَهُ فِي الْيَحُرُّ عَجِيًّا

And it took its way into the sea-a marvel! [18:63]

wondrous (5)

إِنَّاسَهِ خِنَاقُوْلُنَّا عَيْمًا

We have listened to a Recitation wondrous! [72:1]

(Note: The word not have different meanings in above verses, only their grammatical placing causes it to be rendered in different imports of the word: wondering, wondrous etc.)

wondrous (act. 2 pic.)

astounding (ints.)

(perf. 1st p. sing.)

I become incapable

عَجَزَ يَمْجِزُ عَجْزاً وَ مَمْجِزَةُ وَ عِجْزَاناً وَ عَجْزَ مَعْجَزُ عَجْزاً (ض، ش)

to lack strength, to become incapable, powerless

أعَجَزْتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مِثْلَ هٰذَاالْغُوابِ Was I incapable of being like this raven! [5:31] (س) لَّغَفَّ مُعَنِّ عَبِّفًا (س) عَبِفِ اللهِ (س) to be lean (animal)

* 1 7 8

(perf. Ist. p. sing.)

عَجِلَ بَعْجَلُ عَجَلًا وَ عَجَلَةً (س)

to hasten

to hasten with SS --

- عَلَىٰ to hasten against SS

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you hastened (or) you anticipated

آعِلْتُوْاَمُوَدَبَكُوْ

Have you anticipated the command of your Lord.

[7:150]

Note: غِلْمُ is here synonymous with مَنْمُ (LL)

(perate neg. m. sing.) الْجَلّ (thou) hasten not

فَلَاتَعْجَلُ عَلَيْهُمْ

So hasten thou not against them. [19:84]

وَلَا تَعْجَلُ بِالْقُوْاٰنِ

And hasen thee not with the Quran. [20:114]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) el. المعترفة that in order to make haste أَغْاَزٌ (sing.) جَوُرٌ (sing.)

the back side of a body, trunk

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iii مُعَاجِزِ ّنَ < frustaters

to frustrate, iii عَاجَزَةً to make powerless

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv مُعْجِرٌ frustrater

(perate, m. plu.) iv مُعْجِزِ ثُنَ frustraters (1)

لَا تَحْسَبَنَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُّوا مُعْجِزِيْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

Deem not those who disbelieve able to frustrate (His purpose) on the earth. [24:57]

those who escape (2)

اِنَ مَا تُوعَدُونَ لَاتِ وَمَا أَشُو بِمُعْجِونِينَ Verily that which ye are promised is sure to arrive, and ye can not escape. (Jid.) (you can not frustrate it.—Arb) [6:134]

(as above (n.d.) منجزي)

وَاعْلَنُوۤااَتَكُوۡعَٰیُوۡمُعۡجِزِیااللّٰہ

And know that ye cannot escape (or frustrate) Allah.
[9:2]

ع ج ف 🖈

emaciated
(n. p.)

عَفَّ ، أَعِنَ (sing.)

haste (v.n.) عَبَلُ
(act. pic. f. sing. n.) الْعَاجِلَة the quick-passing (world)
ever hasty (acc. ints. n.)
hastening (v.n.) x
a/the calf البينال ، أَلْجُولُ ، وَعُلَّى الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْم
* 128
<pre>foreign (tongue) (n.) litt. a Non-Arab or one who has an impediment in speech</pre>
لِسَانُ الَّذِي يُلْحِدُ وْنَ إِلَيْهِ اعْجَيِيُّ
The tongue of him unto whom they incline is foreign. [16:103]
(in) a foreign tongue acc. اَغِيَةًا
foreigners (n. p.) acc. الْأَعْمَيْنَ (Non-Arabs)
* , , &
(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim
عَدَّ بَعُدُّ عَدّاً وَ عِدَّةً (ن)
to count, number, reckon
لَقَدُ أَحْصُهُ وُوَعَدُ هُوُ عَنَّا
Assuredly He comprehended them a (full) counting. [19:94]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii <~hastened as R.F. مُعْدِلاً (perfect 1st p. sing.) ii عَلَنا we hastened (imperf 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~hasten (perate. m. sing.) ii (thou) hasten ! (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < made SS hasten to make SS hasten (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v <~hastened مَعَبِّلَ مُعَجِّلًا as R.F. v, كَاتَّبُ الْمُعَالِقُ الْمُعَالِقُ الْمُعَالِقُ الْمُعَالِقُ الْمُعَالِقُ الْم (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you sought to be hastened to seek SS المنتخبار المنتخبار to be hastened also as RF (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x ~seeks SS to be hastened (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they seek ~ to hasten (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) x you seek ~to hasten (perate. m. sing.) x (thou) do not seek~to hasten (perate. m. phu.) x (you) do not seek~to

you count

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (assim)

٤ . .

number, counting (n.) בני			
some number (1) (v.n.) s it. counting, to count			
فَعِدَّةً أَيْنَ الْكَامِرُ كُور			
For him) the same number of other days. [2:184]			
for a women after she is divorced or becomes a wi- dow			
وَٱحْصُواالُعِدَّةَ			
And count their waiting period. [65:1]			
number, (3) counting			
تَرِينَ آعُكُو بِيدَ تِهِم			
My Lord is best Knower of their number. [18:22]			
	٦		
× 5 2	اك		
اش lentils (n.)	عَدَ		
* 1 2			
(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) J	ب عَدَ		
~ proportioned			

عَدَلَ مَدِلُ عَدُلاً وَ عَدَالَةً (ض)

equitably, with fairness,

to proportion, i.e., to ad-

just properly as to rela-

tive magnitude

imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (juss.) ou count إِنْ تَعُدُّوا you count (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) e count ve used to count or reckon عَدّد perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim ii < ~counted عَدَّدَ تَعْدَدُاً as R. F. اَعَدُدُا perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim iv < ~ made ready, prepared أعد أعداداً ل ,o prepare make ready assim. iv (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) hey perpared assim iv (p. p. 3 p. f. sing.) ~is prepared perate. m. plu.) assim iv you) prepare assim iv (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) < you count اعْنَدَ اعْتَدَاداً as R.F. (to count) (act. pic. m. plu.) assim. those who count (pic. pact. m. sing.) counted (one) (pic. pact. f. plu.) < counted (ones) (sing.)

to act justly

means to judge, act justly and to equalize. When followed by a proposition بن or بن it signifies the meaning to equalize.

ردُلُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) f.d. مُدِلُوا you act justly

(you) act justly (you) act justly

compensation (1) (v.n.)

وَلَا يُؤْخِنَهُ وَنَهُا عَدُّ لُ

Nor shall compensation be taken. [2:48]

equity (2)

يَعْكُونِهِ ذَوَاعَدُ لِ مِنْكُورُ

Shall be judged by two men of equity. [5:95]

equivalent (3)

أَوْعَدُّلُ ذَٰلِكَ صِيَامًا Or the equivalent thereof in fasts. [5:95]

justice (4)

وَتَتَتَّ كُلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ صِنْ قَادَّ عَنْلًا

And perfected is the word of thy Lord in veracity and in justice. [6:115]

ع د ن 🖈

<everlasting (v.n.) נֿטֿ

to make an equality between two things

الَّذِيُ خَلَقَكَ فَسَوْمِكَ فَعَدَالَكَ

Who created thee, then moulded thee, then proportioned thee. [82:7]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) juss. it (soul) makes equal

تعدل

النُتَفِيلُ كُلَّ عَدُ لِ لَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا

if (she i.e., the soul, person)
offers every equivalent it
shall not be accepted.[6:70]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) el. الْآعَدَاءُ، that I may act justly (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) مَعْدِلُونَ _ ب they make equality (1)

[6:1]

ثُمُّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَيِهِمْ يَعْدِلُونَ Yet those who disbelieve equalize others with their

they judge (2)

Lord.

وَمِنْ قَوْمِ مُوْلَكَى أُمَّاهُ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ

And of the people of Musa there is a community guiding (others) by the truth and judging thereby (i.e., according to the law of Islam—Jid.) [7:159] they equalize (3)

بَلُ مُعْوِقُومُ يَعْدِلُونَ

But they are people who equalize. (i.e., others with their Lord). [27:60]

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كسناه كازغير باغ ولاعاد فلأالكو علياه

But whosoever is driven by necessity, neither desiring nor transgressing for him is no sin. [2:173]

(act. pic. m. plu..) اَلْعَادُوْنَ / عَادُوْنَ

بَلُ أَنْ تُورِّقُوْمُ عُلَاقِنَ

Nay! Ye are a people transgressing. [26:166] 'Ad (proper n.)

وكالى عاو كفاهم مفؤدا

And unto 'Ad we sent their brother Hud (i.e., their countrymen) belonging to the same tribe or town.

[7:65]

(se 'Ad', an Arab people flourishing in the south of the Arabian peninsula, with their dominion extending from north of the Gulf in the east to the southern end of the Red sea in the west. Their story was well known to the Arabs of the holy Prophet's time. The ancient poets knew 'Ad as an ancient nation that had parished, hence the expression "since the time of 'Ad." Their kings are mentioned in the Diwan of عَدَنَ يَعْدُنُ عَدْناً وَ عُدُوناً (ن) _ ب

remain, abide

(this word belongs to Syriac origin (Syuti); it is always used as genitive possessed

by جنات garden)

ع د و *

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. نُعْدُونَ <they transgress

عَدَا يَعْدُوْ عَدُواً وَ عَدَواناً (ن) to go rapidly, run, transgress, to pass beyond SS,

to pass from, عَنْ overlook

(perate. neg. m. sing.) عُنْدُ كَا do not pass from or do not overlook

وَلَاتَعُدُ عَيْنَافَعَنْهُمْ

And let not their eyes overlook them. [18:28]

(perate neg.m. phu.) اَ مَدُوْا do not transgress

وَثُلْنَالَهُ وَلَا تَعُدُوا فِي التّبُتِ

And We bade them: transgress not the Sabbath. [4:154]

> (act. pic. m. sing.) transgrassor (1)

عَادَ

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2.4

And whosoever trespasseth the bounds of Allah, then verily these! they are the wrongdoers. [2:229]

اعتدى (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii <~transgressed

اعْتَدَى مَعْتَدِيْ اعْنِدَاءاً viii as y to transgress,

> to be hostile, 1/6 froward, to violate, raid, attack

to transgress (1) (without a preposition followed)

مَنِي اعْتَدَى بَعْدَ لِلْكَ فَلَهُ عَذَاكُ اللَّهُ So whosoever transgresseth thereafter, for him there shall be a torment afflictive. [2:178]to violate (2)

فَهَنِ اعْتَدِي عَلَيْكُو فَاعْنَدُ وَاعْلَيْهِ بِعِثْلِ

So whosoever then offereth violence unto you, offer violence unto him, the like of violence unto you.

[2:194]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii أغندوا they trespassed اعتدن we have trepassed viii we have not trespassed List

Hudhailites مُذَيِّلين and their prudence in that of Nabigha.

(Encyclopædia of Islam)

They were zealous idolaters.

The Adites were separated only by a few generation from the people of Noah. The tribe of 'Ad, the son of Aws أوس , the son of Sam, the son of Noah, who after confusion of the tongues settled in il al Ahqaf, or the winding sands in the province of Hadhramaut, where his posterity greatly multiplied.

(Jid. > Sale)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii you treat with enmity

> عَادِلِي مُعَادَاةً وَ عِدَاماً

to treat with enmity, hostility, to become distant, aloof from

>>عَدَا مُعْدُوْ عَدُواً وَ عُدُواً وَ عُدُواناً to be unjust, to injure ان - (ن)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v Tier < ~ trespasses

تَعَدِّي تَعَدِّي تَعَدَّي تَعَدَّيْ to cross, overstep, to traverse, to exceed a boundry, to go beyond limit, to trespass

أَإِنِ النَّهُوَ الْلَاعُدُوانَ الْلَاعُلُ الظَّلِيمِينِ So if they desist then there is no violence save against the wrongdoers. [2:193] harshness (2)

آيَتَا الْكَبَائِنِ تَفَيْتُ فَلَا عُنُوْانَ عَلَ Whichsoever of the two terms I shall fulfil it shall be no harshness to me. [28:28] transgression (3)

وَمَنْ يَغَعَلُ ذَٰ إِنَّ عُنُوانًا وَظُلْمَا أَضُونَ نُصُلِيْهِ نَارًا And whosoever doth that in transgression and wrong, presently We shall roast him in fire. [4:30]

عَدَاوَهُ وnmity (v.n.)

<side (n.) 3

lit. a side of valley, bank of river

إِذْ أَنْتُوْ الْمُدُوَّ وَالدُّنْيَارَهُ وَ الْمُدَّرَةِ الْمُدَّرَةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَّارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِقِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِقِ الْمُتَارِةِ الْمُتَارِقِ الْمُتَالِقِ الْمُتَالِقِ الْمُتَارِقِ الْمُتَالِقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِ الْمُتَالِقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَلِقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ الْمُتَالِقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِيلِيقِ

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْعَادِيَاتُ those who (f) run repidly,

عَدَا يَعْدُوْ عَدُواً (ن) to go rapidly, run

وَالْعُدِيْتِ صَٰبُحًا By the striking coursers. [100:1] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii بَعْتُدُونَ they trespass

كَانُوْايَعْتَكُوْنَ they were ever transpassing [2:61]

f.d., acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
yon trespass
incite you to trespass

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) el. اِنْعَنْدُوْا that ye may trespass

(you) offer violence!

(sec. 2 (اعتدى)

(you) trepass not!

(Ap-der. m. sing.)

المُنْدَنِينَ acc. المُعْتَدُونَ

(Ap-der. m. sing) trespassers

spitefully, (v. n.) acc. wrongfully from R. F.

عَدُونَّ ، الْمُدُونَّ ، الْمُدُونَّ

acc. عَدُورًا

enemies (n. p.)

عُدْوَانَ ، الْمُدُوَانُ ، الْمُدُوانُ (violence (1)

الله مُهُلِكُهُمْ آدَمُعَذِبُهُمُ

Allah is about to destroy or punish them. [7:164]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. مُعَدِّين giver of punishment

(Ap-der. m. plu.)f.d. nom. chastiser

acc. مُعَذِّ بِيْنَ ، الْمُذَّ بِيْنَ (pis. pic. m. plu.) those who are punished

torment, punishment (n.) عَذَابُ

ع ذ ر 🖈

< being free from (v.n.) acc. مُعْذِرَةً</p>
guilt, excuse

excuse (v.n.) acc. أغذرا

مَعَاذِيْرَ excuses (n. p.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii يُعَدِّرُونَ they will make excuse, they put forth an excuse

اعْتَذَرَ يَعْتَذِرُ اعْتِذَاراً

to offer an excuse

(perate. neg. plu.) الْاَ تَعْتَذِرُوْا

ع ذ ب *

<sweet, agreeable to (n.) عَذْبُ taste (water)</p>

عَذُبَ يَعْذُبُ عُذُونَةً (ك)

to be sweet in taste

هٰذَاعَذَبُ فَرَاتُ

One platable sweet. [25:53]

عَدِّبَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii عَدِّبَ <->punished

ii عَذَّبَ تَعَذِيْبًا to punish, chastise, torment

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii عَذَّبْتَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii مُذَّبُ will punish /~ punishes

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) e.l. ii لِيُعَذِّبُ that he may punish

he will not punish لا يُعَذِّبُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii تُعَذَّبُ thou punish

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) ii اَعَذَّبُ I punish

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)-epl. وَعُدُنَا I shall/I will certainly punish

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii نَعَذَّبُ we punish

we shall punish سَنَعَذَّبُ

(Ap-der. m. sing.) مُعَدِّبُ treats with punishment

<stairways (n. ints. plu.) مَعَارِجُ</p>
ladder, stair, (sing.)

(the lame (adj.) الْآغْرَجُ to be lame (س) عَرِجَ عَرَجًا



الْعُرْجُوْنُ the branch of a palm tree

* 3 2 2

<sin, crime (n.)

عَرَّ يَعُرُّ عَرَّاً (ن) to manure, to bring evil upon

(pis. pic. m. sing.) viii poor, seeking favour

ع د ش ★

نفرِ شُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they raised (as edifices and structures)

عَرَشَ عَوْشاً وَ عُوُوْشاً (نَّ ، ضَ) دَ يَتَّقَ

to make a trellis (for a grapewine), raise, build

(pact. pic. f. plu.) مُعْرُ وْ شَاتُ trellised ones

وَهُوَالَّذِي ٓ أَنْشَا كَجُنَّتٍ مَّعُرُوشَٰتٍ وَّغَيْرُمَعُوهُ ۖ

And He who hath produced gardens trellised and untrellised. (6:141] (Ap-der. m. plu.) ii الْمُغَدِّرُونَ <those who put forth an excuse, apologists

to affect an excuse, to offer an excuse

ع ر ب ★

عَرَقٌ Arabic (n.) عَرَقُ

related to عَرَبُ i.e., the descendant of Ismail bin Ibrahim (peace be upon them), those who speak clearly (opp. foreigner)

of/in/Arabic acc.

عَرَبِيًّا

dwellers of the (n.p.) الْآغَرَابُ desert

< those who show (n. p.)</p>
great love or foundness

عَرُوْبُ ، عَرُوْبَهُ (sing.)

* 5 2 E

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مرحة معدد

عَرَجَ يَعْرُجُ عُرُوْجاً وَ مَعْرَجاً (ن) to ascend upto a high place

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) نَعْرُجُ he ascends (angel)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْرُجُوْنَ they ascend to show, propound 3 = -3 (a matter), to set before

تُوَعَرضَهُمْ عَلَى الْمُلَبِكَةِ

Thereafter He set them before the angels. [2:31]

عَرَضْنَا (perf. Ist p. plu.) عَرَضْنَا we showed

وعرضناجها ويومين للكفرين عرضا

And we shall set Hell on that Day unto the infidel. with a setting. [18:100]

(This a usual style of the holy Quran to use past tense for the future tense in connection with the Hereafter. It means that what will happen on that Day is as certain as a thing already happend.)

غُرِ ضَ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) پ were presented ب

اِذْعُرِضَ عَلَيْهِ بِالْعَشِيّ الطّبِيْدَ الْمَبِيَّالُهُ الْمِيَادُ (Recall) what time there were presented unto him at eventide coursers swiftfooted. [38:31]

نُمُوْدًا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) مُرِمُنُوْا ∼were presented

يُعْرَضُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) يُعْرَضُ Shall be placed before

رُ صُوْنَ (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) مُرْ صُوْنَ they shall be set before it. throne, seat (1) عَرْشٌ ، الْعَرْشُ of power, a booth, a shed, what is constructed for shed

met. might, power, sovereignty, dominion

is applied to the الْعَرْشُ of God which is not definable and is immeasurable it is not as the vulger hold, the seat or throne of God for were it so it would be support to Him, not supported.

(Jid. < LL.)

نُثُمَّ اسْتَوٰى عَلَى الْعَوْشِ

Then He established Himself on the Throne. (Jid.) He established on the throne of His almightiness.

(Asad.) [7:54]

عُرُوْشُ (n.p.) <roofs (2) (n.p.)

عُرْشُ a house or the like

وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَى عُوُوْشِهَا

They (towns) were laying overturned on their roofs.

[2:259]

ع ر مش

عَرَضَ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

عَرَضَ بَعْدِ صُ وَ عَرِضَ بَعْرَضُ عَرَضَ بَعْدِ صُ وَ عَرِضَ بَعْرَضُ

عَرْضاً (ض، س

to happen, to take place

وَإِنِ امْرَاَةٌ خَافَتُ مِنْ بَعِلْهَا أَنْتُوزًا أَوْ اعْرَاضًا And if a women feareth from her husband refractoriness or estrangement (his turning away from her). [4:128]

backsliding (2)

هَانُ كَانَ كَابُرَعَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ And if their backsliding

And if their backsliding is hard unto thee. [6:35]

acc. مُعْرِ صُنُونَ nom. مُعْرِ صِنْيَن backsliders (Ap-der. plu.)

good, R. F. < v.n. عَرَضٌ ، عَرَضٌ ،

فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْثُ وَرِثُواالْكِيلِ يَأْخُنُونَ عَرَضَ لِمُذَاالُودُ فِي

Then there succeeded them a posterity; they inherited the book taking this near (world's) gear (or frail goods). [7:169]

(The reference is to the Jews' acceptance of bribes for wresting judgement and corrupting the text of their books and to their extortion of money—I.K.)

width (n.)

مُرَجَّنَةٍ عَرْضُهَا كَعَرْضِ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ And a garden whereof the width is as the width of the heavens and the earth. [57:21]

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) you shall be set before (mustered) (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii <you speak indirectly, -</p> you give a hint عَرَّضَ تَعْرِيْصاً ii عَرَّضَ مَعْرِيْصاً indirectly or to hint (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ turned away أَعْرَضَ إعْرَاضاً xi to turn away from, غن _ avoid أغرَضُوا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they turned away (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you turned away (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~turns aside from juss iv (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou turns away from يغرضوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) n.d. iv they turn away يغرضوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)n.d. iv you turn away أغرض (perate. m. sing.) iv (thou) turn from! avoid (them) ! (perate m. plu.) iv اغر منوا (you) avert! turn away!

إِغْرَاضٌ ، إغْرَاضاً (v.n.) acc. iv

(estrangement or desertion)

turning away (1)

رَجَآمُرَا خُوَةً أَيُوسُفَ فَدَخَلُوا عَلَيْهِ فَعَرَفَهُمُ وَهُمُمُ لَهُ مُنْكِرُونَ

And the brethren of Yusuf came and entered unto him and he recognized them, while they recognized him not. [12:58]

هَرَفُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) هَرَفُوا they have recognized

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) نَوَ فُتُ thou knew

وَلُوْنَتُا أَوْلَارِينَاكُمْمَ فَلُعَرَفْتَهُمْ بِيمْهُمْ

And if We willed, we would surely show them unto thee, so that thou surely shouldst know them.

[47:30]

نَعْرِفُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) تُعْرِفُ thou recognize

أَمْرِ فُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) أَمْرِ فُوْنَ they recognize

~they recognize juss.

أمُرْلَوْ يَعُرِفُوا رَسُوْلَهُ

Or (is it that) they recognized not their apostle? [23:69]

لَتَغُرِفَنَّ تecognize (epl.) لَتَغُرِفَنَ

لتعرفة كم في لخن القول

Thou shouldst surely know them by the mode of (their) speech. [47:30] a setting R. F. < v.n. غَرْضًا (see عَرَضُناً above)

عَادِ مَنْ (act. pic. m. sing.) عَادِ مَنْ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَادِ مِنْ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّ

نَلَتَازَاوُهُ عَادِضًا أَسْتَقَيْلَ اوْدِيَيَهِمُ قَالُوا هٰذَا عَايِضٌ مُسُطِونًا

Then when they heheld it as an overpeering cloud tending toward their valleys they said, yonder is an overpeering cloud bringing us rain. [46:24]

َعَرِ يُضُنَّ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) prolonged

وَإِذَا مَتَهُ الشُّرُفَانُ وُدُعَآ إِ عَرِيُضٍ

And when an evil toucheth him, then he is full of prolonged prayer. [41:51]

عُرْضَة " (a butt (n.)

وَلَاتَجْمَلُوااللهُ عُرْضَهُ لِآيْمَانِكُمُ

And make not Allah a butt of your oaths. [2:224]

ع د ف 🖈

رُون (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَرَفَ ~recognized

عَرَفَ بَغْرِفُ عِزْفَاناً وَ مَغْرِفَةً (ض)

to know,

be acquainted with, recognize, acknowledge kind, kindness (1)

وَلِلْمُطَلَّقْتِ مَتَاعٌ بِإِلْمُعُووْفِ

And for the divorced women provision (is to be made) in kindness. [2:241]

according to (2) usage (or) to the custom of the society

عَلَىٰ الْمُوْمِعِ مَدَدُوْ وَعَلَىٰ الْمُثْمِيْرِ مِّدَدُوْ

On the affluent (provision is due) according to his means, and on the straitened (is due) according to his means; a provision according to usage (i.e., known standered of the society). [2:236]

kind, courteous (3)

A kind (or a courteous) word and forgiveness are better than charity followed by injury. [2:263]

right, opp., (4) wrong)

وَلْتَكُنُ مِّنْكُوْ أُمَّةُ يَنْ عُوْنَ إِلَى الْغَيْرِوَيَأْمُرُوْنَ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَيَنْهَوُنَ عَيِنِ الْمُثْكَرِ

And from among you there should be a community who invite to good and أَمْرِ فَوُّ نَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مَرْ فَوُّ نَ you shall recognize

يُغرُفُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مُغرُفُ مُناهِ is/are recognized

(pip. 3 p. f. plu.) بُعْرَفُنَ they (women) are/will be recognized

رُون (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii عَرَّافُ <−made known

عَرَّفَ بُعَرِّفُ نَعْرِيْفاً #

to make SS known, to introduce

تَعَارَفُوا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) vi (you knew each other

تَعَارَفَ يَتَعَارَفُ تَعَارُفًا iv

to know or recognize each other

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) vi يَعْارُ فُوْ لُ they mutually recognize (or) they introduce each other

غَرَفُوْ (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii عُرَفُوْ ا

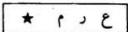
اغتَرَفَ اغْتِرَاهَا to make viii أَعْتَرَفَ اغْتِرَاهَا a confession, to confess

(perf. Ist. p. m. plu.) اغْرَزُفْنَا we confessed

(pact. pic.) الْمُعَرِّرُونَ الْمُعَرِّرُونَ lit. a known or recognized thing or person

(met: courtesy, fairness, good kind, reputable, that which is good as an universally accepted fact, honorable) In the holy Quran it is applied to a wall between Paradise and Hell or its upperpart (Zr. Ik.)

عَ فَأَتُ (n.) the name of a mountain 20 K.M. from Mekkah, A valley where the main part of Haj is performed.



the dam (prop. n.)

'Marib, the Sabaean capital was celebrated for the great dam (see under Saba.) According to 'Muis a proper name المَرِم, jam of a certain valley located some 60 miles east of San'a. (for more details see Jid. P. 22, n. 195.)

According to others is name of an innundation which destroyed the city of Saba.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii <~smote

اعْتَرِي اعْتَرَاءاً to come viii upon, befall, smite

>> عَرَا يَمْرُوْ عَرُواَ (ن)

to come to a person, befall (trouble)

command that is right and forbid the wrong. [3:104]

(pact. pic. f. sing.) recognized, a known thing

A recognized obedience. [24:53]

seemlines, good (n.) lit. kindness, usage, beneficence, name of horse, crest, comb of a cock .

كمن الْعَفْرُ وَأَمْرُ بِالْعُرْفِ

Take to forgiveness and enjoin good (or seemlines).

[7:199]

beneficence (n.) acc.

وَالْمُؤْسَلْتِ عُوفًا

By the (winds) sent forth beneficence. [77:1]

This verse is a metaphorical phrase, from the of the horse, meaning, by the angels or the winds. that are sent forth consecutively, like the several portions of the mane of the horse; or the meaning is, sent forth alk i.e., with kindness, or beneficence.

lit : an elevated (n. p.) الأغراف place or an elevated portion of the earth or ground.

to aid, ii كَوَّرُ تُعَرِّرُ أَعَرِيْرُا support

>> عَزَرَ بَغْزِرُ عَزْراً (ض)

to prevent, turn away

فَالَّذِينَ المَنْوَابِ وَعَزْدُوكُ وَلَصَهُونَا

Those who believe in him and side with him and help him. [7:157]

(Note: according to the contents requirement the verbs for past tense

are translated as they were of present tense.)

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii you have supported

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. المَرْرُول you may support

لِتُوَمِّنُوا بِاللهِ وَلَسَوْلِهِ وَتُعَيِّدُوهُ وَتُحَقِّدُوهُ

That ye may believe in Allah and His apostle, and may support him (i. e., His religion) and honour Him.

[48:9]

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(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim v) ~prevailed

to be mighty, powerful, noble, illustrious, strengthen, exalt oneself, be rare, dear, highly esteemed, prevail upon (or against) اِنْ نَعُولُ اِلْمَا اَعَالَى اَلْمَا اَلَهُ اَلَهُ اَلَا اَعَالَى اَلَهُ الْمَعْلَى الْمَهَا الْمَهَا الْمَعْلَى الْمَعْلَى الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمِي الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمِي الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِي الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ

a handle, support (n.) الْعُزُوَةُ

الْعُزُوَةُ الْوُثْقَ the firmost support

ع د ی ★

نَعْرِ لَى w.v. (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v.

عَرِىَ بَعْرَىٰ عُرْبًا وَ عُرْبَةً (س) ـ مِنْ

to be nacked,

عَزَرَثُمُ

denude of (garments), be free from

إِنَّ لَكَ ٱلَّا يَعَجُوْعَ فِيهَا وَلَا تَعَرْى

Verily it is thine that thou shalt not hunger therein nor go naked. [20:118]

a bare desert (n.) الْعَرَاءُ

ع ز ب *

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عزبُ < ~escapes

عَزَبَ بَعْزُبُ عُرُوْباً (ن) - عَنْ

to be distant, remote, absent, from

ع د د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَوَّرُوْا they supported وَلَوْالِمِيْلُ لَهُ النِّي اللَّهَ آخَدَنْهُ الْعِزَّةُ بِالْإِحْمِ

And when it is said to him fear Allah; arrogance (or prestige) taketh him to sin. [2:206]

بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْافِي عِزَّةٍ وَسِنْقَأَقٍ

Nay, but those who disbelieve are in false pride and schism. [38:2]

might (2)

وَقَالُوْا بِعِزْةِ فِرْعُونَ إِثَالَنَحُنُ الْغَلِبُونَ

And they said, by the might of Fir'awn, we! we shall be the winners. [26:44]

قَالَ فِيعِزُ تِكَ لَأُغُونَهُمُ أَجْمَعِينَ

He said, then by Thy might, I surely will beguile them every one. [38:82]

power, honour (3)

مَنْ كَأَنَّ يُرِيْدُ الْعِنَّرَةَ فَيِلْهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَبِيعًا

Whosoever desireth the power (or honour) then all power is Allah's.

[35:10]

(act. pic. m. sing.) mighty (1)

كَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزُ حَكِيْمُ

Then know that Allah is Highly, Wise. [2:209] وَعَرَّفِي فِي الْخِطَابِ

And he prevailed upon me in speech(or in dispute)[38:23]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii عُرِّزُنُا < we strengthen

to strengthen, ii عَزَّزَ تَعْزِيْراً make powerful support, give honour

فَعَزَّزُنَا بِثَالِثٍ

Then We strengthened with a third. [36:14]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii thou honour

وَتُعِرْمُنْ تَشَا إُورَكُولُ مَنْ تَشَا إُ

And Thou honourest whosoever Thou wilt and Thou abasest whosoever Thou wilt. [3:26]

a source of strength (v.n.)

وَاتَّغَنَّهُ وَامِنُ دُونِ اللهِ أَلِهَةً لِيَّكُونُو اللهُ وَعِنَّا

And they have taken gods besides Allah that they might be unto them a glory (a source of power or strength). [19:81]

false prestige, (1) arrogance

(i. e., a false sense of selfrespect or prestige) . بُعِزٌ

عِزآ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii < ~ withdrew, renounced

اغتزل

to separate كاينوا لا اعتزل اعتزالا oneself, remove from, renounce SS

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they withdrew

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you have withdrawn

(Note: In the verse 4:91 is attached to the 2 nd. p.m. pronoun while in verse 18:16 it is prefixed to 3rd. p. plu. pronoun.)

juss (n.p.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they withdrew

فَانَ مُّ مُعَتَرِ الْأَمُّ

If they withdraw not from you. [4;91]

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) viii I withdraw

(I renounce-Jid.)

(perate. m. plu.) (you) keep away! (1)

فأغتزلوا التسآء فيالتجيف

So keep away from women during mensturation (i.e., do not cohabit with them).

[2:222]

unassailable (2)

وَائِهُ لَكُ فِي

And it is an unassailable book (i.e., a powerful in evidences and arguments). [41:41]

storng (3)

وَمَنْصُرُكُ اللَّهُ نَصْرًا عَزِيزًا

And Allah may help thee with a strong help. [48:3]

aught, heavy (4)

عَنْ عَلَيْهُ مَا عَنْدُ

And heavy upon him is that which overburdened you.

[9:128]

The Mighty (n.) one of the excellent names of Allah

more powerful (elative)

أعرب الآعَ

15 <stern, (n.p.)most powerful ones

the more powerful

غزنز (sing.)

(part. 2 p. m. sing.) <thou hast set aside

عَزَلَ يَعْزِلُ عَوْلاً (ض) to set aside, remove from (in a metaphorical way the verb is related to is related to it is related to it, that is, to its subject, thus the translation ought to be: "when the matter already determined" but it is no use of saying so and is not maent here therefore it has been rendered as if it were passive perfect.

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) عُزَمْتُهُ thou had resolved

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَرَمُوْا they decided

(perate. neg. m. plu.) كُوْ مُوْدُو do not resolve!

resolution (1) (v.n.)

عَزْمُ

المُوكِمَا صَبَرَاوُلُواالْعَزُومِنَ الرَّسُلِ And have patience as had patience the men of resolution among the apostles. [46:35]

determined (2)

فَإِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ عَزُمِ الْأُمُورِ

That is of the commandments determined (Jid.). That is of the steadfast heart of things (Pic.). This, behold, is something to set one's heart upon (Aad). This is an affair of great resolation (MA). [3:186] let alone (2)

وَإِنْ لَوْ تُوْمِنُوا لِي فَاعْتَزِلُونِ

And if ye will not believe in me then let me alone (or let me go—Pic). [44:21]

Note: the final \dot{y} is a short form of \dot{y} Ist. p. objective pronoun).

(pact. pic. m. plu.) مَعْرُوُونَ removed ones

إنَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّمْعِ لَمَعُزُولُونَ

Verily they are far removed from hearing [26:212]

a place where one (n.p.t.) مُعْزِلًا is set aloof

وَنَادَى نُوحُ إِنْهَا وَكَانَ فِي مَعْزِلِ

And Nuh called out his son, and he was (standing) aloof (Pic.)—he was apart (Jid.) [11:42]

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(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ∼ determined

عَزَمَ بَعْزِمُ عَزْماً وَ عَزِيْمَةً (ض)

to resolve, determine, decide to do, adjure

فأذاعزم الأمر

So when the matter is determined. [47:21]

9 2 2

<-departed (quard.) حُنْفَسَ

to advance, approach, to depart

وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا عَسْمَى

And (by) the night when it departeth. [81:17]

Note: (1) The verb has two contradictory meanings: came on or departed. But the phrase in the H. Q., according to all expositors, signifies 'and by the night when it departeth'.

(2) As often noted in Quranic phrases the past tense is to be rendered as it was present or future tense.

ع س ل *
honey (n.) عَسَلُ

ع س ی 🖈

belike, may (particle) well be, it may be

According to the grammarians it is an underived

(جَامِدٌ) verb, and not a particle that denotes "hope or desire." Raghib ob-

constancy (3)

وَلَوْ نَجِدُ لَهُ عَزْمًا

And we found no constancy in him. [20:115]

ع ز و 🖈

companies, groups(n.p.)

الْعِزْيَةُ أَوْ الْعِزْوَةُ (sing)

عَزْى بَعْزِى عَزْياً (ض) _ إِلَىٰ

to ascribe relationship to (Rgh., Mj., LL)

ع س د *

you make hardship for one another

> تَعَامَرَ تَعَاشُراً الله

to be difficult, hard, cause to be hard for one another (as RF)

>> عَمْرَ بَعْمُرُ عُسْراً وَعُسْرَةً (ك)

to be difficult

hardship, (٧.٨.) مُعْمَرُ ، الْكُمْرُ ، الْكُمْرُ ، difficult, hard

distress (v.n.) أَنْسُرُةُ

acc. juic nom. juic

hardship (elative f.)

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«kinsfolk, (n.) الْمَشِيْرَةُ ، عَشِيْرَةً ، عَشِيْرَةً ، الْمَشْيْرَةُ ، عَشِيْرَةً وَ الْمَاثُورُ ، الْمَشْرُ ، الْمَشْرُ ، الْمَشْرُ ، الْمَشْرُ ، الْمَشْرُ ، الْمَشْرُ ، السلام (num.)
 عِشْرُونَ ، (num.)
 عِشْرُونَ ، (num.)
 مِشْرُونَ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، الْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُشْرُ ، اللْمُ اللْمُسْرَالْمُ الْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُ اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُ اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، الْمُسْرُ ، الْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، الْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ أَسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، اللْمُسْرُ ، الْمُسْرُ ، الْمُسْرُ

she camels العِنَارُ (sing.)

(A she camel that has been ten months pregnant, from the day of her having been covered by the stallion—LL.)

race (n.)

لِمَعُثُمُوالْجِنِّ وَالْإِنْسِ

O ye race of genii and mankind. [6:130]

a tenth (part) (num. frac.)

وممايكغ وليعشار مآانيههم

And these have not yet attained a tenth of that which We gave them. [34:45]

ع ش و ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (v.d.)

عَشَىٰ بَعْشُوْ إ عَشِيَ بَعْشَىٰ عَشَا (ن ، س) to be weak

sighted, to blind himself

وَمَنْ لِيَعْشُ عَنْ ذِكْوِ الرَّحْسِ نُقِيَضُ لَهُ شَيْطًا

And whosoever blindeth himself to the admonition of the Compassionate, We assign unto him a Satan.

[43:36]

is Allah it will mean: 'be hopeful with Allah,' and if the subject is a human being it will signify, 'be conscious or be afraid.'

If it is followed by a noun as عَلَى اللهُ or pronoun as أَنُ or by عَلَيْمُ it means, 'it may be that'.

(pro. 2 p.m. plu.) عَسَىٰ + ثُمْ)
may be that you

قَالَ هَلُ عَسَيْمُوانَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِسَالُ الْأَنْفَاتِأُوا

He said: May it not be that you will not fight if fighting is prescribed. [2:246]

نَهَلُ عَسَيْتُوْإِنُ تَوَلَيْتُوْلَنْ تُغْيِدُوْ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ

Would ye then, if ye were given the command, work corruption in the land?

[47:22]

ع ش د ★

عَاشِرُوا (perate. m. plu.) iii عَاشِرُوا انبرُوا (perate. m. plu.) iii عَاشِرُوا

to consort iii عَاشَرَ مُعَاشَرَة with, cultivate one's society, become familiar رَبُصُرُوْنَ they will press (wine or oil etc.)

الْعَصْرُ (n.) the time

lit. (1) any unlimited extent of time during which people pass away and became extinct (LL.) (2) the afternoon

إعْمَارِ* (v.n. iv) < whirlwind, violent wind.

ع ص ف 🖈

straw (1) (n.) green crops, blades, stubble

نَجَعَلَهُ وُكَعَمْتِ مَا كُوْلِ So He rendered them like straw eaten up (by cattle). [105:5]

husk, leaves and (1) stalks of corn

وَالْحَبُّ ذُوالْعُصْفِوَ الرَّيْحَانُ And the grain with (its) husk and fragrance. [55:12]

(act. pic. m. sing.) حاصفت < violant wind (1)
hurricane (violent wind,
storm) أَلِعِشُاءٌ، عِشَاءٌ nightfall (n.)

وَجَآءُوۡ ٱبَّاهُمُوعِشَآءً يَبُّكُونَ

And they came to their father at nightfall weeping.

[12:16]

وَمِنْ بَعْدِ صَلوةِ الْعِشَاءَ

And after the night prayer.
[24:58]

evening acc. (n.) الْعَشِيُّ ، عَشِيًّا an evening (n.)

ع ص أ 🖈

تَمَاً see ع ص و

ع ص ب *

company, band, a (n.)

group of men (plu.)

عُصَبُ

(of men or animals)

<dreadful. (act. 2 pic.)</p>
عَصَتَ يَمْمُتُ عَصْاً (ض)

to wind, twist, bind, tie

ع ص د *

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)

أغير

press

عَمَرَ بَعْمِرُ عَمْراً (ض)

to press (grapss etc.), squeeze

عَصَمَ يَعْمِمُ عَصْماً (ض) to protect, prevent, defend, preserve

(act. pic. m sing.) عاصم protector

<ties, bonds (n. p.)

عِسْمَةً (sing.)

prevention, preservation (infallibility)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, اعْصَمُوْا (they held fast

اعْتَصَمَ اعْنِصًاماً to hold fast

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. viii ~holds fast

(you) hold fast!

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

to abstain, to prevent oneself
(prevented himself), or preserve oneself(from sin)

ع ص و ★

staff (n.)

(sing.) \leq < staffs

ع ص ی *

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. رغفی <~disobeyed

عَصَفَ بَعْمِكُ عَصْفاً وَ عُصُوفاً (ض)

to blow violently (wind)

جَاءَ تَهَارِيُحْ عَاصِفٌ

Violant wind overtook them.
[10:22]

stormy (2)

(an adjective of day or time)

اشْتَنَتْ بِهِ الرِّيْحُ فِنْ يَوْمِ عَاصِفِ The wind blowing hard on a stormy day. [14:18]

(According to Lisan and

الآغے means يَوْمُ عَاصِفُ means يُوْمُ عَاصِفُ الرِّبْغِ and the phrase means: in a day

Violant or vehement in respect of wind)

(act. pic. f. sing.) عُلِيفَةُ strongly raging (wind)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْعَاصِفَاتُ winds raging

blowing, raging (v.n.) acc.

فَالْعُومُةُ عَصْفًا And those raging swiftly.

[77:2]

(i.e. the kind of wind threatening to cause destruction and disaster).

* 1 00 2

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ protects,

rebellion (v.n., w.v.) عُفْياًنْ disobedience (v. min., w.v.)

ع من د 🖈

عَضَدَ بَعْضُدُ عَضَداً (ن) to aid, assist

عَالَ سَنَتُنَّ عَصُدَكَ بَا غِيْكَ He said We shall strengthen thy arm with thy brother. [28:35]

supporter (2)

وَمَاكُنْتُ مُتَخِنَا الْمُضِلِّينَ عَضُلًا Nor I was to take seducers as supporters. [18:51]

ع ض ض خ

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) (assim v.) مَنْوُا they bite

عَضَّ بَعُضُّ عَضًّا وَ تَعِيْبِضًا (ن) to bite the

hands in sorrow, to seize

(assim v.)

bites (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) shall bite (in utter anguish and dispair)

ع من ل *

(perate. neg. m. plu.) المُعَنَّلُونا do not straiten

(Note: the final letter ن is a third redical that is changed to أَلَّتُ when followed by a pronoun).

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) thou disobeyeth, thou hast rebelled

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) (w.v.) عَصَيْتُ I disobey

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) (w.v.) عَمَوُوا they disoboyed

(perf. 1st p. plu.) we disobeyed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~disobeys

(w.v.) (imperf. 1st. p.m. sing.)
I disobey

لاً أَعْمَىٰ I shall not disobey

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) they disobey

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) (w.v.) they disobey

they (female) shall not disobey thee

(act. pic. >w.v.)

ع ط ل *

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii عطلت ا

to despoil, ii (one of his property), to leave unprotected

>> عَمَّلَ بَعْطُلُ عَطَالَةٌ (ن)

to be without work

(pic. pic. f. sing.) مُعَطِّلَةً abandoned

3 4 0 *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv <~gave

أعطل بنطني إعطآء

to give present, offer (ن) عَطَا مَعْلُو عَطُواً

to take (specially with the hand)

(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. iv we gave

إِنَّا أَعُطَيْنُكَ الْكُوْعَرُ نُ

We have giventhee Kauther.
[108:1]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv he gives

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv مُعْلُونًا they give (pay)

(3 p.m. sing.) p.p. w. v. iv اعْطُوا الله they are given

عَمْلُ يَعْشُلُ عَشْلاً (ن)

to straiten, withold unjustly, prevent

فَلَاتَفُفُلُومُنَّ آنْتَنَكِحْنَ

Straintent them (f.) not so that they wed. [2:232]

ع د ش ه ★

bits or enchant- (n.p.)
ment

عَمَّة بَعْمَة عَمْمًا (ف)

to lie, slander

>> عَمَنَا يَمْعُنُوا عَمُواً (ن) to divide into parts

(sing.)

and عِضُوْنَ and place, division

الَّذِينُ جَعَلُوا الْقُرُانَ عِضِينَ ۞

Those who have made the scripture bits. [15:91] (the phrase may also mean: those who pronounced the Quran to be lie or enchantment.)

ع ط ف *

neck (n.) الف

تَانِي عِطْفِهِ إِيْجِيلَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ

Bending his neck that he may lead astray (i.e. magnifying himself) behaving proudly (Ik.). [22:9]

to treat SS مطلم إعظاماً with respect, to give importance, to magnify

عَظْمٌ ، الْعَظْمُ الْعَظْمُ (n.) bone bones أَعْظُمُّ، عِظَامُّ (plu.)

عِظَاماً ، البِظَامَ . acc البِظَام ، gen <bones n. p.

عَظْمُ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m.)

the supreme (i. e., above all imperfection)

(one of the excellent names of Allah)

وكفؤالعكا العنلتك

And He is the High, the [2:255] Supreme.

mighty (2)

وَهُورَتُ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيْهِ ﴿

And He is the Lord of Mighty Throne. [1:129]

mighty, great, acc. big, heavy

greater. higher, (elative)

a giant (n.) > عَفَرَ تَعْفِرُ عَفْراً (ض)

to rub with, turn over, or hide in the dust

>>عَنْوْ وَعَنْوْ dust 422

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. w.v. iv they are given

فَأَنْ أَغْظُوا مِنْهَارَضُوا وَإِنْ لَوْ يُغَطُّوا

منعاً إذَاهُ مُ مَنْحَظُونَ @

Then if they are given thereof they are pleased, and if they are not given thereof. lo! they are enraged.

[9:58]

compare | (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) 'they give' in verse 9.30 and | pip. they are given, آء مُعْطُوا 'they are not given'in verse 9:58.

تعآطي (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi <~took

as R.F. see) تَمَاطِي تَمَاطِياً vi above و above عطاة gift. bestowment (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss ii ~magnifies, respecteth

to magnify SS, respect, to treat with respect

to be great, important

juss. iv

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< will magnify

passes over (4)

يَعْفُوْاعَنْ كَيْثِارُوْ

Much He passes over.

[5:15]

forgoes (5)

آوُيَعُفُواالَّذِي بِيدِهِ عُقْدَةُ التِّكَاجِ

Or he in whose hand is the wedding-knot forgoes.

[2:237]

Note (1) Where the verb

is followed by (or) as in pp.) it means to forgive, pardon, and when it is used without a preposition it means to pass over or to forgo. But it can not be taken as a firm rule.

a siknt آلِفُ as أَلِثُ as أَلِثُ as أَلِثُ أَلِثُ as in nominative case, otherwise no أَلْثُ is added

a.:d is pronounced).

juss. w.v. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

he forgives

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. they forgo or they (women) agree to forgo

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v.el. they may pardon

signifies anything that exceeds the ordinary bounds. It is probably applied to jinnee, and signifies evil in disposition, and wicked or malignant.

عَفَارِ بْتُ (plu.)

ع ف و ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. pardoned (1)

عَفَا يَهْفُوْ عَفُواَ (ن)

(i) to forgive, pardon لِي عَنْ

_ عَنْ to abound _

(iii) to pass over

(iv) to forgo

وَلَقَدُ عَنَاعَنُكُو ا

And He pardoned you.

[3:152]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they abounded (2) (grew and multiplied)

تُعْرَبَدُ لَنَامَكَانَ التِّيمَنَةِ الْمُسَنَّةَ حَثَى عَفُوا

Thereafter we substituted ease in place of adversity until they abounded.

[7:95]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) pardons (3)

عَدَاللهُ أَن يَعْفُو عَنْاكُمُ

(These:) belike Allah will pardon them. [4:99]

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خذالعَغُوَوَأَمُرُ بِالْعُرُفِ

Use thou indulgence and enjoin seemliness. (Jid.) keep forgiveness (O Mohammad) and enjoin kindness (Pic.) [7:199]

surplus, superfluity (2)

وَيَسْتَلُونَكَ مَا ذَالِنْفِقُونَ أَوْلِ الْعَفُورُ

And they ask thee what they (aught to) spend, say: superfluity (or surplus) i.e. whatever can be spared easily. [2:219]

ع ٺ ٺ ★

assim x

ليتشتغفيف

(3 p.m. sing) (el.) <let him abstain (1) (generously)

to abstain, restrain oneself, be chaste

to abstain from what is unlawful, be abstinent, restrain,

(Note: The verb is of assimilated type: in genetive cases "shadda" is removed and cluster is pronounced separately as

السَّتَعْفِفُ < بَسْتَعِفْ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. you forgo (1) تعفوا

وَإِنْ تَعَفُواا فَرْبُ لِلتَّقَوٰى

And thou should forgo is nigher unto piety. [2:237] you pardon (2)

أوتعنفوا عن سوء

Or ye pardon an evil. [4:149]

وَإِنْ تَعَفُوا وَتَصْفَحُوا وَتَغْفِرُوا

And if ye pardon and pass over and forgive. [64:14]

Note: In this verse the verb

by sut it still means 'to pardon'.

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)w.v. juss. we pardon

(perate m. sing.) w.v. is may thou pardon!

(you) forgive!

(3 p. m. sing,) pp. آي _ غني _ أ is pardoned

نَنَ عُفِي لَهُ مِن آخِيهِ مَنَى

Then whosoever is pardoned aught by his brother.

[2:178]

forgiveness, (1) (n.) indulgence

الْمَفُو

عَفْتِ بَغْفُ عَفْدًا وَ عُفْدًا وَ عُفْدًا وَ عُفْدًا وَ عَفْدًا وَ عَانَتَهُ (ن)

to succeed, take the place of (SS), to come after

وَلَى مُدُيرًا وَلَعُ يُعَقِّبُ

He turned in flight and looked not back. [27:10]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii عاقب < ~retaliated

to do a thing alternately with another, to punish, chastise

عَاقَبْتُمُ (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iii you punish

(perate. m. sing.) iii عَاقِبُوا (you) punish!

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. iii عُوفِبَ lit. was punished CR. was made to suffer

you were afflicted (3 p.m. plu.) pp. ii
you were afflicted

And if ye chastise, then chastise with the like of that wherewith ye were afflicted. [16:126]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv caused to follow, made the consequence

(to be....)

ومَنْ كَانَ غِنِيًّا فَلْيَسْتَعُفِفًا

And whoso (of the guardians) is rich, let him abstain (generously). (Pic.) [4:6]

let keep chaste (2)

وَلْيَسْتَعْفِفِ الَّذِيْنَ لَالِعَبِدُوْنَ نِكَاءً

And let those who cannot find a match, keep chaste.
[24:33]

(ن ك ح see نِكَاحٌ see)

acc. assim. x (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) they restrain themselves

the abstination v.n.v,
(from begging)

pardoning, very (n.)
forgiving

(one of the excellent names of Allah)

(act. pic. m. phu..) عافين pardoners

عَافِوْ >> عَافِ (sing.)

ع ق ب 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) juss. ii جَعْتُ: <~looked back

عَقَّتِ بُعَقَّبُ تَعْقِبُا

to follow, come after, look back

ending (n.)

(Note: If added to a pronoun the final & turns to الف as ألف , "her end".)

end (act. pic. f. sing.)

a happy, or (n. prop.) الْعَاقِبَةُ وَ good end

a reviser Ap-der. ii

those who join their (plu.) مُعَبِّراتُ duties in succession (angels succeeding one another by turns).

ع ق د ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

> عَيْدَ بَعْفَدُ عَشْداً (س)

to tie (a cord), tie in knots, bind, mata. ratify a contract, make a covenant

وَالَّذِينَ عَقَدَتُ آيُمَانُكُو

And unto those with whom ye have made a covenant.

[4:33]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُعَدِّدُ ثُمُّ ye bound

وَلِكِنْ يُولِنِهُمْ بِمَاعَقَدْتُمُ الْأَيْمَانَ

But he shall take you to task for that which you bound your oaths. [5:89]

فَأَعْقَبَهُمْ نِعَاقًا فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ

So he hath made the consequence (to be) hypocrisy in their hearts

[9:77]

acc. النف nom. عند final end (n.)

<posterity (1) (n.)</pre>
lit. end, after (SS)

وجعلها كلمة باقية فاعتبه

And he made it a lasting word among his posterity. [43:28]

heel (2)

n. dual عَقِيَيْنِ < com.

(p.n.3 p.m. sing.)

his two heels

سِتَنْ يَنْقُلِكِ عَلَى عَقِيمَةِ

From those who turneth back upon his heels.

[2:143]

أَعْقَابُ <heels (n. p.)

عَقِبُ (sing.)

chastisement v. n. عِنَابٌ ، الْبِقَابُ ، الْبِقَابُ ، (that comes as a result or consequences of sins)

عِقَابِ < f. d. com. عِقَالِيْ my chastisement or wrath,

requital steep (n.)

(the difficult path of duty)

to produce no result, to
be barren (female)

عَقُرَ يَسْقُرُ عُقْراً (ك)

عُ قَ ل خ

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المقلَّقالُةِ اللهِ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

عَقَلَ يَمْقِلُ عَقْلاً (ض)

lit. to bind the feet (of a camel) with a rope
meta. to understand, comprehend

(عَقَلُونُ they understood it)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَغْقِلُ understands

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَعْقِلُونَ they comprehend, understand

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُعْلُونَ you understand

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) نَعْقِلُ we understand

3 5 7 *

عقنمأ

(act. 2 pic) acc.

عَقُمَ بَعْقُمُ عُقَمًا (ك) to be barren (womb)

وَقَالَتُ عَجُوزٌ عَقِهِ نِهُ

And she said! an old barren woman! [51:29] (Note: in the above two verses the word عَانَ has different meanings, see

(compacts (n. p.)

(sing.)

عَدَّهُ النكاح wedding-knot

(sing.) عَفَدَةُ <knots الْعَقِدُ

And from the evil of the women blowers upon knots. [113:4]

(i.e., enchantresses who used to tie knots in a cord and to blow on them, muttering over them magical formulas in order to injure their victims. (Jid.—IK.)

ع ق ر ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

<~hamstrung

عَفِّرَ يَعْفِرُ عَفْراً (ض) to cut, wound, hamstring (a beast), slay

عَقَرُوا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَقَرُوا they hamstrung

(act. pic.) acc. آغر nom. غافر ا مom.

وَاثْنُوْ إِلَّهِ كَالَّذِي ظَلْتَ عَكَيْهِ عَلَمْنَا

And look at thy god to which thou hast been assiduous. (Jid.) i.e., of which thou had remained a votary.

[20:97]

inhabitant, (2) dweller

> سَوَّة وِلْمَاكِفُ فِيْءُ وَالْبَادِّ ual in respect are the

Equal in respect are the dwellar therein and nomad (or stranger.) [22:25]

acc. عَاكِمُوْنَ ، عَاكِمِهْمِنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) al كِمُوْنَ ، عَاكِمِهْمِينَ

وَانْهُمْ عَلِغُونَ فِي الْمَسْفِيدِ

While ye are retreating in the mosques. [2:187]

(pic. pac.) مَنْكُونَ > acc. مَنْكُونَ اللهِ

ع ل ن *

< clot (n.)

kech, clot of blood

الْمَلْفَةُ ، عَلَقَةً الْمَلْقَةُ ، عَلَقَةً

عَلَقُ

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii

to hang, to attach ii. أَعْلَقُ مُعْلِقًا (i.e., like the one (of women) neither in wedlock nor divorced and free to marry someone else) meta.-

عَذَابُ يَعْمُ عَدِينِهِ

The torment of a barren day (i.e., grievous day) (because it is a day having no day after it— [22:55]

الزِيْحَ الْعَقِيْءَ

The barren wind (i.e., destructive) wind. [51:41]

ع ك ف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) نَعُكُنُونَ they cleave to

عَكَفَ يَعْكُنُكُ عُكُوْفاً (ض ، ن) _ عَلَىٰ to cleave

constantly, presevere in, to give onesself up to, to remain constantly in a certain place

فَأَتَوْا عَلَى تَوْمِ يَتَكُفُونَ عَلَى أَصْنَامِ لِهُمْ

Than they came upon a people cleaving to the idols they had (Jid.), they come unto a people who were given up to idols which they had (Pic.). [7:138]

(Pickthall, compelled by the requirement of the rendering, translated by

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc.
assiduous (1)
(or) one who remains a
votary

عاكيفآ

عَلِمُوْا عَلِمْنُمْ عَلِمْنَا

ِ**بْعْلَمُ**وْنَ

that he knows jussf.d.	يغلوا	عَلِقَ يَمْلَقُ عَلَمًا (س)	
(they) in order to know	لِيَعْلَوُا	to hang, be suspended, to cleave to	0
knowest they not?	أَ لَمْ يَعْلَمُوا	* + 3	_
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye know	تَعْلَنُونَ	<u> </u>	
that you know juss.f.d.	تعكوا	(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)	
till ye know or understand المنافقة		to know, (س) عِلماً (م become acquinted with,	
that you may know	لِتَعْلَمُوا	perceive, understand	
ye know not	لَمْ تَعْلَقُوا	(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou knowest	3
(perate. m. sing.) (thou) know!	اغلم	(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they knew	
(perate. m. plu.) (you) know!	اعْلَوُا	(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye knew	
(3 p. m. sing.) pip. le. that these be known	لِيُعَمَّ	(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we knew	
(peef. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~taught	عَلَّمَ	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~knows	
to teach المَّامِّةُ عَلَيْهُا حَالَمُ المُ	ے <u>، و</u>	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) epl. will surely know	5
(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you taught	- 4 -0-	(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou knowest	
(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou taught	علت	you know(juss.)	
(perf. 1st p. sing.) I taught	عَلِيْنُ	he knows not	
(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii we taught	ءَلَنْا	(imperf. 1st p. sing.) I know	S
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ∼teaches	أبتآم	(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they know	نَ
174		0	

the knower (act. 2 pic.) (One of the excellant names of Allah) knower acc. knowledge is a permanent feature of his personality) well-knowen ints. مَعْلَامُ ، الْمُعَلَّةُ مُ (pic. pac. & sing.) known مَعْلَةُ مَأَتُ known ones taught one (pis. pic. ii.) <signs, marks p.n. غلامات (sing.) غلاقة (worlds (p. n.) العالمان عَالَم (sing.) (Note: The المالن , plural of "le , signifies all categories of existence both in

note: The , plural of , signifies all categories of existence both in physical and the spiritual sense. It indicates also that the 'world' is not only what man knew upto now but there are numerous worlds to be discovered or known in future. In this comprehensive sense Allah is the Lord of worlds, and hence this word is related to one of the attributes of Allah. At some places the Holy

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv they (two) teach يُعَلَّدُ نَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they teach (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) vou teach com. imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) مُعَادُّ (may)thou teach me 3 (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we teach 1-1.1 that/may or we in order to teach him. (2 p. m. sing.) pp. thou art taught (2 p. m. plu.) pp. you are taught (Ist. p. plu.) pp. we are taught (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) v they learn to learn, seek knowledge information, knowledge المراء علاء learning knower (act. pic. m. sing.) alearned ones, p.b. عُلَماً ، العُلَما ، العُلَما ، knowers عَالِمُونَ ، عَالِمَنَ ، عَالِمَنَ ، عَالِمُنَ ، عَالِمُنَ ، ones 24. عَلَوْ ا

* . J E

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. <∞overcome

to be high, (ن) عَلَا يَعُلُوْ عُلُواً elevated, exalted, ascend, overcome, exalt oneself, be proud

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv w.v. lit. they overcome

وَلِيُتَ بِرُوامًا عَلَواتَ يُسِيرًا

And to lay waste all that they conquered with utter waste (Pic.). And they may destroy with utter destruction whatsoever may fall under their power.

[17:7]

LIE Y

لَمُلُنَّ

تَعَالَىٰ

(perate neg. m. plu.)
exalt not yourselves

الكاتعُ أَوَّا عَلَىٰ وَأَنُّونِ مُسْلِمِينَ

Exalt not yourselves against me, and come unto me as those who surender.

[27:31]

ye assuredly will epl. w. v. overcome (be great, high)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi he is (be) exalted, high, above

سبخنه وتعلىعمايصفون

Glorified be He and high above (all) that they ascribe (unto Him). [6:100] Quran has used this term in its figurative expression to denote surrounding people of the addressed person or community, such as,

يَبَنِيَّ إِسْرَاْ مِثْلُ اذْكُرُوْ الْعَسَيِّى الْحَقَّ ٱلْعَتُكُ عَلَيْكُوْ وَإِنَّى فَكَسُلْتُكُوْمَ لَلَّا الْسُلِيدِيْنَ

O children of Israel! Remember my favour wherewith I favoured you and how I preferred you above all other people. [2:47]

* i J E

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv.
<I made public (proclamation)

to make open, iv. اَعَلَىٰ إِعَلَامًا to speak, openly, manifest to make public

حَمَلَنَ بَعْلِنُ عَلَنا وَ عَلاَيْتَةً (ض، ن) to be open, manifest

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv. ye make known, spoke openly

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُعْلِنُونَ they manifest. they make public

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv. you manifest, ye make public

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv.
we say openly, make public openly acc. v.n. R. F.

high (act. pic. f. sing.)	تَعَالَوْا (perate m. plu.) عَالَةُ ا
	ألمُوا (perate. m. sing.) المُوا
,	thou come! أَمَالَيْنَ (perate. f. plu.)
< high one	(you women) come! (perate. f. sing.) thou (f.) come!
a discription for plural obejects—non-human being	(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x انتقلل ما pergermost
great height .	to become أَسْتَعْلَىٰ اسْتِعْلَا وَاللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ال
~the highest one	وَقَدُ أَفُ كُمَ الْيُؤْمَرَ مِنِ اسْتَعُلُ عِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُرَمِنِ اسْتَعُلُ اللَّهُ مُرْمَنِ اسْتَعُلُ
the great (m. sing.) elative.	will indeed be successful.
(m. plu.) يَلُونَ great ones, overcoming ones	(act. pic. m. juss. v.w.) \[vyrant, self-exalting one of the
<the highest="" td="" ،="" ا<="" الللّهُ="" اللّهُ="" الْعِلِمُثْنِينَ="" الْعِلْمُ="" الْعِلْمُثُونَ="" الْعِلْمُثْنِينَ="" مِلْمِثُونَ="" وَالْمُعْلِثُونَ=""><td>(act. pic. acc.) w. v. الله tyrant, self-exalting one</td></the>	(act. pic. acc.) w. v. الله tyrant, self-exalting one
(sing.) (A place in the seventh Heaven to which the souls of the	(act. pic.) w. v. وَالْهُ الْهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينِ الْهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينِ الْهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينِ الْهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّالِمُ الللَّا لِلللَّ اللَّهُ اللَّ
believers will ascend.)	its high place
the high, exalted Ap-der. viii	مَمَلُنَاعَ الْعَمَّا الْعَمَّا الْعُمَّا الْعُمَّا الْعُمَّا الْعُمَّا الْعُمَّا الْعُمَّا الْعُمَّا
ع ل ی 🖈	
over (1) (preposition)	upon (2)
on, upon,	غِلِيهُمْ ثِيَابُ سُنَدُس
A—Physical:	Upon them shall be garments of the green silk. [76:21]
وَعَلَيْهَا وَعَلَى الْفُلْكِ ثُحَمَّا لُوْنَ And on them and on the ship ye are borne. [23:22]	(act. pic. m. plu.) عَالِينَ ، الْمَالِينَ self-exalting ones
422	277

قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَى هَلْ اللَّهِ عُكَ عَلَ أَنْ تُعَلِّمَنِ مِمَا غِلْمُتَ رُشُكًا

Musa said unto him: shall I follow thee for that thou mayest teach me of that which thou hast been taught a directive knowledge. [18:66]

on the ground of, (8) provided that

قَالَ إِنِّ أُرِيُدُانُ أُنْكِعَكَ احْدَى الْمُنَّقَ لُمَّيْنِ

He said, verily I would marry thee to one of these two daughters of mine provided that thou hirest thysif to me for eight years. [28:27]

on the top of (9)

فتشير بُؤنَ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ الْحَمِيمُور

And shall be drinkers thereon of boiling water. [56:54]

against (10)

عَلِيُهِ وَدَآيِرَةُ السَّوْدِ

Against them shall be the

[9:98]

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(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُعَدِّدُتُ

B--Ideative

وَإِنَّىٰ فَكُلُّتُكُومُ لَى الْعُلِينَ

And I preferred you over the worlds. [2:47]

for (2)

وحرّمناعليه والمروضع من فبال

And We had, aforetime, forbidden foster mother for him. [28:12]

at (time) (3)

ودخل المكينية على حين غفكة ين الميلها

and he entered the city at a time of unawareness of the inhabitants. [28:15]

under (4)

وَلِتُصُنَّعَ عَلَىٰ عَيْنِيْ

In order that thou mayet be brought up under may eye. [20:39]

to (5)

فَخَرَجَ عَلْ قَوْمِهِ مِنَ الْمِحْوَابِ

Then he came forth to his people [19:11]

for that (6)

يْحَسُرَقْ عَلْ مَافَرَظتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللهِ

Alas! for that I have been remiss in respect of Allah. [39:56]

for that, (7) (to state the cause) (3 p. m. sing.) pip. ii to be given a long life

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii
< ∼ performed Umra

is a kind of pilgrimage, with fewer rites. Literally, a visit or a visiting. Technically a religious visit to the sacred Mosque

with the garments الإخرام (Ihram,)curcuiting round the الكراف Kaba, الكراف seven times, making seven round between the base of

'Safa' and 'Marwa'

mounts, concluding the ceremony with shaving, or shortening of head's hair. Al Haj differs from it in as much as it is at a particular time of the year besides other obligatory performances while Umra may be performed at any time of the year.)

اشتَعْمَرَ السَّعْمَرَ السَّعْمَرَ السَّعْمَرَ السَّعْمَرَ السَّعْمَرَ السَّعْمَرَ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَارِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمَ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمَرِ السَّعْمِ الْعِمْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَّعِي السَامِ السَامِيْمِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَّعْمِ السَامِ السَام

to dwell in (a place)

Note: the current political

term (to colonize) has nothing to do

with its literal meaning)

to seek or intend SS purposely

to (ض) عَمَدَ بَعْمِدُ مَعْداً (ض) intend, to support, place columns or pillars

acc.v أَعَمَدُهُ intentionally (Ap-der.)

<pillars (n. p.)</p>

غمتة

(sing.) Sie

lofty structure (n.)

إدَمَرَذَاتِ الْعِمَادِ

The (people) of many columned Iram. [89:7]

(For details about this see (أ ر م

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غَرَوُوا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَرَوُوا <they inhabited

to (نَ عَارَةً (نَ inhabit, dwell in (place), to tend

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~tends

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. they tend

أَنَّ يَعْمُرُوا that they tend

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) juss. ii
we grant a long life

to prolong ii 🥳 <

عَلِ بَعْمَلُ عَلا (س)

to work, do, perform, act, construct

~did (perf. 3 p.f. sing.)

(perf. 3 p. m. phi.) 11

they did, work, act

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you did, worked

Note: Most often the perfect past tense of this root

is preceeded by

مِنْ ، ما conditional or مَنْ of relative or demonstrative pronouns. Then it means 'who does' 'works' instead of its real meaning of past tense.

acc. بعمل juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
does, did,
did not do, that he may do
does (imperf 3 p. f. sing.)

(also often this form is used,
as a general rule of Arabic
grammar, to denote the
meaning of plural by
placing it before the sub-

acc. أَعْلُ الْعَلَ juss. أَعْلُ الْعَلَ (imperf. 1st p. sing.)
I do

يَعْمَلُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْمَلُونَ they do, act life (n.)

لَعَنْوُكَ إِنَّهُمْ لَغِيْ سَكُوْتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ But by thy life, in their intoxication they were wandering bewildered. [15:72]

lifetime (n.) acc.

تحرآ

nom.

(see above) Umra (n.)

tending (v. n.)

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frequented (pact. pic.)

وَالْبِيَتِ الْمَعْمُودِ

By the House frequented.

[52:4]

is the original model of Ka'ba, and over it, or corresponding to it, in heaven, which thousands of angels visit every day and around which they circuit and pray. (IK.> Bukh. Mus.)

an aged man (pis. pic.) ii

تَعَمَّرُ

ع ء ق *

<deep (act. 2 pic.)</p>
عَنْ بَعْدُقُ هَمَافَةً وَ عَمْقًا (ك)

to be deep (a valley, well)

* 1 1 E

قِيل (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

200

ject).

نَعْمَلُ

اغَلُوْا عَلَّ الْعَمَلُ أَخْمَالُ

عَامِلُ

عَامِلُوْنَ عَامِلِيْنَ

الْعَامِلُوْنَ

الْعَامِلَيْنَ

	
paternal uncle (n.)	(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you do, act
paternal uncles (n. p.)	juss. Jai acc. Jai nom.
(sing.) 👼	we do
	(perate. m. sing.) (thou) make!, do! work!
Note: In the H.Q. these words have always occur- red followed by a 2 p. pro-	(perate. m. plu.) (you) make!, do!, work!
noun such as jour	acc. Se nom,
uncle, مُعَانِكُ your uncle, عُمَانُكُ	deed, work, action (n.)
your aunts.	<pre><deeds, (n.="" actions<="" p.)="" pre="" works,=""></deeds,></pre>
	(sing.)
31. *	(act. pic. m. sing.)
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) نَعْمُونَ	worker, doer
<they td="" wander<=""><td>ſ</td></they>	ſ
to be (س) آمِنَةُ عَبَّاً confounded, perplexed, un- able to find the right course, confused	(act. pic. m. ph.) workers, doers,
* 5 7 8	(act. pic. f. sing.) travailing, toiling
(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وقتى المارة (perf. 3 p. m. sing.)	عَامِلَةُ ثَامِيةً
غَمِی یَعْمٰی عَبا (س) to become blind	Travailing, worn. (i.e. labo- uring through Hell-fire). [88:3]
(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. قَبَتَة lit. ~blinded	* 11
فَعَيِيَتْ عَلَيْهِ وُالْأَنْبُأَةُ يَوْمَهِيْ	(
On that Day (all) tidings will be dimmed. [28:66]	ن و see. {

this preposition is used to denote off, from off, away from, out of, inspite of, concerning

وَلَاتُسْكِلُ عَنْ آصُعْبِ الْبَحِيثِم

And thou will not be asked about the fellows of Hellfire. [2:119]

with (2)

وكن ترمنى عَنْكَ الْيَهُودُ

And the Jews will never be pleased with thee. [2:120]

from (3)

أوللك عنهامبعكون

They will be far removed from thence. [21:101]

for SS in place of (4)

And guard yourselves against a Day when no soul in aught will avail another. (or) avail for a soul.

[2:48]

because (5)

وَمَاكُانَ اسْتِغُفَالُوابُولِهِ يَمَ لِكَهِيْهِ الْاَعَنْ تَعْوَدُوْ وَمَنَاهَآلِيَاءُ

The prayer of Ibrahim for the forgiveness of his father was only because of a promise he had made to him. [9:114] (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) عُوْدًا they were blind

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) (w.v.) وقعلي gets blind

(3 p. f. sing.) ii p. p. (w.v.) ~had been made obscure

عَمَىٰ تَعْمِيتُ to render blind

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. اُعْمَٰیٰ <made blind

to cause or أُعْمَىٰ إِغْمَاءاً make SS blind

blindnes (v.n.) تَعْمَى ، عَمَى

فَاسُتَحَبُّواالْعَسَىٰعَلَ الْهُدْي hen they preferred blindne

Then they preferred blindness to the guidance. [41:17]

blinds, (n. p.) acc. عَنُونَ | عَيْنِيَ who become blind

(sing.) a

(who cannot see due to their spiritual blindness)

أَعْلَىٰ / الْأَعْلَىٰ (n.) blind

عَنيُّ / عَنبُ المَنبُ المَنب

أعمل (sing.)

< blinds, (n. p.) الْمُعْمَانَا اللهِ

(sing.) ce

ع ٺ ⋆

عَنْ (preposition) (1)

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)

your are overburdened
to meat (س) عَنِتَ مَنْتُ عَنْتُ الله with difficulty, fall into distress, to be overburdened

you would have (l.c.)
overburdened

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. حَنَتُ الْعَنَتُ مِن caused a burden

pass through iv أَغَنَتُ إِغَنَا الْعَناتُ الْعَنْتُ الْعَناتُ الْعَاتِي الْعَناتُ الْعَناتُ الْعَناتُ الْعَناتُ الْعَنْتُ الْعَنَات

をごうははなる

difficulty, put on burden

Had Allah willed He could have subjected you to burden. [2:220]

<falling in crime (v.n.)</p>
or sin

to commit iv (س) عَنِتَ عَنَا a crime, sin

ع ن د 🖈

عَنِندٌ | عَنِنداً / gact. pic. f. sing.) acc. عَنِندٌ | عَنِنداً

عَنِدَ عَنُدُ عُنُوداً (ن ، ك) عَنِدَ to decline, deviate(س) عَنَدَ عَنَداً to resist, الله عَنَداً be rebellious

(A particle used as عِنْدُ preposition) < near, (actual), (with) (1) of (as ب) (6)

وَمَايَنْطِقُ عَنِ الْهَوٰي

Nor does he speak of (his own) desire. [53:3] of (as () (7)

الله عَني عَن الْعَلِينَ

Allah is independent of the worlds. [3:97]

of what, + 2 (com.)

र्वेशिक क्रिक्र क्रिके

Allah is not unaware of what ye do. [2:74]

whereof $\hat{\rho}$ + $\hat{\omega}$ (com.)

shortend form of $\hat{\omega}$ used only in an interrogative phrase

عَخَ يَتَسَاءَلُوْنَ

Whereof do they question one another? [78:1]

ع ن ب ★

a grape (n.) عَنَبُ

acc.

خَابُ (grapes (n. p.)

عنَبُ (sing.)

ع ن ت *

crime, misforture

عَنَتُ

عَنْتِ الْوُجُوْهُ for ع ن و see

(this is a metaphorical phrase that means: do not be niggardly)

وَكُلِّ إِنْسَانِ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ ظَيْرِهُ فِي عُنْقِهِ

And to every man We have fastened his action round his neck. [17:13]

(here also is a mataphorical meaning i.e., like collar which he can not get off)

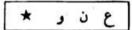
(necks. (n. p.)

(sing.)

occured in actual sense of neck while singular, as shown above, has its metaphorical uses



spider (n.) عُرِيَّةُ عُرِيَّةً



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

عَنَا بَعْنُو عَنَامًا وَ عُنُوَّةً (ن) - ل to submit humbly, to be down-

وَعَلَتِ الْوُجُودُ لِلْحَيِّ الْعَيْوُمِ

And downcast will be faces before the Living, the Self-Subsisting. [20:111] denotes the meaning of 'near' whether it be actual in the sense of possession or ideational, also it denotes a sense of rank or dignity or opinion (Rgh.)

لَوُ كَانُواعِنْدَنَامَامَاتُوْاوَمَامُتِلُوا

Had they been with us, they had not died nor had they been slain. [3:156]

وَجَنَعِنْكَ هَارِزُقًا

He found provision by her (i.e., placed near her.)
[3:37]

near (ideational) (2)

فلكوت الكوعية باديكو

That were best for you with your Creator. [2:54]

to indicate sense of (3) dignity, or the nearness

بَلُ آخَيَا ا عِنْدَرَتِهِمُ

Nay! they are living with their Lord. [3:169]

* 3 0 2

neck (n.)

وَلاَقِعَالَ بَدَاكَ

And let not thine hand be chained to thy neck. [17:29]

7:29]

cast

كَيْفَ يَكُونُ لِلْكُثْرِكِيْنَ عَمُدُعِنَا لِلْهِ

How can there be for the associators a treaty with Allah. [9:7]

oath (2)

وكان عَهْدُاللُّهِ سَنُولًا

And an oath to Allah must be answered. [33:15]

covenant (3)

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَشْتَكُونَ بِمَعْدِاللهِ وَأَيْمَانِمُ ثَسَنًا قِلِيْلًا

Lo! Those who purchase a small gain at the cost of Allah's covenant and their oaths. [3:77]

covenant, promised, (4) appointed time

أفطأل عكيتكم العقث

Lasted then the covenant too long for you (Jid). Did the time appointed then appear too long for you? (Pic.). Did the promised time then, seem long to you. (M.A.). [20:86]

ع م ن *

wool (n.) المِهْنُ

كالعفن المنفؤش

As carded wool. [101:5]

* * * *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) $2 - \frac{1}{2}$ covenanted, charged (1)

عَبِدَ بَعْمَدُ عَبْداً (س) - إلى to covenant, to charge, enjoin, impose

سَاعَهِدَ عِنْدَكَ

Of what He hath a covenant with thee. [7:134]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) Vinc to impose (2)

وَعَهِدُنَّا إِنَّ إِبْرَهِمَ

And We imposed a duty upon Ibrahim. [2:125]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) juss. to charge (3)

ٱلنَّوْاعْهَا النِّكُوْ يٰبَنَّ أَدْمَر

Did I not charge you, O ye sons of Adam. [36:60]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii اَهَدَ <made covenant

to make ii أَعَدَ مُعَاهَدَة covenant, to swear, to contract

أَهُدُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii أَعَدُوا they made covenant

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii عاهدة you made covenant

treaty (1) (v.n.)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v.

we return

we shall return v.d. w.v.

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv

shall repeat (1)

to cause SS to [] []

return, to repeat, to be restored

إِنَّا لَيْ مُنْ إِلَّهُ الْمُعَلِّقُ ثُمَّ أَيْمِينُهُ

Verily He beginneth the creation then He shall repeat it. [10:4]

to be restored (2)
the verb 36 is transitive
that means to get SS return or cease to return but
in the verse 34:49 it
seems to be in the meaning of 'to return' (i e., intransitive) but in fact
this is an idiom

مُلاَنَّ مَا بَينِدُ وَ مَا مِنْدِهُ أَيْ

قُلُ جَا مَا الْحَقِّ وَمَا لِيُبِي كُ الْبَاطِلُ وَمَا لِيُعِيدُ Say Thou! The truth is come (i.e., after the advent of Islam) and falsehood shall neither originate nor be restored. [34:49]

com. (f.d.) کُورُدُو کِ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they restore you * 5 9 8

ع و د *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

عَادَ يَعُوْدُ عَوْداً وَ عَوْدَةً وَ مَعَاداً (ن) to return, away (trans.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) اقادُوا they returned

have come back

ted, warp

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) (w.v.) عُدْتُمُ you returned

(perf. Ist. p. m. plu.) (w.v.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)(w.v.) يَوُدُونَ they return

that they return (f.d.)

if they return acc.. أَنْ يَعُوْدُوْا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) نَعُوْ دُوْن ye return

(if) you return f.d. w.v.

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) epl. w.v. assuredly ye shall return

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ته دوا

لَعَا دُنَ

(perate. m. sing.) x, w.v. غَيْقَةُ <seek refuge as R.F. أَسْتَعَادَ refuge (pis. pic., w.v.)

Allah be my refuge مُعَادَ اللهِ (an idiom)

ع و د ★

<(laid) open (1) (n.)</p>
private parts (of man or woman) what one is ashamed to expose, something laid open to enemies, time suitable for exposure of oneself

إِنَّ الْهُوتَنَاعُورَةٌ وَمَا هِيَ بِعَوْرَةٍ

Verily our houses are open while they (lay) not open. [33:13]

nakedness (2)

حَوْرَاتُ (n. p.) عُوْرَاتُ

غَوْرَةُ (sing.)

آرِ الطِّفْلِ النَّذِينَ لَوْ يَظْهُرُوا عَلَ عَرْسَ النِّسَالَةِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّلْمِلْمُلْلِي الللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّا الللَّا

[24:31]

privacy (3)

ثَلْفُ عَوْرْتِ لَكُوْ

Three times of privacy for you. [24:58]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v.

(3 p. m. plu.) p.m. iv. w.v. اَعِنْدُوْا they sent back, (or) taken back.

act. pic. m. phu.) (w.v.) عَالَّدُونَ those who return

home! the (n.p.t.) w.v. sales place where every body will compulsorily come back

ع و ذ ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) (w.v.) عُدُدُةً I sought refuge

عَاذَ يَعُوْذُ عَوْذًا وَ عِيَاذًا وَ مَعَاذًا (ن)

to seck protec-

tion of someone from SS, seek refuge in SS against SS or some danger

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) (w.v.) أَعُودُةً I seek refuge

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)(w.v.) بَعُوذُوْنَ they seek refuge

iv, w.v. أُعِنْدُ (imperf. Ist. p. sing.)

I seek refuge for to cause iv. \$\begin{align*}
\begin{align*}
\

انِّ أَعِينُ مَامِكَ

I seek refuge for her with Thee. [3:36] عَوَانُ

العير

استَعَانَ اسْتِعَانَةً x to seek help

(perate. m. plu.) w.v., x (you) seek help!

(pis. pic. m. sing.) w.v., x one whose help is saught

<one of middle age (n.)

عَانَ يَعُونُ عَوْناً (ن)

to be of middle age

ع ی ب *

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)acc. w.v. حِيْثُ < I damage

عَابَ يَعِيْبُ عَيْبًا (ض)

to be or make damage, to defect

ع ی د *

caravan (n.)

ع ی ش *

عِيْشَةٌ أَنْ (v.n.) عَيْشَةً وَ عَبْشَةً وَ عَبْشَةً وَ مَيْشَةً (ض) وَ مَعَيْشَةً (ض)

to live in a certain manner

مَعِيْضَةً (v.n.) livelihood

مَعاَيِشُ (sing.) مَعْشَةٌ (sing.)

ع و ت 🖈

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ii w.v. الْمُوْقِيْنِ <thou who hinder

عَاقَ بَعُوْقُ عَوْقاً (ن) وَ عَوَّقَ تَعْوِيْقاً to hinder, ii impede, restrain, prevent

3 6 7 *

<year acc. أَوْ nom. أَوْ اللَّهُ (plu.) أَعْوَامٌ (plu.)</p>

two years (dual.) عَامَيْنِ

ع و ن 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v., iv j̃alicli < ∼helped

يُعْيِنُ إِعَالَةً _ عَلَىٰ أَعَانَ to aid, assist, help

(perate. m. plu.) w.v., iv أَغِنُوا (you) help!

أَعْنُونِ ! you) help me!

تَمَاوَنَ تَمَاوُناً ,wi

to cooperate, help one another

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) w.v., vi we seek help springs (n. p.) عيون

إِنَّ النُّتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّتٍ وَعُيُونِ

Verily the God-fearing shall be amidst gardens and springs. [15:45]

فين (2) eye

وَالْعَيْنَ بِالْعَيْنِ

And the eye for the eye.

[5:45]

عَيْنَاهُ his eyes

ئنتاك thy eyes

n.d. com. عَنْاكَ عَنْا

com. عَنْكُ acc.

the two eyes

عَيْنَانِ n.d. عَ + dual. عَنْنَانِ

عَنْنَيْنَ n.d. عَا + dual. عَنْنَكُ

< eyes (n. p.)

(sing.)

< those who have (n. p)</p>
wide (lovely) eyes

عَنْاهُ (sing.)

water spring n.pt.

* 5 5 5

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v.

time for seeking n. p t. acc. livelihoods

ع ى ل 🖈

أثالاً ماثلاً (act. pic. m. sing.) acc. عَاثِلاً وَعَالِمَ اللَّهِ عَالِمًا وَعَالِمَ اللَّهِ عَالِمًا وَعَالِمًا وَعَالِمُ عَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلْمِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلْمُ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِيْهِ وَعَلِي وَعَلِي وَعَلِي وَعَلِيمًا وَعَلَيْهِ وَعَلِي مَا عَلِي مَا عَلِي مَا عَلِي مَا عَ

to be or become poor, destitute

ع و ل 🖈

أَسُولُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) تَوُلُوا ye tun aside i.e. do unjustice

عَالَ يَعُولُ عَولًا (ن)

to swerve, to turn aside neglecting otherside i.e. to do or be unjust

ذٰلِكَ أَدْنَى ٱلَّاتَعُولُوا

That will be more fit, that ye may swerve not [4;3]

ع ی ن 🖈

spring (1) (n.)

فِيْهَاعَيْنُ جَارِيَهُ And .

There shall be a spring running. [88:12]

two springs (dual n.) عَيْنَيْنِ

first creation?

[50:15]

was wearied juss. w.v.

يَعْيَىٰ

وَكُوْيَغَى بِخَلْفِهِنَّ

And was not wearied by their creation. [46:33]

عَبِيَ يَعْنِي عَبِاهُ أَ (س) to be unable to find the way to do anything

آفيينتا بالخلني الكؤل

Are We then wearied with the

كتاب الغين

Note: This verb has opposite meanings i.e., to remain behind and to depart. In the H.Q. the former is meant.

غ ب ن ★

to lose and gain v.n. vi. التَّفَا أَنْ
 mutually

تَغَابَنَ تَغَابُناً . to cheat vi.

يَوْمُرَيَجْمُ عَكُوُ لِيَوْمِ الْجَمْعِ ذَٰ لِكَ يَوْمُ التَّعَالَيْ

(Remember) the day whereon He shall assemble you unto the Day of Assembling, that shall be the Day of mutual loss and gain.

[64:9]

(i.e., the Day of the Hereafter, where some people who were fortunate enough in their worldly life اَلْفَارُ عو د الْفَادُوْنَ عو د الْفَادُوْنَ عود د الْفَادُوْنَ عود و ی الْفَادُوْنَ عود و ی الْفَادُوْنَ عود ع ش ی الْفَادُیْنَ عود ط الْفَادِیْنَ عود ط الْفَادِیْنَ عود ع ی ب الْفَادِیْنَ عود ع ی ب الْفَادِیْنَ عود ع

dust meta. gloom (n.) غَبَرَةُ

غَبَّرَ يَغْبُرُ غُبُوراً (ن)

to become ix is iv of the colour of dust, become very dusty

(pic. pac. m. sing.) لفارين those who remained behind

غَبَرَ يَغْبُرُ عُبُوراً (ن)

to remain, to depart

piously

فَينَ مَعْدَقُ عَدُقاً (س) وَ أَغْدَقَ اللهِ to abound in water (spring), rain co-

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) فعدوت <thou settedst forth

غَدًا يَعْدُوْ غُدُوا (ن) to go in morning, go forth early, to depart (any time)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) (w.v.) they went out

(perate. m. plu.) (w.v.) (you) go out!

(n.) acc. Tie gen. the morrow (the coming day)

(n.) acc. Tile nom.

morning أأفراة

morning meal

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~settest (sun)

to disppear, to set (sun, star, etc.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~sets (sun)

will lose, on the other hand some of those who had no fortune in their worldly life will gain.)

(I.K.,Z.R.)

41 % rubbish (1) (n.) (carried away by a torrent)

Than We made them a refuse (like rublish to be thrown away). [23:41]

stubble (2)

قتقلة غقاة آخذى

Then made it to stubble dusky (for the cattle). [87:5]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii ~leaveth

>غَادَرَ مُفَادَرَةً

to leave, leave behind

>> غَدَرَ يَغْدُرُ غَدْراً (ن، ض)

to break a contract

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iii juss. we leave

لَهُ نَعَادِرُ we leave no~

<ple>plenteous acc. (v.n.)

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verbal noun, and means guile or guiling, while the latter in with fatha on means 'the means or object of which one beguiles.'

غ ر ف*ن*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اغْتَرَفَ ~ladle

> أُغَيِّرُفَ اغْيَرَاهاً to dip (water with the hand)

a lading (a quan- (n.) (1) tity (of) water) which fills the hand)

إلامن اغترك عُرُفَةً إيده

Save him who takes (thereof) in the hollow of his hand (Pic.). excepting him who ladeth a lading with his hand (Jid.). [2:249]

the high place, (n.) (2) النُزُفَةُ upper chamber

> غُرَفٌ ، غُرُفاتُ (plu.)

غُرِّفٌ ، غُرَّهَا places, upper chambers. {

غ ر ق

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أغرقناً < we drowned the setting of the sun

the western (rel. adj. m.)

the western (rel. adj. f.)

أَخْرِيتُ الْمُوْرِبُ (randl.)

the wests (n. pt. dual.)

the wests (n. pt. plu.)

acc. الْمُوْرِبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَمِنْ وَاحْدُوبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَمِنْ وَحَدِيبُ وَاحْدُوبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَمِنْ وَحَدِيبُ وَمِنْ وَحَدِيبُ وَحَدِيبُ وَمِنْ وَحَدَيبُ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَحَدِيبُ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمَاكِمُ وَاحِدُوبُ وَمِنْ وَاحْدُوبُ وَمِنْ وَمَاكِمُ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ

غ د د 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. v ~beguiled

خَوْ بَغُو عَوْاً وَ غُوْدُواً (ن)
 to beguile, deceive

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)assim. v غَوَّتُ مُواتِدُ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) juss. يَغُورُو let beguile

أَلاَ يَغْرُدُكَ let not be guile thee

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) emp. نَعْرَانَ should beguile

لاَ يَغُرَّنَكَ let not be guile you

غُرُورٌ ، غُرُوراً (.guile (v.n.) الْذُرُورُ (.deguiler (n.)

Note; The word غُرُورُ

(with damma on خُ) is

غ زو غرامأ a continous (n.) acc. torment, anguish a forced loan, a debt (v.n.) that must be paid (pis. pic. m. plu.) those who are involved in debt, or laid under an obligation we have stirred, w.v. iv we have occasioned أَغُرِي إغْرَاها - ب ، مِينَ to inspire iv one with a strong desire for doing SS, incite, urge, cause to, adhere to لنفرتق

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) epl. we surely set up against

وَالْمُرُجِفُونَ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ لَنْغُرِينَكَ بِعِمُ And the alarmists in the city (if not cease) We verily shall set up (urge) thee against them. [33:60]

<thread; spun (n.)

to spin

غَزَلَ يَغْزِلُ غَزْلاً (ض)

(act. pic. plu.)* w.v.

< fighters (sing.) (*) on the pattern of 448

that he may acc. iv drown

>غَرِقَ يَغْرَقُ غَرْقًا (س) to sink (in water)

لِتُغْرِقَ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) el. iv (that did it) in order to drown

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv we drown

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. iv they were drowned

> الْغَرَقُ drowning (v.n.)

vehemently (to v.n. acc. destruction)

وَالنِّيزِعْتِ غَرُقًا

By the (angles) who drag vehemently (Jid.). By those who drag forth to destruction. (i.e. the souls of the infidels from their bosoms.)

acc. (pis. pic. m. plu.)

those who are drowned

(act. pic. m. plu.) < debtors

غَرَمَ يَغْزَمُ غَرْماً (غُرْمًا) وَ غَرَامَـةً وَ مَغْرَما (س)

to be in debt, to pay (a tax, fine)

ELA

until ye have تَخَتَّ تَفْتَسِلُوا washed yourselves

(pis. pic. m. sing.) place for washing (Rgh.), water (Jid.), spring (Pic.)

Note. Etymologically the passive particle from a derived stem stands also as the noun for place and time.

corruption (n.) i.e., what flows from the bodies of the damned

غ ش ی ★

(parf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w. v.) المجتمع overcome, covered عَشْنَى غَضْاَيَةً وَ غَشَاوَةً (س) to cover conceal

فَغَيْثِيَهُ وَقِنَ الْيَوْ مَاغَيْبِيَهُ وُ

And, then covered them with that which did cover them of sea. [20:78]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

overcomes (with يَعْشَا أَلِف when attached to a pronoun)

وَالَيْلِ إِذَا يَغْتَلَى Be the Night when it covereth. [92:1] to (نَ عَزُو غَزُواً (نَ go forth, to raid on enemy's land

act pic. sing.

p.b. غزى

غَزَوَاتْ plu غَزُوهُ "

غ س ق ★

حَلَقَ (v.n.) حَلَقَة

غَسَقَ بَغْمِقُ غَسْقاً (ض) to become very dark (night)

أميق (act. pic. m. sing.) غاميق darkness, darkner

غَسَّاقٌ / غَسَّاقًا (ints.)

corrupion (Jid.) (flowing from the bodies of the damned)

paralysing cold (Pic.)

غ س ل *

(perate. m. plu.) اَعْمِيلُوا (you) wash!

غَسَلَ بَغْسِلُ غَسْلاً غُسُلاً (ض) فَسَلاً فَسُلاً (ض) to wash, purify

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) f. d. المُغْتَمِلُونا <you wash

to wash one- viii اغْسَلَ اغْسَالًا self

as R. F. to cover مُعَشَّىٰ تَعَشَّىٰ اللهِ مَا اللهِ مَا اللهِ مَا اللهِ مَا اللهِ مَا اللهِ مَا اللهُ اللهِ مَا اللهُ اللهُ

فلقاتنضها حسكت عنلا تحفيقا

And when he covered her, she bore a light burden.

[7:189]

(perf. 3 p.m. phr.) w.v. x اسْتَغْشُوْ ا they covered themselves

to get oneself under x, cover, or cover oneself

w.v. x بَسْمَغُشَوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they cover themselves

w.v. أَلْنَاشِيَةُ / الْنَاشِيةَ (act. pic. f. sing.)
overwhelming covering
lit. a thing that covers.

the day of Resurrection(1)

مَلُ أَمُّكَ حَدِيثُ الْمَاشِيةِ

Hath there come unto thee the story of the covering events? (i.e., Resurrection, because it will overwhelm with its terror). [88:1]

an overwhelming (2) torment

اَفَالُوْاَانُ تَاتِيَهُمْ هَاشِيَةٌ مِّنْ عَذَابِ اللهِ

Are they secure then against

(that) there may come

upon them an overwhelming of Allah's torment.

[12:107]

وَالْيُعْلِ إِذَا لِيَغْطُهَا

And the night when it covereth it (the world).

[91:4]

Note: The personal pronoun is either for the world or the darkness.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. covers, with cover

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii
< ∼covered

عَدِيْ تَغْيِبَةً as R. F.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii covers

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv افشیناً we have covered

to cover, آغُشیٰ اِغْشاءاً to draw a veil, to cause to

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv دونان دوناند دوناند (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(3 p. f. sing.) p. p. iv أُغْشِيتُ was covered over (with~)

is covered, over upon him
(i. e., he faints)

تَدُورُ أَعْنِتُهُمْ كَالَّذِي يُغْشَى عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمَوْتِ

Their eyes rolling about like (the eyes of) him who fainteth unto death. [33:19]

لَّمَشَيُّ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v., v مُعَشَّىٰ ~covers

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ was angry with غَفنت تَغْفَتُ غَفَماً (س)

to be angry with, to be wrath with

غَضَتُ / أَلْغَضَتُ anger, rage (v.n.)

(pact. pic.) an object of anger

غيرالمغفوب عكنهم

None of those on whom is indignation brought down. (Jid.) [1:7]

Not (the path) of those who earn Thine anger. (Pic.)

Not those upon whom wrath is brought down. (M.A.)

Not of those against whom Thou art incensed. (Sale)

Not of those against whom Thou art wrathful.(Arberry)

< indignant, angry, (n.) enraged

غضات (plu.)

(pis. pic.) acc. iii < in state of anger

غَاضَتَ مُغَاضَـّةً وَ غَضَاماً to make angry, irritate

غ ض ض خ

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.) (assim) < they lower (voice)

fainted one w..v./pis. pic. (one who is made to faint)

> غواش < coverings n.p./w.v.

(sing) 7-01

غشارة covering (n.)

< taking something (v.n.) from someone unjustly or by force

غَمَتَ تَغْمِثُ غَمْماً _ عَلَى (ض) to force

- من to take by violence, unjustly

There was before them a king who taketh every boat by force. [18:79]

<anything by which (n.) one is chocked (food etc.)

(plu.)

>> غَمَّ بَعُمَّ غَمَّا (ن)

to be choked, be choked with wrath, be grieved

وكلعاماة أخاخضة

And food that choketh.

[73:13]

غَدُ اناً (ض) _ ل to forgive, pardon (perf. 1st p.plu.) we have forgiven بغفر (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) forgives will forgive juss. (l.c.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they forgive let them forgive acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) (juss.) thou forgive (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. ye pardon, forgive (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) juss. we will forgive اغفر (perate. m. sing.) forgive, thou may forgive! (3 p. m. sing,) pip. will be forgiven

سينفقون

forgiveness (v. mim) مُغْفِرَةً forgiveness (v. mim) عُفْرَانً

غفرانك

Thy forgiveness, our Lord.
[2:285]

(act. pie. m. sing.) غَافِرُ forgiver 452

غَمَنَّ يَتُمُنُّ غَمًّا (ن)

to lower the voice or eye
they may/shall lower acc. (eyes)

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) بَعْفُنُونَ they female (should) lower (eyes)

(perate m. sing.) اغْضُعْن lower! (voice)

غطء 🖈

غِطاً ؛ see غط و غط ش ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اُغْطَشُ he made dark

اغْطَشَ إِغْطَاشًا ﴿ to make SS dark.

خَطَشَ بَغْطِشُ خَطْشاً (ض)
to be dark

غ ط و ・★

< veil (n.)

غَطَاً يَغْطُوْ غَطُواً (ن) Ito cover, to put a veil

غ ف ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <

غَفَرَ يَغْفِرُ غَفْراً (ض) to cover, veil

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I shall surely ask forgiveness (perate. m. sing.) x thou (a man) ask forgiveness! (perate. f. sing), x thou (a woman) ask forgiveness! (perate. m. plu.) x (you) ask forgiveness! (Ap-der. m. plu.) x those who ask forgiveness asking forgiveness (v.n., x) (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye neglect يَغْفُلُ غُفُلةً وَ غَفْلاً (ن) to be heedless, neglectful, inattentive أغفلنا (perf. 1st p. plu.) iv ve made neglect, we made unmindful to make iv \ اغفار اغفار < unmindful, neglect غافلة (act. pic. m. sing.) neglectful غافلاً unaware acc. غَافِلُهُ نَ / الْغَافِلُونَ (act. pic. m. plu..)

(act. pic. m. plu.) forgivers (ints.) most forgiving one (one of the excellent names of Allah) forgiving one acc. most forgiving one (ints.) (one of the excellant names of Allah) (perf. 3 p.m. sing) x asked forgiveness (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) x thou asked forgiveness (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they asked forgiveness (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. asks forgiveness Then he beggeth the forgiveness of Allah. [4:110] (verb in jussive receives when it is to be a similated to the following word) (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) juss. thou ask forgiveness (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye ask forgiveness (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they ask forgiveness

let them ask

forgiveness

acc.

453

unaware ones

unaware ones acc.

تَغْلُوُ نَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye (may) overcome (3 p. m. sing.) pp. has been overcome (3 p.m. plu.) pp. they were overcome (3 p.m. plu.) pip they shall be overcome (2 p.m. plu.) ye shall be overcome تخالث (act. pic. m. sing.) dominant (1) والمائه عَالَ عَلَى آخرة And Allah is dominant in [12:21] His purposes.

اَنْ يَنْ صُرُوْلِللهُ فَلَا اللهُ اللهُ

overcomer (2)

overcomers acc. iiii

one who is (pic. pac.) مَعْلُوبُ مُعْلُوبُ overcome (by SS)

نَدَعَارَبَهُ أَنِّ مَعَارَبُهُ أَنِّ مَعَارَبُهُ الْتَصِيرُ Thereupon he prayed unto his Lord, verily I am overcome so vindicate me. [54-10]

> overcoming (v.n.) الْمَبُّ thick (with trees)

unaware women

negligence, (v. n.)

unawareness

غ ل ب ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) خلبَتْ < ~ prevailed (Jid.) overcame, vanquished, gained victory

(ضَ غَلَبَ مُعْلِبٌ غَلْبًا وَ غَلَبَةً (ض to overcome, conquer, to gain victory

كُوْتِنَ فِنَا وَقَيْلُةَ مَلَبَتَ فِنَهُ كُوْيُرَا How after a small party hath overcome a large party. [2:249]

عَلِبُوا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) عَلِبُوا prevailed

تَالَ الَّذِيْنَ عَلَبُوْاعَلَ آمُرِهِمُ Those who prevailed in their affair said. [18:21]

(imperf. 3 p.m.. sing.) juss. overcomes

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) epl. اغْلِبَنَّ I certainly will overcome

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بُطِبُون they will overcome

they shall overcome

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. that they overcome, they will overcome

rigid (3)

وَآخَذُنَ مِنْكُورِينَاقًا غَلِيْكُما

And they have obtained from you a rigid bond. [4-21]

stern (4) (n. p.) كُوْلًا

غَلِفًا (sing.)

عَلَيْهَا مَلْمِكُهُ عِلَاظً

Over which are angels, stern. (i.e., not tender towards the inmates of hell). [66:6]

sternness (opp. tend- (n.) غُلْظَةً erness)

غ ل ف 🖈

<uncircumcised (v.n.)

أُ غُلَفُ (sing.)

غَلَفَ يَغْلُفُ غَلْفاً (ن)

to furnish with a covering

(or cavered with غَلَافُ)

وَقَالُوُا قُلُونِنَا غُلُثُ

They said: our hearts are uncircumcised (so that they do not learn or they are covered from hearing for accepting the truth). [2:88]

غ ل ق ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii غُلُقَتُ < ~locked < lux uriant.(n) acc.

أُغْلَبُ (sing.)

وَحَدَآيِقَ عُلْكًا

And enclosed gardens luxuriant. [80:30]

غ ل ظ 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x اسْتَغَلْظُ <

come thick, strong

غَلَظَ يَثْلِظُ وَ غَلُظَ يَثْلُظُ غِلْظاً

to be (غُلَاظَةٌ (ض،ك) thick, bulky, big, coarse, to be hard, uncivil

(perate. m. sing.)
be hard! (treat severely!)

وَاغْلُظْ عَلَيْهِمْ

And be severe unto them. (Jid.)

Be firm against them. (Ali)
(i.e., against hypocrites)

[9:73]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) meta. (1)

vehement (terrible) acc.

وَمِنْ وَرَابِهِ عَنَابٌ غِينُظُ

And behind him is a torment terrible (or vehement).

[14:17]

hard (2)

وَلَوْكُنْتَ فَكَا غِيدُظَ الْعَلْبِ

And wert thou rough, hardhearted. [3:159] اغاظ

which he had hidden away.
[3:161]

(3 p. p. sing.) assim. pp. عُلُّتُ

مَعْلُوَ لَةً ' (pic. pic. m. sing.) مُعْلُونًا لَهُ ' fettered one

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُوْدُيدُ اللهِ مَغْلُولَةٌ غُلَّتُ ايْدِيْعِمُ

And the Jews said: the hand of God is fettered. Fettered be their own hands (cursed) (i.e. (meta.) He has become niggardly and closefisted-niggardly be they themselves). [5:64]

(perate. m. plu.) put chain

خُذُولُا فَعَنْكُولُا

Lay hold of him (then chain him). [69-30]

<iron collar for (n.p.)</p>
the neck, shackles

غُلُّ (sing.)

غ ل ۲ خ

a boy, young (n.)

two boys (n. p.)

فِلْأَنْ boys (n. p.)

غ ل و *

(perate. neg. m. plu.) آغلوا (you) do not exceed (the bound) to lock, iii عَلِّقَ تَغْلِيْقًا close (a door)

>> غَلَقَ بَمْلَقُ غَلَمًا (ف)

to close, bolt, go far into (a country)

غ ل ل ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) assim.
< ∼ hidden away, deceit, defraud

غَلَّ بَعُلُّ عُلَّا (ن)

to insert

(one thing) in (another),
to canceal, to fraud, to
deceive, to act unfaithfully, to put an iron collar
on the neck

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. hides away

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. hides away

(The assimilation is removed in case of jussive. This cluster is pronounced separately).

وَمَاكَانَ لِنَتِي اَنْ يَغُلُّ وَمَنْ يَغُلُلْ يَانِ بِمِناً غَلَّ يَوْمُ الْقِيْمَةِ

And it is not for a prophet (i.e., it is not conceivable for a prophet) that he hides away (or deceiteth), whosoever deceiteth (or hideth anything away) he shall bring forth on the Day of Resurrection that

pangs (of death) (3)

pangs (of death) (n. p.) وَاتُ

وكؤتركى إذالظالمون فاعكرت الكؤت

Would that thou shouldst see what time the wrongdoers are in the pangs of death. [6:93]

* 3 7 8

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv بَعَا حَرُونَ they wink at each other

to make signs مَنَا مَنَ تَغَامَرُ ا

>> غَمَزَ يَغْيُرُ غَنْزاً (ض،ن)

to make a sign to (with the eye or eye brow)

غ م د س 🖈

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that you disdain, connive at

shut (the eye or the eye lids), to connive

وَلَسُتُعُ يَالِخِذِيُهِ كِالْآنَ تُغَيِّضُواْ فِيهِ

Ye (yourselves) would not accept such, save you disdain (or connive at).

[2:267]

* 11 è

<sorrow (n.)

غَمُّ / الْغُمُّ

غَلاَ يَعْلُو عُلُواً (ن) the proper limit, be excessive

يَا مُلَ الْكِتْ ِ لَاتَفُنُوا فِي دِينِكُو

O ye people of the Book, exceed not (the bounds) in your religion. [4:171]

غ ل ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

< ~ boils</pre>

غَلَىٰ يَغْلِقُ غَلْباً وَ غَلْبَاناً (ص) to boil (pot), effervesce (liquor)

boiling v. n.

غ ۱ د *

bewilderment (1) (n.)

lit, water that rises above the stature of a man

غَرَ يَغْدُ عَمَارَةً وَ غُمُورَةً (ن) غَرَ يَغْدُ عَمَارَةً وَ غُمُورَةً (ن)

to be abundant, to overflow, submerge (in water)

نَذَرُهُ وَلَ غَنْرَتِهِمْ حَثَّى حِيْنٍ

Wherefore leave (thou) them in their bewilderment (or flow of their ignorace, or error and obstinancy and perplexity. (LL.) [23:54]

overwhelming, (2) heedlessnes

بَلْ قُلُونُهُمْ فِي غَمْرَةٍ مِنْ هُذَا

But! their hearts are in heedlessness. [23:63]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v., iv < ∼enriched (2)

أغنى إغناءا to enrich

ـ عَنْ to avail some thing to attain

وَانَّهُ هُوَاغُنِّي وَاقْتُىٰ

And that it is He who enricheth and preserveth (property). [53:48]

(the verb is perfect (past tense) but it is used here in the sense of a habitual that has compelled translators to use present tense in their renderings).

وَمَا نَعْمُواللَّالْ اللَّهُ عَنْمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

And they avenged not except for (this) that Allah and His Massenger had enriched them out of His grace. [9:74]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv shall enrich (1)

> > acc.

juss.

مَسَوْفَ يُغَنِيكُ الله (nom.)

Allah shall enrich you. [9:28]

حَتَى يُغْنِيَهُمُ اللهُ (acc.)

Untill Allah enrich them.
[24:33]

to cover, (ن) غَمَّ مَنَّ عَلَّا (ن) veil, grieve, cause to mourn acc. dubious (n.)

clouds (n.)

غ ن ۲ 🖈

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
< ye obtained (from enemies
during war)

غَيْمَ يَنْنَمُ غُنْاً وَ غَنَاً وَ غَنِاً وَ غَيْنِمَةً (س) to obtain spoil,

booty, to get a thing without difficulty

<booties, spoils (n. p.)

(sing.)

sheep (n.)

* & i è

(3 p. m. sing.) juss. w.v. <flourish (I-A)

غَنَى يَغْنَىٰ غِنَاها وَ مَثْنَىٰ (س)

to inhabit, dwell, to be rich,

or in comfort of life

كأن كَوَتَغْنَ بِالْأَمْسِ

As though it had not flourished yesterday (in the earth). [10:24]

dwelt (1-B)

الدِينَ كَذَ بُواشَعِيْمًا كَأَن كَنْ يَفْتَوْافِيهَا

Those who belied Shu'ab became as though they had never dwelt. [7:92]

to make indifferent (5) towards, to profit, to suffice with no prep. iv

لِكُلِّ امْرِئْ فِنْهُمُ يَوْمَهِ فِي شَأْنُ يُغْفِيهِ

For everybody of them there would be his own condition that will make him indifferent(towards others).

[80:37]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x

∼ is self-sufficient

to be self- أَسْتَغْنَىٰ اسْتِغْنَاءاً < sufficient, to regard himself self-sufficient

وَتُوَلُّوا وَاسْتَغْنَى اللَّهُ

They turned away and Allah is above all needs (self-sufficient). [64:6]

أمَّا مَنِ اسْتَغُنَّى

For him who considers himself free from need (selfsufficient). [80:5]

self-sufficient (n.)

one of the excellant names of Allah

أَغْنِياً * / الْأَغْنِيا * rich ones (n. p.)

(m. plu. ap-der. iv.) w.v. those who avail SS against

فَهَلُ أَنْتُمُ مُعْنُونَ عَنَا مِن عَذَا بِاللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْء

Are you going to avail us at all against the torment of Allah? [14:21]

إِنْ يُكُونُواْ فُقَرَاءً يُغْمِرِهُمُ اللهُ (juss.)

If they are poor Allah will enrich them. [24:32]

<to avail or be (3) profitable to

أغنىٰ _ عَنْ

مَا عَنى عَنْكُوْ بَمْعُكُوْ

Your multitude availed you naught. [7:48]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

availed

فأأغنت عنهم العثثم

So their gods availed them not [11:101]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

∼avails

وَلَائِفُ فِي عَنْكَ شَيْنَاً And that availed thee naught. [19:42]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. it/she avails

وكن تُغْنِي عَنَكُمْ فِئَتُكُو

And your host shall avail you not. [8:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) (juss.) the twain availed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)acc. they shall avail (never)

to avail against (4) مِنْ - <

وَلَايُغُنِيُ مِنَ اللَّهَبِ

It will not avail against the Flame. [77:31]

a cave (n.)

حَمَاوَات (caverns (n. p.) (sing.) cavern

يَعُوصُونَ w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) w.v. <they dive

فَاصَ تَنْوَشُ غَدْمًا وَ غَامَاً وَ مَنَاصًا (ن) ـ فيْ

to dive, plung into water

a diver (n.) غَوَّاصُ ا

ألناعل (act. pic. m. sing.) the privy (n.)

lit. a wide, depressed piece of ground

> غَاطَ مَيْنِ لَمْ غَوْطًا (ن)

to dig, excavate

غَوْلَ < headiness, (v. n.) that deprives one of reason قال تكول غولا (ن) و العال to cause to perish, seize unaware

غَالَب المراقة the wine deprived (the drunkard) of reason. caused to perish him

(3 p.m. phu.) pip. w.v. x they shall be responded to their cry for aid

أغافَ إغاثةً . to relieve. to respond to the begging for aid

وَلِنُ تَسْتَغِنْتُوالِغَالَةُ الِمَأْهِ كَالْمُعْل

And if they cry for relief they shall be responded (or relieved) with water like the dregs of oil.

[18:29]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v. x استغاث asked for help, cried for aid

> اسْتَغَافَ اسْتَفَاقَةُ

to bag for or pray for help

w.v. x

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual.) the twain pray for help

v.w. acc. x.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) that they pray for help

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) you pray for help

<sunk away (n.) acc.

غَارَ يَغُورُ غَوْداً (ن)

to sink in the ground (water). to enter the low land

غَابَ يَغِيْبُ غَيْبًا (ض) وَ اغْتَابَ .iv.

- (1) to go away, viii to be hidden, secret, unseen
- (2) to slander
- (3) to backbite

وَلَايَعْتَبُ بَّعْضُكُوْبِعَضًا

Nor backbite one another.

[49:12]

lit. disappeared (v.n.) مُنْ الْغَنْبُ one or hidden, absent, usage in the Holy Quran:

uneen (1)

يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ

Who believe in the unseen. (Jid.) (M.A.) (Arb.) (Pic.)

Who believe in (the existence of) that which is beyond the reach of human perception. (Asad) [2:3]

hidden (2)

إنام مح عيب التموت والكرض

I know the hidden in the heavens and the earth.

[2:33]

ولتنا الغيث يلاء

The hidden (belongeth) unto Allah alone. [10:20]

secret (3)

وللقالي فلوالف كفافنه كالفيب

(I did that) in order that he may know that I betrayed him not in secret. [12:52] غ و ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

غَوَى بَغْدِيْ غَيَّا (ض)

to err, deviate from the right way

(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. we (ourselves) deviate

(pref. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv, < thou causest to be erring

to cause to err

أَغُولُى إِغُوَاماً vi

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. iv we caused to err

w.v. acc. iv
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

keep astray, that he keeps
SS astray.

(Ist. p. sing.) w.v. epl. iv I will surely mislead

lit. error (v.n.) acc. meta. perdition. أَنْغَيُّ / غَيْأً الْغَنَّ / غَيْأً

(act. 2 pic. w.v.) وَوَى erring one

إِنَّكَ لَغَوِيٌّ مُبِينًا

Thou art surely one erring manifestly. [28:18]

(w.v. act. pic. m. plu.) الْغَاوُونَ

فَاوِنْنَ / الْعَاوِبْنَ perverted ones

غ ی ب *

to alter, change مُعَدِّدُ مَعْدِوْدُ acc. w.v. ii مُعَدِّدُوْدُ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)

they alter or change

(3 p. f. plu.) emp. ii they surely alter

وَلَامُوَنَّهُمْ مَلَيْغَيْرُنَّ خَلْقَ اللَّهِ

And I will command them so that they will alter the creation of Allah. [4:119]

to be changed مُنْيِّرُ مُنْيِرًا

(Ap-der. ii acc.)
one who changes

(Apder. f. plu. iv) لَغُيِّرَاتُ < the raiders

to make a iv,

أغار إغارة

(particle.)
other, other than, another,
save, but

غ ی ض 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v.

غَاضَ بَنِيْفُ غَبْضًا (ض)

to sink, to become scanty

وَمَانَتَفِيْفُنَ الْاَيْعَامُ وَمَانَتَوْهَادُ

And that which vombs absorb and that which they grow. [13:8] the intimacy (4)

فالضابف أينت خوظت النيب

Thus the righteous women are the devout ones, who guard the intimacy.

[4:34]

(Note: Asad prefers 'what is beyond the reach of human perception' as rendering of while others use unseen, secret, absence and hidden according to the contents of of the verses).

(act. pic. m. plu.) غَالِينَ / الْعَالِمِينَ / الْعَالِمِينَ

غَا**نِث** (sing.)

(act. pic. f. sing.)

an absent one the bottom (of a well) (n.)

غ ي ٿ 🖈

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. w.v. وُهُاكُ < ~ will have rain

غَاثَ بَغِبْتُ غَيْثًا (ض)

to cause rain, to make rain fall

غَيْثُ / الغَيْثُ عَيْدُ الغَيْثُ rain (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v., ii

in order to enrage or he may enrage	(3 p.m. sing.) w.v. pp. was sunk made to abate
rage (n.) أَنْ الْمُ	غ ی ظ 🖈
(act. pic. m. phu.) غَافِطُونَ enraged ones <raging, td="" v.<="" v.n.,=""><td>(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. المِنْظُ الْمُنْظُ وَسُمُّا الْمُنْظُ وَسُمُّا الْمُنْظُ وَسُمُّا الْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُونُ وَالْمُنْطُونُ وَالْمُنْطُلُقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُونُ وَالْمُنْعُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِينُ وَالْمُنْعُلِينُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَلِينَا وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُنْعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُنْعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُنْعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ والْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعُلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وا</td></raging,>	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. المِنْظُ الْمُنْظُ وَسُمُّا الْمُنْظُ وَسُمُّا الْمُنْظُ وَسُمُّا الْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُ وَالْمُنْظُونُ وَالْمُنْطُونُ وَالْمُنْطُلُقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُونُ وَالْمُنْعُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِينُ وَالْمُنْعُلِينُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَلِينَا وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُ وَالْمُنْعُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعِلِقُلُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُنْعُلِقُونُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُنْعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُنْعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُنْعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ والْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعُلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وا
to rage لَقَيْظَ تَعَبِظُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ to	to anger, enrage, provoke

كتاب الفاء

iii junction of two phareses following the particle denoting the result of a condition in the other.

فُلُ إِنْ كُنْتُ وَيُعِينُونَ اللَّهَ فَالنَّبِعُونَ

say: if ye love Allah follow me [3:31]

ف م د \ heart (n.) أَفُوَّادُ أَلْفُوَّادُ أَلْفُوَّادُ أَلْفُوَّادُ أَلْفُوَّادُ أَلْفُوَّادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوْادُ أَلْفُوادُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُوادُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُوادُ أَلْفُونُ لِلْفُونُ لِلْفُونُ أَلْفُونُ أَلْفُون

< hearts (n. p.) أَنْ يَدُهُ أَ الْأَنْ يُدَهُ</p>

(sing.) 3135 (w. & h. n.) ★ 9 • •

<a party, group, (n.) band

(plu.) 25

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(a conjunction particle)
then, so, but, then, thus, however, because, so that,
and so,

This is a common conjunction which implies a close connection between the sentences before and after it.

This connection may be either definite cause and effect, or a natural sequence of event.

(i) causeand effect:

فَتَكُفُّ أَمُرُمِنُ ثَيْهِ كُلْتٍ فَتَأْبَ عَلَيْهِ

Then Adam learnt from his Lord (certain) words and He repented towards him. [2:37]

(ii) natural sequence:

الَّذِي خَلَقَ فَسَوْى

Who hath created and then paoportioned. [87:2]

(perf. 1st p. plu.) we opened

حَتَّى اِذَا فَقَتَا عَلَيْهِمَ بَابًاذَا عَدَابٍ شَدِيْدٍ Until when we opened upon them a portal of severe torment. [23:77]

> to give victory (2) (conquer)

إِنَّا فَتَمْنَالِكَ فَتَحَالَيُهِينًا

Verily we have given thee a victory. [48:1]

judges (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

to judge (3)

ثُغَّ يَفْتَحُ بَيْنَنَا بِالْحَقِّ

Then He shall judge between us with truth. [34:26]

to grant (4)

مَايَعْفَجَ اللَّهُ لِلسَّاسِ مِن تَحْمَاةِ فَكَامُسْ فَكَالُمُ

Whatsoever of mercy Allah may grant unto mankind none there is to withhold it. [35:2]

decide (perate. m. sing.)

to decide (5)

رتبنا فتخرفيننا وبكن قومنا بالنحق

Our Lord! decide then between us and our people with truth. [7:89]

> (3 p. f. sing.) pp. وُنْحَتْ ~be opened (1)

أَلْفِيَّتَانِ two parties (dual) nom

acc. يُتَنِين

ن ت و ★ ف ن

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) h.v. < thou cease

فَيْنَ بَغُتّاً (يُغْتَوُّ) فَتُثَّا (س)

to cease from (always in negative sense)

قَالْوَاتَالِلهِ تَفْتَوُاتَنْكُرْ يُوسُفَ

They said: By Allah Thou ceases not from remembering Yusuf. [12:85]

ف ت ح 🗴

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) opened, disclosed

> فَتَعَ بَفْنَحُ قَنْعاً (ف)

to open, disclose, to give victory, conquer, to judge, to grant, to let out, to decide

to open (1)

فَالْوَّا أَغْيَةِ تُونَهُمْ بِمَافَتْحَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُو

They said: do you inform them of what Allah has disclosed to you. [2:76]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) \text{ they opened

ولتافتك المتاعمة

And when they opened their stuff. [12:65]

الْفَايِحُ / مَفَايِحُ keys (n. p., ints.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they flag فَتَرَ عُنْدُ فَكُورًا (ن) to flag, to feel weak or faint ... يُستخون الناكرة النَّعَاد لَا نَفْتُون النَّال وَالنَّعَاد لَا نَفْتُون النَّال And they glorify (Him) night and day, they flag not. [21:20] (3 p. m. sing.) pip. ii <~shall not be abated to abate ii \ iii أذرة a cessation (n.) (a certain interval of time) فتنفنآ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) < we rent فَنَقَ مَفْتَقُ فَثْقًا (ف)

ف ت ل ★

(act. 2 pic.) acc. فَيُعْلِاً (مَد اللهِ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ (مَن اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ (مَن اللهُ فَعَلاً (مَن اللهُ فَعَلاً (مَن اللهُ فَعَلاً (مَن اللهُ فَعَلاً (مَن اللهُ الل

to cleave, slit, to rend

حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءُوْهَا فُرِّعَتْ ٱلْوَابُهَا

Till, when they arrive thereto the portals will be opened [39:71]

~is let out (2)

حَنَّىٰ إِذَا فَيْعَتْ يَأْجُونِ وَمَأْجُونِ

Until when Yajuj and Majuj are let out. [21:96]

(3 p. f. sing.) ii pip < ∼ will be opened

as R. F. ii مُنْتَعَ مَنْفِيهُما will not be opened

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) x (they be sought judge to seek, suc- اسْتَفْتَاحَ اسْتِفْتَا مَا cour, judgement, to begin

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x بنتفيتون they seek victory

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) f.d.x المنتفوذ you seek victory

(v.n.) acc. أَفَتْحُ الْفَتْحُ الْفَائِدُ الْفَتْحُ الْفَائِدُ الْفَائِمُ الْفَائِمُ

(plu.) فَعَوْثُ فَعُ

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْفَاتِعِيْنَ deciders

وَامْتَ خَيْرُالْفْتِحِيْنَ

Thou are the Best of Deciders. [7:89]

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii مُفَتَّحَةً opened (ones)

وَكُذَٰ إِلَى مَنْتَأَبِعُهُمُ مِبَعْضٍ

And in the same way We tried some of them by means of others. [6:53] (see also 38:34, 44:17, 20:40 & 38:24.)

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) acc. ∼ persecutes (1)

هٔمَآأَمْنَ لِلْوُمْنَى الْأَدْرَيَةُ ثِينَ قَرْوَهِ عَلَى حَوْتٍ شِنُ فِدُعَوْنَ وَمَلَا وَمِمُ أَنَ يَغَفِيْهَمُ

Then none believed is Musa save a posterity of his people, through fear of Fir'awn and their chiefs, lest he persecute them.

[10:33]

~shall molest (2)

إِنْ خِفْتُمُ أَنْ يَفْتِنَكُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

If ye fear that those who disbelieve shall molest you.
[4:101]

(the verb نَفْتُنُ ، فَتَنَ in this verse means 'to put in trouble' or 'to slay')

should tempt emp. تُّنَّ should not (neg. emp.) tempt

ينبنى أدمركا فينتثكو الشيظان

O children of Adam! let not the Satan tempt you.

[7:27]

ف ت ن ★

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)
<they persecuted

فَئَنَ يَغْيِنُ فَنْنَأً وَ فَتُوناً (ض)

to persecute, to try or prove (as gold in the fire), afflict (by burning), to tempter, lead to temptation, to make an attempt upon, to seduce

to persecute (1)

اِنَ الَّذِيْنِيَ فَتَنُواالْمُؤُمِنِيْنَ وَالْمُؤْمِنْتِ Those who persecuted believing men and believing women. [85:10]

> (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you tempted (2)

قَالْوَا بَلْ وَلْكِ نَكُمُ فَتَغَنَّمُ الْفُسَكُمْ

They said (i.e., will say in the Hereafter) yes! but ye tempted your souls. [57:14]

(perf. 1st p. plu.)
we tempted

كَالْ فَإِنَّا قَدُ فَدُنَّا تَوْمَكُ

He said: verily we have tempted thy people. [20:85]

(see also verse 29:3)

te try (3)

ا النام

proved or tested); 'means (whereby the condition of a man is evinced, in respect of good or evil; hence it often means temptation'. (LL.)

فِنْتُ أَنْ إِخْنِيَارٌ وَ بَلاَ ۗ

fitna i.e., trial and temptation (P.I., n. 453 Jid.); originally means a burning with fire and then affliction, distress and hardship, slaughter, misleading or causing to err, and seduction from faith by any means (Lis.)

إِنَّمَا فَعَنْ فِيتُنَّهُ

We are but a temptation.

[2:102]

وَالْفِتُنَهُ آشَتُ مِنَ الْعَسِّلِ

And the temptation is more griveous than slaughter or the persecution is worse than slaugter. [2:191]

وَمْتِلُوكُمُ مُحَثَّى لَاتَّكُونَ فِئْنَةً

And Fight them until there be no temptation (or persecution). [2:193]

ومن يُرو لله فِتنته

And whosesoever temptation
Allah willeth. (i.e., in consequence of his own will
to go astry) [5:41]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they tempt (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) 1.d. (lest) they tempt وَاحْنَدُهُمُ آنَ يَغْمِنُولَ And beware thou of them lest they tempt thee. 15:491 (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) el. acc. ~in order to try in order to try them لِنَفْتُهُمْ [72:17] لاً تَفْتَىٰ (com. perate neg.) do not tempt me! (pronominal) فتنوا (3 p. m. sing.) pp. they had been tempted (2 p.m. plu.) pp. you were tempted (3 p. m. plu.) pip. they are tried أفتون (2 p.m. plu.) pip. you are tested (you are being tested) temptation v.n. acc. tempters (act. pic. m. plu.) مَّا اَنْتُو عَلَيْهِ بِفَيْنِيْنَ Ye cannot against Him be [37:162] tempted. <temptation (1) (n.)

lit. a trial, probation, afflic-

tion (whereby one is tried,

(perate. m. sing.) iv furnish thou explanation!

يُوسُفُ أَيْهَا الصِّدِينُ أَفْتِنَا فِي سَنْحِ بَعُونِ

Yusuf, O' truthful one! explain to us seven fat kine.

[12: 46]

أفتؤا

(perate. m. plu.) iv. explain (you)!

آفتون فادنوياى

Explain to me my dream.

[12:43]

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) x
< thou ask the legal order

اسْتَغْنَىٰ اسْتِغْنَاءاً to ask

opinion or legal order, to question

(imperf. 2 p.m. dual.) x (you twain) are asking (about)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they ask (legal order)

(perate. m. sing.) x ask ! (the view or opinion)

فَاسْتَفْيْهِمْ

Then ask them. [37:4]

a young (n.) w.v.

to be young (the noun applies both to human beings and animals) excuse, (2)

مُعَ لَوْتُكُنُ فِتَنْتُهُمْ إِلَّالْقَافِظَةَ اللَّهِ نَيْنَامُ أَكَاشُوكِينَ

Then their excuse would be nothing but that they would say: By Allah, our Lord! we were not associators. [6:23]

in this verse means الْمَدُّدُ answer (excuse or الْجُوَّابُ answer —being so called because of it being a lie')

v.v.

* 6 0 0

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv ~decreeth (1)

to give a formal اُقَيْ إِنْكَاءًا <

to inform the legal order,

to issus a decree (divine),

to explain the meaning of a dream

قُل اللَّهُ يُعْمِينُكُونِهُ فِي

Say than: Allah decreeth a decree unto you concerning them. [4:127]

to pronounce (2)

مُّلِ اللهُ يُقْتِيكُونِ الْكَلْلَةِ

Say Allah pronounceth you in the matter of one without father or child.

[4:176]

تفخر

جَڙَ نَا

بَلُ يُويَدُهُ الْإِنْسَانَ لِيَعْجُرُ آمَامَهُ

Nay man desires to sin in front of him. [75:5]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. thou causest to gush forth

حَثَّى تَفْجُرَلْنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ يَتْلُوْعًا

Untill thou causest for us to gush forth from the earth a fountain. [17:90]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii

we caused to gush forth

or passage, (for water and the like) let water flow, cause water (and the like) to gush forth

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. ii thou causet to gush forth

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii بَعْبُرُون they cause to gush forth

v.n. acc. ii
causing to gush forth
(abundantly)

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. ii جُرِّتُ flowed out

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُفَجِّرُ رُوسِينَةُ وَالْمُعِينَةُ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِلَّالِينَانِ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِلَّى وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِينَانِ وَالْمُعِلَّى وَالْمُعِلَّى وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلَّى وَالْمُعِلِّينَانِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمِنِينَانِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمِنِينَانِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمُعِلِّينِ وَالْمُعِلِينِ وَالْمُعِلِينِينِ وَالْمُعِلِينِ وَالْمُعِلِينِ وَالْمُعِلِينِ وَالْمُعِلِينِي

تَفَجَّرَ تَفَجَّرُ اللهِ to flow out v, أَفَجَرُ

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii انفجرت -gushed out

to burst out, to انْفِجَرَ انْفِجَاراً gush out

when attached to a pronominal written with أن instead of s as أَنَاهُ، فَنَاهُ، فَنَاهُ لللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الله

two youngs (n. dual.) يَــانِ (two men)

< men, youths, (n. p.)
youngs

(sing.)

servant

خِسَانَ men, young, youths(n. p.)

< young girls (n. p.)</p>
فَتَاتُ (sing.)

* 5 5 3

path, way, passage (n.)

lit. broad way between mountains

<paths, passages (n. p.)</pre>

ف ج د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el رايفير may sin

غَرَ بَفْتُرُ عَرْاً وَ فَكُوراً (ن)

(1) to s., to act immorally

(2) to cleave, 「美 元 break up, dig up adultery (2)

وَالْتِي يَأْتِينَ الْفَاحِشَةَ مِنْ يُسَلِّحُهُ

And for those of your women who (may) commit adultery. [4:15]

indecency (n.) الْفَحْشَاءُ

<indecencies (p.n.) الْفَوَاحِشُ (sing.)</p>

ف خ ر ★

خَاخُرٌ boasting (v.n.) vi

self-glorification (Jid.)
natural boasting (IK.)

to rival or vie تَفَاخَرَ تَفَاخَرَ with each other in glory or excellence as (iii فَاخَرَ)

خُوْرُدُ (ن) حُوْرًا وَ خَارًا (ن) to glory, boast

الْفَخَّارُ pottery (n.)

ف د ی 🖈

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. فَدَيْنَا <wo ransomed فِدَاءاً وَ فِدَى وَ فَدَى (صَ فَدَى تَفْدِى فَدَى تَفْدِى to reedem, ransom

وَقَدَيْنَهُ بِذِبْجِ عَظِيْمٍ

And We ransomed him with a mighty victim. [37:107] (act. pic. m. sing.)

sinner, evildoer

<evildoers (b. p.)

(sing.)

(ungodly people)

<evildoers (b. p.)

(ungodly people)

(ungodly people)

(sing.)

wickedness (v.n.)

ف ج و ★

a spacious part (n.) w.v.

lit. an intervening space, or
an intermediate wide space
between two things

ف ح ش ★

أَحِثَةً (act. pic. f. sing.)

<ill-deed (1)

غَنْنَ يَفْحُشُ غَشاً (ك)

to be excessive, immoderate, unreasonable, befoul, obscene

excess', an enormity, anything exceeding the bounds of the rectitude

وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا لَعَلُّوا فَاحِدُهُ أَوْظَلُكُوا

And those who, when thay have done an ill-deed or wronged. [3:135]

ii cs see see ذ ر م فرات <sweet (water) (n.) used as an adjective of water وُ اتا thirst quenching (LL.) acc. or very sweet فَر°ث excrement, dung faeces (n.) ج (3 p.m. sing.) pp < ∼is cloven to open, separate, cleave, spilt قزمج meta. chastity (v.n.) (private part) lit. opening, gap ور خ private parts (p. n.) (of male or famale) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~was glad قَرَحَ يَفْرَكُ فَوْحاً (س) to be glad, happy, delighted, rejoice, be cheerful, to exult (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they were glad 472

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii خَادُوا ye ransom

فَادَى مُفَادَاةً وَ فِدَاءاً to receive or give a ransom. for one to release him

طَلَنُ يَاْتُوْكُوْالْسُوٰى تُفُدُوْهُمُ

And if they come as captives unto you, ye ransom them. [2:85]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing:) viii افْدَدْی ب – و gave as ranson.

to offer or viii افْتَدَى افْتِدَاءاً

فَكَنْ تُقْبُلُ مِنْ آحَدِهِ وَ مِّلُ الْأَرْضِ ذَهَبًا وَلَوَافَتُنَاى بِهِ

Not an earthful of gold shall be accepted from any such though he were to give it (in alms or) as ransom. [3:91]

(perf.3 p. f.sing.)viii بافتدت - ب ~ransomed (perf.3 p.m. plu.)viii بافتدوا - ب

they gave as ransom (imperf.3p.m., lu.)viii بفتدى - ب

(f. d.) el. viii. بالمُغَنَّدُوا بالمِنْ اللهِ (imperf.3p.m.plu.)
they may ransom, in order to give as ransom

فِـدًا * (v.n.iii, w.v.) receiving ransom (or ransom)

بِنْدَيَةً (ransom (n.)

رَبِّ لَاتَنَارُ إِنَّ فَرُدُا

My Lord! leave me not solitary (childless). [21:89]

خرادی (sing.) فرد (sing.)

ف ر د س

أَلْفِرْ دَوْسُ (n.) paradise

ف ر د 🖈

فَوَّتُ

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim)

فَرَّ يَفِرُّ فَرَّا وَ فِرَاراً وَ مَفَرَّاً (ض) to thee, run away, run off, escape (- مِنْ)

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) وَرُوْتُ

yc fled (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) وَرَدْتُمْ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) (assim) مَقْوُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (assim) هَوْرُونَ ye flee

(perate. m. plu.) فَرُحُوا flee!

فَغِثُو وَالِلَ اللهِ

Flee therefore unto Allah.
[51:50]

fleeing v.w. acc. [j

يَفْرُحُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) will be glad

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَفْرُ حُونَ they are glad

they may/will be acc. f.d. يَفْرُ حُوا glad

لليفرخوا

Then let them be glad (or) let them rejoice. [10:58]

(imperf. 2 p. m. phu.) يَفْرَ هُونَ ye are happy

ذٰلِكُوْ بِمَا كُنْتُوْتَعُونَكُونَ

That is because ye had been exulting. [40:75]

(perate. neg. m. sing.) لاَ تَغْرَتُ exult not

(perate. neg. m. phu.) آتُوَرُّحُوا exult ye not

rejoicing one, exultant (n,) rejoicing ones, exultant p.n.

p.n. (acc.) أَرِّ حِيْنَ / الْفَرِ حِيْنَ الْفَرِ حِيْنَ

ف رد ★ ،

alone (1) (n.)

وتنويطه مايغول ويأبيننا فردا

And we shall inherit from him that whereof he spake, and he shall come to us alone. [19:80]

meta. solitary (2) (childless)

£ VT

<carpets (p.n.)</pre>

فزمش

فِرَاشُّ (sing.)

ف ر اض بخ

مَنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَنَ < ∼ordained (1)

فَرَّضَ يَغْرِضُ فَرْضاً (ض) to ordain, enact (a law), estimate, conceive, to apportion, to impose

فَكُنُّ فَرَضَ فِيهُونَ الْحَجَّ

Wherefore whosoever ordaineth (unto himself) the pilgrimage therein (i.e., during these months) [2:197]

imposed (2)

اِنَّ الَّذِی فَرَضَ عَلَیْكَ الْفُرُّانَ لَرَادُّ الْمُمَادِ Verily He who hath imposed the Quran on thee is surely about to bring thee back home. [28:85]

(also see verse 66/2)

decreed (3)

settled (4)

ye settled (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) وَرَضْعُمْ

running away

الْفِرَارُ

place of refuge (n. p. t.) whereto approaches a fleeing one from a danger

ف ر ش ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.)

<wc have stretched forth</p>
فَرَشَ بَفْرشُ فَرْشاً وَ فِرَاشاً (ض)

to spread out, extend, stretch forth

small cattle (n.) acc. فَرْشُ ا فَرْشُ ا فَرْشُ ا

lit. small animals of which flesh is used as food.

وَمِنَ الْأَنْعَامِ حَمُولَةً وَفَرْشًا

And of the cattle (He hath created) beasts of burden and small (ones) (i.e., and of the cattle He created for work and for the sake of their flesh. (Asd.)

[6:142]

«moths, butterflies (p.n.) الْفَرَاشُـةُ (sing.)
 فَرَاشُـةٌ (sing.)

يَوْمَرِيكُونُ النَّاسُ كَالْفَرَايِسُ الْمَبْدُونِ

A Day whereon mankind shall become as moths scattered. [101:4]

فِرَاشٌ ا فِرَاشًا مِرَاشًا carpet acc.

lit. a thing that is spread out upon the ground, a thing that is spread for one to sit or lie upon (LL.) (act. pic. f. sing.) فَارِضُ old (cow), large, thick, full-grown

ف رط ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. عُوْرُطُ <may hasten

فَرَّطَ يَفْرُكُ فَوْطاً (ن) to act hastily and unjustly towards

إنكانخاف أن يَغْرُط عَلَيْنَا

We fear he may hasten against us. [20:45]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) ii وَرَّعْتُ اللهِ اللهِ (I have been remiss

short of, فَرَّعَلَ تَغْرِيْطاً il فَرَّعَلَ تَغْرِيْطاً short of, في neglect, be remiss in, to exceed bounds, be extravagant

لْمُسُرَقْ عَلْمَافَتَظَتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللهِ Alas! for that I have been

remiss in respect of Allah. [39:56]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) وَأَصْلَمُ ye have been remiss

(perf. Ist. p. plu.)
we have been remiss, we neglected

فالوايعة ترتناعل مافترطنابيها

Alas (who belied us) that we neglected it (in our lifetime). [6:31]

وَقَدُ نَرَضْتُوْلَهُنَّ فَرِيْضَهُ

Ye have already settled unto them a settlement.

[2:237]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) أَضْنَا we have ordained.

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)acc. f.d. المُقْوِلُو have settled

فَرِ بِمِنَةً (n.) ordinance (1) فريُعَدَّ مِنَ اللهِ

(This is) an ordinance from Allah. [4:11]

settlement (2)

(see above verse 2:237)

الْغَرِ بِعَنَةً (3) stipulation

الْمُزَاحُ عَلَيْكُوْ فِيمَا تَرْضَيْكُو بِهِ مِنْ بَعَدِ وِالْمُرْفِضَاءُ There will be no blame on you in regard to aught on which ye matually agree after the stipulation.

[4:24]

(pic. pact. m. sing.) acc. مَقْرُهُ وْمَناً a settled one or something allotted

طَلِنَكِ نَصِيبُ مِنَا تَلَا الْوَالْمِلْمِ مِوَالْاَثْرَاتُونَ مِتَافِلَ مِنْهُ أَذَ كُنُونَهِ مِنَا الْمُؤْمِدُ مِنَا الْمُؤْمِدُ مِنَا الْمُؤْمِدُ مُنْ مُنْفِظًا

And unto females shall be a portion of that which their parents and other near of kin may leave weather it may be small or large a portion allotted. [4:7]

to be free from \mathbf{J} —
(other things), to apply
one-self exclusively to

فَاذَا فَرَغْتَ فَانْصَبُ

Then when Thou becometh relieved, toil. [94:7]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) آرُغُ _ لُونُ عُلِي we shall direct (ourselves)

سَنَغُرُخُ لَكُوْ آيُّهُ الثَّعَالَيْ

Anon (i.e., in the Hereafter) we shall direct ourselves to you. O ye two classes. [55:31]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. void, empty

وأضبق فؤاد أيرموسى فرغا

And the heart of the mother of Musa became void.

[28:10]

أَفْرغْ

juss. iv

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< I shall pour

أَفْرَغَ إِفْرَاغًا to pour out

قَالَ الْوُنِّ أَنْوَغُ عَلَيْهِ يَطُوًّا

He said: bring me I shall pour forth moltey copper. [18:96]

(perate. m. sing.) iv

آفوغ مَلَيْنَاصَبُوُا

Pour forth on us patience.
[2:250]

مَاكْتُوطِنَا فِي الْكِتْبِ مِن شَيْهُ

And we have not been remiss in respect of aught in the Book. [6:38]

exceeding (the (acc. v.n.) bounds)

فومطآ

وكانآمرة فوظا

And whose affair is exceeding (the bound). [18:28]

those who are taken in hasting; see above R.F.

وَالْهُوْمُفُرُكُونَ

And they will be hastend (thereto). [16:62]

ف رع ★

branch (n.)

وَعُ

زَفَرْعُهَا فِي السِّمَاءِ

And its branch(es) (reaching) unto heaven. [14:24]

ف رغ ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) وَرَغْتَ thou becometh relieved

فَرَغَ بَغُرُغُ *ا بَغُرَغُ فُؤُو*ْغاً وَ فَرَاغاً (ن،ف)

to be empty, vacant to finish a thing, cease from, be unoccupied 100

(3p. m. sing.) pip.

∼ is separated out

فيقايفري كلئ آمر حكيني

Therein is separated out every affairs of wisdom (or 'is decreed'). [44:4]

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) ii thou hast caused a division

scatter, disperse, separate into many portions, make division

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they make division (or they separate)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. ii that they make distinction

يُونِدُونَ أَنَّ يُغَرِّوْا بَيْنَ اللهِ وَرَسُلِهِ الله عند أَنْ يُغَرِّوْا بَيْنَ اللهِ وَرَسُلِهِ

They seek to make distinction between Allah and His Messengers. (Pic.)

They would differenciate between Allah and His apostles). (Jid.) (4:150)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we make distinction

we make no distinction

أرِقُوا (perate. m. plu.) iii حرارة

فَارَقَ فِرَاقاً وَ مُفَارَقَةً !!!

to part from, separate oneself from, abandon, leave ف رق ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.)

- (1) we separated (1) فَرَقَ بَفْرُقُ / بَغْرِقُ فَرُقًا وَ فُرُقًاناً

د ب و بَيْنَ to separate

between, to divide, distinguish, decide between

وَإِذْ فَوَقَنَا بِكُوَّالْهُ حَرَّ

And (recall what time) we separated the sea for you. [2:50]

to distinguish (2)

وقوانا فرقنه لتقرآه على التاس

And this is Recitation which we have made distinct that thou mayest recite it unto mankind. [17:106]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they fear (3)

فَرَقَ بَغْرَقُ فَرَقاً (ف)

to fear, dive (into a wave)

لْكِنَّهُ وَقُومٌ يَكُوتُونَ

But they are a people who dread. [9:56]

(perate. m. sing.) decide! (4)

فَاقُرُقْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ الْعَوْمِ الْغَيهِينَ

So decide between us and this transgressing people.

[5:25]

EVV

تَفَرَّقُوا الاَ تَفَرَّقُوا

(perate neg. m. plu.) v do not be divided

آَنُ أَقِيْمُوْ الرِّيْنُ وَلَا تَتَقَوَّوُ الْفِيهِ Establish the religion and be not divided therein.

[42:13]

scattering v.n.

part n.

party, group n. فرقة

party, group(act. 2 pic.)

ريقا ا

(act. 2 pic. m. daul.) two parties or groups

مرِ بقين فر مقين

ذَ قا

رفزق

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ۷ مُعَدِّقُونَ divers (Pic.)

sundry (Jid.) مُتَعَرِّقُونَ

مَارَبَابُ مُتَعَيِّقُونَ خَيْرًا مِ اللهُ الواحِدُ الْعَهَدُ

Are divers (or sundry) lords better or Allah the one, the Almighty? [12:39]

different (Ap-der f. sing.) مُعَوِّقَتُ

وافغلوا من أبواب متعزقة

And enter by different gates. [12:67]

criterion (of right or n. الْفُرُعَالُ wrong)

أَوْ فَارِقُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُونِ

Or part from them reputably. [65:2]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُقَوِّقُ > became scattered > deviated

to become الْفَرَّقُ الْفَرُوَّةُ separated, scattered

وَلَاتَتَّهِمُوا النَّبُلَ مَّتَغَرَّنَ بِكُو

And follow not other ways that will deviate you from His way. (Jid.) Lest ye be parted from His way. (Pic.) [6:153]

ۅۜڡٚٲڡٚؾٚڗٙۊؙڵؽڹؽٲۏؿؙۅٳٲڮۺ ٳڒؙٳ؞ۯؙۊۺؠڡٙڵۻؖڐؿؙٷٚؠٳڵڮؽڎ

And those who are vouchsafed the book divided (among themselves) not save after there had come unto them the evidence.

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عُفَرَّ قُوْا به they separated themselves

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الاَ تَفَرَّ قُوْا به do not be separated (from

[98:4]

do not be separated (from each other)

f. d. v (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.)
the twain separate each other

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v بَعْوَ قُونَ they wil be separated

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to forge or آرآراً to forge

fabricate (a lie against SS) 16 . >> فری کِفری فَرْماً (ض) to cut, split, cleave, slander

(the weak letter & is changed to "when the verb is joined to the following pronominal, thus becomes (Fil)

آرُ تَكُولُونَ الْمُرْكِينَ الْمُرْكِينَ اللَّهِ كَذِياً Do they say, he hath fabricated a lie concerning God. [42:24]

آهُ تَقُولُونَ الْمُرَالِيَةُ لِلهُ

Do they say! he hath fabricated it ? [10:38]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) viii I have fabricated (a lie)

(perf. Ist p. plu.) we have fabricated (a lie)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) vill ~fabricateth

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) el. in order to fabricate (against)

و المرود (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they fabricate (a lie against)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye fabricate

that ye in order to el. fabricate

lit. Anything that makes a separation or distinction between truth and falsity. It also means 'proof, evidence, or demonstration' (LL). It applies on the Holy Quran as well as the Divine Book revealed to the Prophet Musa (see 2:53, 158; 3:4, 41 and 21:48)

> distinction n. acc.

i i s ان تَتَعَدُ الله يَحْمَلُ لَكُ فَرِقَانًا

O ye who believe! if ye fear Allah He will make for you a distinction. [8:29]-

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. <exultantly, skilfully

(sing.) brisk, skilful >> فرة يَفْرَهُ فَرَهُ (س)

to exult above measure, to be brisk, to do SS skilfully

وَتُنْجِتُونَ مِنَ الْجِيَالُ الْمُوتَا فِرِهِيْنَ

And hew ye out houses in the mountains skilfully.

[26:149]

مال has occured as not as adjective for (IML)] يُونَّ ا

ی 🖈

<(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vili ~fabricated (a lie)

244

assim

ف ز ز ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc.

maketh unsettled

> اسْتَفَرَّ اسْتِفْزَازاً x

to exite, make active, deceive, unsettled (fear)

>> فَرَّ يَثُو فَرَا (ن)

to flow as blood from a wound, to remove, expel

فَأَرَادَانَ يَسْتَفِرُهُمْ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ

Then he besought to unsettle them from the land.

[17:103]

(imperf. 3 p. plu.) x they unsettle thee

وَإِنْ كَادُوْ الْمِيْسَتَوْزُونَكَ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ

And verily they will-nigh unsettle thee. [17:76]

incite! (perate. m. sing.)x اسْتَغْزِزْ

واستفززمن استطعت منهم

And incite whom thou can of them. [17:64]

ف زع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

فَزِعَ يَفْزَعُ فَزَعاً (س)

to be frightend, afraid, terrified (you) fabricate not!

لاً تَفْتَرُوا

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) ithey (f.) fabricate

وَلَا يَأْدِينَ إِبُهُ عَلَى يَعْتَرِينَهُ

They (f.) should not produce a falsehood that they have fabricated. [60:12]

(3 p. m. sing.) pip. يَقْرَى fabricated one

مَا كَانَ حَدِيثًا يُفْتَرَى

It is not a discourse fabricated. [12:111]

(Ap-der. m. sing)
one who fabricates lies

فَتَرَكَى (pis. pic. m. sing.)

fabricated one (ap-der. m. plu.) مفترون

<those who fabricate lies

< مُفْتِر (sing.)

acc. فَنَرِينَ

(pis. pic. f. plu.) مُفَرَّ يَأَتُّ fabricated ones

< مُفتَرَاةً (sing.) مُفتَرَاةً <

(act. 2 pic.) acc.

a thing unprecedented or unheard of

فَالْوُالِمَرْيَهُمُ لَقَدُ جِنْتِ شَيْكًا فَرِيًّا

they said: O Maryam thou hast brought a thing unheard of. [19:27]

(perate m. plu.) افت مخوا make room!

make room!

ف س د ★

فَسَدَنُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) وَسَدَنُ <~were corrupted فَسَدَ بَفْسُدُ / بَفْسِدُ وَ فَسُدَ بَفْسُدُ فَسَادَاً (ن، ض، ك)

to bocome corrupted, invalid decomposed, bad, vicious, wrong

(perf. 3 p.f. dual.) نَسَدُنَا the twain were corrupted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَفْسَدُوا <they corrupted

أفسد إفسادا

to corrupt, decompose

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv will act corruptly.

that he may do el. iv لِنُعْسِدَ corruption

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُفْسِدُونَ they will act corruptly or they will corrupt

لِنْسِدُوْا that they may eliv

f.d. iv 1 same

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that ye make corruption رُوعُوا (perf. 3 p. f. plu.) اَزُعُوا they are terrified

وَلَوْتَرَى إِذْ فَزِعُوا فَكَا فَوْتَ

And couldst thou see the time when they shall be terrified! Then there shall be no escaping. [34:51]

(3p.m.sing.)pp.ii

_ عَنْ fright is taken off.

فَرَّعَ تَفْزِيْعاً !!

عَنْ , to take off the fright

to be free from fear وَقُرُعُ - عَنْ

حَتْى إِذَافُوْعَ عَنُ قُلُوبِهِمْ قَالُوا مَاذَا قَالَ رَبِيْمُمْ

Until when fright is taken off from their hearts, they said: what is that your Lord hath said? [34:23]

terror (v.n.)

the great terror (الْأَكْبَرُ) (at the time of the Resurrection)

ف س ح ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) < makes room

لَسْحَ بَفْسَحُ لَسُمَّا (ف)

to make room or place (in seating capacity) (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) الْسَقُوْا they transgress

رَفْسُقُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَفْسُقُونَ they transgress

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye transgress

abomination (Jid.) (v.n) فِنْتُق transgression (LL)

(act. pic. m. sing) acc. أَمِيقًا / فَأَمِيقًا / transgressor

أَسِقُوْنَ / فَاسِقِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) transgressors acc. الفَاسِقُوْنَ / الْفَاسِقِيْنَ

wickedness (v.n.) فنموق (sing.)

ف ش ل 🖈

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) you became weak-hearted (or) lose heart, (you flagged—Jid.)

> قَشِلَ يَغْقَلُ فَشُلاً (س)

to become weak-hearted, coward, flag i.e., to grow spiritless or languid, become tired, to fail, to lose heart

حَثَّى إِذَا فَشِلْتُو وَتَنَازَعُتُو فِي الْأَمْرِ

Until you became weak-hearted and disputed about the command (*Pic.*) (until you lost heart. (*Asd.*) [3:152] (perate neg. m. plu.) الاً تَفْسِدُوا act not corruptly

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) epl. كَتُعْسِدُنَّ ye will surely cause corruption

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) el. پنفست we in order to do corruption

الْفَسَادُ / فَسَادُ / فَسَادً /

foul-dealer, corruption maker, one who makes mischief

الْمُفُسِدُوْنَ / الْمُفُسِدِيْنَ the foul-dealers

مُفْسِدُوْنَ / مُفْسِدِيْنَ foul-dealers

ف س د ★

(v.n) ii acc. Time

interpretation

to explain, ii أَشْيِرُواً interpret, discover

ف س ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) فَسَقَ trespassed

فَسَقَ يَفْسِقُ / يَفْسُقُ فَسَوْقاً وَ فِسْقاً (ض، ن) to trespass

(the command), transgress, to break the bounds of law, violate, to pass beyond or over (limits), exceed مَنْ فَكُ الْمُنْ كُلُونُ مِنْ الْمُؤْدُد

Then when Talut set out with his army. (Pic.)

[2:249]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) departed

وكثا فصكت العائر

And when caravan departed. [12:94]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) →will decide →decides

تؤم العفة تغصا بتنتك

On the day of Resurrection, He will decide between you. [60:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ~detailed

فَعَّالَ تَفْصُلاً to divide into parts, to expatiate in to detail, make a statement or speach clear, distinct

وَتَدُ فَضَلَ لَكُ تَاحَرُمَ عَلَيْكُو

And He hath detailed unto you that which he hath forbidden you. [6:119]

فَقَلْنَا (perf. Ist p., plu.) ii we have detailed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) it ~detailes

(imperf. Ist. plu.) il we detail (or) we make clear acc. f.d.

(imperf. 3 p. f. dual.) they (two groups) may lose heart

اذكتت كالمغنن منكدان تغشك

(Recall) when two parties from amongst you were about to lose heart. (Asd.) [3:122]

> acc. f.d. (imperf. 2 p. plu.)

ve lose heart

وكلاتنأذع اقتفشك

And dispute not lest you lose heart. (fail to gain your target). [8:46]

(elative)

<more eloquent than فَشُحَ يَفْصُحُ فَعَاحَةً (ك) to be eloquent

وَأَخِيَ هُرُونُ هُوَ أَفْعَتُ مِنْ عُلِمَانًا

And my brother Haroon, he is more eloquent in speech than I. [28:34]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~set out

فَعَارَ مَفْعامِ فَعْلاً (ض) to separate, part, depart,

decide, set out

(pis. pic. m. sing.) acc. detailed (ones)

(pis. pic. f. plu.) مُفَصَّلاتُ distinct, fully detailed

detailing (v.n. ii) تَفْصِيلاً

ف ص م *

« break, crack v.n. vii انفصام انفصام انفصام انفصام
 « break (intrans.) انفصتم انفصام
 « without being separated,
 be much cracked

فقياستنسك بالعرفة الوثفى لكانفصامكها

He hath grasped a firm handhold which hath no crack (in it) (n.d.) [2:256]

ف ض ح ★

ye disgrace

تَفْضَحُوْنَ

فَضَحَ بَفْضَحُ فَضُعًّا (ف)

to get disgraced, to make public one's fault

perate neg. plus نِ shortened to نِ pronominal

'do not affront me' or 'disgrace me not'

(assim.)

ف من من ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vii انْغَضَّوْا (1) إلى (they flocked (1) إلى (484)

(3 p. f. sing.) ii pp. are detailed

كِيْكِ فُصِّلَتُ اللهُ

A Book whereof the verses are detailed. [41:3]

distinguishing.(1) (n.)

إِنَّهُ لَقُولُ فَصُلُّ

Verily it is a discource distinguishing. [86:13]

decisive (2)

وَاٰتَيْنُهُ الْحِكْمَةَ وَفَصْلَ الْخِطَابِ

And we vouchsafed him wisdom and decisive speech. [38:20]

the decisive word

judgement (3)

هٰذَا يَوْمُ الْفَصْلِ الَّذِي كُنْتُورِهِ تَكَذِّبُونَ

This the Day of Judgement (i.e., the Day of deciding between what is true and what is false). which ye were wont to belie. [37:21]

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْفَاصِلِيْنَ deciders

وَهُوَخَيُّرُ الْفُصِلِيْنَ

And He is the Best of Deciders. [6:57]

weaning (v.n.) iii

kin, (act. 2 pic. f. sing.) family

And long not for that wherewith Allah hath preferred one of you above another.

[4:32]

ٱليِّجَالُ تَوْمُوْنَ عَلَى النِّسَالُوبِمَا فَضَّلَ اللهُ بَعْضَامُمْ عَلَ بَعْضِ

Men are incharge of women, because Allah hath made one of them to excel the other. [4:34]

(perf. Ist p. sing.) ii المُعَلَّدُةُ I preferred above (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ii
we preferred (or) made SS
excel

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) ii we prefer

(3 p. m. plu.) pp. ii they have been given preference (or who are made superior)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v. شَعَنَلُ makes himself superior

مَاهُنُهُ الْائِكُرُ يَشْلُكُو لَيْدِيدُ آنَ يَتَعَضَّلَ عَلَيْكُو

This is no other than a human being like you, he seeketh to make himself superior to you. [23:24]

grace, (v.n. r.f.) منال «abundance.

أَضَلَ بَفْضُلُ اللَّهِ عَلِيلَ يَفْضَلُ فَضُلًّا (ن، س) to remain over SS.

- عَلَىٰ exceed, to excel

to be vii اَنْفَضَ انفِضَاصاً broken, separated, dispersed

مِنْ disperse ___

to flock, run to, Uj-

>> فَضَّ يَفِيثُ فَضًّا (ض،)

to break, to break into several pieces

وَإِذَا رَاوَالِهِ جَارَةً آوْلَهُ وَالْمِنْفُ فَالِينِهِ

And when they beheld merchandise or sport, they flocked thereto. [62:11]

they dispersed مِنْ (2)

وَلَوْكُنْتَ فَكَا غِلِيْظَ الْقَلْبِ لَا انْفَضُّوا مِنْ حُولِكَ

And had thou been rough, hardhearted they would have dispersed from around thee. [3:159]

(imperf.3p.m.plu.)vii f.d. الْفَضُوْدُا they dispersed

* * * *

لْفِعْنَةُ / فِقَةً / أَفِقَةً

ف مض ل ★

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) ii

preferred
caused to excel

to prefer, كَفَيْنِلاً to prefer,

to cause to excel, grant favours to one person in preference to another imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) v يَتَفَطُّرُنَ < ~ get rent

to be spilt, v مُفَطِّر مَفَطِّر مَعْطَر cracked, to be broken into pieces

تكاد التساؤث يتفظرن منه

Well-nigh the heavens are rent thereat. [19:90]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii اَنْفَطَرَتْ <~cleft

اَنْفَطَرَ اَنْفِطَاراً to be اَنْفَطَر

constitution (n.)

The natural constitution with which a child is created in his mother's womb. The faculty of knowing God. with which He has created mankind—whereby he is capable of accepting the religion of truth.

فِطْرَتَ لِعَلْمِ الَّذِي نَظْرَ النَّاسَ عَلِيْهَا

(And follow thou) the constitution of Allah according to which He hath constituted mankind. [30:30]

According to some commentaters also means religion (Jalalain).

(act. pic. m. sing.) Creator (the Almighty)

crack (n.)

هَلُ تَرَّى مِنْ فُطُورِ Daholder Thou any o

Beholdest Thou any crack?
[67.3]

gracious ذُو فَضْلٍ grace of Allah فَضْلُ اللهِ grace from Allah فَضْلُ مِنَ اللهِ

preferment v.n. ii acc. تَفْضُلاً

(w.v.)

ف مض و ★

(perf. 3-p.m. sing.) iv

أَفْضَى إِفْضَاءاً vi

to reach at, go into, to reveal a sccret

آنضى بَعْضُكُوْ إِلَى بَسْضٍ

(When) one of you hath gone in unto the other. [4:21] meta. you have gone in unto another as a husband to his wife

ف ط ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<~created</p>
فَطَرَ يَفْطُو فَطُو أَ (ن)

to cleave, split, create out of nothing

to break, crack

فَطَرَ فُطُوراً

إنِّي وَجَهُتُ وَجُهِيَ لِلَّذِي فَطَوَالتَّمُوٰتِ وَالْأَفْضَ

Verily I have set my countenance towards Him who hath created the heavens and the carth. [6:79]

	(imperf. 3)	p. m. sing.)	يَغْمَلُ *
thou	(2 p.m.	sing.) juss.	تَفْعَل
	أُ وَغَمَلُ	إِنْ اَ	
If the	u didst no	ot. [5:6	7]
they o		3 p.m. plu.)	يَفْعَلُونَ
that t	hey my do	f.d. acc.	ليفعكوا
		ye do	تفعكوا
that y	e my do	f.d. acc.	لِتَفْعَلُوا
	ye dids	t not (juss.)	لَمْ تَفْعَلُوْا
we do		st. p. plu.)	نَفْعَلُ ۗ
(thou)		m. sing.)	أفعل
(ye) do		m. plu.)	أفعلوا
∼is d	one (3 p.s	m. sing.)pp.	فُيِلَ
~will	(3 p. m. s be done	sing,) pip.	بفعل
a doe		m. sing.)	فاعِل ا
doers	(act. pic.	m. phu)	فَاعِلُوْنَ
	doers	acc.	فَاعِلَيْنَ
(v		er (ints.) night)(God)	فَمَّالٌ
	m.sing.)	acc. مَفْعُوْل	-
EAV			

(Ap-der. m. sing.) split (one) (assim.) ظ < rough (v.n.) فَظَّ نَفَظُّ فَظَاظَةً وَ فَظَظأ وَ فَظَاظًا (ف) to be rough, rude, tempered وَلَوْ كُنْتَ فَكُما غَلِيْظَ الْقَلْبِ لَا انْفَضُوا مِنْ حُولِكَ If thou hadst been rough hardhearted they would have dispersed from around thee. (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~did فَعَلَ مُفَعَلُ نَعْلاً وَ فَعْلاً (ف) to do, to act, to perform some activity, to have an influence or effect - ب، فئ effect (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou didst (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they did (perf. 3 p. f. plu.) they (f.) did (perf. 2 p. plu.) ye did

we did (perf. 1st p. plu.)

فاقرأة (act. pic. f. sing.) < waist-breaking (calamity) يَفْقُوا يَفْقِهِ فَقْرِ أَ (ن. ض) to dig, to break the vertebrates

of the back

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

poor (1) acc.

They said, verily Allah is poor and we are rich.

[3:181]

needy (2)

دَبِ إِنَّ لِمَا أَنْزُلُتَ إِلَىَّ مِنْ خَدُوفَت مُرُّ

My Lord! verily of the good which thou mayest send down for me I am needy. [28:24]

<needy, poors ones (n, p.)(sing) "

(act. pic. m. sing.) <deepest (colour)

فَقَعَ بَفَقَعُ / يَفْقُعُ فَقَعًا وَ فَقُوعاً (ف. ن)

to be of a

bright yellow colour

segnifies both intensely yellow and intensely red. It is also applied to signify any colour free from admixture.

doing v.n.

deed (n.)

وَنَعَلُتَ فَعَلْتَكَ الَّتِي فَعَلْتَكَ

And thou didst that thy deed which thou didst. (Pic.) [26:19]

(Com. a particle + conjunction)

surely, verily

(imperf 3p.m. sing.) <ye miss

to lose, be deprived, miss

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) we miss

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v < sought after

to seck the lost v أغقد تفقد or missing object

ق

< destitution, poverty (v.n.) to become poor, needy

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v ye consider, ponder (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) v. think over, reflect!

تُلُ إِنَّمَّٱلَعِظُكُمْ بِوَاحِدَةٍ ۖ أَنْ تَغْوَمُوا بِلْهِ مَثْنَىٰ وَكَالْمِي شُمِّ تَتَعَكَّدُوا

Say (unto them, O Mohammad) I exhort you unto one thing only, that ye awake, for Allah's sake by twos and singly and then reflect. (Pic). [34:46]

not المنكوب . In this verse the word has accorded as 2 p. masc. of imperfect tense is an accusative case, joining (with منكوب أن تقوموا i.e., that you awake them to think over or reflect. (Iml. p. 198).

(assim.) 🛊 とりと

<freeing (v.n.)

(ن) أَنَكُ نَكُا وَ فِكَاكًا (ن) to separate, untie, loosen, (a knot etc.,) to free (a prisoner or slave)

ف ق ، ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَفْقَبُونَ they understand

> فَنِهُ بَفْقَهُ فَنَهَا (س)

to understand

فَقَهُواً (f.d.) acc.

they may understand

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) بَفَقِيوُنَ ye understand

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we understand

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.)f.d. el. v. they may gain understanding

to learn, v, to gain understanding

ف ك ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~considered

to thing of ii أَنْكُوْ تَعْكُوْرُ < reflection, consider, to ponder

(imperf. 3. pm. plu.) وْنَ they reflect on

as R. F. المكرة <

مَكُ

بَعَكُرُوا juss.

Have they not pondered [30:8]

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أَكِيْنَ: مُلْتَذَّنَ بِالسَّحْرَيَةِ

(on the measure of فَرِيْنَ)

living happily (فَرَحِيْنَ)

enjoying acc. (فَرَكِيْنَ)

fruit (n.) فَرَاكِهُ (sing.)

ف ل ح *

أفلحَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing) iv prospered, is blissful

to prosper, be successful succeed, be blissful

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv prosperes

إِنَّهُ لَايْفُلِ مُ الفَّلِمُونَ

Lit. Verily the wrong-doer will not be prospered (or will not prosper.)

Cor. Verily the wrong-doer shall not fare well. (Jid.)

Will not be successful. (Pic.)
[6:21]

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) يُعْلِحُونَ they will succeed

they will not succeed لا يُفلِحُونَ

(It is) freeing the neck. فَكُورَهَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِيَّ اللهِ ا

(Ap-der. m. plu.) vii < breakers off

to be lossend, vii انفكاً انفكاً النهائة untied, to be ceased

ف ك • ★

تَ**فَكُ**ٰ نَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
< ve wonder

to wonder or v

لَوْ نَشَآ الْمُحَمِّلُنْهُ حُطَامًا فَظَلْتُمْ تَقَكَّمُونَ

If We willed surely We would make it chaff, so that ye would be left wondering (Jid.) (or) ye would cease not to exclaim. (Pic.)

[56:65]

According to Raghib the verb originated from 'fruit' and 'which mean chatting, thus تَعَاطُونَ الْفَكَامَةُ means نَعَاطُونَ الْفَكَامَةُ ye pursuit chatting i.e., killing time uselessly in carelessness. نَعَجُونَ is in the sense of نَعَجُونَ wondering (Zr).

<jesting (n. p.) acc.
(sing.) jester</pre>

فكبين

ف ل ك *

ships, ark, a ship (n.)

The word is used for singular and plural both (Rgh.).

the orbit of a celestial (n.) مُلَكُ body

كُلُّ فِي فَلَكِ يَسْبَحُونَ

Each in an orb floating.

thing

[21:33]

ف ل ن ★

such a one, acc. الْكُنَّ / فَلَانًا substitutind for an unnamed or unspecified person or

ف ن د ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii مُفَنِّدُون

(+ نِ of pronominal) ye call me dotard

to call someone أَنَّقَدُ تَفْنِيْداً dotard

Though ye call me dotard. [12:94]

ف ن ن ★

أفناذ

branches (n. p.)

فَنْنُ (sing.)

(i.e., planted with shady trees)

imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) غَلِحُونَ ye prosper, ye are successful

ye may be مَثَلَكُمُ تُغْلِيْعُونَ successful

Cor. ye may fare well (Jid.), that happily ye may thrive

ye will never مردد. الله عدد de successful

Cor. ye will never fare well (Jid.)

الْمُأُونُ (Ap-der. m. plu.) blissful ones, successful ones

ف ل ق ★

نَفُلُقُ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii مُعْلَقُ ~become separated

< cleaving (n.)

فَلَقَ يَفْلِقُ فَلْقاً (ض)

to cleave, spilt, break meta. dawn, daybreak

قُلُ آعُودُ بِرَبِ الْفَكِي

Say thou, I seek refuge with the Lord of the Day-break. [113:1]

cleaver (act.pic.m.sing.)

إِنَّ اللهُ فَالِثُ الْحَبِّ وَالنَّوٰى

Verily Allah is the Cleaver of the seed-grain and the date-stone. [6:95]

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فَاتَ كُمُوْتُ فَوْتًا (ن)

to pass, escape one (at the time of doing anything), to lose

لِكَيْلَا تَحْزَنُواعَلَمَافَاتَكُو

That you sorrow not for that which ye missed. [3:153]

عَلْمَافَاعَكُمْ

(or that hath escaped you)
[57:23]

مَانَ فَاتَكُونَهُ مُ فِنَ الْمُواجِكُولِ الْكُلُّو

(Cor.) And if any of your wives have gone from you unto the disbelievers.

[60:11]

escaping (v.n.)

disparity, oversight v.n. vi.

ف و ج ★

lit. host, group (1) (n.)

هٰ ذَافَوجُ مُقْتَحِمُ مُعَكُو

This is a crowd rushing in alongwith you. [38:59] company, host (2)

كُلِّمَا الْقِيَ فِيهَا فَرَجُ

Whenever a (fresh) company (or host) is flung therein. [67:8]

troop (3)

يَوْمَرَنَحُشُرُمِنُ كُلِّى أُمَّةً وَفَجًا

The Day whereon We shall gather from every community a troop. [27:83] (w. v.)

ف ن ی ★

(act. pic. m. sing.)
< passing away

فَيَّ الَّذِي يَفْنَى فَنَامًا (ف،س)

to perish, cease to exist, waste away

(the act. pic. is الله of which s dropped, like

كُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْهَا فَانِ

Everyone that is thereon will pass away.

[55:26]

ف م م 🖈

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we made~understand

to make understand <

>> فَهِمَ يَفْهَمُ فَهُمَّا وَ فَهَامَةُ (س)

to understand, comprehend

فَفَهَنْهُ الْكِيْنَ

So We made Sulaiman to understand it. [21:79]

(w. v.)

ف و ت ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

أفؤذ

فَازَ يَغُورُ فَوْدَا (ن)

to succeed, gain victory, (1)
achieve a goal

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) acc. I may achieve (my goal)

الْفَوْدُ / فَوْدُ / فَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفُودُ

achievement, gain

(act. pic. m. plu.) successful ones triumphant (Pic.) achievers (Jid.)

place of safety, n.p.t. a place of refuge

meta. security

is a noun. مَفَازَةً

Pattern for place or time, originated from it to 'succeed' opp. 'to parish'; thus in place of succeeding. It signifies also desert, wherein no person is afraid for (Rgh.)

فَلَاتَهُمْ مِنْ مُنْ أَنْ قُونَ الْعَنَاكِ

Bethink not thou that they shall be in security from the torment. [3:188]

w. v.

ف و ض ★

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) ii أَفَوَّ صُنُ I confide

to submit فَوَّضَ تَفُو بِعِناً
to give full power to, to confide to

(n. p.) acc. حَافُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُ

ف و د ★ (۳. س)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~boiled up فَارَ يَفْوُرُ فَوْراً وَ فَوَرَاناً (ن)

to boil, boil over (pot), to gush forth

حَتِّى إِذَاجَاءً أَمْرُنَا وَفَالَرَ التَّنُورُ

Until when Our decree came and the oven boilied over. [11:40]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُقُورُ مُعارِدُ boiles up

<rush, haste (n.)</p>
the same root to gush forth
meta. to run or do in haste

وَيَأْتُوكُونِنُ فَوُرِيمُ

They shall come unto you in this rush of theirs.

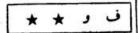
[3:125]

means أَوَّا مِنْ فَوْرِمْ) they came in a headlong manner—LL.).

ف و ذ ★ ف

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) 5€ < ~ won, succeeded :16

أفاق



<his mouth (com.) acc. gen. ii nom. iii

acc. il like is أَخُو ، أَوْ and

كَيَاسِطِ كُفَّيْهِ إِلَى الْمَآوِ لِلْبَلْغَ فَأَهُ

Like one stretching out his palms to water that it may reach his mouth [13:14]

أذأة <mouths (n. p.)

signifiy فَمْ and فُوْهُ signifiy

وَتَغُوُلُونَ بِأَنْوَاهِكُومًا لَيْسَ لَكُوْبٍ عِلْمُ

And ye say with your mouths of which ye had no knowledge. [24:15]

ف

(a preposition) in (place) (1)

3 points to cause or space and time

(السَّبَيُّةُ وَ الْغُرْفِيَّةُ)

وَآمَاالَّذِينَ سُعِدُوافَغِي الْعِنَّاةِ

And as for those who will be glad (that day) they will be in the Garden. [11:108]

أُفَوِّضُ أَمْرِي إِلَى اللهِ

I confide my affairs unto Allah. [40:44]

(w. v.)

< ~ recovered iv.

أَفَاقَ إِفَاقَةً to recover (from illness or unconsciousness)

> فأاق deferment (n.)

lit. a delay; properly the space of time between the opening and the closing of the hand in milking

وَمَانَنُظُ فَأُلَّهِ إِلَّا صَحَةٌ وَاحِدَةً مُلْلَهَامِنْ فَوَاق

And these wait but for one shout whereform there will be no deferment. [38:15]

over, above (a noun used it as a particle)

over you مَوْقَكُم (for details see LL.)

مِنْ فَوْقِ الْأَرْضِ

From above (or from the surface of) the earth. [14:26]

garlic (n.)

(it has no verbal root)

with (7)

وَالْعِيْرَالِيِّيِّ آثِبُكْنَا فِيْهَا

And the caravan with which we travelled. [[2:82]

by the side of (8)

وماالحيوة الثنياني الاجرة إلامتاع

Whereas the life of the world, by the side of the Hereafter, is only a (passing) enjoyment. [13:26]

concerning (9)

قُلِ اللَّهُ يُغْتِيكُونِ الْكَلَّةِ

Allah hath pronounced for you concerning distant kindred (Pic.) [4:176]

(w.&h.v.)

ف ی ۶ 🖈

أفآة

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

فَأَ يَفِي مِنْ أَمُّنَّا (ض)

to return, change its place, shift (shadow)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ithey returned

نين (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ gave (as spoils of war)

أَفَادَ إِفَادَةً >> فَيْقَ

spoil of war, to give out of the spoils

In (time) (2)

نَ سِتُنَةِ أَيَّامِر [32:4] In six days.

about (3)

آيي الملعوشك

Is there doubt about Allah?
[14:10]

among (4)

قَالَ ادْخُلُوا فِيَّ اُمَهِوقَدُ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمُ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنْسِ فِي النَّارِ

(Allah) said: enter the Fire among the communities of ginn and mankind who have passed away before you. [7:38]

into (4)

وَنَفَخُتُ فِيهُ ومِنُ زُوجِي

And I breathed into him of My spirit. [15:29]

on account of (5)

مُتُلُوكُ فِي الدِّيْنِ

They fought against you on account of the religion.

respecting (6) [60:9]

وَلِنَّ الَّذِينَ الْحَسَّ لَكُوَّا فِي الْكِتْبِ

كغى شِعَاتِهِ بَعِيْدٍ

And verily those who differ respecting the Book are surely in cleavage wide.

[2:176]

290

~returns

495

وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللهِ عَلَيْكُ مُودَدَّحُمَّتُ الْفِي اللهُ الدُّنْيَا وَالْاخِرَةِ لَمَسَّكُمُ فِي اللهُ المُنْيَا وَالْاخِرَةِ لَمَسَّكُمُ فِي اللهُ الْمُنْيَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَةُ مَا اللهُ اللهُ عَظِيدٌ مُ

Had it not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy unto you in the world and the Hereafter, an awful doom had overtaken you for that whereof ye murmured (Pic.) (or) ye have rushed. (Jid.) [24:14] (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye are engaged

إذْ فَيُنْفِئِكُ فِيْهِ

When ye are engaged therein. [10:61]

(perate. m. plu.) iv اأيضوًا hasten, hurry (1)

ثُوَ لَيْضُوامِنُ حَيْثُ أَفَاضَ النَّاسُ

Then hurry (or hasten) from the place whence the other people hurried. [2:199]

pour out (2)

اَفِيهُ وَالْمَالَةُ مِنَ الْمَاء

Pour on us some water.

[7:50]

ف ی ل ★

the elephant (n.) اَلْفِيلُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v turns himself

يَتَفَيَّوُ اظِلْلُهُ عَنِ الْيَوِيْنِ وَالشَّمَا إِلَى

Shadows thereof turn themselves on the right and on the left. [16:48]

ف ی ض ★ ف

يُفِيْضُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) <-overfloweth فَاضَ بَفِيْضُ فَيْضًا وَ فَيَضَاناً (ض)

to abound, flow freely, overflow

تَزَى أَعْيُنَهُمْ تَفِيْضُ مِنَ النَّافِعِ

Thou behold their eyes overflow with tears. [5:83]

أَفَاضَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أَفَاضَ

to pour water (1) to hasten (2) أَفَاضَ إِفَاصَةً

ye hurried (1)
(to rush thoughtlessly or murmuring)

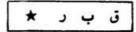
فَإِذَا الْفَصَّتُمْ مِنْ عَرَاتٍ فَاذْكُرُ واللَّهَ

Then when ye hurry from Arafat remember Allah.

[2:198]

كتاب القاف

(ف) قَبَحَ مَثْبَعُ عَبْدًا to render ugly, to remove or reject as worthless



> > ق ب س ★

viii (juss)
(imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

< we may borrow (light)

(a letter of the Arabic alphabet)
name of Surah (Chapter 50)

قِ (فِيناً ، قِيمٍ ،) قُوْاهِ و ق ى length. distance (n) قَابَ see

(proper n.) قَارُونَ Korah of the Bible (Jid.)

A possessor of extraordinary wealth; as is mentioned in in the H.Q. Korah (28:76) was a very rich man proud of his wealth that was sunk by the Almighty God.

ق ب ح ★

(pic. pac. m. plu.) acc. الْمُعَبِّرُ عِيْنَ hateful ones, loathsome ones

(ن) قَبْحَ يَقْبُحُ قَبَعاً وَ قَبْعاً وَ قَبَاحَةً (ن) to be ugly, vile

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَقْبِضُوْنَ they tighten (4)

وَيَقَبِّضُوْنَ أَيْدِيَهُمْ

They tighten their hands (i.e., hypocrites who abstain from spending in the cause of the religion.) [9:67]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) they withdraw (5)

أَوْلَوْيَرُوْالِلَ الطَّانِوفُوفَهُمْ صَّفْتٍ قَيَفُوضُ

Behold they not the birds above them, outstretching (their wings) and they (also) (them) withdraw.

[67:19]

drawing (v.n.) acc.

قَيْضاً

a handful (n) acc.

ق ب ل 🚁

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

~accepts

(س) فَيِلَ يَقْبَلُ قَبُولًا وَ قَبُولًا (س) to accept, admit, receive, agree to

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْ مَعْبَلُونا (you) accept not

(3 p.m. sing.) pip.

∼is accepted

will not be accepted 15 1

will be accepted at a see

will be accepted pip. acc.

will never be accepted 498 **اَنْ تُغَبَلَ**

ا فْنَبَسَ اثْتِبَاساً viii - مِنْ

to take a light from another

>> نَبِسَ يَغْبَسُ فَبَسًا (س)

to get a light or knowledge from another

نظرو بالقتيس من توركم

Wait for us that we may borrow (some) light of yours.

[57:13]

a burning stick, a brand (n.) أَبَسُ (of fire)

ق ب ∽ش 🖈

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) مُنْتُ <I seized (1)

قَبَضَ بَغْيِضٌ قَبْضاً (ض)

to seize and hold, grasp, to take with the finger tips, to take a pinch

(perf. Ist p. plu.) (we drew (2)

to draw الله

ثَوَقِينَا لَهُ لِلْمِنَا فِيضَالِينِهُ الْمِنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ الللَّا الللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

Then We draw it towards us with an easy drawing.

[25:46]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَقْبِضُ scants (3)

والمله يَقْبِضُ وَيَبْضُطُ

And Allah scanteth and amlifieth. [2:245]

وَالْعِيْرَالِينَ الْبُكْنَا فِيْهَا

And the caravan with which we travelled hither.

[12:82]

(perate. m. sing.) مَيْن draw nigh

(act. pic. m. sing.)

from R. F. to accept

acceptance (v.n) بُولُّ

(Ap-der. m. plu. iv) مقابلين facing one another

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x coming forward, overpeering (cloud)

the direction or point (n)
towards which one turns
his face (LL)

In the religious usage it means the direction towards which one turns his face when saying his prayers and the qibla is thus the spiritual centure of a people. (En., Is.)

to be before' is tha point in the direction of which acts of worship ought to be performed. (Jid.)

وَاجْعَلُوا بِيُوتِكُونِ مِنْكُ

And make your house a place of worship. [10:87] (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المُقَالُةُ <accepted
as R. F. v

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v j.

~ will never (neg.) acc. يَعَمَّلُ accept

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. مُعْلِقُ was accepted

لَمْ يُتَقَبِّلُ (3 p. m. sing.) pip juss. كَمْ يُتَقَبِّلُ was not accepted

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) سَعَبَلُ we accept

(perate. m. sing.) اَفَبَلُ may thou accept!

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. حَبْلَ < ~ turned forward to turn vi أَفْدًا: [فَالَا)

forward, to draw near, come close to SS, to advance towards,

to, approach to come to Il -

وَاقْبُلُ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلْ بَعْضٍ تَيْسَأَة لُوْنَ

And they will advance unto each other mutually questioning. [52:25]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vi she came up or drew near (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv أَفْلَوُا مِ عَلَىٰ they turned towards

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) vi أَفَلُنَا (CR) we travelled

before, formerly (a noun denoting time; sometimes denotes place as well).

used as adverb, preposition, as possesser (ثنفاتٌ) to pronominals and also an accusative noun

front : forepart (1) (n.)

إِنْ كَانَ قِيْصُهُ ثُنَّا مِنْ تُمُكِلِ If his shirt is rent in front. [12:26]

facing, before eyes (2)

وَ حَثَرْنَاعَلِيْهِمْ كُلَّ شَيء تُبلًا

And We had gathered together about them everything before (their) eyes (or face to face—Jid.). [6:111]

(direction) (1) (n.) towards

لَيْسَ الْهِوَّآنَ ثُوَلُوُّا وُجُوْهَا كُمُ قَبِلَ الْمُشْرِي وَ الْمُغْرِبِ

Virtue is not (in this) that ye turn your faces towards the east and west. [2:177]

power (2)

ارْحِيْ الَّهِمْ فَلْنَاتِينَهُمْ بِجُنُودِ لَاقِبَلَ الْمُرْهِ عَلَى الْمُرْهِ الْقِبَلُ الْمُرْهِ فَلَا الْمُرْهِ الْفَالِينَ الْمُرْهِ الْفَالِينَ الْمُرْهِ الْفَالِينَ الْمُرْهِ الْمُرْفِقَ الْمُرْفِقَ الْمُرْفِقَ الْمُرْفِقِينَ الْمُلِمِينَ الْمُرْفِقِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعِلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعِلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعِلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعْلِمِينَ الْمُعِلْمُ الْمُعِلِمِينَ الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِمِينَ الْمُعِمِينِ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعِلِمِينِ

is not a turning to a point of the compass, but to a definite place, that is, مُنَدُّ or السَّجدُ الْحَرَامُ the sacred Mosque at Makkah.

قَدُّنَزِى تَعَلَّبُ وَجُعِكَ فِي التَّمَلَّةِ ظَلَّتُولِ خِنَّكَ قِلْلَةُ تَرْضُهَا وَوَلِ وَجُعَكَ شَطْرَالْتَجْدِدِ الْحَرَاجُ

Often We have seen the turning of thy face to the heaven, wherefore We shall assuredly cause thee turn thy face towards the sacred Mosque. [2:144]

اَوْتَأَتِيَ بِاللّهِ وَالْمَلْمِكَةِ قِيْدُلاً Or thou bringest God and the angels face to face,

[17:92]

tribe (2)

إنَّهُ يَرْكُوْ هُوَوَقِينَالُهُ

Verily he (Saten) beholdeth you, he and his tribe.

[7:27]

(sing) عَيْلَةً <tribes n. p.

بأزل

رَجَمَلْنَكُوْ شُعُوْيًا وَهَمَا لِلْكَالِكَوْوُا And We have made you nations and tribes that ye

might know one another.
[49:13]

قَلَتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hast slain قَتَلْتُ I slew (perf. 1st p. sing.) قَتَلَةُ ا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they slew قَلَةُ you slew (perf. 2 p. plu.) you slew them First (an additional) is suffixed before a pronominal with no effect in the meaning) مَتَلْنَا we slew (perf. Ist. p. plu.) (imperf. 3 p.m.sing.)acc. that he may kill (imperf.2p.m.sing.) juss. whosoever kills أنثأ (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) juss. ~I kill (let me~) I surely shall kill epl. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they slay, kill (imperf. neg. 3 p.f. phu.) they (f.) should not kill (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you slav كانت فالد تقال الفيك Thereafter it is ye the very ones who slay each other. [2:85] (perate. neg. m. plu.)

slay not or do not commit

(Due to requirement of the English contents Jid, and Pic. have rendered the noun in a verbal phrase as 'cannot resist' and 'withstand'.)

front (3)

بالطنه فينوالزخمة وظاورة من قبله

العتناب

The inside whereof hath mercy while the outside whereof is in front of the torment. [57:13]

ق ت ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) juss. حَمْرُوا (They stint

فَتَرَ يَقْتُرُ فُتُوراً (ن)

to be stingy, tight-fisted, niggardly (to his own family)

hey were not niggarely

dust, darkness (n.)

dust,darkness (n.)

niggardly acc. أَمَّوُرُ مُ أَمَّوُرُ مُ أَمَّوُرُ مُ أَمَّوُرُ مُ أَمَّوُرُ مُ أَمَّوُرُ مُ

الْقَيِّرُ (Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, الْقَيْرُ straitened

ت ت ل ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) slew (killed)

501

0.1

suicide

تُتِلَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا أَكُفَرَهُ

Perish man! How ungrateful he is! [80:17]

And whosoever is slain wrongfully. [17:33]

قَتِلَتْ (3 p. f. sing.) pp. she was slain

م قُتِلُو ا (3 p. m. plu.) pp. they were slain

(2 p. m. plu.) pp. ye were slain تُتِك

(1st p. plu.) pp. we were slain

is slain (3 p. m. sing.) pip.

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. they are slain

مُقَتَّلُا أَنَّ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii <they slay

generally as R. F. القتار الق

According to linguists the stem ii denotes something more than what the triliteral form does. Thus while means to slay or signifies to massacre er to kill in a severer manner.

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we shall slav

(3 p. m. plu.) pp ii they were slain

وَلَا تَعْتُلُوۤاانَشْتُكُ

And slay not yourselves (or) do not commit suicide.

[4:29]

may be taken in collective sense. The rendering in this case would be 'and slay not one another' as in verse 2:85 above).

Ye slew them not but Allah [8:17] slew them.

(perate. m. plu.) (o you people) slay!

slay yourselves

(i.e., do not commit suicide) (for the historical background and the detailed meaning of the verse Jid-P. 2, n. 224).

> (3 p.m. sing.) pp. is slain (1)

آفَأَينُ مَّاتَ آوُ مُتِلَ

If he dieth or be slain (perish or may be he accursed).

[3:144]

قُتلَ الْخَوْصُونَ

Perish the conjecturers! [51:10]

Perish he! How he devised! [74:19]

502

503

(perate. m. sing.) iii (thou) fight!	قايل	t
(perate. dual) iii (you twain) fight!	قانيلا	
(perate. plu.) iii (O you) fight!	مَّا نِلُوْ ا	
(3 p.m. plu.) pp. iii they were fought	قُوْ نِلُوْ ا	t
(2 p. m. plu.) pp. iii you were fought	فُزيْلُنُمُ	H
(3 p. m. plu.) pip. they are (being) fought	مُعَاتَلُوْنَ	
(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii	أقتل	
viii as iii اقتتل أقتالاً to fight among themselves		M
(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii they fought (among them- selves)	اقتئلوا	th
وَلَوَسُكَامَ اللهُ مَا الْمُتَسَاكُوا	İ	T
And had Allah so wiled they had not fought among themselves. [2:253]	. 1	_
(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) viii (the twain) fight each other, i.e., among themselves not against common enemies		(F
killing, slaying (v.n.)	قَتْلُ	
doing massacre v.n. ii acc.	تفينلأ	
fighting v.n. iii 15	قِتَالٌ / أ	ye
	1.0-1	(i

slain ones (n. p.)

(3 p.m. plu.) acc. pip. ii hat they may be slain (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii $< \sim$ fought (1) قَانَا مُقَانَلَةً وَ قَالًا أَنَّا o fight, to combat, battle تْتَلَامَعَهُ رَبِيُّوْنَ كَثْلُرُ Hath fought with a number of godly men. [3:146] perish (may be (2) accursed) فتكوم اللة آلى يؤلكون lay Allah confound them, neither are they turning away. [9:30] قاتلة ا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii ncy fought فتلوكم في اليس hey fought against you on account of religion. [60:9] (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii -fights (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iii F) fights (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii ey fought مُفَائِلُوْ ا that they mayfight acc. مَّعَانلُهُ نَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii fight لَ: تَمَاتِدُوا imperf.neg.2 p. plu.)iii ye wilt not fight

Of a surety, there hath come unto you from Allah a light and and book lumi-[5:15]

- (2) it is also placed before imperfect to denote:
- (i) certainty of a thing, as

وَن يَعُلُكُ مِنا آنْدُهُ عَلَيْهِ

Of surety he knoweth what ye are about. [24:64]

(ii) frequency of a thing, as

قَدْ نَوْى تَعَلَّكَ وَجُعِكَ فِي السَّمَاء

We have frequently observed the turning of thy face towards the heaven. [2:144]

ق

قَدْحُ nom قَدْماً nom قَدْماً <striking

فَدَحَ بَقْدَحُ فَدُما (ف) to strike fire

فَالْمُوْرِيْتِ قَدُحًا

And striking off fire by dashing (their) hoofs. [100:2]

(assim)

ق

(3 p. f. sing.) pp

<~is rent

ق

< cucumbers (n.)no singular

C

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii <~attempted

أَنْتَحَمَّ انْتِحَامًا ,to plunge

rush, hurtle (• into SS) to break, intrude, invade, to burst, to jump, to embark boldly, to defy (hardship, danger)

فكا افتحت العقبة

(Yet) he attempteth not the steep. [90:11]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii one who rushes

هٰ ذَا فَوْجُ مُقْتَحِمُ

This is a crowd rushing.

[38:59]

(a particle)

(1) it is a confirmatory particle, placed before perfect tense to make the verb definitely past perfect.

أَمَدُرُوا (perf. p. m. plu.) قَدَرُوا they estimated

وَمَا قَدَرُوا لِللَّهَ حَتَّى قَدْدِمْ

And they estimated not Allah with an estimation due to Him. [6:91]

(perf. Ist. p. phu.) اَدُرُناً we decreed

فَقَلَدُنَّا اللَّهُ فَنِعْدُ الْعُلْدِرُفُكَ

So We decreed. How excellent are We as decreers!

(Jid.) thus We arranged.

How excellent is Our arranging! (Pic.) [77:23]

(3 p. m. sing.) pp was decreed (1)

فَالْتَغَى الْمَازْعَلَ آمُرٍ تَدُفْدِرَ

So that the water met for an affair already decreed.
[54:12]

is straitened (2)

وَمَنْ قُورَعَلَيْهِ رِزْقُهُ فَلَيْنُونُ مِثَمَّا أَتْهُ اللهُ

And whosoever is straitened in his subsistence (provision, means of life) let him expend of that which Allah hath given him. [65:7]

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) غيرُ <straitens

or measures, limits opp.

enlarges, extends
(see above the first meaning of this verb)

assim. (ن) لَمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰلِمُ اللّٰمُ الل

she rent (perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

قَدَّتُ قدَداً

<diverse (n) acc.</pre>

strip of board, company of diverse

كْتَاظُرُلِقَ قِلَةُا

We have been (following) very diverse. [72:11]

ق د ر ★

رُدُر (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~straitened

(١) فَتَر بَعْدِرُ فَدْراً (ض)

to straiten (the provision or other means), to restrict, determine the quantity, extent, size of a thing, to measure

(2) فَمَدَرَ مِعْدَرُ فَمُدَرَةً وَمَعْدَرَةً to have power كل - (ض)

to (ض) فَدَرَ فَدُراً (ض) estimate evaluate SS

to decree in just measure (4) and with due propertion) (LL)

وَآمَا إِذَامَا ابْتَلْهُ فَعَدَدَعَ لَيْهِ دِنْقَهُ

But whenever He trieth him (as) He straiteneth his means (of life). [89:16]

فظناً أَن أَن تَعْدِدَ عَلَيْهِ

And he imagined that We could not have power on him. [21:87]

(lit. we will not have power on him)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii كُدُّرُ < ~ measured (1) (ordained)

to measure ordain ii مُقَدِّرُا devise, dispose, decree (as R. F.), to apportion

مَتَكَدَنِيهُا أَتْوَاتُهَا فِنَ ٱلْهُمَا قَالَهُمَةُ آيَامِ

And He measured therein its substenance in four days (or He ordained). [41:10]

to devise (2)

ثُغَرِّمُتِلَكِيُفَ تَكَدَّ

Perish he, how (maliciously) he devised. [74: 20]

to dispose (3)

وَالَّذِي قَلَارَفَهَاي

And who hath disposed and guided? [87:3]

to measure (4)

وَخَلَقَ كُلُّ مُّنْ فَعَدَّدُوا تَعْتُدِيرًا

And who hath created everything and measured it according to a measurement? [25:2]

اَللهُ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزُقَ لِينَ يَشَا أَوْوَيَعْدِرُ

Allah enlargeth the provision for whosoever He willeth and strainteth. (for whosoever He willeth). [13:26]

(see also 17:30, 30:17, 24: 16, 29:52, 28:82)

has power over (3)

ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَتَالًا عَبْدًا أَمَّهُ أُوكًا لَا يَعْدِ رُعَل مَّنَّ

Allah propoundeth a similitude, (there is a) bondman enslaved who hath not power over aught.

[16:75]

he will never have لَنْ بَغْدِرَ power over

رَفْدِرُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُفْدِرُوْنَ they have power over

they have no (neg.) آ مَقْدِرُوْنَ power over

(imperf.2p.m.plu.)(f.d.) خَدِرُوا <ye have power

قدر - على to have power

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَأْبُوا مِنْ تَبْلِ أَنْ تَغْدِرُوا عَلَيْهِمْ

Save those who repent before ye have power over them. [5:34]

(see also 48:21)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) عُقْدِرُ we have power over

آن ~(neg.)

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measure (2)

قَدُّ جَعَلَ اللهُ لِكُلِّ شَيْء قَدْرًا

Allah hath set a measure for all things. [65:3]

power (3)

إتآآنزكنه في لينكة المتند

Verily We have sent it (i.e., the Quran) down on the night of power. [97:1]

i.e., when the Prophet received his first relvelation.

is power, honour, glory and also decree and destiny)

سَدَرُّ (n) measure (1)

وَمَانَ نَزِلُهُ اللَّابِقَدَرِ مَعْلُوْمِ

And We send it not down save in a measure known.
[15:21]

(see for the same meaning 23: 18, 54:49 and 13:17

ordained (2)

ثُعَجِبُتَ عَلَىٰ قَدَرِظِهُوسَى

Then thou comest at the ordained (time), O Musa. [20:40]

(according to fate عَلَىٰ قُسَدَرٍ)
(Jid.)

limit (3)
lit: measure, but CR

إلىٰ قَدَيرِمَعُلُوْمِ

Till a limit known. [77:22[

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii قَدَّرُ نَا we decreed (4)

إلَا اسْرَاتَهُ قَدُرْنَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ الله

Except his wife, of whom We had decreed that she should be of those who stay behind. [15:60]

(Also see 36:39 for the same meaning *i.e.*, decree) to apportion (5)

رَقَدُرْنَافِيهَاالسَيْرَ

And We apportioned the journey therein. (Jid. & Pic. have rendered: We made easy) [34;18]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii اقَدَّرُوْا they measured

قوار يُرامِن فِضَة مَدَّرُومُ مَاتَعُب يُرًا

(Bright as) glass (made) of silver which they (themselves) have measured to the measure. [76:16]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii يُقَدِّدُ ~measures

وَاللَّهُ يُعَدِّرُ إِلَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارُ

And Allah measureth the night and the day [73:20]

(perate. m. sing.) الماد (thou) measurc!

estimation (1) (n)

وَمَأْقَدُ رُوااللَّهَ حَتَّى قَدْرِةٍ

And they estimated Allah not in an estimation due to Him. [6:91]

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0 . Y

ن دِيْرُو الله (1) dispostion (1) v.n.) ii دُلكَ تَعْدِيرُو الْمَدَانِةِ الْمَاسُدِ الْمُعَالِمِينِ الْمَدَانِةِ الْمَاسُدِ

That is the disposition of the Mighty and Knowing. [6:96]

the measure (2)

مَتَدَرُوْهَاتَعَيْرُكُ

They have measured to the measure. [76:16]

(pic. pac. m. sing.) مَقَدُّوْرُ destined (one)

(due) measure, (n.t.) مِعْدَارٌ measurement

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viil مُقْتَدِرٌ powerful

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُقْتَدِرُونَ Powerful One (i.e., God)

ق د س ★

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii هُدُّسُ we sanctify

to sanctify, المَّدُّنُ تَقُدُّنِساً - ل glorify, extol the holiness, to hallow (Asd.)

>> قَدُسَ بَفْدُسُ فُدُسًا (ك)

to be pure, holy

اَلْقَدُدُّیُ (n.) holy (n.) رُوحُ اَلْقَدُّس Holy Spirit

وَأَيْمُنْ فُورُتِهِ الْعُرُبِ

And We aided him (Isa) with the Holy Spirit. [2:87] destiny (4)

فكأن آمو الله قدرامة تكورا

And the ordinance of Allah hath been a destiny destined. [33:38]

means (5)

عَلَ الْمُوْمِعِ مَنَدُوا وَعَلَى الْمُعُرِوَدُونَا

The wealthy according to his means, and the straitened, according to his means.

[2:236]

(act. pic. m. sing.) حَادِدُ (able, potent, one who hath control of~

قَدَرَ _ عَلَى to have power

قادِرٌ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) قَدِيْ

may signify the same possessing power or ability but has an intensive signification, and signifies he who does what he will, according to what wi dom requires, not more nor less, and therefore this epithet is applied to none but God

(LI

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)
< comes forward

فَدَمَ يَهْدُمُ فُدُما (ن)

to come forward, to head a people

CR: he shall head i.e., he shall come forward

يقد مُومَة يَوْمَ الْفِيمَة

He shall head his people on the Day of Resurrection.

[11:98]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ∼brought (1)

to bring, J - iito send before, prepare
beforehand

غَالُوْارَتَبْنَاسَ فَتَدَمَلِنَا لَهَذَا فَزِهُ مَكَابًا ضِعْلًا فِى النَّارِ

They said (C.R. will say): our Lord! whosoever hath brought this upon us, unto him increase doubly the torment of the Fire.

[38:61]

~sent on (2)

يْنَبَوُّا الْمِلْسَانُ يَوْسَيْدِيمَا مَتَذَمَّرُوَا خَوَ

To man will be declared on that day that which he hath sent on and left behind. [75:13]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii حَدَّتُ

i.e., the angel Gabriel who attended on the Prophet Isa (Jesus), peace be upon him,

(Note: this holy spirit of Islam has nothing to do with the Holy Ghost of Christianity, who is the third person of the Blessed Trinity).

(see also 7)

holy (n.) holy (n.)

above, and opposed to all evil; replete with positive good

holy (pis pic. m. sing.)ii الْمُقَدِّسُ as adjective of وَادِ valley

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii أَلَمُنَا الْمُعَادِّينَا holy

(as adjective of الْأَرْضُ, that is faminine in Arabic)

قدم 🖈

< we came (perf. Ist p. plu.)

فَدِمْ يَقْدَمُ فُدُوماً وَ مَقْدَماً (س)

to come, return, to come back from, to advance

CR: we shall come, shall turn, shall set upon

وقد منا الى ماعولواين عمل

And We shall set upon that which they worked.

[25:23]

لَا تُعَيِّرُمُوا بَيْنَ يَدَى اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

Be not forward in the presence of Allah and His messenger. [49:1]

(i.e.,) do not persume to give your advice in any matter before the Prophet asks you to do so)

ye offer (2)

؞ٙٲۺ۠ڣؘڠؙػؙۄؙؖٲؽؙؿؙۼؾڽٷٳڮؽؙؽۮؽ ٮۜڿۏؽڴٷڝٙۮۼؾ

Fear ye to offer alms before your conference? (or whispering) [58:13]

offer,! (perate m. plu.) انَدَّمُوا provide beforehand

to put beforehand المرقدة ح

وَ مَنْوَمُوْلِانَتُهُمُ

And provide beforehand for your souls. [2:223]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv حَمَّةً <- preceded (1)

to advance v. مُعَدِّمُ تَعَدِّمُ اللهِ (reflexive of ii)

لِيَغُوْرَلَكَ اللّهُ مَا لَقَتَ لَا مَمِنَ وَثَيْكَ وَمَا تَأْخَرَ

That Allah may forgive thee that which hath preceded of thy fault and that which may come later. [48:2] (perf. lst. p. sing.) ii قَدَّمْتُ I sent before (1)

يَغُولُ لِلَيْ تَنِي قَتَامُتُ لِحَيَالِنَ

He will say, would that I had sent before for (this) life of mine, [89:24]

I proffered (2) to proffer الما – أنَّدُمُ – الما

وَقَدُقَكُ مُثُالِكُ كُنُوالْوَعِيْدِ

(He said) I have already proflered unto you the warning. [50:28[

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii المَدَّمُوا they sent before

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii قَدَّمْتُمْ

ye have laid up beforehand

to put $\hat{J} - \hat{L}\hat{A} < 0$ beforehand, to bring up

يَاكُلْنَ مَا قَدَّمْتُولَهُنَ

They (years) will devour that which ye have laid up before hand. [12:48]

to bring up

اَنْتُوْقَدُ مُثُنُّونُ لَنَا

It is ye who have brought this upon us. [38:60]

acc. f. d. 190 15

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ye send forth (1) to come forward (2)

(perate neg. m. plu.) المُعَدِّمُوا do not be forward

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to follow, viii أَتَـدَى اقْتَـدَاءَ to imitate, copy (of deeds) - - ب قَـدَا يَفْدُرُ قَدْراً (ن) > قَدَا يَفْدُرُ قَدْراً (ن) to taste or smell agreeably

فيهنكم الخنوة

So follow thou their guidance. [6:90]

Note. the final of الفقية is a pronoun pointing to the verbal noun مدى , but some commentators took this (ha) as مدالة القلقة which denotes a full stop). (Iml. Zr. Ik.)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُقْتَدُونَ followers

وَ إِنَّاعَلَى أُشْرِهِمُ مُقْتَدُونَ

And we are followers on their footsteps. [43:23]

ق ذ ف ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) قَذَف <~cast (1)

to throw (stone) etc., fling, vomit, row (a boat) to hurl, throw with violence, to throw down, overthrow

وَقَنَتَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الرُّغَبَ

And cast into their hearts terror. [33:26] go forward (2)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v اِسْتَعَدَّمُ اللهِ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(reflexive of ii)

to keep oneself forward

لِمَنْ شَامْ مِنْكُوْلَنْ يَتَعَدَّمَ اَوْيَتَأْخَرَ

Whosoever of you, who shall go forward or (who) keepeth himself behind.

[74:37]

imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x كَسْتَقْدِمُونَ <they go in advance

اسْتَفْدَمَ اسْتِفْدَاماً ×

to seek to get in advance

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x تَسْتَقُدِمُونَ ye anticipate

a foot (n) قَدَمُّ

meta. sure footing. گنگر صِدْق [10:2]

the feet (n. p.)

old (act. 2 pic.) مُقِدِيْمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

old ones (eletive plu.) الْآَقْدَمُونَ

الْمُنتَفَد مِنْنَ acc. x

(Ap-der. m. plu.) those who have gone before

ق د و **★**

(perate. m. sing.) viii اقتب د

(h.v.) قر أ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~read قَرَأَ مَثْرًا (مَثْرُولُ) فِرَامَةً وَ قُرُآناً (ف، ن) to read a written thing, to recite with or without having script فَقَرَاهُ عَلَيْهِ وَمَا كَانُوابِهِ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ And he had read it unto them even they would not have been believers therein. [26:199] ةَ أَتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou read ةَ-أَنَآ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we recite, we read يَقْرُ زُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they read لتفرأ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (el.) that thou mayst recite/read (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we read اقْرَأ (perate. m. sing.) read ! (1) Read thine book. [17:14] recite ! (2) فرأباسه رتك الذئ

Recite in the name of Thy

[96:1]

Lord.

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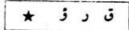
مَّ ذَفْناً (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we threw (2) وَلِكِنَّا هُيِتِلْنَا ۗ أَوْزَارًا مِنْ رِئْنَةِ الْقَوْمِ فَقَدَ فَنْهَا But we were laden with burthens of the people's ornaments, then we threw [20:87] them. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~hurls (3) قُلْ إِنَّ رَبِّنَ يَقُدِثُ بِالْحَقّ Say thou, verily my Lord hurleth the truth. [34:48] meta. to utter (4) conjectures (i.e., throw words without having a knowledge) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَذَفُ نَ meta. They utter conjecture They utter conjecture about the unseen. 134:531 (imperf.Ist.p.m. plu.) we hurl (perate. f. sing.) cast (thou f.) ! أَن امَّذِ مِنْهِ فِي التَّأْبُونِ (Saying) cast him in the ark. 120:391 (3 p.m. plu.) pip they are darted at And they are darted at from every side. [37:8]

meta. prayer (3)

إِنَّ قُوْلِنَ الْفَحْدِرِكَانَ مَثْهُوْدًا

The recitation (i.e. prayer) at the dawn is ever borne witness to. [17:78]

in the text means prayer, because it comprises recitation of the words of the Quran (LL.) also see ZR. IK. Bed.).



a menstruation, (or) (n.) قُرُونُ عُ

a state of purity from the menstrual discharge (the word has two contrary meanings).



(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. they approach

قَرِبَ بَغْرَبُ وَ قَرُبَ بَغْرُبُ كُوْبِاً وَ قُوْمَةً وَ قُومَانًا (س،ك)

to be near to, to approach, to be near in relationship, to offer

لاً يَقْرَبُوا they shall not approach

(perate neg. m. dual.) مُقْرَبًا (O ye two) approach not!

(perate. neg. m. plu.) مَعْرَبُوا approach (ye) not! (1)

(perate. m. plu.) افْرَأُوْا read (1)

اقُرَءُ وُاكِتْ بِيهَ

Read My book. [69:19] recite (2)

فَاقْرَءُ وْامَانَهُمَّ مَامُهُ

Recite thereof so much is easy. [73:20]

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. < ∼is recited

رِیٌ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we make read or recite

سَنُعُيرُ يُكَ فَلَاتَنْكَى

We shall enable thee to recite and then thou shall not forget. [87:6]

v.n. acc. وَرَانَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ reading, reciting, (1)

إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا حَمْعَهُ وَقُوْ النَّهُ

recitation

Verily upon Us is the collecting thereof. [75:17]

فَاذَا قَرَأْنُهُ فَاتَّهِمْ قُوْلُنَهُ

Wherefore when We recite it follow thou the reciting thereof. [75:18]

(2) (prop. n.) الْقُرُآنُ The Holy Qur'an

الزَّحْمَٰنُ عَلَّمَ الْقُرْانَ

The Compassionate Hath taught the Quran.

[55:12]

كعكالتناعة قرنيك

The Hour may haply be nigh.
[42:17]

kinship (n. elative f.)

قُلُ لِلْمَا مُنْكُمُ مُلِيهِ اَجُولِ اللَّهِ الْمُودَّةُ فَي الْفُرَيْنِ Say thou: I ask of you no hire therefor save affection in respect of kinship.

[42:23]

an approach (n.)
(a mean by which an approach is sought)

<approaches (n. p.) ざいっこう

قُرْبَةً (sing.)

relationship, kinship (n) مُقْرَبَةً sacrifice

(as offer made for God) acc.

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii

to bring near, الْمُرِيُّا approach, persent, to make an offering to God

فَقَرَّبُهُ إِلَيْهِ وَقَالَ الْا تَأْكُلُونَ

And he got it nigh to them (before them and) said, wherefor eat ye not?

[51:27]

ؤَرِّبَ وَرَّبَ

to offer (2)

(perf. 2 p.m. dual.) ii أُوَّاً (the twain) offered meta. to have (2) a sexual relationship

وَلَانَعُنُوهُ فَنَ حَتَّى يَظْهُرُنَ

And go not in unto them till they are purified (i.e. from menstruation). [2:222]

ye approach (com.)
me not

(لاَ تَقْرُبُوا + نِنْ > ين)

more nigh (elative.) آفرَبَ

nigher unto !! ()] -

nigher in relation- اَقْرَبُ رُحْماً ship or affection.

nigher in affection أَفْرَبُ مَوَدَّةً

(elative m. plu.) {

relatives acc.

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) near, (nigh)

وَإِذَاسَأَلُكَ عِبَادِيْ عَيْمُكُوْلَ إِنْ تَوْرِيُهِ

And when My bondmen ask thee regarding Me, then verily I am nigh. [2:186]

(The word قَرْبُتُ is formed for masculine; the form (قَرْبُتُ) has not occured in the Ouran.

إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيْبٌ مِنَ الْحَينِينَ

Verily the mercy of Allah is nigh unto the well-doers. [7:56]

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those who brought nigh [فَرْحُ / الْفَرْحُ wound (v. n.) <meta. hurt, sore, blow قَرْحَ بَغْرَحُ قَرْحاً (ف) to wound <apes (n. p.)(sing.) ق (assim.) (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. ~bccome cool فَةَ مَقَةُ قَرْآ (ف) to be or become cool كَيْ تَعَرِّعُنُهُ عَالَكُ يَحْزَنَ That she might cool her eyes. and she might not grieve. [20:40] قَرِّي cool (eye)! (perate f. sing.) ككلي واشرن وقرى عينا So eat and drink thou (f.) and cool thine eyes. [19:26] (perate. m. plu.) <(o ye ladies) stay!

إذفرنانا

When they (twain) offered an offering. [5:27]

to get SS nigh (3)

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ii نَبُنَا we drew nigh

وَقَرَّبُناهُ نَجِيًّا

And We drew him nigh for whispering. [19:52]

نَقَرِّبُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) draweth nigh

وَمَا اَمُوَالَكُونَوُلَا اَوَلَادُكُوْ بِالَّتِئ تُعَيِّرِبُكُو ُعِنْدَنَا زُنْغَى

And it is not your riches nor your children that shall draw you nigh unto Us, with a near approach [34:37]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. الْعُرَةِ بُوْا In order that they maybring

مَانَعُهُدُهُمُ إِلَالِيُقَيِّرُهُونَا إِلَى اللهِ ذُلُغَى

We worship them not save in order that may bring us nigh unto God in approach. [39:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اقْتَرَبُ hath/come.nigh
as R. F. اقْتَرَبُ اقْتَرَابُ الْقَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَالِي الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَانُ الْعَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْعَدَارُ الْع

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii افترَبَتْ hath (have) come nigh

(perate. m. sing.) viii اقْرَبْ be nearer! an abode (3)

وَاوَيْنَاهُمَّآ إِلَى رَبُوعَ ذَاتِ قُوارِ وَمَعِيْنِ

And We sheltered the twain on a height: a quiet abode and springs. [23:50]

كَازُالْعَرَارِ . Abode of rest [40:39]

refreshment (of eyes) (n.) or coolness

تُوْتَعَيِّى إِنْ وَكَكَ

(He will be) coolness of eye unto me and thee. [28:9]

(Translators of the H. Q. tend to render the word by refreshment, comfort etc. to avoid the word coolness which is not understandable to West where eye is warmed in order to get comfort.)

< glass (n. p.)

(sing.)

قوار سرامين فضة

(Bright as) glass made of silver. [76:16]

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) iv < ye ratified (1)

أَفَرَ الْمُ اداً . acc. iv.

to ratify 15 -

to agree, to affirm willingly and expressly, to cause to remain, settle

فَرَّ يَفِرُ فَرَاداً (ض) - في

to stay permanently, be fixed in a place, rest quietly in, dwell in

وَقُرْنَ فِي إِنْ يُكُونِكُنَّ

And stay in your houses.

[33:33]

Note: According to some commentators i'i

is derived from the root that means, to be و ق ر scrious, respected, i.e., staying with respected manners (Jid.).

وَقُرْنَ فِي النَّوْقِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّحِنَ تَبَرُّجَ الْعَامِلِيَّةِ الْأُولِي

And stay in your houses. And display not yourselves with the display of the

pagan past. قرَانُ الْدَارُ، قَرَارًا stability (1)

[33:33]

اجْتُنَّتُ مِنْ فَوْقِ الْأَرْضِ مَالْهَا مِنْ قَوْلِهِ

Uprooted from upon the carth, and there is for it [14:26] no stability.

a resting place (2)

ثُوَّحَمَّنُكُ نُطْفَةً فِيُ قَارِمُكُهُ

Thereafter We made him of a sperm in a firm resting place. [23:13]

(also see 40:64, 38:60)

فَإِنِ اسْتَقَرَّمُكَأَنَهُ فَسَوْفَ تَرْسِي

Then if it stands in its place then thou will see Me.

[7:143]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x

that which remains firmly fixed or confirmed, goal, lasting place

an end or goal (1)

وَكُنَّ بُواوَاتَبَعُوااَهُوَاءَهُمْ وَكُلُّ آمُو مُستَقِرْ

And they belied and they followed their lusts, and every affair (will come to (its) end (or goal).

[54:3]

lasting, settled (2)

وَلَقَدُ صَهَّحَهُ وَبُكُرَةً عَذَابٌ مُسْتَعِرٌّ

And assuredly there met them early in the morning a torment lasting (or settled). [54:38]

settled (or) placed (3)

فكتارا لأمستعترا عنده

Then when he saw it placed (or settled) before him.

[27:40]

(act. pic. m. sing.) x resting place (1)

وككمن الأرض مستنتز ومتاع الاحين

And for you on the earth (shall be) a resting place and enjoyment, for a duration. (or season—(Jid.)

[2:36]

تتوافررتم وانتم تشهدون

Then ye ratified (our covenant) and ye were witnesses. [2:84]

(Note: The verb نَشْهَدُوْنَ is translated here as a noun)

to agree (2)

we agree (perf. Ist p. plu.) أَفْرُدُناً

قَالَ، ٱقْرُرْتُهُ وَاَخَذْتُهُ عَلَى ذَلِكُمُ لِصُرِى قَالُوْا ٱقْرَرْنَا

He said: Do ye agree and will ye take up My burden in this (matter). They said: We agree. [3:81]

(Note: The perfect tense has been rendered in these verses as if it were imperfect tense.)

to cause to remain (3) or settle

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv we cause to remain

وَنُقِرُ فِي الْأَرْحَامِ مَا لَتُنَاءُ

And We cause to remain (or We settle) in the wombs that We will, an appointed time. [22:5]

<math display="block" </pre>
<math display="block" </pre>
stood firmly

to stand x. اسْتَقَرَّ اسْتِقْرَاراً by itself without a support يفر

ستقر

قَرَضَ بَقْرِضُ قَرْضاً (ض)

to cut, grow, nibble, turn aside from CR. passes, leaves

وَإِذَا غَرَبَتُ ثَعَرُفُهُمْ ذَاتَ السِّمَالِ

And when it setteth/passeth (passing or leaving) them by on the left. [18;17]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv خرصورا <they lent

أَفْرَضَ إِفْرَاضاً .to lend iv

to cut a portion of one's wealth and give someone in order to take it back

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv اقرَ مُنتُمْ ye lent

يْقْرِضُ (Imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv يُقْرِضُ ~lends

f.s.acc. iv (imperf.2p.m. plu.) that ye may lend

(perate. m. plu.) iv أَقْرِ صُنُوا (you) lend!

أَرْضاً acc. قَرْضُ loan

ق ر ط س

a parchment (n.) قَرْطَأَتْ lit. what one writes upon

قراطیش (n. p.) parchments

ج فِرْطَأَشْ (sing.)
 518

a set time (2)

الحل بتراشئتة

For every anouncement is a set-time. [6:67]

abode meta. womb (3)

وَهُوَالَّذِي كَانَشَاكُمُ مِنْ نَفْسِ وَاحِدَةٍ فَنْ تَعَرُّ وَمُسْتَوْرَكُمْ

And it is He who hath produced you from one person, and thenceforth (there is) a abode and repository. [6:98]

means here 'womb' مُسْتَقَرَّ) and مُسْتَوْدَعٌ loins) (I.K.)

appointed term (4)

والنشش تجرى لشتقراكها

And the sun runneth to its appointed term. [36:38]

the recourse (5)

إلى رَبِّكَ يَوْمَهِذِ الْمُسْتَعَدُّ

Unto thy Lord that Day is the recourse. [75:12]

abode (6)

أصلك المجنكة يؤمر باخ يرقسكة

Fellows of the Graden shall be on that Day in a goodly abode. [25:24]

ق ر مش ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) من الم

- cuts

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii وَمُنْ يُقَارِفُ مَنَاءُ earns وَمُنْ يُقَارِفُ مَنَاءُ

And whosoever earned a good deed. [42:23]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii عُمْرِ فُوْنَ they earn

سيجزون بماكانوايفترفون

They will be awarded that which they used to earn. [6:120]

لِغَثْرَ فُوْا (f.d.el.) viii (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they may earn (or) they may fabricate, perpetrate (crime)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُعْرِفُونُ those who earn. those who fabricate, or perpetrate (crime)

وَلِيَعْتَرِفُوامَا هُمُعُمْعَتَرِفُونَ

And that they may earn what they are earning (or let them fabricate that which are they fabricaters thereof.) [6:113]

قرن ★

قَرَّنَ see ق ر ر

< generations (n.)</p>
lit. a century (time period)

< generations (n. p.)

قَرْنْ (sing)

ق دع ★

(act. pic. f. sing) قَارِعَةُ (adversity (1)

قَرْعَ بَغْرَعُ قَرْعاً (ف)

to knock, strike

وَلَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْ الْعِيْمِهُمْ مِمَا صَنَعُواْ قَادِعَهُ

And an adversity ceaseth not to befall those who disbelieve, for that they did. [13:31]

striking (day) (2)

كَنَّ بَتْ ثَنْوُدُو عَادُّ بِالْقَارِعَةِ

They (tribes of Thamud and Aad) belied the striking (Day). [69:4]

الْعَادِعَهُ مَاالْعَادِعَهُ وَمَّااَدُنْكَ مَاالْعَادِعَهُ

The striking, what is the striking and what shall make thee know what the striking is? [101:1,2,3]

قرف ★

ye gained (1) viii (earned, acquired)

أَتْرَفَ أَتْرَافاً viii

to fabricate, to earn, gain, to perpetrate (a crime)

وَأَمْوَالُ إِثْلَامُتُوهُمَا

And the riches ye have earned. [9:24] to lead two iv. اَوْنُ إِذْ الْمَا captives by one rope, to have power over or control over them

سُبِّخْنَ الَّذِي سَخَّرَ لَنَا هُ ذَا وَمَا كُتَالَهُ مُعْمِنِينَ

Hallowed be He who hath subjected this unto us and we were not capable (fit of subduing) for it [43:13]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. viii حَمْرُ فِينَ عَلَى اللهِ عَمْرُ اللّهِ عَمْرُ عَمْرُ عِمْرُولُ اللّهِ عَلَمُ عَمْرُ اللّهِ عَمْرُ اللّهِ عَلَا عَمْرُوا

to be viii اَقْتُرَانَا joined, accompanied

Nor angles come with him accompanying. [43:53]

ق ر ی ★

town, township (n.)

<towns, cities (n. p.)

(sing) قَرْبَةُ

(أَمُّ الْقُرِي for أَمُّ الْقُرِي (أَمُّ الْقُرِي

the two cities (dual n.)
(i.e., Mekka & Taif (IK)

ق س و ر

a lion (n.) قَسْوَرَةُ

signifies a lion, some commentators took it as deri(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْقَرِ بْنُ | قَرِ بْنُ | مَوْ بْنُ | مَوْ بْنُ | مَوْ بْنُ | مَوْ بْنَا | مَوْ بْنَا | مَوْ بْنَا | مَنْ الْمَانِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمَانِينَ الْمِينَانِ الْمَانِينَ الْمِنْ الْمَانِينَ ا

قَرَنَ بَغْرِنُ قَوْناً (ض)

to join one thing to another, or be together

companion acc.

<mates, comrades, (n.p.)
companions</pre>

قَرِينٌ (sing.)

lit: two-horned

Note: According to a majority of the commentators, it is surname of Alexander the Great: so named from his expeditions to the East and the West. He was actually represented on his coins with two horns. Horn in the Bible is a symbol of strength and is frequently mentioned to signify power an glory. (Jid. < CD.P.16, n. 422)

acc. (pis. pic. m. plu.) ii

bound together

to gain ii مُقْرِيْناً مُقْرِيْناً مُقْرِيناً

وَتَوَى الْمُخْوِمِيْنَ يَوْمَهِنِ مُقَوِّنِيْنَ فِي الْأَصْفَادِ And thou will see the guilty

or that Day bound together in fetters. [14:49]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv leaders and controllersover animals used for riding



balance

وَذِنْوَا بِالْعِسُطَاسِ الْمُسْتَقِيْمِ

And weigh with the right balance. [26:182]

(perf. Ist. plu.)

< we apportioned

فَسَمَ يَقْسِمُ فَسَأَ (ض)

to apportion, to divide, distribute

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they apportion

أمُوْ يَقْسِمُونَ يَحْمَتُ رَبِّكَ نَحْنُ فَمَسْنَا

As if they who apportion their Lord's mercy! We have apportioned among them their livelihood.

[43:32]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ili -swore unto

قَاسَمَ فِسَاماً وَ مُقَاسَمَةً

to swear unto

وَقَاسَمُهُمَّا أَنْ لَكُمَّالُونَ النَّصِحِينَ

And he swore unto them both, verily I am unto you of (your) good counsel-[7:21]lors.

ved from i.e., to do something against one's will

divines (n. p.) ن

Christian priests who were regarded as custodians of religion (at the Prophet time).

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv. f.d. <that ye may deal justly

أَفْسَطُ إِنْسَاطًا vi to act or deal justly

>> قَتَطَ تَفْسِطُ فِسُطًا (ض)

to act justly/unjustly (contrary meanings)

وَإِنْ خِفْتُهُ ٱلْأَنْفُسِطُوْا

And if ye fear that ye may not deal justly. [4:3]

(perate m. plu.) iv act justly

(act. pic. m. plu.) thou who act unjustly sec above R.F.

justice (v.n.)

أذكا

more equitable (elative)

(Ap-der. m. plu.)acc., vi the equitable

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi المُعَوَّا المُعَوَّا المُعَوِّا المُعَوِّا المُعَوِّقِةِ المُعَادِّةِ المُعَادِةِ المُعَادِّةِ المُعَادِّةِ المُعَادِّةِ المُعَادِّةِ المُعَاد

(fd.) acc. x المُنْفَسِعُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye seek a division
to seek x السُنْفُسَام الْمُنْفَسَام الْمُنْفَسَام division

وَأَنْ تَسْتَغُيمُوْا بِالْأَذْكَامِر

And that ye seek a division by means of the (divining) arrows. [5:3]

oath (n)

a division, (n)

a divided thing

وَيَتِنْهُمُ إِنَّ المَاءَ قِسْمَةٌ بَيْنَهُمُ

And declare thou unto them that water is a divided (thing) between them.

[54:28]

division (2)

تِلْكَ إِذَ لِقِسُمَةً خِسِيُرُى

That, indeed, is a division unfair. [53:22]

(time of apportioning) أَنْفِنَةُ الْقِنْمَةُ

فإذَاحَفَرَاثِيسْمَةَ أُولُواالْقُوبِ وَالْيَهْى وَالْسَلْيِينُ

And when kinsfolk and orphans and the needy are present at the division (time of apportioning the heritage) [4:8] (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَفْسَعُوا <they swore

أفسم إفساماً to swear

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye sware

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~swears ~will swear

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) iv the twain swear (the twain shall swear)

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آييم I swear

فَلَّا أُمُّسِهُ بِمَوْقِعِ النُّجُوْمِ

No! I swear by the setting of the stars. [56:75]

does not convey a negative meaning. In accordance with a curious idiom of the language, whereby an oath or execration seems to be regarded as a virtual negation, the negative particle Y may be omitted in denial by oath, and, on the contrary, be inserted in affirmation (WAGL. II; p. 305 LIS). Y is an additional particle to emphasise the meaning of oath and not for negative (Zr.).

ق ض د ★

(perate. m. sing.) اقعید < be modest

to adop a middle course to go or proceed الله straightaway to aim at, to intend

وَاقْصِدُ فِي مَشْيِكَ

And be modest in thy bearing (i.e., neither be fast nor too slow in the walking); (to adop the the "golden mean" is the theme of this verse). [31:19]

the right way, (v.n.) direction

وعكى الله وقصدُ السَّبِيْلِ

And upon Allah is the direction of the way. [46:9]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آمِدًا moderate

(a moderate journey مَفَرًا قَاصِدًا (a moderate

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii عُنْصَدُ a keeper of the middle course

ا كَلْتَلْغُهُمُ إِلَى الْبَرِّفِينَهُمْ مُقْتَصِدٌ

Then when he delivereth them on the land, some of them keep to the middle course. [31:32] a divided (one), (assigned)

(Ap-der. f. plu.) ii الْمُقَسِّمَاتُ <distributors

قَسَّمَ تَغْسِيماً "to distribute ii

فالمُقَيِّدُ لمِنْ المُوَّا

And (the angels) who distribute the affairs. [51:4]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. viii الْمُقْنَسِمِيْنَ < ~ dividers as RF الْقَنْسَمَ افْتِسَاماً

as RF افتسم افیساما to divide

(w.v.)

قصدُ قصدُ ق س و 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

فَسَا يَفْسُوْ فَسَارَةً وَ فَسُوةً (ن) to be hard, unyielding

أَلِيَةً / الْقَاسِيَةُ / الْقَاسِيَةُ / الْقَاسِيَةُ الْقَاسِيَةُ / الْقَاسِيَةُ الْقَاسِيَةِ الْقَاسِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيقِيقِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيمِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعَلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيةِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِيقِيقِ الْعِلْمِ

hardness (v.n.)

ق شع ر

شَعِرُّ (quard.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)
< ∼trembles

أَمْسَعَرَ الْمُشِعْرَ اراً vi (.quard)

to become creep (with terror), to shudder, shiver (with fear), to tremble de those modest المَّرُف women who restrain their eyes from looking at any one save their husbands.

مِنْ قَبِيلٍ إِمَافَةِ الْفَاعِلِ إِلَىٰ مَفْعُولِهِ the object of (ابْنُ عَقِيل) the sentense is possessed by its own object.

(pic. pac. f. plu.) مُعْمُورَاتُ confined (women)

مُوُرُّمَقُصُوْرَتٌ فِي الْخِيَامِ Fair ones confined in tents. [55:72]

(Ap-der. m. phu.) acc. ii مُقَصِّرِينَ those who cut short (hair)

(assim)v.

ق ص ص ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

قَصَّ بَقُصُّ فَمَما (ن)

- (1) to impart, communicated, tell, narrate, recount (a story)
- (2) to follow one's track

فَلَتُمَا جَاءَءُوَقَضَ مَلَيُهِ الْقَصَصَ Then, when he came and

Then, when he came and recounted unto him the (whole) story. [28:25]

we have recounted

(Ap-der. f. sing.) viii مُعْتَصِدَةً a keeper of the middle course (right-doing one)

مِنْهُوْ أُمَّةُ مُتَّتَصِدَةً

Among them is a community right-doing (of the followers of middle course, who are not extremists.) [5:66]

ق ص د ★

acc. f. d. المَقْمُورُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye shorten
(فراً (ن، ض) تَقْصُرُ قَصْرًا وَ قُصُورًا (ن، ض)
to shorten,
to cut short

أَنُ تَعَفُّرُ وَامِنَ الصَّاوْقِ

That ye shorten the prayer. [4:101]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv مُعْمِرُ وْنَ they stop short

وَإِخْوَا نَهُمْ يَعُدُّونَهُمْ فِي الْغِيَّ ثُمُّ لَا يُقْعِدُونَ

And their brethren drag them on toward error so they stop not short.

[7:202]

قَصْرٌ / أَلْقَصْرُ

< castles (n. p.)

قصر (sing.)

(act. pic. f. plu..) قَاصِرَ اتَّ restraining (looks)

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follow! (perate. f. sing.)

وَقَالَتُ الْخُتِهِ قُعْمَنِهِ

And she said unto his sister, follow him. [28:11]

the retaliation القِصَاصُ aliation is not the

(The retaliation is not the same thing as mere revenge, as it serves, besides compensation that is the due right of a victim, a purpose of peace for the safety of others—which is lacking in a mere revenge.)

ق مس ف ★

مِناً (act. pic. m. sing.) acc. مِناً hurricane, gale (ض) (قَصِيناً) (ض)

فأوسل عكيكو قاصفاتن الديج

to roar and resound (thunder)

Then (He) send upon you a gale (or hurricane) of wind. [17:69]

ق ص م 🖈

(perf. Ist p. plu.) Lina

<we shattered

تَمَمَّ يَقْمِيمُ تَصْمًا (ض)

to break in pieces. shatter, return one to its starting point (imperf. 3 p. m.sing.) مُعُمَّى recounts

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) مُعُونُ they recount

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) كان We recount

(gen. neg.) لَوْ نَعْمُصُ We recounted not

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) (epl.)
We will (certainly) recount

(perate. m. sing.) اقصص recount! tell!

(perate. neg. sing.) الْ تَعْصُصُ recount not!

stories, narrative (1) (v.n.) الْقَصَعَلُ

فَاقُصُصِ الْقَصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَعَكَّرُونَ

And recount thou unto them narratives that they haply may reflect. [7:176]

لَقَدْ كَانَ فِي قَصَوِيمْ عِنْكَةً

Assuredly in their stories is a lesson. [12:111]

retracing. following (2) (tracks)

see above; another meaning of مُعَنَّ مُعَنَّ i.e., to follow or retrace the tracks

قَارْتَدَاعَلَىٰ اللهِيمَا قَصَمًا

So they returned back upon their footsteps retracing [18:64] قَضَبَ يَعْضِبُ قَضْباً (ض) to cut off (ض) المقضِبُ عَضْباً (ض) (assim. v.)

<-falls down acc. vii أَهْمَنَّ أَنْقِضَاصناً vii أَنْقَضَّ أَنْقِضَاصناً to fall, to fall at once, threaten to fall down</p>

فُوجَالُ فِيهَا حِدَارًا يُرِيدُانَ يَنْقَضَ Then the twain found therein a wall, about to fall down. [18:77]

ق ض ی 🖈 (w. v.)

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

~decreest, (1)

to decree

لَّهُمْنِي بَغْضِيْ فَضْباً وَ لَصْنَاةٍ وَ فَضَيَّةً (ضِ)

to decree,

to bring an end (i.e.,

to kill - JE -)

to fulfill, to perform, to complete, to judge, decide

وَلِهُ الْقَضَّى آمُرُا

And he who decreeth an affair. [2:117]

meta. to satisfy (2)

فَلَتَّا لَعْنَى مُرْسَى الْلَجَلَ Then when Musa fulfilled the term. [28:29]

وَكُوْقَصَمْنَامِنُ قَوْيَةِ كَانَتُ ظَالِمَةً

How many a community that dealt unjustly have We shattered (*Pic.*) and how many a city have we overthrown which were doing wrong (*Jid.*) [21:11]

ق ص و ★ (س.س)

(act. 2 pic.)(adj.) acc.

أَضَا يَغْضُوْ فَصُوَّا وَ قُصُوًّا (ن)
 to be very distant (place), go far away

farthest elative (m.) (أَنْصاً)

وَجَاءً رَجُلُ مِنَ اقْصَا الْمَدِينَةِ يَسْعَى

And there came a man from the farthest part of the city, running. [28:20]

الستجدالأفضا

The farthest mosque (at Jerusalem) [17:1]

further elative (f.)

وَهُوْمِ الْمُنْكُولَةِ الْعُصَّوٰى

And they were on the further side (or yonder side—Jid.).
[8:42]

ق ض ب ★

vegetables (n.) acc. trefoil, clover (perf. Ist. p. plu.) الم

قَمْنَى ـ إِلَىٰ ، عَلَىٰ ، عَلَىٰ . أَلَىٰ ، عَلَىٰ .

to judge بين -

انَّ تَبَكَ يَقَضِى بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَالْقِيمَةِ

Verily thine Lord shall judge between them on the Day of Resurrection. [10:93]

< ~ decrees (2)

to decree, decide acc. --

وَاللَّهُ يَقْضِىٰ بِالْحَقِّ

Allah decreeth with the truth.
[40:20]

in order that~may (el.) مُقْضَى decree

لِيَقْضِى اللهُ آمُّرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولًا

In order that Allah may decree an affair (already) enacted (i.e., decreed to be done.) [8:42]

to make an end (3) (fd. el.)

وتأدوا يناك ليقض مكينا رتك

And they will cry! O keeper! Let thy Lord make an end of us. [43:77]

to perform (4)

perform (gen. fd.)

مَلْجَةُ إِنْ نَغْسِ يَعْتُونِ تَضْمَا

It was only a craving in the heart of Ya'qub that he satisfied. [12:68]

to bring an end (3) (i.e., to kill)

فَوَكَّرُهُ مُوسَى فَقَضَى عَلَيْهِ

So Musa struck him with his fist, and an end of him.
[28:15]

to fulfil (4) to perform (5)

فَينْهُ وَمَّنْ قَضَى غَبَّهُ

Some of them have performed their vow. [33:23]

to decide, (6) to give a judgement

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou decidest

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) المنبثة I fulfilled

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they performed

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye performed (1)

فَاذَاقَضَيْتُوالصَّاوَةَ

And when ye have performed the prayer. [4:103]

to complete (2)

فَاذَافَفَيْتُونَنَارِكُكُو

Then when ye have completed your rites. [2:200] (3 p. f. sing.) pp. قُفِيْتُ ~is completed (or finished)

(3 p. m. sing.) el. pip. ليقنى may be fulfilled (1)

شُمَّ يَبْعَثُكُونِ فِي ولِيقضَى آجَلُ مُعَي

Then He raiseth you therein that there be fulfilled the term allotted. [6:60]

to be finished (2)

وَلَانَعُجُلْ بِالْقُرُانِ مِنْ قَبْلِ آنُ يُقْضَى النَيْكَ وَحُيْنَا

And hasten thee not with the Qur'an before there is finished the revelation thereof. [20:114]

be decreed (3)

وَالَّذِيْنَ كَغَرُّوْالَهُ وُنَازُجَهَنَّوْ كَانْيَفُطَى عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَمُوْتُوْا

And those who disbelieve for them shall be Hell fire. It shall not be decreed to them that they should die. [35:36]

(pic. pac. m. sing.) acc. a decided or decreed (thing)

> ق ط ر 🖈 فِطْرٌ (فِطْرًا) (n.)

moten brass, copper

كَلَّالْتَايَقْضِ مَأَأْمَرَهُ

By no means. He performed not that which He commanded him. [80:23]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) مني thou shall decree

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) يَقْضُونَ they decree they decree not لَا يَقْضُونَ لَا يَقْضُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) el.

ثُوَّلِيَقُضُواتَفَ ثَهُمُ

let them complete or end

Thereafter let them end (or complete) their unkemptness. [22:29]

(perate m. sing.) اقْضِ decree (thou)!

اقَصْنُوا (perate, m. plu.) اقْصَنُوا decree (you)!

(act. pic. m. sing.) أخي one who decreeth

(or issues an ordinance)

ending (act. pic. f. sing.) الْقَاصِنَيةُ

يليئتها كانت القاضية

Oh would that it had been the ending. [69:27]

نَّهُنِيَ p.m. sing.) pp. نَهْنِيَ سis decreed

بَيْنَ - < ~ is decided acc.~is completed وطعنا

we cut off (2) (i. e., we destroyed)

وَقَطَعْنَاكَا إِرَ الَّذِينَ كُذَّ الْوَابِالْيَتِنَا

We utterly cut off those who belied our signs. [7:72]

separate, sever (3)

ثغ لقطعنا منه الويني

And then We severed his lifevein. [69:46]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)acc. that he cut off

وَيُومِيُهُ اللّٰهُ أَنْ يُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ بِكِللتِهِ وَيَقْطَعُ وَابِرَالْكُفِويُنَ

And Allah willed that He should cause the truth to triumph by His words and cut off the root of the disbelievers. [8:7]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el. that he may cut off, let him cut

إِيقَطَعَ طَوْقًا مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفُرُوا

That he may cut off a portion of those who disbelieve. [3:127]

الِيَغْطَغُ (.et ~ cut (perate. 3 p.) لَيْغُطُغُ فَلْمِنْظُوْ

Let him cut it (the cord) and let him see. [22:15]

> (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَعْطُعُونَ they sever (1)

liquid pitch (n.)

قِطْرَ انْ

<sides, regions (n. p.) أَفْطَارُ</p>
(sing.) side

ق ط ط 🖈

عَبِّلُكَانِقَكَا [38:16] Hasten our portion

قطع ★

قَطَعْتُمُ (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) وَعَطَعْتُمُ (خ) <pe cut down (1) (ف) قَطَعَ يَعْطُمُ قَطْمًا (ف)

- (1) to cut, cut off, separate, turn aside عَنْ
- (2) to cause to perish, ذارِرَة death
- العَلِوْ يْقَ to carry on a مَا الْعَلِوْ يُقَ robbery on a highway
- in order to hurt passers through, to close the means

مَاقَطَعْتُونِ لِيْنَاةِ

Whatsoever fine palms ye cut down. [59:5] قطَّعْنَا

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) meta. we divided (2)

وقظفهم المنتق عشرة أشباطاأسا

We divided them into twelve tribes (nations). [7:160]

we sundered (3)

وتقطعنهم فيالكرض أسكا

And We have sundered them in the earth as (separate) nations. [7:168]

acc. ii f.d. مُقَطِّعُوا (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)

ye sever

ol. ii تَعَلِّعَنَّ

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) surely I shall cut off

(3 p. f. sing.) pp ii قُطُّعَتُ is torn asunder (1)

وَلَوَانَ قُوْاْنَالُتَ بِرَتْ بِهِ الْحِمَالُ اَدُفْوَلَمَتْ بِهِ الْاَرْضُ

Had it been possible for a recital (Quran) to cause the mountains to move or the earth to be torn asunder. [13:31]

Note: The word in this verse means not proper name of the Holy Book, Therefore it is translated by 'racital' Pic. has chosen the word a lecture while Jid. used the 'Quran' with an indefinite article 'a'.

وَ يَقْطَعُونَ مَا أَمْوَاللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ يُوصَلَّ

And they sever that which Allah hath commanded to be joined. [2:27]

they cross (2)

وَلَا يَقْطَعُونَ وَادِيًّا

And they cross not a valley.
[9:121]

ye rob (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْطَعُونَ

وَتَقْطَعُونَ السَّمِيْلَ

And ye rob the highway.

[29:29

cut off! (perate. m. plu.)

اقطعوا

(3 p. m. plu.) pp.

علغ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) if < cut in pieces

تَطَّعَ

pieces, to cut off entirely or into many pieces, to mangle, to tear

to sever (1)

نقتظع آختاء كمنو

So that it cut their bowls in to pieces. [47:15]

mangleth (Jid.) tearetethPic.)

(nonf 2 n ou nh.

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii they (f.) cut off تَعَلَّمْنَ

dicative of perfect tense.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v مُعَلِّمَتُ severed

وتعطعت يعم الاشباب

And the severed between them shall be the cords. (Jid.) [2:166]

(i.e., and all their aims collapse with them (Pic.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v they have broken (into pieces, i.e., they have divided themselves)

a part (n. p.)

بِقِطْعِ مِّنَ الْيُلِ

~Part of the night. [15:65]

According to some commentaters quoted by IK signifies the first part of the night.

< a part of the night (n) (towards morning)

قَطِيْعٌ (sing.)

According to Rgh. that means a folk or cattle, applied to all kind of groups, phural مرّعة made on the measure of مرّعة and مرّعة and مرّعة and مرّعة and مرّعة respectively.

to be cut out (2)

قطِعَتْ لَهُ وشِيَاكِ مِن ثَادٍ

Garments of fire will be (lit. is) cut out for them.

[22:19]

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. ii

are cut off

مصع ر- ب

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v < become severed (1)

to cut off किंवीं के किंवीं

(perf. Ist f. sing.) acc.

(as R. F.) to sever or become severed

لَقَدُ تُقَطَّعَ بَيْنَكُوْ

Verily (the bond) is severed between you. [6:94]

to be torn to pieces (2)

إِلَّا آنَ تَقَطَّعَ قُلُونُهُمْ

Unless their hearts are torn to pieces. [9:110]

in this verse is taken by grammarians as (imperf 3 p. f. sing.) of which prefixed has been dropped. Thus instead of

it is read المُعَلَّمُ it is read المُعَلَّمُ it is read المُعَلِّمُ it is read it is read it is it read it read it is read it read it

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خَصَدَ يَغْعُدُ قُمُوْداً وَ مَغْمَداً (ن)
 to sit down, to remain behind
 to lie in wait for لــ
 to remain unmoved مَعُوداً
 to desist, abstain, رعَنْ

وَقَعْدَ الَّذِينَ كُذَبُوا اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

And those who had lied unto Allah and his messenger sat (at home). [9:90]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) الْمَدُوْ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. thou sit down we sit, (imperf. 1st p. plu.) الْمُدُدُّ (percte. neg. m. sing) الْمَدُدُّ الْمُدُدُّ الْمُدُدُّ (percte. neg. m. sing) الله تَعْدُدُ الله (percte. neg. m. plu.) الله تَعْدُدُوْ (percte. neg. m. plu.)

sit not (you)!

(imperf. Ist. p.m. sing.) verily I shall beset

قَالَ فَبِمَا أَغُويُتُنِي لَاقَعُدُنَّ لَهُ وْحِيرَاطَكَ الْسُتَقِيمُ

He (Iblis) said: because Thou hast sent me astray, verily I shall beset for them Thy straight path (Jid.). I shall lurk in ambush (Pic.).

[7:16]

sit ye! (perate. m. plu.) اقْمُدُوْا the state of siting (1) (v.n.)

(i.e., when they sit at)

تِطَعَّامِّنَ الْيُلِ مُظْلِمًا

pieces of darkest' night.

[10:27]

tracks (Pic.) (2) regions (Jid.)

وَ فِي الْأَرْضِ قِطَعُ مُنتَجُورِكُ

And in the earth are regions neighbouring. [13:4]

(act. pic. f. sing.) قَاطِعَةُ one who decides

مَاكُنْتُ تَاطِعَةُ آمُواحَتَّى تَتَعْمَدُونِ

I decide no case till ye are present with me. [27:32]

(pas. pic. m. sing.) مُقَطُوعٌ SS cut off, severed

(pas. pic. f. sing.) مُقْطُوعَة out of reach

قطف ★

خَطُوْفٌ (n. p.)

قِطْفٌ (sing.)

ق ط م ر

قطبير date-stone (n.)

ن ع د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعَدَّدُ ~sat

وَالْقُواعِدُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ الْمِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ نِكَاحًا

As for women past childbearing (age) who have no hope of marriage. [24:60]

<sitting place, n.pt. مُفْعَدُ</p>

seats, sitting places n. pt. مُقَاعِدُ (sing) مَقْعَدُ <

قع د ★

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii رايات الماية الماية (uprooted one

to be vii انْقَعَرَ انْقِعَاراً uprooted, cut off by the root, to fall prostrate

خَفَرَ يَفْعَرُ قَعْراً (ف)
to dig deep

ق ف ل ★

<locks (n. p.) گُفْفَالُّ أَفْفَالُّ</p>

قَفُلُ" (sing.)

ق ف و ★

(perate. neg. m. sing.)

قَفَا كَمُفُو قَفُوا وَ قُفُوا (ن)

to go after SS, to walk behind one, follow in the track of إِذْ هُمْ عَلَيْهَا قُعُودُ

When they sat by it [85:6] sitting (2)

الَّذِيْنَ يَدُكُونَ اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَفَعُودًا

Those who remember Allah standing and sitting.
[3:191]

sitting i.e., (3) remaining behind, unmoved

ٳؾڴۅؙڒڝ۬ؽڎؙ؞ٳڷڠؙٷۄٳٛۊڶ مَرَةِ فَاقْعُدُوامَعَ الْخِلفِيْنَ

Ye were content with sitting still the first time. So sit still with those who stay behind. [9:83]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آعِداً sitting one

acc. الْقَاعِدُوْنَ ، قَاعِدُوْنَ ، الْقَاعِدِيْنَ ، ($act.\ pic.\ m.\ plu.$) sitting ones

(act. pic. m. sing.) عُدِيْدُ seated one

الْقُوَاعِدُ (n.p.) foundation (1)

وَإِذْ يَرُفَعُ إِبُوامِمُ الْقَوَاعِدَ مِنَ الْبَيْتِ وَلِسْلِعِيْلُ

And (recall when) Ibrahim and Ismail were raising the foundations of the House. [2:127]

women who are past (2) child-bearing age

0 44

raised difficulties for thee.) (Pic.) [9:48]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii ~turns (1)

تقلُّ اللهُ النُّهُ النَّهُ أَنَّ لَ وَالنَّهَارَ

Allah turneth the night and the day (over and over) (i.e., maketh succeeding). [24:44]

قلت كفية (a proverb) lit. he turned his plams over i.e., he is in an extreme anguish or showing his helplessness with grief and embarressment

فَأَصْبَحَ يُقِيِّكِ كُفَّنَاءِ عَلَيْمَ أَنْفَقَ

Then he began wringing the plams of his hands over that which he had expended thereon. [18:42]

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) we (shall) turn aside (1)

And We shall turn aside their hearts and their eyesights [6:110]

to turn over (2)

وَنُعَلِيْهُمُ ذَاتَ الْيَمِينِ وَذَاتَ النُّمَالِ

And We turned them over on the right side and on the left side. [18:18]

(3 p. f. sing.) pip. ii ~are turned over

وَلِانَعَتْ مُالَيْسَ لِكَ بِهِ عِلْوُ

(O man) follow not that whercof thou hast no knowledge. [17:36]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) ii we caused~to follow

وَقَفَيْنَاعَلَى التَّارِهِمُ بِعِيدُتِي ابْنِ مَرْيَهُم

And we caused Isa son of Maryam to follow in their footsteps. [5:46]

(2 p. m. plu.) pip. < ye will be turned

قَلَبَ يَقْلِتُ قَلْماً (ض)

to turn round, turn about, turn up (ward), upturn, to turn, face up or face down

يُعَذِّبُ مَنْ يَنَا أَوْسَرُ مُمِّن يَشَاءُ وَالنَّهِ تُعَلَّبُونَ

He punisheth whom He will, and showeth mercy unto whom He will and unto Him ye will be turned.

[29:21]

(perf. 3 p. m. phu.) ii <they turned upside

as R.F. to turn, مَلَّتُ تَقَلْمًا turn over, face up or down

وَقَلَّكُ اللَّكَ الْأَمُورَ

And they turned the affairs upside down (i.e., they

وَلِنْ أَصَابَتُهُ فِئْنَةٌ لِنُعَلَبَ عَلْ وَجُعِهِ

And if there befalleth him a trial, he turneth round on his face. [22:11]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) vii القلبوا they returned

فَانْقَلِكُوْ إِنِعْمَةِ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلِ

They then returned with the favour from Allah and His grace. [3:174]

(perf. 2 p. m plu.) vii

انْقَلَبُتُوْعَلَىٰ آغْقَابِكُوْ

Ye turned round on your heels. [3:144]

Il - < ye returned

سَيَحْلِفُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ إِذَا انْقَلَبْتُو إِلَيْهِ

They will indeed swear unto you by Allah when ye return to them. [9:95]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii يُنْقَلِبُ turns round

الكلنعكوس يتلبه الوشل وشن ينقلب على عِعبيه

(It was) only that We might know him who followeth the messenger, from him who turneth on his heels. [2:143]

وَيَنْقَلِكِ إِلَّ آهُلِهِ مَنْدُوْرًا

And will return to his folk in joy. [84:9] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~ will be turned over to be turned over v مُقَلَّبَ تَقَلَّبًا حَمَّلًا

turning (1) (v.n.)

لَّ الْمَالَةِ وَجُهِكَ فِي السَّمَاءِ We have seen the turning of thy face to heaven (i.e., looking up for a revelation). [2:144]

to go to and fro (2)

اَوْيَاخُذَاهُمْ فِي تَقَتَّلِّيمِمْ

Or that he (will not) take hold of them in their going to and fro. [16:46]

movement (3)

وتعلبك في الشجدين

And thy movement among those who fall prostrate, [26:219]

moving to and fro (4)

لَا يَغُزَّلُكَ تَعَلَّمُ الَّذِينَ كَغَرُوا فِي الْبِكَافِ

Let not beguile (or deceive) thee the moving to and fro of those who disbelieve, in the cities (or countries).

[3:196]

(n. pt.)

the place of turmoil

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii عُمَلَبَ <-turned round

to be turned, vii انْقَلَبُ أَنْقِلًا to be turned round/over/ about, to return (Note: القلائد is plural of قَلاَدَةٌ that means, a necklace or what is put upon the neck of an animal that is brought as offering to Makkah for sacrifice (LL). It is also applied to an animal which is made to wear a garland. The word as a description of such animals is used to intensify respect for them because they bear a clear mark showing that they are meant to be sacrificed. The respect for them means that they should neither be hurt nor be held up aggressively (Nadwi).

مَعَالِيْدُ <keys n. ints. مَعَالِيْدُ (sing.)

ق ل ع ★

(perate. f. sing.) iv.

<cease!

to set sail iv اُقْلُعَ إِقْلَاعًا (ship), to take off aeroplane

lit. to abstain, refrain, give up الإفلاع means وَ الْإِفْلاعُ الإِمْسَاكُ

to check, to stop, to seize (Zr.)

will never return will return (juss.) (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) vii they would return that they may return f.d. (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) f.d. that ye may return (n. pt.) vii place of termoil, reverse (Ap-der. m. plu.) those who will be returning قَلْتُ / الْعَلْثُ (n.) heart two hearts (n. dual) قُلُوبُ / الْقُلُوبُ hearts (n. p.) lit. necklaces (n. p.)

< lir. necklaces (n. p.) مُلَادَةً
 (sing.) مُلَادَةً
 مُلَدَ مَقُلَدُ مَلْدًا (ض)

to twist, wind (one thing on another)

C.R the (victims with garlands)

> لَا يَعِنْ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ وَلَا الشَّهْرَ الْحَرَامُ وَلَا الْهَدَى وَلَا الْقَلَامِلُ

Profane not the signs of Allah nor the sacred months, nor the offerings, nor the victims with garlands. [5:2]

(w. v.) 🛨 د ل

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُقَالًا مُعَامِّدُهُمُ اللهِ

to hate, (ن) قَلَوُ قِلَى detest

مًا وَدُعْكَ رَبُكَ وَمَا تَلَى

Thy Lord hath not forsaken thee nor doeth He hate thee. [93:31

الْقَالِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) الْقَالِيْنَ those who hate

قَلَ إِنَّ لِعَمَلِكُ فِينَ الْقَالِيْنَ

He said: verily I am of those who hate your work.

[26:168]

* 213

(pis. pic. m. plu.) كَمُوْنَ those who are stiff-necked
to raise the iv الْقُتَمَ إِفْلَاحاً
head and refuse to drink
(camel)

head is forced up so that

إِتَّاجَعَلْنَا فِي آغْنَاتِهِمُ أَغْلَلُافَرِي إِلَى الْلَاذْقَانِ فَهُوْمُتُمْ مُحُونَ

Verily We have placed on their necks shackles, which is upto their chins, so that their heads are forced up. [36:8] (assim. v.) ★ J J 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ became small or little قَالَ مَقَالُ قَلاً وَ قِلْةً (ض)

to be of small number or quantity, be scarce, happen rarely

مِتَّاقَلَّ مِنْهُ الْوَكُنُوْ

Weather it be little or much.
[4:7]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ~lessened

قَلْ يَعَلَلُ تَقِلْبُلاً !! male altitle dimin

to make little, diminish, lessen

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv حَلَقُهُ < ~ carried, bore,

to bear, iv. اُقَالَ إِقْلَالًا to carry

(act.2 pic. m. sing.) acc. وَلِيْلُو اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ا little, small

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) little, small

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) الْلُوْنَ little or small ones

less than (ints.) أَقَلَ (or much less than)~

ق ل م ★

a/the, pen (n.) عَلَمْ الْعَلَمْ (pens (n.p.)

قلم (sing.)

> قَنَتَ يَقْنُتُ قُنُونًا (ن)

to be obedient fully and whole-heartedly, to be devout without failing.

وَمَنْ يَقُنُتُ مِنْكُنَّ لِلهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

And whosoever of you shall be obedient unto Allah and His Massenger.

[33:31]

(perate. f. sing.) قَنْقِيْ be obedient

يْمَرْيَكُمُ الثَّلْيَّىٰ لِرَبَّرْكِ

O' Maryam! be devout unto Thy Lord. [3:43]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. قَانِتُ ، قَانِتُ ، قَانِتُ ، قَانِتُ ، قَانِتُ ،

devout ones

(act. pic. f. plu.) قانتاڭ devout or obedient (women)

ق ن ط ★

(imperf. 3. p.m. plu.)
<they despaired

(يَفْنَطُ) وَ قَنِطَ يَفْنَطُ ثُنُوْطًا

مَّنَطَ يَقْنُطُ (ن،ف،س)

to despair, lose courage

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْنَطُ despairs

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُنْطُونُ they despair ق م د ★

الْقَمَرُ / قَرَاً (n.) the/a moon

ق م ص ★

a shirt (n.) وَيُعِنُ

ق م ط د

distressful (n.) acc. أَبُوبُوا

ق مع ★

maces (n. ints.) تقامِعُ

مَعْمَعَةً (sing.) a mace

as an iron rod or pillar, rod for beating on the head

> لَعَ بَمْنَعُ لَنَّا (ف)

to beat on the head, subdue, to tame

ن م ل *

vermin (n.)

lit. lice or small insects that infest plants, small ants, locusts without wings

ق ن ت ★

juss. يَقْنُتُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~is/shall be, obedient

(w. v.)

ق ن ی 🖈

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv

preserved

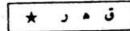
to preserve اَقْنَىٰ إِقْنَاءاً <

to make some one satisfied with a given thing (Muj.—Lis.)

وَانَّهُ هُوَاغَنَّى وَاقْتَى

And that it is He who enriches and contenteth.

[53:48]



(perate, neg. m. sing.)

> فَهِزَ يَقْهُرُ فَهُوا (ف)

to oppress, compel SS
against his wishes, to subdue, overcome, to force

فأمنا البيتيء فكاتفهر

Wherefore as to the orphan, be thou not (unto him) overbearing. (Jid.) oppress not (Pic. & M.A.). [93:9]

(According to Islam the carelessness in regard to orphans is similar to their oppression.)

(act. pic. m. sing.)
the supreme, the master

(perate. neg. m. plu.) المُعَنَّعُونُا (O you) dispair not

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْقَانِطِيْنِ those who despair

قَنُوطُ despairing (one) (ints.)

ق ن ع ★

(act. pic. m. sing.)
one who is deserving charity
but does not beg

قَعَ بَقْنُعُ قَاعَةً (ف)

to be content, be satisfied with what is within his approach, not looking for more, to beg with some reservation. (Rgh.) (Muj.)

وَٱظْعِمُواالْقَائِعَ وَالْمُعْتَرَ

And feed the contented and suppliants. [22:36]

acc. مُقْنِعَانُ <iv n. d.

(Ap-dcr. m. plu.) those who raise (head)

to raise كَأَنْتَمَ إِثْنَاعًا <

مُهُطِعِيْنَ مُقْنِعِيْ دُوُوسِهِمْ

(As they came) hurrying on in fear, their heads upraised. [14:43]

ق ن و ★

cluster of dates (n. d.) يُوْانُ (sing.) مُنْوُءٌ، مِنْوُ

(Ap-der. m. sing.) acc. iv. protector (Muj.) controller (Jid.) observer (Ik.)

(dual n.) (gen.) <two bows

قَوْسُ (sing.)

plain (n.) acc.

< plains, deserts (n. p.)

(sing.)

According to same lexiconists is a synonimous to others observed it, as

plural of see (Muj.)

(w.v.)

ق

قال

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~said

> قَالَ مَقُوْلُ قَوْلاً وَ مَقَالَةً (ن)

to speak, say, to inspire, to indicate (this verb with all its form has accurred 1730 times in the H.O.

عَالاً (perf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain said

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) she (it) said

وَهُوَالْقَاهِرُنُونَ عِبَادِهِ

He is the Supreme above His creatures. [6:18]

(act. pic. m. plu.) the Masters

دَ إِنَّا فَهُ تَهُوٰ تُهُوُفُنَ

(Firawn said) We are Masters over them! [7:127]

the Subduer (ints.)

القيآد (i.e., the Subduer of His creatures by His sovereign authority and power and the Disposer of them as He pleaseth, with and against their will. - (Jid.)

(one of the Excellant names of Allah)

a small distance, short (n.) span (betwean the middle and the end of bow (Hw.) one end of a bow (Muj.)

Till he was at two bows length off or yet nearer.

[53:9]

< sustenances (n, p)

lit. food (sing)

say not (perate. neg.) عُقُلُ الْعَالَةُ عَمُّلُ	(perf. 3 p. f. dual.)
(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) (fd.) بقولاً that they (twain) say	the twain (f.) said (perf. 2 p. m. sing.)
َ يَقُولُوْ ا (fd.) يَقُولُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)	I said (perf. Ist. p. sing.) عُلْثُ
they will say/they say ye say(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَقُولُونَ that ye may say fd acc. say! (perate. m. sing.)	(Note: the forms for perfect tense (past tense) are to be translated as if they were of future tense when the contents are related to the hereafter.)
(perate. m. dual) وُولاً (ye twain) say	(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) قَالُوا they said
(perate. f. sing.) قُوْلِيْ say (thou f.)	(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) عُلْنَ they (f.) said
ye say (perate m. plu.) اَفُوْلُواْ	(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُلْتُمْ ye said
ye (f) say (perate f. plu.) مُلْنَ	we said (perf. Ist. p. plu.)
(3 p. m. sing.) pp. عَبْلُ s said, told (1)	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عُوْنُ دُونُ ~ says, speakes
CR. will be said	بَقُوْلَ (.that he may say
وَلِذَاقِيْلَ لَهُوْ لاَتُنْسِدُوْا And when it is said to them	بَقُلْ he may say,(juss.)
make no mischief. [2:11] saying (2) s verbal noun: (مَوْلاً means مِبْلاً)	(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) epl. لَبَغُوْلَنَّ verily he will have to say, he surely will say, he should say
وَمَنُ أَصُدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ قِيْلًا And who can be more truth-	(imper. 2 p. m. sing.) مُقُوْلُ thou speaks
ful than Allah in saying.	that thou may say acc. عَمُوْلَ
[4:122] دَهْنَاهِ بِرُبَّ	نَّمُوْلَنَّ with neg. ii(epm.) الْاَ تَمُوْلَنَّ thou shall say not
And his saying: O my Lord. [43:88]	juss. juss.

As regards its meaning, it has been used not in a good sense, and has occurred only once in the H.Q.

(act. pic. m. sing.)

speakers (n. p.)

(w.v.) ★ e و ق

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَامَ < ~ stood up

غَامَ بَثُوْمُ قَوْماً وَ قِبَاصَةً وَ قَوْصَةً وَ قَاصَةً (ن)

to raise and stand upright, stand, to stop

Meta. to establish, 31 - to start doing something

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) قَامُوْا they stood up

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) لَيْتُمُ - إِلَىٰ ye raised up

إذا فتتم إلى الصّافرة

When ye rise up for prayer (i.e., when you intend to pray). [5:6]

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
raises (1)

acc. مُقُوّمً

(3 p. m. sing.) pip. is called (1)

يُقَالُ لَهُ إِبْرُهِيمُ

He is called Ibrahim. [21:60] is said (2)

مَايُعَالُ لَكَ إِلَّامَا قَدْ قِيْلُ لِلرُّسُلِ

Naught is said unto thee save what was said unto the messengers. [41:43]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v <- fabricated (lies)

to forge v عُقَوَّلَ تَقَوَّلُا saying, fabricate, to spread rumours

to pretend 15-

وَلَوْتَعَوَّلَ عَلَيْنَابَعْضَ الْأَقَاوِيْلَ

And if he (i.e., the holy Prophet) had forged sayings concerning Us. [69:44]

a word, saying, (v.n.) فَوْلُ الْفَوْلُ warning

command acc.

(this ward has occurred at 52 places in the H.Q.)

words, sayings (n. p.) الْآقَاوِيْلُ (sing.)
 قَالُهُ (sing.)
 قَالُويْلُ اللَّهُ الللَّلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

According to some grammarians it is plural of a plural i.e., اَقُوْاَكُ جَمْعُ الْجُمْعُ الْجُمْعُ

لِيَغُوْمُ التَّاسُ بِالْقِسُطِ

That people might observe equity. [57:25]

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) يَقُوْمَانِ (the twain stand up) they (twain) take place he took (id) قَامَ مَقَامَةُ

فَاخْرُنِ يَقُومِن مَقَامَهُمَا

Then two others shall take their places (the places formerly mentioned).

[5:107]

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing.)
arrives (1)

stand fast

acc. مُوْمَ

وتورتغوم التناعة

On the day, whereon the Hour arriveth. [30:12,14]

وَمِنُ الْمِنِهِ ﴾ أَنْ تَقُوْمُ النّهَا أُوْ الْأَرْضُ بِأَمْرُهُ And of His signs is that the heaven and the earth stand fast by His cammand.

[30:25]

let stand up (m.v.d.)

(the middle radical, that is, a vowel has been dropped)

فَلْتَقْتُ كُلِّعَةُ مِنْكُمْ مَعْكَ

Let a party of them stand with thee. [4:102]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. thou standeth (2)

ڵٳؘێڠؙۅٛۿٷؽٳڷڒڰؙڲٳێڠؙٷٛٲڷڹڰ يَعۡنَبِعُلهُ الشَّيْطُلُ مِنَ الْسَيِّ

They will not rise up save as he araiseth whom Satan hath prostrated by (his) touch. [2:275]

meta, will be set up (2)

أَىٰ يَنْحَقَّقُ وَ يَعِيْنُ مَوْعِدُهُ (IK)

i.e., to be established and arrive at its appointed time

يَوْمَ يَقُوْمُ الْحِسَابُ

On the Day whereon will be set up the reckoning.

[14:41]

will stand forth (3)

وَيَوْمَرِيَعُوْمُ الْأَشْهَادُ

On a day whereon the witnesses will stand forth.

[40:51]

(According to Ik. Zm. when the prophets will be raised up before Allah); the same meaning (stand up) is in verse 78/38 and 83/6.)

to observe -- (4)

أَىْ يَشْبِعُوا الْعَدْلَ وَ يُرَاعُوهُ

فِي مَمَامَلَةِ النَّاسِ Ik.

to follow the justice and regard it in the people's affairs to resurrect, to lift up, elevate, to set up, call into being, to fix, determine, to appoint (أَفَامُ الصَّلَافَ) he established the prayer (not performed, as translated by some non-Arab lexiconists)

وَاقَامُ الصَّاوَةُ وَأَنَّ الرُّكُوعُ

And he establisheth the prayer and giveth the zakah.

[2:177]

أتثق

(Some other translators have preferred other expressions, such as, 'observe formal worship, perform prayers etc.').

to set up right (2)

فَوَجَدًا فِيهَاجِدَارًا يُرِيدُانُ يَنْقَضَ فَأَقَامَهُ

Then they (the twain) found therein a wall about to fall down and he set it up right. [18:77]

(parf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَقَامُوْا they established (1) to follow the (2) teaching of SS

وَلَوْ أَنَّهُ مُ أَقَامُوا التَّوْرِيةَ وَالَّا غِيلً

And had they established Taurat and Injil (i.e., followed the teachings of these Books). [5:66]

كَسَّحِدُّ أَيِّسَ عَلَى التَّقُوٰى مِنْ آذَكِ بَوْمِ آحَثُّ أَنْ تَقُوْمَ فِيْهِ

The mosque founded from the first day on piety is worthier that thou should stand therein (i.e., to raise up far the prayer, IK).

[9:108]

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) يَقُوْمَانِ the twain will stand or take place

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) يَقُوْمُونَ they will stand or they will be raised up

نَقُوْمُوْ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (fd.) مُقَوْمُوْ الله that ye may stand or observe justice

(parate. m. sing.)
(thou) stand up!

(perate. m. plu.) ومُوْا (ye) stand up

stature, (v.n.) ii مُونِيْمُ mould, formation

to set upright ii قُوْمُ مَ تَعُومُمُ
to shape, form

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <∼established

straighten, straighten out, make correct or right, put in order, to make rise or to make the dead rise,

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أقام

وَآنَ اَقِوْ وَجُهَكَ لِلدِّيْنِ حَنِيْفًا And that keen thy conto

And that keep thy contenance straight toward the religion upright. [10:105]

(perate. m. phu.) iv.

يمؤا

(ye) establish ! (1) -الشَّلاَة ا

follow the teachings (2). الدَّنْ

آنُ أَقِيمُوالنِّينَ وَلَاتَتَعُرُوُافِيهِ

That ye establish (i.e. follow the teachings) the religion and be not divided therein. [42:13]

-الْوَزْنَ (3) do perfectly

وَآقِيْمُواالْوَثُنَ بِالْقِسُو

And observe the weight with equity (i.e., weigh correctly). [55;9]

-الشَّهَادَةَ (4) set up

وَأَقِينُوا الشَّهَادَةَ بِلَّهِ

And set up (your) testimony for Allah (i.e., declare your witness clearly). [65:2]

(perate. f. plu.)

أقن

establish: الشَّلاة

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x استَقَامُوا <they acted straight

to straighten x اسْتَقَامَ اسْتِقَامَة up, to rise, get up, stand up, to be or to become straight (by Torah and Injil the original ones are meant and not the so called Old/New Testaments. Jid.)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye established

to observe (3)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) iv they (twain) observe

كان خِنْتُوْ إِلَا يُقِيمُا حُدُ وَمَاللَّهِ

They if ye fear that the twain may not observe the bounds of Allah. [2:229]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَيْمِنُونَ they establish

that they acc. fd. iv. may establish

acc. (f.d.) iv

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye establish (i.e. follow the teachings)

to assign (4) (weight value)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv meta, we will assign

فَلَانُوْتِيهُ وُلَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْوِيهُ وَ وَدُنَّا

And on the Day of Resurrection We assign no weight to them. [18:105]

(perate. m. sing.) iv (thou) establish (1) مُلَّدِّةً

د الدّين (2) keep straight

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مِنُ آهٰلِ الْكِتْبِأُمَّةُ كَالْمِنَةُ

Of the people of the Book there is a community steadfast. [3:113]

standing (2)

وَامُوَاتُهُ قَالِيمَةٌ

And his wife was standing.
[11:71]

that arises (3)

وَمَا آهُنُ النَّاعَةَ ظَامِهَ

And I deem not that the Hour will (ever) arise.

[41:50]

(b. plu. of مُحَمُّمُ) مُعَالِمُ (standing (1)

فَإِذَا هُمْ قِيَامُ يَنْظُرُونَ

And Lo! They will be standing, looking on. [39:68]

to stand (v.n.) (2) verbal noun of

هُمَااسْتَطَاعُوْامِنُ وَيَامِر So they were not able to stand. [51:45]

livelihood, pro- (n.) (3) perty, maintenance

وَلَا ثُوُتُواالسُّغَمَّا مَاكُوالكُوْالَّقِيُّ جَعَلَ اللهُ لَ**كُوْ** قِيامًا

And give not unto the weakwitted the wealth of yours which Allah made a stay (i.e., meant to make the life staud by it). [4:5] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. x keeps straight

لِمَنْ شَاءَ مِنْ كُوْآنُ يَسْتَعِيدُ

Unto whosoever of you willeth to walk (or keep himself) straight. [81:28]

(perate. m. sing.) x (thou) be straight or keep (thyself) straight

(perate. m. dual) (you twain) be straight

(ye) be straight, act straight

(pis. pic. m. sing.) (R.F.)
one who stands standing

acc. القِسْطِ – acc. والقِسْطِ – acc.

(act. pic. m. plu.) اَكُمُونَ those who stand up (firmly)

وَالَّذِيْنَ مُوْمِنَا هُوْمِ مَا لِمُوْنَ And those who stand firm in their testimonies. [70:33]

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْقَائِينَ those who stand (i.e., in their prayers)

(act. pic. f. sing.)

<those who act (1)
firmely (steadfast)
as an adjective

for a (nation)

وَلِمَنْ خَاتَ مَقَامَرَتِهِ جَنَانِ

But for him who feareth the standing before his Lord there are two gardens.

[55:46]

(according to same commentators such as Qurtabi, ZR., and IK. signifiles the dignity of divinty of Allah, thus the verse means: who dreades the divinity of Allah will be given two gardens.)

divnity (3)

عَلَى أَنْ يَبْعُكُ لَاكِكَ مَقَامًا عَنْكُودًا

Belike Thy Lord will raise thee up in a dignity praised. [17:79]

standing forth, (4) staying

إِنْ كَانَ كُبُرُعَلَيْكُوْمَتَكَامِيْ

If my stay (among you) become hard upon you.

[10:71]

(v. mim.)

place (1)

أأهل يأرب لامتام لكوفانجهوا

O inhabitants of Yathrib there is no place for you. So return. [33:13]

station. n. pt. (2)

source of (n.) (4) maintenance

جَعَلَ اللهُ الْكُعْبَةَ الْبَيْتَ الْحَوَامَ فِيمُ الْلِتَاسِ

Allah hath made the Ka'ba the Sacred House, a maintenance for mankind.

(IK., Zr.) [5:97]

overseers (1) (ints. n.)
 قَوَّا الْمُوْنَ
 (sing.)
 قَوَّا الْمُوْنَ

التبعل قومؤن على النساء

Men are overseers over women. [4:34]

maintainers (2) acc.

فوامين

كؤنؤا قؤمان بإلقشط

Be ye maintainers of justice.
[4:135]

. . .

the sustainer (ints.)
(who makes others sustainined: one of the Excellant
names of the Almighty
Allah)

(elative.)

more confirmatory

a place where (1) (n. pt.)
one stands

نقام

والمينة فاون متقامرا بزجم مسكى

And (We said) take the spot of Ibrahim for a place of prayer. [2:125]

standing place (2)

مُقَامَــُ

ذ إلكَ الدِّينُ الْقِيمُ

And that is the right religion. [9:36]

(Ap-der. f.)

lasting one, eternal

فِيْهَا كُنُبُّ قَيْمَـهُ ۗ

Wherein are discourses eternal. [98:3]

نَمُّ < right (n.) فَبَمُّ *

ديئا قيتانيكة إنديم كينكا

A right religion, the faith of Ibrahim the upright.

[6:161]

إقام

<establishment (v.n) iv

أَقَامَ إِنَّامَ إِنَّامَ أَنَامَ إِنَّامَةً vi

وَا وُحَيِدُنَّا لَايُعِمْ فِعُلَ الْغَيْرُتِ وَإِقَامُ الصَّاوَةِ

And We revealed unto them the doing of good deeds and the establishment of prayer. [21:73]

stopping, staying v.n. נוֹצוֹשׁוֹב

And day of your stopping. وَ يَوْمَرَاقَامَتِكُو 16:801

judgement, resurrection(n.) (at 70 places)

وَّمُّ ، الْقَوْمُ (n.)

group, people (men only) (1) (at 260) places)

إنَّهَاسًا رَتُ مُسُتَعَثِّرا وَمُعَامًا

Verily ill it is as an abode and as a station. [25:66]

place, abode (n. f.)

الَّذِينَ أَحَلُنَا وَازَالُهُ قَامَةِ مِنْ فَضِلِهِ

Who hath, through His grace, lodged us in the abode of permanence. [35:35]

(Ap-der m. sing.) iv right, lasting one

وكهو عَنَاكُ مُعَنِّعً

And for them is a torment lasting, [5:37]

right (2)

وَإِنَّهَالِبَ بِيلِ مُوتِيْءٍ

And it was in the right way. [15:76]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv الْمَقْيْنِينَ / الْمَقْيْنِينَ / الْمَقْيْنِينَ

والشيين علىماآصابهم والثقيمي الصلاة

And who patiently endure that which befalleth them and those who establish the prayer. [22:35]

وَالْمُعِيْمِينَ الصَّاوَةَ وَالْمُؤْتُونَ الزَّلُوةَ

And the establishers of the prayer and the givers of zakah. [4:162]

lasting one, right (Ap-der.)

القبيم

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DIA

< bcaten (2)

a straight, smooth, much walked path

آخَنُ يَّبُشِي سَوِيًا عَلَى صِرَاطِ مُسَتَقِيدًا (Is he~more guided) or he who walketh upright on a beaten road. [67:22]

(w. v.) ★ ق و ی ★

<the power (1) (n.)</p>
قَوِیَ بَغُولی قُوتَةٌ (س)

to be or become strong, powerful, vigorous, forceful

اَتُّ الْفُوَّةُ لِلْهِ جَبِيْهُا That verily power belonged wholly unto Allah. [2:165]

strength (2)

Hold fast (with strength)
what We have given you
[2:63]

(strengths (n.p.) علمه المعلق
غُوَّةً (sing.)

مَلْمَهُ شَدِينُهُ الْقُوْى One of mighty powers hath taught him. [53:5]

قَوِیُّ (Ap-der. m. sing.) عَوِیُّ strong , strengthful acc.

يَآيُهُا الَّذِينَ امَنُوالاَيَسْخُرْقَوْمُونَ فَوْمِ عَنْنَى اَنْ يَكُونُوا خَيْرًا مِّنْهُمُ وَلَا نِسَاءُ مُثِنَّ يِّسَاءً اَنْ يَكُنَ خَيْرًا وَنْهَا مَنْ

O ye who believe! let not (one) group scoff at (another) group, belike they may be better than they are, nor let (some) women scoff at other women, belike they may be better than they are. [49:11]

people, group, men (2) including women

(قَوْمِيْ i.e., قَوْمِ) (the kasra replaced the dropped د ک

يقوم الكرطك تتراف كم

O my people ye have verily wronged your souls.

[2:54]

(the word where related to a prophet means his people or nation to whom he was sent)

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x right, straight, (1) righteous, upright, well constituted

إخدناالقتراط الشتقينة

Guide us Thou unto the path straight! [1:5]

ق ی ل ★

(act. pic. m. plu.)

those who sleep at midday

قَالَ يَقِيْلُ قَبْلُوُّلَةً (ض)

to sleep in the middle of the day

نَجَآءَمَا بَأَسُنَا بَيَا ثَالَا هُمُوَقَا بِلُوْنَ

Upon them our violence came during (their) sleeping at night or (their) midday sleeping. [7:4]

the place n.p.t. acc. of taking rest at midday meta. resting place

آصل الجناة بوميذ خير المستقراة أخس مقيلا

Fellows of the garden shall be on that day in goodly abode and a goodly resting place. [25:24] الْمَقُونِينَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) iv الْمَقُونِينَ <dwellers in the wilderness

مَعْوِیٌ (sing) inhabitant of desert

meta. travellers

أَفُواى إِقْوَاهاً

to stay in % descrt < <

ق ی ض ★ ق

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii < we assigned

to be destined ii
قَصَّنَ تَقْيِعْنَا to lead SS to

وَقَيَّضُنَالَهُ وُثُورَنَاءً We have assigned unto them

we assign juss. ii

some companions. [41:25]

نقيقة .

كتاب الكاف

4

4

العنفرخ لك صدرك

Have We not opened forth for thee thy breast. [94:1]

pronominal (pronominal) suffix of the 2nd p.f. sing; means: thee and thy, as in case of masc. (above)

as, like (particle)

آؤكظُلُنْتِ فِي بَخْدِ

Or, like the darkness in a sea. [24:40]

It is considered as a preposition, and governs nouns in the genitive; when prefixed to the noun it means like as—the latter is redundant.

كَتْلِ حَبَّةٍ

Like the resemblance of a grain. [2:261]

* * * *

The 22nd letter (alphabet)
of the Arabic alphabet.
The first of the five beginning letters of the chapter
19th (Maryam) pronounced as Kaaf

pronominal (Pronominal)
suffix of the (2 p. m. sing.)
means (1) 'thee' when
suffixed to a verb or preposition

وْعَلِّمَكُ مَا لَتُوثِّكُنْ تَعُلُهُ

And He taught thee that which thou knowest not.

[4:113]

on thee, upon thee

عَلِيْكُ

for thee

منك

thy (2)

(when it is suffixed to a noun)

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ٱفَىنَ يَكُثِّى مُكِبًّا عَلْ وَجُهِهَ ٱهَٰ دَى ٓكَا هَنُ يَمُثِي سُوِيًا

Is he who goeth groping on his face more rightly guided, or he who walketh rightly-guided? [67:22]

ك ب ت ★

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. <

كَبَتَ بَكْبِتُ كَبْنَأُ (ض)

to abase, to throw down, to restrain, to overwhelm

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. كَيْتُونْ they were abased C.R. shall be abased

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. كُنِتْ that he abase

ك ب د *

trouble (v.n)

> كَتَدَ بَكْبَدُ كَبَدا (ف)

to suffer pain in the liver, to face difficulty

ك ، ذلك *

كَذْلِكَ (comp.) كَذْلِكَ like that كَذْلِكَ like

this particle may be translated according to the contents

ك أى ن

many, how many

(always followed by مِنْ)

ۅٙػٲؾؚڹٛؠٙڹ۫ػؠؚؾؿ۠ڝؗٙڷڵڡٚۼۮڔؾؾؚ۠ۏؗڽڰؿؚؽڗ

And many a prophet hath fought with a number of godly men. [3:146]

(Note that the word أَيِّنُ is a compound of الله (like) أَنَّ (which); the nonition (الله أَنْ) is written in a letter in instead of double kasara (عي) The phrase مَا تَى مِنْ means such as many)

(assim. v.)

ك ب ب ★

(3 p. f. sing.) pp.

~will be thrown downward (ن) كُتُّ كُتُّا <

ے عَلیٰ ، ل , to invert

throw one with the face to the ground, overthrow

وَمَنْ جَاَّ مِالْتَهِنَةَ وَقُلِّتَتُ وْجُوهُمُمُ فِي التَّارِ ومنعط الناس عسره وموسل المعدد

And whosoever will bring evil, their faces shall be cast down into the fire.

[27:90]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv acc. one groping (one face)

مكِتا

وَلَا تَأْكُلُو مَا إِنْهُوا فَا وَبِهَا أَرَالَ يَكْبُرُوا

And consume it not extravagantly or hastily (for fear) that they may grow up.

[4:6]

(imperf.2p.m.plu.)ii(el.) <that ye may magnify كَتَّرَ بُكَيِّرُ تَكَيْرًا to magnify, كَتَّرَ بُكَيِّرُ to say (Allah is great) (perate. m. sing.) ii magnify

وَرَبُّكَ ثَكْثِرُ

And thine Lord, do magnify. [74:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv <they exalted اكتر إكباراً ,to exalt, iv to deem great or formidable

فَلْتَأْرَآئِنَهُ آكُنْنَهُ

When they (women) saw him deem him great. [12:31] (i.e., they were astonished at him)

(imperf.2 p.m.sing.)v.acc. <that thou magnifies thyself

نَكَتَرَ نَكَتُرا ،v grow v. نَكَتَر proud, magnify oneself, to deem oneself great

فتَ اللَّهُ إِنَّ الْكُرُنُ الْكُرُنُ الْكُرُنُ الْكُرُنُ الْكُرُنُ الْكُرُنُ الْكُرُنُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ

For it is not for thee to behave proudly therein.

[7:13]

such as: so, similarly, likewise, like that, even so, etc.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) <~is hard كَثُرُ تَكُنُدُ كِنَرًا وَ كُنْرًا (ك)

to became, to be hard, to be odious, to be grievious

كأرعكنك إغراضهم

Their backsliding is hard unto [6:35] thee.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) is hard or odious

Odious is the word that cometh out of their mou-[18:5]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) too hard

Say thou, be ye stones or iron, or (anything) created which is too hard (to receive life) in your breasts [17:50-51] (minds).

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. that they may grow up كَدَ يُكْثُرُ كِثَرًا وَ مُكْدِاً (س)

to be of an advanced age, full grown up

he who hath taken in hand to magnify it (Sale., Rod.) who took upon himself the main part (M.A.)

الكِبَرُ (n.) old age

وآصابة الكيؤ

And the old age befell him. [2:266]

كَبِيرُ الْكَبِيرُ (act. 2 pic.m. sing.)

old one (1)

رابوناشيخ دير And our father is a very old man. [28:23]

great (2)

مُنْ فِيغِمَلَامُ كَيِيرُ

Say, in both is a great sin.
[2:219]

grievious (3)

مُلْ يَعْدِي كِلِيدُ

Say, fighting therein in grievous. [2:217]

chief (4)

إِنَّهُ لَكُمِّ يُؤُكُّو الَّذِي عَلَمَكُو البِّخْرَ

Verily he is your chief who hath taught you magic.
[20:71]

big (one) (5)

تَالَ بَلُ فَعَلَهُ تُحَكِيرُهُمُ هِفَا اَفَسَعُلُوهُمُ He said: rather he hath done it, this big one of them, so question them. [21:63] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v مَنْكُبَرُوْنَ they magnify themselves

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x مُتَكُبَرُ was proud

to be x اسْنَكْبَرَ اسْيَكْبَارا <

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x اسْتَكُبَرْتَ thou wast proud

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) x اسْتَكُبْرُوا they were proud

يَسْتَكِبْرُ (juss) x (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~is proud (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they are proud

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x وَنَ بِرُوْنَ ye are proud

greatness (1) (n.)

إن ف صُدُورِهِمْ إِلَاكِبُرُ

There is naught in their breasts save greatness i.e., the quest of greatness (Jid.). [40:56]

leading part (2)

وَالَّذِي تُولَى كِنْوَهُ مِنْهُ فَ لَهُ عَذَاكُ عَظِنْكُ

And as for him among them who took upon himself the leading part thereof, he shall have a grievous torment. [24:11]

who undertook the قَوَلَتْ كِبْرَهُ bulk of it (Jid.)

who had the greater share therein (Pic.) greater than (1) (elative) أُكْبَرُ (used for good and evil alike)

وَلَأَجْوُالْآخِرَةِ ٱكْبُرُ

And surely the reward of the Hereafter is greater (i.e., than anything else).

[16:41]

وَاخْوَاجُ آهَلِهِ مِنْهُ ٱلْجُرُعِنَ الملهُ وَالْعِثْنَهُ ٱلْحَبُومِينَ الْعَتْلِ

And to expel its people thence is a greater (transgression) with Allah; for persecution is worse than killing. [2:217]

(used for masculine and feminine alike) as,

وَمَانُونِهِمْ قِنْ ايَةِ إِلَّاهِيَ ٱكْبَرُونَ أَخْتِهَا

And every token that We showed them was greater than its sister. [43:48]

greatest, highest in (2) estimation and rank

وَلَيْكُو اللَّهِ أَكْبُرُ

And surely the remembrance of Allah is the greatest.

[29:45]

the great (elative) الْأَكْبُرُ

Seat ones (n.p.)

أَكْبَرُ (sing.)

< the great (elative f.) الْكُثْرِلْي</p>
femine of

elder (6)

مَّالَكِمِيرُ فَمُ آلَةً تَعْلَقُوْاتَ

The eldest of them said: know ye not that. [12:80]

إِنَّا ٱلمُعْمَا سَادَتُنَا وَكُمِّ آءً نَا

Verily we obeyed our chiefs and great ones. [33:67]

> (act. pic. f. sing.) مُيْرَةُ hard (1)

دَانُهُ الكِسِيرَةُ إِلَّا عَلَى الْخَشِينَ

And verily it is hard except unto the meek. [2:45]

big, great (2)

وَلَا يُنْفِعُونَ نَفَقَةً صَفِيْرَةً وَلَا عَبِيْرَةً

Not spend they any spending small or great (little or big). [9:121]

great (things) (n.p.)

إِنْ تَحْتَنِيكُ إِلَيْهَ آيِرَمَا تُنْفَوْنَ عَنْهُ لُكُوْرَعَ ثُلْمِتِ إِنْكُمُ

If ye avoid the great (things) which ye are forbidden We will remit from you your evil deeds. [4:31]

mighty (ints.) acc.

15/65/15/65/65

And they have plotted a mighty plot. [71:.22]

كُبَّاراً

وَائِتَغُوامَا كُتَبَاللَّهُ لَكُمْ

And seek that which Allah hath prescribed for you (or ordained for you). [2:187]

Say thou: naught shall befall us save that which Allah hath ordained for us.

[9:51]

(In the same sense has occurred in verses 5:23, 6:12, 54; 58:21-22, 59.3)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) wrote, have written

مُوَنِّلُ الْمِنْيِّنِيُ يَكُنُّرُنَ الْكِتْبِ الْمِيْرِمِ الْمِنْيِرِمِ الْمِنْيِرِمِ الْمِنْيِرِمِ الْمِنْيِ Woe then unto them for that which their hands have written. [2:79]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) كَتَبْتَ thou prescribed

(perf. Ist p. plu.) كَتْبُونُا We prescribed (1)

مَكَبَنَاعَلَيْهِمْ فِيهَالَّ النَّفْسِ بِالنَّفْسِ And We prescribed unto them therein, a life for a life~. [5:45].

we wrote (2)

وكنينالذني الأنوح

And We wrote for him in the tablets. [7:145]

(n.p.) (elative) الْكُنَّرُ (the greatest one (sing) الْكُنَّرُ (for masc.

greatness (n.) الكنويا

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v the arrogant (the stiffnecked)

acc. مُسْتَكُمِرِيْنَ nom. إِرُوْنَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) x

the arrogant (stiffnecked)

المستديرين ت**كب**يرا »

glorifying (v.n.) ii المنابعة (act of saying: Allah is the greatest المنابعة) stiff-neckedness (v.n.) x

(quard.)

ك ب ك ب

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) pp. كُلِيكِوُّا <they were hurled

الكَتَّ يَكُتُ كُماً (ن)

same as (above)

~ordained

ك ت ب *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَتَبَ <-prescribed

كَنَبَ بَكْنُبُ كِنَابًا وَ كِنَابَةً (ن)

to write, note, record, to prescribe, ordain, destine that ye write down acc.

وَلَامَتُنَانُوا اَنْ تَكُنُّوهُ صَغِيْرًا اَوْكِينُوا

And be not averse to writing down the contract whether it be small or great.

[2:282]

(perate. m. sing.) انگناؤا ordain thou!

واكتت كنافي هذيوالكانبا حسنة تف الايزة

And ordain for us in this world that which is good and in the hereafter (that which is good). [7:156]

record (or enroll) (2)

فَاكْتُبْنَا مَعَ الشَّهِويْنَ

Enroll us among those who witness. [3:53]

(perate. m. plu.) اکتبُرُ write down!

اِذَاتَدَانِنُمُ مِنَ بِي اِللَّهَ اَحِلِ مُسَتَّى قَالْمُنْبُونُو When ye contract a debt for a fixed term, record it in writing. [2:282]

(3 p. m. sing,) pp. اکتبراً was prescribed, (1) was ordained

كيتب عكينك القصاص

Retalition is prescribed for you. [2:178]

كميت عكيناكم القيمام

Fasting is prescribed for you.
[2:183]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el. should write (1)

acc.
that he may write

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.)
records (2)

والله يكثب ملييتون

And Allah recordeth what they plan by night. [4:81]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُتُبُونَ they write (1)

فَوَيْلُ لِلَّذِينَ يَكُنُبُونَ الْكِلْبَ بِأَيْدِيْرِمْ

Woe unto those who write out the book with their hands. (also see 52/41, they write down). [2:79]

they record (2)

افْ رُسُلَتَا يَكُتُبُونَ مَاتَنَكُرُونَ Our messengers record that

which ye plot. [10:21] (also see 43:80)

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آکُتُبُ I shall ordain

سَأَكُنُّهُمَا لِلَّذِينَ يَتَعُونَ

I shall ordain it for those who ward off evil. [7:156]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) مُكَنَّبُ we record

وَتُكُتُّبُ مَا فَتَدَّمُوا

We record that which they sent before. [36:12]

those who seek a writing, write it for them if ye know in them any good. [24:33]

(as a technical word means: to allow a slave to get himself free from bondage on paying a certain

amount as agreed upon)

(act. pic. m. sing.) عَاتِبُ a writer, scribe acc. كَاتِبُ

(act. pic. m. plu.) [آَيْمُوْنَ writers

writers, scribes acc. كأتِبْنَ

a book i.e., (1) (v.n.) (n.) کِتَابٌ the Holy Quran

وَلَمْنَاجَآءَكُمُ مُكِنَا بُعِينَ عِنْدِاللَّهِ

And when there came unto them a Book from before Allah (i.e., the Holy Quran). [2:89]

كِتْبُ أُخْكِمَتُ أَيْتُهُ

(This is) a Book the verses whereof are guarded.

[11:1] Decree, ordinance (2)

وَأُولُوا الْأَرْحَا مِرَبِعْضُهُمْ أَوْلَى بِبَعْضٍ فِي كِتْبِ اللهِ

And those who are akin are nearer one to another in the ordinance (or decree) of Allah. [8:75] is recorded (1)

وَلَا يَتَالُونَ مِنْ عَدُوِّلُمُلَّا لِلَاكِتَبَ لَهُمْ يِهِ عَمَلٌ صَالِحْ

Nor gain they from the enemy a gain, but a good deed is recorded for them.

[9:120]

(3 p. f. sing.) pip. يُكْتُبُ will be recorded

سَتُكُنَّبُ شَهَادَتُهُمْ

Their testimhny will be recorded. [43:19]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حُتَبُ مُن مُعَامِينَ مُن اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

to cause viii اکتتب اگیتاباً to be written

وَقَالُوا السَاطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ اكْتَتَبَهَا

And they say; stories of the ancients, which he has got written so they are dictated unto him (Jid.) which he hath had written down.

(Pic.) [25:5]

write! (perațe m. plu.) iii كَاتِبُوا to write iii مُكَانِبَةً مُكَانِبَةً a contract

ۅؘۘڷٙۮؚؽؘؽؽۼٷؙؽٵڷڮۺٛڮٵٛڡڷڰ ٱؽٮؙٵٮ۠ڴۊؘڡؘػٳؿٷۿؙؙؙ؋ٳڶٶڶؿؿٝ؋ڣؽٟۻڂٙڲڗ

And from among those whom your right hand possess, وكينب تشظور

And a scripture inscribed.

[52:2]

the Book (1) (n. prop.) الْكِتَابُ (i.e., Holy Quran)

ذ إِلَى الْكِنْبُ لَارَيْبَ فِيهِ

This Book thereof is no doubt. [2:2]

Taurat (2)

ليَحْلِي خُنِوالُّكِ ثُبَ بِقُوَّةً

O Yahya hold fast the scripture. [19:12]

the scripture in (3)
general, all teachings
revealed to a prophet

قَالَ الَّذِي عِندَا عِلْوُمِّن الْكِتْبِ

The one who had some knowledge of the scripture said. [27:40]

recorder (4)

(Also reference is made to 'recorder of decrees' or 'preserved tablets' by the word كِتَابُ as:

وَمَا تَسَعُظُمِنْ وَنَعَةِ لِلْاَيْعَلَمُهُمْ وَلَاحِبَّةِ فِي طَلَمْتِ الْأَرْضِ وَلَا رَجِّ وَلَاَيَامِي اللَّا فِي حَبِّ ثَبِينِ Not a leaf falleth but He knoweth it, nor a seedgrain groweth in the darkness of the earth, nor aught of fresh or dry but is in a book luminous.

[6:59]

write (3)

ڵٷڵڮۺ۠ۺٙٵؠڵۅڛۘڹؽٙڵۺۜڲؙؙڴۯڣۿٵۜ ٳڿۜؽؙڗؙٛڎؙۼۮٵڴٷڶؽڴ

Were it not that writ had already gone forth from Allah, there would surely have touched you a mighty torment for that ye took. [8:68]

prescribed time (4)

لِكُلِّ آجَلِ كِتَاكِ

For everything there is a prescribed time. [13:38]

record (5)

وَلَدَيْنَاكِتُكُ يَنْطِقُ بِالْحَقِّ

And with Us is record which speaketh the truth.

[23:62]

letter (6)

قَالَتْ يَأَيُّهُ الْمُتَوَّالِنَّ أَلْقِي إِلَّى كِنْ كُونِيمٌ

She said; O chieftains, lo! there hath been thrown unto me a noble latter.

[27:29]

a term, (7)

وَمَاكَانَ لِنَفْسِ آنَ تَنُونَ

No soul can ever die except by Allah's leave and at a term appointed. [3:145]

scripture (8)

that has nothing to do with (el.) which means 'in order to' or 'that he may.' The difference, for a learner, is that the former term is vocalized with fatha and the latter with kasra. For details see LLQ.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) acc. يَكُنُنُنَ that they hide

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) i

ye hide

أَكْمُتُمُونًا .that ye may hide acc

(imperf. 1st. p. phu.)
we (shall) hide

we shall not hide

ك ث ب ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

ك ت ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

was much

> كَثْرَ بَكْثُرُ كَثْرَةً (ك)

to surpass in number or quantity, be much, many, numerous, increase, multiply کِتاَبِیّـهٔ .com کِتاَب + ی + ه my record

(the final • of كِتَابِيَة is just for rhym)

people (com.) أَمْلُ الْكِتَابِ of the scriptures (The Jews and Christians)

scripture the eternal fountain-head of all Divine decrees and revelations i.e., preserved tablets.

scriptures (n. p.) گُنْتُ

written (pis. pic. m. sing.) كُنُوْما

ك ت م *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مرة ما hidest

ح كَمَّ بَحْثُمُ كَنَّا وَ كِنَمَا أَ (ن)

to conceal, hide, restrain one's anger

وَمَنْ أَظْلُومِتُنْ كُتُمْ شَهَادَةً عِنْدَهُ مِنْ اللهِ

And who is more unjust than he who hideth a testimony that is with him. [2:140]

لَمْمُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) كُمْمُ hides

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) اَتُ عُوْنَ they hide

لَيَكُنُمُونَ In the verse 2/146

كدر

rivalry, vying in (v.n.) iv respect of (riches)

abundance, (Jid.) or rivalry in worldly increase (Pic.)

(ints.) n.

<abundance of good

(lit. a large quantity of prosperity (as a proper name a certain river in paradise)

ك د ح *

< toiling (v.n) acc.

كَدَحَ بَكْدَحُ كَدْماً (ف)

to toil for one's family, to exert oneself, make every effort to carry out a thing or reach a person

one (act. pic. m. sing.)
who is toiling

يَّايَهُا الْإِنْسَانُ إِنَكَ كَادِحْ إِلَى رَبِّكَ كَدْحًا

فَمُلْقِتِهِ

O man! verily thou art toiling to thy Lord a (Painful) toiling and art about to meet him. [84:6]

ك د ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii اَنكَدَرَتْ fell

to fall, vii أَنكَدَرَ أَنكِدَاراً shoot out (as a star)

مِثَاقَلَ مِنْهُ الْوَكُورُ

Whether it be little or much.

[4:7]

كَنْرُتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) -was numerous

وكَنُ تُغْفِي عَنْكُمْ فِنْتَكُورُ شَيْنًا وَلَوْكَ تُرْتَ

And your host will avail you naught however numerous it be. [8:19]

multitude (1) (n.v.) گُوْرَةُ (big in number)

ويؤرخنين إذا عبتنكوكاوتك

And on the day of Hunain when ye exalted your mutitude. [9:25]

planty (2) (big in the quantity)

وَلَوْاَعْجَبَكَ كَثْرَةُ الْخَبِيْثِ

Even though the plenty of evil attract thee. [5:100]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) کینیو many, much, plenty

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) مُعِيْرُهُ very much

(this word is most often used as an adjective that has to agree with the preceding noun in number and gender. For details see LLO.)

more than, much (elative) اکْتُرُ mostly, most of فَمَنَ اَظْلَوْ مِتَنَ كَذَبَ عَلَى اللهِ And who is a greater wrongdoer than he who fabri-

doer than he who fabricateth a lie against Allah.

كَذَبَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) كَذَبَتْ

كَذَبُوا (perf.3 p.m. plu.) كَذَبُوا they lied against

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) كَذُونَ they lie

كأنوايكنوبكن

They have been lying. [2:10]

ye lie (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَكُذِبُونَ

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. كُذِيُّوا thy were denied they were given lie

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii كَذَّبَ <-gave the lie to -denied

to give the lie كَذَّبَ تُكَذِيبًا to SS, to deny, to refute, to disbelieve, to accuse of lying

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii كُذَّبَتْ denied, gave the lie to

(this from, (.3 p. f. sing.) refers to a plural such as community, nation, or people, as a general rule; a feminine singular verb when placed before a noun works for plural as well as for a singular)

>> كَدَرَ بُكْدِرُ كَدْرا (ض)

to be muddy

وَإِذَ النُّحُوْمُ انْكُدُوتُ

And when the stars will fall. [81:2]

(according to some commentaters, 'when stars will be muddy').

ك د ى ★ ك د.۷.)

أكدى stopped iv ا

ix أكدى إكداء الكدى الكداء الكدى إكداء الكدى الكداء to stop hand, to be niggardly الكدى كِدَاءا (ض) حدى بكدى كِدَاءا (ض) to restrain

ك ذ ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَذَبُ

كَذَبَ بَكْذِبُ كِذْباً وَكَذِباً
 وَ كِذْبَةً وَكِذَاباً وَكِذَاباً (ض)

to lie, say what is not a fact, fabricate a lie گل - مالات -

مَاكَنَبَ الْغُوَّادُ مَارَاى The heart lied not in that which he saw. [53:11]

lie (2)

نَمَنَ اَظُلُوْمِتَ اِنْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَلُوبًا Who is the great wrong-doer than he who fabricateth a lie concerning Allah.

[7:37]

falsehood (3)

ستلغؤن للكنيب

Listeners for the sake of falsehood. [5:41]

a liar (act. pic. m. sing.) كَاذِبْ

denier (acc.) لَيْنَا

(act. pic. m. plu.) (nom.) كَاذِيُونَ

أَلْكَا ذِيْوْنَ nom. الْكَادِيْوْنَ the liars, deniars

a denier (act. pic. f. sing.) كَاذِيهُ كَذَّابُ a liar (n. ints.)

denying, giving the (v.n.) كِذَّابٌ

تَكْذِيْبُ denial (v.n.) ii تَكْذِيْبُ

that which is (pact. pic.) مَكْذُونِبٌ falsified

beliers (Ap-der. m. plu.) الْمُكَدِّبُونَ

(Ap-der.m. plu.)ii acc. deniers

الْمُنَكَذَّبِيْنَ مِنَ ثَنْهُ: (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii كُذَبْتُ thou didst deny

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii كُذَّبُوْا they denied

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii كُذَّبْتُمْ ye denied

كَذَّبُونِ ii (.com.)

كَذَّوُا فِيْ كَذَّبُونِيْ they denied me كَذَوَ افِيْ كَذَّبُونِيْ (the pronominal s short-

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii كَذُّبْنَا we denied

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii کُذُبُ ~denies

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) ii عُكُنْانِ ye (twain) deny

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُكُذُّ بُونَ they deny

they deny me (com.) بَكَذَّبُونِ

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii عُكُدُّبُونَ ye deny

that ye may deny acc. ii المُكَذِّبُوا Or if ye deny—
[29:18]

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) ii کُذُبُ we deny

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. ii مُدِّبً مis/were/denied

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. ii گذبت were denied

false (1) (n.) كِذْبُ / الْكِذْبُ

وَجَالَهُوْعَلَ تَمِيْصِهُ بِنَمِكُوْبٍ

And they came with false blood on his shirt. [12:18]

ك ر س ★

throne (n.) کُرْسِیْ (when related to God)

وتبيع كمرينيك التلون والكؤض

His Throne (of Majesty) comprehendeth the heavens and the earth.

[2:255]

signifies a chair or a seat but when related to God means: His seat or throne, or Dominion, Power and Knowledge

a seat, a chair (2)

وَلَقَدُ فَنَنَّا اللَيْمَانَ وَالْقِيْمَا عَلَى كُورِيِبِهِ جَسَدًا مُعْمَّا أَنَابَ

And assuredly We tried Sulaiman, and set upon his chair a mere body, therafter he was penitent. [38:34]

ك د م *

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii كُوْمَتْ thou honoured

> كُرُمُ بَكُرُمُ كُرَماً وَكَرَامَةً (ك)

to be superior to another in generosity, to be highminded. beneficent, noble, illustrious ا2 ر ب ★

to grieve, afflict, overburden, to twist a rope

ك ر ر ★

35

<a return (1) (n.)

(assim. v) (ن) گُوْراً (ن to return to, to return successively, to run against, to repeat

وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ النَّبَعُوالَوَانَّ لَنَاكُرَةً مُنْتَبِرَّتًا مِنْهُمُ

And those who had followed shall say, would that for us were a return, then would we quit ourselves of them. [2:167]

return of victory (2)

شُمَّرَدَدَنَالَكُو الْكُرَّةَ عَلَيْهِمْ

Thereafter We gave you a return of victory over them. [17:6]

act of repeating (3)

repeating (twice) (n. dual)

ثُغَالْجِعِ الْبَصَّى كُزَتَيْنِ

And repeat thy look twice.

[67:4]

A noble angel. مَلَكُ كُونِيمُ [12:31]

كەن^{ىڭ}گونىم

Worthy of respect <an honourable letter. [27:29]

روول كوشيط

A noble Messenger. [44:17]

إِنَّهُ لَعُرُانٌ كُونِيرٌ

This is indeed a holy Recitation (the Quran).

[56:77] آجُزُكِرِيْءُ

Kind reward.

[57:11]

Fruitful kind (or pair.) [26:7]

A fair place مِثَارِكِرِيْدِ (cstate). [26:58]

أنت العَزِيْزُ الكُويَـمُ

Thou wast the Mighty, the Noble. [44:59]

سَ بُ الْعَرْشِ الْكَرِيْمِ

The Lord of throne of grace.
[23.116]

دَيِكَ الْكُويْمِ

The Lord, the Bountiful. [82:6]

رِينَ قَاكْرِيتُمَا (33:31] Rich provishon.

قَوْلًا كَدِيْبًا

A respectful speech, gracious word. [17:23] كُرَّةُ مُنَا (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii كَرَّةُ مُنَا we honoured

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv hath honoured

أَكْرُمَ إِكْرَاماً to exalt, ii

to honour above others thee فِيْ الْحُرَمَةِ (com.) أَخْرَمَ لِللهِ اللهِ الل

honoursed me i has

been shortened to i

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) مُكْرِ مُوْنَ ye honour

لاَ مُتَكْرِ مُوْنَ ye honour not

honour or (perate. f. sing.) گرمی give due respect

الْمِعَ) مَثُولَهُ

Make (thou f.) his dwelling honourable. [12:21]

noble (act. 2 pic.) كُرِيْمُ الْكَرِيْمُ honourable,

generous, kind, benefi- acc. cent, gracious, agreeable

Note: This word has occurred as adjective to God, the Prophet, the Gabriel, the Book, the place of reward, the Throne of Majesty, and Provision: According to the contents and its place in a phrase the renderings of the word have been chosen to suit the contents as they are illustrated below.

* · · 4

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.)

~dislikest

~wast averse,

~detestest

كَرِهَ بَكْرَهُ كَزَماً وَكُرُماً وَكُرُامِ وَكَرَامِ فَا لَكُرَامِ فَا لَكُوا مِنَا ﴿ سَ

<to feel aversion to.

to dislike, to be averse from, to loathe, abhor, to detest

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) كَرِّهُوْا they detested

رُفْتُم (perf. 2 p. m. phu.) كُرُفْتُم ye detested

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُرُ هُونَ they destest

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) acc. المُكْرُهُوا ye abhore

عَلَى أَنُ تَكُوهُ وَاتَّنِينُا وَهُوَخَيْرُكُمُ

Belike ye abhor a thing whereas it is good for you. [2:216]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii and made hateful

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv أَكُرُهُتُ thou forced, thou compelled

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv مُكِرِدُ thou compel

(perate. neg. m. plu.) مُرَّمُونًا do not force!

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

A noble entrance. [4:31]

< nobles (n. p.) acc. [1]

(sing.)

They pass by مُؤُوْاكِرًا مُنَّا dignity. [25:72]

Noble and right- وَرَامِ سَرَرَةٍ eous. [80:16]

كِرَامُاكَايَةِيْنَ

Gracious and recording.

[82:11]

(۱) (elative.) الْآَكُرُمُ الله Most Bounteous.

إفراً ورَبُّكَ الْأَكْوَمُ

Read: And thy Lord is Most Bounteous. [96:3] the noblest (2)

إِنَّ ٱكْرُمَكُمُ عِنْدَاللَّهِ ٱللَّهِ ٱللَّهُ مَكُمُ عِنْدَاللَّهِ ٱللَّهِ ٱللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ

Lo! The noblest of you is in the sight of Allah, the best in conduct (Pic.).

[49:13]

glorious v.n. iv

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv a giver of honour

مُكْرِ مُوْنَ pis. pic. m. plu.) iv { الْمُكْرَ مِنْنَ honoured ones

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii honoured ones

(used as adjective of a plural noun : أَعُنْهُ : leaves, writs)

used to denote acquiring a good thing, or a bad (evil) or both, according to the contents the word will be rendered.

كُلُّ امُرِى المِمَاكْسَبَ رَحِيْنُ

Every man is a pledge for that which he hath earned. [52:21]

بلامن كسب سيتنه واكالمت به عَلِينته

Yea! whosoever earneth evil and his sin hath encompassed him. [2:81]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) they (twain) earned (or did the evil)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) كَسَبُوُّا they earned

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye earned (good things)

أنفغوامن كإبنت ماكسنت

Expend out of the good things which ye have earned.
[2:267]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَكْسِبُ earneth

(imperf 3 p. f. sing.) حُكْسِبُ <earneth

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكْسِبُونَ they earn

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَكْسِبُونَ ye earn وَلَا تُكْثِوهُ وَا فَتَنْفِيكُونَ فَلَى الْمِغَلَّولِنَ أَدَوْنَ تَعَشَّمًا لِبَيْنَتْ وَاعْرَضَ الْمَنْوقِ الدُّنْيَأُ وَمَنْ ثِيكُومُ أَنْ

Force not your slave-girls to whoredom and if one forced them, then (unto them), after their compulsion, Allah will be forgiving; Merciful. [24:33]

compulsion (v.n.) iv "أَكُرَأَهُ"

لْأَلْكُواءَ فِي النِّينِ

There is no compulsion in religion. [2:256]

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. il وَيُونَ was forced to

اَدِهُوْنَ loath (act. pic. m. plu..) كَادِهُوْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. those who dislike (a thing)

مَكْرُونٌ مَكْرُوها acc.

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc.

ك س ب *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَتَبَ <~earned

كَتَبَ يَكْسِبُ كَنْباً (ض)

to earn. gain, gether riches earn living, acquire, earn knowledge

and its derived form of viii گنّسَت is

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VFO

(n.) has two forms of the plural: كَنْكُ (as in verse 52/44 and sis as in other verses.

نطالتَهَ أَكِمَا زَعَمُت عَلَيْنَاكِسَفًا Or thou causest the heaven to fall upon us as thou

assertest~in pieces. [17:92]

fragment (2)

فَأَسْقِطْ عَلَانَا كَفَاتِينَ السَّمَاء

So cause thou a fragment of the heavan to fall upon us. [26:187]

(see also verse 34/9, and 30:48)

ك س ك

خَسَالَيْ (n.p.) (dlers (1) (n.p.) كَسارَ تُكْسَارُ كَنْ لا (س)

to be lazy, idle خَرْ لَمُنْدَأِ (مُن) <(predicate)

وَلَا يَأْتُونَ الصَّالُوةَ إِلَّاوَ مُمْ كُسَالُ

And they come not to worship save as idlers. [9:54]

< languidly (acc. adj.) (2) حَالٌ لِعَامُهُ ا

وَإِذَا تَأْمُوالِلَ الصَّاوَةِ قَامُواكُمُ الْكُمَالَ

When they stand up for prayer they perform it [4:142] languidly.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii < ~earnest

as R.F. viii اكتساماً اكتبساء

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii earned

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii اكتسواً they earned

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii they (f.) earned

خَسَادٌ (slackening (v.n.) كَسَدَ تَكْسُدُ كَسَاداً وَكُنُو دا (ن)

to sell badly, to be dull (market), stagnant

(n.p.) acc. [:5

pieces, fragment (see the following verse)

وَإِنْ يُووُا كِمُعُكَاةِ بَالسَّمَا مِسَاقِطًا يَغُولُوْا سَمَاكُ مَرْكُومُ

And if they see a fragment of the heaven falling down they would say: (it is only) clouds piled up. [52:44]

< pieces (1) (n.p.) acc. (sing.)

ك ش ف 🖈

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) كَشْفَ < ∼removed (1)

كَشَفَ يَكْشِفُ كَشْفاً (ض) to pull away, to remove, take

off, to open up lay open, to base

ثُوِّ لِذَا كَشَفَ الضُّرِّعَنْكُوْ

Then when he removeth the distress from you. [16:54]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) كَشَفْتُ ~bared (2)

وكشفت عن ساقيها

And she bared her legs.

[27:44]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) Lisis

we removed (1) (distress, torment)

فكشفنا مايه من ضر

And We removed that which was with him of the hurt (or distress). [21:84]

فَلَتَا كُشُفْنَاعَنَّهُمُ الْعَدَابَ

Then when We removed from them the torment. [43:50]

removal of the veil (2)

أتفنا عنك غطآة ك فبصرك اليؤمر حديث

Then We have removed of from thee thy covering so thy sight is today piercing.

[50:22]

ك س و 🖈

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) (w.v.) كَسَوْنَا <we clothed

كَمَا يَكُمُوْ كَمُواْ (ن)

to cloth, dress

فكركنا العظمكشكا

We clothed the bones with flesh. [23:14]

اكْسُوا (perate. m. plu.) اكْسُوا

وَاكْنُوفُمُ وَقُولُوا لَهُ وَتُولُامَعُووُفًا

And clothe them and say to them a gentle saying. [4:5]

كِسْوَةُ (n.) clothing, dress

ك ش ط *

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. كُيْطَتْ مَاs stripped

> كَشَطَ يَكْشُطُ كَشْطاً (ن)

to take off (the cover, veil), remove, strip, scrape, skin

وَإِذَا السِّمَا وَكُيْعَاتُ

And when the heaven shall be stripped. [81.11]

[as the skin is plucked off a slaughtered sheep, or, the phrase may mean, and when the heaven shall be removed from its place, as a roof is removed from its place. ك ظ م *

كَاظِمِيْنَ / الْكَاظِمِيْنَ / الْكَاظِمِيْنَ

< (act. pic. m. pht.)

كَظَمَ يَكْظِمُ كَظْماً (ض)

(1) to shut (a door), dam a water source, supress one's anger, one who restrains

(2) to choke, to tight or fill something with a check

the repressors (1)

وَالْكِظِيئِنَ الْنَيْفَا وَالْعَافِيْنَ عَنِ النَّاسِ

And (those who are) the repressors of rage and the pardoners of men. [3:134]

chocking (2)

إن الْعُلُوبُ لَدَى الْحَنَاجِ وِكُظِينِ

When the hearts will be in the throats choking.

[40:18]

(the phrase is of hal for الْقَلُوْبُ)

(act. 2 pic.) "

one filled with sorrow (1)
or anger, a suppressing
condition

وَامْعَتْ عَيْنُهُ مِنَ الْحُزْنِ فَهُو كَظِيهُ

And his eyes were whitened with the sorrow that he was suppressed. [12:84]

wroth inwardly (2)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَشُفُ will remove (hurt, distress, torment etc.)

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. يُكْفَفُ

يَوْمَرُ لِكُشَّفُ عَنْ سَاقِ

The Day whereon the shank will be bared. [68:42]

[i.e., some very special form of divine manifestation will take place. (IK.)]

The expression 'uncovering the shank' has also another meaning, and is indicative of grievous and terrible calamity, thus it is said: war has uncovered its shank, when it is meant to express the fury and rage of battle:

م كَشَغَتِ الْحَرَّبُ عَنْ سَاقِهَا ، and one says of a man when difficulty or calamity befalles him

كَشَفَ عَنْ سَاقِهِ

which means he prepared himself for difficulty. (LL.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) عُشِفْ a removers (of torment)

كَأْشِفُوْ ، n.d. كَأَشِفُوْنَ remover (act. pic. f. sing.)

(act. pic. f. plu.) كَاشِفَاتْ

removers(of distress)

كَمَبَ بَكْمَبُ (بَكْمِبُ) كُمُوْ بِأَ (ف،ض)

to become prominent, have swelling

> adj. كَوَاعِبَ <full breasted (girls)

(having swelling breasts) عُمَاتُ

ك ف ه *

< co-aqual (v.n.) acc. آگفاؤ (phu. أَكُونَاهُ)</p>

to be equal, vi اَكُوْاً تَكَافُواً alike

ك ف ت ★

كِفَاتًا مَرِيهِ (v.n.) acc. كِفَاتًا (ض) كَفَتَ بَكْفِتُ كِفَاتًا (ض)

to gather, to add to

A place in which a thing is drawn together, or comprehended and collected or congregated. Thus the meaning of the verse is:

آلونجعل الأرض كِفَاتًا

Have we not made the earth a place which comprehends (the living and the dead)?. [77:25]

ك ف ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَنْرَ مَا disbelieved (1)

وَإِذَا اُبُثِّرَاَ حَدُّهُمُ بِالْأُنْثَىٰ ظَلَّ وَجُهُهُ مُسْوَدًا وَهُوَكَظِينُهُ

And when one of them receiveth tidings of the birth of a female, his face remaineth darkened, and he is wroth inwardly. [16:58]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُكَفُومُ one oppressed with silent sorrow, despair

ك ع ب ★

كَنْمَيْنِ (two ankles (dual, n.) كَنْمَيْنِ

or cubic, a swelled one or one become prominent. Signifies the sacred house, building in the centre of the sacred Mosque in Makka, said to be so because of its square or cubic form, or because of its high and its square form. (LL.)

A massive stone building, oblong in size, 55 ft. in length, 45 in breadth, and with height a little above the length, standing in the middle of open parallelogram of about 500 ft. by 530 ft. known as the sacred Mosque and having a door 7 ft. from the ground (Jid).

denied ungratefully (2)

وَضَرَبَ اللهُ مَشَلَا فَنَهُ كَأَنْتُ امِنَةً تُعْلَمَيْنَةً تَأَلَّمَهُمُّا مِنْقُوا ضَائِقًا كُلِينَ كَالِ ثَكَافَرَتْ بِأَنْعُمِ اللّهِ فَأَذَا فَهَا اللّهُ لِهَاسَ الْجُوعِ وَالْخَوْبِ بِمَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ

And Allah propoundeth a similitude: a town which was secure and at rest, to which came provision thereof plenteously from every place then it ungreatefully denied the favours of Allah wherefore Allah made it taste the extreme of hunger and fear because of that which they were wont to perform.

[16:112]

كَفَرْتَ (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) كَفَرْتَ thou disbelieved

کَفَرْتُ (perf. 1st. p. sing.) کَفَرْتُ I rejected, refused

إِنْ كَغَرْتُ بِمَا آفُرَكُمُتُونِ مِنْ قَبْلُ

Verily I disbelieve in your having associated me afore (Jid.) I disbelieved in that which ye before ascribed to me (Pic.). [14:22]

[According to Tabri, Muj.)

the word کَنُوْتُ means

here: I have already refused or reject your belief
in me as a partner to
Allah.]

كَفَرَ يَكُفُرُ كُفْرا (ن)

فينهم من اس ومنهم من كفر

Among themselves is he who believed and among themselves is he who disbelieved.

[2:253]

<was, or became (2) ungrateful

كَفَرَ بَكُفُرُ كُفْراً وَ كُفْرَانًا (ن)

to be ungrateful, negligent, (opposite of thankfulness)

ۮ؆ۜؽ۫ۺٛڴۯۏٙڷڞٳؽڟڴۯڷؽڝ۫ؠ؋۠ۉ؆ؽؙڰڟڔؘ ٷٙڰ<u>ٷڒؠؖؽ</u>ۼۏ<mark>ڰڴ</mark>ۯڝؙۻ۠

Whosoever giveth thanks he only giveth thanks for the (good of) his own soul: and whosoever is ungrateful (is ungrateful only to his own soul's hurt). For lo! my Lord is Aboslute in independence, Bountiful. [27:40]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) كَنْوَرْتْ disbelieved (1)

فَامْنَتْ عَلَابِفَةٌ مِنْ بَنِنَ الشَّلَويُلَ وَكُفَرَتُ ظَلِّفَةُ

And a party of the childern of Israel believed while a party disbelieved. [61:14] (pip.neg.3p.m.plu.) (*) لَنْ مُكُفُرُو (*) they will not be denied (reward thereof)

(elative w.) مَا أَكُفَرَهُ how ungreateful he is!

(the verb of wonder) الْفَالُ التَّعَبُّ فِي الله (the verb of wonder) أَفْمَالُ التَّعَبُّ فِي أَنْ (with a prefixed hamza from any adjective

مُتِلَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا أَكُفَرَهُ

Perish man! how ungrateful is he! [80:17]

ungratefulness, v.n. الْكُفُرُ / كُفُرُ اللَّهُ اللّلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا ا

كُفْرا .dishelief, denial acc

is used intransititive to another object, it means: disbelief in Allah or his massenger (P.O.H).]

rejecter, (act. pic. m. sing.)
one who refuses to believe,
man of disbelief

(act. pic. f. sing.) كأفرة disbelieving group (adj.)

(solid plu.) acc. كَافِرُوْنَ مَا كَافِرِيْنَ those who have no belief in Allah and His massenger

(act. pic. f. sing.) كَافِرَةُ a disteliever (group)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْكُوَ افِرُ أَوْرُ (disbeliever women

(b. p. of \$ jist)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) كُفُرْ مُّ ye disbelieved ~denied

رُوْد (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) كَفَرُوْد they disbelieved ~denied

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) كَفَرْ نَا we disbelieved ~denied

يَكُنُورُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) تَكُفُرُوْنَ they disbelieve

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. المُعْرُوُوْ that they disbelieve

(imperf. 2nd. p.m. plu.) تَكُفُّرُونَ ye disbelieve

(imperf.2nd p.m. plu.)acc. الْكُوُّوُوُّ (they ye (may) disbelieve

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) الْكُوْرُ we disbelieve

ا کُفُوْ (perate m. sing.) (thou) disbelieve!

(you) disbelieve!

لاَ تَكُفُرُ (perate. neg.) لَا تَكُفُرُ deny not!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) كُفُورَ was denied rejected (who was subject to disbelief)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) الْكُفُورُ ~ is rejected being rejected or denied -- VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN

كَفَّارٌ most ingrate (ints.) impious acc. آنقارا كُفْرٌ or كَافِرِ (Note): it is ints. of (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~expiated كَفَّرَ تُكْفِيرًا to cover over, ii to expiate one's (crime) (perf. Ist. n. plu.) ii كَنَّةُ ثَا we expiated (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss ii will expiate (imperf. Ist p. sing.) epl. ii كُنْزَنَّ أَنَّ surely I shall expiate

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) juss ii we shall expiate (Imperf. Ist. p. plu.) epl. ii نَاكُنُونَ لَا السَّاسِةِ السَّاسِةِ السَّاسِةِ السَّاسِةِ السَّاسِةِ السَّاسِةِ surely we shall expiate

(perate. m. sing.) il (thou may) expiate!

كَفَّارَةُ (كَفَرَ expiation (ints. of كَفَر)

(The word is derived from in its original sense i.e., to remove, hide etc., as an expiation removes the sin and is an act of merit on one's part.) (see Mjj.)

كَفْرَ أَنَّ (rejection (v. n.)

camphor, (n.) acc. 1, 36

infidelity, denial (v.n.) acc. disbelief. rejection ingrate, (ints.) thankless acc. | كَنْوْرا dis-(1) (b. p. of 'كَافِرْ') believers infidels

وَعَدَا لِلْهُ الْمُنْفِقِينَ وَالْمُ

Allah hath promised the hypocritical men and hypocritical women and unto the (open) infidels wherein they Hell-fire shall be abiders. [9:68]

> disbelievers. (b. plu) husbandmen (2)

كَتُثُلُ غَنْ اغْبَ الْكُفَّارَنَبَأَتْهُ

As the likeness of (vegetation after) rain whereof the growth pleaseth the husbandmen. [57:20]

(This is the only verse in is used in کفار the sense of 'husbandmen' i.e., those who hide seeds under the ground according to the original meaning of the root form. Some commentators think that here too the word gives the general signification i.e., disbeliever. (Mij.)

كَفَلَ يَكُفُلُ كَيْفَالَةُ (ن) to be guardian of, take care of, to be responsible for, to stand security or bail for

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they (may) take care of

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii < ~ made SS to take care of كَفَّا َ تَكُفْلًا to make ii

some one guardian, care or take care of

(perate. m. sing.) iv <make SS guardian i.e., entrust, give

كَفَلَ (كُفَالًا to make iv someone or appoint a guardian or entrust some one with something

وَلِي زَمْحَهُ وَاحِدُونَ فَ فَقَالَ أَكُفِلْسُهَا And I have one ewe and he saith, enturst it to me. [38:23]

(أكفائماً) the word has double accusative 3 me and (it)

(act. 2. pic.) acc. كُفُوا الكُفُلا الكُفُلا الكُفُلا الكُفُلا الكُفُلا الكُفُلا الكُفُلا الكُفُلُو الكُلُو الكُفُلُو الكُلُو اللّهُ الكُلُو الكُلُو الكُلُو اللّهُ الل surity

وَقَدُ جَعَلْتُمُ اللّهُ عَلَنَّكُمْ كَفْ لَلْهِ

And surely ye have appointed Allah a surity upon you. [16:91]

(the literal meaning of ?L is one who takes responsibility for someone or some

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (v. assim) < ~ withheld

كَفَّ تُكُفُّ كَفًّا (ن) to withhold

to avert, turn off from ... prevent, cease

(v. assim)

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) I restrained, turned off

.v. assim. acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) will withhold

(v. assim. v)

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.)

they will not turn off

(v. assim.) acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

(neg.) they (may not) restrain

Both of (n.d.-daul n.) (two palms)

plam-sing.

(كَمُفَّيْن .n.d كَنَّيُّ

wholly act. pic. acc. (with additional 3)

ف ل

(imper. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ taketh charge of taketh charge of

Sometimes the first object takes ., as above; sometimes both objects are drawn together.)

إِنَّا كُفَيْنُكُ الْمُسُتَّفِيْدِهِ بْنَ

We were to suffice thee against mockers. [15:95]

(Note. As frequently observed, (for puposes of explaining it), verb formed for perfect tense is translated as if it was for imperfect tense and vice versa. Thus نَامَنُونَاكُ is translated as we will suffice thee.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) will be sufficient

مَسَيَّلِنِيَكُهُمُ اللهُ

Allah suffices thee against them. [2:137]

فَ + سَ + بَكْنِيْ + كَ **+ مُ**

i.e. the word مُسَيِّكُ فِيكُمُمُ preceded by two letters and followed by two pronominals.

will not be acc.

was not يَكْفِ jiss. f.d. مُنْ يَكُفِ sufficient

آوَلَوْ يَكُفِ بِرَيِّكَ

Doth not they Lord suffice?
[41:53]

thing, or who stands bail or surity for someone but in this verse from the Holy Quran the word means surity as the content refers to those who had sworn by his name.)

كِغْلُ responsibility, a portion (n.) كِغْلُ

two portions (dual n.) كِفْلَيْنِ

the name of (prop. n.) ذُوْ الْكِمْ فَلِ an apostle

(Prophet Ezekiel of the Bible noted for his splendid vision and literary imagery. Very little is known of his personal history. see Jid. P. XVII n. 188 and P. XXIII n. 411.)

ك ف ي ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

كَنْ بَكُنْ كِغَامَةً (ضُ)

to be enough, sufficient, SS is sufficient for him to meet all his requirements, to protect, to defend

كفى بِاللهِ حَبِيبُنا

Sufficient is Allah as a reckoner. [4:6]

(perf. Ist: p. plu.) (w.v.) كَفَيْنَا we suffice

(Note: The verb is used with double accusatives.

>> كَلفَ تَكْلَفُ كَلْفاً (س) - ب

to be zealous, to take pains

might, to tax

(imperf. Ist. p.m. plu.) ii نگفت we burden or tax

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) ii كُلُفُ سis tasked

(Note: The subject of this verb is 'soul' نَفْسُنُ feminine)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v كَلْفِينَ <affecters تَكُلُفُ تَكُلُفُاً to take anything

as difficult or troublesome

وَمَاانَا مِنَ الْنُتَكِلِّفِينَ

Nor am I of the affiecters. i.e., nor am I led by nature or habit to practise deceit and falsehood. [38:86]

* 7 7 7

JYK

one who has (1) v.n. no direct heirs

كُلَّ بَكِلُّ كَلاَلَةٌ (ض)

to lose father and child (Mjj.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) f.d. والم

أليش الله بِكانِ عَبْدَهُ

Is not Allah sufficient for His bondman? [39:36]

* 177

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. ~guards

كَلاَ بَكُلاً كُلاً (ف)

to keep guard

ك ل ب *

the dog (n.) لَكُلْبُ

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ii acc. کلین < those who train dogs or other animals for hunting (sing.)

± € J J

(act. pic. m. plu.) كُوْنُ those who grin their teeth with pain and agony, grinning ones

كَلَحَ بَكُلَحُ كُلُوْمًا (فُ)

to look austere, frown, grin, severe looking

كَالِحٌ (sing.)

ك ل ف 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~tasks

وُكُلَّاوَعَدَاللَّهُ الْمُعُلِّمُ

(This particle is used with a complement either expressed or understood (مُعَدَّرُ) and then is translated all, the whole, each, everyone; when the complement is understood it takes tanween as and be (see above) and governs alike the singular and plural. It is most often used as mudaf to take the following nouns in genitive such as المُعَمَّةُ وَاللَّهُ الْمُعَمَّةُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَمَّةُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

whensoever, as (com.) اَكُمَا اَكُمَا اَكُمَا وَالْكَا الْكَالَةُ عَلَى الْكَالُةُ الْكَالُةُ عَلَى الْكُلُولُ الْمُعَالِقُولُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّ

1111

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nay but or but (particle)
nay!

كَلَّاسَوْفَ نَعُنْكُونَ

Nay, but ye will come to know. [102:3]

وَلِنْ كَانَ رَجُلُ يُوْرَثُ كَلْلَةً آوِامْرَاةً وَلَهَ أَخُ اَوْأُخُتُ وَلِكُلِّ وَاحِدِ مِنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ

And a man or a woman hath no direct heirs but hath a brother, and a sister, each of the twain will have a sixth. [4:12]

one without (2) father or child

قُلِ اللَّهُ يُغْتِينَكُونِ الْكَلَّةِ

Say thou: Allah pronounceth you in the matter of one without father or child. [4: 176]

(Note: According to Tabri the word in this verse could be explained with both significances.)

one who depends on (n.)
others for his livelihood,
a burden, weariness

وَهُوَكُكُ عَلَى مُؤلَّىٰهُ

Ank he is a weariness unto his master. [16:76]

each (particle)

(or a substantive noun-Lis.)

كُلُّ يَجْرِي لِأَجَلِ مُسَتَّى

Each (one) runneth to an appointed goal. [13:2]

each acc. K

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v ~uttered a word a word, to speak

(without mentioning an accusative)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v ~speaketh, uttereth a word (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) v we speak

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v نَتَكُلُمُونَ they speak

<an act of (v.n.) ii Speaking (see above) کلی a word (1) (n.)

And a party of them used to listen to the word of Allah then used to change [2:75] it.

speaking (2)

قَالَ لِمُوْمِنِي إِنِّي اصْطَغَيْتُكُ عَلَى النَّاسِ سِلْمِينُ وَبِكَلامِي

He said: O Musa! I have preferred thee above mankind by My messages and by My speaking (unto [7:144]thee).

(a word (n.) کلکائے

see below (plu.)

ثُنَّةً كَلَّاسَهُ فَ نَعْدَ

Nay, but ye will come to know. [102:4]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~spoke

to speak to لَكُمْ مَكُلُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ لِ اللهُ ا

(trans: to pronominals or nouns as

(i.e., a double accustive)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii speaks

يُكُلُّمُهُ ، يُكُلِّمُهُ ، يُكُلِّمُنَا he speaketh to him, speaks to them, or to me respectively

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii acc. that thou speak

الانتخار الكاس

That thou shall not speak to mankind. [3:41]

I shall speak acc. ii I shall not speak acc. []

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii is/are spoken with

أَوْكُلُوبِهِ الْهُوَيْنِ

The dead could be spoken [13:31] to.

579

OVA

in the sense of (5) an order, knowledge, His will, meta. Christ

أَنْهَ اللَّهِ مِنْكُمْ اللَّهِ وَكُلِمَتُهُ The Messiah 'Isa, son of Maryam, is but an apostle of Allah, and his word! (i.e., born out of his word).

its translation with 'word' is preferable)

According to some commentators كُلِمَةُ التَّقُولٰي means the saying: لا الد إلا الله in absolute cases it may be taken in the sense of His

might, will, and determina-

words (1) (n.p.) عُلِمَاتُ

فَتَلَقَّىٰ اٰحَدُمِنْ زَيَّهٖ كَلِمْتِ

Then Adam learnt from his Lord (certain) words.

[2:37]

ordinance (2)

tion.

لأمُبتدِلَ لِكِلنتِهِ

None can change His words ('words' mean His commands and ordinances). (Tabri). [6:115]

<words (b. phu)

کلت (sing.)

كَلَاٰإِنَّهَا كِلِمَةٌ هُوَتَآلِلُهَا

Nay! it is but a word that he utteres . [23:100] (saying in the sense of (2) a formula)

ٱڵۅ۫ تَوكَيْفَ خُمَرَب اللهُ سَثَلًا كِلدَةً كَلِيرَةً كَجَمَرَةً كَلِيْرَةٍ أَصْلُهَا ثَابِتٌ وَفَرْعُهَ أَيْ السَّمَاءِ

Behold thou not how Allah hath propounded the similitude of the clean word, it is like a clean tree, its root firmly fixed and its branches (reaching) unto heaven. [14:24]

in the sense of a (3) 'decree' or 'the sentence'

اَفَمَنْ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ كِلِمَةُ الْعَذَابِ اَفَأَنُتَ تُتُوْقِدُ مَنْ فِي النَّادِ

Is he, then, on whom is justified the decree of the torment—will thou rescue him who is in the fire?

[39:19]

in the sense of an (4) agreement

قُلُ يَاهَلُ الْكِتْبِ تَمَالُوَالِكُ كِلِمَةٍ سَوَاتٍ بِنِنَاكُرَ بَيْنَكُمْ

Say: O people of the scripture! come to an agreement between us and you.

[3:64]

وَكُوْقَصَمْنَامِنُ قَرْيَةِ كَانَتُ ظَالِمَةً

How many a community that dealt unjustly have We shattered, [21:11]

as, even as, (praticle) §

كَمَّاأَخُرَجَ أَبُونِكُو

As he caused your (first) parents to go forth. [7:27]

affixed pronouns of 2. p. plu. (see LLQ.)

* 111

the sheath or (n.p.)
 spathe in which the flower
 of a fruit is enveloped
 (sing.)

ومَانَخُرُجُ مِن شَمَرْتٍ مِن أَكْمَامِهَا

And no fruits burst forth from their sheaths.[41:47]

* • • 4

الْأَكُنَّةُ the blind one from birth الْأَكْنَةُ حَلَيْهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ الله

to be blind from birth

ك ن د ★

<very ingrate (elative) كَنُوْدُ (by nature)</p>

* * * *

both of two/ (particle)
the twain (f.)

كِلْمَا

both of two/the twain (m.)

* 7 6 4

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اَكُلُتُ I completed

to iv اَكُنَ إِكَالًا <

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)acc. اِنْكُولُوْا you, in order, to complete

(act. pic. m. dual.) كَامِلُيْنَ entire, two full, two complete ones

(act. pic. f. sing.) مُلِّمَةً entire, a full

* * * 4

an interrogative conjunctive particle how long, how many

É

(followed by مِنْ with the genitive) :

الله الم المنافع في المرافع ما المالية
He will say: how long tarried ye in the earth counting by years? [23:112] hide themselves in his ray (John Penrice)

ك ن ن 🖈

(assim)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv <ye conceal

كَنَّ يَكُنُّ كَنَّا وَ كَنُوناً (ن)

to cover

أَكُنَّ إِكْنَاناً vonceal, iv

اکنن keep secret, ix

to keep concealed in mind/

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv (assim) الكِنَّةُ

مَا لَكِنَّ صُدُورُهُمُ

(He knoweth) what their hearts conceal. [27:74]

<a covering (n. p.) اُکنان (cover (sing.) کن (such as a shelter, veil etc. اُکِنَّة (such as a shelter, veil etc. اُکِنَّة (such as a shelter)</p>

a covered one (pact. pic.) مَكْنُونُ or a concealed one

ك . ف *

the cave (n.) الْكَهْفُ

* 1 . 4

≪manhood acc. (n.) ちょう

أِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لِرَبِّهِ لَكُنُودُ

Verily man is unto his Lord ungrateful. [100:6]

ك ن ز ★

كَنَوْتُمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) كَنَوْتُمُ (ye treasured

كَنْزَ يَكْنِزُ كَنْزاً (ض)

to bury in the ground, collect and store up, to treasure

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكْمِيْزُوْنَ they treasure

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تُكُيرُونَ ye treasure

< those which hide (n. p.) الْكُنْسُ themselves (stars)

کانین (sing.) >>کنس یکیس کنوساً (ض)

to hide behind the haunt (gazelles) (MJJ.)

(a name applied to the stars, and especially those planets which, from their proximity to the sun, occasionally ك و د *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. 56 > became nigh, was about to do

Used as an adverb, thus always attached to another verb, denoting: was on the point of e.g. كَادَ يَفْعَلُ he was on the point of doing.

R.F. (فَ) كَادَ بَكَادُهُ كُوْداً (ف to be well nigh.

in Jussive becomes

and so on.

الَّذِيُنَ التَّبَعُولُو فِي سَاعَةِ الْعُثْمَرَةِ مِنْ بَعْدِمَ كَاكَادَ يَزِيُخُ ثُلُوكِ فَرِيْتٍ مِنْهُو

And those who followed him in the hour of distress after the hearts of a part of them had well-nigh swerved aside. [9:117]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) كَادَتْ she had well-nigh~

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) کَدُتَ thou hadst well-nigh

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. 3k.

مَكُدُ has not well-nigh juss. w.v.

لَوْتِكُنْ يَرْمِهَا

He hardly can see it. [24:40]

to be of mature age from 30 to 60 (Mujj) from 30 to 50 (John.) years old ones are كُمُولُ plu.

* ら* 4

(act. pic. m. sing.) كَأْمِنْ Soothsayar

كُنُنَ يَكُنُنُ كَهَافَةً (ك) to bo priest or soothsayer, to fortell

* * * *

Initial letters of Sura Maryam (19th Sura)

ك ك ب *

مَوْکَبُ مُ عَدِيرٍ a star (n.) مَوْکَبًا کَوْکَبًا

<stars (n. p.) حُرْدَا كِبُ (sing.)</p>

ك و ب ★

أَكُوَابُ (n. p.) أَكُوَابُ

a cup (sing.) كُوْبُ without a handle (Muj.) beakers (Pic.) goblets (Jid.)

OAT

used with a direct accusative of the predicate, to be something

with a following perfect to mean: past perfect

with a following imperfect denotes duration in the past, or progressive past, (الْإِسْتِدْرَالُّهُ) which may be translated in English by 'used to' 'would~'

to be qualified for من لم الله له to be qualified for with a following subjunctive ما كان له means; he was not worthy of~

was, were (1)
(in case the predicate
is a collective noun.)

كَانَ النَّاسُ أَمْنَةُ وَاحِدَةً Mankind were one community. [2:213]

وَسْنَلْهُوْعَنِ الْغَرْيَةِ الَّذِيْ كَالَتُ حَاضِرَةَ الْبُحْدِ

Ask them of the township that was by the sea.[7:163] used to (2)

> وَقَلُ كَانَ فَرِيُّنٌ مِّنْهُمُ يَسْمَعُونَ كَلُوَ اللهِ فُوَيْكُونُونَا

A party of them used to listen to the word of Allah, then (used to) change it. [2:75]

ك و د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii کُرِّرُ <~rolls

to roll up, کُوَّرُ تُکُوِیْراً یَکُوِّرُ اَنْکُوِیْراً یَکُوِّرُالنَّهَارَ کَالنَّیالِ یَکُوِّرُالنَّهَارَ کَالنَّیالِ کَلُوالنَّهَارِ وَیُکُوْرُالنَّهَارَ کَالنَّیالِ طَلَاللَّهَارِ وَیُکُوْرُالنَّهَارَ کَالنَّیالِ طَلَا اللّه الله الله He rolleth the night around the day and rolleth the day around the night.
[39:5]

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii کَرَّرَتُ shall be wound round (the sun) ('Sun' is a feminine word in Arabic)

ك و ن ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

< was, existed
happend, occurred,
took place

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)
(a supporting verb of weak verbs group

كَانَ يَكُوْنَ كَوْماً (ن) to be, to exist, to happen, to occur, to take place

584

كأن

shall be (5)

ٱلْمُلْكُ يَوْمَهِ فِي لِلْحَقُّ لِلرَّحْلِنَّ وَكَأْنَ يَوْمًّا عَلَ الْكِفِرِيْنَ حَيِسْيُرًّا

The dominion on that Day shall be true (dominion), of the Compassionate and it shall be a hard day upon the infidels. [25:26]

Causion! It is not a general rule of the grammar that its derived form should denote the meaning of future tense. It is a Quranic way of expression in case of the Hereafter, the Paradise, the Hell etc., to indicate that what will happen in the Hereafter is a fact beyond doubt, and is as true as a happening of the past that cannot be denied. It is also to be noted that it is not so only in the case of 36 other verbs too are used in past tense for showing surity of the Hereafter.

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوا وَعَمِلُواالصَّلِحْتِ كَانَتُ لَهُمْ حَنْتُ الْهِزدَ وْسِ نُزُلًّا

Verily those who believe and do righteous work, unto them shall be gardens of Paradise for an entertainment. [18:107]

وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمُ إِصْرَهُ وَوَ الْآغْلُلَ الَّتِئَ كَانَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ

And he relieveth them of their burden and the fetters that they used to have on them. [7:157]

عَلَى مَنْ كَانَ عَدُ قَالَتُ مِنْ لَ فَالَّهُ مَنْ كَالَ عَلَى قَلْمِكَ Say: who is an enemy to Jibrael (Gabriel): for he it is who hath revealed to thy heart. [2:97]

وكانت امراق عاقرا

Since my wife is barren [19:5] is (as an eternal (4) fact, habitual, for ever

فَعُلْتُ اسْتَغْفِرُوارِيَّكُوْ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَقَارًا

And I said: ask forgiveness of your Lord. Verily He is ever Most Forgiving. [71:10]

وَقُلْ جَأَءَالْحَقُّ وَزَهَقَ الْبَاطِلُ إِنَّ الْبَاطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوُقًا

And say then: The truth is come and falsehood is vanished, verily the falsehood is ever vanishing.

[17:81]

إِنَّ الصَّلْوَةَ كَانَتُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ كُذًا مَّهُ قُونًا

Verily the prayer is prescribed unto believers at definite time. [4:103] كأنتآ

(imperf. 3 p. f. dual) w.v. the twain (f.) were

(pref. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. thou wert

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) (w.v.) I was/I am

(perf. 2 p. m plu.) w.v. you are

You are the best community. [3:110]

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. they (f.) were/are

(perf.2 p. f. plu.) (w.v.) you (f.) were/are

كُنَّا (perf. Ist p. plu.) (w.v.) we were/are

وَمَا كُنَّامُعَدِّبِينَ حَتَّى نَنْعَثَ رَسُولًا

We are not tormentors until We have raised an apostle or We have not been tormentors. (The word

is reveals the sense of custom or habit i.e., it is not our way of dealing to catch people of their sins unless We send a warner to them.) (refer to verse 8:67) above. [17:15]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they (m.) were/are, they used to

become (6)

أنى وَاسْتَكُورُ وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكُفِرِيْنَ

He (iblis) demurred through pride and so became a disbeliever. [2:34]

فَإِذَاانَشَقَتِ السَّمَأَءُ فَكَانَتُ وَرُدَةً كَالْدَهَانِ

And when heaven will be rent asunder and will become rosy like unto red [55:37] hide.

worthy of suit, (7) qualified for

the verb after this case will have a in subjunctive imperfect

It is not for any prophet to have captives. [8:67]

is (for completing a (8) sentence without having a predicate)

And if the debtor is in straitened circumstances, then (let there be) postponement to (the time of) [2:280] ease.

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) (w.v.) i:K the twain were/are

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. is/was/will be (see above examples)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) juss. both are/were, both will be if both be not~ إِنْ لَمَّ بِكُونَاً

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُونُونَ they will be

كَلَّا سْيَكُفُرُونَ بِعِبَادَتِهِمُ وَيَكُونُونَ عَلَيْهِمُ فِندًا

Nay, but they will deny their worship of them and will be (will become) opponents unto them. [19:82]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. الكُوْوُّا (that) they are ~ to be

رَضُوابِ أَنُ يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ

They are content to be with those who stay behind.

[9:93]

(3 p.m. plu.) epl. لَكُوْنُنَ they certainly shall be

وَٱقْسُمُواْ بِاللهِ جَهُدَ اَيْسَانِهِمْ لَهِنُ جَآءَ هُمُ تَنويُرُّ تَلِيُّكُونُنَّ آهُدُى مِنُ إِحْدَى الْأُمَوِ

And they swore by Allah, their most binding oath, that if a warner came unto them they would be more tractable than any of the nations. [35:42]

عرد (1) (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

acc. (2) (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) nom. نگوْدُدُ ~ is, ~ he has been, acc. that he may be, in order to be

لِئُلاً بَكُوْنَ (.com) لِ + أَنْ + لاَ = لِئَلاً

lest, (there) should be
(a particle أَنْ) com.
how (there) can be

~surely shall be eln.

وَلَيِنَ لَوْيَفَعَلُ مَآالْرُهُ لِيُسْجَنَقَ وَلَيَكُونَا مِنَ الصَّغِوِيْنَ

And if he doth not what I command him, he shall surely be imprisoned and he shall surely be of the degraded. [12:32]

(3 p. f. sing.) juss.

لَمْ بَكُنْ was not

ذَلِكَ لِمِنَ لَـوْ يَكُنَ آهَلُهُ عَاضِرِي الْسَعِبِ الْسَوَا That is for one whose family was not (dwelt not) near

the sacred Mosque.[2:196]

would be jnss
a form of with in jussive
two final letters and are
dropped while in the above
form of jussive only
was dropped.

فَإِنْ يَتُوْنُوالِكُ خَارًاكُهُ

If they repent it would be better for them. [9:74]

٠.

Ċ same as above juss. (only ' , dropped) juss. وان نَكُ (two letters dropped) neg. emp. 🕳 🕏 should/be not thou 5 \$ 1 نگزنا (imperf. 2 p.m. dual, f.d.) you (twain) will be (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) nom. ve will be, become f.d. acc. 10 5 (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) n.d. that ye may be (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) acc. that I am/I may be آئن juss. غُرَّا I was not-I was not-نْكُوْنَ (imperf. 1st plu.) acc. we are/we were/that we may be/become ٙڰؙڎ (Ist p. plu.) juss. so/then we become نَكُ (Ist. p. plu.) juss. then/so/and/we are - لَمُ نَكُنْ we were not _ أَهُ نَكَ we were not (Ist. p. plu.) epl. تَنْ ثُنَّ اللهُ we shall be (perate. m. sing.) be! (thou m.) 588

~may be, might be, will be (nominative: 3 p. f. sing.)

Our Lord! Send down unto us some food from the heaven that it may be unto us an occassion of [5:114]joy.

(nom. 3 p.m. sing.—will be) فَسُونُ تَعْلَمُونَ مِن مَنْ تَكُونُ لَهُ عَاقِبَهُ التَّارِ Ye shall know whose will be the (happy) end of the [6:135] abode.

(3 p.m. sing. acc.—to be) أبودا كموكوان تكون له يحنة Would any of you like to be

for him a garden [2:266] (2 p. m. sing. nom-thou art in or~occupied with)

> وَمَاتَكُونُ فَيْشَانِ الأكتاعكنك شفته

Thou art not (engaged) in any business....But we are witnesses over you. [10:61]

(2 p.m. sing. acc .- thou become, thou be)

وَلَا تُكُونُونَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ كُذَّ بُوْ إِبَايْتِ اللَّهِ فَتَكُونَ مِنَ الْخُمِرُينَ

And be not thou of those who belie Allah's signs lest thou be of the losers.

[10:95]

place (2)

وكؤنشأ الكسك فنائم على مكانتيهم

And had We willed, We verily could have fixed them in their place. [36:67]

ك و ى 🖈

'تَکُورَی w.v. (pip. 3 p. f. sing) w.v. <~will be branded کَوٰی بَکُویْ کَیَّاً (ض

to burn, to sear, to cauterize, to brand

L 2 * *

5

so that, (prticle) in order to, in order that

كَيْ مُسَنِيْعَكَ كَشِيْرًا

So that we may glorify Thee much. [20:33]

(com. part.) (كَوْ الْاَ) in order not to

كُلُاتِكُونَ دُوْلَةً بَيْنَ الْكَفِينِيَاءِ مِنْكُوْ

So that it become not a commodity between rich among you. [59:7]

(com. part.)(لِكُنْ لاً) lest, in order not to

لِكَيْلُا تَعُزَّنُواعَلْمَافَاتَكُو

That you sorrow not for that which you missed.

[3:153]

(perate. f. sing.)
be! thou(f.)

be ! you (perate m. plu.) \ 300

side, place (1) n. p. t.

وعاء مفوالمؤمج من كل مكان

And the wave cometh unto them from every side (place). [10:22]

وَإِذْ بِوَانَ الإِبْرُهِيمَ مَكَانَ الْبَيْتِ

And (remember) when We prepared for Ibrahim the place of the Holy House. [22:26]

abode, plight (2)

أوليك شرعكانا

Such are in worse plight in abode. [5:60]

status. الْنُولَةُ (Mjj.)<

keep your place (an idiomatic expression)

According to Bedawi it is an accusative of verb ellipsis

'remain in' أَلْزِمُوْا

place, way, (n. p.t.) condition (Mjj.)

with an additional :)

way (1)

تُلْ يَقُومِ إِعْمَلُوا عَلَى مَكَانَتِكُو إِنْ عَامِلُ

O my people go on acting in your way verily I am going to act (in my way).

[6:135]

ٳٮٛٙۿؙٷؙٮڲؽؚؽۮۏؘؽػؽ۫ٮ۠ۮؙٵ ٷٙٲڲؽۮڴؽۮٵ

Lo! they plot a plot (against thee O Mohammad) and I plot against them.

(Pic.) [86:15-16]

(Ist. p. sing.) epl. کُیکُنْدُنَّ I shall circumvent

وَتَاللُّهِ لَاكِيُدَنَّ آصْنَامَكُو

And By Allah, I shall circumvent your idols [21:57]

کِنْدُوْنِ (com.) کِنْدُوْرا (perate. m. plu.) کِنْدُوْرا

(shortened from نِ) me-کِنْدُوْنِ (com.) کِنْدُوْا+ نِنْ plot against me

عَبْدُ الْكَيْدُ الْ

(plu. of w.v. ())
those who are subjected to a
conspiracy or a plot

آمريريدُون كَيْدًا فَالْكَذِينَ كَفَرُوا مُمُ الْمِينِدُونَ

Do they seek to (lay) a polt?

Then those who disbelieve
—it is they who shall be plotted against. [52:42]

ك ى ف ★

how (particle)
It is an interrogative particle
employed to inquire

so that not (com. part.) الكيلا

لِكَىٰ لَا يَعْلَوْ بَعْدَ عِلْمِ ثَيْنًا

So that he knoweth nothing after (having had) knowledge. [17:70]

ك ى د ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu:) w.v. اَكُذُا <we contrived

کَادَ یَکِینْدُ کَبْداً (ض)(to plot) د میکیند کیداً است

Note: When related to Allah, the verb means: he contrived, arranged, managed etc. When the verb refers to disbelievers and their conspiracy it signifies: to plot against. Often this verb is repeated to say: that they did harm to Islam or they plotted against Islam but Allah persisted their acts in the same way as they followed.

كَذٰلِكَكِنْنَالُونُكُ

Thus we contrived Yusuf. [12:76]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. كَكِنْدُوْنَ they plot

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v. أَكِنْةُ I plot تكتا

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. ye measured

وأذفواالكيل إذا كالمنتع

And give full measure when ye measure. [17:35]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. viii איל ו <they take by measure
to receive viii איל בול ו

by measure from

(1st. p. plu.) w.v. viii juss we get measure

measuring v.n.,w.v.

مُنِعَمِنًا الكِيلُ فَأَرْسِلُ مَعَنَأَ آخَانَا تُكْتَل

The measuring (of corn) hath been denied us, wherefore send thou with us our brother that (in result) we get (our) measure. [12:63]

the veseel in which (n,p.t.) كُلُوالُّ things are measured

a camel's load

ك ى ن ★

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. م اشتكانوا <they humbled themselves

to humiliate x استكان مداد

oneself

(ف) كَانَ تَكُنْ كُنْناً (ض)

to humble SS,

to submit, resign

ومناضعفوا ومااستكأثوا

Neither did they weakened nor were they humbled.

[3:146]

quality of a thing, or its condition, or to question about the manner in which an action has taken or may take place.

In the Holy Quran it is often used as an exclamatory particle to show wonder implying a negative sense.

how ! (exclamatory) (1)

وانظزال العظام كيف كنشركها لتونكك كاكسك

And look thou at the bones: how We make them stand up and clothe them with flesh. [2:259]

how ? (2) (implying negative sense)

كَيْفَ يَهُدِى اللَّهُ قَوْمًا كَفُرُوْ ابَعْدَ الِيُمَا يُهِمُ

How Allah shall guide a people who disbelieved after their belief? [3:86]

ك ى ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they mesured

> كَالَ بَكِيلُ كَيْلاً وَ مَكَالاً

to measure, (ض كَيْالاً (ض veigh, to compare by measuring

وَإِذَا كَالْوُهِ وَأَوْذَنُوهُمْ يُخْسِرُونَ

And (who) when they measure unto them or weigh for them, (they) diminish.

[83:3]

1.76

كتاب اللام

would have (2)
(apodosis of a conditional sentence introduced by
or \(\forall j \)

لَوْشَأَءَ رَبُّكَ لَجَعَلَ النَّاسَ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً

If thy Lord had wished, He would have (verily) made mankind one nation.

[11:118]

كُوْلَادَ فُحُ اللّٰهِ النَّاسَ بَسُفَهُمُ بِبَسُوْنَ كُنْسَكَتِ الْأَرْضُ

If Allah had not repelled some men by others the earth would have been corrupted. [2:251]

(correlative of an oath particle)

تالله لقذ أخرك الله مكينا

By Allah, Allah hath preferred thee above us. [12:91] verily, truly, (1) j indeed, surely (an intensifying particle)

Note: the pronunciation of J vocalized with fatha.

before the predicate of أَنَّ

مَّاأَرُسُلْنَافَئِلَكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْسَلِيْنَ اِلَّا اِتَّهُ عُولَيّا كُلُونَ

We never sent before thee a messenger but indeed they ate food. [25:20]

(or)

ٳؾؘڒؚڹڬڛؽۼٵڶڎؙؙؖؖٛٵٚۄ

Verily my Lord is certainly the hearer of prayer.

[14:39]

before a subject

لَأَانْتُوْ الشَّدُ تَعْبَةً فِي صُدُوْدِهِمْ مِنَ اللهِ

Surely ye are more awful in their breasts than Allah.

[59:13]

جَعَلَ لَكُوْمِينَ ٱنْدُيكُمْ ٱذْوَاجًا

He had made for you pairs of yourselves. [42:11]

because of (4)

لإينلف تُرَيْشِ

For the taming of Qureysh. [106:1]

for the purpose of (5)
(occurs after if preceded

by negative particle)

مَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِينَدُرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ

It is not (the purpose) of Allah to leave you in your present state. [3:179]

to become (6)

فَٱلْتَقَطَةُ الْ فِرْعَوْنَ لِيَكُونَ لَاثُمْ عَنْ وَاوَحَزَنَّا

And the family of Firawn took him up, that he might become for them an enemy and a sorrow. [28:8]

let (do) (7)

(the J of imperative)

لِيُنْفِقُ ذُوسَعَةَ مِنْ سَعَتِهِ

Let him, who hath abundance, spend of his abundance. [65:7]

(to (8)

(i.e., as a substitute for U)

بِأَنَّ رَبُّكَ أَوْلَى لَهَا

Because thy Lord inspired her. (i.e., revealed to her) [99:5] by (3) (a particle of oath)

لَعَمْرُكَ إِنَّهُمْ لَفِي سَكْرَتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ

By thy life (O Mohammad) they moved blindly in the frenzy of the approaching death. [15:72]

indeed, certainly (4)

(introducing a conditional particle)

لَهِنْ أُخْرِجُوْ اللَّايَخْرُجُونَ مَعَهُمْ

Certainly if they are driven out they go not with them. [59:12]

(a preposition)

(denoting possession) خالکتاً ا

بله ما في الته مؤت وما في الكريض

Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. [2:284]

(2) deserving الإستيحقاق

وَعِلْهِ الْعِزَّةُ وَلِوسُولِهِ وَلِلْمُوْمِينَ

And might deserveth to Allah and to His messenger and the believers. [63:8]

in favour of i.e., making (3) owner (Mjj.) اِ

do not. (2)

وَلاَ تَقُتُلُوا النَّفُسَ الَّتِيُ حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ الَّا بِالْحَقِ And slay not the life Allah hath made sacred save in the course of justice.

[6:151]

* 411

<the/an angel (n.) مُلَكُ / الْلَكُ لَكُ الْلَكُ لَكُ الْلَكُ الْلَكُ الْلَكُ الْلَكُ اللَّهُ اللّ

to send a message (not a regular verb)

two angles dual. (n.) acc. مَلَكُنْنِ

angles (n.p.) Sixil

مَلَكُما

1 1 1 1

اللَّوْ أَوْ أَلُوا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّ

ل ب ب ★

الْآلْباَبُ (n.p.)

<the hearts, understanding, insight, intellect</p>

the heart, (sing.) insight etc.

ل ب ث ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) لَيْكَ <remained stayed (1) in (9)

(as a substitute for 3 or place)

وَنَضَعُ الْمَوَاذِيْنَ الْفِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْعَيْمَةِ

And We shall set blance of justice for (i. e, on) the Day of Judgement.

[21:47]

on (10)

(substituting for 1)

يَخِرُونَ لِلْأَذْتَانِ سُجَّدًا

They fall down prostrate on their faces adoring.

[17/107]

of, about (11) (substituting for عُنْهِ)

قَالَ مُوْسَى التَّعُولُونَ لِلْحَقِّ لَتَاجَاءَكُو

آييخۇ لهٰ ذَا

Musa said: Speak ye (so) of the Truth when it hath come to you? Is this magic? [10:77]

* * 1 J

not, no (1) (particle for negative)

لَاالشَّمْسُ يَنْبَغِي كَمَّالَىٰ ثُنْ دِكَ الْقَمَرَ وَلَا الدَّلُ سَائِقُ النَّهَادِ

It is not for the sun to overtake the moon, nor doth the night outstrip the day. [36:40]

لَثُ

يَعُولُ آهَلَكُ مَالُالْكِنَا

He saith. I have destroyed vast wealth. [90:6]

<a dense crowd (n.) acc. آبنداً that which is (sing.) البندة close packed like a lion's mane

And when the bondman of Allah stood calling upon Him, they well nigh pressed on him, stiffling. [72:19]

ل ب س *

(Imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) لِبَسُوْنَ <they will wear

(س) لَبِسَ يَلْبَسُ لُبُسْاً وَ لَبُوْساً (س)

to wear, to put on a garment

وَيَكْبَهُ وَنَ ثِيَابًا خُضْرًا

And they will wear green robs. [18:31]

اَبُسُنَا ـ عَلَىٰ (perf. Ist p. plu.) we made obscured
اَبُسُنَا ـ عَلَىٰ السَّلَا (ض)

to dress, cover, envelop, to obscure, to confound

أيش (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc.

أثيّليت كمؤيثيتا

Or confound you by factions.
[6:65]

فَلَبِثَ فِي الْتِجْنِ بِضْعَ سِنِيْنَ

So he (Yusuf) stayed in prison for some years.

[12:42]

(2) مَا لَبِثَ أَنْ جَاءَ delayed not

فَمَا لَبِكَ آنُجَآءَ بِعِجُدٍ حَنِيُدٍ

So he delayed not to bring a roasted calf. [11:69]

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou stayed

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye stayed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُوَّا they stayed

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَلْتُونُنَ they delay

أَنْ يُلْتُواً they delayed not أَنْ يُلْتُواً they delayed not

(act. pic. m. plu.) بَيْنَ those who are staying

(perf. 3. p.m. plu.) ۲ حَلَيْقُوْ < they delayed

as R·F. أَلَٰبُكُ تَلَبُّنُا

ل ب د ★

<much, vast (n.) acc. آنداً

لَبَدَ يَلْمُدُ لُؤُدا (ن)

to stick, adhere, to mat together, to stick together, to become felted doubt, dubiety (v.n.) كَبُسُ بَلُ هُمُوْ فِي كَبُسِ مِّنَ خَلْقِ جَدِيْدٍ And they are in dubiety regarding a new creation. [50:15]

milk (n.) { لَبَنَّ عُرِيرًا عُرِيرًا مِنْ اللهِ عَلَيْنَ اللهِ عَلَيْنَ اللهِ عَلَيْنَ اللهِ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللّهُ عَلَيْنَا اللّهُ عَلَيْنَا عَلِيْنَا لِمُعَلِّمِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَانِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَانِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَانِ عَلَيْنَانِ عَلَيْنَانِ عَلَيْنِ عَلِيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِي عَلَيْنِي عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلِي

(n.p.t.)

< the place of refuge</p>

 لَمْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ ال

★ ₹ ₹ J

بَعُوا (assim. v.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < they persisted

لَجَّ يَلِيُّ لِمَاً (ض) to exceed the limit, to persist

a pool (n.) acc.

very deep (sea) n. (adj.)

* > = J

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv مُلْحِدُوْنَ <they profane (1)

to deviate iv آغَـدَ إِلْحَاداً
 596

رَيْسُوْنَ they obscure | مَيْسُوْنَ acc. | مَيْسُوْنَ عَلَيْسُوْنَ عَلَيْسُوْنَ عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُونَا عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُوْنَا عَلَيْسُونَا عَلْمُعُلِّكُمُ عَلَيْسُونَا عَلْمُعُلِّكُمُ عَلَيْسُونَا عَلَيْسُونَ

وَلَوْجَعَلْنُهُ مَلَكًا لَجَعَلُنَهُ رَجُلًا وَلَلْبَسْنَا عَلَيْرِمُ مَّالِيَلِيسُونَ

Had We appointed an angel
(as Our messenger) We
assuredly had made him
(as) a man (that he might
speak to them) and (thus)
obscure for them (the
truth) they (now) obscure.
(Pic) [6:9]

the same triliteral root the same triliteral root the only difference between these two occurs in vowelizing as in:

to wear لَيِسَ يَلْبَسُ to obscure لَيَسَ يَلْبِسُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَلْبَسُوْنَ ye wear

و مَنْ تَخْرِجُونَ حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَهَا

And derive the ornament that ye wear [35:12]

رُنِّسُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) بَلِّسُوْنَ ye make obscure/confound

لِوَتَلْبِسُونَ الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ

Why confound ye truth with falsehood. [3:71]

لِبَاسٌ / لَبُوْسٌ (n.) garment, dress

لَّخِقَ بَلْحَقُ لَمَاقًا (س) to catch up, to reach,

they have not reached (or) they have not overtaken

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv (ye joined

أَكْفَقَ إِلْمَامًا to attach affix

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv الْقُنَا we cause to join

(perate. m. sing.) iv اَلْمِنْ make join make me join

> المجاه (sing.) لَمْ (fleshes لَوْمُ (sing.)

* 0 2 3

Note: The word is used in the H.Q. in this meaning from that which is lawful and right to incline !! -

to put to a perverted use, to act profanely

وَدُرُواالَّنَوْنِي يُلْحِدُونَ فِي الْمَعْلَمُ

And leave alone those who profane His names.[7:180]

they incline

إلى

لِسَانُ الَّذِي يُلْحِدُ وْنَ إِلَيْهِ اعْجَعِيْ

The speech of him unto whom they incline is foreign. [16:103]

profanity (v.n) iv 314

<place of (n.p.t.) viii مُلْتَحِداً refuge</p>

to take refuge, viii الْتَحَدَّ الْتِحَاداً shelter

ل ح ف ★

(v.n.) iv. acc. [1]

<(with) importunity

to persist, أَلِمُنَ إِلَمَانًا demand with importunity.

المِن بَلْحَثُ لِمَافاً (س)

to cover with a cloak

ل ح ق ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (juss.) كُنْحَقُوا < they reach

ل د ی 🖈

(a particle for place or preposition) at, near, presence, from-

This particle of place (that is called by some grammarians as preposition) has usage as does; but the latter requires no preceeding particle thus:

لَدَىٰ الْبَابِ at the door

in our presence لَدُنِناً

with him الديه

with them

my presence لَدَقَّ

لذذ ★

(assim v)

-َلَدُ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

< ~find sweet

to be sweet, (ن) لَنَّ الْذَاوَ delicious, delightful, pleasant, gratify the senses

وَ فِيْهَا مَا تَشْتَعِيْهِ الْأَنْفُسُ وَتَلَدُّ الْأَعُنُنُ

And therein is all that souls desire and eyes find sweet.

[43:71]

delicious (n.)

but there are other significances of the word which may be seen in dictionaries.

ل ح ی ★

beard (n.) "

Line 1

لَا تَأْخُذُ بِلِحُيَتِي

Hold me not by my beard. [20:94]

لدد ★

most contentious (elevate.)

وَهُوَالَتُ الْخِصَامِ

He is the most contentious of adversaries. [2:204]

contentious acc.

讨

ل د ن 🖈

from presence (a particle of place or preposition)

always preseeded by فن ح

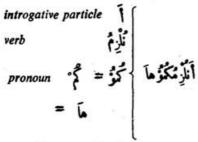
مَنْ لَدُنْ from

from thy presence مِنْ لَدُنْكَ

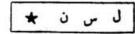
مِنْ لَدُنَّا from our presence

مِنْ لَدُنَّهُ from his presence

مِنْ لَدُنَّ from me



written combined



a tongue (1) (n.)

(as a vocal instument)

لَا تُعَدِّلُ مِهِ لِسَانَكَ لِتَعُجَلَ مِهِ Stir not thy tongue herewith to hasten it [75:16]

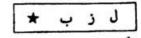
language (2)

And We never sent a messenger save with the language of his folk, that he might make (the message) clear. [14:4]

speech (3)

وَاَخِيْ هُرُوْنِ هُوَ اَفْصَحُ مِنِيْ لِسَانَا فَارْسِلْهُ مَعِيَ My brother Haroon (Aaron)

is more eloquent than me in speech, therefore, send him with me. [28:34]



(act. pic. m. sing.) ﴿ إِذِبُ <plastic sticking (Pic.)</p>
to stick, (س) لَزْبُ رُبُولًا (س) adhere, to be fixed firmly

* 627

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv الزَّمَ kept fixed (iv الزَّمَ الْرَامَا) to keep fixed, to join, to associate

to cling, (س) لَزُمَ بَلْزَمُ لُرُوْماً (س) adhere, belong, attend

He kept them fixed on the way of piety. [48:26]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv
we have fastened

وَكُلَّ إِنْسَانِ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ ظَلْبِرَهُ فِي عُنْقِهِ

And every man We have festened his action round his neck. [17:13]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv we make adhere

أنْلُوْمُكُمُوْهَا وَأَنْتُوْلَهَا كُرِهُوْنَ

Shall We make you adhere to it while ye are averse thereof. [11:28]

flame (n.) (fire of the Hell)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) <we jest (1) (opp. to be serious)

لَعْتُ تَلْعَتُ لَعْدًا (س)

to disport, droll (baby), to play, to jest, pastime (in an unserious thing)

(3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~(may) play

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they jest

تلتبؤا they may jest (juss.) (i.e., leave them jesting)

play, playing (n.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. those who play

وَمَا خَلَقُنَا السَّمَاءَ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا يَعَهُمَا لِعِدِينَ

And We created not the heaven and the earth and all that is between them in play. [21:16]

لَعَلَّ

perhaps, may be, (particle) it is hoped, to be haply According to the grammarians the word is termed as a 'resemble verb' like il 600

renown (4) (when it is possessed by صدق)

صنيقكي

And We gave them Our mercy and assigned to them a high and true renown. [19:50]

< tongues (n. p.) لسَانٌ (sing.)

In plural case this (Note: word is used only in the meaning of tongues.)

(و) لْسَتَلَمَّقَتْ (parate.3 p.m.sing.)v < let him be courteous

تَلَمَّلُفَ تَلَمَّلُفاً to be polite and courteous

>> لَعَلَفَ تَلْعَلَفُ لَطَافَةً (ك)

to be delicate, dainty, graceful

one of the attributive names of Allah: The Subtle

subtle acc.

ظ ی

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)w.v. v, < ~ flamed, blazed to blaze, fiercely v,

خَلِيْ بَلْظَىٰ لَظَىٰ (س) to blaze

نَلْعَارُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) we curse (perate m. sing.) may Thou (Our Lord)! curse (i.e., deprive (them) of Thy mercy) (3 p.m. sing.) pp. لْمِنَ was cursed (2 p. m. plu.) pp. they have been cursed curse (n.) acc. curse (n.) (used as if possessed to Allah's curse my curse) (act. pic. m. plu.) <those who curse (sing.) (pact. pic. m. plu.) acc. accursed ones (pact. pic. f. sing.) an accursed one (f.) 8 see < weariness (v.n.)</p>
لَفَ مَلْفَ لَفْياً وَ لَغُوماً (ف) to be greatly fatigued (perate. m. plu.) drown the hearing

used by affixed pronoun as لَمَّلُكُمْ، لَمَلَّكَ ، لَمَلِّكُ ، لَمَلُّ in other cases

وَمَا يُدْدِيْكَ لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ عُكُونُ قَرِيْبًا

What can convey (the knowledge) unto thee! It may be that the Hour is nigh. [33:63]

(Note: A number of commentators have observed that the particle الله in this verse is a substitute for الله i.e., an interrogative particle, thus the meaning of the verse is: what can make you know that the hour is nigh? In this case 'what makes you know?'

لع ن *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<has cursed
to curse (أَفَنَ يَلْمَنُ لَتُنا (ف)
down, execrate, to deprive
one of His mercy

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) لَعَنَتْ hath cursed (i.e., a group, nation etc.)

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) لَمَنَا we cursed

يَلْمَنُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَلْمَنُ

to turn viii, الْنَفَتَ الْنِفَاتَا around عَنْ to look back

ل ف ح ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

لَفَ بَلْحَكُ لَمُفَا (ف) to burn, scorch

ل ف.ظ ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

لَفَظَ يَلْفِظُ لَفْظًا (ض) to cast forth, to utter

ل ف ف ★

ألفاة

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii الْتَغَنَّةُ الْجَاهِ

to be heaped, to be joined (one thing to another)

وَالْتَغَتِ السَّاقُ بِالسَّاقِ

And agony is heaped on agony. [75:29]

< thick foliage, (n.p.)acc. densely growing trees

(sing.)

winding, coiling, wrapping, enfolding لَغِيَ يَلْغَىٰ لَغَىٰ وَ لَأَغِبَةً وَ مَلْغَاَةً (س)

to talk nonsense, to make
mistakes consciously or
unconsciously

لاتسمعواللهذاالعران والعوافية

Heed not this Quran, and drown the hearing of it. [41:26]

unconsciously spoken (n.) word, unintentional uttered word (Rgh.)

idle talk, (n.) acc. لَغُوْرًا nonsense speech

(n. act. pic. f. sing.) لأغِيَة idle speech

ل ف ت 🖈

لَغاً ، أَلْنَىٰ see ل ف ى

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) acc. that thou pervert

لَمَتَ يَلْفِتُ لَفْناً وَ لَفْسَةً (ض)

to turn aside, pervert

عَالُوْآ اَجِمُتَنَالِتَلْفِتَنَاعَتَاوَجَدُنَاعَلَيْهِ إَبَّاءَنَا

They said: hast thou come unto us to pervert us from that (faith) in which we found our fathers. [10:78]

(ع) بَلْغَيْتُ (ع) Juss. neg. (ع) عَلْغَيْتُ (عَالَم)

to impregnate (the female palm tree)

وَأَرْسَلُنَا الرِّيْحَ لَوَاقِحَ نَأَ نَرَلْنَامِنَ السَّمَّاءِ مَلَّهُ -And We send the winds ferti

And We send the winds fertilising, and cause water to descend from the sky.

[15:22]

النقط

ل ق ط 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii
< picked up, took up

لَفَطَ بَلْقُطُ لَقُطًا (ن) to pick up from the ground

to take up, viii

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii will pick up, will take up

ل ق ۲ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حَمَّمُ الْتَقَمَ الْتَقَمَ الْتَقَمَ الْتَقَمَ الْتَقَمَّ الْتَقَمَّ الْتَقَمَّ

swallow a mouthful.

خَمَّ يَلْقُمُ لَقُحًا (ن)
to clog up, to obstruct

* * * *

the name of the (p, n.) thirty-first chapter of the Holy Quran

'Luqman' was a sage. His wisdom is celebrated by

acc. لَغَيْفُ / لَغِيْفًا (act 2 pic. m. sing.) gathered, assembled, crowd

ل ف ی ★

(perf. 3 p.m. dual)(w.v.)iv الْفَيَّا the twain found
الْذُا الْفَاءا الْهَاءا الْهَاءا الْفَاءا الْهَاءا الْهاءا الْهَاءا الْهاءا لْهاءا الْهاءا الْهاءا

R. F., (ن) أَهُو لَفُوا (ن) <<

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. iv الْغُوا they found

(perf. Ist p. plu.)(w.v.) iv الْفَيْتُ we found

ل ق ب ★

الْأَلْقَابُ (sing.) لَأَلْقَابُ (sing.) لَقَبُّ (sing.)

ل ق ح ★

لَقَعَتْ (الْأُنْثَى) تَلْقَتُ لَقَاحاً وَلَقْحاً (ف) become pregnant

the winds are described as pregnant by way of resemblance as they bear drops of water and carry it to a place where it rains (Mjj.)

we found (2)

لقَدُلَقِيناً مِن سَغَرِناهُ ذَانَصَبا

Verily we have found fatigue in this our journey.

[18:62]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. will find

(he will find it عُلِقَاءُ)
will incur (3) f.d. juss w.v.

وَ مَنْ يَعْمَلُ ذَٰ إِلَكَ يَلْقَ آثَامًا

And whosoever shall do this shall incur the meed (Jid.) shall commit a crime (Mjj.) shall pay the penalty (Pic.).
[25:68]

f.d. acc. w.v. المُقَوَّا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

<ye met

قَبْلَ أَنْ تَلْقَوْهُ before ye met it

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَقْتُونَ they shall meet

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v.

لاق

who will meet

possessed to pronoun

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. ii < caused to receive

to make ii, لَوَا تَلْقِينَة SS to receive, or meet, to shed over, cast upon

وَلَقُهُمْ نَفْرَةً وَسُرُورًا

And shall cause them to meet. [76:11]

Arabs. He was known even in the Jahiliyah period as a sage. Luqman is the name of two, if not three, persons famous in Arabian traditions. The first was of the family of Ad. The name of the second Lugman called 'Lugman the sage' occurs in the Quran... According to Masudi he was a Nubian freedman who lived in the time of David (Jid.) EBr, XIV. p. 487.

* 6 5 7

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) w.v. they (twain) met (1)

لَتِي- بَلْقُ لِقَاءًا وَ لُقْبَانًا (س)

to meet, to come across, to experience, undergo, suffer, endure

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they met, faced, came across

وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ المَثْوَا تَالُوٓ المَنَّا

When they meet with those who believe, they say: we believe. [2:14]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. ye met

(إِذَا لَقِيْتُمْ when ye meet)

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. we met

لَيْن

لَقُهُ ا

لقين

الة

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv. flung down (1)

فَالَتْي عَصَالُ فَإِذَاهِي تُعْبَانٌ ثَمِينُ

Then he flung down his staff and lo! it was a serpent manifest. [7:107]

has cast (2)

وَٱلْقَىٰ فِي الْأَرْضِ دَوَاسِي آنْ نَيِيدُ وَكُمُ

And He hath cast into the earth firm hills that it quake not with you.

[16:15]

offered (3)

وكاتقولوالين أنقى إليكوالسك كشت مؤمنا

And say not unto one who offereth you peace! thou art not a believer. [4:94]

cast forth (suggestions), (4) proposed

وَمَّ الْوُسَلْنَامِنُ تَبْلِكَ مِنْ دَّسُوْلٍ وَلَانَبِي الْآ إِذَا تَسَمَّنَى الْقَى الشَّيْطُ نُ فِنَ أُونِيَّتِهِ

And We have sent before thee no apostle or prophet but when he read the Satan cast forth (suggestion) in respect of his reading i.e., in the mind of his unbelieving hearers (Jid.).

[22:52]

Never sent We a messenger or a prophet before thee but when he recited (the message) Satan proposed (opposition) in respect of that (2p. m. sing.) pip.w.v. ii المُعَلَقُ السَّلَةِ السَّلِيّةِ ا

وَإِنَّكَ لَتُلَقَّى الْغُوْالَ مِن لَدُن حَكِيم عَلِيْهِ

And verily thou art gifted with (or thou art receiving) the Quran from the presence of One Wise, Aware. [27:6]

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. w.v. ii is granted, gifted, blessed by lit: it is shed upon

ومَايُلَقُهُمَّ الكَوالَدِينَ صَبُرُوا

But none is granted it save those who are steadfast.

[41:35]

(3 p.m. plu.) pip. w.v. ii lit. they will be made receiving i.e., they will meet

(imperf.3p.m.plu.)acc.w.v.iii
they meet

نَذَرْهُوُحَتَّى يُلْقُوْا يَوْمَهُهُ الَّذِي فِيهُ إِي يُصْعَقُوْنَ

Then let them be till they meet their day, in which they will be thunderstriken. [52.45]

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v. iv الْقَبَتُ الْعَبَاتُ الْعَبَاتُ

وَالْقَيْثُ عَلَيْكَ عَبَتَةً مِينَى

I cast on the love from Me (Jid.). I endued thee with love from Me (Pic.).

[20:39]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. iv القينا we cast (1)

وَٱلْقَيْنَالِيَنْهُ مُوالْعَدَاوَةَ وَ الْبَعْضَلَةُ إِلَى يُوْمِ الْقِسِيمَةِ

And We have cast among them enmity and hatred till the Day of resurrection. [5:64]

we set up (2)

وَالْقِينَاعَل كُوسِيهِ جَسَدًا شُمَّ أَنَاب

And We set up upon his throne a (mere) body, then did he repent. [38:34]

we placed (3)

وَالْإِرْضَ مَدَدْ نُهَا وَالْقَيْنَا فِيهَارُوَاسِي

And the earth have We spread out and placed therein firm hills (Pic.)(Jid. cast thereon) [15:19]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv مَا أَلِقَ اللهِ المِلْمُ المِلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِيَّ المِلْمُ المَالمُولِيِيِّ اللهِ اللهِ المَالِمُ المَا اللهِ ا

w.v. iv acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv عُلْقُونَ ye give which he recited thereof. (Pic.)

gave (5)

اِنَ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَذِكُوٰى لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبُ اَوَّالْعَی النَّهُمَّ وَمُوَسَّعِیْدٌ

Lo! therein verily is a reminder for him who hath a heart, or giveth ear with full intelligence. [50:37]

tendered (6)

بَلِ الْإِنْسَانَ عَلْ نَغْيه بَصِيْرَةً وَكُوَالْعَيْ مَعَاذِيْرَةً

Oh, but man is a telling witness against himself, although he tenders his excuses. [75:14,15.]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. iv has cast forth

وَٱلْغَتُ مَا فِيُهَا وَتَخَلَّتُ

And (the earth) shall castforth that which is therein and shall become empty.

[84:4]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. iv الْقُوَّا they threw

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. iv القوا throw

تَلْلَ الْقُوا ۚ فَلَقَا الْقُواسَحُووْ آاعَيُنَ السَّاسِ

He said: throw! and when they threw they cast a spell upon the people's eyes. [7:116]

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. iv, w.v. is thrown were flung (1)

وَالْقِيَ السَّحَرَةُ سُجِدِينَ

And the magicians flung prostrate. [7:120]

is thrown (2) 11 <

إِنَّ ٱلْعِيَ إِنَّ كِنْكُ كُونِيمٌ

There hath been thrown unto me a noble letter. [27:29]

set upon (3) 1/6 <

فَلُوْلِا الْقِي عَلَيْهِ النَّوِلَا أَنْ فَهُ

Why, then have the armlets of gold not been set upon [43:53]

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. iv, w.v. they are flung

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. iv, w.v. ~ is thrown down

(2 p. m. sing.) pip. iv, w.v. thou will be thrown down or will be cast (into~)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. received (1)

مَتَكُفُّ أَدَهُ مِن زَيَّهِ كُلِّت

Then Adam received from his Lord words (of revelation). [2:37]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v, w.v. < ye publish (2) one of two " from نَشَلَقُونَ is dropped

تُلْقُونَ إِلَيْهِمُ بِالْمُودَةِ

Ye give them friendship.

[60:1]

iv, w.v. juss. (3 p. m.sing.) let throw

لِيُلْقُ (فَلْكُلُّقُهِ)

فننفقه المتخ بالتنكيل

Then the river shall throw him on the bank. [20:39]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. proposes, casts

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. they throw

w.v. acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, they offer

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, w.v. we cast

سَنُلُونِ we shall cast

(perate. m. sing.) iv, w.v. cast! throw (thou)!

(perate. m. duel) iv, w.v. throw (you twain) !

(perate. m. plu.) iv, w.v. cast (you) !

iv, w.y. (perate. neg. m. plu.)

<cast not (O you men)</pre>

(perate. f. sing.) iv, w.v. cast (thou f.)!

Then cast him in the river.

[28:7]

607

الق

I LE V

تَلَوَيْ

أأنوا

بلتي

٤

7.4

(Ap-der m. sing.) iii, w.v. مُلاَقِي lit. one who meets
(Ap-der. m. plu.) f.d. iii, w.v. مُلاَقُورًا

مُلاَقِيْ : <acc.

مُلاَقُوٰهُ، مُلاَيْتِهِ، مُلاَيْبُكُمُ

i.e., antecedent to pronouns

According to the Arabic phrase, if مَلاَقُونُهُ، مُلاَقِ is used, it is translated as 'should have to meet']

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. casters

acc.

(Ap-der. f. plu.) iv, w.v. those (f.) who bring down (Ap-der. m. dual.) v, w.v. الْتُلَقِّانِ the two receivers

* 5 1 3

<a twinkling v.n.

لَحَ بَلْتَهُ لَمْاً (ف)

to shine, gleam, sparkle (star or lighting)

ل م د ★

أَيْدُ مُلِيْدُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) الْمِيْدُ حُطْوَاهِ defames (or) traduce to make (مَنَ الْمُؤَا (مَن) a sign with the eye, to traduce, to defame (backbiting etc.)

إِذْ تَلَقُّونَهُ بِٱلْسِنَتِكُو

When ye were publishing it (or) when ye welcomed it with your tongues.

[24:15]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. يَتَلَقَىٰ receives

إِذْ يَتَكَفَّى الْمُتَلَقِّيٰنِ عَنِ الْيَمِيْنِ وَعَنِ النِّمَالِ قَعِين

When the two receivers receive (him) seated on the right hand and on the left.

[50:17]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v, w.v.

لَا يَحْوُنُهُمُ الْفَزَعُ الْأَكْبِرُو تَتَكَفُّهُمُ الْتَلْبِكُهُ

The Supreme Horror will not grieve them, and the angels will meet them. [21:103]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v.

to meet viii الْتَقَىٰ الْتِقَاءاً face to face

(perf. 3 p. f. dual.) viii, w.v. (the twain) met

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v. ye met

viii, w.v. يَقِيان

(:i:N

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) (the twain) meet

towards n.w.v. "Lali

meeting v.n. iii, w.v.

يَوْمُ التَلاقِ the Day of meeting

ړَ٠

FI

(Note: the literary meaning of is yeeat; is yeeat; altogether; but the real sense of the verse is that which is given above)

unwilled offence (n.)
that is near, hence small
faults, as those which are
nearer to sins

not (a particle)

Always preceds imperfect
tense to denote the negative meaning of a perfect
(past tense) and takes the
following form of imperfect in genitive, (see details
in LLQ or any grammar's
book).

when, after that, (a particle) used when speaking of past events, also used: as

إِنْ كُلُّ نَفْس لَمَّاعَلَيْهَا حَافِظُ

No humun soul but hath a guardian over it. [86:4]

* * * *

not, by no means (a particle) (governs imperfect in the subjunctive case with future significance)

لمب∗

the flame (n.)

لِيُرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَلِرُونَ they defame or traduce

(O men) defame not!

traducers (b. plu)

ل م س *

(perf. 3. p.m. plu.) < they touched

لَمَنَ بَلِيْسُ لَسَاً (ض) to touch, feel, iii, وَ لاَ مَسَ seek, enquire after

فَلَتُوهُ بِأَيْدِيثُمُ

They cauld feel it with their hands. [6:7]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) we touched or we sought

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye have touched

(i.e., have had sexual intercourse)

(perate. m. plu.) viii التَمِسُوا seek (you)

* 117

(ن) أَمْ الْمَا < greedily(v.n.) acc. أَوْ مَا الْمَا الْمَالِينِ) to gather, collect, amass

وَتَأْكُونَ اللَّهُ رَاكَ أَكُلَّا لَمُّنَّا

And ye devour heritages with devouring greed. [89:19]

1.51

تلهي - عن iv.w.v. (imperf 3 p. f. sing.) distracts, beguiles

لَا تُلْمُهُمْ عَارَةٌ وَلَا بَيغٌ عَنْ ذِكْرِاللَّهِ

Men whom neither merchandise nor sale beguileth from remembrance of Allah.

[24:37]

w.v. juss. يُلْدِ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, let (SS) beguile

Let them eat and enjoy life, and let (false) hope beguile them. [15:3]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v, w.v. distracted

a plaything, toy, (v.n.) sport, amusement

ومَا الْحَدُولُةُ الدُّنْمَ الْالْعِثُ وَلَهُوْ

Naught is the life of the world save a pastime and sport. [6:32]

pastime of discourse

(act. pic. f. sing.) preoccupied

no longer (an indeclinable verb or particle)

وَلَاتَ عِيْنَ مَنَاصِ It was no longer the time for escape. [38:3]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~ pants

> لَمَتَ يَلْبَتُ لَمُثَا وَ لَمَانًا وَ لَمُثَانًا (ف) to thirst, to let

the tongue hang out from thirst, weariness, fatigue

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, <~inspired

to inspire iv, أَلْمَمُ الْمُأَمَّا ,to >> لَمْمَ يَلْمَهُ لَمْناً (س، ح)

to swallow

أَنْمِ (أَلْمَا) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v. < ~distracted, diverted from to distract iv, آماً الماء > لَمَا تَلْيُو لَمُوا (ن) preoccupy, (الله عَلَيْو الله عَلَيْو الله عَلَيْو الله عَلَيْو الله عَلَيْو الله عَلَيْو الله عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ الله عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ الله عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ to play (amusements), pastime

ٱلفيكة التكافز

Rivalry in wordly increase distracteth you. [102:1]

> A Y w.v. juss.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv, let not distract

scorching the skin (Jid.)

لَوَّاحَةٌ لِلْبَشَرِ

It shrivelleth the man (Pic.)
(Note آستُونَ signifies man and skin both.)

ل و ذ ★

\[
 \text{hiding them- (v.n.) acc.} \]
 selves slipping away privately, act of flying for refuge

to take, (نَ يَلُونُدُ لُواَذَا (نَ refuge in surrounding, to seek refuge one with another

لوم★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v.

<ye (f.) blamed

to blame (نَّ someone for some thing

ye blamed me

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. يَتَلاَقَمُونَ <they blame each other (self-reproaching)

self-blaming, vi, آگروم blame each other

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. blame (you)!

(perate. neg. m. phu.) w.v. الا تَلُوْمُوا blame not (O you)!

لاً تَلُوْمُونِي blame me not

blame (n.)

name of an idol of (p..n) the pagan Arabs (details may be seen in the Tafsir Majidi P. 27, n. 153)

ل و ★ ★

if (particle) (used to introduce a conditional sentence, see LLO)

ل و ح ★

a tablet (n.)

63

بَلُ مُوتُوالُ مَعِيدُ فِي لَوْج مَعْفُوظٍ

Aye! it is a recitation glorious (inscribed) in a tablet preserved. i.e., guarded from every sort of alteration or corruption.

[85:22]

is the depository of all the Divine decrees, willed events, ordained by God (Jid.)

tablets (n.p.)

الْآلُواحُ لَوَّاحَةُ

<most (ints. f.) scorching one

لاَحَ يَلْوُحُ لَوْحًا (ن)

to change and blacken لَاَحَتِ الشَّمْسُ بِشْرَتَهُ '

the sun changed his skin by burning heat

and paid no heed to anyone (Pic.), and recall what time ye were climbing (the hill) (or runnning off) and would not look back (Jid.). [3:153]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. المورة ye turn back

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَوْوُنَ _ بِ they twist, pervert

يكؤن السنتهء بإلكثب

They pervert the book with their tongues. [3:78]

distorting, twisting (v.n) acc.

لَيُّالِأَلْسِنَيْرِمُ

Distorting with their tongues.
[4:46]

ل ی ت ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v.w. juss. خيلية

لَاتَ يَلِيْتُ لَيْناً (ض) to deminish

وَانَ تُعِلِمُوااللَّهَ وَرَمُوْلَهُ لَا يَلِمُكُوْمِّنَ آغَالِكُوْشِيَّا

And if ye obey Allah and His messenger He shall not diminish from you aught. [49:14]

(a particle of desire) اَبُتَ ، يَا لَيْتَ ، اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المِلمُ المِلمُولِيِيِّ اللهِ ال

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلِمُ الللْمُلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللللْمُ الللَّهُ الللَّا

(pact. pic. m. sing.) blamed one

مَلُوْ مِیْنَ ((pact. pic. m. plu) blamed ones

> ل و ن ★ دُنَّ (colour (n.)

no verbal root

(sing.) حُوَّانٌ (sing.) كُوْنٌ

ل و ی 🛨 _______ لَوَّوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they avert, turn back

they turn back their heads (faces) س.v. (عَلَوْنَ (عَلَوْنَ)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye look back

لَوَىٰ بَلْوِیٰ لَبَتًّا (ض)

to twist, pervert, turn back ye look (لَا تَلُونَ (لاَ تَلُونَ)

not back

اِذْتُصُعِدُونَ وَلَاتَكُونَ عَلَى آحَدٍ When ye climbed (the hill) they are not (f.) آئن I am not اثن thou are not اثن ye are not اثن ye (f.) are not

ل ی ل ★

night (n.) from sun-

the time starting from sunset to the dawn

night (n. with additional (5) (as a unit)

nights with f.d. (n.p.) إِلَاكِ اللهُ اللهُ (n.p)

ل ی ن 🖈

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. خلنت <thou wast lenient

لَانَ بَلِيْنُ لَنِنَّا وَ لَبَانًا (ض)

to soften, to make tender, lenient

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. become soft

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. iii we softened

gentle, soft v.n. w.v. آيناً

palm tree (n.)

It is one of those particles which like if require the follwing noun to be an accusative. It takes the affixed pronouns as:

لَيْتَنِيْ (لَبْتَ + فِنْ) would that I

Would that I were dust.

[78:40]

would that we (لَنْتُ الْمُ اللَّهُ ا

would that it (أَبُتُ + هَا) لَبُنُهُا (أَبُتُ بُ أَوْلُتُ اللَّهِ (i.e., death)

يليئتها كانت القاضية

Would that it had been the ending i.e., would that death had made an end of me altogether, and would not have brought me to this new world. [69:27]

ل ی س ★

(indeclinable verb)

< ~ is not

It is termed by some modern grammarians as 'verb', not to be. What resembles this 'verb' to a regular one is that it accepts pronouns of perfect, affixed as 'thou art not,' and so on.

اَ وَ لَيْسَ اَ + وَ + لَبْسَ (com.) is not he

it (f.) is not

they are not (for a group)

pronoun:

مَّااَنْتَ بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِكَ بِمَجْنُون

Thou art not through the grace of thy Lord, a mad man. [68:2]

(c) when placed before a demonstrative noun:

This is not a human being. [12:31]

Note: 15 is used as a negative particle before the perfect tense only among verbal forms.

an interrogative particle (2)

(a) when placed before a demonstrative pronoun:

مَا هٰذِهِ التَّمَالِيثُلُ الَّذِي آتُ تُولُهَا عَكِفُونَ What are these images unto which ye are cleaving?

[21:52]

for b after - عَنْ - preposition

عَمَّ يَتَكَاءُلُؤْنَ

Of what they ask one another. [78:1]

or after preposition _ J_

لِعَ أَذِنْتَ لَهُ

Why didst Thou permit them. [9:43]

a negative particle (1)

(a) when placed before the perfect:

مَاضَلَ صَاحِبُكُهُ وَمَاغَدى

Your companion hath not gone astray nor he erred.

[53:2]

(b) when placed before a

them thou didst tell: I cannot find whereon to mount you. [9:92]

(e) how! to express wonder:

فَكَأَاصُبُوهُمْ عَلَى النَّادِ

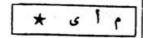
How constant are they in their strife to reach the Fire! (Pic.) How enduring must they be of the Fire (Jid.). [2:175]

• 9 (see) water (n.)

مَآبُ see ا و ب

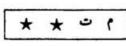
a tribe of barbarians from the borders of Caspain Sea.

Holy Quran mentiones Yagog and Magog as both are descendants of Japet son of Noh.



مِثَةً / مِأَةً (c. numb.) مِثَةً مُا مِنْ الله two hundred (c. numb.)

مَأْوِلٰی see أ و ی مَآدِبُ see أ ر ب مَأْمُوْنَ see م ع ن



مُنَشَاهِ ع see ش ب

(b) when placed before a verb:

مَأْمَنَعَكَ أَنْ تَسْجُدَ

What hindereth thee from falling prostrate? [38:75]

(c) followed by 13 to become

مأذآ

مَادُآآلُوادُ اللَّهُ بِهٰذَامَتُكُلَّا

What Allah intendeth by this similitude? [2:26]

conjunctive pronoun (3)

(a) what, whatsoever, as, as much as, as far as:

وَكُنْتُ عَلَيْهِمُ شَهِيئًا مَا دُمْتُ فِيْهِمُ (ع) was a witness of them

I was a witness of them (as far as) I dwelt among them. [5:117]

(b) that which:

إِنْ يَنْ مُعَوَّالُيغُ عَرْلَكُمْ مَا مَنَاسَلَفَ

If they cease that which is past will be forgiven them. [8:38]

(c) what:

وَاللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

Allah is Seer of what ye do. [8:72]

(d) when :

وَّلَاعَلَى اللَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا أَتَوْكَ لِتَحْمِلَهُمْ مُّلْتَ لَرَّالِمِهُ

مَاآخِيلُكُوعَلَيْهِ

Nor unto those whom, when they came to thee (asking) that thou shouldst mount (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii
we will comfort
(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) juss. ii
he will cause to enjoy

(perate. m. plu.)

provide (you)!

وَ مَتْعُوْهُنَّ

And provide for them.

[2:236]

(2 p. m. plu.) pip. تَعَنِّوْنَ ye will be given comfort

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. آتَعُونَ they will be given comfort

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v
<he contenteth himself

to content himself v مُعَمَّعًا

signifies a category of Haj in which a pilgrim combines Umra with Haj in the season of Haj.

فَنَ تُسَتَّعَ بِالْعُنُوةِ إِلَى الْعَيْج

Then whosoever contenteth (lit. didst content himself) with the visit to the pilgrimage (Pic.) whosoever combineth Umra with the Haj (pilgrimage). [2:196]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they enjoy themselves

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. ا

(perate. m. sing.) v عَمَنَعُ enjoy (they life)

مُرَوْقُ see ت ر ف مُتَحَيِّزًا see ح و ز مُتَجَيِّزًا see ت ب ر مُتَبِّرً ع

(perf. Ist p. sing.) ii

I gave comfort,~

let enjoy life

to make life ii مُتَّعَ مُتِّعً مُتَّعً comfortable for someone,
cause to enjoy, give ease,
make a provision with a
long life

Note: The verbal noun from 2nd stem is not in use. The verbal noun from R. F. 'enjoyment' is used in a sentence requiring an absolute object e.g. 'he will cause you enjoy an enjoyment.'

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) ii thou didst give ease

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii
we caused enjoyment
(imperf. Ist p. sing.) juss. ii
I will content
or I will give comfort

إنَّ كُنْتُنَّ تُودُنَ الْحَيْوةَ الدُّنْيَا وَزِينْ مَتَهَا

فتعالين أمتنعكن

If ye desire the world's life and its adornment, come I will content you. [33:28]

to appear in likeness عثا of someone other than himself >> مَثَلَ يَمْثَلُ مُثُولًا (ن) to resemble, to be or to look like someone, bear a likeness, to irritate فأزسكناً للنهائ ومنافته فك لهابضراسوما We sent unto her Our spirit and he took unto her the from of a human being sound (Jid.) he assumed for her the likeness of a perfect man (Pic.). [19:17] similar, of the kind, (n.) resemblance, similarity, similitude, likeness, equivalent .com مثلين f.d. مثل + ما two equivalents com. مثلين f.d. مثل com. two equivalents of them < parable, (n.) likeness, similitude (plu.) كَالْتُو (plu.) similitudes (n. p.) <examples (n.p.) حاللات (sing.)

a requital or punishment that could be shown or referred to as exemplary

وَمَنْخَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُومُ الْمَثْلُثُ While examples have already gone forth afore them. [13:6]

(perate. m. plu.) v enjoy (yourselves) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x < ~didst enjoy to enjoy, x savour, relish (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) x ye enjoyed (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they enjoyed Thus they enjoyed their lot awhile, so ye enjoyed your lot awhile. [9:69]acc. مَتَاعُ / المناعُ acc. متاعا comfort, ease, enjoyment, provision

baggage (n.p.) مَنَاعُ (sing) ت ن (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) <firm, strong, solid مَيْنَ مَيْنُ مِنْانَةً (ن) to be firm, strong, solid (interrogative particle) at what time? when?

enjoy security for their persons, possessions and religious practices.

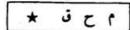
* 00 5 1

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii. el. المُحْمَّى (in order to) purify

to clean ii. مُعْمَن مُعِيْما أخيما of what is impure or extranous, purify

وَلِيُنَحِّصَ اللهُ اللَّذِينَ المَثْوَادَيَهُ حَقَالَكُفِيثِنَ

And that Allah may purge those who believe and destroy the infidels. [3:141]



(imperf. 2 p.m. sing) (destroyeth

عَقَ يَمْعَقُ تَخْفًا (ف)

the blot out, efface, annihilate, destroy

opp. increase, devolve (Mjj.)

blighteth (1)

يَمْحَقُ اللهُ الرِّيْوا وَيُرْبِي الصَّدَ لَيْ

Allah obliterateth usury and increaseth the alms.

[2:276]

destroyeth (2)

وَلِيُحَصِّ اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا وَيَمْحَقَ الْكَغِيْنَ

And that Allah may purify those who believe and destroy the infidels. [3:141] < superior (elative f.)

feminine of (elative)

lit. closer to perfection,
coming nearer the ideal,
ideal, meta. superior, ideal

وتيذهبا بطريقتيم النشل

And to go away with your superior way. [20:63]

التَّمَا أَيْلُ (sing.) عَمَّالُ (sing.)

* , 5 ,

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) glorious, great, illustrious

< جَدَ يَعْدُ جَدا (ن)

to be great, illustrious, eminent, glorious, magnified

رَحْمَتُ اللهِ وَبَرُكُهُ مَلَيْكُوْ اَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ

Mercy of Allah and His blessing be upon you, O people of the house. Verily He is Praiseworthy, Glorious. [11:73]

* " = 1

الْجُوْسُ (n.) magians

i.e., the followers of Zoroaster. In Islamic law they are classed with the people of the book, and on payment of Jizya can thoroughly (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. abolishes

fd., juss. w.v.
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
abolishes

* > 5 6

مَوَاخِرَ ploughing (n.p.) acc. مَوَاخِرَ (sing.)

خَوْرَ يَمْخَوُ عَمْراً (ف)
to plough

۲ خ من ★

الْخَاصَ (v.n.)

pangs of childbirth

عَضَنَتِ (الْمُؤَأَةُ) تَمْخَضُ عَاَضاً (ف)

to suffer pangs of childbirth

* > > 1

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim.

hath stretched, didst spread out

to spread, (ن) مَدَّ مَدُّ مَدَّا (ن) extend, stretch, prolong

وَهُوَالَّذِي مَكَ الْوَرْضَ

And it is He who spread out the earth [13:3]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. مَدَدُناً we have spread * 7 5 6

الحِيالُ (٧.٨.)

wrath (Pic.) prowess (Jid.)
i.e., strength

عَلَ يَمْحَلُ عَالَا وَ عِمَالًا (ف)

to plot against:

when related to Allah means His deep planning and rejection of plots made by men (Mij.)

* 5 2 6

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حَنَعَنَ https://hath.proven, disposed

to try, examine

خَنَ يَعْمَنُ غَنْاً (ف)
to try, test, prove, examine

(perate. m. plu.) viii امْتَحَنُّوا examine (you)

Then examine them (f.). [60:10]

* " 21

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. <we didst disappear, blot out

to efface, (ن) أَيْمُ وَ فَوْ اللهِ blot out, to disappear

extended (2)

وَجَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَالَامَّمُدُودًا

And I appointed for him wealth extended. [74:12]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assm. iv <~hath aided

أَمَدَّ إِمْدَاداً .to help, iv.

ے ،، بِ ـ assist, aid

(perf. Ist. p. plu) assim. iv الْمَدَدُونَ we have aided

assim. iv. acc. (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~aideth

that he helps

he will aid assim. iv, juss. عُدِدُ

we aid assim. iv, عُيدٌ

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv. one who helps or approaches with aid

outstretched, pis. pic. f. ii stretched forth

aid, help (n.) acc. آمَدَداً

term (n.) 📫

اَيْتُوْا اِلْيُهُوْعَهُنَاهُمُ الْمُنْتَتِهِمْ Fulfil their treaty to them till their term. [9:4]

ink acc. آمِدَاداً

الْمَدِيْنَةُ (n.) the town, the city الْمَدِيْنَةُ the word has been applied

assim. v

بَمُدُّ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) halps, extends meta. leaves

el. assim. juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (may prolong

مَدَّ - Prolong مَدَّ - prolong

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. كَنْدُونَ <they plunge further

to strengthen, نَدَّ ـ فِي

they plunge further: where this verb takes is as a direct object, it signifies an evil (Mjj.)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. v we will prolong

لاً عُدُنَّ - إِلَىٰ emp. لاَ عُدُنَّ - إِلَىٰ strain not towards

مَدَّ strain

towards 11 -

لَاتَمُدُّنَ عَيْنَيُكَ إِلْمَامَتَّعْنَا بِهَ أَزُواجُامِنْهُمُ

Strain not thine eyes towards that which We cause some wedded pairs among them to enjoy. [15:88]

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. assim. مُدَّتُ is spread out

(act. pic. m. sing.) عَدُوْدُ spread one (1)

And spreading وَظِلِيَ مَنْدُوْدٍ shade [56:30] وَٱمَّاالْجِدَارُفَكَانَ لِغُندَيْنِ يَتِيْمَيْنِ فِالْمَنِيْةَ

And as far the wall, it belonged to two orphan boys in the town. [18:82] the city of Thamud (5)

وكأن في السَينيكة بتسعة بعكم

And there were nine of a group in the city. [27:48]

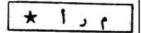
(Wherever in absolute case is used it means the city of Holy Prophet; and should not be translated as a city or town, but should to be taken as a proper noun; in other places it signifies a city or town).

<cities, towns n. p. الْدَنْدَةُ (sing.) الْدُنْدَةُ (sing.)</p>

(i.e., cities of Egypt.)

Madyan (prop. n.)

Now known as Maghair Shu'aib, the city was situated
on the Red sea coast of
Arabia, south east of
Mount Sinai. Madyan
was a station on the pilgrim rout from Egypt to
Makkah the second beyond Aila.



(act.2 pic. m. sing.) acc.
<easy of digestion, whole-some, salutary.</p>

for the following in the H.Q.:

the city of the (1)

Holy Prophet (peace be on him).

يَعُوْلُونَ لَهِنْ تَجَمُنَاۤ إِلَى الْسَيْنَةِ لَيُغْرِجَنَ الْفَوْ مِنْهَا الْأَذَاحُ

They say, surely if we return to Madina the mightier shall drive out the meaner (also see 9:101, 120; 33: 60) [63:8]

The capital of Egypt (2) in Fir'awns time

اللهُ لَمْنَا لَمُكُوِّئُكُونُهُوهُ فِي الْسَمِينَةِ

This is a plot ye have plotted in the city. [7:123]

also see 12:30, the capital of
Egypt in the era of Aziz
(Potiphar of the Bible.

lit. the exalted rank (Jid.)
the name of the city Egypt
referred to elsewhere.
(Mjj.)

Sodom (3)

one of the cities where Lot's people inhabited

وَجَاءَ آهُلُ الْمَدِينَةِ يَعَتَبْثِرُونَ

And there came the people of the city rejoicing.

[15:67]

the town wherein (4)
a treasure belonging to
two boys was buried

فَهُمُ إِنَّ آمُرِتَدِينِج

They are in an affair confused. [50:5]

أَرِجٌ fire (act. pic. m. sing.)

م رج ن

الْمُزْجَانُ (n.) coral stone

* 5 1

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) حُوْنُ < ve are joyful

مَرِحَ يَمْرَحُ مَرَحًا فَهُوَ مَرِحٌ to be joyful, extremely glad, caught by false pride

وَبِمَا كُنْتُونَتُونَتُوكُونَ

And because ye are petulant.

(Pic.) ye had been strutting.

(Jid.) [40:75]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. x عرباً stultingly

* > > 1

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) حَرَدُوا <they became accustomed, inured

مَرَدَ يَمْرُدُ مُرُوداً (ن) - عَلَا

to be accustomed (in general, the word is used for evil)

مَرَدَ الْإِنْسَانُ أَوِ الشَّبْطَانُ فَهُو مَارِدٌ

become obstinately rebellious

مَرَأَ بَمُوا مَرْهِ ا (ف) to be wholesome (food)

man (n.)

ואני (ייי)

a man nom.

gen. میری

acc. In

<wife, a woman

امْرَأَقْ

his wife مَرَأَتُهُ

my wife

امْرَأَتُكَ thy wife

a woman آمراة two women امراً قَانُ / امراً قَانُ / امراً قَانُ

plural (women) النَّسَاءُ

* 6 7 6

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
~hath loosed

مَنَجَ بَمْرُجُ مَرْجاً (ن) _ الدَّابَّةُ

to send cattle to posture, to let loose

مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ يَلْتَوِيلِن

He hath loosed the two seas. [55:19]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

مَرَجَ بَمْرَجُ مَرَجاً (ف،س)

to be uncertain, in doubt, unsettled

مَرَّتْ - بِ عَرَّتْ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~passed with

فلتاتغشها حمكت حملا عفيفانمون

And when he covered her she bore a light burden, and she passed with it.

[7:189]

(i.e., she moved with it unnoticed; sat, stood, worked usually. According to some commentators such as Ibn 'Abbas (quoted by Zamakhshari) preferred another recitation which suggests that the word is derived from

"doubt, suspicion." Therefore, the verse may be translated as:

اَسْتَمَرَّتْ بِهِ i.e. فَرَتْ بِهِ "then she continued with it or was suspected of pregnacy".)

مَرُّوْا _ بِـ assim. v (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they passed by

عَمْرُوْنَ _ عَلَىٰ مِ assim. ٧ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ye passed by

عَرُّوْنَ - عَلَىٰ . assim. v.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they pass by

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) assim. v = 5

passing by v. n. 5

وَمِنْ لَعْلِ الْمَدِينَةِ مُرَدُوْاعَلَ الْيَعَالِ

(And so are) some of the people of Madinah; they have become accustomed to hypocrisy. [9:101]

froward (act. pic. m. sing.)

ید'

(pact. 2 pic. m. sing.) rebellious

(pic. pas. m. sing.) ii rendered smooth, floored

قَالَ إِنَّهُ صَرْحٌ مُمَوَّدُ مِنْ قَوَادِ مُو

He said: Verily it is a place evenly floored (rendered smooth) with glasses. [27:44]

* , , ,

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim v didst pass

مَنَّ يَمُوُّمَنَّا وَ مُرُوْداً

to pass, move, pass on, pass by, on,

ے ب pass with

فَلَتُنَاكَتُمُفُنَاعَنُهُ خُنَرَهُ مَوَكَأَنُ لَوْبِهِنْ عُنَّا إِلَى خُنِيِمَتَنَهُ

Then when We removed his harm from him he passed on as though he had never called Us for the harm that touched him. [10:12]

passed by (2)

أؤكالذي متزعل قرية

Or, the like unto him who passed by a town. [2:259]

means strong of make (body of a creature); wiseness, comprehension: the word is driven from entwining and twisting of a cable

م د ض 🖈

I sicken (perf. Ist. p. sing.) مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضًا (س) فَهُو مَرِيضُ to be or become sick, to fall ill

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْمَرْيْضُ a sick man

sick men (b. p. of مَرْيُضُ)

مرض disease (n.) مرض ailment, illness acc. مرضاً

۱ د ی 🖈

w.v. iii هَارُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)

<they dispute meta. they debate

مَارِی یُمَارِی مِرَاهٔ to dispute مَارِی یُمَارِی مِرَاهٔ concerning a thing

Lo! verily those who debate
(lit. dispute) concerning
the Hour are in error far
astray. [48:18]

وَهِيَ سَتُهُوُّمَوَّ السَّحَابِ

It passeth as passing away of clouds. [27:88]

(elative m. assim.) v (most bitter

(じ,じ) ぶに (が) 気だ

to be bitter opp. sweet

clative أَمَّةُ i.e., extremely

bitter, unswallowable

بَلِ السَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُ هُمْ وَالسَّاعَةُ أَدْهَى وَامَرُ

Aye! The Hour is their appointed term and the Hour shall be far more grievous and for more bitter. [54:46]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x مُسْتَعِبُرُ continuous

once, one time (n.)

first time أُوَّلَ مَنَّةٍ twice n. dual. [مَرَّ تَانِ

مَنَّ تَيْن acc. أَ

مَرَّ الله repeatedly (n. plu.)

ثَلَافَ مَرَّاتِ three times

رَبَّةُ * vigorous الْدَّةُ : فُوَّةُ الْخَلَقُ وَ يُسَدَّنُهُ }

لِمَرَّةً : فَوَّةً الحَلْقِ وَ شِــَّدُّ وَ الْمَرَّةُ:حِصَافَـهُ

الْعَقْل وَ إِحْكَامُهُ ، وَ قَـَدْ جَاهَ لَهٰذَا مِنْ إِمْرَادِ الْخَبْلِ(.mii./Lis) 1 C 3 *

admixture v.n. iii جراج

وَمِزَاجُهُ مِنْ تَسْنِينِ

And admixture thereof (will be) of Tasnim. [83:27]

كأن مِزَاجِهَا كَافُورًا

The admixture is (like) Camphor. [76:5]

7 6 5 *

د-يرن عزق

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii خَرُقُتُ < we dispersed

to disperse, ii مَرْقَقَ تَمْزِيْهَا scatter

(2 p. m. plu.) pp. ii پُوهُمْ ye were dispered or scattered

(v. mim.) n.p.t. ii <dispersion or time or place of dispersion

According to some commentators the form is a noun for place and time but generally it is taken as a verbal noun with initial mim called "masdar mimi."

.* 33 f

rain cloud (n.) المزن

* 2 0 1

<wipe (perate. m. plu.) امتحواً المتحواً الم

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)w.v. iii عَارُونَ ye dispute

أفتتهرونه على مايزي

Will ye, therefore, dispute with him concerning that which he hath seen ?

[53:12]

(perate. neg. m. sing.)w.v.iii لَا تُعَارِ dispute not!

dispute (n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. vi مُأَرَوُا <they doubted

مُمَارِي مُمَارِياً to doubt vi

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)w.v. vi منارئي thou will doubt

فَيِهَ أَيِّ الْآءِ رَبِّكَ تَسْتَمَارَى

Which of Thy Lord's benefits wills thou doubt? [53:55]

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.)w.v. viii عَرُونَ <they doubt

to doubt viii أمتآر

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)w.v.viii بُونَ ye doubt

w.v. viii, el. (perate. neg. m. sing)
dubitate not!

w.v. viii, acc. الْنَبَرِينَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) those who are in doubt

doubt (n.)

م س د ★

<a twisted fibre (n.)

مَسَدَ مَسُدُ مَسْدا (ن)

to twist a fibre of a cord

نِيْجِيْدِهَا حَبْلُ فِنْ مَسَدٍ

On her neck shall be a cord of twisted fibre. [111:5]

* ~ ~ 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim.

~touched (1)

مَنَّ يَمُنُّ مَناً وَ مَينيساً (ن)

to touch, to pass hand on a thing without having anything in between. This verb has been used to signify: to befall, to punish, to be affected with damage, harm, hurt or for sexual touch.

وْقَالُوا قَدُمْسَى أَبَارْنَا الصَّرَّاءُ وَالسَّوَّاءُ

And they said: tribulation and prosperity touched our fathers. [7:95]

(meta.) befallen (2)

إِنْ يَسْسَمُ كُوْفَرْحُ فَقَدْمَتَ الْقَوْمَ وَرُحْ مِثْلُهُ

If there hath befallen you a sore, like thereunto hath already befallen (that) people. [3:140] مَسْعَ يَمْسَحُ مَسْعاً (ف)

to pass the hand on anything in order to wipe it

wiping v.n. acc. L.

فَطَعْقَ سَمْخًا بِالسُّوْقِ وَالْأَعْنَاقِ

And he set about slashing (with his sword their) legs and necks. [38:33]

(Note: the literary meaning of the word is as mentioned above. In translation the explanatory sense or a figurative expression is given).

Messiah, the surname (p.n.)
of Jesus, a title of honour,
lit. the anointed. Notice
that the Quran fully concedes the Messiahship of
Jesus, but not his sonship
or Godhood etc. (Jid.)

* 5 0 6

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) المُسَخَا we transformed

مَسَخَ بَمْسَخُ مَسْخًا (ف)

to transform or change the shape of a face or body to an ugly one

وَلَوْنَشَا أُولَسَا فَنَاهُمْ عَلَى مَكَانَيْهِمُ

And if We willed surely We should transform them in their place. [36:67]

10	10%	نِ يُنَ يُدَ	71-
الس	سلون ب	ں سورے لیست	019
2	, ,		-

And those who hold fast by the Book. [7:170]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv انسك withhold

آمَنُ هٰ ذَا الَّذِي يَرُدُقُكُو إِنْ آمْسَكَ يِدُفَّةُ

Who is that (can) provide for you, should He withhold His provision?

[67:21]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv, el.

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv أَمْسَكُنَ they (f.) withheld

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv عُيكُ withholds

(perate. m. sing.) iv. أميكُ keep, withhold

أمسك عكنك زوجك

Keep thy wife to thyself (i.e., divorce her not). [33:37]

هٰذَاعَطَأَوْنَافَامُنُ أَوْاَمْسِكَ بِغَيْرِحِسَابٍ

This is Our gift so bestow thou or withhold, without an account. [38:39]

(perate. m. plu.) iv الْمُسِكُونَ retain, keep (ye)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْمُعَكِّرُةُ الْمُعَامِّدُةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِعُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعَامِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِمِمِ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعْمِعُمِ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ لِلْمُعِمِّةُ لِلْمُعِمِّةُ لِلْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِلِّةُ الْمُعِمِّةُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْم

إِمْسَاكُ Pretaining.

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv غيثة

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) assim. v منتقف ~ touched

assim. v

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

∼touches

assim. v.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)
~toucheth, befalleth

will touch or befall juss.

لَمْ تَعْسَنُ didst not touch

surely will befall epl.

surely will befall you لَيَسَنَّكُمُ

لس و touch (v.n.)

بساسٌ touch (v.n.) iii

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) vi.
<the twain touch each other (in the conjugal life)

vi, تَعَاشَ بَعَاشَ to touch each other meta. sexual touching

م س ك *

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ili يُسْتَكُونُ <they hold fast

fast, to act without failing what (is) instructed or to refrain

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. غَصُونَ ye walk

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. امْشُوْا walk! (O ye)

walk, walking (v.n) w.v.

one who (m. sing). ints.
walks purposely for something (in evil sense)

مَمَّاذِ مَثَّاءُ بِنَدِيْهِ

A defamer, spreader abroad of slander. [68:11]

م ص ر *

prop. noun (1)

وَآوْحَيْنَآإِلَىٰمُوْسٰى وَلَخِيْهِ اَنُ تَبْوَّالِقَوْمُكَأْسِمُرَ بُيُوتًا

And We revealed unto Musa and his brother: inhabit houses for your people in Misr. (Misr is the Arabic form of Mizrain, the old name for the country of Egypt. 'To the Semites the country was known as Mizrain' (Jid.) [10:87] (in the above verse Misr is a

a common noun, a city (2)

proper noun)

الهيظؤا مضرافإن لكغ مّاساكشة

Get ye down into a city as verily there is for you that which ye ask for. [2:61] (Ap-der. f. plu.) iv withholder

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x withheld, ~ grasped

(perate. m. sing.) x hold fast!

musk (n.) مشك مشك

* 5 00 6

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv كَسُوُّنَ ye enter the night
to enter أَمْسَىٰ إِمْسَاماً
the night

evening (n.) "im <<

م ش ج *

إِنْمَاجٌ (mixtures (n.p.)

مَفَجَ يَمْفِجُ مَفْجاً (ض) to mix up

م ش ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. مَقَنُوا <they walk

مَشَىٰ يَمْثِينُ مَشْياً (ض)

to walk, to go, proceed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. walks

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. (she) walks

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) w.v. نُوْنَ they walk

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ATT

مَطَرُ (rain (n.) مَطَرُا (acc.

* 0 4 0

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. v حَصَعَلَىٰ مُعَلَّىٰ مُعَلَّىٰ مُعَلَّىٰ مُعَلَّىٰ مُعَلَّا (س)

to stretch, to boast, to ride

(س) مَعِلَى مُعَلَّىٰ مُعَلَّا (س)

to be extended

* * 21

with, together (preposition)
with, simultaneously with,
accompanied by, in
the company of, with
you with him
with Allah
with her
and so on

* 381

لْفَزُ goats (n. p.)

a goat مَاعِزُّ (sing.)

is common to he or she, single or plural of goats (Lis.)

ع ن ×) ع د ×

(n. act. 2 pic.) مَعِينَ

running water

779

م ض غ 🖈

lump of flesh, (n.)

a morsel of flesh,
anything chewed mouthfully

(ف، ف)

مَضَعَ مَضَعُ مَضَعً مَضَعًا (ن، ف)

م ض ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. <~gone forth

مَضَىٰ بَمْضِیٰ مُضِبًّا (ض)

to go away, leave, depart, to make off, decamp, expire

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. gone forth, passed away

(imperf.1st.p.sing.)w.v.acc.
I shall go on

(perate. m. plu.) v.w. أمضوًا pass! (ye)

passing away, (v.n) w.v.

م ط ر 🖈

629

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أَعْلَوْنَا we rained

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. iv أُمْطِرَتْ was rained

(perate. m. sing.) iv أَمْطِلُ rain down!

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv عُطِوْ rain bringer مَكَرَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَاكِئُونَ those who bide acc. مَاكِئِينَ مَاكِئِينَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<- plotted (1)

to plot, (ن) مُكَرُّ مَكُرُ مَكُرُ اللهِ

to be cunning, to plan a
scheme

تَدُمُكُوالَّذِيْنَ مِنْ تَبْلِهِمْ Surely there plotted those before them. [13:42]

schemed (2)

وَمَكُونُوا وَمَكُواللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرًا لَلْكِونَنَ

And they (disbelievers) schemed and Allah schemed (against them); and Allah is the best of schemers (Pic.) And they plotted (to put him, i.e., Jesus to death) and Allah plotted (to frustrate their plot) and Allah is the best of plotters. [3:54]

مَكُرُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَكُرُوْا they plotted or they schemed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) كُوْتُمُّ ye plotted

إِنَّ هٰذَا لَكُلْرْتُكُونُهُ

Verily this is a plot ye have plotted. [7:123] common necessaries, (n.) مَأْعُونُنَ small kindnesses

> ★ ی و ۲ <cntrails (n p.)

(sing.) المني entrails, intestine, bowel

م ق ت ★

مَفْتُ (v.n.) حَفْتُ مَفْتُ مَفْتًا (ن

to hate, detest, abhor

* • 4 6

مَكَتَ يَمْكُتُ مُكُمَّا وَ مُكُونًا (ن) to abide, dwell, remain, wait (in a place)

فَتُكَثَّعَيْرُبَعِيْدِ

He was not long in coming. 127:221

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~lasts, remains

bide!, (perate. 2 p.m. plu.) wait (in this place)

delay 🙁

لِتَقْرَا هُ عَلَى السَّاسِ عَلَى مُكُتِ

That thou mayest recite unto mankind with delay (i.e., with slow deliberation).

[17:106]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) <established one مَكُنَ مَكُنَ مَكُانَةً (ك) to have power with, iie to be strong, powerful meta, to be influential (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < whath established مُكِنَ عَكُمنا ,to strengthen consolidate, establish firmly قَالَ مَامَكُنَّ فَيْهِ رَقَّ خُدُرُ He said better is that wherein my Lord hath established [18:95] me. (Note: the real form of the word was supposed to be but مَكِنَ + ن but the rule of assimilation has worked to join double nouns). (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we have established ii e. p.l. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) he shall surely establish (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv < ~gave power to have iv, Likel ... or to give power من -(tras. and intras.) فَقَدُخَانُوا لِلْهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَأَمْكُنَ مِنْهُمُ They betrayed Allah before,

and He gave (thee) power

[8:71]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) we plotted (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) plots imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَكُونَ they plot (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) el. 19 50 in order to plot (n.) plot (1) الله لمنا للدُيَّة تُنَّاهُ Verily this is a plot ye have [7:123] plotted. contrivance (2) أَفَامِنُوا مَكُواللَّهِ فَلَا يَأْمَنُ مَكُواللَّهِ إِلَّا الْغَوْمُ الْحَيْرُونَ Are then they secure against the contrivance of Allah? And none feeleth secure against the contrivance of Allah except the people who are losers. [7:99] cunning (talks) (3) or sly (talk) فَلَتَأْسَيعَتُ بِمَكْرِهِنَّ أَرْسَلَتُ إِلَيْهِنَّ Then when she heard their cunning (talk) she sent for [12:31] them. plotters (act. pic. m. plu.) L SKI 631

over them.

full (n.) h.v.

مِلاً ۗ

الللا

مِلْا ۗ الْآرْضِ ذَهَباً earthful

chiefs, leaders (n. p.)
(no singular from this root.)
According to Lisanul Arab
and Raghib the word signifies fulness, therefore, the leader or chief fill the eyes of people with awe and their hearts with attraction, consequently

V.I.Ps. are called angels

اَلْمُ تَرَالَى الْمَالَوْمِنْ بَنِيَ الْمَالُومِنْ بَعِنَى الْمَالُومِنْ بَعِنَى الْمَالُومِنْ بَعِنَى الْمَلُومِنْ Bethinkest thou not of the chiefs (or leaders) of Israel after Musa. [2:246]

other usages of the words antecedent to pronoun:

his chiefs

قم/مَلاً

their chiefs

ئثن

or big men

J e see

* 5 7 1

saltish, salt (n.)

م ل ق ★

<falling to poverty (v.n.)iv בּוֹלנֹי

م ك و ★

whistling acc. I.K.

مَكَا يَكُوْ مَكُواً (ن) to whistle

وَمَا كَانَ صَلَاثُهُمْ عِنْدَالْبِينْةِ الْأَمْكَاءُ وَتَصْدِينَةُ

And their worship at the Holy House is naught but whistling and hand-clapping

[8:35]

م ل ا ★

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. h.v. ﴿
<-was filled
مَلَاً عَلَاً مَلاً أَ مَلاً وَ مَلْتَامًا (ف)

لَوِاظَلَعْتَ عَلَيْهِمُ لَوَلَّيْتَ مِنْهُمْ فِرَارُالَّا لَيْلَفْتَ مِنْهُمْ رُعْبًا

to fill, fill up SS with SS,

If thou hadst observed them thou wouldst have surely turned away from them in fright and wouldst have surely been filled with awe of them. [18:18]

(act. pic. m. plu.) h.v. مَالِحُونَ fillers, those who fill

epl. h.v. مُلْنَ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

I surely shall fill

(perf. 2 p. f. sing.) h.v. vii مَلَلاً بِيَّ didst thou filled

Art thou filled ? هَلِ الشَّكَادُتِ [50:30] (parate. 3 p. m. sing.) مُلِكُ has power (3)

فَمَنْ يَمْلِكُ لَكُوْمِنَ اللهِ شَيْئًا

For who hath any power to prevail for you with Allah? [48:11]

> (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) عَلَكَ she ruleth (4)

اِنَّ وَجَدُتُ امُوَاَةً تَتَبِلُكُهُمْ وَأُونِيَتَ مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْئً

I found a woman ruling over them, and she hath been given (abandance) of things. [27:23]

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) لِكُ thou will avail (5)

وَمَنْ أُمِدِ اللهُ فِتْلَتَهُ فَلَنْ تَنْدُلِكَ لَهُ مِنَ اللهِ شَنْدُا

He whom Allah doometh unto temptation, thou (by thy efforts) will avail him naught against Allah. [5:41]

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) عَلِكُونَ ye possess, own

أَلْكُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عُلْكُوْنَ they possess, own

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَالِكُ master, owner, sovereign

Owner of the مُلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ Day of Judgement. [1:3] to become iv أَمْلَقَ إِمْلاَقًا poor

مَلِقَ يَمْلَقُ مَلَقاً (س)
to flatter

* 4 7 9

مَلَكَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~ has possessed (1) مَلَكَ يَمْلِكُ مِلْكَا وَ مُلْكًا وَ مَلْكًا وَ مَلْكًا وَ مَلْكَ إِنْ اللَّهِ مِلْكَا وَ مُلْكًا وَ مَلْكًا

to possess

to reign or rule over to have power, to be capable of, able to obtain, can do or avail

مَامَلُكُتُ آيُمَانُكُمُ

What your right hands possess. [4:3]

(meta. that your right hands possess or possessed by the right hand, as in other verses means boundmen or bondwomen)

Caution: It is not slave in English sense.

(perf. 2 p. m. phu.) مَلَكُمُّمُ ye held (2)

أوْمَامَلَكُمُّ مُنْعَاضَّةً

Or whereof ye hold the keys. [24:61] ازَلاَيَنَ تَطِيعُ أَنُ يُعِلَّ هُوَنَلِيُمُولِلُ وَلِيَّةُ بِالْعَدَالِ Or unable himself to dictate, then let his guardian dictate justly. [2:282]

faith (or) religion (n.)

وَمَنْ يَرِغَبُ عَنْ مِلَةِ إِبْرُهِمَ إِلَّامَنْ سَفِهُ نَفْسَهُ And who shall be averse from

(أَقْرَبُ الْمَوَّادِدُ)

Millah: (vocalized with the initial kasra) 'ordinance of a religion, or owners (act. pic. m. plu.) مَالِكُوْنَ (pic. pac. m. sing.) acc. كَنُوْكُ | عَنُوْكُ | عَنُوْكَ | مَالُوْكُ | عَنُوْكَ اللهِ

مُلْكُ / مُلَكَا / مُلَكَا / مُلَكَ اللهُ dominion (n.) مُلْكُ اللهُ king (n.) مَلكًا /مَلكُ

الْلُوَّكُ (kings (n. p.) الْلُوَّكُ مَلِكُ (sing.)

mighty king (Allah) (ints.)

حَلَكُ (angel (n.)

مَلْكُ

(the root 1 1 1 is

<angels (n. p.) مُلَائِكُ (sing.) مُلَاثِكُ (sing.)

* 776

assim. iv

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<~dictate

أَمَّلُ إِمْلاَءًا to dictate أَمَّلُ إِمْلاَهُ >> أَمَلَ إِمْلاَلاً

(Note: in the latter the third radical (3) is changed by (1) Thus it would become assimilated. The rule is termed . See Lisan)

should dictate assim. iv, el.

لينبلل

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv اَمْلَيْتُ I tolerated or gave rein

> وَكَأَيِّنُ مِنْ مَنْ تَوْيَةٍ إِنْدَيْتُ لَهَا وَهِي ظَالِمَهُ ثُنْعَ آخَذُ تُهَا

And how many a city did I gave rein (or I tolerated) while it wronged (itself). Then took hold of it.

[22:48]

أملي

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv I give respite

وَأُمْلِيٰ لَهُ وَ إِنَّ كَيْدِي مَدِينِينً

And I give them rein (i.e., I give them a respite), verily My contrivance is firm.

[7:183]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. we respite

a long while v.n. R.F.

والفجرن ميليا

And depart from some for ever so long (or for a long while). [19:46]

* 6 0 0

(3 p. f. sing.) pip. w.v. iv
<∼is dictated

أمل إملاء to dictate

* * 0 0

مِمَّ | مِنْ + ماً for (particle) مِنْ + ماً

religion as applied to a way' regardless of its original root. It my be derived أملنت الكناب from dictatated a book' as the basic teachings of a religion is dictated by a prophet. The word is applicable to to false faith or religion الْكُفُ مِلَّةٌ وَاحِدَهُ the infidelity is one religion or one faith. is not to be antecedented to Allah or the name of a certain religious community (Agrabulmowarid).

م ل و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. iv gave rein to (1)

(false) hopes

to march (ن) مَلُو مَلُواً مَلُواً مَلُواً مِنْ a quick step

مَلُ !! وَ أَمْلُ إِنَّا

to prolong (one's life) give rein to, give false hopes. When related to Allah, it means: He indulged, tolerated, gave enough time to repent, to give a respite

الشَّيْظُنُ سَوَّلَ لَأَمُمُ وَأَمْلُ لَهُمْ

The devil hath embellished (this apostasy) for them and hath given them (false hopes) or rein. [47:25] to tolerate, (2) to indulge, to respite وَمِنْ ثَمَرُكِ النِّخِيْلِ وَالْكَعْتَابِ تَتَّخِذُونَ مِنْهُ سَكُوا

And of the fruits of the datepalm and grapes whence ye derive strong drinks. [16:67]

a composition (2)

وَمِنَ الْإِبِلِ الْمُنَيْنِ وَمِنَ الْبَعَرِ الْمُنَيْنِ

And if the camels twain and of the oxen twain.[6:144] for explanation (3)

فَادْعُ لَنَارَبَّكَ يُخْرِجُ لَنَامِتَا تُثْبِتُ الْاَدْصُ مِنْ بَعْلِهَا وَ يَكَابِهَا وَنُوْمِهَا وَعَنَى سِهَا وَبَصَلِهَا

So call upon Thy Lord for us that He bring forth for us of that which the earth groweth—of its herbs and its cucumbers and its corn and its lantils and its onions. [2:61]

to indicate commence- (4) ment of: (A) time

مِنُ قَبْلِ صَلْوق الْفَجُرِ وَحِيُنَ تَضَعُونَ يُنَاجُّمْ مِنَ الطَّهِيْرَةِ

Before the prayer of dawn, and when ye lay aside your raiment for the heat of the noon. [24:58]

(B) place

سُبُحْنَ الَّذِيْنَ آَسْرَى بِعَبْدِهِ لَيُلَافِنَ الْسَغِيرِ الْحَرَامِ إِلَى الْسَنِعِيدِ الْأَفْصَا

Glorified be He Who carried His servant by night from the Iviolable Mosque to (an indeclinable conjunctive pronoun)

he, she, they, who, whosoever (interrogative) who (1)

وَمَنْ أَظْلَوْمِتَنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَنْ بَا

And who doth greater wrong than he who invententh a lie concerning Allah.[6:21]

who (2)

(conjunctive pronoun)

وَمِنَ الدَّعُرَابِ مَنْ تُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْلهِ

And of the dwellers of the desert is one who believeth in Allah and the last Day. [9:99]

whosoever (3)

وَمَنْ يَقُنُتُ مِنْكُنَ بِلْهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

And whosoever of you is submissive unto Allah and His messenger. [33:31] whoso (4)

(in a conditional mood)

وَمَنْ يَبْتَغِ عَيْرَالِيسْ لَلمِهِ يُنَّافَكُنْ يُقْبَلَ مِنْهُ

And whoso seeketh as religion other than Islam, it will not be accepted from him. [3:85]

a preposition signifies: an origin of a thing (1) مِنْ

with the meaning (9)

of i in

وَمِنَ الَّيْلِ مُسَيِّحَهُ وَأَدْبَارَ السُّجُودِ

And in the night-time hymn His praise, and after the (prescribed) prostrations. 150:40]

any (10)

ومامن إله إلاالله

There is not any God save
Allah. [3:62]

in the sense of Jan (11)

Nay, but if ye persevere, and keep away from evil, and (the enemy) attack you on their sudden. [3:125] on (alternate) (12)

أَوْتُعَكُّطُعَ أَيْدِيْهِمُ وَأَرْجُلُهُمُ مِّنُ خِلَانٍ

Or have their hands and feet on alternate sids cut off.

[5:33]

according to (13)

لَنْكِنُو ُهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ سَكَّنْتُمْ مِنْ وَحْدِكُمُ

Lodge them where ye dwell, according to your wealth. [65:6]

with the meaning (14)

of ¿ (instead of, rather than)

أَدَضِيْنَمُ بِالْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَامِنَ الْأَخِرَةِ

Take ye pleasure in the life of the earth rather than (or instead of) the Hereafter! [9:38] the far distant Mosque the neighbourhood whereof We have blessed. [17:1]

out of (5)

وَمِنْ قَوْمٍ مُوْلَكَى أُمَّاهُ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ

And of Musa's folk there is a community who lead with truth and establish justice therewith (i.e. out of Musa's folk). [7:159]

than (when following (6) a comparative)

وَمَنْ آحُسَنُ قَوْلًا يُتَنَّ دَعَا إِلَى اللهِ

And who is better in speech than him who summoneth unto Allah. [41:33]

> because of, (7) by reason of

وَمِنْ تَحْمَتِهِ جَعَلَ لَكُو اللَّهُ وَالنَّهَارَ

Because of His mercy He appointed for you night and day. [28:73]

(Note: The verse may be rendered: of His mercy.)

some of or among (8)

وَمِنَ اَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ مَنْ إِنْ تَلْمَنَهُ بِعِنْطَادِيُّ وَوَ إِلَيْكَ

Among the people of the Scripture there is he who, if thou trust him with a weight of treasure, will return it to thee. (3:75] to defend (2)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)
defends

آمْ لَهُوْ الْهَا فُي تَنْنَعُوْ مُقِنْ دُونِنا

Have they gods who defend them beside Us. ? [21:43]

to protect (3)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) juss. we protect

اَلُوَّااَلَوْ نَسْتَسْوِدُ عَلَيْكُورَنَسَّعَكُومِنَ الْمُوْمِنِيْنَ They said: Had we not mastery upon you, and did we not protect you from the believers!

[4:141]

to deny (4)

denied (3 p.m. sing.) pp.

قَانُوايَا بَانَامُنِعَ مِثَاالَكُيْلُ

O our Father! The measure is denied us. [12:63]

مَانِعَةٌ مَانِعَةٌ begrudging ints. acc. مَانُوعٌ مَا مَنُوعٌ مَا مَنُوعًا مَنُوعًا hinder (n) ints.

(pic. pac. f. sing.) عُنُوعَةُ forbidden

* 000

assim. v مَنَّ ۔ عَلَىٰ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <showed grace to emphasize the (15) sense of connection (but in negative case)

رَمَنَ يَفَعَلُ ذَٰلِكَ فَلَيْسَ مِنَ اللّٰمِلِ ثُنَّى مُو And whoso doth that hath no connection with Allah. [3:28]

الْمَنْوُنُ see م ن ن ن see مَنْ ن ن الْمَنْوُنُ see م ن ن ن see مَنَاصَلُ see م ن ن و ص مَنَاصَلُ see ن ه ى مُنْتَمَلَى see ن ه ى مِنْسَأَةً وقد عن س أ يُنْسَأَةً وقد عن ش أ

* 2 0 0

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ~ prevented

to refuse (ف) مُنْعَ مَنْعًا وَفَ مَنْعًا وَفَ مَنْعًا وَفَ مَنْعًا وَفَ مَنْعًا وَفَ مَنْعًا وَفَ مَنْعًا وَمُ مُنْعًا وَمُعْمِدُ مِنْعًا وَمُعْمِدُ مِنْعُلِقًا مِنْ مُعْمِدُ وَمُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُنْ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِدُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمُعُ مُعْمُ مُعِمُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِعُ مُعْمُع

to prevent (1)

وَمَنْ اَظُلَامِتَنْ مَّنَعَ مَسْجِدَ اللهِ اَنْ يُذَكِّونِهُمُ اسْمُهُ

And who is more unjust than he who preventeth mosques of Allah that His name be mentioned therein. [2:114]

يرو يمن

(pic. pas. m. sing.) <unceasing (see above note on the meaning of مَنّ) time, fortune (n.) رَبْبُ الدَّمْرِ رَبْبُ الْمُؤْنِ and رَبْبُ الزَّمَانِ signify the accidents or evil accidents or the times that diquiet or disturb the minds or hearts (LL.) manna (n.) a kind of dew, a sweetish liquid (Jid.) ن ی (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv <ye emit to shed (blood), to emit sperm Note: The modification of the imperfect has its final changed by plurals, thus the conjugation will go as: يْ ، يَنِيْ مُنْوُنَ ، مَنْوُنَ ، (3 p. m. sing.) pip. w.v. iv ~is emitted م^{وه}. ا (2 p. f. sing.) pip. w.v. iv. ~is emitted

sperm (n.)

to recount to one the benefits shown in order to reproach him, reproach one for benefits received. (The origin of is to cut off as will be observed below from the word According to Rgh. the graces cut off the needs as one who receives benefits from somewhere is no more a needy. Thus a kindness, grace or benefit cuts off the hunger). (perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. we have shown the grace (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) assim. thou art showing grace assim. v (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~shows grace assim. v (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they show grace (imperf. Ist p. plu.) acc. we show grace

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) acc. we show grace (perate. neg. m. plu.) show no grace (conditional phrase) juss. bestow not favour

showing a grace or laying an obligation

(perate. m. sing.)

acc.

here, according to commentators, such as, Razi, Tabri, Zamakhshari and others the words signify 'he recited' and 'recitation' respectively.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. v they wished

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

< ye wish

is for cluster of two to drop first of pelled them)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v., v 5 they wish

they will never wish

(perate. m. plu.) w.v, v long, yearn

recitation (1)

a wish, longing, wishing (2)

< wishes (n.p.)

(sing.)

Manat (an old Arabian goddess)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they prepare, ~ make provision 640

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.ii. stirs up desire to awaken أَمْنَةُ تُنْمُلُهُ the desire, give reason to hope, make someone wish

The Satan) promiseth them and stirreth. [4:120]

w.v. ii, elp. (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I shall fill~desire

وَلَاصَلَتْهُ وَلَامَتْنَكُو

And surely I shall lead them astray and shall fill then with vain desire. [4:119]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. v <~recited

to wish, raise » لَمُنَّدُ تَعَنِياً hope, to read or recite

وَمَاازُسُلْنَامِنُ مَيْلِكَ مِنْ تَسُولُ وَلَانَيِي اللَّ اذَاتَمَتُّ الْعَرِي الشَّيْطِنُ فِي الْمُنتِيِّةِ

Never sent We a massenger or a prophet before thee but when he recited (the message) Satan cast forth (suggestions in the minds of unbelieving hearts) in respect of his recitations. [22:52]

Note: Literary meaning of is 'he wished' and means 'a wish' but

(perate. m. sing.) iv respite gently the dregs of oil (n.)منها whatever (particle)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

ن

despised (1) مَهُنَ مَهُنَّهُ مَهَانَةً (ك)

to be despised, be enfeebled, debilitated

تُوكِعَلَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلْلَةِ مِينُ مَا وَمُهِين Then he made his seed from a draught of despised fluid. [32:8]

i.e., belong to a race (2) that is looked down upon

آمُ إِنَّا خَنْ فِينْ لِمِنْ الَّذِي مُو مَهِ إِنَّ الَّذِي مُو مَهِ إِنَّ الَّذِي مُو مَهِ إِنَّ ا

Ave! I am better than this one who is despicable.

[43:52]

ignominous (3)

i,e., one who is looked down upon for his bad habits

وَلَاتُطِعُ كُلَّ عَلَانٍ مَّهِأِن

And obey not thou any swearer ignominous.

[68:10]

>> مَبَدَ مَنْدُ مَنْداً (ف)

to extend, unfold, stretch out, make level, plain, ргераге

(act. pic. m. plu.) spreaders

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) ii I made smooth

v.n. ii, (acc.) preparation, making smooth

cradle (1)

ويُكُلُّهُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمُقْدِ

And he will speak unto mankind in his cradle. [3:46]

bed (2)

الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُو الْأَرْضَ مَهْدًا

Who hath appointed the earth as a bed. [43:10]

الماد / ماداً معاداً expanse, rest- (n.) acc. الماد / ماداً ing place, that which lies spread out

(perate. m. sing.) ii. respite thou

مَوَّلَ مُعْدِلًا !! أَمْهَارَ إِمْهَالًا إِنَّا

(1) to accord or allow delay, defer, put off

(2) to deal gently iv آميل >> مَيَارَ تَمْلُ مَثْلًا وَ مَثْلَةً (ف)

to act slowly, patiently

did not die مُنْ يُعْتُ juss.	١ و ت ★
w.v. el. (neg.) (imperf. 2 p. m. phu.) ye should (not) die	(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ゴレ
يَّمُوْ تُوْنَ لَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. مَوْ تُوْنَ they die acc. w.v. مَوْ تُوْنَ	مَاتَ يَمُوْتُ مَوْتًا (ن) to die, expire
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. ye die acc. w.v. مُوْتُوْا (imperf. Ist p. sing.) w.v.	مِتَّ، مُتَّ (2 p.) مُتُّ (1st. p.) اَنَأْمِنُ مَّاتَ اَوْمُتِلَ الْفَلَبُتُوعَلَّ اَخْقَالِكُوْ Will it be that when he
I die (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. عُوتُ we die	dieth or is slain ye will turn back on your heels? [3:144]
(perate. m. plu.) w.v. المُوتُونُ die! (ye)	أَوُّا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. مَأْتُوْا they died
الْمُوَّتُ (v.n.) the death	(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v.
death (n.)	when ye have died
the ending and additional	(perf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v. عُتُ I died
an action, that is اِسْمُ الْمُرَّةَ	تَالَتْ لِلَيْنَتَنِيُ مِثُ تَبْلَ لَهُذَا Would that I had died
dead one (n.) acc. أَمْنَتُ / مَنْتُ اللهِ	before this. [19:23]
أَمْوَاتٌ / الْمُؤَقِّل . dead ones n. p	we died (perf. Ist. p. phu.) مِثْنَا when we are dead اذاً مثْنَا
lifeless, dead (n.) الْمَيْتُ	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. عُوُّتُ
ا مَتْنُونَ مَ الْعَالَةِ lifelessness n. p.	dies
or dead ones	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. مُعَتَّدُ he dies
	acc. w.v.
death (v. mim.) علمات	dies (imperf 3 p. f. sing.)

الكتة

م و ل ★

substance, riches, (n.) acc. No / Jul wealth

مَالِتَهُ com. مَال + ی + ی أَلِتَهُ

مَاآغُنٰى عَنِىٰ مَالِيَهُ

My riches have availed me not. [69:28]

substance, riches, (n.p.) أَمُوالُ wealths

* , , ,

water (n.) acc. I.L 1.L

* 2 6 6

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. عُمِنْدُ <-moves away

to be (ض) مَادَ يَمِنْدُ مَنِداً shaken, moved, agitated, to spread (cloth or table with food)

وجعكناني الأدض رواسى آن تيبديهم

We have placed in the earth (firm) mountains lest it should move away with them. [21:31]

(n. act. pic. f. sing.)
the table spread, a table with
food upon it
meta. food

dead animals (n.)

i.e. those which have not been slaughtered in the manner prescribed by the Islamic law.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v., iv امات

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v., iv thou made die

w.v., vi.

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) causes the death

میت ۱۷.۷., iv

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)
I cause the death

w.v., iv

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)
we cause the death

103

مَاجَ يَمُوُّجُ مَوْجًا (ن)

to be agitated, troubled, swell, surge, (the sea or a crowd)

a billow (n.) المؤتج

۹ و د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. < ~ will shake

مار مُوْرُ مَوْراً (ن) to move

from side to side, to shake

725

* 1 6 7

w.v. acc. _ عَلَىٰ - عَلَىٰ (imperf.3 p.m. plu.)
they may attack

< مَالَ بَيْلُ مَبُلاً (ض)

be adverse to

lit. they may be adverse to meta, to swoop down

ۯۜػٲڵؽؿڴؽۯٳٷؾٙڡٚڬؙٷڹٵڝٚڸڂؾڴۯۊٲ؞ؿۼؾڴؙ ؽٙؠؽڵؽڹػؽڮٷۺؽڵٷڰۺؽڰڐڗڿۮۼٞ

Fain would those who disbelieve that ye neglected your arms and your baggage so that they might swoop down upon you at one swoop (Jid). [4:102]

That they may attack you once for all (Pic). [4:102]

Note: swoop to, drop or descend suddenly as a bird pounces on its prey, to take or seize it suddenly (Funk)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) w.v. | L

مَبْلاً / الْلِلَ الْمَالِلَ turning v.n., w.v. مَبْلاً / الْلِلَ turning, (n.)

attacking, swooping, to turn (1)

فَلَاتَهِ يُكُواكُلُّ الْمَيْلِ

But turn not altogether.

[4:129]

م ی د ★

(imperf. Ist. f. plu.) w.v. < we shall get provision

مَارَ عَيْرُ مَيْراً (ض)

to supply food or provision
(Zr.) is food; the
verb is derived from the
noun to supply with

م ی د 🖈

acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

مَازَ يَمِيْرُ مِبْزاً (ض)

to detect, distinguish, to discriminate

حَتَّى يَوِيُزَالْخِيثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ

Until he hath discriminated the impure from the pure. [3:179]

(imperf. 2 p.f.sing.) w.v., v
bursts

to be separated v, آيَّزَ مَيْزَ

to burst مُبَرَّ مِنَ الْفَيْظِ with rage (LL)

(perate m. plu.) viii امْتَازُوا <separate yourselves

to be sepa- viii. امْتَازَ امْتِيَازاً rated, distinguished

in this verse means: to go astray. Consequently Pic. has followed their commentary though the literary meaning of the word is to incline and therefore Jid. has rendered the above verse as following:

And those that follow lusts, intend that ye shall incline a mighty incline. to go astray (2)

وَيُرِيُدُ الَّذِيْنَ يَكَيِّعُونَ الشَّهَوٰتِ اَنْ تَمِينُوامَيُلًا عَظِيمًا

But those who follow vain desires would have you go astray tremendously.

[4:27]

(Note: According to a number of commentators the word

كتــاب النون

الالمله وراكآ إليه رجعون

Verily we are Allah's and verily unto Him we are returners. [2:156]

or Il as a statement

وَآتًا كُنَّا نَعْقُدُ مِنْهَا مَقَاعِدَ التَّهُمَ

And we were wont to sit on seats therein to listen. [72:9]

إِنَّنَا or

وَاشْهَدْ بِأَنْنَامُسْلِمُونَ

And bear thou witness that we are Muslims. [5:111]

نَادَتْ عود ا

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) h.v. كَأَنْ < ~ turned away initial letter of the (a letter) 68th Sura "Al-Qalam"

read as 'Noon' meaning 'a fish' زَا النَّوْنِ 'the man of the fish'; name of the Prophet Yunus (Jonah).

وَذَاالِنُوْنِ إِذُكُ هَبَّ مُغَاضِبًا

And Zunnun when departed in anger. [21:87]

our, us (pronoun)

(it is an indeclinable affixed pronoun meaning 'our' when following a noun e.g. كَنَابِنَا 'our book' and 'us' when following a verb as e.g. أَطْعَمَنا 'he fed us' or preposition أَنَّ 'from us'.

When affixed to the particle 'verily we'

إِنَّ

(pref Ist. p. sing.) المَانَّةُ I declared, announced, acquainted

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُمنَيُّهُ declares

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) اَنَّةِيُّ I declare

مَانُبَّاكُ I shall acquaint thee مَانُبَّاكُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii

we declare that we declare acc. نَنْبُهُمْ

(imperf. 2 p. sing.) ii

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii نَبُوْنَ ye declare

(el. 2 p. m. sing.) ii surely thou will declare

(el. Ist. p. plu.) ii لَتُنَبِّنَ we surely shall declare

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) gen. مُنَابًا

أمركو يُنَتِأْيِمَا فِي صُحُفِ مُوْسَى

Hath he not been told of that which is in the writs of Musa (Moses). [53:36]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)h.v, nom. ii سنبوً

(el. pip. 2 p. m. plu.) h.v. ii پُنتُنْ you shall surely be apprised (informed)

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) h.v. ii declare thou!

نَالَىٰ يَنَالَىٰ نَأْياً (ف)

to retire, turn away, to go far away _ عَنْ _ _

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v. نْأُونْ they go far away

ن ب ا ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii \(\bigcit{\frac{\fig}}}{\firac{\frac}}}}}{\firac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\fir}}}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\f

نَبًّا ، ال وَ أَنْمَا ، ال

to announce, declare, - - - - acquaint, inform

انَبَأُ بَنْبُأُ نَبْتًا وَ نُبُوْءً (ف) to be high

قَدُنْتَا نَاللهُ مِن اَخْبَادِكُمْ

Allah hath already declared unto us some tidings of you. [9:94]

> acquainted, (2) apprised

فَلْتَانَتَأَمَالِهِ قَالَتُ مَنُ اَنْبَالَدُهُذَا قَالَ نَبَأَنِ الْعَلِيْدُ الْخَيِيْرُ

Then, when he had apprised her of it, she said, who hath acquainted thee therewith. He said, the Knower, the Aware hath acquainted me. [66:3]

ر (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) بَانَ she declared, acquainted

(i.e., the Day of Resurrection is not only tidings but also signifies 'an announcement' of great utility from which results either knowledge or a predominance of opinion, and true (LL).

prophecy (4)

بكليبراشتنظ

For every tiding is a set time (i.e., for what a prophecy is made). [6:67]

truth (5)

وَلَتَعَلَّمُنَّ نَبَّأَهُ بَعُدُ حِيْنٍ

And ye shall surely come to know thereof after a season. [38:88]

tales, stories, tidings (n.p.)
news, prophecies, announcements

a/the Prophet النِّجَةُ مُن مَن مِنْ اللَّهُ acc. النَّجَةُ their prophet

the prophets acc.

(b. plu.) [الْأَنْبِياءُ

the prophethood (n.) التُجُوِّةُ أَ

ن ب ت *

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) < <−grows 648 declare thou unto them

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v. ii declare ye

declare ye unto me نَبُّونِيْ

(perf. 3. p.m. sing.) h.v. iv declared informed

(perate. 2 m. sing.) h.v. iv tell! inform! (thou), declare! (thou)

tell them, أنبِيْهُمُ inform them

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v., iv declare! (you)

(O you) make~ أَنْبِيُونِيْ known to me

(imperf.3p.m.plu.)h.v. x مُتَنِّبُونَ they ask (inquire, question)

a tale, story (1) (v.n.)

وَاتْلُ عَلَيْهِ عُنَبَا أَبْنَى ادْمَ بِالْحَقِ

And recite unto them with truth the tale of the two sons of Adam. [5:27]

tiding (2)

قُلُ هُوَنَبُواعظِيمُ

Say thou: It a is tremendous tiding. [38:67]

announcement (3)

Whereof they question one another? (It is) of the mighty announcement.

[78:1-2]

نَــَدَ

ن ب ذ *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~threw, fling

نَبَدَ يَئْبِذُ نَبَدًا (ض)

to throw or fling (things) before or behind oneself, give up, to cast off

ؠٛؠۜۮٙۅٙؠؿؙۺٙٲڵٳؽؽٙٲڎٷؙٵڵڮۻٛۜڰڮڣ ٳڶڵۼۅۯڒؖٷؙۿۿۄڿۻ

A party of those who have received the Scripture (book) fling the Scripture of Allah behind their backs. (i,e., they neglected the commandment and did not follow them). [2:101]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ithey threw, fling

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) نَبَذَتْ I threw, cast away

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) نَــُنَّةُ we threw, cast away

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.)

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) أَيِدَ

لَثُيِنَ بِالْعَرَاءِ

He surely had been cast into the wilderness. [68:49]

(el. pip. m. sing.) لَيُنْدُذُنَّ he shall surely be cast

لَبَتَ يَلْبُكُ نَبُتًا وَ نَبَانًا (ن)-بـ

to produce (a tree), to grow, sprout (plant)

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv جُنْتُ <~made grow

to make grow, iv أُنْبَتَ إِنْبَامًا to cause to grow

والله أنبكت لموين الأرض مباثا

And Allah hath caused you to grow from the earth as a growth. [71:17]

وأنكتهانبا تاعسنا

And He made her grow up with a goodly growth.

[3:37]

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) iv انْبَتَتْ groweth

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv
we have caused to spring up

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُنْبِتُ grows

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv it, that grows

n.d. acc. iv (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
that ye cause to grow

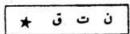
growth, herbage (n.) acc. にじょん

وَالْبِلَدُالْعُلِيْكِ مِنْ يُحْتَمَانَهُ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِ

And a good land, its herbage cometh forth by the command of its Lord. [8:57] نَهَ يَنْبِعُ نَهُا وَ نُبُوْعاً (ض، ف)

to spring, gush or flow out (water)

fountains (n. p.) بَنَابِيْعُ



(perf. Ist p. plu.)

< we shook over

to shake, (نَ تَغُنَّا (نَ pull, raise up, spread out or over

ن ف ر ★

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) viii اَتَنْرَتَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. plu.)

نَثْرَ بَنْثِيرُ لَثْراً (ض، ن)

to disperse, scatter, disseminate

منوراً (scattered (act. pic. m. sing.)

ن ج د 🖈

(dua!. n. gen.) النَّجَدُينِ

<two highways
(i.e. good and evil)</pre>

650

the highland (n.) النجد

ن ج س ★

<impure one (n.) نَجْسُ (س) أَيْسَا وَ نَجْساً (س) نَجْسَ نَبْجَسُ نَجْساً وَ نَجْساً (س) to defile, pollute.</p>
to become polluted, unclean

كَلَالَيُنْبَدُنَ فِي الْحُطَمَةِ

By no means! He shall surely be cast into the crushing fire. [104:4]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii الْتُدَذُتُ she retired

ن ب ز ★

(لا) تَعَايَرُوا (prate. neg. m. plu.)vi (كُلُ) خَعَايَرُوا) codo not call one another in insulting manner

to call names, (ض) أَبَرَ بَنْبِرُ لَبُوا (ض) to upbraid

by nickname in order to insult him

لَا تَنَابَزُوْا بِالْأَلْقَابِ

Do not call one another by nickname. [49:11]

ن ب ط 🖈

بَسْتَنْبِطُوْنَ x. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x. حَسْتَنْبِطُوْنَ thay discover, think out مَنْعُلُ مَنْهُ طَأْ وَ نُوُطاً (ضِ

to gush or flow out (water)
to invent x استنبط <<
(something), discover

ن بع ★

<a fountain, a spring (n.) يَنْبُوعاً of water

* 1 5 0

the stars, coll- (1) (n.) ectively

نَجَمَ يَنْجُمُ نَجُوُماً (ن)

to appear, rise

وَعَلَمْتٍ وَبِالنَّجْمِ هُمُ يَهْمَدُنَ

And (also) landmarks as by the stars they are guided. [16:16]

a star (2)

والنجير إذاهوى

By the star when it setteth.
[53:1]

(according to some commentators the word النَّجَةُ here too means stars, collectively as a noun النَّجُومُ (إِنْهُمُ الْمِلْفُونُ stars (n. p.)

herbs (3)

والتَّجُهُ وَالشَّجَرُيَسُجُلْنِ

And the herbs and the trees do obeisance. [55:6]

ن ج و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

نَهَا يَنْجُو نَجُوا وَ نَجَاءًا وَ نَجَاةً (ن)

(1) to be saved, delivered. rescued, escape, go free_ ...



Injil (Gospel) (n.)

(Injil, which is referred to in the Quran, is not at all identical with the new

Testament or even Four Gospels of the Christian Church. Injil, according to the teachings of Islam, was a Book sent down on Jusus (on whom be peace) and not a collection of reports and stories (about him) compiled at dubious dates by unknown persons—undesigned and unforescen in the apostolic age (Jid. quoting EBr. III,

p. 513).

The New Testament, according to the Christian belief, far from being the revealed Word of God, was or is a 'Book' destined for publication and multiplication... Sentences may have been abbreviated or expressions changed. It was similar to the Gospels, when the first collection of saving of Jusus or the first narrative of his deeds was set down in writing; the next who copied it might feel inclined to enlarge it or to change any detail according to the form in which he had heard it, without any bad intention.

بجنا

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we delivered (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)iv, w.v. delivers he delivereth him (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv,w.v. ~ delivers ب تنجئ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) vi, w.v. we deliver ب. تُنج iv. w.v. (imperf. Ist p. plu.) f.d. we deliver (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iii, w,v. < ve whisper ito whisper, iii أجل مُناجأة to confide a sccret to إذانا حنث الرسال When ye go to wishper with the apostle. [58:13]

(pref. 2 p. m. plu.) vi, w.v. ye whisper together

نَتُنَاحَ نَ w.v. نَ نَتَاحَ وَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. they whisper together

(perate m. plu.) vi, w.v. | ye (should) whisper!

لأ تَـنَّأَجَوْا vi. w.v (perate neg. m. plu.) ye (should not) whisper or do not whisper

اک (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. one who is saved (f.d.)

deliverance (v.n.) w.v.

نَهَا يَنْجُوْ نَجُوا وَ نَجُولِي وَ نَاجِيْ مُنَاجَاةً to confide a secret to

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou hast escaped

~delivered ii, w.v. (The verb is written with when affixed to a pro-(بِعَاكَمْ، بِعَاناً ، فِعامَ noun as (perf.Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. delivers

we delivered

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v. we deliver, we shall deliver

(imperf.Ist.p.plu.)el.ii,w.v. we shall surely deliver

(perate. m. sing.) ii w.v. deliver! affixed to a pronoun as:

deliver me

deliver us

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. was delivered

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. delivered affixed to a pronoun as:

> delivered us ~you

and so on

(pref. 2 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. thou delivered

وَكَا نُوْا يَنْ عِنْ مِنَ الْحِبَالِ الْبُوتَّا الْمِنْانَ And they were hewing out houses from mountains (feeling) secure. [15:82]

ن ح د 🖈

(perate 2 p. m. sing.) <<p>(thou) sacrifice!

نَحَرَ يَنْحَرُ نَحُراً وَتَنْحاَراً (ف) to slaughter, sacrifice (an animal), to injure the jugular vein

ن ح س *

عِس مِنْحَسُ مُحَسَّاً / نَّمُسَ مُحُوْسَةً يَّسِسُ بَنْحَسُ مُحَسًّاً / نَّمُسَ مُحُوْسَةً to be unlucky,

inauspicious, fatal, of evil men

inauspicious (n.p.) عَمَاتُ smoke (n.)

(smoke without flame that rises high and of which heat is weak).

* 7 5 0

the tee (n.)

<a gift (v.n.)</p>
عَلَ يَنْحَلُ عُلاً (ف)

to make a gift, dower a women, make a wedding gift (act. pic.) acc. w.v. the act of counselling together

counselling (v.n.) w.v. النَّجُولَى (in secret)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) w.v., n.d. deliverers

إِنَّامُنِّعُوْكَ

Verily We are to deliver thee.
[29:33]

ن ح ب ★

< a vow (v.n.)

نَحِبُ غَبُّ (ض) to weep, to cry, to vow

قضىغبه

He hath fulfilled his vow. (i.e., by offering up his life for Allah's cause—a metaphorical usage, meaning courted death). [33:23]

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تَنْجِنُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَنْجِنُونَ < ye hew

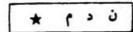
غَمَّ بَنْجِتُ | بَنْحُتُ | غِمَّ بَنْحَتُ

to cut, hew, (س، س) نَعْمًا (ن، ض، س) carve (stone, etc.) shape, work (wood), emaciate

يَنْحِيُّونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَنْحِيُّونَ they hew

نَدَّ نَدُّ نَدَّا (ض) to flee (assim.) to run away (a camel)

(one who can run away from God's command and establish his own sovereignty against God's order mata. idols (Lis. etc.)

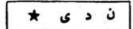


(act. pic. plu.) نادمين

(sing.) ادم <remorseful >> نَدِمَ بَنْدَمُ نَدْماً وَنَدَامَةً (س)

to regret as a result of a sinful act

(According to Lis., I.Q. 'A sinful act may be followed by either of two painful feelings; one is called remorse but in that there is no merit. The other is known as repentance 4 Thus is not repentance as translated by some authors.)



نادى (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii, w.v <~called out (1)

نَادِي يُنَادِي مُنَادَاةً

to call it with another in a assembly

(Note: R.F. is not used in this meaning.) 654

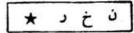
(synonymous with meaning a free gift (I.Q.)

وَاتُواالنِّيمَاءَ صَدُ قَتِهِنَّ نِحُلَّةً

And give unto women their dowries as a free gift.

[4:4]

(It should not be confused with the 'price of bride' as customary in the ancient world.)



<crumbled (n. sing.)</pre> decayed (bones)

نَغِرَ مَنْغُورُ نَغِوَا (س)

to be rotten, decayed, carcass, (bone, wood)

خ ل

النحلة

النخار

< the palm-tree (n.)

as below يَغْيِلُ ، تَغْلُ as below

palm trees, (n. p.)

also, date-palms, acc. date-stone

date-palms

ن 2

compeers, like, equal, (n.p.) [1] match

(sing.)

	2.11.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.
(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. ii we cried unto	نادين
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii calls	بُناَدِیْ
when referred to the w.v. (hereafter it means 'will call'	بُنَادِ(ي
(perate. plu.) ii,w.v.	مَ ادِوُ ا
(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii was cried unto	ۇ ئۇدى
(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. ii they were cried unto	ئۇدۇ ا
referring to the hereafter 'the shall be cried unto'	y
(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v, ii they will be cried unto	يُناَدَوْنَ
(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. vi they cried out unto each othe	تَـنَادَوُا r
(Ap-der m. sing.) w.v.(s	الْمُنُكَادِ(
acc. w.v	مُنَادِياً
a call, a cry (v.n.) w.v	يَدَاءُ
assembly $(n. p.) w.v.$	کادِی
company (n. p.) acc. w.v. fellows of an assembly	نَدِباً
mutual calling (v.n.) w.v, iv	التَّنَّادُ
تؤمرًالسَّنَادِ	
The day of the hereafter when men will cry unto each	

[40:32]

وَنَادِٰى نُوْحُ إِبْنَهُ Nuh called out hi

And Nuh called out his son.
[11:42]

cried (2)

إِذْ نَادُى رَبَّهُ نِنَا أَءٌ خَفِيًّا

(Recall) what time he cried unto his Lord with a secret cry. [19:3]

When referred to the hereafter the perfect tense takes the meaning of a future tense e.g.

وتنادتي أخطب الجننة أغطب التأر

And the fellows of the Garden shall cry unto the fellows of the fire. [7:44]

(com.) نَادَى + نَا = نَادَانا	نادانا
he cried upon us	
(com.) الأدى + ها = ناد ها	فأدآهآ
(com.) نَادَى + مُمَا = نَادَاهُما	نَادَاهُمَا
(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ii called to	فأدت
(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. ii they cried	نَادُو ا

(perf, 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. ii ye called for

when ye call for إِذْ نَادَيْتُمْ

100

other.

أَنْذَرُتُ (perf. Ist. p. sing.) I warned (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we have warned (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv warns it may/in order to el. iv. (imperf. 3 p. m. phu.) iv they warn they may/in el. iv order to warn لتنذر thou may/in el. iv order to warn ye warn juss. iv Whether thou warnest them or warnest them not. [2:6] أنذر (perate. m. sing.) iv thou warn! (perate. m. plu.) iv you warn! (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they had been warned (pip. 3 p. m. plu.) el. iv منذروا they might be warned (or) they in order to be warned

يُسْذَرُونَ pip. 3 p. m. plu.) iv يُسْذَرُونَ

ڻ ذ.ر ★

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) نَذَرُتُ vowed
الْكَرَ بَنْدُرُ الْبَنْدِرُ لَنْدُرا وَ لُنُورا

to dedicate, (ن، ض)

consecrate to God, to
make a yow

نَدُوْ ثُمُ (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) بَذُوْ ثُمُ ye took vow of ~

رم رو vows (n. p.)

ثُعَلِيقَصُواتَفَ مَهُمْ وَلَيُونُوالْنَاوُورَهُمْ

Thereafter let them end their unkemptness and fulfil their vows. [22:29]

(Note: vow is also an obligation imposed by self-will or through religious order. (Zry.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

أَنْذُرَ إِنْذَاراً to warn, iv

call attention to, show the danger to to come. R F. is not used in this sense, but the verbal nouns resembling the forms of triliteral have occured in the H.Q. such as the below.

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv الْكُرُّتُ thou warned

they are warned

When they are وَإِمَا يُؤِنُّ وَرُونَ

warning (v.n.) acc. iv

warned. [21:45]

أندَ

وَنَزَعَ بَدَاهُ فَإِذَاهِيَ بَيْضَآ أُولِللَّظِينَ

And he drew forth his hand, when lo! it was white unto the beholders. [7:108]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) [is]

we extract

وَنَزَعْنَاْمَانِيُ صُدُورِهِمْ مِنْ عِلَ

And We shall extract whatsoever of rancour there may be in their breasts. [7:43]

we (shall) take (2)

وَنَزَعُنَامِنْ كُلِ أُمَّا فِي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّه

And We shall take out from every community a witness. [28:75]

withdraw (3)

ۅؘڷڕ۪ڹٛٱۮؘڡٞٮ۬ٲڵٳؽ۬ٮۘٵؽڝؾٵڔۻڎڰؙۻٛۺٙػٛ ٳٮۧٷڮؿٷۺڰٷٷ

And if We cause man to taste mercy from Us and thereafter withdraw it from him, verily he is despairing, blasphaming. [11:9]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) divests, strips off

ػؽؖٲٲڂٛڿۜٲڹۊؘڲٷٛ ڡۣؽؘٵڵۼٮۜٞڐؾؘڵڒۣۼؙۼٮ۠ۿؙڡٵڸڹٵڛؘۿڡؙٵ

As he drove forth your parents from the Garden, divesting the twains of their garment. [7:27] نَدُرِ (ی) my warning (د.ی dropped (د.ی) warning (د.ی warner (1) (act. 2 pic.)

فَقَدُجَاءَكُوْبَشِيُرُوْتَنَذِيْرٌ

Surely hath come to you a bearer of glad tidings and a warner. [5:19]

warning (2)
of pronoun is dropped
in the following verse

فَسَتَعْلَكُونَ كَيْفَ نَذِيْر

Ye shall know what (wise or what terrible) was My warning. [67:17]

warner (Ap-der. sing.) iv مُنْذِرُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) nom. iv مُنْذِرُوْنَ warners

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. iv مُنْذِرِينَ

(pis. pic. m. plu.) acc. iv مُنذَدِينَ those who were warned

see ز و ا

يُزْدَادُ

نزع

ن دع *

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

نَزَعَ يَنْدِعُ نَزْعًا (ض) وَ نَزَّعَ ،،

to draw forth, take away, to pluck out, bring out, snatch away, remove, strip off, tears off

تنازقن

they snatch (2) (from one another)

يتنازعون فيهاكأسا

they will therein snatch from one another a cup. [52:23]

eager (n.) ints.
eager to roast زَاعَةُ الشَّوٰى
draggers (act. pic. f. plu.) النَّازِعَاتِ
i.e., who drag forth soul from
the bodies according to the
orders given to them by
Allah. meta. angels

ن زغ ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ made strife (نَغَ بَنْزَغُ بَرْغًا (ف

to incite to evil, to foment discord between, to make strife, to slander, sow dissensions

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) sows discord

إِلَّا لَيْنَا لَانَ يَافِرُ عُ بَيْنَهُمُ

The devil soweth discord among them. [17:53] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) e.n. ~ prompt

to prompt يَثِنَ with

وَاتَمَا يَنْوَعَنْكَ مِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ نَزُعٌ فَاسْتَعِنْمِ اللَّهِ

And if a slander from Satan wound prompt thee, then seek refuge in Allah. [7:200] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing). thou takest away

we surely e.p.l لُنْزِعَنَ draw (aside)

iii, e.m.p. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they (should) dispute الْزَعَ مُنَازَعَةً وَ يَزَاعً to dispute, fight, quarrel

لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ جَعَلْنَامَنْ مَنْكُمُاهُوْ نَاسِكُوهُ فَلَايْنَالِثَقَاهَ فِي الْأَمْنِ

Unto every community We have appointed a rite which they perform, let them not therefore dispute with thee.

[22:67]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) vi الْمُنَازَعُورُ <they disputed (or) they debated each other to quarrel, vi اتنازَعَ تنازَعً تنازعً fight each other

ر (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) المَنْازُعْتُم (ye disputed

لاً تَنَازَعُوا (perate. neg. phu.) لاً تَنَازَعُوا do not dispute each other

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَقْنَازَعُونَ they dispute (1)

إذ يَنَازَعُونَ بَينَهُ وَأَمْرَهُ وَ

(Recall) what time they were disputing among themselves regarding their offering. [18:21] ؠؗڒؖڵ

send down (2)

وَ ثُنَّ لِنَاعِدُ لِنَاعِدُ اللَّهِ كُذًّا

And had We sent down a Book [6:7]

to revel in slow (3) deliberation (piecemeal)

> وَقُذَانَافَدَ قُنْهُ لِتَقْرَآهُ عَلَى النَّاسِ عَلْمُكُثِ وَنَوْ أَنَّهُ مُنَّا وَلَكُمْ

And this is a recitation which We have made distinct that thou mayest recite it unto mankind with delay an We have reveled it at intervals. [17:106]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, acc. that has sent down

يُنزَّلُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii sends down

مُنَّزِّلَ تُنزِّلَ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii, acc. that they may send down

مُنَدِّلُ لُ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) ii we send down

did not (juss) ii send down

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii was sent down

has been reveled - 16-

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) was reveled

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

slander, prompting (v.n.)

(pip. 3 p. f. plu.) <they are made mad تَنْزِفُ نَزْفًا (ض)

to entirely exhaust or be exhausted (as well)

رف يُزف برك ، pp./pp أَنْوَفَ إِنْوَافًا .iv.

to lose one's senses, be made drunk, be silenced in argument

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they will (not) be senseless (drunk)

> J 3 ن

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~has come down

to descend, to come down

to revel

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~descends

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ~ has sent down to send down, ii كُزُّلُ تَنْوِيْلاً

١٠٠ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we have reveled (1)

والمناعل عكونا We have reveled unto Our

[2:23] bondman.

AIRECT .
(Note: the from مُعَنَّرُ is of a feminine singular but
is used for plural as a
group)
(imperf. p. f. sing.) v
comes down (the initial
of) imperfect tense is dro- pped for easy pronuncia-
tion which is called
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُتَنَوَّلُ comes down
that which is (n.)
prepared for a guest, acc.
entertainment, an abode, food or a drink
one descent (n. unity)
وَلَقَتَدُوا الْمُنْزَلَةُ ٱخْرَى
And assuredly he saw him at another descent [53:13]
وَ النَّزْلَةُ : الْمَرَّةُ مِنَ النُّزُولِ وَ تَقُولُ
لَمُلْتُ ذُلِكَ ثَرَالًةً أَى مَرَّةً .MJQ
i.e., Ti is a noun of unity
from it also denotes
the meaning of 'once'
(n. pt. plu.) acc. مَنَادِلَ stations, mansions
مَنْزِلٌ (sing.) مَنْزِلُ
(Ap-der. m. sing.) ii مُزَلُّ a sender down

لَنْ يُنَوَّلَ to be reveled or	ĺ.,
revelation to be sent down (to him)	ı
(the Quran) v.n, ii the revelation	مَنْزِ بْلُ
reveling (v.n. ii,) acc.	تَنْزِيْلاً
(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~sent down	أنزَل
(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I sent down	أَزُلْتُ
(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye sent down	أَزُلُّمُ
(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv we sent down	أُزَلْنا
(imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv I shall send down (with of future tense)	سَأَيْدِلُ
(perate. m. sing.) iv	أَيْرِل
(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv what is sent down or reveled	أَيْوِل
(pp 3 p. f. sing.) iv that is reveled or sent down (in plural or feminine singlar)	
(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v brought down	تَنَزَّلَتْ
وَمَاتَنَكُلَتْ بِهِ الشَّيْطِينُ And satans have not brought	
down. [26:210]	1
(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v they shall come down	تَنَدُّرُ
	2273

نَسَأَ يَسْأُ نَشاأً وَيَسْياً (ف) to delay (h.v) Life postponement of a sacred month to another month was an invention of the idolatrous Arabs, wherby they avoided keeping a sacred month, when it suited not their convenience, by keeping a profane month in its stead, transferring, for example, the observance of Muharram to the succeding month of Safar (Baidwai).

a staff n. inst. h.v مُنْسَأَةً

< kinship v.n., acc. نَتَ يَنْتُ نَسَاً وَ يِنْبَةً (ض) to give or ask one's genealogy

to attribute, ascribe to - 31 -

<relationship n.p. انات or kinships

(sing.)

ن س خ 🖈

نَسْمَةُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~abolishes

نَسَخَ بَنْسَخُ نَسْخًا (ف)

to rule out, abrogate, to copy

(pis. pic. m. sing.) ii what has been reveled or sent (down)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, nom. who causes to descend, (1) send down, make to come down

إِنَّا مُنْزِلُونَ عَلَى آهُلِ هٰذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ يجزَّاقِنَ السَّسَاَّ،

Verily We are about to bring down upon the inhabitants of the city a scourge from the Heaven. [29:34]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, acc. a recaiver of guests, (2) those who provide hospitality

الَا تَوَوْنَ أَنْ آُوُفِي الْكَيْلَ وَانَاخَيْرُ لُمُنْذِ لِيْنَ Behold ye not that I give full measure and that I am

> the best of entertainers. [12:59]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) landing place

وَقُلُ زَبِ أَنْزِلِنِي مُنْزَلًا مُنْكِا

And say thou: my Lord cause me to land at a landing blest. [23:29]

(pis. pic. m. phu.) those who are sent down

postponement (v.n.) h.v.

ن س ك ★

<a rite (n.) حُلُّ

(slaughtering an animal by way of sacrifice)

نَسَكَ بَنْسُكُ مُسْكًا وَ مَنْسَكًا (ن) to lead a devout life, to be pious

(act. pic. m. plu./pron. n.d.) أَيْكُونُ performers of it

اِكُلِّى أُمَّاةٍ جَعَلْنَا مَنْسَكًا هُوْنَا سِكُوهُ

Unto every community We have appointed a rite (a certain way of sacrificing) which they perform. [22:67]

a ritual (v. min.) acc. مُنْسَكًا (rite of sacrifice)

را (n. pt. plu.) مناصك places for sacrifice in performing Haj, generally, rites and ceremonies of Haj.)

ن س ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَنْسِلُونَ <they hasten out

نَسَلَ يَنْسُلُ نَسْلاً (ن)

to beget, be fruitful in progeny

>> نَسَلَ يَنْسُلُ نَسُلَاناً (نَ)

to hasten

the cattle (v.n.) النَّسْلُ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu) (juss.) we abolish

(imperf. Ist. p. plu) x we trancribe

we used to trancribe كُنّا نَسْتُنْسِعُ
inscription (n.)

وَفِي نُسُعَتِهَا هُدُى وَدَحْمَةً

And in the inscription thereon was guidance and merey. [7:154]

* * * *

Nasr. (p.n.) acc.

Nasr, the vulture god, was an idol of the Himyarites. The vulture worship of the Arab is attested by the Syriac dectrine of Addai. (Jid.)

ان س ف 🖈

ر (imperf. p.m. sing.)

<~will scatter

نَسَفَ بَنْسِفُ نَسَفاً (ض)

to uproot, reduce to power,

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) epl. لَنْسِفُنَّ we shall surely scatter

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) reduced to powder

(v.n.) acc. the act of scattering or reducing to powder

662

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. منطق س forgets	-
(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. thou forget	-
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. نُسَوْنُ ye forget	
(perate,neg.m.sing.) f.d.w.v. آتُنْسَ thou forget not	
(perate. neg. p. plu.)w.v. آتَنْسَوْا ye forget not	1
(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. ننسیٰ we forget	
we forget them تُنْسَامُ	
we forget you مُنْسَاكُمْ	•
نسنی (pip. 2 p.m. sing) thou art forgotten نسوا (کمّ) w.v.vi	i
(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they caused (you to) forget	
w.v. iv (پنیه) (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) he made (me to) forget (it) the word is a compound one	i
أَنْهَا + نِنْ + هِ	
he made forget ÷ me + it he made him to forget	
he made (them) أُنْسَامُ	
w.v. iv (هَا) w.v. iv (أَشْيَقُ (هَا)) we cause (it) to be forgotten	
ينسيَقَ w.v. iv, emn.	

وَيُهْ إِلَّ الْمُحَرِّثَ وَالنَّمُلُ

He destroys the crops and the cattle. [2:205]

progeny (2)

ثُعَيَّعَلَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلْلَةِ مِنْ مَلْ مَنْ مَلْ مَعِيْنِ

Then He made his progeny from an extract of water base. [32:8]

ن س و ★

women (n. p.) وُسُوَةً (there is no singular of this word from the root)

women (n. p.)

ن س ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. منعنی مناسع (perf. 3 p.m. dual.) w.v. السیاً (perf. 3 p.m. dual.) w.v. السیاً (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. السیاً (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. السیات (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. السیات (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v.

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v. وُنَيِنْ I forgot

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. نيبتم ye forgot

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. we forgot

663

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

causes to forget

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, h.v. الْنَشِوْنَ grower

(pis. pic. f. plu.)iv,h.v. الْنُشَاتُ

وَلَهُ الْجَوَارِ الْمُنْتَثَثْثُ فِي الْبَحْدِكَالْأَعْلَامِ

His are the ships with elevated sails upon the sea like mountains. [55:24]

ن ش ر 🖈

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) أَشِرَتْ <is/are laid upon

نَشَرَ يَنْشُرُ نَشْراً وَ نُشُوْراً (ن) to spread out, to resuscitate, bring back to life, to be extended, lay open, to

unfold

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) نشر will spread

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَنْشَرُ brought to life

Then, when He will, He brought him again to life. [80:22]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أَنْشَرُنَا we brought (into life)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُنْشِرُونَ they raise the dead

أَوِ اَعَنَدُوْاَالُهَهُ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ هُمُ يُلْوُرُونَ Or have they chosen gods from the earth who raise the dead. (i.e. who bring to life.) [21:21] يُنْسِيَنَّكَ caused thee to forget

forgotten one (v.n.)w.v.acc.

pic. pac. w.v. acc.

become forgotten (lost in oblivion)

(act. pic.) w.v. acc.

ن ش أ ★

الشنة (act. pic. f. sing.) h.v.

rising (in the meaning of a verbal noun)
hair fair fair fair [

نَهَا ۚ يَنْشَأَ ا نَفُوَ يَنْفُؤُ نَشَأً وَ نَفُوْماً وَ نَفْأَةً (ف،ك)

to grow up (child), live, originate, rise, to create

نُشِّقَ وَ أُنْشِقَ to be brought up

growth أَنْشَأَةُ

(pip. 3 p.m. phu.), ii h.v. ↓

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, h.v. اَنْهَا

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, h.v. ye made to grow

(perf. Ist. p.m. plu.) iv, h.v. we created

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv,h.v.

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, h.v. we raise, bring

creation (v.n.) iv, h.v. acc.

نَشَرَ يَنْشُرُ مُ يَنْشِرُ نُشُوْزاً (ن، ض) to hate, rebel against

ن شط 🖈

(act. pic. f. plu.) النَّاشِطَاتُ <releasers (f.)

نَشَعا يَنْفُعا نَشْطاً (ن)

to go out from a place, (draw up a bucket at one pull)

to act of drawing النَّشِطُ up quickly and easily

releasing v.n. acc.

وَالنَّشِطْتِ نَشُطًا

By the angels who release (souls of believers) with (gentle) release or by those who gently draw out the souls of the believers.

[79:2]

ن ص ب *

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) <(they are) fixed, firm, rooted, set up.

(1) (ن، ن أَضُبُ نَصْباً (ض، ن) to fix (a plant, tree, stone) in the soil, to raise, establish

(2) (س) نَصَبُ نَصَبُ لَصَا to use diligence, to be instant, to toil, labour (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii يَتْشِرُونَ ye spreading (yourselves)

اَنْتَشِرُوْا com. viii ف + اَنْتَشِرُوْا (perate. m. plu.) disperse

النَّاشِرَاتُ (act. pic f. plu.) النَّاشِرَاتُ spreading ones

وَّالْغُشِرْتِ مَثَثَّرًا By the spreading (winds.) [77:3]

spreading (v.n.) acc. أَشُرُا the resurrection (v.n.) أَنْ النَّهُ وَ الْمُراكِةِ الْمُراكِةُ الْمُراكِةِ الْمُراكِيةِ الْمُراكِةِ الْمُراكِيةِ الْمُراكِيةِ الْمُراكِةِ الْمُولِي الْمُو

(pact. pic. m. sing.) سنشور unfolded

(act. pic.) acc. آمنشورا

(pis. pact. f. sing.) ii مُنَشَّرَةٌ spread open

(pis. pact.m. phu.)acc. iv
 brought up (or) are/
 will be raised

(pis. pact. m. sing.) viii that which spreads itself out

ن ش د ★

<rise up (perate. m. plu.) انشرواً</p>

نَشَرَ يَنْشُرُ نَشْراً (ن) to be high, lifted up, rise up

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv نَشِيرُ we make stand up

a stone used by the (3)
pagan Arabs on which
they made sacrifices, the
altars, idols

وَمَاذُبِحَ عَلَى النَّصُبِ

And that hath been slaughtered on the idols (or the altars.) [5:3]

<idols, images or (n. p.) أَنْمَابُ</p>

(sing.) أَوْ نِمَابٌ (Lis.) أَمُبُ أَوْ نِمَابٌ (Lis.) أَمُابُ or أَمَابٌ or is generally translated as idols. The commentator Daryabadi observed that it was 'atar', a sacred stone where pagans used to offer slaughters

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) a part, portion

ن ص ت 🖈

(perate. m. plu.) iv انصنوا < keep quiet in order to listen

نَصَتَ يَنْصِتُ نَصْناً (ض) وَ أَنْصَتَ إِنْصَاناً

to keep quiet in order to listen to, hear

ن ص ح 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) خصورا <they wished well, they were sincere

وَإِلَى الْبِعِبَالِ كَيْفَ نُصِبَتُ

(Look they not) and at the mountains how they are fixed firm. [88:19]

(perate. m. sing.) (فَ) انْصَبْ (toil, labour!

فَاذَا فَرَغْتَ فَانْصَبُ

And when thou has finished (thy preaching still) labour hard, (or) toil (in prayer). [94:7]

labour, toil n.v. nom.

labour)

acc.

(act. pic. f. sing.) (act. pic. f. sing.) toiling, worn (i.e., fatigued by the most unavailing

calamity (n.)

إِذْنَا دٰى رَبَّهُ أَنِّى مُتَسِنِى الشَّيْطُنُ بِنُصُبِ قَعَذَابٍ

When he cried unto his Lord: verily the Satan hath touched me with affliction (or calamity) and suffering. [38:41]

<standards (1) (n. p.)

نِعَابُ (sing.) نِعَابُ a goal (sing.) كَأَنَهُمُ إِلَى نَصُبِ يُوفِيْضُونَ

As they are racing to a goal.
[70:43]

43]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) i -we delivered (1)

And We delivered him from the people who denied Our [21.77]

we helped (2)

signs.

وَنَصَرَنْهُمُ فَكَانُواهُ وَالْغِلِبِينَ

And We helped them so that they became the victors. [37:116]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) nom. will/would save or deliver

فَمَنْ يَنْضُرُنَا مِنْ بَأْسِ اللهِ إِنْ جَاءَنَا But who would save us from wrath of Allah should it [40:29] reach us.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. they may succour

(conditional phrase) gen. if~helps

ينصرون (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ينصرون they succour

تنصروا .f.d., acc

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye aid (the religion)

(imperf.3 p.m. sing.)emp.

surely he will succour (perate 2 p. m. sing.)

make~triumph _!16_

So make us triumph over the disbelieving people.

[2:286]

نَمَحَ يَنْفَحُ نُصْحاً (ف)-ل-

(1) to be pure, unmixed, to act sincerely

(2) to give sincere advice, to counsel

(perf. Ist p. sing.) I counselled sincerely

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) I sincerely counsel

(act. pic. m. sing.) good counseller

(act. pic. m. plu) ناصحون well wishers

(act. pic. m. plu) acc. الناصحين good counsellers

true and acc. أَمَنُوحُ الْمُعَادُ عَالَى true and acc. sincere (repentance)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) succoured

نَصَرَ يَنْعُمُ نَصْراً (ن) to assist, aid, succour, protect

- عَلَىٰ ، مِنْ - to cause one

to conquer an enemy, render victorious, deliver or succ-

نَصَرَ اللَّهُ مِنُ اللَّهُ عَلَى a faithful aided Allah

meta. i.e., his religion

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they succoured

ڬٲڎ۫ڿڷٷڹؘٲڗٵڎڡٚػڔٛۼڽٟۮٷ ڮۿؙٷؿڽؙۮٷڹ۞ڶڰؙۄٲۮ۫ڝۘٵڗٵ

Then they were made to enter a fire, then they found not for themselves besides Allah (any) helpers. [71:25]

Ansar (2)

وَالسَّيِعُونَ الْأَوْلُونَ مِنَ الْمُعْجِوِيْنَ وَالْأَنْصَارِ

And the first ones among Muhajirs (emigrants) and Ansar (their helpers).

[9:100]

'auxiliries,' is an honorary distinction applied to those of the inhabitants of Madina Munawwarah who were first to extend assistance to the Holy prophet (peace be upon him) and who gave a hearty welcome to the emigrants, fraternizad with them and defended the Holy prophet with their money and lives.

أَنْسَارِيْ (أَنْسَارِ+يْ com.) my helpers

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) vi مَنَاصَرُونَ ye succour one another

مَالَكُوْلَا تَنَاصَرُفْنَ

What aileth you that ye succour not one another? [37:25]

(perate. 2 p. m. plu.) انصروا (you) succour

يُفْعَرُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُفْعَرُونَ they shall be succoured

په درون (pip. 2 p.m. phu.) تنصرون you shall be succoured

النَّصُرُ | نَصْرُ | نَصْرُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

helper (act. pic. m. sing.)

أهلكنه فألكنا وركهم

We destroyed them and there was no helper of theirs.

[47:13]

protector acc. I , i

فيعلين من أضعف تاوير

Then they shall know who were weaker in protectors.
[72:24]

أَصِرِيْنَ helpers (act. pic. m. phu.) أَصِرِيْنَ

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc. آمنور منفور

(pact. pic. m. plu.) الْنَصُورُونَ ~are succoured

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

نَامِرٌ is an intensive form of نَعِيْرُ

أَنْصَارٌ its plural is

أَنْصَارٌ (نَصِيْرٌ b. p. of) helpers (1) ن ص و 🖈

النَّامِيَّةُ / نَامِيَّةٌ (m.) forlock

(forelockes (n. p.) النَّو اصِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

نَاصِتُهُ (sing.)

نَمَاً يَنْفُوْ نَصُواً (ن)

to seize one by the forelock

ن ض ج 🖈

(perf 3 p. f. sing.) خَبْعَتْ <~cooked

to be (س) نَضَجُ نَصَجاً done, cooked, to be thoroughly burnt and whose sensibility has been dead

ن ض خ ★

(elative n. dual) نَمْنَا خَتَانِ gushing forth (fountains)

نَعْنَخَ يَنْفُنخُ نَفْخاً (ف)

to sprinkle water on, irrigate, gush out, (spring)

ن ض د ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) خينية piled one over another,
ranged

نَفَدَ يَنْفِدُ فَشْداً (ض)

to pile up one over the other (carpets, cushions, goods etc.) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ختصرًا vindicated himself
to avenge viii اتّصَرَ اتصاراً oneself, vindicate or deliver oneself

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اَنْتَصَرُوْا they vindicated themselves

أَنْتَصِرُوْنَ they vindicate themselves

(imperf. 2 p.m. dual.) viii

you (twain) defend themselves

(perate. m. sing.) viii انْـتَصِرُ (I beg thee to) vindicate (me)

مُنْتَصِرٌ (Ap-der. m. sing.) x one who is able to defend himself

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. those who are able to defend themselves

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x منتصرً ~asked for aid or succour

روا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they asked for aid or succour

نَصْرَ انِيٌّ / نَصْرَ انِيًّا . Christian (n.) acc.

النَّصَارِي (Christians (n. p.) كَثَرَ الْقُ (sing.)

ن ص ف 🖈

<the half (n.)

نصف ينصف نصفا (ن) to reach half its portion

ن ط ق 🖈

imperf. Ist p.m. sing.) يَنْطِقُ ~speaks

نَطَقَ يَنْطِقُ نُطُقاً (ض)

to speak, utter, articulate sounds

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَنْطِقُونَ (they speak

رَيْطِعُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) تَعْطِعُوْنَ ye speak

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv رافطق ~caused to speak

مَنْطِقٌ (v.n. mim.) مَنْطِقٌ

يَأْيُهُمُ التَّالَى عُلِيْدَا مَنْطِقَ التَّلِيرُ O people verily we have been

taught the diction of birds.
[27:16]

نظر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُغَلِّرُ المُحالِقِينَ المُعَلِّمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعَلِّمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعَلِّمُ المُعَلِّمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِمِي المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلِم

... !!! _

glanced i -

> نَظَرَ يَنْظُرُ نَظْرًا وَ مَنْظَرًا (ن)

to see, look at, - to gaze, observe, behold, consider, listen to, be patient towards, to wait, to look to

مُعْنُودٌ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مُعْنُودٌ ranged one over the other

وَطَلْحٍ مَّنْضُودٍ

And plantains landen with fruit. [56:28]

ن مش ر 🖈

brightness (n.)

نَظَرَ بَنْظُرُ وَ نَظِرُ

يَنْضَرُ نَضْراً وَ نَعْشَرةً (ن، س) to be (ن، س) soft, beautiful

shining (act. pic. f. sing.) أَضِرَةُ

ن ط ح *

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) خلفی التطبیعة the gored (by the horns of an animal)

نَطَحَ يَنْطُحُ نَطْحاً (ف)

to butt with the horns, gore (according to 'Ibne Aqil'

is not feminine form, it is a sign of changing form an adjective to nominative

ن ط ف 🖈

نُعَلَفَةٌ (n.) <a drop (semen) (n.) تُعَلِّفَةٌ (ن ، ض) نَطْفَ يَنْطُفُ وَ يَنْطِفُ نُعْلِفُ نُعْلِفًا (ن ، ض)

to flow softly,

trickle gently (water), pour out (a liquid) (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) juss. <should look to form of 3 p. f. is used for that is feminine

وَلُتَنظُرْ لَعُسُ مَالَدَتُكُ لِعَدا

And let every soul look to that which it sendeth on before for the morrow.

[59:18]

(imperf. 1st. p.m. plu.) تَنْظُرُونَ ye looked on

وَآغُرُفُالُغُونُ وَٱلْنَعُونَ الْمُعْرُونَ

And drowned Firawn's folk while ye looked on (i.e., in your sight). [2:50]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) juss. I look at

قَالَ رَبِّ أَرِنَ أَنْظُرُ إِلَيْكَ

He said. My Lord show me (thyself) that I may gaze upon thee. [7:143]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) juss. we in order to see

(perate. m. sing.) look at! (1)

فانظن إلى طعامك وشرابك لويتسنة

Look at thy food and drink, they have not rotten.

[2:259]

look (think over) (2)

فَأَنْظُوْ مَاذَا سَرِّي

So look what thinkest thou!
[37:102]

وَإِذَا مَا أُنْزِلَتْ سُورَةً تَظَرَبَعْضُ مُم إِلَى بَعْضِ

And whenever a Surah is sent down they look at each other. [9:127]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) looks (at) (1)

لاَ يَنْظُرُ (n.g.) مُ

وكالجيجية المنه وكالينظر النهو

Nor Allah shall speak to them or look at them.

[3:77].

to find out (2)

فكينظر آيفا أزن طعاما

Let him find out which is the best food. [18:19]

to wait (3)

وَمَا يَنْظُو هُوُلّا و إِلَّا صَيْحَةٌ وَاحِدَةً

And those wait but for one shout. [38:15]

غَطْرُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they wait for أَنْ

هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ الكَّاآنَ يَأْتِيَكُمُ اللَّهُ

Will they wait until Allah comes to them [2:210]

(juss.) f.d. في (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
they consider

أوكون يُفُورُوان مككوني السَّمُوت والأرض

Have they not considered the governance of the heaven and the earth.

[7:185]

وَإِنْ كَانَ دُوعُسْرَةِ فَنظِرَةً إِلَى مَيْسَرَةٍ

And if one (the debtor) be in difficulties then let there be a deferment until easiness. [2:280]

(act. pic. f. sing.)

lit: observer

(one who waits and sees)

(perate. neg. 2 p.m. plu.)iv كَ تَظُوُو اللهِ do not respite

اَ مُنْظِرُونِ لاَ مُنْظِرُوْ (neg.) نَ + فِي respite me not (com.)

(perate. 2 p. sing.) respite!

respite me! رُقْقُ

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) iv بُنْظَرُوْنَ they will be respited

(pis. pic. m. plu.) عَنْظُرُونَ respited ones

(pis. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُنْظَوِيْنَ

النَّقُولُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)، viii مُنْقُولُ waits (waiting)

(parate, m. sing.) viii انتظر wait!

(O you) wait (O you) wait

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُنْتَظِرُونَ those who are awaiting

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. viii مُنْتَظِرِينَ those who are awaiting look upon (3)

لَاتَقُولُوادَاعِنَا وَقُولُوا انْفُارْنَا

Say not, 'listen to us' but say, 'look upon us' [2:104]

(perate. 2 p. m. plu.) نظرُوْا (O you) behold! (4)

فَانْظُرُوا لَيْفَكَانَ عَاقِبَهُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ

And behold what was the end of those who rejected truth! [3:137]

wait for (5)

انظرونانفتيس من توركم

Wait for us that we may borrow some of light.

[57:13]

(perate. 2 p. f. sing.) انظری consider!

فَانْظُرِي مَا ذَا تَأْمُونَى

So consider what thou will command. [27:33]

the look (v.n.)

يَنظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ نَظَرَ الْمُعَنِّينِ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمُونَتِ

They look at thee with the look of one swooning into death. [47:20]

a glance (n.)

مَنْظَرَنْظُرَةً فِي النُّحُوْمِ

The he glanced a glance on the stars. [37:88]

a deferment, (n.) a delay, a respite

نَظِرَهُ

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv thou hast bestowed (thy) grace (perf. Ist p. plu.) iv we have fevoured favour (v.n) < favours (n. p.) (sing.) < favours (p.b.) (sing.) favour (n.) (act. pic. m. sing.) النَّفِيمُ acc. أَنَّفِيمُ delight (جَنَّاتُ النِّعْبُمِ (garden of نَعَمُ (cattle (n.) أَنْعَامُ وَ نُعْمَانُ أنعام (cattle (n.p.) أنعام an irregular verb called verb of praise فعل المدح that means "to be excellent," thus نِعْمَ المؤلى means "He is the Excellent Master." how excellent a reward يغمّ الثُّوَابُ how excellent (are we) who spread it مَ الْمَاهِدُونَ (the earth) out verily how excellent (or gracious) were those who answered (i.e., we returned a grecious answer).

ن ح ewe (n.) <ewcs (n.p.)(sing.) slumber (n.) acc. thy shoes f. d. (n. dual) نعل + ل = نعلنك (com.) < delights, case, (n.) comforts نَعَمَّ بَنْعُمْ وَ نَعِمَ بَنْعَمُ نِعْمَةً (ف ، س) to live in ease, in comfort, lead a pleasaut life owners of case أُولُ النَّعْمَةِ (act. pic. f. sing.) delighted one (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii ~made prosperous

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv

has favoured with grace, 16 -

has blessed

نَفْحَ بَنْفَحُ نَفْحاً وَ نَفَحاناً (ف)

to spread its odour (perfume), blow (wind)

Note: indicates to the noun, thus means: a single breath

ن ف خ ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ breathed

نَفَخَ يَنْفُخُ نَفْخًا (ن)

to blow with the mouth

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) الفخت I breathed

1 breathed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) نخا we breathed

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.)

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) أَنْفُخ الله breathe (I blow)

breathe (1 blow)

blow! (perate m. plu.) اخوا (pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

~was/will be blown (pip. 3 p. m. sing.)

a single breath or (n.) مُنْعَدُنُهُ

ن ف د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) -exhausted

the sea would مُنْفِدَ الْبَحْرُ have exhausted

674

نِعِيًّا (نِعْمَ مَا - نِعِمْ مَا) how excellent is that

How excellent is the admonition that He gives you.

[4:58]

yea, yes (n.)

ن غ ض ★

الله (thus) they will مَيْنَفِضُوْنَ shake, wag

نَفَضَ يَنْفِضُ نَفْضاً وَ نُغُوْضاً (ض)

to move, be shaken, shake

أَنْغُضَ الرَّأْسُ to shake

the head in wonder or scorn

فَسَيْنْفِصُونَ إِلَيْكَ رُوُوسَهُ وَدَيْقُولُونَ مَنَى هُوَ

Then they will wag their heads at thee and say: when it will be? [17:51]

ن ف ٹ ★

لَنْفَا لَات (ent. f. plu.)

blower women

نَفَكَ بَنْفُيْتُ نَفَثاً (ن ، ض)

to blow in or on a thing (juggler, sorcerer), (with object) to spit out of the mouth

ن ف ح 🖈

<a breath (n.)

نَفْرَ يَنْفُرُ أ يَنْفِرُ أَفُورًا (ن، ض)

to grow wild, restive, runaway, be frightend, through fright, to go, march forth to war or to any cause

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. el. مَنْوُرُوا to march forth

وَمَا كَانَ الْمُؤْمِثُونَ لِينَغُرُوا كَأَنَّهُ

And it is not for the believers to march forth all together. [9:122]

(perate m. plu.) اَنْفُرُوْا march forth!

(imperf. 2 p .m. plu.) (f.d.) انْغُورُوْا ye march forth

the act of running (v.n.) away
or being a fugitive, acc.

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc.

تَفِيْرا

a company or number of men dealing with others as in war

، وَأَمْدُهُ مُنْهُمْ إِنْمُوالِ وَّ بَيِيْنَ وَجَعَلْنَكُوْ أَكُثَرَ نَفِيْرُا

We supported you with riches and childern and We made you a numerous concourse. [17:6]

people, a company of (m.)
men not exceeding ten nor
less then three

(Ap-der. f. sing.) x مُعَلِّقُونُ one who takes to flight, fugitive

نَفِدَ بَنُفَدُ نَفَاداً (س)

to be spent, consumed, exhausted

exhausted (perf. 3 p. f.sing.)

مَا نَفِدَتْ Could not be مَا نَفِدَتْ exhausted [31:27]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. ~(they) exhaust

f. sing. used for plural

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~exhausts or will be exhausted

ccasing (v.n.)

ن ف ذ ★

نَفَادٌ

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَفَدُّونَ <ye pass out of~

نَفَدُ يَنْفُدُ نَفْدًا وَ تَفَاذًا (ن)

to penetrate, to pass, go beyond

(acc. f.d.) نذوا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that ye pass out of

(perate. m. plu.) انْقُدُوْا go beyond!

ن ف ر ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

وَالصَالِكُونُ سَيِمَةً فَوَنُ تَعْسِكَ

And whatever of ill befalleth thee it is from thyself.

[4:79]

soul, in the sense (4) of One's inner desire or feeling

كَاكَانَ يُغْنِى عَنْهُمْ مِنَ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْهُ اِلْكَالَبَةُ رِقْ نَفْسِ يَغْقُوبَ تَضْهَا

It availed them not against Allah at all, it was only a craving in the soul of Ya'qub that he satisfied. [12:68]

willingly (5)

(Note: When used as adverb it means willingly)

فَإِنْ طِبْنَ لَكُوْعَنْ شَكَى وَيْنَهُ لَفُسًا

And if of themselves they give up aught thereof to you. [4:4]

versons, (n. p.) الْأَنْفُسُ persons, selves, souls as one's inner desire or feelings

نفس (sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v breathed

وَالصُّبُحِ إِذَاتَّنَكُسَ

And the dawn as it breathes away (the darkness).

[81:18]

ن ف س ★

A soul, a living (1) (n.) f. هُنُنُ soul

وَاتَعُوانِهِمَا لَاتَعَبْرِي فَفْنُ عَنْ نَفْسٍ شَيْمًا وَلَا يُقْبِلُ مِنْهَا شَفَاعَةً

And fear a Day (or guard yourselves against a Day) when no soul will in aught avail another nor will intercession be accepted from it. [2:48]

a person (2)

ێٙٲؿؙۿٵڶٮؿٙٲۺؙٳؾۘٞڠؙۊٵۯؾۘۘڲؙؙٚۮؚ۫ٳڷٙڹؽؙڂؘڵڡٙۜڪؙمؙ ؾؚڽؙۥٛؾٛڣ۫ڛۣڗٙٳڿۮٙ؋ۣ

O mankind! Fear your Lord who created you from a single person [4:1]

self (3)

its plural forms المُفُوسُ and are used to denote the reflective meaning. Thus

and the rest mean himself, themselves, itself, etc.

وَمَا أَبُرِي فَيْفِينَ إِنَّ النَّفْسَ لِكَتَارَةً بِالنَّوْ

Nor I exculpate myself Lo! the (human) soul enjoineth unto evil. [12:53]

ن ف ق *

<a hole in a (n.) acc. place from where there is an other exit

to be (نَ اَنْفُقُ اَنْفُقُ اَفْقاً (ن consumed, hidden, exhausted, spent

وَلَنُ كَانَ كَابُوعَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَإِنِ اسْتَطَعْتَ اَنُ تَبْتَعَىٰ نَفَقًا فِ الْأَرْضِ

And if their backsliding is hard upon thee, then seek out, if Thou canst, a hole (jerhoa) in the earth.

[6:35]

expenditure (n.)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii

played the hypocrite

to enter into iii its hole where are many
entrences (jerboa) and hence
to be a hypocrite in religion means, professing to
believe first one thing and
then another

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ili (

الْمُنَافِقُوْنَ الْمُنَافِقَيْنَ

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. iii those who are hypocrite

الْمُأْفِقَاتُ "

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iii hypocrite

النفاق

hypocrisy (v. n.) iii

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vi let~aspire, long for

(Ap-der. m. plu.) vi الْمُشَافِدُونَ aspires

ن ف ش 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

<~pastured

نَفَشَ بَنْفُشُ نَفْشُ أَفْشًا (ن)

to pick or pull into pieces (cotton or wool) with fingers, to flatter, pester,

(act. pic. m. sing.) الْمُغُوِّشُ carded one

ن ف ع 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

~profited

نَفَعَ يَنْفَعُ نَفْعاً (ف)

to profit, to be useful

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

∼profited

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

profits

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

will profit

(Will not profit (لا تَغْمُ)

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) ithey profit

profit (benefit) (v.n.)

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VVF

وَمِنَ الَّيْلِ فَنَهُجَدْبِهِ نَافِلَةً لَكُ

And of the night, keep the vigil therein as (an act of) supererogation for thee.

[17:79]

grandson (2)

وَوَهَنَّالَهُ إِسْحَقُ وَيَعْقُونَ نَافِلَةً

And we bestowed upon him Is-haq and Ya'qub as a grandson. [21:72]

< spoils or war (n. p.) (sing.) booty

مَسْتُلُونَكَ عَنِ الْأَنْفَالِ قُلِ الْأَنْفَالُ لِلْهِ وَالرَّكُولِ }

They ask thee concerning the spoils of war, say thou: the spoils of war are at the disposal of Allah and the Apostle. [8:1]

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. <they are expelled, they will be expelled

نَوْلُ يَنْوُهُ نَفْياً (ضُ to drive (ضَ away, to expel, cast out

piercing (v. n.) acc. digging through (a wall)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. Li warden, captain 678

in the act of (v.n.) iii acc. hypocisy

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ has expended انْفَقَ إِنْفَاقاً .to consume, iv. أَنْفَقَ إِنْفَاقاً

to expend (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv

thou hath expended

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they have expended

(pref. 2 p. m. plu.) iv ye have expended

(imperf. 3 p. sing.) iv ~expends

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv ye expend

(imperf.2 p.m. plu.)iv, acc. that ye expend

expend (prate. m. plu.) iv

expending (v.n.)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) those who expend

J

(act. pic. f. sing.)

< A supererogatory deed (1)

نَفَلَ يَنْفَأَرُ نَفْلاً (ن)

to give one a gift or present, give booty taken from the enemy, to do, or give over and above what is commanded or a gift over and above what is asked

نفأقأ

أنفقت

ن ق د *

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

was blown or was sounded

فَقَرَ يَنْقُرُ نَقْراً (ن)

to strike, injure one

النَّاقُورُ (n.) the trumpet

a groove in a a date-stone

acc. in the smallest matter)

ن ق ص 🖈

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing.) (imperf. 2 p. f. sing.)

فَعَسَ يَنْقُصُ نَقْصاً وَ نُقْصاَنا (ن)

to diminish decrease, run

they (عُ + f. d.) f. juss. مِنْفُورُا are diminishing (you)

hey abated nothing مُنْفُومُ أَنْفُومُ أَنْفُومُ مُنْ أَنْفُومُ مُنْ اللَّهِ اللَّ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we reduce

(pip. 3 p. m. sing) يُنْفَضُ ~is diminished

abate! (perate m. sing.)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْأَنْفُورُا give not short (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii خبيوا <they overrun (in the land)

run ii نَعْبَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

over the land, to pass or

wander through

ن ق ذ ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv < ~ delivered

to deliver, iv أَقْتَدُ إِنْقَادًا save, rescue from

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv

آفَانَتَ تُنْوِنُهُ مَنْ فِي النَّادِ.

Canst thou (O Muhammad) rescue him who is in the fire. [39:19]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv يُغْذُونُ they deliver, save

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they will be delivered (or saved)

وَلَاهُمُ يُنْعَنُّونَ

And they will not be saved.
[36:43]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)x, f.d. مِسْتَعْدُوْا they can rescue

وَلِنَ يَسُلُبُهُمُ الذُّبَاكِ شَيْئًا لَا يَسَتَنَقِذُوهُ مِنْهُ

And if the fly took something from them, they could not rescue it from him.

[22:73]

نَقْمَ بَنْفِيمُ / نَقِيمَ بَنْقَمُ نَفْماً (ض، س) وَ انْتَقَمَ _ - مِنْ وَ عَلَىٰ

to aveng oneself upon, punish, chastise, accuse, to develop hate

> وَمَانَقَتَهُوْا مِنْهُ وَالْآلَانَ يُؤْمِنُوْا بِاللهِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْحَمِيْدِ

And they persecuted them for naught save that they believed in Allah, the Mighty, the Praiseworthy.

[85:8]

they avenged (2)

And they avenged not except for (this) that Allah and His Messenger had enriched them. [9:74]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)
thou takest vengeance

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَغْمُونَ ye take vengeance

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) viii we took vengeance (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii

will take retribution
retribution (v.n.) viii

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُنْقِمُونَ avenger

ن ك ب 🖈

(act. pic. m. plu.) el لَنَا كِبُونَ certainly they are deviaters مَنْقُوْصُ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مَنْقُوْصُ diminished

diminution (v.n.)

ن ق ض ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) < < ~broke, (~unravelled)

نَفْضَ يَنْقُضُ نَقْضاً (ن)

to pull down, demolish (a house), break, (a contract), undo a thing, violate (a treaty), to unravel or untwist.

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) بَنْقُضُوْنَ they violate

(perate neg. m. plu.) الْاَ تَنْفُونُوا do not violate!

breaking (v.n.) مُعْنَىٰ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv اَنْقَضَى weighed down

ن قع ★

<dust (n.) acc. Lis

نَفَعَ يَنْفَعُ نَفْعاً (ف) to soak, macerate.

* (3)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) <they persecuted (1)

٦٨٠

only the contract of marriage.

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
marries

to marry أَنْ يَنكِخ juss.

(imperf. 2 p. f. plu.) that they (women) marry

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) انگوروا marry! (O you men)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) marry not (O you men)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv
I give in marriage

(perate.neg.m. plu.)

(O you men) give

(perate. m. plu.) انکخوا give in marriage

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x wish to marry

marriage (v.n.) acc. أَنْكَأَحُ / نِكَامًا

الكيكون فالكاكا

Those who find no means to marry. [24:33]

ن ك د ★

(odd act. pic.) acc. آيكداً niggardly, evil, scantily َكُبَ نِمُنُكُ نَكُبًا وَ *ٱ*نْكُوْبًا(ن) - عَنْ

to go aside or swerve from

<shoulders (n. p.)</p>
(a tract of country).

(sing.) shoulder مُنْكُبُّ

ن ك ٹ ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) حَكَفَ <-broke (oath)

ثَكَفَ بُنكُفُ تَكُنَّا (ن)

to break (a promise), violate (a treaty), untwist (a cord, unravel

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) الْكُوْرُا they broke (their oath)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) خنگ أ breaks (covenant)

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) بَكُونَ they break (the covenant)

the untwisted stands (n. p.) is of a rope

* 5 4 5

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

نَكُمَ بُنكِحُ نِكَاحًا (ض)

(According to lexiconology the word time means the sexual relation but in the Quranic glossary it denotes

You will have no place of refuge that Day nor there will be for you any denying (of your guilt). [42:47]

wrath (2)

لِلْكُفِرِيُنَ ثُمَّ إِخَذُ ثُهُمُ الْكُفِرِيُنَ ثُمَّ الْحَدُرُ ثُهُمُ الْكُفْ كَالْنَ بَكُارُ I gave rein to the infidels then I look hold of them. so how hath been My wrath. [22:44]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) مُنكُونَ those who do not recognize

denier (Ap-der. f. sing.)

stranger (pis. pic. m. plu.) نكرون (unknown)

(pis. pic. m. sing.) what is strange to the (1) human nature, false

They command that which is reputable and prohibit that which is disreputable.

[3:104]

reputable (opp.) disreputable

(pis. pic. m. sing.) acc. disputable (2)

إِنَّهُ فِي لَيْقُولُونَ مُنْكُرًا مِنَ الْقُولِ

Verily they utter a saying disputable. [58:2]

> نَكِدَ يَنْكُدُ نَكُدا (س)

to be hard, painful, to refuse what is asked, niggardly, having little water (with) little and scattered sowing (farm)

凸 ن

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~disliked (1)

نكرَ تُنكُومُ لكُوا وَ نَكُوراً (س)

to be ignorant, not to recognise, notto know, dislike. refuse to acknowledge

فَلَتَارَأَ أَيْدِيَهُمُ لَا تَصِلُ إِلَيْهُ نَكِوَ

And when he beheld that their hand reached it not. he disliked them (or felt mistrust of them).[11:70]

(elative. m. sing.) most disagreeable

إِنَّ أَنَّا الْأَصُواتِ لَصَوْتُ الْحَينِيرِ

Verily the most disagreeable of voices is the voice of the ass. (Y. Ali) abominable (Jid.) harshest (Pic.) [31:19]

meta, awful (v.n.)

painful acc. (lit. what is unbearable)

denier (1) (act. 2 pic. v.n.) (one who denies the fact)

أتكرَ



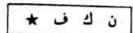




(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَنْكِمُونَ ye turn back

كُنْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَالِكُمْ تَنْكِصُوْنَ

Ye used to turn back on your heels. [23:66]



(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) x استنگفوا <-disdained

تَكُفَّ يَنْكُفُ تَكُفاً (ن) - عَلَىٰ to refuse, reject, abstain from

to be proud, اَسْتَنَكُفُ اسْتَنَكُفُ الْمُتَنَكُفُ الْمُتَنَكُفُ الْمُتَنَكُفُ الْمُتَنَكُفُ الْمُنْ الْمُتَنَكُفُ الله disdain (will not) disdain

ن ك ل *

<chastising (v.n. ii) acc.</p>

نَكَلَ بَنْكِلُ نَكَالاً (ض) - ب، عَنْ، مِنْ to chastise

to punish, ii to bring calamity upon such as

تَسْلِيْمٌ is as سَلاَمٌ

heavy fetters (n.p.) acc.

deterrent (1) (n.) acc.

فَجَعَلْنَهَا نُكَالَالْهَابَيْنَ يَدَيْهَا وَمَاخَلُفَهَا

And We made it a deterrent unto those of their day and those after them.

[2:66]

YK:1

YKI

ن ك س ★

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) مُزِكِسُوْا <they were made upside down

كَتَنَ يُنكُسُ نَكُساً (ن)

to upset, turn upside down

(act. pic. m. plu.) f.d. آکیسُوا those who turn upside down

وَلُوْتُرْكَى إِذِ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ نَاكِمُوُارُهُ وُسِهِمْ عِنْكَ

دَيْجِمَ

Couldst thou but see when the culprits shall hang their heads before their Lord. [32:12]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii, juss. تَنَكُسُنْ reverse

وَمَنْ نُعَيْدُوا الْكَلْمُهُ فِي الْخَلْقِ

And whosoever We grant long life, We reverse him in creation. [36:68]

ن ك ص ★

(pref. 3 p. m. sing.)

تَكَفَّسَ يُنْكُفُنُ إِيَّاكُمُنُ كَفَّسًا (ن، ض)

to fall back, retreat, withdraw from, desist

نكمَنَ عَلَىٰ عَقِبَيْنُهُ

He retreated upon his two heels. [8:48] تكف

> نَبَجَ بَنْبَحُ نَهْجًا (ف)

to trace, follow (a way), to make clear, to be clear

ن ، ر 🖈

(perate neg. m. sing.) (کا) (do not browbeat, do not chide

to flow (ف) آبَرُ بَهُرُ بَرُورُ to cause (a stream) to flow, to repulse

النَّمْرُ / النَّهْرُ / نَبْرُ اللَّهِرُ / النَّهْرُ اللَّهِرُ اللَّهِرُ اللَّهِرُ اللَّهِرُ اللَّهِرُ

أَمْهَارُو / أَنْهَارًا مُرادًا من rivers n.p. acc.

a day from dawn to dusk (n.) النَّهَادُ

ن می 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) مُعَلَى restrained (1)

نَهَىٰ يَنْفَىٰ مَيْأً (ف) (٣.٧.)

forbid, prohibit, to make one to stop from SS

وَآمَاسَ خَاكَ مَعَامَر رَبِهِ وَنَعَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوٰى

But as far him who feared to stand before his Lord and restrained his soul from lust. [79:40] punishment (2) IK

فَأَخَذَهُ اللَّهُ نَكَالَ الْلَاخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَى

Wherefore Allah laid hold of him with the punishment of the Hereafter and of the present. [79:25]

ن م ر ق

ن م ل *

an ant (n. generic.)

ants (n.p.)

أَأَمِلُ (fingers (n.p.) أَأَمِلُ (sing.)

* 110

(act. pic. m. sing.)

نَمَّ يَنِيمُ مَمَّاً (ض) ~to spread

to make mischief بَيْنَ between

* E * 0

way of life, (v.n.) acc. مِنْهَاجاً a plain road, manner of acting

30.0

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. thou forbidest اَتَنْهُنَّا أَنْ تَعْدُدُمَاتِعُدُانَا فَيَ Dost thou forbid us to worship what our fathers worshipped. [11:62] (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. ye prevent فرون وسنهون عن المنكر Ye command that which is reputable and prevent that which is disreputable. [3:110] (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. they prevent (perate. m. sing.) w.v. 41 (5) prevent thou! (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they were prevented, prohibited (pp. Ist. p. sing) w.v. I was prevented (pip. 2 p. m. plu.) (w.v.) ye are prohibited (act. pic. m. plu.) (w.v.) 5 preventers (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. refrained (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v. they refrained أن انتهوا If they refrain.

forbade (2)

ومَانَهُ كُمُ عَنْهُ فَانْتَهُوا

And whatsoever he forbiddeth, abstain (from it). [59:7]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)(w.v.) they forbade

(perf. 1st. p. sing.)(w.v.)
I forbade

Note: when attached to a pronoun, the final s is replaced by أَنْنَ e.g.

f.d. w.v.

(imperf. Ist p. sing. juss.)

I forbid

南河

Did not I forbid you two.
[7:22]

f.d. w.v (imperf. Ist p. plu.) we forbid

آ وَ أَ نَهُكَ Porbade we الله الله not thee? [15:70]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. forbids

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

Prevents

إِنَّ الصَّلَوْةَ مَّنَّهُى عَنِ الْفَحْشَآءِ وَالْمُنْكَرِ

Verily the prayer preventeth (men) from indecency and what is disreputable.

[29:45]

[2:2192]

<body>
boundary (2)</br>

beyond which there is no passing

عِنْدَ سِدُرَةِ الْمُنْتَهٰى

Nigh unto the lote-tree at the boundary. [53:14]

< understanding n.p.

p.

(sing.)

(what forbids a man to go beyond the moral limit or do something unreasonable)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii, w.v.

أَسَقَنَاهُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)vi, w.v. مَتَنَاهُونَ they forbid each other

كَانُوْالَايْتَنَاهُوْنَ عَنْ مُنْكَرِفَعَلُوْهُ

They were not to desist from the evil they committed. [5:79]

ن و ا ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) h.w.v. ∼weighs down

نَاهَ يَنُونُهُ نُؤُمًّا وَ تَنُواَةً (ن)

to get up with hardship, to weigh down

إِنَّ مَفَاتِعَهُ لَسَنُوْمُ إِللَّهُ مُسَدِّةً أُولِي الْفُتُوَةِ

Whereof the keys would have weighed down a band of strong men. [28:76] w.v. juss.

تَنْتَهِ

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou refrained

لَمِن لَهُ تَنْتَهِ

If thou refrainest not.

[19:46]

w.v. juss.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

لَيِنْ لَوْ يَنْتَهِ الْمُنْفِقُونَ

If the hypocrites refrain not.
[33:60]

w.v. juss.

بَنْسَهُوْا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they refraind

آمُ يَنْتُمُوا refrained not

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they refrain يَفُتْهُوْنَ

w.v. juss. 2 p. m. plu.)

(n.tp.) w.v.

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye refrain

وَإِنْ تَنْتُمُوا فَهُوَ خَيْلًا فَوْ

And if ye refrain it will be better for you. [8:19]

(perate. m. plu.)

نسوا

refrain! desist!

1 500

a terminus, limit (1)

إلى رَبِكَ مُنْتَهٰمَا

Upto thy Lord is the limit thereof. [79:44]

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أنأوا

أنثنا

نادآ

the evolution of heat acc. and light by combustion

فَأَصَابَهَ الْعُصَارُفِيُهِ نَازُفَاحُنَرَقَتَ

And that a whirlwind wherein is fire should then smite it, so that it is all consumed. [2:266]

meta. evil or fire, that (2)
is, to lead to the Fire of
the Hereafter

أُولَيْكَ مَايَأْكُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمْ إِلَّا النَّارَ

These are they who eat in their bellies naught but fire. [2:174]

the fire (3)

(the Hell of the Hereafter)

فَاتَّعُواالنَّارَالِينَ وَفُودُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ

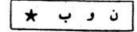
Then dread the fire the fuel whereof is men and stones. [2:24]

Note: Fire is used in the Quran for the actual fire, the burning flame of this world and for that of the Hell. The latter is a general one.

the light, a light (n.) "أَوْرُ ، نُورُ

this word is used in several senses:

that form of radiant (1) energy which stimulates the organs of the sight



(perf. 3. p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. <rp>
<rp>

 returned in repentance

أَنَابَ يُنِيْثُ إِنَّابَةً ﴿

to repent and turn to God.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. they returned in repentance

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we returned in repentance

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv, w.v. I return in repentance

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. returns in repentance

(perate. m. plu.) iv, w.v. return (O you men) in repentance

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, w.v. one who returns in repentance

acc. iv, w.v.
(Ap der. m. plu.)
those who return in repentance

ن و د ★

رُ النَّارُ (n.) (fire (1) (n.) (النَّارُ (نَ) (اللَّهُ وَرَا وَ يَبَاراً (نَ) اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ

sparkle, emit light or fire

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Prophet's mission (5)

وَيَأْنَ اللهُ إِلَّانَ يُعِيِّعُ نُونَا وَلَوْكِرِةَ الْكَفِدُونَ

And Allah refuseth to do otherwise than perfect His light. [9:32]

is singular, the plural from is أَوْرَانُ and but the Quran always mentions only singular form while ظلاًات (darknesses) is used always in plural. This indicates that the source of light or guidance is only one but the source of falsehood and the means to go astary are countless.

ن و س 🖈

التَّاسُ men, people (n.)

(Note: The word is a collective noun; some grammarians have regarded it as a plural of إنان (mankind) see

ن و ش ★

the act of v.n. vi taking or receiving, reception

تَاوَشَ تَنَاوُهُما to return iv تَاوَشُ from a far point

نَّلْتَأَاضَآءَتُ مَاحَوُلَهُ ذَهَبَاللّٰهُ بِنُوْرِهِمُ

Then when hath lit up that which is around him Allah taketh away their light.

[2:17]

faith, belief, (2) inner satisfaction opp. darknesses

لَمْلُهُ وَلِي الَّذِينَ أَمَنُواْ يُغِرِجُهُمْ مِنَ الظُّلُنْتِ إِلَى النَّوْدُ

Allah is the Patron of those who believe. He bringeth them forth from darknesses to the light. [2:257]

wisdom, divine (3)
knowledge, clear signs
that remove doubt and
lead to the faith

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا التَّوْرِيةَ فِيهَا هُدِّي وَنُورُ

We sent down the Taurat wherein was guidance and light. [5:44]

the Divine Book, (4) the source of guidance

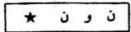
ێٲؿۿٵٮٮۜٵ؈ٛۊؘڎڿٵٚٷٛؽٷڰٷڰۿ؈ٛ ڎٙڡؚؚۜڰؙؠ۫ۅٵؘٮٛڗؘڶڬٙٳؿڲٷٛٷڰٲۺٟؽڬٵ

O Ye mankind! There surely hath come unto you a proof, from your Lord and We have sent down unto you a manifest light (i.e., the Quran). [4:175] sleep (3)

اَللهُ يَتَوَقَّى الْأَنْفُسَ حِبْنَ مَوْتِهَا وَالْتِحْ لِلَوْتُلْتُ فِي مَنَامِهَا

Allah it is who taketh away souls at the time of their death, and those which die not in their sleep.

[39:42]



النون أ fish (n.)

ذًا النُّونِ the man of fish

A Prophet's name because he was swallowed by a huge fish. Jonah of the Bible (Jid.).

ن و ی ★

a date-stone (n.) النُّونُى

ن ی ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

قَالَ يَنَالُ نَبُلاً (ف)

to obtain, attain, reach

لَا يَنَالُ عَمْدِى الْعَلِيثِينَ

My covenant shall not reach the wrongdoers. [2:124]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ゴデ

وَالْي لَهُ والتَّناوُشُ مِن مُكَانٍ بَعِيْدٍ

And how should they receive (the faith) from a far distant place? i.e., beyond the grave. [34:52]

ن و ص ★

مَنَاصُ (n.t.p.) مَنَاصُ of retreat

نَاصَ بَنُوَصُ نَوْصاً وَ مَناصاً (ن) - عَنْ

to flee away from, to evade, shun, to retreat

ن و ق ★

a she camel (f. n.) النَّاقَةُ

ن و ۲ ★

النَّوْمُ

المنآم

(the sleep (v.n.) مَنَامُ نَوْماً وَ نِياَماً (ف)

to sleep, slumber, become

dream (1) v. mim.

يلِبْنَ إِنَّ آمُ ى فِي الْسَنَاءِ إِنَّ آذَ بَعُكَ

O my son! I have seen in a dream that I am slaughtering thee. [37:102]

sleeping (2)

وَمِنْ النَّتِهِ مَنَامُكُوبِالَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَادِ

And of His signs are your sleeping by night and by day. [30:23]

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they could juss. not reach	لمَ يَنالَوُا	(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w,v. ye shall reach	تَنَالُوْا
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they reach or attain	يَنَالُوْنَ	ye shall not reach لَنْ تَنَالُوا (or) attain	114
لاَ يَنَالُونَ they reach or		w.v. juss.	يَنَالُوْا
an attainment (v.n.)	أَيْلاً	(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they reach	

+++

كتباب الهباء

هَا وَمُ اقْرَءُ وَاكِتْ بِيَهُ

Here you are! read my book [69:19]

* • •

(perate. 2 m. plu.)

bring up

- a world of causion is shortened of of it being
- a demonstrative pronoun acc. مَا نَيْن for dual feminine (these two women)
- a demonstrative pronoun مَاذَانِ for dual masculine (these two men)

justlike this (comp.)

word of caution similarity

* * 1 .

a letter used as caution, prefixed to demonstrative pronouns, such as,

also prefixed to a nominative pronoun as.

لْمَانَكُونَهُ وَاللَّهُ عَاجَبُهُ مُ فِينَالِكُونِهِ عِلْمُ

Lo! ye are those who fell to contending respecting that whereof ye had (some) knowledge. [3:66]

* 11.

alèn (com.) (ماً دُمُ) (thou this

a letter used in imperative form rendering the meaning of نُثُ take! and وُثُ for 'O you'

> جَرَ يَهُو جَوْا وَ جَرَانا (ن)

- to desert, forsake, leave, renounce, abandon
- to separate oneself from, depart, quit
- (3) to rove deliriously, to talk nonsense

In scorn thereof. Nightly did ye rave together. (Pic.) In arrogance: talking nonsense (about the Quran), like one telling fables by night. (Y. Ali) Stiff-necked, discoursing thereof by night revelling (Jid.).

[23:67]

depart! (perate. m. sing.)

(perate. m. plu.) اغْرُوا depart, leave (alone)

act of departing (v.n.) or leaving SS

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. taken as foolish, nonsense, of no account

يُوَتِإِنَّ قَوْمِي اتَّخَدُ وُالْهُذَا الْقُوْلَانَ مَهْجُورًا

O my Lord! verily my own people make this Quran of no account (or) they regarded Quran as nonsense. [25:30]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii مَاجَرَ < ~ migrated _ إلى _ 692 here is + is com. here, in this place

* • • •

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < rapidaleth down

مَبَعَلَ بَيْعِلُ مُبُوطاً (ض)

to descend, fall, to cause to come down

get down!

get (you twain) down

get (you) down (perate. m. plu.)

ه ب و ★

dust (n.) fling in the air, atoms of dust

* 3 5 *

(perate. m. sing.) ۷ لَجُهُدُ keep the vigil to keep ۷, المُحَمَّدُ حَمَّدُ awake, night-long watch, (pray at night)

* 3 5 *

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you talk nonsense, rave

(Ap-der. f. plu.) iii مُعَاجِرًاتُ women who left their home in the way of Allah

* 55 *

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَجْمُونَ <they sleep

جَعَ يَهْجَعُ جُوْعًا (ف)

to sleep calmly or quietly

كَانُوا قِلِيثُلَامِنَ النَّيْلِ مَايَهُ جَعُونَ

Little of the night they were wont to slumber (i.e., they used to spend greater part of the night in prayer).

[51:17]

* * * *

(v.n.) ass. acc. III

action of falling down in pieces (a mountain or a building)

> مَدَّ مَهُ مُدَّا (ن)

to break, put down, demolish, to fall down in pieces

* 6 3 *

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii مُدَمَّتُ was demolished

(would have demolished لُمُدَّمَتُ)
to demolish مُدَّمَّ ii, مَدَّمَّ ح

>> مَدَمَ يَهْدِمُ مَدُماً (ض)

to overturn

هَاجَرَ يُهَاجِرُ مُهَاجَرَةً !!!

to leave one's homeland for another place. In Quranic glossary means the migration of the Prophet from Makkah to Al-Madina, and of those who followed him in order to establish Islamic law and order and preach Islam peacefully.

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii مَاجَرُوا they migrated

(perf. 3 p. f. phu.) iii مَأْجَرُنَ they (women) migrated

iii, juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~emigrates

iii, juss. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)
that they migrate

iii, juss. المَّجُووُ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye migrate

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iii one who leaves his homeland for the sake of Islamic cause

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iii, acc. الْمَاجِرِيْن those who migrate from their home for Islamic cause

أوكؤتهد

Did'nt He guide? (juss.)
[7:100]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. بَدُونَ they guide

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) ئېدى thou guide

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. مُدِيْ I shall guide

w.v. f.d.

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I would guide

w.v. f.d.

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) that ye may guide

(imperf. lst. p. plu) w.v. پندی we guide

e.m.p. w.v. تَهْدِينَ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we shall certainly guide

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. في guide!

(guide us آغدناً)

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. اهْدُوْا lead!

فأخد وممزال ومزاط انجينو

Lead them on to the path of flaming fire. [37:23]

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. مُدِيَ ~was guided

(pp. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. المُدُون they were guided

* * *

a hoopoe (n.) الْمُذَمَّدُ

* 6 2 4

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. < ~ guided (1)

هَدَاٰی بَهْدِیْ هَدْیاً وَ هُدَّی وَ هِدَاْبَةً

وَ هَدُّيَّةً (ض) to lead in

right path, guide, conduct one, point out, show

وَإِنْ كَانَتُ لَكِي يُرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ مَدَى اللَّهُ

And though it was a hard (test) save for those whom Allah guided. [2:143]

directed (2)

وَوَجَدُكَ ضَأَلَّا فَهَدٰى

Did he not find thee wandering then directed (thee).

[93:7]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. מَدَيْتَ thou hast guided

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. مُدَيْناً we have guided

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ميدى ~ guides

w.v, f. d. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

he guides

61.7 * 100°
vili, w.v. زنستری (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~ finds the right path
viii, w.v. بَهْمُنَدُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they find the right path
vili, w.v. (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) she finds the truth
viii, n.d. w.v. مِنْدُوْا (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they will find the way
that shall never اَنْ مَهْدَوُا find the right way
viii, w.v. l.c. لِنَهْتِدِى (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we would have been guided
مَّا كُتَّالِنَهْتَكِنَى We were not such as to find
viii, w.v. f.d. بنتد المبتد (Ap-der. m. sing.) one who found guidance
(Ap-der.m. plu.)viii, w.v.
those who found guidance acc. الْمُتَدِينَ
better guided elative w.v. (than others)

guidance (v.n.) w.v.

i.e., animals to be slaughtered during Hajj as a part of

Hajj performance

offering w.v. (n.)

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. ~is being guided (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. leader; guide w.v. acc. w.v. viii (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) finds guidance also belongs to the it is taken إِنْهَالَ form viii as a changed form of نيدى through assimilation. has occured only once in the Quran. آسَّنُ لَايَهِدِي آلِاَانُ يُفْدِي Is He, then, who guideth to the truth more worthy to be followed or one who findeth not the guidance unless he is guided. [10:35] (perf.3 p.m. sing.)viii, w.v. ~followed the right path

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) viii, w.v.

I followed or found the right
path

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v.

(perf.2 p.m. plu.)viii, w.v. ye found the right path

(perf.3 p.m. plu.)viii, w.v. they followed the right path (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. x سُعْزِیُ اسْمِزَاءاً were mocked x, اسْمِزَا سَعْزِیُ اسْمِزَاءاً to mock at, to laugh at (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) h.v. x سُمْزِیُ سُمِرِیُ

اَللهُ يَسْتَهْزِئُ يُعِمُ Allah mocketh (back) a t

them [2:15]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) h.v. x بنتهز نون they mock at

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v. x تَسَمَّرُ ثُوْنَ ye mock at

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) h.v. x مُعَبِّرُ أَ

(perate. m. plu.) h.v. x اسْمَرْتُوا mock on!

(Ap-der m. plu.) مُعَمَّرُ ثُوْنَ (Ap-der m. plu.) مُعَمَّرُ ثُوْنَ (Ap-der m. plu.) مُعَمَّرُ لِمِنْ اللهُ المُعَمِّرُ لِمِنْ اللهُ المُعَمِّرُ لِمِنْ اللهُ المُعَمِّرُ لِمِنْ اللهُ ال

* 6 6 *

(perate. f. sing.) assim. خَرِّى <shake!

هَزَّ مَهُرُّ هَزًا (ن assim.)

to shake, brandish assim. viii اهْمَاتَتْ

(perf 3 p. f. sing.)
thrilled (land)

امْتَرَّ امْتِرَازاً ,iii

to be moved, shaken, to be thrilled, to stir (to life) a gift, a present (n.)

ه ر ب ★

مَرَباً مَرَباً مَرَباً وَ مُرُوباً (ن) مَرَبَ بَهُرُبُ مَرَباً وَ مُرُوباً (ن) to run away, flec, escape

* دع *

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) جُرُونَ <rushing on

(as they were driven)

هُرِعَ يُهْرَعُ هَرْعاً - إِلَىٰ -(passive)

to run or rush to SS quickly and trembling. It can also be referred to form iv, (passive)

to make some أَمْرِعَ يُهْرَعُ إِمْرَاعاً one rush

* 1 3 *

(v.n.) مُرُواً

jest, a laughing stock, a mockery

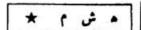
هَزَاً / هَزِى يَهْزِأُ هُزُوْءًا وَ مَهْزَأَةً (ض ، س) to make h.v.

sport of, mock at one, ridicule, deride, the verbal

noun sis shaped

هُزُوراً as

696



(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

dry sticks or stuble

مَثِنع

acc.

(ن) مَقْمَ مَقْمَ مَقْمَ (ن) to crusk, break (dry sticks)

<u>م</u> ض م *

begarudging (v.n. acc.) (withholding of that which is due)

حَفَمَ بَهْفِيمُ مَفْمًا (ض)
 to break, digest, to oppress,

attack, to do wrong, invade the rights of one

كَلَاعَكُ ظُلْمًا وَلَاهَضُمَّا

He fears not injustice nor begrudging. [20:112]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُعَنِيمُ thin and smooth

(as the spathe of the palm with flowers)

وَزُرُوعِ وَخُولِ طَلْمُهَا هَضِينَهُ

And corn-fields and plam trees whereof the spathes are fine. [26:148]

* 4 9 *

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv مُعِطْمِينَ those who hasten forward assim viii

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

wriggles (a serpent)

م ز ل *

a joke, frivolity (v.n.) الْمُزَّلُّ (ض) > مَزَلَ يَهِزُلُ مَزْلًا (ض)

to speak or make a joke or act in a jesting way

* . . .

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَزَمُوْا they routed

> مَزَمَ بَهْزِمُ مَزْماً وَ مَزِيْمَةً (ض)

overcome, rout, defeat, put to flight

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) will be defeated very soon

Note: the prefixed to imperfect is to fix the meaning of near future

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مېزوم routed or defeated one

ه ش ش ★

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) assim.v.
I beat down

(assim) (ن) مَثْنَ بَهُسُّ مَثْنًا (ن) to beat down the leaves of a

to beat down the leaves of a tree (with a stick) surely (3)

هَلُ ٱلْى عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ حِيْنٌ مِنَى النَّهُ وِلَوْ يَكُنُ شَنْكُ مَنْ كُورًا

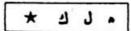
Surely there hath come upon man a space of time when he was not a thing worth mentioning. [76:1]

here has the signification of if (Qurtubi).

* 6 9 *

خمر anxious, ints. acc. المؤمَّة

مَلِعَ بَهْلَعُ مُلُوعاً (س) to be very anxious, impatient



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مَلَكَ perished, died

> مَلَكَ يَهْلِكُ مَلاَكَا وَ مُلْكَا (ض)

to perish, die, be lost, destroyed, spoilt

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) e.l. ~migh/would die, ~might/would perish

لِيَهْلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيْنَةِ

That he who perished might perish by a clear proof.
[8:42]

perishable (act. pic. m. sing.) مالك

مَطَعَ يَهْلَعُ مَطْمًا وَ مُطُوعًا (ف)

to hasten, to iv,
run forward with the
eyes fixed in horror



(an interrogative particle) is there? shall I? does he? weather? etc.

the Quranic usages of his particle are as below:

to determine (1) the certainty of a thing

هَلَ يَنْظُرُونَ وَالْأَلَا السَّاعَةُ They await but the hour. [43:66]

OF

مَلْ يُعِنَفُنَ إِلَّامًا كَانْوَا يَعْمَلُونَ

They shall be requited not save for that which they wrought. [7:147]

to deny (2) (implied meaning)

فَارْجِعِ الْبَصَرُّهَالُ تَوْلَى مِنْ فَطُوْرٍ

Repeat (thy) look, beholdest thou any creak? (i.e., thou cannot find any creak).

[67:3]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv one who destroys

(Ap-der.m.plu.)iv,gen.f.d. those who destroy

(Ap-der.m.plu.)iv,gen.f.d. (pis. pic. m. plu.) iv, acc. those are died, perished

* 7 7 *

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) iv $< \sim$ is invoked

أَمَلُّ إِمْلاَلاً vi

appearance of a (1) new moon.

to invoke (2)

the Name of Allah upon an animals in slaughtering

وَمَا أَمِلَ بِهِ لِغَيْرِاللَّهِ

And that over which any name other than Allah has been invoked (is forbidden).

(i.e., all that has been dedicated or offered in sacrifice to an idol or a saint or a person considered to be divine. The pagans used to slaughter animals in the name of their various deities. [2:173]

< new moons (n. p.) الْأَمِلَةُ (crescent (sing.) الْمُعَلِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعِلَّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعَامِعُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِّدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِلَّذِي الْمُعِلَّذِي الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِلِّذُ الْمُعِلِّذُ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِلَّ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعَامِدُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِّذُ الْمُعِلِّذُ الْمُعِمِي مُعِلِّ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِمِي الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِمِي الْمُعِمِي الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعِمِّ ال

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. those who are dead

d ---

time or place of destruction

perdition (v.n.)

التُلكُ

أخلك

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~ caused to perish

> أَمْلَامُ امْلَامًا لَا

to destory, cause to perish, waste

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) iv
I have wasted

يَعُولُ آهَلَكُ مَالُالْكِدُا

He says. I have wasted riches plenteous. [90:6]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُلْكُتُكُ ~destroyed

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv اَهْلَكُتُهُ thou hast destroyed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we have destroyed

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv thou destroy

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we destroy

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv destroys

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they destory

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii they have been perished

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii ~ would be destroyed

web

مَزَ يَهْيُرُ مَزَا (ن،ض)

to backbite, defame, push back with a blow

a defamer ints.

Note: According to Raghib Isphahani مَازَّ، مُعَزَّ are used in the sense of defaming and back-biting.

whispering (n.p.) مَزَاتُ suggestions

* ~ ~ ^

low, indistinct noise (v.n.)
of a speech, whisper,
humble voice

> مَسَ يَهْمِينُ مَسْأُ (ضِ)

to wisper, utter an indistinct word

(assim)

* 11.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) minded, intended

(assim) • - (ن) مُمَّا وَ مَبَتَا وَمِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّالِمِ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّالِمُ مِنْ ال

to have in mind, ___ to be about to do something, to desire

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) she desired

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) مَعَوْدًا they intended 700 * 6 7 4

come! (comp. v)

وَالْعَلَمْ لِلْمُوانِهِ مُ مَا لُوَالِيْنَا And those who say unto their brethren: Come ye hither into us. [33:18]

come, bring (2)

قُلْ هَلْقَرِينُهُكَا أَكُم

Say: come, bring your witnesses. [6:150]

* > 1 .

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَامِدَةً (ifeless, barren (land)

 مَدَدُ مُؤُداً (ن)

to go out, extinguish, put out, to die, to be barren or lifeless

*) (*

(Ap-der. m. sing.) vii

مَرَ يَهْمُرُ مَراً (ن) وَ الْهَمَرَ to pour forth

*) (*

<a defamer ints.

* 10 *

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) h.v. acc. may it be wholesome or profitable, much good may it do to you

هِنْ بَهْنَا هَنَا (س) (h.v.)

to make the food wholesome, easy to digest, do good. promote health, sustain (food)

* 2 9 *

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. مادواً who are Judised

(see Jid. p. 1, n. 274.)

هَادَ يَهُوْدُ هَوْداً (ن)

one's duty, to become a Jew, to be guided

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. we have been guided

a Jew (n.) w.v. مُوْداً

* . . . *

حَارَ (crumbling, weak (adj.) مَارَ مَوْراً (ن) w.v.

to fall in ruins, to be about to fall, to crumble

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vii crumbled

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv cared for

وَطَأَلِفَةٌ تَدَا آهَنَتْهُوْ أَنْفُسُهُو

Whereas a group cared for itself. [3:154]

* 01.

(Ap-der. m. sing.) (quad.) الْمُبِينُ one who determines what is true and false

to watch (quad.) مُبْنَنَ مَبْنَنَة <

One of the excellent names of Allah.

(Ap-der. m. sing.) quad. acc. determiner of what is true and what is false

* * * *

(comp.)

مُنَالِكُ

there in لِكُ + here أَنْهُ that place, at that time

here, in the place

here, in this place

(comp.) to behold here

they, them, or in their

(An indeclinable pronoun 3 p.f.; for details see LLQ)

701

* 6 9 *

رُوی .v.v. هُوْی .w.v. (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. مَوْدِی .vset (1)

< مَوْى بَهْدِي مَوِيًّا (ض) ٧.٧٠

- to fall, to stoop as a bird to its prey, to be destroyed, disappear
- to be inclined towards, yearn

وَالنَّجُواِدَاهُوْي By the star when it setteth. [53:1]

destroyed, perished (2)

وَمَنُ يَحُدِلِلُ عَلَيْهِ غَضَيْ نَقَدُهُ هُوٰى And upon whomsoever My wrath alights, he surely (will be) perished. [20:81]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. yearns (1)

فَاجُمُلُ أَهُ مِنَ النَّاسِ تَعْوِي النَّهِ وَ النَّهِ وَ النَّهِ وَ النَّالِ النَّالِ النَّهِ وَ النَّهُ وَ ا Make thou, therefore, the hearts of some mankind to yearn toward them.

[14:37]

to blow (2)

فَتَخْطَفُهُ الطَّيْرُاؤَتَّهْوِيْ عِدِّ الْتِسْمُحُ فِيُ سُكَانِ سَرِحْقِ

And the birds had snatched him or the wind had blown him to a place remote.

[22:31]

ه و ن ★

meekness, quietnes (v,n.) w.v.

هَانَ يَهُونُ هَوْناً وَ هَوَاناً وَ مَهَانَةً (ن)

to be despised, w.v. contemptible, quiet

يَسُنُونَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ هُونًا

They walk upon the earth meekly. [25:63]

الْمُوَنُ (n.) contempt, ignominy

light, easy (adj.) مُثَنَّةُ

more easy ints. أَوْنَ than~

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. آمَانَ despised

أَمَانَنْ (com.) أَمَانَ + نِن

~despised me

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) vi, w.v. whas despised

وَمَنْ يُهِن اللهُ فَاللهُ مِنْ مُكُومِ And whosoever Allah despiseth none can honour. [22:18]

(Ap-der. m. sing) w.v. that renders contemptible, shameful

(pis. pic. m. sing.) w.v. مُهَانَّ despised one (perate. m. sing.) (w. & h.v.) thou may arrange! prepare!

form, figure, likeness (n.)

ه ی ت ★

(an odd. w.v.)
(perate. m. sing.)
come! come forth, come
on!

the only pattern of imperative case is used with J prefixed to pronoun

2 p. m. or f. sing.

▲ ی ج ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. < withereth

هَاجَ يَهِيْجُ مَنْجاً وَ مَبْجَاناً وَ مِيَاجاً (ض)

to be moved, agitated, excited, wither, fad (plant)

* 3 6 *

(pis. pac. f. sing.) (w.v) بَيْدِلاً <poured out w.v. (مَالَ يَبِيلُ مَبْلاً (ض

to pour out, heap up (earth)

* 1 5 *

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. بَعْنُونَ they wander about (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. <~desires

هَوِیَ جَوْلی هَوَّی (س) to love, to desire

أفكلناجا مكورسل بالانعوى أفسكم استكفرتم

Then so often as there came unto you an apostle, with that which your hearts desired not ye grow arrogant. [2:87]

الهُوَلَى desire, love (n.)

(his desire مُوَاهُ)

desire (n. p.)

void (n.) مُوَاهُ عُواهُ ع

وَاَفْدِدَ ثُهُمْ هَوَاءُ

And their hearts are void.
[14:43]

ale lowest pit of Hell (n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. overthrew

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) x, w.v. infatuated, beguiled

* 1 6 *

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.h.v.) will prepare

ii, to make ready, to prepare

>> هَاهَ يَهَاهُ هِنِأَةً (ف)

to long for

an additional (haa) suffixed to indicate the final letter's vacalization (Mjj.)

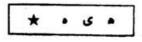


away! (n.) مَيْهَاتَ

مَيْهَاتَ مَيْهَاتَ لِمَا تُوْعَدُونَ Away, away with that wherewith ye are promised. [23:36] w.v. (مُأَمَّ بَيْتُمُ مُبَامًا (ض to wander about without any purpose to love SS passionately a thirsty she-camel (n.)

(sing.) (sing.) a she-camel raging with

thirst from disease (LL.)



a personal pronoun of the 3 p. fem. sing.

كتاب الواو

الْوَبْرُ لِلْإِبِلِ مَا يَعْلُوْ أَجْسَادَمَا كَالصَّوْفِ لِلْغَنَمِ وَ الشَّعْرِ لِلْغَزِ (نَاجْ)

(alwabr) hair on the camel's skin, both wool as hair of sheeps or hair of goats

و ب ق 🖈

< destroyeth iv, w.v.
 أَوْبَقَ إِيْبَاقاً إِيْبَاقاً

struction (n. pt.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. وَأَبِلُ * heavy rain

راد 🖈

w. & h.v. الْمُوْوَدَةُ (pact. pic. f. sing.) (girl) buried alive

w. & h.v. (ض) وَأَدَ بَشِدُ وَأَداً < to bury alive

رال ★

escape, n. pt. w. & h.v.
(a place to betake themselves to)

w. & h.v. (ض) وَأَلَا يَثِلُ وَأَلَا (ض < to seek refuge

و ب ر ★

أَدُ furs n. p. w.v.

وَ رَ بَيْرٍ وَثُواً و يُرَةً (ض) ٣٠٧.

- (1) to hate, defraud SS,
- (2) to be single, odd

والله معكم وكن يوالخواعمالكو

And Allah is with you, and He will not defraud you. [47:35]

single, odd (v.n.) w.v. وِرْقُ (of number)

one after (n.) (for تَرْنی (وَرُرْنی) another, successively

و ت ن ★

the main artery of (n.) الْوَ يَيْنُ the heart which rises from the upper part of it. It is said that life depends on the existance of this artery

و ث ق ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. ﴿ وَثَقَ رَحِهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا

a bond (n.) أَلَّ أَقَ

a compact, (v. mim.) acc. bond, a solemn pledge (Asad), undertaking (Pic.), a solemn oath (Y. Ali), assurance (Jid.).

وَبَلَ يَبِلُ وَبُلاً وَوُبُولاً (الْمَطَرُ) (ض) ۲.۲.

- (1) to pour forth rain in large drops
- (2) to pursue eagerly

(act. 2 pic. m. sing)(w.v. acc.) وَبِيلاً painful, a heavy blow, chastisement

وَبُلَ يَوْبُلُ وَبَالَةً وَ وَبَالاً (ك) (.w.v.)

to be heavy and unwholesome as air, food

ill effect, (v.n.) وَ بَالُ gravity, grievousness

و ت د 🖈

stakes (n. p.) が

a stake (sing.) وَيُدُّ <

وَفِرُعَوْنَ فِي الْأَوْتَادِ

And Fir'awn, owner of the stakes. [89:10]

(the epithet, in Arabic idiom, is expressive of power, arrogance and obstinacy; the stakes may also refer to those to which the tyrant bound his victims LL.)

stakes n.p. acc. أَوْ نَاداً

و ت ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. acc. < will defraud

منثأق

وَجَدَدَ بَجِدُ وِجْدَاناً وَ وُجُوْداً (ض) to find, w.v.

find what was lost

رُجَدًا (perf. 3 p. m. dual.) وُجَدًا the twain found

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) وَجَدُوا they found

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) وَجَدْتُمُ ye find ye find them

to ease pronunciation)

وَ جَدْتُ (found (perf. Ist. p. sing)

وَجَدْنَا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) وَجَدْنَا we found

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. عَبِدُ

لَمْ بَحِيدُ did not find

أَلَمْ بَجِدُك ? did he not find thee

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) عَبِدُ thou find

سَنَجِدُنِيْ thou shall find me

ستعدن إن شآء الله صابر

Thou will find me, if Allah will, patient. [18:69]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) will find

a covenant, treaty, (n. ints.) bond

firm (ints. f.)

العُزُوفِوالْوَثُعِيِّ لَاانْوَصَامَ لَهَا

The firm cable whereof there is no giving way. [2:256]

وَاثِقُ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii وَاثِقُ -entered into a compact or treaty with SS

و ث ن 🖈

الْأُوْ ثَانُ (idols (n. p.) حَقَّنَ (sing.) idol وَثَنَّ

و ج ب ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) وَجَنَتُ <(they) fell down

- وَجَبَ بِمَيْثُ وَجُباً وَ وَجَبَةً (ض) (to fall down dead
- (2) to be indispensable, be incumbent

فَإِذَا وَجِيتُ جُوْبُهَا فَكُلُوا مِنْهَا

Then when they fall down (after they are slaughtered) on their sides eat thereof. [22:36]

و ج د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) وَجَدَدُ > found لَمْنَاوُهُنَّ مِنْ عَبْثُ سَكَنْتُوْمِنْ وَحُبِي كُمْ Lodge them wheresoever ye lodge (yourselves) according to your means. [65:6]

و ج س 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) اُوْجَسَ «conceived»

اً وَجَسَ يُوجِسُ إِنْجَاساً - مِنْ بِهِ to conceive in the mind (fear, suspicion)

و ج ف 🖈

(act. pic. f. sing.) وَاجِفَهُ <throbbing, palpitating وَجَفَ جَفِ وَجِفاً وَ وَجِنِفاً (ض) to be agitated, to be in a most disturbed condition

قُلُوْبُ يَرُمُهِنِ وَّاحِفَهُ Hearts on that day will be throbbing. [79:8]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv أُوجفُتُم to make iv, أُوْجَفُ إِنْجَافًا a horse or camel move fast and rush

وجل 🖈

وَجِلَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~felt remorse or fear, afraid يَوْمَ عَيْنُ كُلُّ نَفْسِ مَا عَلَتُ مِنْ خَارِمُحُضَّرُ The day whereon each soul shall find presented whatsoever it hath worked. [3:30]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)e.m. p. لَيْجِودَنَّ surely thou wilt find

(سَ + بَعْدُونَ)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) يَسْجِدُونَ ye will find

يَعِدُوهُ (بَّحِدُونَ + •) (noun. dropped.) thou wilt find it or him جَدُدُهُ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) جَدُوْنَ they will find

لاً بَعِدُونَ they will not find

they (will) find (n.d.) بَجِيدُوا they should not find المَعَدُوا

I find (imperf. Ist p. sing.) أُجِدُ I find not لا أَجِدُ

(imperf. l st. p.sing.)e.m. p. آُجِدَنَّ surely I shall find

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) وُجِيدَ ~is found

مَنْ قُعِدَ إِنْ رَخِلِهِ فَهُوَحَبُزَا فَكُ

In whose pack it is found shall (himself) be recompense thereof. [12:75]

means (n.)

اسُمُهُ الْسَيِّحُ عِينْتَى ابْنُ مُرْيَمَ وَجِيهًا فِي الدُّنْيَأُ وَالْاخِرَةِ

His name (shall be) the Masih Isa son of Maryam, illustrious in the world and the hereafter. [3:45]

lit. fact, (1) (n.)

He laid it upon his face. [12:96]

face is used in some other meanings, as countenance (2)

كَايُنَمَا لُولُولُوا فَكُمَّ وَجُهُ اللَّهِ

Withersoever you turn there is the countenance of Allah. [2:115]

(according to Zamkhshari and Tabri وَجُهُ اللهِ

means: Qibla

الْجِهُمُّةُ الَّذِي رَمِنِبَهَا وَ أَمَرَ بِهَا ، أَى الْفَالَةُ لَهُ اللَّهُ لَهُ اللَّهُ لَهُ اللهُ

He agreed with and ordered people to turn their face in the prayer i.e., Qibla)

heart & soul, oneself (3)

ؠٙڵۣ؞ٚٙٙٙؗٙۺؙڵڂۯڿؘۼۼٷؘؿڷۼۅۜۿؙٷۿؙۼۺ ڰڵۿۜٲڿۯٷۼٮؙػۮڽۣ

Aye whosoever submitteth himself unto Allah and he is well-doer his hire is with his Lord. [2:112] وَجِلَ بَوْجَلُ وَجَلاً (س)

to fear, to feel quick, vibration of the heart-beat, fear

(perate. neg. m. sing.) لَا تَوْجَلُ fear not

those who feel fear (s. plu.) وَجِلُونَ

< felt with fear (adj. f.)</p>
adj. masc. وَجَالٍ

ر ج **٠** *

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) ii آجَهُتُ I turned or set

> وَجَّهُ بُوَجَّهُ تَوْجِيْهُ ﴿

 to set or turn (face) towards J_

(2) to send (some one for something)

إِنْ وَجُهُتُ وَجُهِيَ

l have turned (or) I have set firmly my face. [6:79]

ii, (juss.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ sends

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v < ~turned face, proceed

to set out, v, وَرَجُهُمْ وَرَجُهُمْ proceed (towards some place) with (towards)

باً معدد (الْوَجِبْ أَ) acc. أ

worthy of regard (illustrious)

كأن التَّاسُ أَمَّاهُ وَاحِدَةً

Mankind was one community. [2:213]

lonely (without any (adj.) أوجنداً (helper)

ذرن ومن خلقت وحيداً

Let Me alone with him whom I created lonely. [74:11]

alone i

he or him alone وُحْدَةُ

وح ش 🖈

wild beasts (n. p.) اَلْوَكُوْ شُنُ (sing.) وَخُشُ (sing.)

وح ی 🖈

a sign, revelation, (n.) وَحَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ الله

الْوَحْيُ the divine inspiration

إِنْ هُوَالَّا وَحَيْ يُوخَى

It is but a revelation reveled. [53:4]

قُلْ إِنَّمَا أُنْذِ ذُكُومِ الْوَحْيِ

Say thou: I only warn you by the revelation. [21:45] break or appear as part (4)

المِنْوَا بِالَّذِينَ أَمْرُلَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ امَنُوْا وَجُهُ النَّهَ إِرَاكُنْوُوَّا الْجَوَ

Believe in that which hath been sent down unto those who have believed at the break of day (first or appearing as part of day i.e., morning) and disbelieve at the close thereof.

in accordance (5) with a fact

ذٰ لِكَ أَدُنَى آنُ يَمُانُوا بِالشَّهَا دُوَّ عَلَى وَجُهِمَاً That shall make it more

likely that they shall produce the testimony according to the fact thereof.

[5:108]

sake (6)

إئمانظي كأولوجوالله

We feed you only for the sake of Allah. [76:9]

faces, countenances (n.p.)

a direction (n.)

* 2 5 9

(a cordinal. number.) one single

وَاحِداً عُمدة

one (adj.) وَاحدَةً

(an adjective to a feminine noun)

assigned (4)

وَأَوْخِي فِن كُلِّي سَمَا وَأَمْرَهَا

And He assigned to each heaven its duty and command. [41:12]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv, w.v. أُوْحَبِتُ I inspired

وَلَهُ أَوْحَيْثُ إِلَى الْحَوَادِيْنَ أَنْ أَمِنُواْ بِيُ وَرِينُوْ لِيُ

And when I inspired the disciples to have faith in Me and Mine apostles.

[5:111]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, w.v. . أُوْحَبُناً we revealed (1)

(the revelation to the apostles)

إِنَّا اَوْحَيْنَا اللهُ فَكُمَّا اَوْحَيْنَا إِللهُ فُوجِ وَالسَّبِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ

Verily We have reveled unto thee as We reveled unto Nuh and the prophets after him. [4:163]

inspired (2)

وَآوُتُكِينَا إِلَىٰ أَيْرُمُوسَى أَنْ أَرْضِعِيبُهِ

And We inspired the mother of Musa (saying), suckle him. [28:7]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. وُوحِيْ -whispers (1)

يُورِي بَعْضُهُمُ إلى بَعْضِ زُخْرُفَ الْعُولِ عُرُورًا

One to another whisper glittering half truths meant to delude the mind. [6:112] direction or inspiration (2)

وَاصْنَعِ الْفُلْكَ بِأَعْيُنِنَا وَوَحْبِنَا

And make thou the ark under Our cyes and under Our revelation. (i.e., under our inspection and according to our revelation). [11:37]

iv, w.v. _ إلى _ _ أَوْحَىٰ - إلى اللهِ m. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) he revealed

the revelation to the (1) apostles through angels or other means

فَأَوْخَى إِلَيْهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ لَنْهُلِكُنَّ الظُّلِينِينَ

Whereupon their Lord reveled to them His(Apostles): most certainly shall We destory those evil-dores.

[14:13]

inspired (2)

وآوخى رُبُكِ إِلَى النَّحْلِ

And thy Sustainer has inspired the bee. [16:68] signified (3)

فَخَرَجَ عَلِي قَوْمِهِ مِنَ الْمِحْوَابِ فَأَدْ فَيَ إِلَيْهِمُ

آنُ سَيِّحُوْا بُكُرةً وَعَيْنَبًا

Thereupon he came out of the sanctuary unto his people and signified to them (by gestures) Extol His (limitless) glory by day and by night. [19:11]

وَهَكِيْنِوْنِينَ آغِلِ الْكِنْبِ لَوْيَرُوْوْدَنِكُوْ مِنْنَ مَعْدِ إِنْسَائِكُونُعْنَاكُ

A number of the people of the Book wish that they could turn you (people) back to infidelity after ye have believed [2:109]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim.) وَدَّتُ (a group) wished

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) (assim.) وَدُوا they love to

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)(assim.)

(imperf. 2p .m. plu.) (assim.) وَوَدُونَ ye long to

f.d. assim. وَوَدُوا (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they wish they had

love, affection v.n. (assim.) 155

loving, affiectionate (n.) ints. وُدُودٌ

the most loving الْوَدُودُ one of the excellant names of Allah

مُوَدَّةُ (love (v. mim.)

inspires (2)

إِذْ يُوجِيْ رَبُكِ إِلَى الْسَلْبِكَةِ إِنَّى مَعَكُمُ

When thy Lord inspired the angels: Verily I am with you. [8:12]

revels (3) (to the apostles)

وَالْفَقِدَيْثُ فِيمَانُونِينَ الْآرَيْنُ

And if I am rightly-guided it is because of that which my Lord hath reveled unto me. [34:50]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) e.l. لَيُوْحُونَ they whisper

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii, w.v. وُحِيَ we reveled

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. وُوحِيَ

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. ~is reveled

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v, juss. is inspired

لَوْرُوْجَ إِلَيْهِ مِنْنَيُّ

He was not inspired in aught [6:93]

* 2 2 9

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) assim. <~loved, wished, liked

وَدَّ بَوَدُّ وُدًا وَ مَوَدَّةً وَ وَدًا (ف)

(w.&assaim. v)
to love, wish for, desire

no perfect or other form in use)

وَلَاثُولِعِ الْكُفِيةِ مِن وَالْمُنْفِقِينَ وَدَعَ أَذْ مُمْ

And defer not to (the likes and dislikes) the deniers of the truth and the hypocrites and disregard their hurtful talks. [33:48]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. 253 lit, left, departed, has forsaken

وَدُّعَ بُورَتُعُ تُؤدِنِهَا

to leave

مَّا وَذَعَكَ رَبُّكَ وَمَا قَلَى

Thy Lord hath not forsaken thee nor is He displeased.

[93:2]

depository n. p.t. w.v. x (as womb and grave)

و د ق .★

الْوَدْقُ (n.) rain

(any kind of the rain, heavy or light)

w.v. (ضَ يَدِقُ وَدُقاً (ض خَرَقَ جَوَدَقَ عَلَمُ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا to drop rain

و د ی 🖈

compensation of (n.) murder, blood-wit.

a valley (n.) $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \tilde{g} \\ \tilde{g} \end{array}\right\}$ وَادِياً

(assim. iii وُادُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they befriend

> وَاذْ يُوَاذُ وِدَاداً وَ مَوَادَّةً ﴿ ﴿ اللَّهُ

to befriend to form a mutal love

وَدًا وَدًا وَدًا (acc.) كَوَّا وَدًا

(Wadd, also pronounced Wudd, or Udd, (i. e., friendship, affection) was, according to the Quran, a god worshipped by the contemporaries of Noah. would be a mistake to conclude that his cult was obsolete in Mohammad's time, for we have sufficient evidence to the contrary. The poet Nabigha says once, 'Wadd greet thee!" There was a statue of this god at Duma, a great oasis in extreme north of Arabia. The name 'Abd Wadd occures in a number of wholly distinct tribes. Hastings, Encyclopaedia of Religion and Ethics, vol. II, p. 662.

و دع 🖈

(perate. m. sing.) w.v.

lit. leave!

to leave, (imperative : قَعْ imperfect : يَدَعُ ; there is

إِنَّكَ إِنْ تَذَرُهُمُ وَيُضِلُّوا عِبَادَكَ

Verily if Thou should leave them they will mislead Thy bondmen. [71:27]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. نَذَرُوْنَ ye leave

n.d, w.v. الْذَرُوْا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
in order to leave

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) acc. w.v. نَذَرُ that we should leave

(imperf. 1st. p.m. plu.) nom. نَذُرُ we shall let~

وَنَدُومُمُ فِي طَعْيَانِهِمُ يَعْمَهُونَ

And We shall let them wander their exorbitance perplexed. [6:110]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. لِنَدَرَ to leave

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v.w. نَذَرُ will leave

he let them ~ (acc.) يَذَرَ

يَذَرُوْنَ w.v. يَذَرُوْنَ they leave

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. نُزْ let~ leave!

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. ذَرُوا let~leave (ye)

ورث 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَرِثَ <~inherited valleys (n. p.) أُوْدِيَةً (sing.)

و ذر 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. (that he may) leave, forsake $> \hat{c}(\hat{c})$ (ف) $\hat{c}(\hat{c})$

to leave, forsake, neglect (imperative: ¿; no perfect tense in use)

لَّذَرُ (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. نَذَرُ thou will leave

وَقَالَ الْمَلَالُمِنُ تَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ التَّذَيْثُولْي وَقُومْهُ

لِيُغْسِدُ وَالْهِ الْأَرْضِ وَيَذَرَكَ وَالْهَتَكَ

And the chiefs of the people of Fir'awn said: Wilt thou leave Musa and his people to act corruptly in the land and to leave alone thee and thy gods. [7:127]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ∼leaves

لَا يُجْمِعِينُ وَلَا تَنَدُّرُ

It shall not spare nor leave.
[74:28]

(perate neg. m. sing.)w.v. لاَ تَذَرْ

لاَ تَذَرُنَّ e.m.p. w.v.

(perate neg. m: plu.)
ye shall not leave

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) l.c, w.v. thou leave

تدر

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv,w.v. 2005 make inherit, causeth SS
to inherit

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we cause SS to inherit

(pp. 2 p. m. plu.) iv, w.v. you were given inheritance

you are given that أُورِ ثُنْكُو مَا (as inheritance)

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. اُذُرِ تُوا they were given as an inheritance

heritage (n.) . التَّرَاكُ

is inter- و + وُرَاكُ in)

changed by •)

inheritance (n.) مِيْرَاتُ

و ر د . *

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) came, arrived

> وَرَدَ يَرِدُ وُرُوداً (ض) ٣٠٠٠

- to be present, arrived at (properly at river bank or at any water to drink thereof)
- (2) to go down into (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَرَدُواْ

they came (down)

If those had been gods they would not have come thither (down to the Hell).

[21:99]

وَدِثَ بَرِثُ وِزامًا وَ إِزامًا وَ إِزْفَةً وَ دِرَافَةً (ح).««

- (1) to inherit
- (2) to be heir to anyone
- (3) to survive, to be owner or sustainer of SS after someone

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَرِيُواْ they inherited

(imperf.2 p.m. plu.)n.d. acc. ye inherit

لایکی کُرْهٔ النّسَاءُ کُرُهٔ النّسَاءُ کُرُهٔ الاسْمَاءُ کُرُهٔ الاسْمَاءُ کُرُهٔ الاسْمَاءُ کُرُهٔ الاسْمَاء (i.e., to take possession) women against their will. [4:19]

زَوْثُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. وَرِثُ we will inherit

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَرِثُ Shall inherit

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَرْفُونَ they inherit

يُوْرَثُ w.v. (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يُوْرَثُ

heir (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. أنوارث

الْوَارِ ثُوْنَ n.p. الْوَارِ ثُونَ

heirs p.b. الْوَارِ ثِينَ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)iv, w.v. اُوْرَتَ ~caused SS to inherit

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, w.v. آؤرَثناً we caused SS to inherit

وَاودُ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. اُوْرَدَ <~led into

أُوْرَدَ إِبْرَاداً to lead one into

فَأَوْدَهُ ثَمُهُمُ المِنْظَرَ

And he led them to the fire.
[11:98]

a rose (single) (n.) وَرُدَهُ (collective noun) وَرُدٌ (the jugular vein (n.) الْوَرِيْدُ

ورق 🖈

(collective noun) وَرَقُ (leaves, (1)

a single leaf وَرَفَةُ money, coin (2) (n.) وَرِقٌ

كَانِعَتْوَالْحَدَاكُوْ مِوْقِكُو هَٰى وَالْكَالْمَدِينَةُ وَ Now send one of you with this your coin into the city. [18:19]

و د ی 🖈

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ili, w.v. ورى

(or written as وُوْرِيَ) ~was hidden

to hide, iii قَارِی مُوَارَاةً conceal

اَلِيْ اللهِ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) hides

كَنْفَ بُوَادِيْ how to hide

(act. pic. m. sing.)
one who goes down (1)

فكن مِنْكُوْ إِلَا وَارِدُهُمَا

There is not one of you but he shall approach it (or shall pass over it *i.e.*, the Hell) [19:71]

water drawer (2) (one who goes before a caravan to draw water)

مَبَارَتُ مَنَارَةٌ فَانْسَافُوْاوَارِدَهُمُ فَادُلَى دَلَوَةُ And there came a caravan, and they sent their waterdrawer. He let down his pail (into the pit) [12:19]

(act. pic. m. plu.) وَارِدُونَ those who لَ _ (3) go down

حَصَبُ جَهَمُ أَنْتُ وَلَهَا فُرِدُونَ

Fuel of hell, thereunto ye will go down. [21:89]

(act. pic. m. sing.) لُوَّرُوْدُ descended into

watering place (1) (n.) أُورْدُ أَرْدُ

يش الورد المؤلفة

Ah, hapless is the watering place (whither they are led!) [11:98]

those who come (2) to water

وَنُكُوْقُ الْمُجْدِمِينَ إلى جَهَلُورُدُا

And we will drive the guilty into Hell (as cattle are driven to water). [19:86] لَاتَّزِرُوَانِدَةٌ ذِنْدُ أُخُرِي

No bearer of burden shall bear another's burden.

[6:164]

a bearer of load

a burden, heavy weight, (n.) وَزُرُّ load

أُوْزَارٌ (n. p.) أُوْزَارٌ

and its plural has occurred in the Quran for sin, arms, and the recompense for evil), thus:

sin (1)

لَاتَيْزِرُوَانِمَةً ذِنْدَائِخْرِي

No bearer (or laden soul) can bear other's load. [17:15]

recompense for (2) sinful act

مَنْ آعْرَضَ عَنْهُ وَانَّهُ يَعْمِلُ يُومُ الْقِيمَةُ وَزُرُا

Whose turneth away form it, he verily will bear a burden (i.e., recompense for his turning away from the truth) on the Day of Resurrection. [20:100]

arms or other (3) burdense imposed by war

حَتْى تَضَعَ الْحَرْبُ أَوْزَارِهَا

Till the war lay down its burdens. [47:4] iii. w.v. وَارِیْ (imperf. Ist p. sing.) I hide

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv, w.v. خَارَتْ disappeared
(i.e., the sun)

to hide vi قوارلی بتوارلی موارکی موا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi, w.v. مِتُوَارِي

beyond, tehind that (n.) is behind, beside

iv w.v. وُرُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p. m. phu.) < ye strike out

أورى بوري إيراءا to strike

افرء يثثوالكار اليق تودون

Have ye observed the fire which ye strike out.

[56:71]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv w.v. الْمُؤْرِياتُ the strikers (of fire)

و ز ر 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. يَرْدُونَ <they bear

وَذَرَ يَزِرُ وُزُداً (ض) ١٠٠٠

to bear a load, to carry a burden

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. thou bear (a load)

ئزدُ

وَإِذَا كَالُوْهِ وَأَوْوَزُنُوهُمْ يُخْسِرُونَ

And if they measure unto them, or weigh for them, they cause them loss.

[83:3]

weigh ! (perate. m. phu.) w.v. ازوراً

وَذِنْوَا بِٱلْقِسْطَالِيلِ ٱلْنَتَقِيمِ

And weigh with a right balance. [17:35]

weighing (1) (v.n.) الْوَزْنُ

وَالُوزُنُ يَوْمَهِذِهِ إِلْحَقُّ

The weighing on that day is true. [7:8]

weight (2) (n.) acc. 1:50

فَلَانُوتِيهُ وَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْعِيمَةِ وَذَنا

And on the Day of Resurrection We assign no weight to them (i.e., they will deserve no respect).

[18:105]

weight (1) (n. ints.) الْمِيْزَانُ

وَاوُفُوا الْكَيْلَ وَالْمِيْزَانَ بِالْقِسْطِ

And give full measure and full weight in justice. [6:152]

balance (2)

اَتُلهُ الَّذِي ثَنَ اَنْزَلَ الْكِنْبَ بِالْحَقِّ وَالْمِيزَانَ

Allah it is Who hath revealed the scripture with truth and balance. [42:17] (act. 2 pic. m. sing.)
one who bears the burdens
of state, as a minister,
counsellor or assistant to
a prophet so as to carry
on his duty of preaching
(Razi).

a place of refuge (n. place.) وَزَرْ an inaccessible الْجُبَلُ الْكِيْعُ mountain

و ذع *

رُوزَعُونَ w.v. الله (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. الله (they will be set in battle order, or in their ranks (وَزَعَ يَرَعُ وَزُعاً (ف

to keep back, to keep (men) in their ranks according to the battle order

(parate. m. sing.) v.w. <arouse! inspire!

to incite, أُوْزَعَ إِبْرَاعاً put into the mind, inspire

رَبِّ أُوْزِغِينَ أَنْ أَشْكُونِعُمْتَكَ

My lord! arouse me to be thankful for thy favour.

[27:19]

و ز ن ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. حَزَنُوا \
<they weigh

وَزَنَ بَزِنُ وَزُناً (ض) ـ ل

(1) to weigh

(2) to weigh out for anyone

718

وَسَطَ بَسِطُ وَسُطا (ض) (١٧٠٧)

to be in the midst, panetrate into the midst

فَوسَظنَ بِهِ جَمْعًا

And penetrate forthwith into the midst. [100:5]

وَسَطاً . acc (وَسَطْ) acc

وَكَذَٰ إِلَّ جَعَلُنُكُوْ أَمَّةً وَسَطًّا

Thus We have appointed you a middle nation. [2:143]

أَوْسَطُ (وَسُطْ < average (elative.

مِن اَوْسَطِمَانْظُومُوْنَ اَهْلِيَكُوْ

On a scale of average of that wherewith ye feed your own folk (or families).

[5:89]

the best one (2) among others

قَالَ أَوْسَطْهُ وَالْمُؤَاقِلُ لَكُوْلُولًا لُسَبِعُونَ

The best among them said: Said I not unto you: Why glorify ye not Allah.

[68:28]

the midmost, (elative. f.) الوصطلي (the middle one

خفظؤاعل القكون والقلوة الؤسطى

Be guardians of the prayers and of the midmost prayer. [2:238] measure (3)

وَالسِّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ الْمِنْ ذَانَ

And the sky He hath uplifted; and He hath set the measure. [55:7]

آلَا تَطْغُوا فِي الْمِدُوانِ

That ye exced not the measure. [55:8]

وَاقِيْمُواالْوَنْنَ بِالْقِسُطِ وَلَاتَّفُورُواالْمِيْزَانَ

But observe the measure strictly, nor fall short thereof. [55:9]

الْمُوَّازِيْنُ (n.p.) (balances (1)

وَنَضَعُ الْمَوَاذِيْنَ الْفِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيلَمَةِ فَلَاتُظْلَوُ مَفْعُ رَشْنَا

And We set a just balance for the Day of Reserrection so that no soul is wronged (i. e., recompensed) in aught. [21:47]

scale (2)

نَمَنْ تَقُلَتُ مَوَاين يُنْهُ فَأُولَإِكَ هُمُ الْمُغْلِحُونَ

As for those whose scale is heavy they are successful. [7:8]

(pic. pac. m. sing.) w.v. مُوزُونُ evenly and equally balanced

و س ط 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَسَطْنَ <they (f.) penetrated into the midst

لَوُيُؤْتَ سَعَةً مِنْ الْمَالِ

He hath not been given an amplitude of wealth.

[2:247]

ampleness (2)

يَجِدُنِي الْاَرْضِ مُرْغَمًا كَيْثِيرًا وَسَعَةً

Shall find in the earth plentiful refuge and ampleness. [4:100]

bountiful (3)

يغنى الله كلامِن سَعتِه

Allah shall render all of them (i.e., the twain) out of his bounty. [4:130]

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. وَاسِعُ bountiful (1)

وكانالله واستاحكيتا

And Allah is ever bountiful, Wise. [4:130]

pervading ones (2)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَاسِعُ عَلَيْهُ

Verily Allah is Pervading, Knowing. [2:115]

wide (act. pic. f. sing.) واسعة

اكونكن ارض اللو واسعة

Was not Allah's land wide.

[4:97]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv,w.v. خلوسيع (the rich) (the middle prayer, according to the majority of the commentators, is the afternoon prayer, ()

وَسَطاً .acc (وَسَطُ)

between two extremes, justly balanced

وكذلك بحكنك أمّة وسطا

And in this wise, We have made you a community justly balanced. [2:143]

و س ع 🖈

(perf. 3. p. m. sing.) w.v. comprehended

وَسِعَ بَسِعُ سِعَا وَ سَعَا (س)

to be be ample, to take in, comprehend, to embrace

وَرِيعَ كُونِينَا أَلْكُمُونِ وَالْكُونَ

His Throne comprehended the heavens and the earth. [2:255]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) وَسِعَتْ

وَرَحْمَرِيْ وَسِعَتْ كُلُّ شَيْء

My mercy embraces all things. [7:156]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَمِعْتَ thou comprehended

amplitude (v.n.) w.v.

و س ل *

(means of access, (n.) الْوَسِيْلَة way of approach, access (no verbal root of this verb)

و س م 🖈

سَنَيَمُ وَسَمَ بَسِمُ وَسُماً وَ سِمَةً (ض) to brand

سَنَيسِهُهُ عَلَىالُهُوْطُوْمِ

We shall brand him on the nose. [68:16]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) v, w.v. مُنَوَ سِّمِينَ those who read the signs, intelligents

وسن 🖈

سِنَةً ﴿ <slumber (n.) وَسَنَا وَ سِنَةً (ف) وَسَنَا وَ سِنَةً (ف) to be in slumber, sleep

لَاتَكُونُهُ وَلِلاَوْمُرُ

No slumber can seize Him nor sleep. [2:255]

و س و س

وَسُوَسَ (quard.) (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <~whispered to iv. أَوْسَعَ إِنْسَاعاً to enlarge, widen

(i.e., one who enlarges, or makes of large extent, one who is in easy circustances)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. مُوْسِعُونَ maker the vast extent

capacity! scope (n.)

لَا يَكِلِفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا

Allah taketh not a soul except (or beyond) its capacity (or scope). [2:286]

و س ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. drove together

وَسَقَ بَسِقُ وَشَقاً (ض)

to gather together, collect what is scattered, as night gets together what was scatterred at the day

< completed iv, w.v.</p>
to be com- iv, النَّسَقَ النَّسَاقاً

اتسق اتساقا ,v plete or in perfect order

وَالْيُلِ وَمَا وَسَقَ وَالْقَدَرِ إِذَا الْسَقَ

And by the night and that which is driven together and by the moon when she becometh full.

[84:17-18]

(2) to assert something as a fact

(3) to achieve something as;

someone achieved the knowledge of magic

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. مُعِفُ ~expound

وَتَصِعُ ٱلْسِنَتُهُو الْكَذِبَ

And their tongues expound the lie. [16:62]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. تَعِفُونَ ye describe

description, act of (n.) attributing or ascribing

و ص ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. </ri>

وَمَلَ بَعِيلُ وَصْلاً وَ صِلَةَ (ض) - إِلَّا to reach a place, to arrive at, to come to hand

to join, or seek friendship

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. مُعِلُهُ ~reaches

فكتار أأيد يمئم لاتصل إليثه نكرمخ

And when he saw their hands reached not to it, he mistrusted them. [11:70]

to join (2)

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. آمِلُونَ they join

وَسُوَسَ بُوَسُوسُ وَسُوَاساً

to whisper evil, (quard.) make evil suggestions

يُوَسُوسُ (quard.)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~ whispers

أُوَسُوِسُ (quard.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) whispers

لْوَسُوَاسُ whisper (v.n.) (quard.) لُوَسُوَاسُ

و ش ی 🖈

شِبَةً (a spot, mark (n.) مِشِبَةً (ض) وَشَياً وَ شِبَةً (ض)

to paint cloth, (w.v.)
to be with an admixture
of colour (in an animal)

و ص ب 🖈

وَاصِبْ ، (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. وَاصِبْ (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. وَاصِبْ

رَصَبَ بَعِبُ وُصُوْباً (ض) w.v. (وَصَبَ بَعِبُ وُصُوْباً

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آامِماً for ever

و من ف 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. نَصِفُونَ <they ascribe

وَمَفَ يَعِيثُ وَصْفاً (ض) (พ.٧.)

(1) to describe, good or bad

al-Wasilatu, a she camel that used to give birth to camel first, then a she camel. The she camel was to be presented to idols. It was termed "Wasila" because she gave birth to a male and famale both. Thus she caused to join both sexes of camel. (Ibn Kathir)

و ص ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii w.v. وَمَتْى صَالَحُونَ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المَا المِلْمُلِمُ اللهِ اللهِ المَالم

إِلَىٰ مُلاَنِ _ بِ to commit إِلَىٰ مُلاَنِ _ ب

وَوَظَى بِهَآ إِبْرَهِمُ بَنِيُهِ

And Ibrahim enjoined his sons the same. [2:132]

وَصَّيْنَا , perf. Ist p. plu.) ii, w.v. وَصَّيْنَا we enjoined

رُوْمِيةٌ (v.n.) ii, w.v. وُوْمِيةً disposition (of affairs)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. إُوْمِنْي (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

w.v. iv أَوْصِيْ إِيْصَاءاً to enjoin, to command, to bequeath إِلَا الَّذِينَ يَصِلُونَ إِلَى قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُوْ وَيَيْنَا مُمْ يِينَا قُ

Excepting those who join a people (except those who seek refuge with a people—Pic.), between whom and you there is a covenant.

[4:90]

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. is to be joined

يؤمَلُ

وَ يَقْطَعُونَ مِنَا أَمْوَاللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ يُوصَلَ And they break that which

Allah ordered to be joined. [2:27]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ii, w.v. لا we have caused to reach to cause ii وَصَّلَ تَوْمِيْلاً

to cause ii وَمُثِلاً to reach, cause to join

وَلَعَنَّهُ وَصَلَّنَالَهُ وُالْقُولَ

And verily We have caused the word to reach them. [28:51]

wasila p.n.

وَصِيلَةٍ *

Note: Wasila—a she camel or awe. The pagan Arabs were wont to observe certain superstitions in honour of their idols; (Penrice > Sale) Wasila was a term applied to any cattle, including sheep and goats, and generally meant a beast who had brought forth a male and female at the seventh parturition. (Jid. > Palmer)

و من ع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَمَنَعَ <->set, put (1)

وَضَعَ بَعَنَعُ وَضَعاً وَ مَوْضِعاً (ف)

to put, set,

to put off, remove, to appoint, to put down

وَصَعَتْ تَعَنَّعُ وَضُعاً (ف)

to deliver, to give birth (to a child), laydown

وَالسَّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ الْمِيْزَانَ

And the heaven! He hath elevated it and hath set the balance. [55:7]

appointed (2)

والأدض وضعها للانامر

And the earth He hath appointed for (His) creature.

[55:10]

to deliver, (3) give birth

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. وَضَعَتْ

(perf. Ist p. sing.) w.v. وَضَعْتُ I gave birth

فَلَمْنَا وَضَعَتُهَا قَالْتَدَتِ إِنِّي وَضَعَتُهَا أَنْثَى And when she gave birth.

And when she gave birth, she said, my Lord I gave birth to a female. [3:36] وَأُوصْدِيْ بِالصَّلْوَةِ وَالزُّكُوةِ مَا وُمُتُ حَيًّا

And he enjoined on me the Prayer and the Zakah (poor-rate) as long as I am alive. [19:31]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv w.v. enjoins

(imperf. 3 p. f. plui) iv, w.v. وُصِينَ they (f.) bequeath

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. وُصُونَ ye bequeath

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. (that) is bequeathed

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, w.v. مُوْصِ a testator (one who leaves legacy)

(perf.3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. أوَاصَوْا they enjoin upon (1) each other

وَتَوَاصَوا بِالْحَقِّ وَتُواصَوا بِالصَّدارِ

And (they) enjoin upon each other the truth, and (they) enjoin upon each other endurance. [103:3]

they bequeathed (2) each other

اتواصوابه بل موقوم طاغون

Have they bequeathed it unto each other? Nay they are a people contumacious. [51:53]

الْوَصِيَّةُ (n.) legacy, bequest

iv, w.v. e.l. الْأَوْصَنْعُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they hurried to hurry, آَسْرَعَ to drive a camel quickly

وَلَأَاوَضَعُوا خِللَكُمْ

They would have hurried to and fro among you. [9:47]

مَوَ اصِنْعُ . places n. p.
مِنَ النَّهُ مُنَ هَا دُوْالِي حَرِّفُونَ الْكِلَوَ عَنْ مَوَاضِعِهِ

Some of those who are Jews
change words from their
context (places). [4:46]

و مش ن 🖈

مَوْضُوْنَةِ (pic. pac. f. sing.) w.v. (gen.) مَوْضُوْنَةِ (encrusted

(with gold and precious stones)

w.v. (ضَنَ بَضِنُ وَضَناً (ض) to plate or fold a thing with one part over another

عَلْى سُوْرِ مَوْضُوْنَةٍ

On couches inwrought (with gold and precious stones).
[56:15]

وط ا *

يَطَنُّونَ (w.&h.v.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they step, tread (i.e., they enter into enemy's land) (Baidawi) to put off, remove (4)

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v.
I took off

وَضَّفْنَا

ووضعتاعنك وزرك

And We have taken off from thee thy burden . [94:2]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. she shall lay down

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. تَعَنُونُ put off, ye lay aside (1)

وَجِئُنَ تَضَعُونَ مَيْا بُكُمْ مِنَ لَظُهِيْرَةِ

And when ye lay aside your garments for the heat of noon. [24:58]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) n.d. acc. المُفَعُونُا that ye lay side (arms)

(imperf. Ist. p. phu) w.v. نَعْنَعُ we shall set aside

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v. مُنْعُ - عَنْ he will remove or relieve

وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُ إِصْرَهُ وَ

And he will relieve them of their burden. [7:157]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. يَضَعُنُ they (fem.) put off or lay aside

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. is appointed

إِنَّ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُخِعَ لِلتَّاسِ

Lo! the first House appointed for mankind. [3:96]

ready placed ones

إِنَ نَاشِئَةً الَّيْنِي فِي أَشَدُ وَهُا تَوَا تُومُ مِنْ لِلَّا

Verily the rising by night! it is most curbing and most conducive to (right) speech. [73:6]

a trodden place موطئاً a trodden

البُوَ اطِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المِئُوا المَّا المُواطَأَةُ المَا المُواطَأَةُ المَا المُواطَأَةُ المُؤاطَأَةُ المُؤاطِأَةُ المُؤاطِأَةُ المُؤاطِأَةُ المُؤاطِئةُ الم

وطر *

purpose (n.) وَطَرَأ necessary, formality, needful

فَلَمَّا تَضَى نَيْدُ مِنْهَا وَطَرَّا زَوَّجُنَّكُهَا

Then when Zaid had performed (his) purpose concerning her, We wedded her to thee. [33:37]

وطن 🖈

لَقَدُ نُصَرِّكُ وَاللّهُ فِي مَوَاطِنَ كَيْدُوْ

Assuredly Allah hath succoured you on many fields.

[9:25]

وَطِئَى بَطَأُ وَطُنّاً (س)

to tread upon, walk on, trample on, to press the ground or anything beneath the feet, meta. to destroy, to enter the enemy's land

(w&h.v) (juss.) (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye have trodden

وَأَدْضًا لَوْتَطَوْهَا

And land ye have not trodden (i.e., entered). [33:27]

(w&h.v.) acc. (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
that ye may trample on

دَلُوْ لَارِجَالُ مُؤْمِنُونَ وَنِسَآوْمُؤُمُونَ وَنِسَآوْمُؤُمِنْتُ

لَّهُ تَعْكَنُوهُمُ أَنُّ تَطُّغُوهُمُ

And had it not been (for)
believing men and believing women whom ye know
not (and) that ye might
have trampled on them.

[48:25]

(Baidawi observed, that the correlative proposition (جَوَابُ لَوْ) is ellipsis here, that is, الْكَفَّ الْدِيكُمُ 'he would not have stopped your hands'. Others' view is that the sense is so clear and obvious that it needed not mentioning.)

curbing (v.n.)

وطنا

وَعِنْهُمْ وَمَا يَعِدُ هُمُ الشَّيْظُنُ إِلَّاغُووْلِ

And promise unto them, and Satan promiseth not but to delude (to deceive).

[17:64]

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) وُعِدَ has been promised

(pp. Ist. p. plu) w.v. وُعِدْناً we have been promised

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وُعَدُونَ they were threatened

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَوَعَدُوْنَ you are promised

(Note: according to the context the rendering is changed either to threatening or promising)

وَعَدُّ (n.) promise

it is a promise acc. آعُداً

وَعُمَّاعَلَنهِ حَقًّا

A promise due thereon (the ellipsis is explained by commentators such as Baidawi who took it as

[9:111] وَعَدَهُ وَعُداً حَثاً

He promised in quite truth; others as Ibn Hisham observe that there is no ellipsis here, it is a way of Arabic expression for emphasising.)

(pic. pact. m. sing.) w.v. الْمُوْعُودُ promised و ع د *

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَعَدَ <- promised

وَعَدَ بَعِيدُ وَعُداً وَ عِدَةً

ق مَوْعِداً (ض) to promise,

give one's word, to promise good, to threaten (وَعَنْدُ

(pref. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَعَدْتَ thou promised

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) (w.v.) وَعَدُتُ I promised

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)w.v. وَعَدُواْ

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. وَعَدُنَا we promised

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. ~promise (1)
(for plural)

إِنْ يَعِدُ الظُّلِمُونَ بَعْضُهُمُ بَعْضًا إِلَّا غُرُورًا

Nay! the wrong-doers promise one another only to deceive. [35:40]

threaten (2)

اَنَّتُيْطُنُ يَعِدُكُ كُوْالْفَعَّرَ

The Saten threatens you with poverty. [2:268]

وَسَدُ (perate. m. sing.) w.v. وَسِدُ

727

VTV

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) w.v. 10 threat, threaenting

موعد place or time of n.p.t., w.v. the fulfilment of a prediction, promise or threat, an appointment for meeting, a promise

المُعادُ w.v. (مؤعادٌ n. t. p. (for tryst

(act. pic. m. plu.) w.v. آلواعظين those who preach,

<admonisher وَعَظَ تَمِظُ وَعُظاً وَعِظَّةً (ض) to warn, advise, exhort, preach, admonish

(Note: perfect tense from (trititeral) is not used in the Quran)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. Law ~exhorts (1)

وَاذْقَالَ لُقُمْنُ لِابْنِهِ وَهُوَ يَعِظُهُ

And when Lugman said to his son while he was exhorting him. [31:13]

admonishes (2)

والمتدنع تعظك م

Lo! comely is this which Allah admonisheth you.

[4:58]

iv, w.v. 5 3 2 2 (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ve menace

> أَوْعَـدَ تُوْعِيدُ إِنْعَاداً to threaten, to menace

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) iii, w.v. Liel < we appointed (1)

وَاعَدَ ثُوَاعِدُ مُعَاداً

to appoint a fixed time or place for anyone, to plight faith to anyone

وَإِذْ وْعَدْنَا مُوْسِكَى آدْيَعِيْنَ لِيَكُةً

And when We appoint for Musa forty nights. [2:51]

we made covenant (2)

وَ وْعَدْ نُكُوْ حَانِبَ الْعُلُورِ الْأَنْعُنَ

And We made a covenant with you on the right side of the mount. [20:80]

(from the right hand side of Musa (Tabri)

(for some others: الأعن is blessed or holy)

تواعدثم (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi,

ye have mutually appointed

لاً تُواعِدُوْا .vi, w.v (perate. neg. m. plu.)

do not appoint (matually)

لَاثُواعِدُوهُنَّ بِمِزَالِلَّانَ تَغُولُوا تَوْلَا مَعْرُوفًا But do not make a secret contract with them except

ye say a reputable saying. [2:235] وَعِيٰ بَعِيْ وَعْباً (ض)

to preserve in the memory, to contain, to keep in mind, to retain

لِنَجْعَلَهَالَكُوْ تَذُكِرَةً وَتَعِيبَا آذُنْ وَاعِيهُ

And We might make it unto you a remembrance and that ears (that is, preservers of remembrance) retain its memory. [69:12]

(act. pic. f. sing.) w.v. وَاعِينَةً that which retains in memory

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. او على مسئله withheld ماموط (wealth)

And withheld it. دَجَمَعَ فَأُوعِي [70:18]

> they hide, they iv, w.v. وُعُونَ preserve (in their heart)

وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يُوْعُونَ

Whereas Allah knows best that which they cherish.

[84:23]

وعاً." (a hiding place, bag (n.)

أَوْعِيَةٌ (bags (n.p.)

> وِعَاهُ (sing.)

presence of royalty

و ف د ★

<a goodly v.n. w.v. acc. company, embassy
an act of coming into the

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. غَوْاً I admonish

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. آيِظُوْنَ ye admonish

عِظْ (perate. m. sing.) w.v. غِظْ admonish!

فأغيض عنهم وعظهم

So turn thou from them, and admonish them. [4:63]

عِطُوا (perate. m. plu.) w.v. عِطُوا admonish

(addressed to men, plural)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. is exhorted or admonished

Note: Admonition and exhortation are the direct functions of the prophetic offices).

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وُعَظُونَ they are exhorted to

مَوْعِظَة (n.) admonition

to approach iv, أَوْعَظَ إِيْمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمَاظًا رَبِّمُ وَمُعْلَقًا (For the perfect tense instead of triliteral وَعَظْتَ , an added pattern of iv, is used)

* 6 2 9

w.v. acc.

(imperf. 3 p. p. m. sing.)
<that might retain

إِنْ يُرِيدُ الصَّلَامُ أَيُّونِي اللهُ بَيْنَهُمَا

If the twain desire ratification Allah shall cause reconciliation between them. [4:35]

v.n. ii.(تَوَفِيْقُ) acc. تَوْفِيْقُ concord (1)

(between parties)

ثُوَجَآهُ وُلِدَ يَحْلِفُونَ فَهِ بِاللهِ إِنُ أَرَدُنَا اللَّهِ احْسَانًا وَتَوْفِعُنَّا

And then they come to thee swearing to Allah: we meant naught save kindness and concord. [4:62] success in the task, (2)

Allah's inspiration to act as he wishes

وَمَّا تَوْفِيْقِيِّ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ

And my success (in my task) can only come from Allah. [11:88]

of the sense of is possible in English therefore translators have selected the following expressions to bring the reader nearer to the Quranic sense of the verse.

reconciliation—Sale success—Arbery, Yusuf Ali, Jid.

hope—Pickthall accomplishment—Pensic 730 وَفَدَ بَغِيدُ وَفُداً وَ وُفُوداً (ض) to call upon a king w.v. as an ambassador

و ف ر 🖈

> وَفَرَ يَفِرُ فِرَةٌ (ض)

to be plentiful

و ف ض 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. وُفِضُونَ <they are hurrying

وَفَعْنَ يَغِضُ (ض) وَ أُوْفَعَنَ iv. وَفَعْنَ مَغِضُ to hasten, run

و ف ق ★

(v.n.) iii, acc. [ji]

the act of suiting or becoming fit

وَفِقَ بَفِقُ وَفْقاً (ح)

to find suitable, fit, useful

وَافَقَ يُوَافِقُ دِفَاقًا

to agree or accord with, yield to, be in accordance with one's wishes, to be suitable, fit

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v.
causes reconciliation between two persons or groups

يُوَفِّقُ

full

يَوَىٰ

findeth Allah with himself and He payeth him his account in full. [24:39]

Note: As often observed in many cases the rendering requires to translate past tense form in present or future tense; the same thing can he seen in the above quoted verse and its translation.

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. ~ pays (or) will pay in full

e.m. p. ii, w.v. لَرُوْفَيْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he certainly shall repay in

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii, w.v. وُفِيَّتُ رُفِيِّتُ was paid in full

(pip. 3 p. f. sing) ii, w.v. will be paid in full

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) ii, w.v. وَفُونَ you will be paid in full

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v.
will be paid in full

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ii, w.v. مُوَقَوُّا they payers in full

وَإِنَّالَهُونُونُمْ نَصِيْبُهُمْ غَيْرَ مَنْفُوصٍ

And verily We shall pay them their whole due unabated. [11:109]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. اُوُقْ إِنَّ fulfilled

أَوْفَىٰ يُوْفِي إِيْفَاءاً _ بِ إِن

to fulfil a covenant

ر ف ی * اَرْقَا / الْآرْقَا (elative)

< the best fulfiller (1)

وَفَىٰ يَفِي وَفَامَا (ض) وَ أَوْفَىٰ إِيْفَا. أ ـ ب

to keep one's

promise, fulfil one's engagement, pay a debt

ومن أوفى يعفد إمن الله

Who is fulfiller of his covenant better than Allah. [9:111]

fullest (2)

ثُغَرِيْجُ زِيهُ الْجَزَآءَ الْأَوْلَى

And afterward he will be repaid it with fullest payment. [53:41]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. < ~fulfilled

وَفِيْ يُونِيْ تَوْفِينَة ،to give ii.

one his full due, pay the whole debt, to discharge obligation completely

وَإِبْرُهِ بِمُوَالَّذِي وَنَّى

And of Ibrahim who (faithfully fulfilled (the commandment of Allah. [53;37] paid in full (2)

حَتْى إِذَا جَآءُ وُلَوْ يَعِدْ وُشَيْنًا وَ

When he cometh thereto he findeth not aught, and

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. ~carried off, received in full

اِنَّ الَّذِيِّيَ تَوَفِّمُ أُم الْمَلَكِمَةُ ظَالِينَ أَنْفُهِمْ Verily unto those whom the angels carry off (in death). [4:97]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v, w.v. وَوَقَتْ took (something) up

حَتْى إِذَا عِلَا مُلَكُمُ الْمُؤْثُ ثُولُا لِمُنْ تُوَفَّنْهُ وُسُلُمًا

Until when death cometh unto one of you, Our messengers take his soul. [6:61]

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) v, w.v. thou tookest me

فَلَتَاتُوفَيْتَنِي كُنْتَ آنْتَ الرَّقِيْبَ عَلَيْمِ

Then when Thou tookest me up Thou hast been the Watcher. [5:117]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v, w.v. take up, causes to die (angels)

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. مُتَوَقَلُ causes~to die

imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) v,w.v. مَنَوَفُونَ they cause~to die

(perate. m. sing.) v, w.v. وَوَقَ

وتوكمنا متع الكنوار

And let us die along with the pious. [3:193]

أُو َفِّينَى let me die

(Note: compare in 9/111 and 53/41 that is from triliteral root form an elative or superlative form which means most fulfiller; here as in 3/76 is a perfect tense of iv. that means: he, she or it fulfilled

بَلْمَنْ آوُفْ بِمَهْدِم وَاتَّتْفَى فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ

Nay! but (the chosen of Allah is he) who fulfilleth his pledge and wardeth off (evil); for verily Allah loveth those who ward off evil. [3:76]

أَوْفِ . f d. iv, w.v.

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) (thus) I will fulfil

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv, w..v وَقِيْ I give full

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. وَفُوْنَ they fulfil

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.) e.l.iv,w.v. افْوُوْدُ they should pay in full

وَلْنُوْفُوالْنُدُورُهُمْ

They should pay their vows. [22:29]

(perate. m. sing.) iv, w.v. وُونِي give in full

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. those who keep their treaty or promise

الْوَقْتُ الْمُغَلُومُ

A known (or appointed) Time (i.e., ordained in the fore-knowledge of Allah. [15:38]

E . 7 6 (00

n. p.t. (for مُوقاة) مِبْقَاتُ (مِوقاة an ordained time or place < fixed time (n. p.t. plu.) مَوَاقِيْتُ (sing.)

(pac. pic. m. sing.)

that of which the time is
fixed or ordained

to fix a time, to give appointment

وَلِوَ الرُّسُلُ أَقِيدَتُ

And when the messengers are brought unto their time appointed. [77:11]

وقد 🖈

< fuel (n.) وَقُوْدٌ</p>

وَقَـٰدَ بَقِـدُ وَقُداً وَ وُقُوْداً (ض) وَ أَوْقَدَ إِنْفَاداً ١٠ نَوْدُ أَنْفَاداً نَا

fire to, to kindle

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv, w.v. اَوْقَدُوْا they light a fire lit. they lit a fire (pp. 3 p. m. sing.) v, w.v. مُنَوَقُ

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) v, w.v. بُنُوَفُونُنَ they die

مُتُوَقَّ (Ap-der. m. sing.) v, w.v. مُتُوَقًّ one who makes someone die

إذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَعِيدُ لَى إِنَّ مُتَوَقَّدُكُ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَّ

(Recall) what Allah said: O'Isa! verily I shall make thee die, and am lifting thee. [3:55]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x, w.v. they take exactly the full

to receive exactly اسْنَوْفَ الشَّيْقُ السَّيْقُ in full

و ق ب ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَفَيَ <

وَقَبَ بَيْبُ وَفَهُا وَ وُقُوْبًا (ض)

to set (sun), come upon, overspread, disappear (sun or moon)

مِنْ شَيْرِ غَالِيقِ إِذَا وَقَبَ

(I seek refuge with the Lord and) from the evil of darkness when it is overspread. [113:3]

وقت ★

الْوَقْتُ (n.) time

Note: a majority of the commentators observe the sense of jin majesty but A.Y.A. has translated this word as kindness and long-suffering

مَالَكُوْلَا تَرْجُوْنَ بِللهِ وَقَارًا

What aileth you that ye hope not in Allah's majesty (Jid.) toward Allan for dignity (Pic). What is the matter with you, that ye place not your hope for kindness and long-suffering in God.

(A.Y.A.)

to honor, respect ii وَقَرَ تُوْقِيْراً much

وقع 🖈

[71:13]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَقَعَ < ~ fell (1)

وَقَعَ بَقَعُ وُقُوعاً (ف) - عَلَىٰ

to fall, fall down, befall

to come to pass - على - to be confirmed

وَلَتَا وَتَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجُزُ

And when a plague fell on them. [7:134]

وقذ ★

المُوَّقُوُّذَةُ بِهِ (pac. pic. f. sing.) w.r. المُوَّقُوُّذَةُ < dead through beating وَمَاذَ بَقِيدُ وَقُدْاً (ض)

to beat to death, beat severely

وقر ★

< deafness v.n. وَقُوْ

w.v. (مَثْنَ يَقِرُ وَقُواً (مَثَنَ) to be heavy, deaf, heaviness in the ear

وِقْراً .acc وِقْرُ acc وَقَرْ (v.n.) w.v. وَقَارً acc)

to be gentle, gracious, respected much (Lis) LL. that is befalling __ (2)

تَرَى الظّٰلِيدِينَ مُشَّفِقِينَ مِثَاكَسَبُوّا وَهُوزَاقِرُّ بِهِمُ

Thou seest the wrong-doers fearful of that which they have earned, and it is befalling them (it will befall them). [42:22]

that is coming (3) to pass

إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ لَوَاقِعُ

Verily the doom of thy Lord will surely come to pass. [52:7]

(noun of unity.) happening, coming to pass

ليُسَ لِوَقُعَتِهَا كَاذِبَةٌ

There is no lie in its happening. [56:2]

(act. pic. f. sing.) الْوَاقِعَةُ the event that which surely will occur, the inevitable day of hereafter

إذَاوَقَعَتِ الْوَاقِعَةُ

When the event inevitable cometh to pass. [56:1]

cometh to pass. [5 6:1] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. w.v.

brings about iv, أَدْتَعَ يُوْنِعُ إِيْمَاعًا ﴿

to bring about, excite enmity

prevailed, vindication (2)

فَوَقَعَ الْحَقِّي وَبَطَلَ مَا كَانْوَايَعْمَلُونَ

Thus the truth prevailed (or vindicated) and that which they had brought vanished (or was made vain).

[7:118]

(3) مَل fulfilled

ووقع القول عليهم بماظلنوا

And the word (will be) fulfilled concerning them because they did wrong. [27:85]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. وَقَعَتُ مُا has befallen

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ~befalls

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. قَعُواً fall dawn!

فَإِذَ اسَوَّيْتُهُ وَنَفَخُتُ فِيهِ مِن دُوجِي

فَقَعُوْ الْهُ سُجِياتُنَ

When I have fashioned him and breathed into him spirit, fall ye down in obeisance unto him. [15:29]

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. that going to fall on (1)

وَّظُنُواْلَتُهُوافِعُ بِهِخ

And imagined that it was going to fall on them.

[7:171]

فوفشة الله سيبات مامكوو

Whereof Allah protected him from the ills they plotted. [40:45]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ∼ protect

وَّجَعَلَ ٱكُوْمَرَا بِيْلَ نَقِيتُكُوْ الْحَوَّ وَمَرَابِيْلَ نَقِيتُكُوْ بَاسْكُوْ

And he hath appointed for you coats that protect you from the heat, and coats (of armour) that protect you from the violence.

[16:81]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) f.d. w.v. thou protect

وَمَنُ تَقِ التَبِيَّالِتِ يَوْمَهِينٍ فَقَدُرَحِمْتَهُ

And whosoever Thou will protect him from evils on that Day, verily hast Thou taken (him) into mercy.

[40:9]

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. protect, save!

و قناعدات التالي

And save us from the torment of the fire. [2:201]

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. | protect!

فَوَالْنُفْسَكُمْ وَأَهْلِينِكُوْ مَارًا

Protect yourselves and your family members from a fire. [66:6]

اِلْمَالُوِيْدُالثَّيْطُلُ اَنْ يَوْقِعَ بَيْنَكُوُ الْعَدَالوَّةَ وَالْمَعْضَاءَ

Satan seeketh only to cast among you enmity and hatred. [5:91]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, f.d. المُوَاقِعُونُا those who are about to fall in place, setting (n. p.t. plu). مَوَاقِعُ النَّجُومِ places of stars or the setting of star

و ق ف 🖈

(pp. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وُقِفُوْاً <~held over

وَقَفَ بَقِيثُ وُقُونًا (ض) ١٧.٧.

to stand, to make someone stand

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. make stand

make them to stand "فَوْمُ

مَوْقُونُونَ (pact. pic. m. plu.) w.v. مَوْقُونُونَ those who are brought up or made to stand, are held

و ق ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. رُقَىٰ مِعْنُ وَقَلَمُ وَاللّٰهُ وَ وَقَالًا وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهُ وَ وَقَالًا وَاللّٰهُ وَالّ

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وَلَاتَجُمَّلُوااللَّهُ عُرُضَهُ لِإَيْمَانِكُورُ إِنْ مِنْ اللَّهُ عُرُضَهُ لِإِيمَانِكُورُ

And make not Allah a butt of your oaths that ye shall not act piously nor fear Allah. [2:224]

> e.l. viii, w.v. يَــَـُقُّو (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

he should fear

بَتُّنَّهُ he fears him

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) vili,w.v. المُنْقُونُا they fear

thus they should أَلْمُ تَعْوُا اللهُ fear Allah

(imperf.2p.m.sing.) vili,w.v. will strike against, or will protect

أَفَسُ يَتَقِيمُ بِوَجُوم مُوَّ الْعَذَابِ يُومَ الْعَيْمَة

Is he then who will strike his face against the awful doom upon the Day of Resurrection (is he who doeth right?). [39:24]

(perate. m. sing.) viii, w.v. fear!

fear Allah أتَّق اللهُ

(perate. m. plu.) viii, w.v. dread! fear (ye)!

فالتعوالكازالق وفودها الكاس والحبجارة

Then dread the fire the fuel whereof is men and stones.

[2:24]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) f.d, w.v. is preserved

وَمَنْ يُوْقِي شَاعَ لَعْيْسِهِ فَأُولَيِكَ هُمُوالْمُغَلِحُونَ

And whosoever is preserved from his own avarice, such are they who are successful. [59:9]

وَاقَ * w.v. وَاقِيْ for

(act. pic. m. sing.)
a protector or saviour

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii, w.v. < has fear

اتَّقَىٰ يَمَنَقِ اتَّفَاءاً ,wiii

to fear, to be pious, to ward off (evil), to be conscious of God, to keep duty towards God

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii, w.v. they fear (Allah)

(perf. 2 p. f. plu.) viii, w.v. ye (fem.) fear or ye are pious

إِنِ اتَّعَيْثُنَّ فَلَا تَخْضَعُنَ بِالْقَوْلِ

If ye are God-fearing so be not soft in speech. [33:32]

(imperf.2 p.m. plu.) viii,w.v. ye (are) God-fearing

Ye may become لَمُكُوْتَتَغُونَ God fearing.

[2:21]

(n.d.) viii, w.v. (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
that ye fear Allah

righteousness, duty to Allah, restraint from evil, selfrestaint, fear and so on. According to the context the word has been translated as follows:

abstainment (1)

وَنَزَوَدُوا فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ الزَّادِ التَّعُوٰى

And take provision for the journey, for verily the best provision is abstainment. [2:197]

piety (2)

وَ أَنُ تَعَفُوۤ إِأَوْرَبُ لِلتَقُوٰيَ

And that ye should forego is nigher unto piety. [2:237]

fear (3)

هُوَاهُلِ التَّغُوٰى عِاهُ الْمُعْوِرُةِ

He is the fount of fear. He it the fount of Mercy.

[74:56]

protection (4) (against evil)

والكذين الهتك والاده ولهدى والثاثم تقولهم

While for those who walk aright, He addeth to their guidance, and giveth them their protection (against evil). [47:17]

is also explained in several ways, such as, to observe the Divine ordinances in every walk of life. (Jid.)

(for فَيْ) (فِي com.) الْمُعُونِ (fear me !

(perate. f. plu.) viii, w.v. fear (O women)

addressed to women : آنَّةُ أَنْ اللهُ fear Allah

(Ap-der.m. plu.)(w.v.)nom. الْمُتَّقُوْنَ those who fear Allah

(Ap-der. m. plu.)(w.v. acc.) المنين those who fear Allah or those who are pious

most pious (elative w.) الْآَنَىٰ | أَنَّوَا الْمَاكِمُ most pious أَنْفَاكُمُ among you

(act. pic. m. sing) (acc.)

fearing v.n.

اتَقُوااللهَ حَقَّ تُعَنِّيهِ

Fear Allah with fear due to Him. [3:102]

protection, (n.) تَقُولٰى | النَّقُولٰى | fearing

As a specific Quranic term, used in several contexts it has been translated with different words. Translators of the Quran have tried to present the actual meaning of this word according to their views. The words chosen by them are as below:—

God-fearing, God consciousness, to ward off evil, piety, > رَكُّلَ مَوْ كِبْلاً "

to appoint one keeper or guardian over, or entrust one with the care of anything

>> وَكُلَّ يَكِلُ وَثُلاٌّ (ض) - إِلَىٰ ٣٠٣.

to confide in, entrust another with one's affairs, commit to

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. رَكَلَ مِي نَا اللهِ أَوْلَ مِي اللهِ أَوْلَ مِنْ اللهِ أَنْ اللهِ أَنْ اللهِ أَنْ

تُلُ يَتَوَلَّمُ كُوْمَلَكُ الْمَوْتِ الَّذِي وُكِلَ يِكُوْ

Say: the Angel of death, who is given charge concerning you. [32:11]

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) v, w.v. < I have put my trust

تَوَكُّلُ تَوكُّلًا "

to put trust in Allah

(perf. Ist. p. phu.) v, w.v. we have put our trust

(perate. m. sing.) v, w.v. put thy trust!

(perate. m. plu.) v, w.v. أَوَكُلُوا put (O men) your trust !

v, w.v. juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) puts trust, entrusts

وَمَنْ يَتَوَكَّلُ عَيَ اللهِ فَإِنَّ اللهَ عَزِيْنُكِكِيمُ

Whosoever putteth his trust in Allah (will find) verily Allah is Mighty, Wise.

[8:49]

مَوْ كُلْنا

وك ا *

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)

<I lean

R. F. is not used أَوْكُمُا viii وَأَوْكُمُا viii وَ أَوْكُمُا viii وَ أَوْكُمُ viii وَ أَوْكُمُا viii وَ أَوْكُمُا viii وَ أَوْكُمُ viii وَ أَوْكُمُا viii وَ أَوْكُمُ viii وَكُمُ viii وَكُمُوا مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْعُمُونُ مِنْ مِنْ أَوْكُمُ viii وَكُمُونُوا مِنْ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ مُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ مِنْ مُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُونُونُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤُمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُونُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُؤْمِنُونُ وَمُونُونُ وَمُؤْمُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُونُ وَمُونُونُ ومُؤْمِنُونُ ومُؤْمِنُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُونُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُونُونُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُونُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُؤْمُونُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُونُونُ ومُؤْمُونُ ومُؤْ

(w.& h-v.) viii (Ap-der. m. plu.)

those who are acc.

(n. p. t.) (h.w.v. viii)

و ك د ★

ر ك ز ★

کَرَة کَلُوْدُ مَکُوْدُ وَکُوْدُ الْرَضِ) (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. حَرَة مُحْدُدُ (with fist) وَكُوْدُ مُحْدُدُ الْرُضِ) وَكُوْدُ مَكُوْدُ وَكُوْدًا (ضِ

رَ دَرَ يَكِرَ وَ دَرَا (صَ) to strike with the fist

وك ل *

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) il, w.v. < we entrusted كلناً

بَلِجُ

و ل ج *

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v.

رَبِّجَ يَلِيْحُ وُلُوْجاً (ض) - فِيْ اللهِ وَلُوْجاً (ض) بين to enter, penetrate in, go, pass through

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. وُفِيِّج makes pass into

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. thou causes to pass into

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) w.v. وَلِيْجَةُ intimate friend, femiliar, ally

و ل د 🖈

وَلَدُ عَلَدُ وَلاَدَةً وَ وَلاَدًا وَ مَوْلِداً (ضر) (ضر) (ضر) (ضر) وَلَدَ عَلْدُ وَلاَدَاً وَ مَوْلِداً (ضر)

ورده و ورددا و مویدا (ص) (1) to beget (male) w.v.

(2) to give birth, bear (female)

الآلاته وقن الحكية كيتنولون

وَكُدَامُلُهُ ۗ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَكُنْ يُونَ

Lo! verily it is of their falsehood that they say: God hath begotten, verily they are the liars.

[37:151-52]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَإِذَنَ they (fem.) gave birth

وَلَدَّنَهُمْ birth to them رَبَتُوَكُلُ v, w.v. el. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ let or put trust

وعَلَاللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكِّلِ الْمُؤْمِثُونَ

In Allah let believers put their trust. [3:160]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) v, w.v. we put our trust

(Ap-der. m. plu.) v, w.v. الْمُتُوكُلُونَ those who put their trust (in Allah)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) w.v. الْوَكِيْرُ one who takes care of a thing for another, trustee, the witness to bargain, guardian

وكفى بلتله وكذلا

And Allah is sufficient as Trustee. [4:81]

و ل ت 🖈

w.v., (juss) نات

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)
< ∼diminish

وَلَتَ يَلِثُ وَلْنَأَ (ض)

to withhold, diminish

وَلَنْ تُعِلِيْعُوااللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ لَا يَلِتُكُومِّنْ

أعلكونينا

And if ye obey Allah and His apostle He shall not diminish from you aught of your deeds. [49:14] children (in the (3) sense of a collective noun) إِنْ قَرَن آنَا أَقُدَلَ مِنْكَ مَالًا وَ وَلَدًا Thou seest me as less than thee in wealth and children. [18:39] children n. p. acc. (act. pic. m. sing.) begetter (father) (act. pic. f. sing.) a mother الو الدان / الو الدين parents وَالدَّلَكَ their parents his parents my parents ولْدَانُ (n.p.) youths يَطْوُثُ عَلَيْهِ وُ وِلْدَانُ مُخَلَّدُونَ And there shall go round unto them youths everyoung. [56:17] child (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) (pis. pic. m. sing.) مَوْلُود / المؤلُّود المؤلُّود المؤلِّد المؤل a begotten one, one who is born one to whom a 433 child is born (father)

و ل ی 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. بُونَ they are near

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. he was born (pp. Ist. p. sing.)w.v. I was born w.v. juss (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~begets he begetes not at ? w.v. acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they will beget They will beget not. Y [71:27] (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. I will give birth ءَالدُوآنَاعَةُ زُ Shall I bear a child when I am an old women. [11:72] (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. juss. he was begotten

he was not begotten

a child (1) (n.)

قَالَتُ بَيِّ اَلْى كُونَ لِي وَلَدُوتَ مِنْ مَكُونَ She said: my Lord how can I have a child when no man hath touched me. [3:47]

a son (2)

... اَنْ كَانَ لَهُ وَلَكُّ فَانَ تَوْتُكُنْ لَهُ وَلَكُ If he hath a son, if he hath no son... [4:11] (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. وَلَيْتُ thou hast turned

لَوَاظَلَعْتَ عَلَيْهِمُ لَوَلَيْتَ مِنْكُمْ فِرَازًا

If thou had observed them closely thou had assuredly turned away from them.

[18:18]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)ii,w.v. الروا - إلى they turned to

ڵۅ۫ۑۜڿ۪ۮؙۮ۬ڽؘؘڡڵۼٵٞٲۊؘڡۼ۠ڔ۠ؾۭٲۉؙڡؙۮۜۼٙ**ڵٲۅٙڷٷ**ٳ ٳڵؽۣ؋ٷۿؙۼڒؿڂ۪ڡػٷڹ

Could they find a place of refuge or caverns or retreating hole they would turn round thereto rushing headlong. [9:57]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii, w.v. ye turned

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. ∼turns

وَمَنْ يُولِهِمْ يَوْمَنِنِوْدُبُرُكُا

And whosoever turneth his back to them on such a day. [8:16]

ii, w.v. e.m.p.

[59:12]

they would turn

وَلَهِنَ تَصَرُوْهُمْ لَيُوَلِّنَ الْأَوْبَارَ

If they succoured them they would turn their backs.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii, w.v. وَكُونَ they will turn

لاَ يُولَوْنَ they will not turn لِاَ يُولُونَ

> وَلِيَ يَلِيْ وَ وَلَىٰ بَلِيْ وَلَبَا وَ وِلاَبَةً

near, to follow, to be upto, an approach

يَايَّهُا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا قَاتِلُوا الَّذِينَ يَدُونَكُمْ يِسْنَ الْكُفْتَارَ

O ye who believe! fight the infidels who are near unto you. [9:123]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) if, w.v. <~turned (1)

وَلَيْ بُولِيٌّ وَوْلِيَّةً _ عَنْ ,w.v.,ii

(1) to turn away from, to turn back

(2) trans. to make a thing turn

(3) to keep SS close to another thing (see 6/129)

وَلُ مُدُيرًا وَلَعُ يُعَوِّبَ

He turned in fright and looked not back. [27:10]

وَ لَى الْمُسْتَكَامِرًا

He turned back in his pride.

(trans.) turned = _ (2)

سَيَعُولُ الشُغَمَّ أَنْمِنَ التَّالِس مَادَلُهُ هُوْعَنْ مِيْلَتِهِمُ

The foolish of the people will say: what hath turned them form the Qibla?

[2:142]

(perate. m. plu.) ii, w.v. turn! (ye)

Note: the verb is signifies to turn away' when it has a direct object or with in case of direct, it is supposed that is elliptical (Rgb.). In case of transative to another object the verb denotes the sense of 'to be close.'

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. ∼turned away (1)

to turn away

وَإِذَا تَوَلَّى سَلَى فِي الْأَرْضِ لِيُغْسِدَوفِيهَا

And when he turneth away, he speedeth through the land that he may act corruptly therein. [2:205]

~undertook or (2)

وَالَّذِي نَّوَلَّ كِبْرَهُ مِنْهُمْ

And who undertook on himself the lead among them. [24:11]

turned aside Ul - (3)

ثُعَّرَتُوَنِّيَ إِلَى الخِطْلِ

Then he tuined aside.
[28:24]

took as friend (4)

كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ مَن تَوَلَّاهُ فَأَنَّهُ يُضِلُّهُ

Against whom it is prescribed that whosoever taketh him for friend, he verily will mislead him. [22:4] | وَلَّو

تولة

(f.d.) ii, w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)

they shall turn

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. ye turn

نولۇن ئوڭدا ئوڭدا

(f.d.) ii, w.v. (imperf.2 p.m. plu.)

ye will turn (perate neg. m. plu.)ii,w.v.

turn not!

لاَ تُوَكُّوا

نُوَلُ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu) ii, w.v. we shall keep close (1)

وَّكُذُلِكَ نُوكِيُّ بَعْضَ الظُّلِمِينَ بَعْضًا

And thus We shall keep some of wrong-doers close to others. [6:129]

< we cause to turn (2)
(trans.)</pre>

ii, w.v. e.m.p. مُوَلِّينَ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.)

we surely cause to turn

فَلْنُولِينَكَ قِبْلَةُ تَرْضُهَا

Wherefor We assurdly cause thee to turn toward the Qibla which shall please thee. [2:144]

I will let SS follow (3)
(trans.) i.e., to make close
(as a follower)

ئۆلەماتۇل

We shall let him follow to which he hath turned.

[4:115]

(perate. m. sing.) ii, w.v. turn! (thee) وَلَ

(f.d, after. مَنْ) ۷, พ.۷. يَسَوَلُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

ومن يتول الله ورسوله والذين امنوا فالتحرب

take for friend (1)

الله وهُ والْغَلِبُونَ

And whoso taketh Allah and his messenger and those who believe for friend (will know that), Lo! the party of Allah, they are the victorious. [5:56]

turneth back (2)

وَمَنْ يَتُولَ يُعَذِبْهُ مَعَذَا كَاللَّهُمَا

And whose turneth back, him will He punish with a painful doom. [48:17]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)v,w.v. أَسْتُوَلُّونَ they turn away (1)

حُمَّ يَتَوَلَّوْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ وَمَّااُولَيِكَ انعند مُن

المُؤمِّينِينِ Yet even after that they turn away, such (folk) are not believers. [5:43]

they make friends (2)

تَرْى كَيْنِيْلَ مِنْهُمْ يَتُولُونَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا

Thou seest many of them making friends with those who disbelieve. [5:80]

رَبُورُ (f.d.) ۷, พ.۲. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)
they turn away

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) v, w.v. they turned away (1)

وَلِنْ تَوَكُّوا فَإِنَّمَاهُمْ فِي شِعَاقَ

But if they turn away, then they are in cleavage.

[2:137]

they take for friend (2)

إِنَّمَايَنْهُ كُوْاللَّهُ عَنِ الَّذِيثَ فَتَأْوَكُوْفِ الدِّيْنِ وَأَخْرَجُو كُوْمِنْ دِيَارِكُوْ وَظُهَوُوْا عَلَى إِخْرَاجِكُمْ إِنْ تَذَكَّمُهُ

Allah forbiddeth you only those who warred against you on account of religion and have driven you out of your homes and helped to drive you out, that ye make friends of them.

[60:9]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) v, w.v ye turned away

تَوَلُ ٧,٣.٧.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v, w.v. turns away (1) (for group, turn away)

ثُعَرِيبُولَىٰ نِرِيْقٌ مِنْهُمْ وَهُمُ مُعُرِضُونَ

Then a party of them turn away and they are backsliders. [3:23]

metp. < protects (2) defends (lit. deals friendly)

وكموتبول الطيلين

And He protects the rightous. [7:196]

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وَلِيُّ الْوَلِيُّ acc. الْوَلِيُّ

protecting friend, (1) defender

المله وفئ النيت امنوا

Allah is Protecting Friend of those who believe. [2:257]

وْكَغَىٰ لِلْمُلْهِ وَرَالِيًّا

And Allah is sufficient as a Friend. [4:45]

وَهُوَالُولِيُ الْحَيِيْدُ

He is the Protecting Friend, the Praisworthy. [42:48]

heir, or successor (2)

رَكَانَتِ امْرَاكِنَ عَاقِرًا فَهَبُ لِيْ مِنْ لَدُنْكَ وَلِيكًا Since my wife is barren, give me from Thy presence a successor (or a heir). [19:5]

a guardian (3)

فَيُسُلِلُ وَلِينَهُ بِالْعَدُلِ

Then let the gurdian of his interest dictate in (tems of) equity. [2:282]

heir (4)

وَمَنْ مُّتِلِّ مُظْلُومًا فَقَدُ جَعَلْنَا لِوَلِيِّهِ سُلْطُنًا

Whoso is slain wrongfully, We have given power unto his heir. [17:33]

أوْلِكَامُ (n.p.)

protectors, friends, partners, heirs

(sing.) 25

وَإِنْ تُصِبُكَ مُصِيبَةٌ يَغُونُوا تَدُا خَذُ نَا آمَرَيَا

مِنْ مَبْلُ وَيَتَوَلَّوْاوَهُمُ فَرِحُونَ

And if calamity befalleth thee, (O Muhammad) they say, we took precaution, and they turn away well pleased. [9:50]

they make friend (2)

إِنَّمَا سُلطنُهُ عَلَى الَّذِيثِينَ يَتَوَكُّونَهُ وَالَّذِيثِي مُمْ

يه مُشْرِكُوْنَ

His power is only over those who make friend of him, and those who ascribe partners unto Him (Allah). [16:100]

(f.d.) v. w.v. الْمَتَوَلَّوْهُا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
(if) ye turn away

(perate. m. sing.) v, w.v. وَّلَ turn away!

(perate. neg. plu.) v, w.v. الْاَ مَتَوَلَّوْا turn not away!

(f.d.) r.f. w.v. (act. pic. m. sing.) defender, protector, friend

مَالَهُ وُمِن دُونِهُ مِن قَالِ

They have not any defender besides Him. [13:11] closer (2)

ٱلنَّيِّيُ أَوُلُ بِالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ مِنْ أَنْفُهِمُ

That Prophet is closer to the believers than themselves.

[33:6]

woe J _ (3)

أولى لك فأول فأول لك فأول

Woe unto thee, woe! Again woe unto thee, woe!

[75:34-35]

(also) see 74:20)

الْكُرُلِكَانِ .dual) elative, w nearest ones

مَوْلُ / الْمُولِل (Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. المُولِل / المُولِل المُولِل (Ap-der. m. plu.) patron (1)

فَ لِكَ مِأْنَ اللَّهَ مَوْلَى الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا

That is because Allah is the Patron of those who believe. [47:11]

friend (2)

يؤم لَايُغْنِيُ مَوْلًى عَنْ مَوْلًى عَنْ مَوْلًى ثَيْمًا

A day when friend can in naught avail a friend.

[44:41]

owner (3)

ٱحَدُّهُمَّاأَبُكُمْ لِايَقْدِدُ عَلَى شَيْقٌ وَهُوكُلْ عَلَى مَوْلِيكُ

One of them is dumb, having control of nothing and he is a burden on his owner.

[16:76]

protection (1) (v.n.)

هُنَالِكَ الْوَلَايَةُ بِلْهِ الْحَقّ

Herein is all protection from Allah, the True. [18:44]

inheritance (2)

وَالَّذِينَ امَّنُوا وَلَوْيُهُ لَجِرُوْلِمَا لَكُوْمِنْ وَلَا يَتِهِمْ مِنْ مَنَّى اللَّهِ

And those who believed but emigrated not they have naught of inheritance.

[8:72]

It could also be translated in its literal meaning 'protection' as done by other commentators, while Tabri observed that it is a term used for Muhaireen (emigrants) who migrated from Makka to al-Madina, where they were received by (Muslims of al-Madina) Ansar warmly, and other hospitalities were extended to them. They were given shares too in inheritance. Obviously this facility could not be given to those who did not leave their homes for the sake of Islam, as Muhajreen did.

elative. w.

11:1

nearer to thou, (1) the nearest one

إِنَّ أَوْلَى النَّاسِ بِإِبْرُهِ يُمَ لَكُنِينَ النَّهُ عُوهُ

Verily the nearest of mankind to Ibrahim are those who followed him. [3:68]

و ن ی 🖈

(parate. neg. n. dual.) v.w. آخيناً <slacken not (ye twain)

وَفَا يَنِي وَنُبِأَ (ض) _ فِي اللهِ بِينِ to be slack or negligent

إِذْ هَبُ أَنْتَ وَآخُولُهُ بِأَيْتِي وَلَا تَنِيا فِي وَكُوى

Go, thou and thy brother, with My signs, and slacken not in remembrance of Mine. [20:42]

و م ب ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

وَمَبَ بَبُ وَمُأْوَ مِنْ (ف)

to grant, give as a gift, dedicate, offer as a present, to bestow on

(perf. 3 p. f. sing,) w.v. وَهَبَتْ (she) dedicated

وَامْرَا وَ مُؤْمِنَةً إِنْ وَهَبَتْ تَفْسَهَا

And any believing woman who dedicates her soul. [33:50]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. وَمَبْنَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

(imperf. Ist. sing.) w.v. آهَبُ I give protector, owner, (4) friend, benefactor

أنت مُولْنا فَانْصُرُناعَلَ الْعَوْمِ الْكَفِينَ

Thou, our Protector (Master, Owner) and give us victory over the disbelieving folk. [2:286]

مَوَّالِيُّ / الْمُوَّالِيُّ (n. p.) (n. p.)

مَوْلَىٰ (sing.)

وَلِكُلِّ جَعَلْنَا مَوَالِي مِمَّاتُرُكَ الْوَالِدانِ وَالْالْوَيْوَةُ

And unto each We have appointed inheritors of that which parents or the near of him leave behind.

[4:33]

kinsfolk (2)

مَانِيْ خِفْتُ الْمَوَالِيَ مِنْ قَدَاوَى

Lo! I fear my kinsfolk after me. [19:5]

clients (3)

فَانُ كُوْ تَعْلَمُوٓ الْبَاءَ هُمْ وَفَاخُوَ الْنُكُوفِ

التينين وَمَوَالِيَكُو

And if ye know not their fathers, then (they are) your brethren in the faith, and your clients. [33:5]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) ii, w.v.

وَلِكُلِّ وَبُعَةٌ هُوَمُوَلِيْهَا

And each one hath a goal toward which he turneth.

[2:148]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَهَوُوا they fainted

فَمَاوَهَنُوالِمَاآصَابَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ

They fainted not for aught that befell them in the way of Allah. [3:146]

(perate. neg. n. plu.) w.v. | faint not (O ye men)

وَهُنَّ ا وَهُنَّ ا وَهُنَّ ا وَهُنَّ ا وَهُنَّ ا

وَهُنَّاعَلُ وَهُنِ

Weakness upon weakness,.
[31:14]

(n.) (elative) زَمَنَ

weakest, frailest

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, w.v. مُؤْمِنُ one who makes SS weak

* 6 4 5

وَاهِبَةُ . (.Ap-der. f. sing.) w.v torn, rent وَمَىٰ ا وَمِيَ يَهِيْ وَمُباّ (ض ، ح)

to be weak, frail, burst, torn

* * 6 9

An interjection regarded by some commentators (such as Baidawi) as an abbreviation of ("") woe to). It is always suffixed to of the 2nd p. personal pronoun and is translated as "woe unto thee!"

لِأَمْبَ لِكِ عُلْمًا ثُكِيًا

That I may bestow on thee a faultless son. [19:19]

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. bestow

وَهَبُ لَنَامِنُ لَدُنْكَ رَحْمَةً

And bestow upon us mercy from Thy presence. [3:8]

الْوَهَّابُ (n.) ints.

the bestower, one of the excellant names of Allah

* 5 * 9

(n.) ints. acc.

<dazzling, glowing

w.v. (فَعَجَ بَعَجُ رَفِعًا (ف)

to blaze, burn, glow, dazzie

. . . .

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. حُمَّن

<a href="htt

وَهَنَ بَيِنُ وَخَنَّا اوَهُنَ بَوْهُنُ وَهَنَّا

to be weak, w.v. (台,)

feeble, faint, infirm, languid, remiss

كَالْ رَبِ إِنِّي وَهَنَ الْعَظْلُومِتِي

He said: O my Lord! verily the bones of me have waxer feeble. [19:4] فَوَيْلُ لِلَّذِيْنَ يَكُنُبُونَ الْكِتَبَ بِأَيْدِيْرِمْ كُوَّ يَقُولُونَ هٰ ذَاهِ الْحِدِينَ الْأَلِي

Therefore woe be unto those who write the Scripture with their hands and then say, this is from Allah.

[2:79]

وَكُلُكُ

a pronoun J with preceeds the word to emphasize the misfortune as:

وَلَكُوالْوَيْلُ مِتَاتَصِعُونَ

And yours will be woe for that which ye ascribe (unto Him). [21:18]

(comp.) وَيْلَ + كَ

woe unto thee or alas for thee

ياً وَبُلْنَاً alas for us

وَبُلَكُم alas for you

<woc unto me

وَ لَهُ الله ع = وَ بُلِّي ا

(is also read وَيْلَقُ wailataa)

Woe is me or alas

my shame! [11:72]

In the approved Quranic calligraphy it is written as one word آلَيُّانَ. In this case it is to be considered as composed of the interjection وَى 'Oh! or Ah!' and آلَّهُ 'as if'. According to some آلَّهُ is equivalent to اعْلَى 'know!' (LL).

وَيُكُنَّ اللَّهُ يَبِدُوكُ الرِّنُقَ إِمَنْ يَشَاءُ

Ah! Allah expendeth the provision for whomsoever He will of His bandmen. [28:82]

و ی ل 🖈

(1) woe! (an interjection.) (to express a big misfortune.

Commonly used with J
as نواك 'Woe unto
thee' or affixed to a pronoun direcetly without a
preposition as وَالَك 'Alas
for thee')

ى أ س 🖈

(perf.3 p.m. sing.) (h.& w.v.) يَشْنَ <despaired

بَسْنَ بَنِأْنُ وَ بَنِيْنُ بَأْمَا وَ بَآسَةً

to despair, (س،ح)
give up hope,

to pass the age يَعْسَتِ الْمَرَأَةُ of fertility

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (h.&w.v.) المُعْسُورُا they have despaired

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) h.&w.v. يَتُسُنَ they (f.) despaired

والمِنْ يَبِسْنَ مِنَ الْمَحِيْضِ

And those women who despaired of menstruation.

[65:4]

المثر (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) مامن despaires (yaa)

1. A pronominal suffix of the Ist p. sing.; me, my
e.g. my Lord گُنّ

my prayers مَلاَق

- is added before ع e. g.

 He guided me.
- is sometimes vocalized with "Fatha" (a—vowel) as, 'my lifetime عناي
- 4. The s is omitted when the proceeding s occurs at the end of a sentence. The following verse illustrates all these cases:

اِنَّ مَعِيَ رَبِّقُ سَيَهُ لِدِيْنِ

Verily My Lord is with me. He will guid me. [26:62]

750

ى ت م * بَنْغُ الْنِيْمُ الْبَيْمُ الْبَيْغُ الْبِيْغُ

acc.

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) an orphan

> بَئُمَ بَنْئُمُ بُنْأً (ف)

to become an orphan

(act. pic. 2 m. dual.) يَيْنَيْنِ two orphans

حِنَائَىٰ / الْبَنَائَىٰ (orphans (n.p.) بَنَائِيْ (sing.) بَيْنِمْ (sing.)

* * > 6

a hand (n.)

< two hands (n. dual.)</p>
the final nun of dual is omitted due to ldafa (genitive)

lit. two hands (n. dual.) مَدَىْ before, in fornt of مَيْنَ مَدَى

وَهُوَالَّذِي نُرُسِلُ الرِّيعَ كُنْتُوالِينَ يَدَى دُمَيَّة

And it is He who sendeth for the heralding wind before His mercy. [7:57]

أَبْدِيْ / أَبْدٍ / الْأَبْدِيْ (n.p.) أَبْدِيْ / أَبْدٍ / الْأَبْدِيْ

ی س د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. ~made easy

h.&w.v. المشارة المرابعة المر

وكلاتان مفوامن تذج اللوائلة لايايشن

مِنْ تَدْج الله إلا الْقَوْمُ الْكُوْرُونَ

And despair not from the mercy (comfort of spirit) of Allah, verily none despairs of the mercy of Allah except a people disbelieving. [12:87]

(x, h.&w.v.) اسْتَيَّاسَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <-despaired

as R.F. x اسْتَبَاسَ to despair

(x, h.&w.v.) اسْتَيَّاسُوْا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they despaired

very despairing person

ی ب س 🖈

يَبَسُّ / يَبَسُ وَ يَابَسُ يُبُسا وَ يَبَسَ حِبِسَ يَنْبِسُ وَ يَابَسُ يُبُسا وَ يَبَسَا

(ح، س) to dry up طَالُقًا فِي الْعَرْسَدُمُنَا

A dry path in the sea. [20:77]

dry (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v.

(act. pic. f. plu.) w.v.

easiness (n.p.t.)

مَانُ كَانَ ذُوعُمُّرُةٍ فَنَظِرَةٌ اللَّهِ يَعَرَرَةٍ And if one be in difficulties, then let there be a deferment until easiness.

[2:280]

الْمُنْسِرُ (n.p.t.) gambling

ى ق ت 🖈

الْبِاَقُوْتُ (n.) the jacineth

* * * *

a gourd (n.) مُعَلِّنُ (or a kind of gourd)

ی ق ظ 🖈

<a href=" الْقَاطَا عَلَى الْحَاطَ الْحَاطُ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطُ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطَ الْحَاطِق الْحَاطِ الْحَاطِق
ى ق ن 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv وُقِوُنُ they are certain

< كِيْنَ بَنْقِنُ بَقْناً (ح) ٣.٧.

to be certain, sure of

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. vi, وُقِنُونَ ye are certain

>> أَغْنَ يُونِنُ إِنْفَانًا ﴿

to believe firmly,

to hold as undoubtedly true

يَشَرَ تَيْسِيْراً ، ال

to make easy, facilitate

پَشَرْنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v. آيَشَرْنا we made easy

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v. فيتسرُ we shall ease

وَنُهَوْرُكَ لِلْيُسُرُى

And We shall ease thy way unto the state of ease.

[87:8]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. ~became easy

فَاقْدَءُ وَامَاتَهَ مَن وَمِنَ الْعُوانِ

Receite, then, of the Quran which is easy (for you).

[73:20]

< r dispersion () ج السَّيْسَرُ () to get easily, x, السَّيْسَرُ () to be easy</p>

easy, ease acc. البُسْرُ / يُسْرُا

مَدِدُ السِيْرُ السِيْرُ السِيْرُ السِيْرُ السِيْرُ السِيْرِ السِيْرُ السِيْرِ السِيْرَالِ السِيْرَالِ السِيْرَالِ السِيْرَالِ السِيْرَ السِيْرَالِ السِ

(act. pic. 2 m. sing.) easy to bear, light, small

ذٰ لِكَ كَيُلُ كَيِيدُو

This is a light measure.

[12:65]

ease (elative. w. f.) مسرای (used as an adjective)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) ace. آميشورآ gentle, easy

فَعُلُ لَهُمْ فَوْلَامَّيْسُورًا

Then speak to them an easy (i.e., a gentle or reasonable) speech. [17:28]

(perate. m. plu.) v, w.v. < lit. intend!

to intend, v, مَمَّمَ وَ قَدَيْقُمَ to go towards

term, do Tayammum (1)

a process of ablution with clean dust, by clapping plams of hands on it and passing them over the hands up to elbows and face as if they were washed by water.

v, w v. (perate. neg. m. plu.) seek not (2)

وَلَا لَيَكُنُوا الْخِيدُكَ مِنْهُ تُنْفِعُونَ

And seek not bad (with intent) to spend therof.

[2:267]

sca, river (n.)

right hand (n.) المين المين المين

<right hands (1) (n.p.) أَعَانُ</p>

(sing.)

المَامَلُكُ النَّاكِ اللَّهُ ا

Or that your right hands possess (the captives).

[4:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. x ~has firm belief

اسْتَنْفَنَ اسْتَفْاَنَا .x.

to believe firmly

وجحد وإبها واستيقنه آأنف وم

And they denied them, though their souls were convinced thereof. [27:14]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. x ~has firm belief

in order to be certain of

surely acc.

الْغَيْنُ (certainty (1)

حَتَّى كَأْمَكَ الْمُقَاثِيُ

Until there cometh unto thee the certainty (i.e., death). (also see. 74:47) [15:99]

surety (2)

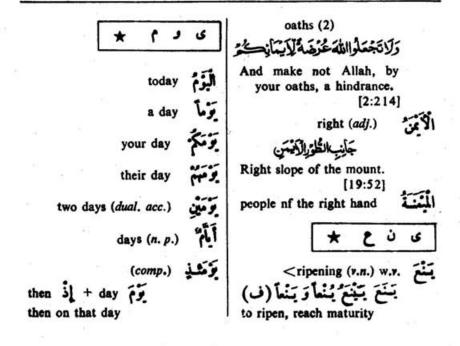
كَلَاكَ تَعْلَكُ نَ عِلْدَ الْمَا

Lo! would that ye know (now) with the surety of knowledge. [102:5]

(Ap-der. m. plu.)iv, nom.

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv acc. those who are certain (or) convinced

(Ap-der. m. plu.) x, acc. convinced



THE END

APPENDIX - 1 ROOTS OF THE WORDS

To facilitate those who are not aware of Arabic Etymological System of the words, the following Table has been arranged.

This table will be helpful to consult particular words starting with letters affixed with «Alif» I, «Ta» t, «Ya» t, «Noon» o, «Lam» t, and «Meem».







Root	Word	Root	Word
ب ل ع	ابْلَيِيْ	ب ت ر	ابْتَرَ
ب ی مش	ايْعَشَّ/ايْعَشَّتْ	ب ج س	انْجَسَتْ
ب ل غ	أَبْلَغُ/أَبْلَغَنَّكُمُ/	ب د ع	ابْدَعُو (ما)
, , ,	أَبْلَغَوُ ا/أَبْلِغَهُ	ب د ل	451
ب ل و	ابْتَلَوُّا/ابْتَلَا/	. , ,	اسْتِبْدَال
ب ن و	ابْنِ ، ابْنِيّ ، ابْنِي	ب ر ا	أَبْرِئُ أَ
	أبناه	ب ر ر	أبراًد
ب و ب	أَوْاَبُ/أَوْاَبًا	ب را مس	الْآرْصَ
ب ص ر	أبغير	ب س ل	أبيكوا
بع ٺ	انْعِمَاتَهُمُ *	ب ش ر	أَبَيْرُ مُؤْنِ
	ائبَعَتَ	, , ,	أبيروا
ب رق	استبرق	. , , ,	استنفروا
ب ر ق	أَبَادِ بْقَ	ب مس ر	الْآبِعَاد
بع ث	فأبقنوا		أَبْسَادِمِنَّ/أَبْسَادِمِ أَبْسَادِمِنَّ/أَبْسَادِمِ
ب غ ی	أَبغيْ/ابْنِغِأَهُ	ب ق ی	أبقيا
, , ,	ا بْنَغَبَتْ / ابْنِغَاءِ	ب ك ر	آبْکَاد/اِبْکَار آبْکَاد/اِبْکار
ب ن ی	ابنِ/أَتَبَنُّوْنَ	ب ك م	أبكم
ب ل و	ابْتُكَى	ب ك ي	أبكئ

Roo		Word	Root	Word
٠ ٢٠١	ت	ٱَيۡمُوا	ب ن و	ابنى
ب ت	ث	هَا ثُبِيَّةُ ا	ت ب ع	آبع بَعْنُ
خ ن	ث	أَغْنَتُهُوْمُ	· · ·	ء تبعث
ق ل	ا ث	أثنلت		إثبآع
٠, ,	•	اتَّافَلْتُمْ		أتبغ
, ,	•	أثقالا	, , ,	َيِّنَ اتَّبِقُنَاهُمُ
م د	ت	آءُ -	ם יי נ	إِنْبَاع ابَّيْنَامُ آثِرَاب
ن ی	ا ث	، بر اثآنِ افت	. , ,	أثرابا
ن ی	ا ت	اثنيني	ت ر ك	ر. انرك
, ,		اثنآ عَشَرَ	ت ق ن	أنقن
, ,	•	اثنی عَشَرَ	ر ق ی	أَنْهَا كُمْ
, ,	,	اثنتين	ر ق ی	، الْآنقٰ
, ,	•	اثْنَتَا عَشَرَةَ	ت ل و	انل ^ا انتل ^ا
, ,	•	اثْنَىٰ عَشَرَة	, , ,	اتُلُو
و د	ث	أثآدوا	ت م م	أغمت
, ,	,	أثرك	, , ,	أثمنناها
ب ی	5	اجْنَبَاكُمْ *		آجًاً
, ,	,	اجْتَبَاهُ	, , ,	آيمم

Root		Word	Root	Word
ل د	ح -	فأجْلِدُوْا	ج ب ی	اجْتَنْيْهُا
م ع	5	أجينوا	, , ,	اجْتَيْنَا
, ,		اجْنَمَتَتْ		الجوَاَب
٠, ,,	,	اجْنَىمَوْا	ج ٺ ٺ	ا ميت اجتثت
, ,	,	أَجْعَوُنَ	ج د ث	ٱلْاَجْدَاث
, ,	,	أجمين	ج د ر	أجْدَرُ
ن ب	٦	آجَمِيْنَ اجْنَبْنِيْ	ج د ل	أَجُماً دِلُوْ نَنِيْ
, ,	,	اجْتَنَبَوُ	ج د ح	اجتر حوا
ن ح	5	أخنخ	ج د ۲	أُجْرَمْنَا
, ,	,	أجنيحة	, , ,	أَجْرَمُوا
ن ن	5	فَأَجْنَعْ أَجْنِعَةِ آجِنَّةً		إِجْرَامِيْ
٠ ر	5	اجْهَرُوْا	ج س م	آخسامهم
و ب	5	أَجَبُنُمُ	اجع د	الجعك
٠, ,	,	أجنب	, , ,	اجْمَلْنَا
, ,	•	أَجِنبُ أَجْينُوا	, , ,	اجَعَلْنِئ
		أجِيبَتُ	, , ,	اجعكوا
, ,		اسْتَجَابَ		اجعيله
, ,	,	اسْتَجَا بُوَّا	ج ل ب	أَجْلَبْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ذ ر	اخذزخ	ج ر ب	فَأَسْنَجَبُمُ
, , ,	اخذروا		فأستجننا
ح د ص	آغرَمَ	, , ,	أشتيب
ح د ق	فَأَخْرَ فَتْ	, , ,	استجيبوا
ح س س	أَحَنَّ	, , ,	استجبب
, , ,	أحَتُوا	ج و د	فَأَجِرُهُ
ح س ن	آختنا		استجازك
, , ,	أختنة	ج ی ا	فَأَجَاءَهَا
, , ,	أختنت	ح ب ب	آحَبَّ
. , ,	أخيذوا		أخببت
, ,	إخسان		أَحِبَّادُهُ
ح ش د	اخشرُوا	, , ,	استَحَبُوا
ح ص د	اخصروم	ح ب ر	الآخبَارُ
, , ,	أخيزتم	ح بط	فأخبط
, , ,	أخصروا	2 2 2	أنُعَاجَوْنَنا
ح ص ن	أخمنت	ح د ث	أخدث
, , ,	أخينًا		تيويد و به د. أعد نوجم
ح ص ی	آخملي		آحَادِ بْنَ

Ro	oot		Word	Root	Word
J	J	7	أجِلَّتْ	ح ص ی	آخساهٔ
	J	1	أخلام	, , ,	أحصيناه
, د			آخت	, , ,	اخصوا
J		2	أخيل	ح مض ر	أخيرت
,	,	,	آخَدَم آخُدُ آخِلُ آخِلُمُ اخْنَلَ اخْنَلَ	ح ف ظ	احفظوا
,	,	,	اختما	, , ,	احْفَظُوُّا اسْتُحْفِظُوْا
,	,		اختملؤا	ح ق ب	أخقابآ
	,	,	الْآمَالِ	ح ق ف	بالأخقاف
ذ			اشتَعَوَدَ	ح ق ق	أَحَقُ
ر ط		2	أحاط	, , ,	استحق
		7	أحاطت	· , , ,	استتحقا
F 8		,	أَحَفُتُ	ے ك م	فَأَخْتُمُ مُ
			أحطنا	, , ,	اخكمُ
			أيبغ		مَا تَنْكُمُ احْمَعُ أَخْمِكُ وَاخْلُلُ اَحِلًا اَحَلُمُا اَحَلُمُا
ی	•	_	أتأى	اح د د	وُ اخْلُلُ
		۲	آخوٰی آخیا	, , ,	أحا
ی	ی	2	2-5		15-1
•	,	,	آخَامُ:	, , ,	
,	,	,	أحبيتا	, , ,	أَحَلُوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ د ق	آخَرَ فُنْهَا	ح ی ی	آخيناً
خ د ی	أخزى		أخين
, , ,	أُخْزَيْتُهُ	, , ,	آخياء
خ س ا	الخسثوا	, , ,	استخيؤا
خ س د	الْآخسرون	, , ,	استيخباه
, , ,	الْآخْسَرِيْن	خ ب ت	أخبتوا
خشی	أَيْحُمُونَهُمْ	خ ب ر	آخبارگم
, , ,	وَ الْحَشَوْا	خ د د	اُلاَ خُدُود الْاُخْدُود
, , ,	وَ اخْشَوْنِ	خ د ن	أخدان
, , ,	فأخفوهم	خ رج	أخرج
خ ص م	اختصفوا	, , ,	أَخْرِجُوْا
خ د س د	ٱلْآخْضَر	, , ,	أُخِرَجُ
خ ط ۱	أخطأتم		أُخْرِجَتْ
, , ,	آخطأنآ	, , ,	ٱخْرَجنِيْ
خ ف ض	اخْفِضْ	, , ,	أُخْرِجُمُ
خ ف ف	فأشتخف		إِخْرَاجَ
خ ف ی	أُخْفِيَ	, , ,	إِخْوَاجِكُمُ •
, , ,	أغفيم	خ رج	اسْنَخْرَجَهَا

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ر نف	أَعَافُ	خ ف ی	أغينهآ
خ و ل	أَخْوَالِكُمْ *	خ ل د	أَخَلَدَهُ
خ و ن	أخُنْهُ	, , ,	أخلة
خ ی د	ٱلْآخْبَاد	خ ل ط	اختلَعَا
, , ,	اخْتَارَ	خ ل ع	فأغْلَعُ
, , ,	اخْتَرْ ثَكَ	خ ل ف	أَعَالِغَكُمُ *
, , ,	اخْتَرْ نَاهُ	, , , ,	فَأَخْلَفْتُكُمُ *
د ب ر	أَدْبَار	, , ,	أَخْلَفْناً
, , ,	اَدْبَادِكُمْ	, , ,	أخلفوا
, , ,	أَدْبَرَ		اخْتَكَ
د خ ل	آدْبَرَ ادْخُلْ		اختلفتم
, , ,	ادْخُلاَ		اختَلَفْتُمُ اخْتَلُفُوْا اخْتَلُفُوْا
, , ,	اذُخُلِئ		اخْيِلاَفُ
, , ,	ادخُلُوا	, , , ,	استخلف
, , ,	أَدْخَلْنَاهُمْ		ا خُلْفِيْ اخْلَفِيْ
, , ,	أَدْخِلُ ۚ	خ ل ق	أخلق
, , ,	أَدْخِلْنِيُ	, , ,	الحتيلاق
د ر 1	فَأَذْرَهُ وَا	خ ل ل	ٱلۡاَخِلاَهُ

Root	. Word	Root	Word
J J 3	اَدُلُكُمُّ اَدْلُ اَدْفُ	د ر ۱	فَأَدَّارَأُثُمُ
د ل و	أَدْلُ	د ر ك	آذرَكَهُ '
د ن و	أدنا	. , ,	اذَّارَكَ
دهی	أدهى	, , ,	اذَّارَكُوْا
	الدَّارُ	د ر ی	أَنْدِ
. , ,	الدَّوَارُ	, , ,	أَدْدِي
ا ذ ب ح	أذبحك		أَدْرَاكَ
ذ ق ن	الْأَذْتَان	, , ,	أَذُواكُمُ
ذ ك ر	ٱذْكُرُعُ	دع و	أَدْعُوْ
, , ,	اْذْكُرْ	, , ,	أَدْعَوْكُمْ
	ٱذْكُرْنَ	, , ,	ادْعُ
	ٱذكُرُني	. , ,	ادعهن
. , ,	اذكروا	, , ,	ادْعُوّا
	آذگرَ هُ	. , ,	أَدْعِيَاتُكُ
ذ ل ل	اَنِلَّة	, , ,	آذيب الجيم
	أَلْاَذَكُ	ادنع	ادْفَعْ
, , ,	ٱلْآذَلَّيْنَ	, , ,	ادْفَعُوا
د م پ	اذُمَبُ	د ل ل	أَدُلُكُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ب ب	أزبابا	ذ م ب	اذْمَبَا
ر بع	أَرْبَتَةً		اذُعَبُوا
, , ,	أَنْبَحُ	ذ و ق	فَأَذَافَهَا
, , ,	اَدْ بَعَيْنَ		أذَنْكَ
ر ب و	ادب	ذ ی ع	أَذَاعُوا
ر ج و	أذجاء	ر ای	أرَأَيْنَكَ
2 7	ادْجِعْ	, , ,	أرأنتم
, , ,	ادْجِمُوْا	. , ,	أدى
	ادْجِعُوْنِ	, , ,	أراك
, , ,			أَدَانِيْ
ر ج ل	ادْجِعِيْ اَدْجُلُ		فآرآة
, , ,	أَدْ جُلِينًا	, , ,	أدَيْناكَ
ر ج و	أَدْجُوا	* , , ,	ٱڍِبگُ
, , ,	أذبي	, , ,	اُدِنِ کُ اَدِنَا
, , ,	أذجائها	, , ,	أرِنِ
ر ح م			أروني
, , ,	ادْحَمْ ادْحَثْنَا		
, , ,	الكادحام	ر ب ب	اَرُیْنَاکُهُمْ اَدْبَاب

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر س و	أدْسَاهَا	ر ح ۱	أَرْحَامُكُمُ *
ر ص د	إِدْصَاداً	, , ,	اَدْحَا _ع ِينَّ
ر مضع	أَدْمَنَعَتْ	ر د د	فَارْتَدَّ
, , ,	أَدْمَنَعْنَ		ادْنَدَّوْا
	آرُمَنْمَنگُ	ر د ی	أَرْدَاكُمُ *
	أزمين	ر ذ ل	أَدْذَكِ
ر د س و	ارْتَمَنیٰ	, , ,	الْآرْ ذَلُونَ
رع ی	ادْعَوْا	, , ,	أَدَاذِلُنَا
رغ ب	فَأَدُغَبُ	ر ذ ق	ادْدُق
ر ق ب	فَأَرْ تَقِيبُ	.,,,,	اذُزُنْ
	ادْ يَقِبُوْا	, , ,	ادُدُقُومٌ
	فَارْ تَقِيْهُمْ	ر س ل	آڏييل"
ر ك ب	ادْكَبْ	, , ,	اَدْسَلْت
, , ,	ادْ كَبُوْا	, , ,	اَ دْسَلْنَ
ر ك س	أُدْكِسُوْا	, , ,	فَأَ دْسَلُوْا
, , ,	أَرْكَسَهُمْ	, , ,	آدْي ن هُ
ر اے ض	ادٌ گُفش	, , ,	ڡؘٲۮ۫ڛ ڷؙٷڹ
د ك ع	ادْ كِعُوْا	, , ,	أذبيتن

Root	Word	Root	Word
ز ك ر	أَذُكُ ٰ	ر ك ع	ادْكِمَیْ
ز ل ف	أَزْلَفَنَا	ر م ب	فَأَدْمَبُونِ
, , ,	أزلِفَتْ	, , ,	اسْتَرْجَبُومُ
ز ل ل	فَأَذَمُّهُما	ر ه ق	سَأَدُعِفُهُ
, , ,	اسْتَزَمَّمُ	ر و د	أرآد
د ل م	ٱلْأَرْلَامُ	. , ,	أراَدَنِيْ
ز ر ج	أَذْوَاجٌ	, , ,	أرادوا
, , ,	أَذْوَاجِنَا	, , ,	اَرَدْتُ
. , , ,	أَزْوَاجِعِنَّ	, , ,	اَرَدُنَ
زی د	آزِيْدَ	, , ,	آرَدْ بُمُ
, , ,	ازْدَادُوْا	, , ,	اَرَدْناَ
ز ی غ	أَزاَغَ		أَرِيْدُ
زی ن	ؙٳڗۧؠۜٞت	ر ی ب	ارْ تَابَ
س ا ل	آثألك		ارُ تَابَتْ
, , ,	انآن	.,,,,	ادْ تَابِوُا
, , ,	اشأكوا	, , ,	
, , ,	مَاسُالُومُ	زج ر	اُرْتَبْتُمُ ازْدَجِرْ
	فَاشْأَلُوْهُنَّ		الزَّاجِرَاتِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
اس رف	أنرَهُوا	س ب ب	آشآب
	إشرافا	س ب ط	الْآسْبَاطِ
, , ,	إشراقنا	س ب غ	آشبغ
س د ق	استرق	س ب ق	اسْتَبَقَا
س د و - سدی	أنر	. , ,	فآسْتَبِغُوْا
, , , ,	أشرى	, , ,	اسْتَبِقُوْا
س ط ر	أسكيلير	س ج د	الغمكذ
س ع ی	فأسعوا	. , ,	امبحدوا امبحدوا
س ف ر	أَسْفَرَ	, , ,	ابنمكيى
, , ,	أشفادا	س ح د	بالْآش حاً د
	أسفادنا	س خط	أُتُعْفَطَ
س ف ل	أَسْفَلَ	س د ح	أَسَرِّحُكُنَّ
, , ,	الْآسْفَلِيْنَ	س ر ر	أترآ
س ق ط	مَا سُفِطُ	. , ,	أَشَرَدْتُ
س ق ي	ٱسْقَيْنَاكُمُ		أتروا
. , ,	فَأَشْفَهُنَا كُوْهُ	, , ,	إشرادا
, , ,	اسْتَسْق	س دع	أَسْرَعُ
, , ,	اسْتَسْقَاهُ	س ر ف	أشرق

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ۱ ع	اشْعَوْا	س ك ن	اشگُنْ
, , ,	فَأَشْمَعُوْنِ	, , ,	اشكنوا
, , ,		, , ,	أشكنت
, , ,	اشتتع اشتيعوا	, , ,	مَأَنْكَنَّاهُ
س م و	اشمُ أشك ب أشكافه	, , ,	أَسْكِنُو هُنَّ
, , ,	أنمكه	س ل ح	
, , ,	أشمأتم	س ل خ	أَسْلِتَئِكُمُّ اسْلَخَ آسُلْفَتْ
س و ۱	أساة	اس ل ف	أشكفت
, , ,	آسَا: آسَانُمْ	, , ,	أشكفتم
, , ,	أسَامُوا	س ل ك	آئىگەنىم مَانىگىن ائىگەن
, , ,	أشوآ	, , ,	اشكك
اس و د	ٱلْآسُوَد	اس ل م	آنآ
	اسْوَدَّتْ	, , ,	آسُلَ آسُلَتْ
اس و د	أشودَة		أشكث
, , ,	أسكاود	, , ,	أَسْلَوُا
اس و ق	الْآسُوَاقِ		
س و ی	استولى	. , ,	اْلإشٰلاَم إِسْلاَمَكُمْ آَشِعْ
, , ,	اسْنَوَتْ	س م ع	أَيْمِعُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ش د ك	أشركت	س و ی	اسْنَوَ بْتَ
, , ,	أفركتم	, , ,	اسْتَوَيْم
, , ,	أشركتمون	س ی ل	أَمَنُكُ `
, , ,	آشرَئنَا	ش ت ت	أشناتا
, , ,	أشركوا	شحح	آفيئة
, , ,	آنْدِکُهُ	ش د د	آشِدًا:
اشع د	أشمادها	, , ,	آشَدُّ
شع ل	الْهُنَعَلَ ا	. , ,	آشَتُكُمُ ا هُ
ا ش ف ق	اَشْفَقْنَ	, , ,	اشدُدُ
, , ,	أأغنتم	, , ,	اشْتَدَّتْ
ا ش ق ق	انْسَقَ	ش ر ب	اشْرَبُوْا
, , ,	انشقت		اشريه
, , ,	أَشْقَ	ش د ح	افرَحُ
ش ق ی	الأشق	ش ر ر	الْآشرَاد
, , ,	أشفآما	ش رط	أَشْرَاطُهَا
ش ك ر	اشكر	ش رق	أَشْرَ فَتْ
, , ,	اشگرودا	, , ,	الْإِشْرَاقِ
ش ك و	أشكو	شرك	أَشْرَكَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص ب ر	اخبز	ش م ا د	اشْمَازَتْ
, , ,	امَدِ امْدِژا امْعَدِز امْنب	ش ه د	أشهد
. , ,	اضَعَارِ	, , ,	أغيسدُوا
ص ب و	أمنب	, , ,	الأَشْهَادُ
ص ح ب	أمغائي	. , ,	أخبرنكم
ص د ع	أمشدع	, , ,	اسْتَشْهِدُوْا
ص د ق	أَمَدَفْتَ	اش د ر	أشرو
	أَمْدَقُ	ش ۵ و	اشتهت
, , ,	فَأَصَّدَّقَ	ش ی	أشآه
ا مس د د	أَصَرُوا	, ,	أغيا
ص رف	سَأَضِرِث اضرِث	ش ی ع	أَشِاعَكُمْ
. , ,	اضرف	, , ,	بأشباعيم
, , ,	انْصَرَفُوا	ص بع	أمابتهم
من غ د	أمنز	امر ب ح	الإشباج
ص ف ح	فآصُفَحْ	, , ,	أمنح
, , ,	امْغَدُوا	, , ,	اميح آمامان
ص ف د	الأمنفاد	, , ,	آو-بد
ص ف و	أشفاتم	. , ,	أمبعم

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص و ب	أمآب	ص ف و	اصْعَلَىٰ
	أَمَابَتْ	, , ,	اصطَفاكِ
, , ,	أَصَابَهُمُ		اصْعَلَفَيْنَكُ
, , ,		, , ,	اصُعَلَفَيْناً
	آمند آمنيام	ص ل ب	آمْلَابِكُ
	أيببث	ص ل ح	أَصْلَحَ
ا مس و ت	الْآضَوَاتُ	, , ,	أضكحا
, , ,	أَصْوَاتَهُمْ	, , ,	آم ٰلَخنا
ص و ف	أَمْوَافِهَا	. , ,	أَصْلَحُ وا
ص و م	العَّاثِمَاتِ	, , ,	أمثيغ
, , ,	الصَّامِيْنَ	, , ,	إِمْلاَحٌ
ص ی د	فأصطادوا	, , ,	إضلاحا
ض ح ك	أضحك	ص م م	أَمَيَّهُمْ
ا مض ر ب	اخرِبُ	, , ,	الْآصَةِ
, , ,	فآخر بوا	ص ن ع	احْنَعْ ٰ
, , ,	اضرِ بُوْهِنَّ	, , ,	اصْطَنَعَتُكَ
, , ,	أَفَنَضُّرِبُ	ص ن م	أضناع
ض ر ٰز	أَضْطَرُهُ	, , ,	أَمْنَامَكُمُ •

Root	Word	Root	Word
من و ا	أضامت	ض ر ر	امْعَلُرَّ
ض ی ع	أَضَاعُوا		اضطردتم
, , ,	أمِنبعُ	ضع ف	اسْتَضْعَفُونِيْ
طرح	اطُرَحُوهُ		استعنيفوا
طرف	أَخْرَافَ		أَضْعَفُ
طعم	أطنست	, , ,	أَخْمَافاً
, , ,	أطْسَهُمْ	ض غ ث	أَضْغَاثُ
, , ,	أطيثوا	ض غ ن	أَصْغَانَكُمُ
, , ,	اشتطعكا	ض ل ل	أَضَلَّ أُ
, , ,	إظعرام		أَمَلَاَّنَا
طغواي	أطنئ	, , ,	آ ضَلَاثُمُ
, , ,	اً طَنیٰ اَطْغَیْثُ	2 3 3	ا َخْلَانَ ٰ
طنا	آطُفَاَحا	, , ,	أَمَلَكَ
طنل	الْآطْفاَلُ		أَضَلَّنِيْ
طدوع	أَطَّلَعَ		أَضَلَوُ
, , ,	أَطَّلَعَ اطَّلَعَت		أَمَنَكُوْنَا
طلق	انْطَلَقَ	من م م	اخمش
, , ,	فأنطلقوا	من و ا	أَمْسَاةً

Root	Word	Root	Word
طرع	استقلتم	طالق	انطَلَقَتْمُ
طوع	أطيعوا	طمس	اطْیِسُ اَطْیَعُ
, , ,	أَطِيْعُونِ	د م ع	أَطْ مَعُ
	أَطَعْنَ	, , ,	أفتطلمون
طی ر	اطَّيَّزُنَا	طمن	اطْمَأَنَّ
ظ ف ,	أَخْلَغَرَكُمُ	, , ,	اطْمَأْنَنْمُ
ظلم	أظلم	, , ,	اطْمَأَنَوُّا
ظنن	آخَلِمَ ا آخَلَنَ	طدر	فأحكَّرَفوا
ظمر	أَظْهَرَهُ	, , ,	أطبر
ع ب د	اغبسند	طور	أَطُوَاداً
, , ,	فَأَعْبُدُنِيْ	طوع	أَحْلَاعَ
. , ,	اغبكةوا	, , ,	أَطَاعُوْنَا
, , ,	فأغبدون	, , ,	آمكنتم
ع ب د	فأغنبروا	, , ,	أَطَعْتُمُوعُ
ع ت د	أغتسك	, , ,	أطَنْنَا
. , ,	آغندنا	, , ,	استَعَاعَ
ع ت ل	فأغيلوه		استَطَاعُوْ ا
ع ت ر	أَعْدُنا	, , ,	اسْتَعَلَعْتُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع د و	اغتَدَبْناَ	ع ج ٰب	أَسَجِيْنَ
, , ,	فَاغْتَدُوا	, , ,	أعجب
, , ,	أَعْدَاءُ		أَعْجَبُنْكُمْ
	بأغدَالكُ	ع ج د	آغِاَزُ
ع ذ ب	أُعَذَّهُ		أَعِزَتُ
ے ع ر ب	الْآغرَابُ	ع ج ک	أعِلَكَ
ع رج	الأغرَج		أَعَِلْمُ
ع ر مش	أَغْرَضَ		اسنينجاكم
, , ,	أغرضوا	٠, , ,	استعجلتم
, , ,	أغرضتم	ع ج ۱	اختنبَاثُمُ آغِيَقُ
, , ,	إغراضا		أغِيبًا
ع ر ف <i>ت</i>	الْآغرَافِ	,	الآعِيْن
, , ,	فَاغْزَفْنَا	ع د د	أعَدّ
, , ,	اغترفوا		أعِدُوا
ع د ی	اعْتَرَاكَ		أعِدَّت
ع د د	أَعَرَثُ	عدل	اغدگوا
	ٱعِزَّةِ	ع د و	اعْتَداٰی
ع ز ل	اعْنَوَلَهُمُومٌ	. , , ,	اغتكؤا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ل م	كَالْآغْلَامِ	ع ز ل	فَاعْتَذِلُواْ
ع ل ن	أعلنت	, , ,	فَاعْنَزِلُونِ
, , ,	أغلنتم	ع س ر	أغير
عدوای	اشتَعُلَىٰ	, , ,	إغمار"
	الآغلىٰ	ع ص م	اغتَصِمُوْا
, ,	الْآعْلَوْنَ	, , ,	المتكقم
ع م د	اسْتَعْمَرَكُمْ	ع ص ی	أغيئ
, , ,	اغتقر	ع مل ر	أعطى
عمل	أَعْمَالُ	. , ,	أعطيناك
, , ,	أغمالنا	, , ,	أعلوا
, , ,	اعْمَلُ	عظم	أعظم
, , ,	اعْمَلُوا ا	ع ف ر	اعْفُ
112	آخاًمِكُ	. , , ,	اغفوا
3 7 2	أَعْلَىٰ	ع ق ب	أَعْقَابِكُمُ *
ع ن ب	أغناب	, , ,	أَعْقَابِناً
, , ,	أغنابا	, , ,	فَأَعْتَبِمُ
ع ذ ت	لَا عْنَنَكُمْ	ع د م	اعْلَمُ
ع ذ ق	أَعْنَاقِ	, , ,	اعْلَوْا

Roo	t	Word	Root	Word
,	غ ر	فأغربنا	ع ن ق	أَعْنَاقُهُمْ
ں ل	غ -	فأغيلوا	ع د د	أعت
ں ي	غ د	اسْتَغْفَوْا	ع و د	أيبندوا
, ,	•	فأغشينام	ع ر ذ	أَعُوذُ
, ,		أغيبت	, , ,	أعبذكما
من منس	غ ،	اغْمُنُمَنْ	1011	فأشتعيبذ
ال ش	غ	أغمآش	ع و ن	أَمَانَ أَ
<i>ن</i> ر	غ ا	اسْتِفْفَارُ	, , ,	فَأَعِبْنُونِهُ
, ,	,	استَغْفِرْ		اشتَعْبُنُوْا
	,	أُسْنَغْفَرْتَ	ع ی ب	أغيب
, ,		اسْتَغْفِرُ وْ ا	ع ی ن	أَعْبَبَ آعْيُنُ
, ,	,	اغير	, , ,	أغنت
, ,	,	اسْتَغْفِرِیْ		آغبُنهُنَّ آغبُنهُنَّ
ف ل	اغ	أغفك	ع ی ی	أنعَيِثنا
ل ظ		اغُلُظ	غ د و ای	اغدوا
, ,	,	اسْتَغْلُظَ	غ ر ف	اغترَف
JJ	ا غ	ٱغْلَالًا	غ د ق	أغرَ فَسَا
ن ي		أغنى	. , , ,	أُغْرِ فُوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ف رغ	ٱنْرِغْ	غ ن ي	أغنت
ف ر ق	فَافْرُقْ		أغناقم
ف ر ی	افترى	, , ,	اسْتَغْنَىٰ
, , ,	افتراة	, , ,	أفحياء
	افتربته	غ ر ت	استغاَث
, , ,	افتركنا	غ د ی	أَغُوبَنِيْ
اف ز ز	اسْتَفْزِزُ	, , ,	أَغُوَ بُنَا
ف س ح	فَافْسَحُوْا	, , ,	فَأَغُو بُنَاكُمُ
ف س د	أَفْسَدُوْهَا	ا ن ۰ د	أفسدة
ٰ ف من ح	المُعَنَّعُ	, , ,	أنشدتهم
ف ص م	انفِمامَ	ا ف ت ح	
ا ف ض ض	انفَضُوا	. , ,	افْتَحُ اسْتَفْنَحُوْا
أ ف من ا		ف ت ی	أفييا
ر ق ت	آئننی اُئنت		اَ نْتُو ْنِيْ
ا ف ط ر	انْفَطَرَتْ	, , ,	فأستفتيم
ا ف ع ل	افْعَلُ	ف ج ر	فَأَنْفَجَرَكُ
	اغمكؤا	ف د ی	افتدى
ف ل ح	أغلَّحَ		افْتَدَتْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ت ل	اقتسَتَكُوا	ف ل ق	انْفَلَقَ
ق ح م	اقتحم	ف ن ن	أَفْاَنِ
ق د م	الْآفُدَمُونَ	ف ر ج	أَفُواَجاً
, , ,	الإفدام	ف ر ز	فأفؤذ
, , ,	أفدامنا	ف و ض	أُفَوَّضُ
ق د و	افتسده	ف و ق	أَفَاقَ
ق ذ ف	اقديث	ف ر م	أَفْوَاهِكُمْ *
ا ق ر ا	افرا	ن ي .	-61
, , ,	اقْرَأُوْا	ف ی ض	أَفَاضَ
ق ر ب	اقْتَرَبَ	, , ,	آینِهُ وْا
, , ,	أقَثَرَبَتُ		
	أقرب	ق ب ر	أَفَتْنَمُ أَفْرَهُ
	الْآفَرَبُوْنَ	ق ب ل	أَقْبُلَ
. , ,	ٱلْأَقْرَبِيْنَ	, , ,	أَمْلِكَ
اق ر د	أؤزن	, , ,	أَتْبُكُ
	أفرزنا	, , ,	أَمْلِوُا
	اشتقر	ق ت ل	اقْتُلْ
اق ر ف	اقترقتموها	, , ,	أَمْرُ اقتلوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ل ل	أَقَلَتْ	ق س ط	آ فْيعگُوْا
, , ,	أَقَلَ	, , ,	آ فْسَطُ
ق ل م	أَفْلاَمُ	ق س م	أنسنتم
ق ن ت	اقْنْبِيْ	, , ,	أقسموا
ق ن ي	أتنى	, , ,	أغيم
ق و ت	أَقُوانَهَا	ق ص د	انْعِيدْ
ق ر ل	أَقُلُ	ق ص ص	فأقصص
, , ,	أَفُوْلَ	ق ص و	الآقصى
, , ,	اْلاَقَامِ يْل	ق مض ی	فَاقْضِ اقْصُوْا
ق و م	أقام	, , ,	اقضوا
, , ,	أَقَامُوا	قطر	أقعلاً و
, , ,	أفك	ق طع	فَاقْطَعُوْا
, , ,	أقنم	قع د	اقْعُدُوْا
, , ,	آفَتْمُ اِنِمْ	ق ف ل	آفن اَلْمَا
	اَقِنْ	ا ق ل ب	ائْقَلِبْ
, , ,	أَقِيْنُوْا	, , ,	انقكبوا
• •	استَقَامُوا	, , ,	انْقَلَبْتُمْ
, , ,	اسْتَفِمْ	ق ل ع	ا ْمَلَدِنْمُ اَقْلِمِيْ

R	oot		Word	Root	Word
ر	ٹ	4	أَكْثَرُوا	ق و م	اسْغِبْا
•	,	,	اشَنَكْنَرْتُ		اسْتَقِبْمُوا
,	,	,	اسْتَكْثَرْتُمُ	, , ,	أغوم
,	,	,	ٱػٛڹۧ	. , ,	إِقَامِ
ر	د	1	انْكَدَرَتْ	ك ب ر	أَكْبَرُنَهُ *
ی	د	쇠	آڭدى.	, , ,	اشَنَكُهِرَ
	ر	4	الْآخُرَمُ	, , ,	أَشْنَكُبَرْتَ
•	,	,	الإنحرام	, , ,	اسْنَكْبَرْنَمُ
,	,		الإثرام آثرين آثرمَن آثرمَن آثرمَن		اسْتَكْبَرُوْا
•	,	,	ٱكْرُمَن	, , ,	اسْيَخْبَادا
•	,	,	أخرَمَهُ	, , ,	أنحبر
	ر	1	آگرَمْتَنَا	, , ,	
,	,	,	أخِ	ك ت ب	آکاِرَ مَسَأَ کُتُبُهَا
,	,	٠,	إِخْرَاهَ		ا كُنُّبُ فَا كُنُبُنا
,	,	,	إِكْرَامِينَ	, , ,	فأكْتُبنا
ب	س	2	اكْنَسَبَ		فَا كُنْدُهُ
,	,	,	إِكْرَامِينَّ اكْنَسَبَ اكْنَسَبَتْ	, , ,	اكتتبا
,	,	,	اكْتَسَبْنَ	اك ث ر	أَكْثَرُثَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ك ى د	آيئــُدُ	ك س ب	اكْتَسَبُواْ
ك ى ل	ا کُسنَالُواْ	ك س و	وَ الْحُمُوهُمُ *
ك ى ن	اسْتَكَانُوْا	ك ش ف	اكثيث
ل ب ب	ٱلْآلِبَابِ	ك ف ر	اڭغُرْ
ل ح د .	بإلحاًد	, , ,	الخفروا
لا ح ف	إِنْمَامَا	ك ف ل	أتخفينها
الحق	آ لْحَفَيْمُ	ك ل م	أكلم
, , ,	ٱخْقَنا	كمل	أُكُلِّمَ آكُلُكُ
, , ,	اَلْمِنْنِ	ك م م	الإكام
لدد	اَلَدُهُ	ك م .	الأكحة
الدم	آ لاِ مَنْــَاهُ	ك ن ن	أكِنَّة
, , ,	أَلْزَمَهُمْ	, , ,	أنحنانا
, , ,	أَنْلُوْ مُكُنُّوهُ هَا	, , ,	أنحنثم
ט פ ט	العبم	ك و ب	أنخرَابٍ
ل غ و	الْغَوَّا	ك و د	351
ال ف ف	الْنَفَتْ	ك و ن	逌
, , ,	ألفآفا		آگئ
ل ف ی	ألفؤا	, , ,	آگُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ل ق ي	اَلِقِبَاهُ	ل ف ی	ألفيآ
ل م س	الْتَيسُوْا مَا لَمْنَهَا أَلْمَاكُمُ مَدْدَدِي		آلفَيْنا
ل م م	فالمنها	ل ق ب	الْآلْقاَبِ
ل م و	ٱلْمَاكُمُ	ل ق ط	فالنقعك
ل و ح	اْلَاَلْوَاحَ اَلْوْاَنُ	ل ق م	التقت
ل و ن	أَلُوْاَنُ	ل ق ي	التي ا
, , ,	ٱلْوْاَنِكُمُ	, , ,	اَلقاء
ل ی س		, , ,	ألفاكما
, , ,	آلِئنَ اَوَلَئِشَ	, , ,	أَلْقَتُ
ل ی ن	أَلَناً		أَلْفَوا
م ت ع	أُمَنَّقُكُنَّ	, , ,	ألقيت
	اسْتَمْنَعَ	, , ,	اَلَقْبَتْ
	استمتعيم		اَلْفِها
	فَأَسْتَمْتَعُوا		ٱلَٰفِيٰ
	أَمُّعُكُمُ	, , ,	مَأَلَقِبْ و
ام ت ل	أَشَّكُمُ مُ أَشَّلُهُمُ		الْتَقَىٰ
, , ,	ٱلْأَمْثَالُ		الْتَقَتَ الْتَقَتَ
י כ ר	امْنَعَنَ	. , ,	الْتَغَبِّمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
م ش ج	أمشاج	ا ع د	امْتَحِنُوهُنَّ
م ش ی	امْشُوْا	٦ ، ،	آمَــُدُحُ
م مض ی	أمْضِيَ	, , ,	أَمَدَدُنَاكُمْ
	المضوا		آيِيدُونَنِ آييدُونَنِ
ام ط د	أَمْطَرْنَا	ام د ا	7:21
, , ,	مَا مَّطِوْ	, , ,	امرو
, , ,	أُمُّطِرَتُ		امْرِی ٔ
مع ی	أمعامع		اخرَآة
م ك ت	المكثؤا		امرآين
1 3 6	امْتَلَا ْتِ	, , ,	امْرَأَ نَانِ
م ل ق	إمْلاَق		امْرَأَتِينِ
م ل ك	أثليك	م د د	أمَرُ
م ل و	أملئ	ا م س ح	المستحوا
, , ,	أمكيت	م س ك	أمسك
ئ ن ر	فأمنن	, , ,	آمُشكَنَ
م ن ی	أتنيتيم	. , ,	فَأَمْسِكُوْ هُنَّ
	آمَانِيَّ		إمْسَاكُ
	أَمَانِبُكُمُ *	, , ,	أئتئيك

Root		Word	Root	Word
ب ت	<u> </u>	اَنْبَنَكُمْ	م م ل	آمْیِلْهُمْ
ب ذ	ن	اَنْبَكُمُّ اَيْدُ	م و ت	أَمَوْتُ
, ,		انْلَبَدَتْ		أماَتَ
ث ر	ن	انْ لَمْرَتْ	. , ,	أمآته
ج و	ن	أنجأنا	, , ,	أمتثآ
, ,	,	أَجُمَا كُمْ		أيبت
, ,		أنجيتنا		آ. آمُواٿ
, ,	,	أنجننا	م و ل	الْآمْوَ الِّي
، ح د	ٔ ا	آئِجَيْنَا آئِجَنِنَا وَ انْحَوْ	امی ز	امتآذها
. د د	ن	أَنْدَاداً	ان ب ۱	أنبثكم
, ,	,	ٱنْدُ	, , ,	أنبأك
, ,	,	آنْدُوْنَكُمْ		أنبهم
, ,		ٱنْدَرْنَاكُمُ	, , ,	ٲڹ۫ؠؚۘٷٚڹ
, ,	,	أَنْذِرُوْا		أنباه
ز ل	ان	ٲڹ۠ڔۣڵ	, , ,	
, ,		أَنْزَلْتُ	, , ,	اَبْسَالِكُمْ* الْآنْدِيدَة
, ,		أنولنا	ن ب ت	أنْبَتْ
, ,		ٲؙڹؚ۫ڵؽۣ	. , ,	أنبشا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ص ر	انْصُرْنِهُ	ن س ب	أنْساَبَ
	انصروا	ن س ی	أَنْسَوْكُمُ *
	أنسأد	, , ,	آنساَيتُهُ
, , ,	أنَّمَادِئ	, , ,	فأنساه
	انتقير	ن ش ۱	أنفأ
, , ,	انْتَصَرُوْا		انشأتم
, , ,	استنصره	, , ,	آنشأنا
, , ,	فأنتقير	, , ,	آنفأناه
, , ,	اسْتَنْصَرُوكُمْ	, , ,	أنشأ مامناً
ن مل ق	أنْعَلَقَ	, , ,	إنْشَاءً
, , ,	أخلقنا	ن ش ر	أنشرنا
ن ظ ر	أغلر	, , ,	أنشرَهُ
, , ,	انظرنا	, , ,	فأنتقر وا
, , ,	انظروا	ن ش ز	ومع. انشزوا
	أنظرونا	ن ص ب	الآنسابُ
, , ,	فأنظرِي	ن ص ت	أنعيتوا
, , ,	اتْغَارْ	ن س ح	
, , ,	انْتَغِلَوُوْا	ن من د	آئمَتُ انْعُرْنَا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ق ص	اقص انقص	د ع م	أنْمَ
ن ق مض	أنقض	, , ,	أنمث
ن ق م	انْتَقَمَنَا	, , ,	أنعننا
, , ,	انتقام	, , ,	الْأَنْمَامَ
ن ك ث	اُنگانا	ان ف خ	- مور فأنفخ
ن ك ح	فَاثْكِحُوْا	, , ,	فأنفخ مرره انفخوا
	مَانْكِحو مَنْ	ن ف ذ	فَانْفُدُوا
	أنكِعَكَ	ان ف ر	انْفِرُوْا
	أنكيحوا	ان ف س	الْأَنْفُسُ
ن ك ر	أنكر		أنفسنا
ن ك ن	اسْتَنْكَفُوْا		اً خسیم
ن ك ل	ฆ ี่ได้เ้ำ	ان نف ق	آنفق
ن م ل	الْآنَامِلَ	, , ,	أنفقت
ن م ر	آنبادا	. , ,	أنفقتم
ن می	र्दिं	, , ,	أنفقوا
. , ,	樣	, , ,	الإنفاق
. , ,	أَنْهَانَا	ن ن ل	الأنفالِ
, , ,	فأثقهل	ن ق ذ	اَنْفَ ذَكُمْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ه د ی	المُندَبْثُ	ن می	اتْتَهَوَّا
, , ,	اهْسَدَيْتُمْ	ن و ب	أَنَابَ
1 3 .	اشتر فوا		أنآبوا
, , ,	اشهْ ِي	, , ,	أنَــثنا
٠ د د	اهْتَزَتْ		أينب
ه ش ش	آهش ا	, , ,	
۵ ا د	أخلك	ه ب ط	اَنِيْبُوْا اهْبِطُ اهْبِطُوْا فَاجْمِوْ
, , ,	أخكت	., , ,	ا مُبطُوا
, , ,	أهْلَكْنَا	ه ج ر	فَأَهْمُ *
, , ,	أَمْلَكِنَى	, , ,	وَ الْجُوْنِيْ
, , ,	أُهْلِكُوْا	, , ,	وَاهْجُرُ وْهُنَّ
33.	آيل ا	ه د ي	آمْدِكَ
, , ,	ٱلْآمِلَةِ	, , ,	آمْدِ بَكَ
ه و د	فأثمار	, , ,	آمْدِ بُكُ
ه ر ن	آهُونُ		احْدِنا
, , ,	آهَانَنْ	, , ,	فآهدوهم
ه و ی	أَهْوَاءَ	, , ,	اهْتَداٰی اهْتَداٰی
, , ,	أهواى	, , ,	اهْتَدُوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ز ر	أَوْدَادَهَا / أ	ه و ی	اسْبَوْنَهُ
وذع	ٲؙۅٛ۫ۮؚۣڠڹؙۣ	و ب ر	أوبارها
و س ط	أؤسط	و ت د	الآوتاد
و س ق	اتَّسَقَ	ر ث ن	ٱلْأَوْثَانِ
و ص ی	وَ أَوْصَانِيْ	و ج د	أجِدُ
وعظ	أَرُّ عَظْتَ	و ج س	أَوْجَسَ
, , ,	أعِظُكَ	و ج ف	آو جفيم أو جفيم
وعی	فَأُوعَى	و ح ی	أَدْجِيَ
, , ,	بأذعنيه	, , ,	أَوْحَبْتُ
و ف ي	اَوْق		أَوْحَيْنَا
, , ,	أوُفِ	و د ي	أَوْدِيَةً *
	أَوْفُوْا	و ر ث	أَوْدَ نَكُمْ
و ق د	أَوْقَدُوا	. , ,	أَوْدَ ثَنَا
. , .	كَأَوْقِدْ	, , ,	أُدُدِ ثُنْتُوْ مَا
, , ,	اسْتَوْقَدَ	5	أورثوا
و ق ی	اتقل	و ر د	فَأُوْرَدَهُمْ
, , ,	اتقوا	و ر ی	فَأُوادِيَ
	القين	ار د د	أَوْزَارِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ی س ر	اسْتَيْسَرَ	ر ق ی	اتق
ی ق ظ	أيْمَاظا	, , ,	ائَّقِ اتَّقُوْنِ
ى ق ن	وَ اسْتَبْقَنَهُا	, , ,	اتقين
ی م ن	الأيمان	, , ,	الْآئيٰ
, , ,	أيمآمن	, , ,	أنفائم
, , ,		و ك ا	اَتَوَ ^ع ُكَا
ی و م	الْآَئِمَةِ آبَامُ	ر ل د	الآزلاة
		و ل ی	أذلا
•	*		ا ۫ڰؘوْلَي اَنِ
		, , ,	اَوْلِيَا ^{ہِ}
-	- "	, , ,	أَوْلِبَافِكُمُ* اَدْمَنَ
-		ر م ن	أَوْمَنَ
The second second		ی ۱ س	اسْتَبْاَسَ
		, , ,	اسْتُباً مُوا
÷.		ی د ی	أشد
		, , ,	اَیْدِیْ اَیْنِیِما
			أينيها
2		, , ,	أيْديْهَنَّ

الت اه



Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د ی	ئۇردوا ئۇردوا	۱ ب ی	تأ بل
ا ذ ي	ئۇ دۆرا ئۇ دۆرا	ا ت ی	تَأْذِهُ / تَأْنِبُكُمُ *
, , ,	ڗ ڗؙڎؙڎ _ٛ ڹؘؽ	, , ,	تأينا / تأنيية
1 6 6	تَؤُذُّ(مُّ)		تأثوا
ا س د	تأميرون		م. م. تۇ نون
ا س ی	تأسّوا	, , , <u>,</u>	تَأْثُونَ/تَأْثُو نَنَا
, , ,	تَأْسَ		ئۇقىزا ئا <u>ئى</u> م
1 6 6	مُوْ مُكُوْنَ	ا ت م	تأوينم
, , ,	تَأْتِكُونَا)	, , ,	تأنيآ
1 4 1	تَأْكُلُونَ	ا ج ر	ئامجرَ (نِنْ)
, , ,	تَأْكُلُ *	ا خ ذ	تُوَاخِذُ
, , ,	تَأْكُلُوا	٠, , ,	تَأْخُذُوْا
ادرم	تَأْلَمُونَ		نَ ا حُدْ
ا ا م ر	تأثرة	, , , ,	تُأْخِذُوْنَ تُأْخِذُوْنَ
, , ,	تَأْمُرُونَ	4, , ,	نَّخِذُ
, , ,	تأمرين		تَخْيِدُوْا
, , ,	وَرَ	, , ,	نَتَّخِذُونَ
, , ,	مُوْمَرُونَ تُؤْمَرُونَ	اخ ر	نْسْتَأْخِرُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ب د ل	تَسْتَبْدِلُوْنَ	1 م د	تَأْمَنَّ
ب ذ ر	بُ بَدِّرْ	, , ,	تَأْمَنُ (٤)
, , ,	تَبْذِيرًا	, , ,	ئۇ مِنْ
ب د و	م دوا	. , , ,	يُوْ مِنُوا
, , ,	مُبُدُوْنَ/مَا	, , ,	م.ه. م.ه. تؤمنون
, , ,	أبثد	ا ن س	تَشْتَأْ نِسُوا
ب ر ۰	بُنْدَ بُبْرِی	ا و ی	تُؤْدِيْ اتَوْدِيْدِ
	نَبِرًا / نَبِرًا أَ	ا و ل	تَأْوِيُلُ
	تَبَرُّ أَوْا		تَأْدِ ْبِلاً
برك	تَبَارَكَ	ب ۱ س	بَهُنَكُسْ
ب س ط	تَبْسَعُ (مَا)	ب ش ر	مُبَاشِرُ وُهُنَّ
ا ب س ل	تُبُسَلَ	ب ت ل	تَبَتَّلُ/تَبْتِيلًا
ب س م	تبسم	ب خ س	نَ بُخُسُ/نَبُخَسُ وا
ب س ر	تَبْعِرَةً	ب خ ل	تَبْخَلُواْ
ب غ ی	تَبْغِينُ اتَبْغ	ب د ل	تَبَدَّلَ
, , ,	تَبْغُونَ		تَبْدِيْل
	تَبْنَغُو ا/تَبْغُو	, , ,	بَ رَبِين تَسْدِ بِلاَ
ب ق ء	بر. نبق	, , ,	تَتَدَّلُواْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ت ب ع	تَشِّعُوْنَا التَّامِعِيْنَ نَيْمًا نِهُمَارَةً	ب ل ی	مُبْلِل
, , ,	التَّامِيْنَ	ب ن ی	تَبْنُونَ
, , ,	تَيْنِعا	ب و .	برس تبوی
ت ج ر	نِعَارَهُ	. ,	بَوَ وُّا
ا ت ر ب	مُرَابُ	ب و ۱	تبوموا
, , ,	التَّرَافِ	ب ی ع	تَبَايَعْنُمُ
ت رق	التراق	ب ل و	بَلُو بَيْنَ
ت ر ك	مَنْرَكُوْا	ب ی ن	بَيَّنَ
	تُتْرَكُوْنَ		ِ بَيْنَتْ
, , ,	تَارِكُ	, , ,	فَتَيَّنُوا
, , ,	نَادِ كُوْ آلِمَيْنَا	, , ,	تَسْتَبِيْنَ
	نَادِكِيْ و.		يُبْيَانا
, , ,	تَثْرُكُ	ר י י נ	تَبْيِرَا
ا ت ل ل	' Ī·	ت بع	تتبعها
ت ل و	تَلاَهَا	, , ,	تَبَّعَ
, , ,		, , ,	تَلَّعِمَانٌ
	تَنْلُؤ مُلِيتَ تُنْمَلُ تُنْمَلُ	, , ,	تَئِيْدِا تَنْعُهَا تَنَّيْعَانٌ تَنْجِعَنِ تَنْجِعَنِ
, , ,	الظ	, , ,	تَتَبِعُوْا/نَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ج د ی	م. بخزون	.ت ل و	يَلاَدَةُ
ج س س	وَلاَ تَجَسَّوا		التاليات
J & E	تَجْعُلُ *	ت ۱ ۱	ء - عث
, , ,	تجعكوا		تماما
	تَعْمَلُوْنَ	ت و ر	تَارَة
ا ج ف ا	تنتجافا	٠ ب ت	تثيينا
ج ل ا	تجكى	ٺ ر ب	ة قاريب
513	تجمعوا	ت ق ف	بَيْرَ. تَفْقُعُهُم
ج ن ب	بحنيبوا	ث و ر	يەر ئىر
ج ه د	بُعَآهِدُونَ	ج ا ر	تخآروا
ج • ر	S.F.		ِ جُأَرُو نَ
, , ,	تجهزوا	ج د ل	بُحَاَدِلُكَ
ج م ل	بَعْمَلُوْنَ	, , ,	بُرِ بُعاَدِلُوْا
ج ر ب	تَسْتَجِيْوُنَ	, , ,	عُاَدِلُ
ج رع	تجوع	ج د م	م بحر مُونَ
ے ب ب	المينية	ج ری	بَرِی
, , ,	ألم م الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم	, , ,	تَجْرِ مَآنِ
ح ب ر	م. ره عجرونَ	ج ز ی	یم. بمزی

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح س س	يو <u>د</u> ه بوه محسوم	ح ب س	وه بره آ
, , ,	يَمِشُ `	ح ب ط	بُعَدَ
, , ,	فَتَحَتَّسُوا	2 2 2	اَجُونَ
ا ح س ن	مر د. تحيينوا	ح د ث	يو و لاڭ
ح ش د	مسرون محشرون	ح ذ ر	ر م درون
ے من ن	ير مره ر	ح ر ث	رُ يُونَ رُ يُونَ
, , ,	تعقنا	ح د د	1.
ا ے من ی	يروه د عصوه	ح د ص	رِ من
, , ,	م.د. عصوحاً	ح ر ك	رُ كُ
ا ح من مز	عَمَامِ فَنَ	اع د م	دُمُ ا
اع ك م	عَكُوا		رِّمُوا
, , ,	عَمْمُونَ	ح د ی	ڙ ُ وا
ح د ق	تعلقوا	ح د ن	زَنْ
اع لا ل	غِلَّة		بر وا
	بيعتوا		ِ بُونَ
, , ,	عَلِّة	ح س ب	ب نب
ے م ل	تخيل	, , ,	مَبِنَ
, , ,	تَحْيِلُهُ	اح س د	مُدُونَتَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ د ج	مِنْ وِهِ وَيَ غَرِجُوهُنَ	ع ۽ ل	م. م. م. تحملون
خ د د	ي پير	, , ,	تحملنا
خ ر ص	عَرْصُونَ	ح ن ث	تعنت
خ د ی	تغذِماً	ح و د	تَعَاوُرُكَا
	مُغْزِفِهُ	ح و ط	نَحِطْ
	م.ر. مخزون		م نیخطوا
خ س د	م. يخيرُوا	ح و ل	تَعْوِ بُلاَ
, , ,	تغيني	ح ی د	تجبد
خ ش ع	تخشع	ح ی ی	<u>َ</u> عَبُوْنَ
خ ش ی	تخشى	, , ,	ي يحيى
, , ,	تخشآه		يَّجَتْ
, , ,	تخشؤا		ت ۽ ڊم يحيم
, , ,	تَخْشُونَ	خ ب ت	م فَتُخْبِتَ
خ ص م	يَوْءَ وَهُ يَ	خ رج	م در و تخرج
	يختصوا	, , ,	يه ور. بخرجوا
, , ,	تخامث	, , ,	تەرەر. مخرجون
خ ض ع	تخضمن	, , ,	تَسْتَخْرِجُوْا
خ ط ب	بخاطبي	, , ,	تَسْنَخْرِ جُ وْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ر ف	عُفَاقُوْنَ	خ ط ط	ء وي. يخطه
, , ,	تخافا	خ ط ف	فَنَحْطَفُهُ
, , ,	غنن	خ ف ت	<u>غَ</u> اَفِتْ
	حق تخويغا تبري	خ ف ف	عَنِيْنَتُ
, , ,	تَعَوَّي	, , ,	تَسْتَخِفُّوْنَهَا
خ و ن	غَوَّفِ عَوْثُوا عَوْثُوا	خ ف ی	تخفی پروم مخفوا
, , ,	عُنتَأْنُونَ		ب. ه. مخفوا
خ ی ر	عَيْرُونَ		م. م غفونَ
د خ ل	تَدْخُلُوا	خ ل د	عَلْدُونَ
, , ,	ي. ندخِل	خ ل ط	عُنَالِعِلُومُ
ادرس	يەرون	خ ا ف	تَعْلِفُ اللهِ
ادرك	تُعْدِكَ	, , ,	يُعْتَلِغُونَ
, , ,	تُدْرِكُهُ '	خ ل ق	به در مخلق د.مه خلتون
, , ,	ئَمْدِكَ ئَمْدِكَهُ نَدَادَكَهُ	٠, , ,	
ادری	تَكْدِيْ	خ ل ر	غلت
, , ,	تَكْرُونَ	خ و ف	عَافُ
دع و	نَدْعُ		عَافَنَّ
, , ,	تَدْعُهُمْ	, , ,	يَنَافُوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ذ ك ر	نَذْكُرُ	د ع و	يە در ئدغو
, , ,	نَذْكُرُوا	, , ,	مُدْعُوْا
, , ,	فَسَتَذْكُرُ وْنَ	, , ,	نَدْعُونَ
, , ,	سَتَذُكُرُ وَجُنَّ	, , ,	تَدْعُونَنَا
, , ,	فَتُكُذَكِّرُ	, , ,	نَدْعُو نَنِيْ
, , ,	ى َذْكِيْدِ ىٰ	, , ,	مِدْعِي تَدْعِي
, , ,	تَذْكِرَة	· , , ,	مِدْعَوْنَ مُدْعَوْنَ
, , ,	تَذَكَرَ	, , ,	نَدْعُونَ
, , ,	تَذَكَّرُوا	د ل و	تُدْلُونا
	تَذَكِّرُ ^{مُ} وْنَ	, , ,	فَسَدَلُ
	تَسَنَذَكَّرُوْنَ	د م د	مَدِّمْرُ مُدَمِّرُ
ذ ل ل	تُنِلُّ ا		تَدْمِيْرا
, , ,	تَفْیلا تَنْعَب	د و ر	يوه. ملور
ذ م پ	تَذْهَبَ	, , ,	ئينون _م اً
, , , <u> </u>	تَذْهَبُوْ ا	د ی ن	تداینتم
, , ,	تَذْهَبُونَ	ذ ب ح	تَدَايَنَهُمْ تَذْجَوُا
ذ م ل	تَذْهَبُوْنَ نَذْهَلُ	د خ ر	لَّذَيْخِرُونَ
ا ذ و د	مَّذُودَانِ	ذ ر و	تَذْرُوْهُ

Root	Word .	Root	Word
ر ج ع	يره وه وي وجعوهن	. ذ و ق	مَّذُو قُوا
	يه- د وجع	ر ای	Ĩ
, , ,	م - وه ر	, , ,	ترنی
ر ج ف	تُؤجُفُ	, , ,	مَرَانِين
د ج م	وجمون	, , ,	فَقَرَاهُ
ر ج و	تەم. توجو	, , ,	توني
, , ,	سره مه آب ترجون		تَرَوْا
, , ,	يرجوها	, , ,	تُرَوْنَ
, , ,	وجي	, , ,	رَيَنَ
ادعم	تَرْحَنا		ي. ريئ
, , ,	و تعنی	, , ,	ترا مَی
, , ,	وتحون	, , ,	ئراحَت
ر د د	ارُدَّ	ر ب ص	يستاه ي وب ص سم
, , ,	مريه مردون	, , ,	ر صون
, , ,	يَرْبَدُوا	, , ,	رب ق موا رب ق وا
ر د ي	و دی	, , ,	۽ سهر وي ص
ر ز ق	برد. ترذق	ر ت ل	ڒٙڹۣڵٲ
, , ,	برزقانه	2 7 3	وجعوبها

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ك ن	ِّرْگُنُوْا	ر مض ع	تَسْتَرُ مِنِهُوْا
ر م ی	رْمِيْ	, , ,	فَسَادٌ خِنعُ فَسَادٌ خِنعُ
. , ,	ر َّمِنِيمُ	ر مض و	و موضىٰ
ر ه ب	ير هيونَ	, , ,	مُرْمِنَاه <i>ُ</i>
ر م ق	تَرْحَقُهَا	, , ,	ر ْمَنَوْا
, , ,	بُرْجِيْنِيْ	, , ,	ر ْمَنُونَ
	مر معون	, , ,	تراَ مَنُوا
ر و د	ئِرِ دُنَ بُرِ دُنَ	5 , ,	مِ آصَبُهُ مُ آصَبُهُ
, , ,	م فريد	, , ,	ترامیں
, , ,	مُرِيْدُ مُرِيْدُونَ مُرِيْدُونَ	رغ ب	ر غَبُونَ وغَبُونَ
	ثراًدِهُ	ر ف ع	ر فغ
ر ی ب	تَرْ قَامِوْا	, , ,	گرفعَ ترفعوا ترفعوا
د ر ع	تُرْدَعُونَ	ر ق ب	زُ فُبُ
ز ر ی	ِّرْدَدِيْ *	ر ق ر	التَّرَاقِيَ
1 2 3	يَّ مُعُوْنَ	ر ق ی	رُق ا
ز ك ر	مُزَكُّوْا	ر ك ب	َرْ كَبُو ْنَ
, , ,	ڗؙڗڴؽۺ ڡٙؿٙڔؚ ڷ	ر اے مش	رِّ كُفُوْا رُ كُفُنُوْا
ز ل ل	فَتَزِلاً ۚ	ر ك ن	وْ كَنْ

POOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ب ح	ئخ	ز م ق	نَوْهَقَ
	ميوم. نسبخون	ر و د	رُوَّدُوا رُوَّدُوا
, , ,	تشيئحة		تَوَاوَدُ
س ب ق	تشيق	ز و ل	زُرُ لاً
י ט יי נ	ئىنى <u>ر</u> ۇن ئىسىرۇن	ز ی د	نَرِد
س ج د	تَسْجُدَ		ِّدِيْلُوْ _{غَ}
, , ,	تسجدوا		ِّرْدَادُ ئَرْدَادُ
اس ح د	مەرون ئىسخرون	د ی غ	ُزِغ بَرِغ
س خ د	تَسْخَرُوْا	زی ل	رُالُ
, , ,	تَسْخُرُوْنَ	, , ,	ڒ ڔٙۘڷۅٛٵ
س د ح	تَسْرَحُونَ	س ا ل	تَشَالُنَّ
, , ,	تنريح		مَشَأَ ثِن مَشَأَكُوٰ
اس ر ر	نَبْرِ بُحٌ ثِيرُ		تشآثوا
, , ,	ئيمرون ئيمرون	. , , ,	شألُ
س ر ف	تشرقوا	, , ,	تُشاَلُونَ
س ع ی	تشغى	, , ,	ىَسَامَلُو ْنَ
س ف ك	تَسْفِكُونَ	٠ ٠	تَشَأَمُوا
س قط	تشفعا	س ب ب	تَسْبُوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
س و ی	م َ سَا تُسوی	س ق ط	نُساَفِطْ
	تَسْنَوِيْ	س ق ی	نَسْنِيْ
س ی ر	تَبِيرُ	س ك ن	تَشْكُنُونَ
ا ش ب ه	تشآبه	, , ,	ئ شگن
	تَشَابَهَت	اس ل م	مُسَلِّمُوا نُسَلِّمُوا
ا ش خ مس	تَشْخَصُ	, , ,	تشينيا
ش ر ب	تَشْرَبُوْنَ		تُسْلِئُو ْنَ
ا شرك	تُغْرِك	س م ع	تشتع
	تُشرِكُوا	, , ,	تَسْمَعُوْا
	تُشْرِكُونَ	, , ,	يَّه مِونَ تَسمعونَ
أشطط	تُشْطِطُ	, , ,	تَسْتَمِعُونَ تَسْتَمِعُونَ
شع د	تَشْعُرُونَ	س م و	م- ال تسعى
ش ق ق	تَنْفَقَ	, , ,	تشيبة
, , ,	تَشَقَّقُ	س ن م	تشنير
, , ,	تُشَاقُونَ	س و ۰	تَسُوكُمُ *
ش ك ر	تَفْكُرُوا	س و د	تَسَوَّدُ
	تَشْكُرُوْنَ	س و ر	تَسَوَّرُوا
ش ك و	تفنكئ	س و م	ئىيىمۇن

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص د ق	تُصَدِّقُونَ	ش م ت	تفيث
, , ,	تَصَدَّقَ	ش م د	تفهد
, , ,	تَصَدَّقُوا	, , ,	تَشْهَدُوْنَ
ص د ی	تَصَدَّى	ش ه و	تشيئ
, , ,	تغنية	, , ,	تفتينو
ا ص ر ف	تغرث	ش ی ء	تقاه
, , ,	تُصرَفُونَ	, , ,	تَشَاؤُوْنَ
, , ,	تَصْرِبْفِ	ش ی ع	تَفِيْعَ
ص ع د	يُصْمِدُونَ	ص ب ح	تمنيح
ص ع د	تُعَمَّرُ	, , ,	مُنبِعَ مُنبِحُونَ مُنبِحُونَ
ا من ف ح	تَصْفَحُوْا	, , ,	فتقيعوا
ص ل ح	تغلِنوا	ص ب ر	تَعَيِّحُوا نَفْيِرُ مَعْيِرُوا
ً ص ل و	تُمَلَّ	, , ,	تَعْبِرُوْا
ا ص ن ع	تَصْنَعُونَ	, , ,	غَمْبِرُوْنَ عَمْبِرُوْنَ
ص و ب	نَعِبْكَ	ص ح ب	تساينبي
, , ,	بقينهم	ص د د	نَصُدُّونَ
, , ,	تعينبت		مَدُوناً
, , ,	م وست تعییان	ص د ق	عَدِ بِقَ

Root		Word	Root	Word
ل ع	- ا	نَطْلُعُ	ص و ب	م تعیببوا
, ,	,	تَعَلِّلِعُ	ا ص و م	يَمُومُوا تَصُومُوا
م ن	اط	تَعْلَيثُنَّ	ص ی ر	تَمِيْرُ
	ا ط	تَطْلُعُ تَطْلِعُ تَطْمِدًا تَطْمِدُا	ض ح ك	تَمَثْحَكُوْنَ
, ,		تَعَلَّمُونَ	مضح و	تمشعلي
, ,		تُعَلِّرُهُ ثَيلِغ ثَيلِنهُما	مض ر ب	مَنْ مِرْ ا مَنْ مِرْ بُوْا
ر ع	4	تميلغ	مض ر د	روقی ه بر ، تمضر و به
, ,		تحلينها	, , ,	تُعْنَازً
, ,	,	تحطيعوا	, , ,	م _ يه ميّ تعنادو عن
, ,	,	مُطِبْعُونُ	ا من دع	تَضَرُّعاً
, ,	,	تَعَلَقَعَ	, , ,	تَعَنَّرَعُوْا
• •	.	تشتعلغ	مض ل ل	
, ,	,	تشتيلغ	., , ,	مربي تمنيات
, ,	,	تشطغ	, , ,	تع <u>ن</u> ية تع <u>ني</u> لوا
. ,		تَسْتَطِيْعُوْا	طرد	تغييلا تعينات تعيناتوا تغرُدُ
, ,	,	تَسْتَطِلْعُوْنَ	, , ,	فَتَطُرُدَهُمْ
. و ل	ا ط	فَتَطَاوَلَ	طعم	مُعْمِرُونَ تُطْمِمُونَ
. ي ر	ا ط	تعكيزنا	طغواي	تَطْغَوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ج ل	تنتبل	ظالم	تظره
, , ,	تعجّل	, , ,	مَّ مَغْلِلُوْنَ
	تستغيل		تغلِدُوا
, , ,	تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ	ظم٠	تَظْمَأُ
	تَسْتَعْجِلُوْهُ	ظنن	تَعْلُنَّ
ع د د	تَعَدُّونَ	. , , ,	تَظُنُّوْنَ
	- و <u>م</u> را تعلوا	ظمر	تَظَاَّهُرُوْنَ
	تَعْنَدُوْمَ		تُغَيِّرُوْنَ
ع د ل	تغدك		تَطْلَعَرَا
. , ,	تشدكوا	ع ب ت	تَعْبُثُونَ
ع د و	تَمْدُ	ع ب د	تَعْبُدُ
	تغتدوها	, , ,	تَعْبُدُوْنَ
	تعدوا		تَعْبُدُوْا
	تعتدوا	ع ب ر	تَعْبِرُونَ
ع ذ ب	تُمَدُّبَ	ع ت ا	تَعْثَوْا
, , ,	يَ وَدِي	ع ج ب	تعجب
ع ذ ر	تَعْتَذِرُوْا	, , ,	-م-م. معجبون
ع د ج	تغرنج	, , ,	تمينك

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ل م	تَعْلَوُنَ	ع ر ض	تُعْرِضْ
, , ,	تَعْلَوُا		مُعْرَ ضُونَ
	فَسَتَعْلَمُؤ نَ	, , ,	ب مْرِ مَنَنَّ
	تعلين	, , ,	تغرِ حُنُوا
, , ,	مِ آمَرِ مِن تَعَلَّمُوْمِن	ع ز ف	تغوث
اع ل ن	تعليون	, , ,	فتعرفؤنها
3661	تعلوا	, , ,	تَعْرِفُهُمْ
, , ,	تَمَالَوْا	ع د ر	مردوه موردوه
	فَتَعَالَيْنَ	ع د د	ير تَعِزُ
, , ,	تمالئ	عدم	تغزموا
ع ۽ د	تَعَمَّدَتُ	ع س ر	تعاَسَرُ ثُمُ
ع م ل	تغتل	ع مض ل	يه ۾ ۾ وي تعضلو هن
, , ,	تَعْمَلُونَ	ع ط و	ف َتَمَاطل
ع و د	تَعُودُوا	ع د د	ا تَّعَفُ
	تَعُوْ دُوْنَ	ع ف ر	تغفوا
ع ر ل	نَعُوْلُوْ ا	ع ق ل	تَعْقِلُونَ
ع و ن	تَعَاوَنُوْا	ع ل م	تغلم
غ ب ن	التّغَابُنِ	, , ,	تَعْلَمُهَا تَعْلَمُهَا

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ ی ظ	تغيظا	غ ر ب	تَغْرُبُ
ا ف ت ا	تفتؤا	غ ر د	نَغُوَّنَّكُ
ف ت ح	تُفَتَّحُ	غ س ل	نَغْشَيِلُوْا
, , ,	تشتفيخوا	غ ش ی	تَغَشَّاعَا
ف ت ی	تَسْتَفْتِ	, , ,	تغشى
, , ,	تشتفيتيان	غ ف ر	تَغْفِرُ
اف ج ر	تَفْجِيْرا	, , ,	تَغْفِرُ وَا
, , ,	ثُفَجِّرَ		تَسْتَغْفِرْ
ف خ ر	تَفَاخَرُ	, , ,	تَسْنَفْفِرُوْنَ
ف د ی	تُفَادُو هُمَّ	غ ف ل	تَغْفُلُو ُنَ
ف رح	تَفْرَخ	غ ل ب	تَغْلِبُوْنَ
, , ,	تَفْرَحُوْا		سَيَّغْلَبُونَ
, , ,	نَفْرَ حُوْنَ	غ ل و	تَغْلُوا
اف ر ر	تَفِرُّوْنَ	غ م ض	تُغْيِضُوْا
ف ر مش	تَفْرِ مُنُوا	غ ن ی	تَغْنَ
ف ر ق	تَفَرَّقَ	, , ,	م. تغنِيَ
, , ,	تَفَرَّ قُوْا .	غ و ث	تَسْتَغِيْثُونَ
, , ,	تَنَفَرُّ قُوْا	غی ض	يَغِيضُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ل ح	تُفلِعُوا	ف ری	م غارون
, , ,	تُغْلِحُونَ	, , ,	تَفَرُّوا
ف ن د	تُغَنَّدُونَ	ف س ح	تغشخوا
ف و ت	تَفَاوُتِ	ف س د	تغييدوا
ن ر ر	تغود	ف س ق	موم تفسفون
ف ی ء	10	ف ص ل	تغييل
ف ی ض	تَفِيْضُ	, , ,	تقيبلا
	مُغِيضُونَ	ف ض ح	غَ ضَحُ ونَ
ق ب ل	تُغْبَلَ	ف متس ل	تفينيلأ
, , ,	تَقْبَلُوُ ا	ف ع ل	نَفْعَلُ
ق ت ل	تفكئ		تغَمَّوُا
5 5	تَقْتُلُوا		غُ مُلُو نَ
, , ,	تَقْتُلُونَ	اف ق د	غَفَّدَ غَفَّد
, , ,	مُعَا عَلَوْمِهِم		غَفْدُوْ نَ
, , ,	مُعَا يَلُوا	ف ق ه	غَفْقَهُ وْنَ
, , ,	تفينا	ف ك ر	تَفَكُّرُ وَا
, , ,	تقايل	, , ,	؞ ؞ٙڡؙڴۯؙٷڹ
	مُقَاتِلُونَ	ف ك .	م. تَفَكِّبُونَ

Root	. Word	Root	Word
ق طع	كَفْظُمُونَ	ق د ر	تَقْدِرُوْا
, , ,	مَعَلِّمُ المَّامِ	, , ,	تغيير
, , ,	تَفَطَّعَ	اق د م	هُدُّمَ
, , ,	تَمَطَّتُ	· , , · ,	مَدِّرُهُ تَقَدُّمُوْا
ق ع د	تقدد		تَسْتَغْدِمُوْنَ
, , ,	مورو. تقمدوا	ق ر ب	مَثْرَ بِا
اق ف و	مَنْتُ	, , ,	يع-مه تغربوا
ق ل ب	مَعْلَبُوْنَ	, , ,	مَّرَ بُونِ مَرْ بُونِ
, , ,	مُقَلَّبُ	. , , ,	ع- و وريا تعر بو هن
, , ,	تَتَفَلَّبُ	ق ر د	المرات ال
, , ,	تنفيكوا	ق س ط	م. تفسيطوا
ق ن ط	تَقْنَعُلُوا	ق س م	تغيينوا
ق د ر	تفير	, , ,	تقاسموا
ق و ل	تَمَكُنُ	, , ,	تستقيموا
, , ,	تَقُولُ ا	قشع ر	تَقْفَعِرُ
, , ,	تَقُوْلَنَّ	ق ص ر	تعصروا
, , ,	تَقُولُوا	ق ص ص	تەسەن تقصص
, , ,	تَغُولُونَ	ق مض ی	تقفيى

Root	Word	Root .	Word
ك ر ه	'کُرِهُ	ق و م	تقم
ك س ب	کنگرهٔ تنگیب تنگیبُونَ تنگفرُ تنگفرُوا	, , ,	تقوم
, , ,	- تَكْسِبُوْنَ	, , ,	تقوموا تقوموا
ك ف ر	تَكْفُرُ *	, , ,	مروره تغيينوا
, , ,	- تگفروا تگفروا		تغوبم
, , ,	ِ مُكْفُرُونَ	ك ب ر	َنَمُّوِجُم نَسَنَكَبَرَّ
ا د د ف	مُتَكَلِّتُ		نَسْتَكُمْرُوْنَ
كدم	**************************************	, , ,	تگیرا
, , ,	متكلينا	ك ت ب	تَكُنْبُونَهُ
, , ,		ك ت م	تُكُنُّو نَ
, , ,	مُنَكِّلُمُونِ تَكْفِرُونَ		تكتموا
كنر	تُعْذِونَ	, , ,	كَكُتُمُونَهُ
ك ن ن	تَكُنُ	ك ذ ب	ٮٛڴۮؚؠٷ ۫ڹؘ
ك و ن	عَلَة	, , ,	؞ تَكَذُ بَآنِ
, , ,	تگن	, , ,	مَنَكُذُ بِوُا سَنْدِهِ
, , ,	َ نَكُو ْنُ	3 3 3	- تَكْذِيْبٍ
. , ,	ئَلِيْنَ ئَلْدُنْ ئَكُوْنَ لَكُوْنَ لَكُوْنَ	ك ر م	َ تَكُذِيْبٍ مُنْكُرِ مُوْنَ
, , ,	الكوائقة	ك ر م	- يَكُرَ هُوْ ا

ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
ل م د	تَلْيْزُوْا	ك و ن	ئگو توا تگو توا
ل مو	نَلِدُوْدُ مُلْمِيمٌ نُلْمِينِ نَلْمِنْ		تَكُونُونَ
, , ,	تُلْنِين	اے وی	میگوای مَلَبَسُّوْا
	تَلَعِی	ل ب ٹ	مَلَبَثُوا
ل د م	تَلُومُونِهُ	ل ب س	تَلْمِسُوْنَهَا
ل ر ی	تَلُووْا		عَلِيْسُوْا عَلَدُهُ
	تَلُودُنَ	لذذ	مَلَدُ *
ل ی ن		ل ظ ي	تَلْفَلَ تَلْفَحُ تَلْقَفُ
ام ت ع	تَلِيْنُ مُنَّعُونَ مُنتَّعُونَ مُنتَّعُوا مُنتَّعُوا مُنتَّعُوا	ل ف ح	تَلْفَحُ
	مَّنَعَّ *	ل ق ف	تَلْقَفُ
	تسية فه	ل ق ي	مَلْقُوهُ
م ث ل	مُثَلَّة	, , ,	مور. تلقون
, , ,	الْمَا فِيلُ	*, , ,	ثُلِقي-
ا د ح	5 2 2 3		گُلِق نَطُلُقا
ا م د د	ترم تمری مرکوون میکار میکار میکار		مَلَقَوْنَهُ
, , ,	50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	, , ,	تَتَلَقَأُهُمْ
ام د ی	مُمَادِ		المنتأة
, , ,	مُلَوُونَ	, , ,	التَّلاَقِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ا م ن ن	عَ بُ ا	م ر ی	ئیّارای
, , ,	عَنُواْ		عُمْرَ نَ
م ن ی	ىم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	, , ,	عرونَ
, , ,	مَنَوا	م س س	۶۰-۰۶ گسسه
, , ,	ي. عي	, , ,	نَسْتُمُ *
	تَتَمَنُوا	, , ,	ترجه ور <u></u> عسوهن
, , ,	منون	م س ك	مُسِيكُوْا
	تميثدا	, , ,	مَّ مِنْ مُسِكُوهُنَّ
م و ت	200	م س ی	مره ِ مسون
, , ,	يم م موت	م ش ی	امره المسون المش المشون المشون
, , ,	يروي عو تن	, , ,	.وره مشون
, , ,	يَّهِ مِنْ مُوْتُونَ	, , ,	
ا م ر ر		م ك ر	مَقِيقٌ * مُمر مُكَرُونَ
ام ی د	يَّبْدَ	ا د د	يْكِ
م ی د	مَعُدُّ عَبْدُ مَبْدُّ مِبْدُوا	, , ,	لْلِكُ لِلْكُوْنَ لِلْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ لِنْهُ المَانِ المِنْ الْمِنْ المِنْ المِنْ المِنْ المِنْ المِنْ الْمِنْ الْمُنْ الْمِنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمِنْ
م ی ل	يَمْلُوا	م ل ی	9
ن ب ۱	تبعونه	201	مرو. نعهم
ט יי ט	تَنْبِتُ	م ن ن	معن نعن

ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن س ی	تَثْسَ	ن ب ت	مومد تيتوا
, , ,	تَشٰی	ن ب ز	تَنَايَزُوا
, , ,	تَشْرُ	ن ج و	تَنْجِنْكُمْ *
	تَنْسَوْنَ	, , ,	تَنَاجَيْمُ
ن ش ر	تَنْتَفِيرُ وْنَ	, , ,	تَمَنَاجَوْا
ن مس ر	تَنْصُرُوْا	, , ,	تَنَاجَوْا
, , ,	تاور و و تنصروه	ن ح ت	تَنْجِنُوْنَ
, , ,	م. تصرون	ن د ی	التَّتَادِ
, , ,	تَأَصَرُونَ	, , ,	فَتَنَادَوْا
, , ,	تنتقيران	ان ذ ر	مُــْــٰذِر <u>ْ</u>
ن مل ق	تَنْظِفُونَ	اندع	تَذْدعُ
ن خا ر	تَنْظُرُ	, , ,	تَنَازَعْتُمُ
, , ,	مَّيْظِرُكُوْنَ	, , ,	تَنَازَعُوْا
ن ف خ	مَّدِر فَتَنْفُحُ	ن ز ل	تَنَوَّلَ
ن ف د	تَفْدَ	, , ,	تَنْذِيْلُ
ن ف ذ	۔ ممہ تنفذوا	, , ,	تَنْذِ يُلاَ
, , ,	۔.وو. تَنْفُذُونَ	, , ,	تَزَلَتْ
ن فس ر ن فس	تَنْفُرُوْا	, , ,	تَتَّرَّلُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
. , ,	تَبْزُهُمَا	ن ف س	تَفَسَ
ن می	10.5	ن ف ع	تَنْفَعُ
, , ,	آنهی آنهٔوَنَ		تَفْعَكُمْ *
, , ,	تثنو		تَفَعَمُّمُ تَفْعَهُمُ
, , ,	تَنْبُؤا	ان ن ن ق	مِنْ مِنْ تَنْفِقُوا
ن و ش	التَّنَاوُشُ		م، م. تَنْفِقُونَ
ن ی ل	1365	ن ق ذ	تنفيذ
, , ,	تاكوا	ان ق مس	رود د. تغص
ه ج د	فَهِجَدُ		روره تفصوا
م ج د • ج د	سوره مجرون	ن ق مش	ر. مرو. تقعنوا
, , ,	مُهَاجِرُوْا	انقم	تنفيم
ه د ی	مَدُوا	, , ,	تَنْفِمُ تَنْفِمُوْنَ
, , ,	مُدِيْ	ن ك ح	
, , ,	تَبْدِي	, , ,	تَنْکِحُ تَنْکِعُوْا
, , ,	مِّنْتَدُونَ		عِيمِ هِ مِنَّ تَشَكِيحُو هُنَ
, , , ,	مَثْدِيَ	ن ك ر	مُ شَكِمُ وُنَ
1 3 .	تَسْبَدُ وُنَ	ن ك س	تَتْكِمُوْنَ
	34	ن ك ل	تنييلا
4 1 .	الثُلُكَةِ	ن م ر	200

ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
و من ف	تين	ه و ي	۵۰ / جوی
, , ,	تَعِيفُونَ	و ت ر	یه ۱ معری
و من ل	تعيله	و ج د	يَّحِدُ
و مس ی	تَوْمِبَا	, , ,	تجرثوا
, , ,	ئۇمۇن ئۇمۇن		سَتَجِدُوْنَ
	تَوَاصَوْا	, , ,	يَدُوْهُ
و متن ع	تَعَنَّعُ	و ج ل	تَوْجَلُ
, , ,	تعتقوا		وَجَّة
. , ,	تَعَنَّعُونَ	ر د د	تَوَد تُود
اوطا	تعليوها	, , ,	تُودُونَ
, , ,	تَعَلَّوُمُ	و ذ ر	تَذِرُ
وع د	تَمِدُنَا		مُلَدُنَ
, , ,	تُوْعِدُوْنَ		تَذَيْن
, , ,	و آعدوهن	, , ,	مَّذَوْنَ مَّذَرُونَ
, , ,	تَوَاعَدُ مُ	و ر ث	يَرْ فُوا
وع ي	نَعِبَ	و د ی	ئُوارَتْ
ر ن ق	تَعِبَّا تَوْفِيْفا	, , ,	ۇرۇن ئۇرۇن
, , ,	تؤفيق	وزر	يزد
ر ف ی	يُوْنَ عَ	و س و س	ۇنىيەش ئۇنىيەش

			
Root	Word	Root	Word
و ك ل	ثَوَتَّكُلْتُ	ر ن ی	مِ تُوَقَ
, , ,	تَوَكَّلُنا	1	م تو فون
, , ,	تَوَيِّكُمْ		تَوَقَّامُ
, , ,	نَوَتَكُوا		نَوَقَتْهُ نَوَقَتْهُ
و ل ج	موجر	,, ,	تُو َفَيْتَنِيْ°
و ل ی	19 5 10 16 16		تَنَوَفَّاحُ
, , ,	مُوَ رُّو نَ		تَوَقَّنَا
, , ,	نَوَلَٰ تَوَلَّاهُ		ٚ ۅٙڡؙۣ
, , ,	ئَوَلاً:	ر ق د	م قدون و قدون
	توكوا	ا و ق د	مِ قِرْدُهُ مُوفِرُوهُ
> > ,	تَوَلِّكُمُ	ر ق ع	كَفَّعَ
, , ,	تَنَوَكُوا	و ت ی	11.00
, , ,	تَوَلَّ		قَقِ کَفِیْکُمُ
و ن ی	ئىيى ئېغۇا		تتقوا
ر م ن	يبوا		ئى ئىقون
ی ا س	تَبُأَسُوا		تفواها
ی س د	تيسر	, , ,	تقسأة
ى ق ن	و فيونَ	, , ,	قَ فِيّاً
115	تيمعوا	و اے د	ئۇ <u>ك</u> ېدما





Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د ی	"	۱ ب ی	يَأْبَ
أذن	بَأْذَنَ	ا و ل	يَأْ مَلِ
, , ,	يَشْتَأْذِنُ	ا ت ی	بُآتِي
, , ,	يَسْتَأْذِنُوْنَ	, , ,	َبَأْبَ بَأْنِيُ بَأْنِيُ بَأْنُونَ بَأْنُونَ
ا ذ ي	يُؤْذُونَ	, , ,	يَ اْ ثُو ْنَ
, , ,	ؙؽؙۅ۫ٛۮؚؽ	, , ,	ؽٲ۫ؿێؙڹؘ
ب ت ك	أَفَلَا ۗ بَيْتَكُنَّ	. , ,	بأتِيانِها
ا ف ك	يُؤْ فَكُونَ	, , ,	إِنْهُمُ / يَأْنِيكُمُ
1 4 1	بَا كُلُ أَدِ		وْ تُوا
, , ,	بَأُكْلَانِ	, , ,	ڙنِي .
, , ,		, , ,	ۇقا
, , ,	يَاْ كُلْنَ بَاْ كُلُوْا	1 ث ر	و و و و اخذ
, , ,	يَاْ كُلُوْنَ	أخذ	
ا۱رن	مُؤَلِّكُ اللهُ	, , ,	ِ اخِذُ م
1 6 9	بَأَلْوَنَ	, , ,	٠ رو٠ خذونَ
1 9 6	يَأْمُرُونَ	ا خ ر	ع خو خو
, , ,	بُؤُمَرُو ْنَ		آخَر • • • • •
, , ,	يَا يَمُرُونَ	, , ,	ئت َأ ْخِرُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ب د و	يُدِيْنَ	ا م ن	يَاْمَنُ
ب س ط	يَنْتُكُ	, , ,	يأمنؤا
, ,	يَبْسُطُوْا	, , ,	يُؤْمِنُ
ب ش ر	يَبَشَّرُ		يۇ مِنْوْا بۇ مِنْوْا
	عَبْتَهِيْرُ وْنَ	. , ,	مۇ م ئۇ ن
ب مس ر	يَبَعَثُرُونَ (مُحَ)	آ ن ی	يَأْنِ
, , ,	يُفِرُ	ا ی د	مِوَّيْدُ مِوَيْدُ
, , ,	يُصِرُونَ	ب ح ٹ	يَبْحَثُ
ب ط ش	يَبْطِش	ب خ س	يَبْخَسُ
, , ,	يَبْطِيمُوْنَ	, , ,	مُبْخَسُونَ
ب ط ل	يُبْطِلُ (سَيْبِطِلُهُ)	ب خ ل	ب َبْخَلُ
بع ث	يَبْعَثُ	, , ,	َ ب ِبْخَلُونَ
	يبعثون	ب د ل	يَبَدُّلُ
بغی	يَبْغُونَ	. , , ,	يُدِ(لَنا)
	يَيْغِيَانِ	, , ,	يُبْدِلَ(اَ)
	بَيْنَعَ		ؘ ؠؘ ڹۘڋٚٙڶؚ
	- بَيْتَغُوْنَ	۰ ب د و	يُدِ(ماً)
	بَنْبَغِي	, , ,	يُدُوْنَ يُدُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ت ب ع	بَنْبَعَهُا بَنَّبْعْ مِنْبِعُوْنَ مِنْبِعُوْنَ	ب ق ی	يَقِ
, , ,	يَبَّعْ	ب ك ي	ؿؿ۠ۊ ؘؿڴؙۅ۠ڹؘ
, , ,	مِيْدِ عُوْنَ	ب ل غ	يَبْلُغَا / يبلغا
, , ,	َيَتِبِعُونَ	, , ,	يَبْلُغَاً / يبلغا يَبْلُغَنَّ
ت ل و	يَنْلُوهُ / يَنْلُو°		يبلس يَبْلُغُوا مِدْ و
, , ,	^م یٹلیٰ بَنْلُوُنَ	ب ل ی	يَبْلُوْ(كُمُّ)
	كَتْلُوْنَ	. , ,	
ت ۱ ۱	بنج	ب و ۱	َيَثْلُمَا يَتْبَوَّأُ
ت ی ه	مِيْم يَنِيْهُوْنَ يَنِيْهُوْنَ	ب ی ت	يَبِيْنُوْنَ
<u>ٿ</u> ب ت	بُعَبْتُ		رَ سَوْرَ
, , ,	ينبيت	ب ی ع	بَيِنِعُكُمُ بَيْنِعُكُمُ مَنْ * -
ٹ خ ن	مُفْخِنَ	, , ,	يُبَايِ عْ نَ
ث ق ف	يُغْيِثُ مُغْخِنَ بَعْعَلُومُ بَعْعَلُومُ		يُبَايِعُوْنَ
ث ن ی	َ مُونَ يَشْلُونَ		يبايعونك
, , ,	يَسْتَشُونَ	ب ی ن	َيُبَايِمْنَ يُبَايِمُوْنَ يُبَايِمُوْنَكَ يُبَايِمُوْنَكَ يَبَايِمُوْنَكَ يَبَايِمُوْنَكَ
ج ۱ ر	يَعْأَرُونَ		يرين. پيرين
ج ب ی	من ا		يَتَبِيَّنُ
, , ,	بختى	ت ب ر	يَتَبِرُوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
212	يَجْسَوْنَ	ج ب ی	بَعْتَيِيْكَ
513	بَعْمَعُ	ع ح د	ئى ئىجىخىد
, , , , ,	تجمعون	, , ,	چُحَدُونَ بِحُحَدُونَ
ج ن پ	مرته سيجنبها	ج د ل	بُعَادِلُ
, , ,	يَحْتَلِبُونَ	, , ,	بُعَادِلُونَ
, , , ,	آبُرُّجُتْرَ	اج ر ر	روم. بحو ه
ج ٠ د	بجآيية	ج رع	يَنْجَزُ عَهُ
, , ,	يَجَآمِدُوا	ج د ۴	تَجْوِ مَنْكُمْ *
, , ,	بُجَآهِدُونَ	ج ر ی	بَعْرِيْ
ج ، ل	بِيْمَ لَوْنَ بِعَمْ لُونَ مِين	ج ذ ی	ؠؙٙڒؚؽ
ج ر ب	بين	, , ,	يَجْزُيهِمْ
, , ,	بجبن		بَحْرَ مُحْرَاهُ
, , ,	بَشْتَجِبْبُوا	, , ,	م بجراه
, , ,	بَسْنَجِيْبُ		م. بجزون
, , ,	بَسْتَجِيْبُونَ	ج ع ل	ي يَعْمَلُ <u> </u>
ج و ر	بِجَاَدِدُوْنَكَ	, , ,	يَجْعَلُوْنَ
, , ,	£3.		يَعْمَلُوْهُ
, , ,	3.4	ج ل أ	بحكمة

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ر ف	بُحِرِّ فُوْنَ	ج و د	يُعَادُ
ح د ۴	بُحَوْمُ	ح ب ب	بَيْبُ
, , ,	مُحَرِّ مُوْنَ بَحَرِّ مُوْنَ		مَنِينَمُ *
ح ز ن	يَعْرُنَّ		يُعِبُّونَ
, , ,	يَعْزَ نُونَ		بَسْنَحِبُوْنَ
, , ,	يَعْوُنْكَ	ح ب ر	مَعْبَرُونَ بَعْبَرُونَ
ح س ب	بخشة	ح ب س	بَجْنُدُهُ
, , ,	يَعْسَبَنَّ	ح ب ط	شبخيط
, , ,	بِحَاسَبُ	2 2 2	بُعَاجُوْنَ
, , ,	بَغْنِيمُوْا	5	بُعَاجُوْكُمُ
, , ,	بخنيب		بَنَحَاجُوْنَ
, , ,	بَعْنَيبُونَ	ح د ث	عَدِثُ
ح س د	يَعْسَدُونَ	٦ ، د	تِعَادِدُ
ح س د	بَسْنَحْسِرُونَ	, , ,	بُحَادُونَ
ح س ن	مَّهُ مِهُ يَحْسِنُونَ يَحْسِنُونَ	ح ذ ر	عُذَرُ
ح ش د	بعشرم بعشرم		ِ عُذَ رُوْنَ
, , ,	بمفتر	, , ,	جُمَّذُرُكُمُ*
, , ,	مِنْ وَوْا بِمُشْرُوا	ح ر ب	جُعاَدِ بُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع لا ل	فَبُحِلُوا	ح ش ر	وه روه بحشرون
	يُعِلُّونَهُ '	ح ض ر	م.ود . ي حض رونِ
اع ۱ د	مهرده پخمدوا	ح من من	َو ہے پیحض
اع ۱ د	يغيل تو و ت	ح ط م	بَعْطِلَنَّكُمْ
	بَعْيِلُونَ	ح ف ظ	يَحْفَظْنَ '
	بخيلها	, , ,	يَحْفَظْنَ يَحْفَظُوا يَحْفَظُوا
	بخيلوها	, , ,	يمحاً فِظُونَ
	تِمْدُدُمَ بَعْدُن بُعْدُن بَعُوْدَ بَعُوْدَ	ح ف ی	
ح و ی	بخثى	ح ق ق	فَبَحْفِكُمْ يَحِقَّ يَحْكُمُ إِن يَحْكُمُونَ يَحْكُمُونَ
ح و د	بمود	ے ک م	15.4
	بِعَاوِدُهُ	, , ,	يَحْكُمان
ح و ط	بمنطؤا	, , ,	يَعْكُوْنَ
, , ,	أَيْخِيْطُوْنَ	. , , ,	يُعَمِّوُكَ
, , ,	أثر أما	, , ,	بَنَعَاكُوُا
ح و ل	بَعُوْلُ	ے ل ف	چىلىنى يىن لىغۇن
ے ی ض	بَعِنْنَ	3 3 2	بير پيل سور
ح ی ف	پَیِمْنْنَ بَیْنَت پَیْنُقُ	, , ,	بين يغيل
ح ی ق	ن. بَعْنْقُ	, , ,	يَعِين يَعِلُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ رج	ده بخوجاگم	ح ی ی	بَعْبَا
, , ,	-2 =- 0.9		يُعِي
, , ,	بحرجتها بَشْنَغْوِجاً بَخِرُودا بَخِرُودا		عُبُنِحُ *
خ ر ر	يَغِرُوا	, , ,	عَبِينَ
, , ,	بَخِرُوْنَ	, , ,	بخبك
خ ر ص	يخرصون	, , ,	يَسْتَحْبُونَ
خ د ی	يخزم.	, , ,	بَسْنَحِْيْ
, , ,	مُنْزِئُ	خ ب ط	بَنْخَبَطُهُ
, , ,	يخزيو	خ ت م	يَغِني
, , ,	تغزيهم	اخ د ع	يَغْدَعُوكَ
خ س ر	يخشر	, , ,	- م. م. يخدعون
. , ,	يخيرون	. , , ,	يُخَادِعُونَ
خ س ف	بخيف	خ ذ ل	عَذُلُكُمُ
خ ش ی	عَشَ	خ ر ب	غُوِ بُوْنَ
, , ,	بَغْینکَ بَغْشَ بَغْفی	خ رج	يخرجن
, , ,	تخشآحا	, , ,	يغرجو ا يغرجو ا
, , ,	عَفْدُونَ	. , , ,	يَخُوجُونَ
خ ص ص	يختص		يُغِرِجُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ل ف	بَشْنَخْلِفْ	خ ص ف	يخييفان
. , ,	بَشْنَخْلِفَكُمْ	خ ص م	عَنْتَعِيمُوْنَ عَنْتَعِيمُوْنَ
خ ل ق	عَنْلَقَ	, , ,	يَخِصَّمُونَ
, , ,	يخلقوا	ا خط ف	يَعْمَلَفُ
., , ,	عَ وْلُمُو ْنَ	, , ,	بَتَخَطَّفَكُمْ
خ ل و	بَعْلُ	, , ,	يَتَخَطَّفَكُمُ بُتَخَطَّفُ
خ و مش	يَخُومُنُوا	خ ف ت	بَنْخَافَتُوْنَ
, , ,	يَخُو صُونَ	غ ف ف	تخفف
خ ر ف	يَخَافُ	, , ,	بَسْنَخِفْنَكَ
	بَعَامُهُ	خ ف ی	يَغْنِيا
• • •	يَعَافُوا		عَفْوُنَ
	يَغَافُونَ		تغفين
	تغوث	. , ,	يَشْتَخْفُونَ
	مُخَوِّفُو نَكَ	خ ا د	يخلد
خ و ن	يَخْتَأْنُونَ	خ ل ف	- معه يخلفون
خ ی د	يَعْتَادُ	. , ,	عُنِلِفُ
, , ,	يَتَخَيَّرُونَ	, , ,	يَنْخَلَفُوا
خ ی ل	يخيل	, , ,	يَغْتَلِفُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
دع و	بَدْعُ	د ب ر	يدبوه
, , ,	يَدْعُنا	, , ,	يَشَدَ بَرُونَ
	يَدْعُوا		يَدَّبَرُوْا
, , ,	يَدْعُوْنَ	دخل	يَدْخُلُونَ
, , ,	بَدْعُوْ تَنَا		يَدُخُلُنَّهَا
, , ,	يَدْعُونِيْ		يُدْخِلُ ا
, , ,	يَدْعُوكَ		يُدْخِلُهُ
, , ,	يُدْعَىٰ	, , ,	يَدُخُلُ
, , ,	ٱبدْعَوْنَ	1 , ,	بَدْرَأُ
د ف ع	بُدَانِعُ	, , ,	ي َ نْزَ مُؤْنَ
د ۱ غ	فَدَمَنُهُ	د ر س	يَدُومُونَهَا
د ی ن	ىَدِيْنۇ <u>نَ</u>	د ر ك	ُہْدِکُمُ بُدْرِهُ'
ذ ب ح	يَذْ بَعُونَ	, , ,	بُدْرِکُه'
, , ,	كَنَّعُ	, , ,	يُدْرِكُ
ذر ا	ىَذْرَقُكُمْ	د ر ي	بُدْدِ بِكَ
ذ ك ر	الْمُرُّخُ الْمُ	د س س	بَدُتُهُ
, , ,	مَيَدُمَعُهُ بَدِينَوُنَ بَذْيَحُونَ بَذْيَحُونَ بَذْرُومُ بَذْكُرُهُ بَذْكُرُهُ بَذْكُرُهُ	د ع ع	بُدُدِ بُكَ بَدُسُهُ بَدُعُ بَدُعُ بَدُعُونَ
, , ,	يَذْكُرُوا	, , ,	يَدَعُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ای	يَرَوْا	ذ ك ر	يَ ذُكُرُ وْنَ
, , ,	يَوَوْنَ	, , ,	يُذَكِّرُ
	يُرِيَكُمُ *	. , , ,	بَسَدَكُرُ
, , ,	يُرَافُونَ	, , ,	بَسَّدُكُرُّ وْنَ
· ·, ·	يُرِ بْكُمُو مُ	. , ,	ئِذَكَّر ^ہ
ا ر ب ص	يَرَبَقُ	, , ,	يَذْكُرُونَ
, , ,	ِيَّارِيَّةٍ ° رَ يَكُرِ بِ ص نَ	ذ م ب	يَذْمَبُ
, , ,	َيَّرَبِهِ وَ يَتَرَبِ ص ُونَ	, , ,	يَذْهَبَا
ر ب و	يَوْبُوا	, , ,	يَدْهَبُوْ يَذْهَبُوْا
, , ,	يزين	, , ,	يُذُهِبْنَ
ر ت ع	يَوْنَعْ	, , ,	مُذْمِبَنَّ
ر ج ع	يَوْجِعُ	ذ و ق	. ر. مدوقوا
	يَرْجِعُوْنَ	, , ,	يَذُو قُونَ
, , ,	يَثَرَ اجَعا	, , ,	ر مُذِبْقَ
رج١	يَرْجُوكُمُ *	ر ۱ ی	يَوِين
ر ج و	بَرْ جُو بَرْ جُو	, , ,	í,
	يَوْجُونَ	, , ,	بر يَرَاكَ
153	بَرْحَمُ	. , ,	يرات يَوَهُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
د مض و	يَرْ مَنْو نَكُمْ	100	بَرْحَكُمْ
, , ,	يَرْضَوْهُ	, , ,	يَوْ حَمْناً
رغ ب	يَرْغَبُ		رَويُّودُ يَودُوكُمُ
, , ,	يَوْغَبُوا		مر ہے۔ پُود
ر ف ع	يَرْفعُ	, ,	يُرَدُونَ يُودُونَ
ر ق ب	يَرْ قَبُوا		بَيْرَدُونَ
, , ,	يَرْ فُبُوْنَ	, , ,	يَوْتَدُ ۗ
	يَرَّزَقَبُ	. , , ,	يَوْ تَلِيدُ
ر ك ب	يَرْ كُوْنَ	ر ز ق	يَرُكُنُ
ر اے من	يَرْ كُمنُونَ	, , ,	يَرْدُفُكُمُ
ر ك ع	يَرْ كُنُونَ	, , ,	مُرْزَقُونَ
ر ك م	مَبَرُكَ :	ر س ل	بزبيل
ر م ی	يزء ا	ر ش د	يَرْ شُدُوْنَ
, , ,	يَوْمُوْنَ	د ضع	بمؤحينن
ار د ب	يَوْهَبُونَ	د من و	يَرُّصَىٰ
ر م ق	يَوْهَقَ	, , ,	يَوْضَهُ
, , ,	يُرْجِقَهُمَ	, , ,	يَرْضُونَهُ '
ارود	يَعِيْدِ	. , , ,	عَ ْضَيْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ز ی د	ؠٙڒؚۮػؙ	ر و د	يُرِ دُنَ بُرِ دُنَ
, , ,	ئۆدە	, , ,	ؠؙڔۣؽڎ
, , ,	عَزِيْدُ	, , ,	ؠؙڔۣؠ۫ۮٙٳڹ
. , , ,	ێٙۏؚؠ۠ڎ ێٙۏۣ۫ؠ <i>ۮ</i> ۅ۠ڹؘ		مِرْبِيْدُوْا مِرْبِيْدُوْا
, , ,	يَزْدَادَ	, , ,	ؠؘۯۣ۫ؽؖڎۅ۫ڹؘ
د ی غ	يَزِغْ	ری ب	يَرْ أَابُ
, , ,	يَدِيْخُ	, , ,	يَرْ مَابُوْا
ز ی ل	يَزَالُ	زج و	ر پُڑجِيْ
	يَزَالُوْنَ	دعم	يَزْ هُوْنَ
س ا ل	يَناًلا	ز ف ف	ؠٙڒۣڡؙؙٚۅؙ۠ڹؘ
, , ,	بَنْأَنْكُمْ* بُنْأَوُّنَ	ز ك و	يُزَكُّو [ْ] نَ
, , ,	بُسْأَلُونَ	, , ,	ؽڒٙػ۫
,	يَتَسَامُلُونَ	, , ,	ؠٛڒٙڴڹػؙ
س ء م	بَشْآمُ		يَقَوَىٰ
5 , 5	بَسْأَمُوْنَ	, , ,	ؠٙڗؙػٙ
س ب ب	بَشْأَ مُوْنَ فَيَسَبُّواْ	ز ن ی	وَ لاَ يَزْنُونَ
ا س ب ت	يَسْفِيُوْنَ	. , ,	وَ لاَ يُزْنِيْنَ
س ب ح	بسبحون	ز و ج	درید دد. پزوجهم

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ر ف	بشرفؤا	س ب ح	يسبع
, , ,	يمنرن		يسبحن
ا س ر ق	يَسْرِق	, , ,	يستخون
, , ,	بَشْرِفْنَ	س ب ق	بَسْبِغُوْنَا
س د وای	يَسْرِ	س ج د	يَسْجُسُدُ
س ط ر	يَسْطُرُوْنَ	, , ,	يَسْجُدَانِ
ا س ط و	بَسْعُكُوْ تَ	, , ,	يَسْجُدُوا
س ع ی	يَشْعَىٰ	, , ,	يَسْجُدُونَ
	يَسْعَوْنَ	س ج د	يُسْجَوُ وْنَ
س ف ك	بَشْفِكُ	س ج ن	يُسْجَنَ
س ق ی	بَسْقِ	س ح ب	يُسْحَبُونَ
, , ,	يَسْقُونَ	س ح ت	فَبُسْجِنَكُمْ *
, , ,	يَسْقِيْنِ	س خ ر	يَسْخَرْ
س ك ن	بَشْكُن	, , ,	يَسْخَرُونَ
س ل ب	يَسْلُبُهُمُ	, , ,	بَسْنَسْخِرُوْنَ
اس ل ط	بَشَكُنَ بَسْلُبُهُمُ بُسَلِّهُمُ	س خ ط	يَشْخَطُوْنَ
س ل ك	يَسْلُكُ	س د ر	بُيرُّوْنَ
, , ,	بَسْلُكُمُ	س رع	يُسَادِعُونَ

Root		Word	Root	Word
و ي	<u>س</u>	يَسْنَوِيْ	س ل ل	يَشَـُلُو ُنَ
, ,		بَسْنَوِ بَانِ	س ل م	ئسَلَّةُ ا
ی ر	٠	يَسِيْرُوْا		بنيد.
, ,		بسيركم.		بُشْلِمْ بُشْلِمُوْنَ
ر ب	ش	بَشْرَبُ	اس ع ع	يَسْمَعُ
, ,		بَشْرَبُوْنَ	. , ,	<u>.</u> يَسْمَعْهَا
ر ح	ش	بَشْرَخ	. , ,	يَسْمَعُوا
	ش	بَشْرَخ مِشْرِك ُ		يسمعون
, ,	,	بُشْرِكُوْنَ	, , ,	بَسْنَيعُ
, ,		بُشْرِكُن		ىسىنىيە يىشىيە دە
ء . ع د	این	يَفْعُرُوْنَ	· , · ,	بَسَيَّونَ
, ,	,	بنيزكم	اس م ن	يُسْمِنُ
, ,	,	يُفْعِرَدُ	اس ن	بَسَنَّتُ
ف ع	أش	بَشْفَعُونَ	س و غ	بَيْنِغَة
		فَيَضَفَعُوا	س رق	 يُسَاقُونَ
, ,			س و م	يوه دوه يسومهم
ن ي	اش	بَشْفَعُ بَشْفِ		يَسُومُونَكُمُ *
, ,	,	يَشْفِيْن	س و ی	يَسْتُورُنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
م ح ب	م م م م معبون	ش ق ق	بَشَقْقُ
ص د د	يَصُدُونَ	, , ,	بُشَاقً
, , ,	بَصُدَّنَكَ	, , ,	بُ <u>َ</u> شَافِق
	بَصَدَّنَكُمْ	ش ق ی	بَشْق
ص د ر	يَصْدُرُ	ش ك ر	بفكر
ا ص د ع	يَصَّدَّعُونَ	, , ,	يَشْكُرُونَ
ا من د ف	يَصْدِفُونَ	ش د د	بَشْهَة
ا مس د ق	بُصَدِّقِين	, , ,	يَشْهَدُوْنَ
. , ,	يَصَدُّقُونَ	ش ه و	يشمون
	بَمَّدَّقُوْا	ش و ی	بَشْوِیْ
ا من د خ	بَسْتَصْرِخَهُ	ش ی ء	بَشَاهُ
, , ,	بقنطر فجؤن	, , ,	بَشَامُوْنَ
ا من ز ر	بَعِرُ	, , ,	بَشَأ
, , ,	بميرودا	ص ب ب	بقيت
, , ,	بُعِيرُوْنَ	ص ب ح	يمنح
ا من رف	يَعْرِفُ	, , ,	يَمُ بِعُوْا
	يَمْرِنُهُ	ص ب ر	بَعْبر
, , ,	يعشر فون		بَعْدُوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ٔص و ب	بُعِبْهَا	ص ع د	يَمْنَعَ دُ
, , ,	بُعِبْنَا	, , ,	يَعْمَدُ
ص و ز	يُعِينِيَّتَ يُعَنَّوْدُكُمُّ	ص ع ق	م بصُعفونَ
ض ح ك	يَضْ مَكُوْنَ	ص ف ١	يَصْطِلَقْ
مض ر ب	يَقْبِرِ بُ	ص ل ب	يُعْلَبُ
	يَضْرِ بْنَ		يُصَلَّبُوُّا
, , ,	يَضْرِبُوْنَ	ص ل ح	بَعْدِلِغُ
مض ر ر	يَصَرُ	, , ,	م لِحُونَ
, , ,	بَعْثُرُ يَعْثُرُكُ يَعْثُرُكُ	, , ,	يشليحا
, , ,	بَعْرُكُمْ	ص ل و	بُعَـلُ*
	بَعْتُرُّ فَأ	. , ,	بُمَـلٌ بُمَـلُوْا
, , ,	يَضُرُّوْا	. , ,	يُصَلُّو نَ
, , ,	بَصْرُوْنَ	و ص ل	بَعِيلُوْنَ
	يُضَارَّ	ص نع	يَمْنَعُ
مئس رع	يَنْضَرَّ عُوْنَ	, , ,	يَ ص َنَّعُوْنَ يَ ص َنَّعُوْنَ
	بَضَّرَّ عُوْنَ	ص م ر	د. و يعمر
مضع ف	يَسْتَعْمِفُ	ص و ب	يُعِيْبُ
, , ,	مەتە، مەن بست ض عفون		مُعْيَبَكُ [°]

Root	Word	Root	Word
طفا	بعلفتوا	من ع ف	بُعنَاعِفُ
ط ل ب	بَطْلُبُهُ	, , ,	يُضَاعِفُهَا
طالق	يَنْعُلِلِق	ض ل ل	<u>بَع</u> ِيٰلُ ا
طمت	يَطْمِهُنْ	, , ,	ؠؘۼۣڷؙٷڹؘ
طمع	بَعْلَمَعُ بَعْلَمَوْنَ	, , ,	فَبُعُنِلَّكَ
, , ,	يَطْمَعُونَ	, , ,	بمثيل
طدر	يَعَلَّمُونَ	, , ,	بُعنِيلُونَ
, , ,	بعكير	ا ض ه ی ۱۱	مُضَاهِمُونَ
, , ,	بَتَعَلَّمُ وْنَ	ض و ۱	مِنْ و
, , ,	يَتَطَهِّرُوْا	مض ی ع	بمينية
طوع	بُطَاعُ	ض ی ف	بْعَنْبُغُوْ هُمَا
, , ,	بمليغ	مض ی ق	بَعِنِبْقُ
, , ,	يُطِبْعُوْنَ	ط ب ع	بَعْلِمَعُ بَعْلْمَثُهُ
, , ,	يَسْتَعِلعْ	طعم	يَطْعَتُهُ
, , ,	يَسْتِطِبْعُ	. , ,	بغليم
, , ,	بَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ	, , ,	بطيمني
طوف	يَعُكُوْفُ	, , ,	يُعْلِيمُوْنِ
, , ,	يَعَلُّوْفُونَ	طغ وای	بَطْنيٰ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ب د	ينبذ	طوف	يُعلَافُ
, , ,	يَعْبُدُوُنْ	, , ,	يَطُّوَّفَ
, , ,	يَعْبِدُوْا يَعْبِدُوْا	طوق	بَطِبْقُوْنَهُ
, , ,	بَعْبُدُوْ يَقْ	, , ,	سَيْعَلَوَّ قُوْنَ
ع ت ب	بَشْنَعْنِبُوْا	طیر	يَطِيرُهُ
	يستعبون	, , ,	يَطَّيَّوُوْا
ع ج ب	بننجب	ظلل	فَيَغْلَلُنْ
, , ,	پئیجب بنیجک	ظالم	بَغِلِمُ
ع ج د	ينبؤون	, , ,	بَخْلِمُ يَخْلِدُونَ
ع ج د	أبَعَجُّلُ	, , ,	يَخْلِلْهَمُ
, , ,	بشتغيل	ظنن	حَقِلَةً ا
	بَسْتَعْجِلُونَ	, , ,	يَطْنُونَ
ع د ل	بَعْدِلُوْنَ	ظدر	يُطْاعِرُونَ
ع د و	َيَّعَدَّ	, , ,	يَظْهَرُوْنَ
, , ,	يَعْدُونَ		يَظُهُرُوْا
	يَعْتَدُونَ	, , ,	يظيرَ
ع ذ ب	بُمَدُّبُ	, , ,	مخلامروا
, , ,	يُعَدُّبُنَا	ع ب .	بثنا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ص ۲	بِمُنْعِمْ	ع ذ ب	474
ع ص ي	يَنْفِي بَنْفُوْنَ	عدر	بَعْنَذِرُوْنَ
, , ,	بَعْصُوْنَ	3 2	بَنْوَجُ
	بَعْثِينَكَ	, , ,	يَعْرُجُونَ
ع من مض	بَعَثُ بِعْلَوْا	ع ر د س	بغرض
عطو	يتعكوا		بغركنون
	مبنطيك		بُنْرِحُنْوا
, , ,	منطؤا	ع ز ف	بَتَمَادَ فُوْنَ
ع ظ م	بِمُعَلَّوْا بُسَطِّعُ بِمُنظِعُ		بَيْرِ فُوْنَ
, , ,	بمنظم		بَغْرِفُوْا
اع ف ف	بَشْتَعْفِفْنَ		بيرُن
ع ن ر	بهنك	, , ,	بُنْرَفْنَ
, , ,	يَعْفُونَ	ع د ب	بَعْرُبُ
, , ,	بَغُوا	ع د ل	بَعْنَدِلُوكُ
ع ق ب	يَعَثِّبُ	ع ش ۱	بغش
ع ق ل	بَشْوَا يَتَقَبُ بَشِيْلُهَا	ع ص د	بتعيرون
, , ,	بنيلون	ع ص م	بَعْصُكَ
ع ك ف	بَعْكُفُوْنَ	, , ,	بمغيثن

1	Root		Word	R	oot		Word
š	,	و	يو. دون يعوذون	٠	J	٤	بثلًا
ی	ی	ع	يَعْيَ	•	,	,	سَيَعْلَمُ م
,	د	غ	مُعَادِدُ	. •	•		يَعْلَمُونَ
ر	J	غ	يَغُرُدُكَ	•	•		يَعْلَوُا
,	,	,	بَعُرَّنَكَ		•	,	سَيَعْلَوُنَ
ق	ر	غ	نَبُنْرِ ثَكُ	,	,	,	بَعَلِّتُكَ
ی	ش		يَغْشَىٰ		•	,	يُعَلَّمُانِ
,	,	,	يَغْشَاهُ	,	•	٠,	يَتَعَلَّمُونَ
,	,	,	يُغَقَّيْكُمُ	ن	J	٤	بُعْلِ نُوْنَ
,	,	,	بَسْتَغْشُوْنَ	ر	٢	ع	يغفز
ض	ض	اغ	يَعْمَنُونَ	,	,		يَعْمُرُ وَا
,	,	,	يَغْضُوا	J	٢	اع	بغمكا
•	,	,	يَغْفُضَنَ	٠,	,		يَ عْمَلُو ْنَ
J	ف	غ	الميل		٢	ع	يَعْمَهُوْنَ
,	•		بَثْنِوُونَ	د	,	ع	يعو دوا يعو دوا
,	,		يَنْفِرُوْا	•	,		يَعُو ^د ُوْنَ
,	,	٠,	بَسْتُغْفِرْ	,	,	,	بينية
,	,	,	بَسْتَغْفِرُ وْنَ	٠,	,	,	بيغيدنا

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ و ص	يَغُوْمُوْا	غ ف ر	بَسْتَنْفِرُوْا بَسْتَنْفِرُوْا
غ و ی	يُغْوِيَكُمُ *	غ ل ب	يَغْلِبُ
غ ی ب	يَغْتَبُ	, , ,	بَغِلِوُ
غ ی ر	1	, , ,	يَغْلِبُوْنَ
3 3 3	يغيروا	, , ,	سَيَغْلِبُوْنَ
, , ,	ؘؠٙڡؘٚؠٙڒۛ	غ ل ل	
غی ظ	يَغِيْظُ	, , ,	َ مُثَلُّنَّ َ مُثْلُلُ
ا ف ت ح	يَغْتَحُ	غ ل ئ	بَغْلِق
	بَشَتَفْنِحُوْنَ بَشَتَفْنِحُوْنَ	غ م د	بَيْغَامَزُرُونَ بَتَغَامَزُرُونَ
ف ت ر	مِغَارُ	غ ن ی	يَغْنَوْا
	، يو. يَفْرُونَ	, , ,	يشو. مينون
ف ت ن	ره ره يفتنون	, , ,	بینی مینینها
, , ,	بَفْتِنَكُمْ	, , ,	
, , ,	بَفْنِئَكُمُ	, , ,	
, , ,	بَغْيِنُوْ لَكَ		بني. مندي.
ف ت ی	بنيخ	غ ر ث	بغينه بنن بغينگ بنائزا
. , ,	بَسْتَفْتُو لَكَ		بِدر. يَسْتَغِيثانِ
ن ج ر	يَتَفَجَّرُ	, , ,	يستينيوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ف س د	بغية	ف ج ر	يقبرونها
, , ,	^م غْسِدُوْنَ	ف د ی	بغشدى
ف س ق	كِفْسَقُونَ	ا ف رح	يَغْرَحُ
ا ف من ل	تغييل		يقرعوا
أ ف مز مخ	يَنْفَعَنُوا		يَفْرَ حُوْنَ
أ ف مش ل	كتققشل	ف ر ر	يَفِرُهُ
ا ف ط ر	بَتَعُمَّلُوْنَ	ف ر ط	مُغَرِّ هُلُوْنَ
فع ل	بَغْمَلُوْا		يَغُرُطَ
, , ,	يفتل	ن ر ق	بَفْرَ قُوْنَ
	يَغْمَلُونَ		بُغْرَقُ
ن ن ،	يَفْقَبُوا		بغَرِّ فُوْا
	يَفْقَهُوْنَ	[, , ,]	يَنَفَرَّ فَأ
ا ف ك ر	بَنَفَكُرُوْا	, , ,	يَتَفَرَّ فُوْنَ
	بَتَفَكَّرُونَ	ف ری	بَفْيَرِي
فدح	مِعْلِحُ	, , ,	مَ عُرُ ونَ
	كِفْلِحُونَ		بَغْيَرٌ بْنَ
ف ی م	بَتَفَيْوُ	ف ر ز	بَسْتَفِزَعُ
ق ب مض	. يَقْبِضُ	ا ف س ح	يغشئغ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ذ ف	كِمْذِك	ة ب ض	كِلْمِعْنَ
, , ,	مِعْدَمُونَ	, , ,	بَغْيِعُوْنَ
ق ر ا	بَعْرَ أُوْنَ	ق ب ل	مِغْبَلُ
ق ر ب	يَغْرَ بُوا	, , ,	بَعَبَّلُ
اق ر ف	بَقْتِرِن	ق ت ر	بغنروا
, , ,	يَقْتِرِ فُوْنَ	ق ت ل	المُثَانُ اللهُ
ق س م	يَقْسِمُوْنَ	, , ,	بَعْنَكُنَ
j , ,	بغيم	, , ,	مِقَنَّلُوا
, , ,	بغيمان	,	مِّقَتْلُونَ
ٔ ق من د	بغيرون	, , ,	ويقاين
ق ص ص	بَقَصْ	, , ,	مِغَاتِلُوا
, , ,	يَعْمُونَ	, , ,	مُقَاتِلُوْنَ مُقَاتِلُوْنَ
ق مض مض	يَنْقَضَ	, , ,	؞ ؞ مُثَتَِّلا نِ
ق م س ی	بَغْفِيٰى	ق د ر	بَغْدِرُ
, , ,	ۦ ؘڡ۫ڡ ؙۅ۫ڹ	. , ,	يَغْدِدُوْنَ
قطع	كِمُعْلَعُ	ق د م	بَعْدُمُ
, , ,	يَقْطَعُوْنَ	, , ,	بَقَدَّمَ
ق ل ب	يُقَلُّبُ	, , ,	يَسْتَغُدِ مُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق و م	بَسْيَعِبْمُ	ق ل ب	يَثْقَلِبُ
ك ب ت	يخبته	, , , ,	يَنْقَلِبُوْ ا
ك ب ر	بكبر	• , , ,	ؠؘنْقَلِبُو ْنَ
, , , ,	بَغْدِ مَنْهُ بَكْبُرُ بَكْبُرُوْا	" قال ل	مُقَلَّلُكُمُ
, , ,	ؠؘڰڋٷۏڹؘ	ق ن ت	يَقْنُكُ
, , ,		اق ن ما	بَقْنَطَ
, , ,	بَشَيْعُبِرُ		يَمُّنَعُلُوْنَ
ك ت ب	بَسْتَكُمْدُوْنَ بَشْتُكُمْدُ بَكُسُبُ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُمُ بَكُسُمُ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُمُ	ق و ل	يَعْلُ
, , ,	يَكُ تَبُونَ	, , ,	يَعُوْلُ *
ك ت م	بندر	, , ,	يَقُولا
, , ,	يَكُنْسَ	, , ,	بَقُولُوا
, , ,	بَكُتُمْهَا	, , ,	يَقُو لُونَ
ك ذ ب	بَكْدِبُوْنَ	ق ر م	بَعُومً
, , ,	بَكَذَّبُ	, , ,	َ بَقُو مَانِ
; , ,	بَكَدُّ بُوكَ	, , ,	يَقُومُونَ
, , ,	يُكَدُّ بُوْنَ	, , ,	نينيا
ك ر م	بَكْرَ هُوْنَ	, , ,	فينيعوا .
, , ,	لِكُو مُهُنَّ		م پيپيتون

Root	Word	Root	Word
677	ؠٙؾؙٙػڷؖٮؙۅؙۛڹؘ	ك س ب	<u>ب</u> َكْسِبُوْنَ
ك ن ز	ؠؖڴڹؚۮ ؙۅ۠ڹؘ	, , ,	بخيث
اك و د	عُلَاثِ	ك ش ف	المكييَّفُ
, , ,	بتكأدون	اے ف ر	بَكُفُرُ
, , ,	يكن	, , ,	يخفروه
ك و ر	ئِكَةُ دُ مِنْ بَكْنَ	, , ,	ِیُکُفُرُ وْنَ یَکُفُرُ وْنَ
ك و ن	فنز	ك ف ف	بَكُفَّتَ
, , ,	بَكُنْ		يَكُفُوا
	بَكُوْنُ		بَكُفُّرُكَ
, , ,	بَكُوْنَا	او ف ل	بَكْفُلُ
	بتكؤنوا		بَكْفُلُوْنَهُ
. , ,	بَكُوْ تُونَ	ك ف ي	يَكْفِ
ك ى د	مَيكِندُوا	, , ,	بَكْنِيَكُمْ *
	يَكِيْدُوْنَ	1 1 2	S.K.
ل ب ٹ	بَلْبَعُوا	ك ل ف	بُكُلُفُ
, , ,	يَلْبُثُوْن	ك ل م	بگلہ
ل ب س	بَلْيِسُوْنَ	, , ,	بَكُلُمُ بَكُلُمُنا
, , ,	يليشؤا	, , ,	بَتَكَلَّمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ل ق ی	بنني	ال ح د	كِلْحِدُونَ
, , ,	يَتَلَقَ	ل ح ق	يَلْحَقُوا
, , ,	يَلْتَقِيَانِ	ل ع ب	بَلْمَبْ
נים נ	بَلْيِرُكَ	, , ,	يَلْعَبُوْا
	بَلْيِزُوْنَ	, , ,	<u>ب</u> لُعَبُونَ يَلْعَبُونَ
ل م ث	بَلْهَتْ	لعن	بَلْمَنُ
ل م و	بليية	, , ,	م مِدِه
6 6 7	يَتَلاَوَمُوْنَ	ل ف ت	بالنف بالنف
ل و ي	بَلُوْوْنَ	ل ف ظ	يَلْفِطُ
ل ی ت	بَلِيْكُمْ	ل ق ط	بَلْتَقَطِهُ
م ت ع	1	لقى	بَلْقَ
	معود		بَلْقَوْ نَ
, , ,	يَتَمَعُوا	, , ,	بلفاه
	يَنْمَتُونَ		يَلْقُونَهُ
ا ع ص	200	, , ,	يَقَامَا
ام ح ت	يَمْحَقَ	, , ,	مِلَقُونَ
120	2 .	. , ,	بُلاَفُوا
	بمنوا	, , ,	ر المفرّا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د د	بَمْلِكُ	م د د	يَدُمُ
	مِّلِكُونَ		مورد. عدومهم
م ل ل	بمياة		عُدِدُكُ
ا ب ن ع	يَنْمَوُنَ	م د و	عَرُونَ
م د د	3.5	م د ی	يَمْرُونَ
, , ,	يَمْنُونَ		بمَارُونَ
م ن ی	بَشَيْنِينَ بُنْنَ بُنْنَ	م س س	تنشك
	يمنى	. , ,	عَسْيَقْ
, , ,	بَلْمَنَّوْنَهُ	. , ,	بَسْتِین بَسُنَا
, , ,	بَلْمَنُوهُ	, , ,	بتمآشا
ا م د	يَمْهَدُونَ	م س ك	مَسَكُونَ
م و ت	يمو ٿ		تميلة
. , ,	بخوثوا	م ش ی	يَشِي
. , , ,	عَوْ يُونَ		بَعْشُونَ
	ين	م ط و	بَلَّمَعَّلَى
. , ,	يَيْنَي	م ك ت	بَئَمَعَّى بَكُلُكُ
ا ر ج	بَعْوَجُ	ام ك ر	15
م ی د	34.5	. , ,	مِين مِنْكُرُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن د ی	اينادي	م ی ل	مَيَيْاتُ نَ
, , ,	مُنادِثِهِمْ	ن ا ی	َ يْئَأُوْ نَ
	يُنَادَوْنَ	ن ب ا	وأفرا
ن ذ ر	بنسذة	, , ,	****
	مەسىرە ينذرون	. , ,	الله المالية
	مِنْدِرُوَنَكُمْ	, , ,	بنگوا بنگوا
د د ع	بندع		بَسْنَشْهِ لَوْ نَكَ
	مُنَاذِعُنَّكَ	ט י ט	270
د د غ	بَنْزَغُ	ن ب ط	مُبْنِيك بَسْتَنْبِطُونَ
, , ,	بالزغتك	ن بع	بَنْبُوْعا
ن ز ف	يُنْزَفُونَ		بَنَايِيْعَ
ن ز ل	المُرْدُلُ	ن ج د	مِنَ جِ فَىٰ مِنَجِّقِیْ
	بَنْزَلُ	, , ,	بُنَجْنِكُمْ *
ن س خ	لَيْلَتُحُ		ينييد
ن س ف	قَبَلْتَحُ بَلْيِلْهَا		ِ بِ نَنَاجَوْنَ
ان س ل	بَنْسِلُونَ	ن ح ت	يَنْجِئُوْنَ
ن س ی	يَلْسَلَى	ن د ی	يُنَادُوْ نَكَ
, , ,	بنيبتك	, , ,	مِسَادِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ظ ر	ؘؠڹ۠ؿؘ <u>ڣ</u> ؘڵۯٷڹؘ	ن ش ا	بُنَقَأ
نع ق	َبِنْمِقُ	, , ,	بُنْفِئُ
نغ مض	مِنْفِعِنُوْنَ	ان ش ر	يَنْفُرُ
ن ف خ	ويُنْفَخُ	· · · ·	بُنْشِرُوْنَ
ن ف و	24	ن مس د	بنفر
ن ف ر	يَنْفِرُوْا		بنفترك
ان ف ع	يُقْعُ ا	, , ,	ينفثرنا
	<u>بَنْ</u> بَنْنَكُمْ		بتعثرنيه
, , ,	يَنْفَعْنَا	, , ,	يَنْفُرُونَ يَنْفُرُونَ
, , ,	بْغَنْوْنَكُمْ*		بَعْرُونَكُمْ*
ن ف ق	مُنْفِقُ	, , ,	بَنْتَعِيرُوْنَ
	مينفقوا		بنصروم
, , ,	م بْنْفِقُوْنَ	ن ط ق	بنطق
ن ف ی	مِنْفَوْا	, , ,	يَنْعِلْقُونَ
ن ق ذ	و يُقِدُونَ	ن ظ ر	بنفاز
, , ,	بَسْتَنْفِلُدُّنَ	, , ,	بنظروا
ن ق ص	وفقص	, , ,	يَنْظُرُونَ
	٠ وو م بنقصوم	, , ,	بَدْنَهَارُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن می	بَتْنَاهَوْنَ	ن ق د س	ره ده ه ينقضون
ن و ب	مِنِيْثِ	ن ق م	بَنْغَفِّمُ
ن ی ل	مِنِيْبُ بَسَالُ	ن ك ث	بَنْكُكُ
	يَنَالُمُمُ	. , ,	ؿڴؙڡ ۠ۯؘۮؘ
	بَنَالُوا	اد ك ح	بْکِخُ
	يَن ارُ نَ	, , ,	٠٠٠ مِثْكِوْنَ
ه ب ط	14	, , ,	بنكيخها
م ج د	ميما يبر	, , ,	بَشَيْعُهَا
, , ,	مِهَاجِرُوا	י פ כ	ښکور
2 5 4	بَهْجَعُونَ		مبتكرونها
ه د ی		ن <u>ك</u> ف	بَشَثْكِفُ
, , ,	ڇڻو ڇڻوني	ن می	بنهی
, , ,	يَهُدُوْنَ	, , ,	اللهُ
	<u>بَ</u> وَيُ	, , ,	بَهْاَمُ
, , ,	<u>ئىدىن</u>	, , ,	بَنْهُوْنَ
	ڇپيٽي سڄٽڏوا		بَثْنَهِ
	مَ عْ مَدُونَ يَعْمَدُونَ	, , ,	يَنْهُوا
, , ,	بَهْنَدِي		ينهو يَنْهُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ج د	بَيْدُوْنَ بَجِدُوْنَ	ه ر ع	وه روه چرعون
ر ج ه	4.5	1 3 .	يَسْمُدِئُ
و ح ی	يۇجئ	, , ,	يَسْجُدُ فُونَ
, , ,	ĩ.	. , ,	يستهزأ
, , ,	يوخى	4 5 4	سَيْزَمُ
و د د	\$ 50	۵ ا د	يُبْلِكَ
, , ,	َ بَوَدُّوْ ' بَوَدُّوْا		الْبِكِيَّا
, , ,	وَ ادُونَ بُو ادُونَ	, , ,	مُبْلِيكُوْنَ
وذر	وَيَلْوَكَ	۵ و ن	يُونَ ا
, , ,	فَلَدُرَها	ه ی ا	14.
. , ,	يَذُرُونَ	ه ی ج	6
و ر ث		ه ی م	يَيْنُوْنَ
, , ,	رَ فَيْ	ر ب ق	د وي ويفهن
, , ,	بَرِث بَرِيْق بَرِيْقِوْنَ	و ت ر	بَيْدِيمٌ
, , ,	وَرَئِي	ر ث ق	بويق
, , ,	مُؤدِم ا	ر ج د	بَين
و د ی	ئ وَادِيْ	, , ,	بجيذك
, , ,	بَتُوَادٰی	, , ,	بَعِدُوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
وع ظ	يَعِظُهُ	و ز د	ؘڕۣڒؖٷؽؘ
	يُوْعَظُ	ودع	بُو ْذَعُوْنَ
, , ,	يُوْ عَظُوْنَ	و س و س	ئۆسۈش
وع ي	مو موْنَ بوغوْنَ	و من ف	يَصِفُوْنَ
و ف مش	مُوْ فِينُوْنَ	و من ل	بَعِيلُ
ر ف ق	مُرَيِّدُهُ	, , ,	يَعِيلُوّا يَعِيلُوّا
و ف ی	بُوَفِيْهِمْ	, , ,	بَعِيلُوْنَ بَعِيلُوْنَ
, , ,	مُؤَفَّ	, , ,	بۇمل
	يُوَقُلُ	و مس ی	بوميئ
, , ,	يُوفُونَ		بۇمنېخ. بۇمنېخ
, , ,	بَتَوَفُّ		ۇ ۇمىيْنَ
, , ,	بَنَوَمًاكُمْ	و مضع	بَعْنَعُ
· · ·	بَنَوَقَاهُنَّ	, , ,	يَمَنَعْنَ
, , ,	بَنَوَقُوْمِمْ	وط1	يَطَكُونَ
, , ,	مِتَوَ فُوْنَ	وع د	تعــد
, , ,	بَسْنَوْ فُوْنَ	, , ,	مَدُكُهُ
ر ان د	يُو فِدُونَ	, , ,	وْعَدُونَ
	مُوْقَدُدُ	وعظ	بَيِظُكُمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ل ی	َ يَنْوَلًا	و ق ع	بُونِعَ
, , ,	يَنُوَكُ اللهِ	و ق ی	بُوْقَ
, , ,	بَنَوَلُوْا	1. 1	يَنْقِ
, , ,	بَنُوَلُّوْنَ	, , ,	يَّقَ
و م ب	يَبَدِ	, , ,	يَّهُوْنَ يَ تَقُو ْنَ
ای ۱ س	يَيْأَشُ	, , ,	بَقْدِ
ی و م	بَتَوَلُّوْنَ بَهَبُ يَيْأَسُ يَوْمَفْذِ	و ك ا	ؠ ۜ ٙڲٷؙ۫ۯؘ
100		و ك ل	بَ نَ وَكَّلْ
	. *1		ؠ <i>ؘ</i> ۊؘڴؙ ڵ ۅ۠ڹؘ
- 2		ولج	ۗ بُونِيعَ بَنْقُونَ بَنْقُونَ بَنْقُونَ بَنْقُونَ بَنْوَكِمُلُونَ بَنْوَكُلُونَ بَنْدِيْ بَعْرِيْ بِعْلِمِ بَعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بَعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ بِعْلِمِ مِنْ الْمِورِ بِعِنْ مِنْ الْمِورِ بِعِنْ الْمِورِ مِنْ الْمِورِ مِنْ الْمِورِ مِنْ الْمِورِ مِنْ الْمِورِ مِنْ الْمِورِ مِن الْمِورِ مِن الْمِورِ مِن الْمِورِ مِورِ مِن الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِ الْمِورِ مِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ مِورِ مِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ الْمِورِ
	, a	, , ,	و با
		و ل د	بَـلِهُ
æ	æ	, , ,	يَلِدُوْا
	-	, , ,	و َلَدْ
		و ل ی	يَلُوْ نَكُمْ
			ئۆڭ بگۇنگم ئۆگىم
	No.	, , ,	وَ أُذِكُ
		, , ,	ؠٞۅؘڷؙۏػ ڡؙؚٷۜڒ۠ؽؘ



النون

AOY 857



Root	Word	Root	Word
ت بع	نَيِّعُ	ا ت ی	تأت
, , ,	نَلِّبْكُمُ	, , ,	ئان .
, , ,	نَتَيْعُهُمْ		ئۇپ
ت ر ك	نَتُرُ كُ	ا خ ذ	نَتَّخِذَ
ت ل و	نَتْلُوْ	ب ل و	نَبْلُوْكُمُ *
<u>ٺ ب</u> ر	مِيَّةٍ فِي تُعْلِث	ااخر	10 10
ج ذ ی	ڹؘۘڎؚؽ	1 4 1	تا كل
, , ,		ا م ن	ئُ وْمِنَ
, , ,	ڹ ؘۼ ۯۣؠڡ ۻۘٲڒؚؽ	ب د ل	نُبَدِّل
ع ع ل	نَجْعَلُ	ب ر ا	نَبُرُأ(هَا)
, , ,	مُعَلَّمُ الْمُ		تَبَرَّأ
ج و ب	بُجِبْ	ب ش ر	فبتثر
ج و ز	تَتَجَارَزُ	ب ط ش	نَبْعِلِشُ
ح ش ر	بَودِ ع م شر	ب غ ي	نَيْغِيْ ا نَبْغِ
, , ,	نَووو مُحشر مُمُ	, , ,	نَبْنَغِيْ
ا ح ف ظ	مَحْفظً	ب . ل	نَبْيَلِ
ح ر ذ	نَسْنَحْوِذْ	ب ر ء	بُوَّى
ح ی ی	غَبْاً	ب ی ن	فرين نبين

Root	Word	Root	Word
د ر ج	سَنَسْنَدْدِ جَهُمْ	ح ی ی	ب. نمين
د ر ي	نَدْدِيْ		نَسْنَحْيْ
دع ر	نَدْعُ	خ ت م	عَيْمَ مُ
	مَنَدْعُ	خ د ج	م. بخرج
, , ,	-ەمە ئدغو	خ ر ق	نَخْوِجُ غَوْدُ قُ
, , ,	بدعوه مدعوه	خ ز ی	برة أ تغورى
د ل ل	نَدُلُّكُمُ	خ س ف	تخييث
د و ل	نُدَاوِكُما	خش ی	سه ۱ مخشی
ذ ك ر	نَذْكُرَكَ	خط ف	مَتَخَطَّفٌ
ذ ل ل	ْ نَدِكَ	خ ف ی	بره بخنق
ذه ب	نذهبن	خ ل ف	عظفه
ذ و ق	يُنهُ	خ ل ق	عَلْقُكُمْ
. , ,	لَدِيقة	خ و د س	تخوص
, , ,	مذيقهم	خ ر ف	خَفَافُ
د ای	وگی		مِرَ مِن عُفُو فهم
	زَاكَ	د خ ل	مَدُّخُلَهَا
	نرآهٔ		، نَدْخِلْكُمُ
	ب بری	, , ,	م. نُدُخِلُهم

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ب ح	تبتك	ر ا ی	يُرِيَكَ
س ب ق	نَسْلَبِقُ		گریک گرینگک برپیم تربیم تربیم
س ج د	نَسْلَبِقُ نَسْجُدُ	, ,, ,	بريين
س خ د	تَنْتَرُ ثُنَادِغ ثَنْيَعُ نَنْيَرُعُ نُنْيَرُعُ مُنْيِرِعُ	ر ب ص	يَّرِيَّ و نُوبِص
س د ع	نُسَادِعُ	ر ب و	رُبِّكَ مُ
س قط	نشفط	ر د د	َرُدُ رُدُوُلُكَ رُدُوُلُكَ
س ق ی	نَبْئ	ر ز ق	
, , ,	نُنِيمُ	, , ,	ر در در ر د قهم
		ر س ل	زُسِل ^ه زُسِلهٔ
س لا خ	ئَيْنِهُ تَنْخُهُ تَنْخُهُ تَنْوَقُ تَنْوَقُ	ر و د	ۇيىل ئۇرۇ ئىرۇ ئىرگۇرۇ
س ل ك	نَسْلُكُمُ '	٠, , ,	سَرُادِدُ
س م ع	نَسْمَعُ	زی د	َرِدُ ﴿
س و ق	نَدُهُ وَ	. , , ,	سَنِوْنِدُ
س و ی	نسوّى	, , ,	ڔ۫ؠؾػؙ
, , ,	نُسَوِّنِكُمُ *	, , ,	ِ زُدَادُ
س ی ر		س ا ل	شَالَكُ اللهُ
ش ر ح	نُسَيِّرُهُ نَشْرَحُ		ئىداً لَنَّ
شرك	نشرك	س ب ح	سبقع

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ب د	۔ ه دیا نغب	ش ه د	نَشْهَدُ
ع ج د	تنجز	ش ی ع	نَصَاهُ
٠	نَعَدُدُ		تَصَأُ
ع ذ ب	نَمَذَّبُهُ	ص ب د	
	_مرَسِّومه سنعذبهم	ص ر ف	تَمُّيِرَ نُعَرِّكُ
ع ف ر	ر پیوروه سنگلبهم نمف نمف	ص و ب	نَمِيْدِ
ع ت ل	سيل	ض ر ب	ئيبب تغيرُبَهَا تغمَّرُهُمُّ معمَّدُهُمُّ
ع ل م	نتشآ	حش د د	نَعْنَطُونُهُ
ع ل ن	نَمْلِنُ	ض ی ع	نجنبع
ع م د	مَسْلَمَّ مُلِنَّ مُسَرَّرُمُ	ط ب ع	<u>مَ</u> مَطْبَعُ
عال	نَعْمَلُ نَعْوُدَ	طعم	مُطْمِعُ
ع د د	نعود	, , ,	تَعْلِيثُكُمْ
	نَعُدُدُ	طمس	نَطْمِسَ
, , ,	نِيْدُكُمُ *	ط م ع	<u>مَلْمَ</u> عُ
, , ,	سَنْعِيْدُ كَمَا	ظ و ی	نِيْنِيْهُ نَطْيِعَ نَطْيِقَ نَطْيِقَ مَلْمِيْنِ
ع د ن	نَسْنَعِيْنَ	ظلل	ةَنَفَلَا _ت ُ
غ د ر	نَسْتَعِيْنُ ثَفَادِرْ	ظ ن ن	مَطُنِّ
غرق	ده وو. نغرِ قهم		نَطْنُكُمُ ۗ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق رر	أغرا	غ ف ر	تنفيز
ق ص ص	رو ۾ نفص	ف ت ن	نه بوه فيهم
, , ,	نَقْصُصْ	ف رغ	سَنَفُوخُ
قع د	مَوْمِ نَقْمُدُ	ف ر ق	مبر م نفر ق
ق ل ب	مُقَلِّبُ	ف ص ل	مُغَصَّلُ ا
ق و ل	مَوْلَ ^م ُ	ف من ل	نَفَعَنَّال <i>ُ</i>
ق و م	فينم	ن ع ل	كفكل
ق ی مش	ئىغىم مىلىقىم مىلىقى	ف ق د	تفقية
ك ت ب	نَکْ نُبُ	ف ق م	تلقة
, , ,	سَنُكُنُبُ	ق ب س	َهُ ٰتِيِّنْ
اك ت م	تَغْنُبُ سَنْکُنُبُ سَکُمُّمُ سُکَدِّبُ	ق ب ل	مَتَغَبَّلُ مُ
ك ذ ب	مُكَدُّبُ	ق ت ل	سَنْقَتُلُ
ك س و	تكسؤ كما		مُعَالِقًا
ك ف ر	تَكُفُرُ	ق د ر	نَعُدِدَ
ك ل ف	منكلت	اق د س	فيين نقدس
ا ك ل م	مُكَلِّمُ	ق ذ ف	ن ت َّذِفُ
, , ,	تَكُلُّمُ تَنكَلَّمَ	ق د ۱	نَقْرَقُهُ
ك و ن	نَكُ		سَنْقُوثُكَ

VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ذ ر	نَذَرُ	ك و ن	تگن
و ر ث	نَرِئ تُؤرِث سَلَيمُهُ		علق ت نگو ُن
• • •	ۇر ئ	ك ى ل	تَكُتَلُ
و س م	ستتيئة	الع ب	نَلْمَتُ
و من ع	تغنت	العنا	المنام
رع د	مَنْتُمُ تَوَرُّيْنَكَ تَوَكُّلُ وَلُوْ	لقى	ئلْمَبُ نَلْمُنْهُمْ سَنْلُقْ
و ف ی	تَوَقَّيَنَّكَ	م ت ع	مرعامه عنعهم
و ك ل	تَتَوَكَّلُ	3 3 6	تمثة
و ل ی	مُولِّهِ مُولِّهِ		يَدُمُ
, , ,	ئوَلُ	م د و	تمنيق
ی س د	نيسرك	م ن ع	عَنْعُكُمْ
, , ,	فَسَيْسَرُهُ	م و ت	گَنِيل مَنْمُكُمُ مَوْك
-		م ی ر	گیرد دیگیم نتیجم تنجم
		ان ب ا	م ^{یلا} دی فلیم
72 2	1	۵ ر د	مُثْلِكِ
	*	رج د	بَيَدْ
		و ح ی	ۇ°چى
	*		م نويخپار



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Root	Word	Root	Word
ب ل و	لِيْبَلِ (كُرْ)	J 4 1	لَا كِلُونَ
	لَبُتُكِيَنَ	, , ,	لِلْاَ كِلِيْنَ
ب و ء	لَنْبُوْ ، جُمْ	ا م ن	وه م. لَتُوْمِينَ
ب ی ت	لَنُيْنَزُ (هُ)	, , ,	م. لَتُوْمِئَنَّ
ب ی ن	الأبين	, , ,	لَبُوْمِنَّ
, , ,	اِئْبَيْنَ	ب ت ك	لَبُنِيًّا كُنَّ
	لَيْكِنَ	ب د ل	لَيُّدُّلَبُّمُ
	Page 1	ب د و	لِيُّدِيَ لِنْبَقِّرَ
, , ,	34 14 34 34 34	ب ش ر	لِنُبَشَّرَ
, , ,	لِيُتِينَ	ب ط ء	لَيْعُلِّمَنَّ
, , ,	لِبُيَئِنَ	بع ت	لَيْعَانَ
اب ر ۱	لَبُوْتُهُمْ	, , ,	مريم لتبعثن
ٹ ب ت	لِيُنْهِبُونَ	ب ك ي	ن ِيْكُوْ
ج د ل	لِيْمَادِلْوَكُمْ	ب ل غ	لِتَبْلُغُوا
اج د ی	لَنَجْزِيَنَ	ب ل ر	لَبَلُوَنَكُمْ
, , ,	لِبَعْزِبَكَ		لَيْلُوِّنَّكُمْ
3 2 5	لَاجْمَلَنَّكَ		لَثْبَلَوْنَ
, , ,	لِنَجْمَلَكَ	. , ,	لِيُنِلِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ، د	لَبَحْيِلُنَّ	ع ع د	لِنَجْعَلَهُ
	لِيَعْمِلُوا	, , ,	جَاَعِلُوْ نَ
ح ن ك	لَآخْتَيِكَنَّ	513	لَجْمَنَنَّكُمْ
ح ی ی	اِنْحْقِيَ	ح ب ط	لَبَحْبَطَٰنَّ
, , ,	لِنْجِيَ لَعْمِينَةً	ع ج ب	اَحَجُو بُوْنَ
	لِحَبَانِيْ	ح ر ق	لَنُحَرَّقَةُ
خ د ج	لَحَوَّجْنَا	ح ز ن	لِيَحْزُنَ
, , ,	اِتُغْرِجَنَا	, , ,	لَبَحْزُ نَنِيْ
	لِنُحْرِجُوْا	ح س ن	للحينات
, , ,	لَنُخْرِجَنَكُمْ لِبُخْدِيَ لَنَهُ مِن	ح ش ر	لَنَحْشَرَجُم لَنَحْشَرَجُم
خ ذ ی	لِيُحْزِىَ	ح ص ن	لِتُعْمِنَكُمُ *
خ س د	لَحْاَسِرُ وْنَ	ح مض د	لَنْحُضِرَ جُمْ
خ ف ی	لِيَسْنَخْفُوا	اح ك م	لِتَعْمُ
خ ل ف	لَبْسَنَخْطِفَهُمْ	, , , ,	يلتنجيغ
د ح ض	لِيُدْحِفُوْا	ے ل ف	لَيَحْلِفُنَّ
د خ ل	لَنَدْخُلُنَّ	1 1 2	الأ حِلَّ
. , ,	لِلَدُّخُلُوْا	2 1 6	لْنَخْي ِلْ
	لَا دُخِلَنَّكُمُ ۗ	. , ,	لِنَحْمِلَهُمْ

R	oot	1	Word	Root	Word
٠,	ح	ر ر	لَآرْجَنَكَ	د خ ل	اَدُونِ لَيْدُخِلَنْهِم اَنْدُخِلَنْهِم
•	,	,	لَزُ جُمَّنَّكُمُ *	د ی ن	لَدَ بِنْوُنَ
۵	3	١	لَرَآدُونَكَ	ذ ب ح	لاَدْمِينَهُ
	,		لَوَ دُوْ دُوْنَ	ذ ك ر	لِلَدْكُوُوْا
ی	د	,	لَتُوُدِيْنِ	ذ و ق	لَذَاثِقُوا / الْعَذَابِ
ق	ز	ر	لَيْزُزُقَهُمْ	, , ,	لَا ذَمْنَاكَ
,	,	,	لَإِذْقُنَا	, , ,	فَلَنُذُ يُقَنَّ
J	س	ا ر	لَزُّ سِلَنَّ	, , ,	لَنْدِ بِقَهِم لَنْذِ بِقَهِم
•	,	,	لَوُّسَكُوْنَ	. , . ,	لِلْذِيْفَكُ
و	ض	,	لِيرَّمَنُوهُ	, , ,	لِيَدُوْقُ
,	,	,	لِلْأُمْنُوكُمْ	ر ای	رَا بُنَهُ
ی	ق	ر	رُوَيْكَ	, , ,	لَتَرَمُونُّ نَ
,	,		فَلْيَرُ تَقُوا		لَزَاها
ب	2	١	لَنَوْ كَبِنَ		اِنْدِيَهُ
,	,	,	لِثَرْكُوا		لِعُدِيمُ
ق	J	ز	لَيْزُ لِفُوْ نَكَ		الِيرِ مِهْمَا
J	,	ز	لِنَوْوْلَ	, , ,	لِيرُّوْا
د		3	ۘڰؘٳ۫ڔ۫۠ <u>ؠ</u> ٙڹٙۜڴؙ	ر ج ۴	لَرَجَهُ اَكَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ل ك	لِنَسُلُكُوْا	ز ی د	لِيَوْدَادُوْا
س ل م	يتثيغ	, , ,	ڷؘؠ۬ٙۯؠ۠ۮڗٞ
اسعع	لتسمعن	زی ن	لَا زَيْنَنَّ
س م و	لَبْسَمُونَ	اسالا	لَتَسْأَلَنَّ
س ن ن	لِيُنَّتِتَ	, , ,	وَلْبَسْأَلُوا
اس و ء	لِبَسُوْ فَوْا	, , ,	تَشَأَلُنَ
س و ی	لِنَسْتُووْا	, , ,	لِبَنَسَاءَ لَوْا
ش ر ب	لِلصَّادِ بِيْنَ	س ج د	لِأَبْعَدَ
ش ر ذ م	لَيْرُ ذِمَةً *	س ج ن	لَيْسَجُنَّةُ
ا شرك	لِشْرَكَالِمَا	, , ,	لَيْسَجَنَّ
ش ق ی	لتفق	اس ح ر	لِتَسْعَرَ نَا
ش د د	لِيَشْهَدُوْا	س د ق	لَسَادِ قُوْنَ
ش و ب	كقوا	س ف ع	تشقيا
ش و ی	لِلشَّوٰى	س ق ی	لَأَسْفَيْنَاهُمْ
ص ب ح	لَيْعَبِعَنَّ	س ك ن	لِتَسْكُنُوا
ص پ ر	لَنَصَبْرَتَن	, , ,	يتثكن
ص د د	لِيَصَدُّوا	, , ,	نَـُنكِنَّنَّكُمْ · لَتُنكِنَّنَّكُمْ ·
, , ,	رية • بده ليصدوم	اس ل ط	لَــُكُعْلَمُ ا

Root	Word	Root	Word
طوف	وَلْبَطَّوْهُوا	ص د ق	لَصَادِثُونَ
, , ,		, , ,	لَنَصَّدُ قَنَّ
ظنن	اِلمَّاالِفِيْنَ لَآخُلُنگُ	من رف	إنضرف
, , ,	لَاَ ظُنْتُهُ	ص ر م	اِنَصْرِفَ لِعَرْمُنَهَا
ظمر	لِيُظْهِرَهُ	ص غ ا	إتَصْغَلَ
ع ب د	وليعبدون	ص ف ح	وَلْبَصْفَحُوْا
, , ,	إنبينو	ص ل ب	الأَمَلِنَكُمُ
عدل	اِنْبَ نْدِ لِآخُول	مر نع	لِتُعْنَعَ
ع د و	لتعتدوا	ص و م	لِتُعْنَعَ طَلْعَتْنَهُ
ع ذ ب	لَمَدَّبُ لَمَدَّبُهُ لَاعَدِّبَتَهُ	من ح ك	فَلْيَضْحَكُوا
, , ,	لَعَذَّبهم	مض ر ب	وَلْيَضْرِبْنَ
, , ,	لَأَعَدُّ بَنَّةً '	ض ل ل	وَلُبْضِٰرِ ۚ ثِنَ لَبُضِٰلُنَا
ع ر ف	فَلْعَرَ فُتْهُمْ	, , ,	العيناتوا
, , ,	لِتَمَارَفُوْا	, , ,	لَأُصِلَةٍ مِنْ الْأَضِلَةِ مِنْ
, , ,	لَتَغُرِ فَنَّهُمْ	مضی ق	لِنَعْنَبُقُوا
ع ر ل	لَغَزُوْلُوْنَ	طلع	لِمُعْلِمَكُمُ
ع س د	يلامراي	طمن	لِبَطْمَثْنَ
ع ف ف	فَلْيَسْتَمْفِفْ	طدر	لِعَلَيْزَجُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ ی ظ	لَغَائِفُلُوْنَ	ع ف ر	وَلْيَعْفُوْا
ف ت ن	لفينيانو	ع ل م	كتليت
ف ج ر	لِيَغْجُرَ		لَنَعْلَثُ
ف د ی	لأفتدوا	, , ,	لَبُعَ لَنَّ
, , ,	لِيَفْتَدُوا	, , ,	يتم
ف رح	فَلْبَغَرُ حُوا	, , ,	لِمُلَّمَةً
ف ری	لِتَفْتَرِيَ	ع ل وای	لَتَمْلُنُ
ف ز ز	لَبَسَيَغِزُّ وَ لَكَ	, , ,	لَمَالِن
ف س د	لَفَسَدَياً	ع ۽ د	لَمَنْرُكَ
, , ,	لَتَفْسِدُنَّ	3 0 6	لَمَادُوْا
, , ,	لِنُفُسِدَ	, , ,	لَتَعُودُونَ
	ليفسيدوا	غ ر ق	لِنُغْرَقَ
ف ت ه	لِيَنْفَقَهُوا	غ ر م	لَمْ مُوْنَ
اق ت ل	لَا تُتَلَنَّكَ	غ ر ر	لَنُغُرُ رَبُّكَ
	لِآفتُلَكَ	غ د ر	لَاَ سُنَفْفِرَ نَ
اق ر ا	لِتَقْرَأَ:	غ، ل ب	لَا غُلِيَنَ
ق ر ب	لِلْفَرَّبُوْنَا	غ و ي	لَا غُو يَتَّهِمْ
ان ر ن	وَلْيَفْتُرِ فُوْا	غی ر	ڡٙ <i>ٚ</i> ڵؽۼٙؾؙۯڹۜ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ك ى د	لَا كِنْدَنَّ	ق مس ص	فَلْتَقْصَنَّ
ل ح ی	يلمني	ق مض ی	لِبَقْضِ
ل ط ف	وَلْيَنَلَطَّفْ		لْيَقَضُوا
ل ف ت	لِتَلْفِتَ	اق طع	المُ تَعَلَّمَنَّ
ل ق ي	لَتُلْقَ	اق ع د	لاَ فعدنَ
, , ,	مَلِيُقِهِ	ق و ل	لَتَفَوُلَنَّ
م س خ	لَشَخْنَاهُمْ		لَبَغُو أَنَّ
م س س	لَيَمَتَّنَّ	ق و م	لِقَوْمِكُ
• • •	لَبَسَّنَكُمُ	<u>اك</u> ب ر	لِثُكِيْرُوْا
م س ك	لأنشكت	اك ت م	لَكُنْتُونَ
م ك ر	لِتَنْكُرُوْا	اك ف ر	لَا كُفِّرَتَّ
1 1	لَّا ثَلَاثَنَّ		كَنُكُفِّرَةً
7 7 6	وَلْمُثَلِلْ	اك م ل	اِنْكِيْلُوْ ا
م ن ی	وَلَامَنَّيْهُمْ	اك ن د	َيَّ بَيْر لَكُنُوْد
ن ب ۱	فَلَنْنَبَّغَنَّ	اك ر ن	5.5°
, , ,	لِتُنْبَوُّكَ		يە ئون كَن َكُو ْنَنَ
ن ب ذ	ا تُبُيدَ	, , ,	تنفو ^ن لَکُوْناً
ن ب ذ	لَنْبَدَدً		بلوه لَيْكُوْنُنَّ
ن ج و	لَنْجَيْنَهُ	ك ي ٠	بِکَیْلاَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
و س ع	ڲٷؙڝڡ ٷڹٙ	ن ذ ر	لِيُنْذِرُوْا
و س م	لِلْنُوَسِّينَ	ن ز ر	لَنَّدُعَنَّ
و مض ع	لآؤمنتوا	ن ر ف	لَنَسْفَتُهُ
وط ا	لِبُواطِنُوا	ن مس ر	لَيَنْصُرَنَّ
و ف ی	لَيُوفِيهِم	, , ,	كتنعر
, , ,	لَوْفُو مَ	ن خلار	لِنَفْلُرَ
	وَكُبُونُوا	د ع م	لِآنْمُيهِ
و ق ت	لِوَقْتِهَا	ن ف س	مَلْي َتَنَافَي
, , ,	لِلْغَاتِ	ن ك ب	لَنَاكِبُوْنَ
ر ق ع		ن ر ا	لَتَنُونِ ا
و ق ی	لِوَقْهَنِها طُلْبَنْقُوا	, c	لَمُلُمَتْ
و ل ی	فَلَنُوً لِّبَنَّكَ	ه د ی	لَنَهْدِ يَنَّهُمْ
, , ,	لَبُوَلُّنَ	. , ,	لِنَهْتَدِيَ
و م ب	لِآمَبَ	4 J •	لِبَهْلِكَ
ی ق ن	لِيَسْتَيْقِنَ		يتليكيم
ا ت ی	الأنيس	ر ج د	لَآجِدَنَّ
, , ,	وَلُسَأُتِ		لَتَجِدَنَّ
	لَتَأْثِينَ	و ح ی	لَيْوُ حُونَ
, , ,	لَتَانِيَكُمُ	و ذ ر	لِيَذَرَ

المسيم

ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
ا م ن	مُؤْمِنُوْنَ	ا ت ی	مأنيا
, , ,	مُؤْمِنِيْنَ	, , ,	الْمُؤْتُونَ
, , ,	مُؤْمِنَةٌ	ا ج ل	مُؤَجَّملاً
, , ,	مؤمنات	ا خ ذ	مُنْخِذَ
ا ن س .	مُسْتَأْنِينِنَ	, , ,	مُتَّخِذِيُ
ا و ی	مَآبُ/مَآبًا		مُتَّخِذَاتِ
ا و ب	مَأُونُي / مَأْوَلَكُمْ	ا خ د	الْمُتَأَخِّرِيْنَ
, , ,	مَأْوَاهُ / مَأْوَاهُمٌ	ا ذ ن	مُؤَدِّنُ
ب ٺ ٺ	المبغوث	١ ر ب	مَآرِبُ
, , ,	مَبْثُونَةً	ا-وص د	مُؤْمَدَةً
, , ,	منبقتا	ا ف ك	مُؤْتَفِكاتُ
ب د و	مُبْدِئ(هِ)	. , ,	المؤتفكة
ب ر ا	مُبِرَّ وْنَ	1 2 1	مَأْ كُولِ
ب ر ك	مُبَادَكُ	ا ل ف	المؤلَّفَةِ
	مُبَادَكَة	ا م ن	مان (۴)
ا ب س ط	مَبْسُوْ مَلْتَانِ	. , , ,	مَأْمُونِ
ب ش ر	بُقرا	. , ,	الْمُؤْمِنُ
	مُبَقِّرِينَ	, , ,	مُؤْمِنا

VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN

Root	Word	Root	Word
ب ی ن	مُبِينَ مُبَيِّنَة مُبَيِّنَاتِ مُبَيِّنَاتِ	ب ش ر	مُستَبْفِرَةُ
, , ,	مُبَيِّكُوَ	ب ص د	مُبْعِرَةً
	مُبَيِّناًتِ	, , ,	بر مُبْعِيراً
, , ,	مُبِيْتَا	, , ,	جير مُبْصِرُوْنَ
ם יי נ	منار	, , ,	جيررن مُسْتَبْعِيرِ بْنَ
ا ت ب ع	مُتَنَابِعَيْنِ	ں ط ل	مُبطِلُونَ
, , ,	منبغون	بعث	مَبِعُونُ مَبْعُونُونَ
יי ע כ	مَثْرَبَةِ	, , ,	مَبْعُوْفِينَ
د د ت	مُيْمَ مَ نْ بُودًا	بع د	مبعدُون مبعدُون
ٺ ب ر	مَثْبُورًا	ا ب ل س	مبليئون مبليئون
ث ق ل	مُثْقَلُهُ	, , ,	مبلِيدِينَ مُبْلِيدِينَ
, , ,	مُثْقَلُونَ	ا ب ل غ	مَبْلَغُ/ مَبْلَغُهُمُ
. , ,	مِثْقَالَ	ا د د ا	بنيام.
ث ن ی	مَثْنَى		مبييا مبنتياين
, , ,	مَشَانِيَ	ا ب ن ی	
ج ذ ذ	جَدُودٍ	ا ر ء	مَّنِيَّةً مُبَوَّاً
3 6 9	الجؤم	بی ن	سبو. ۱ المَيْنُونُ
, , ,	مُغِرِّ مُوْنَ	, , ,	بيين المُشْتَبِيْنُ
* 1	-23.	1,,,	المسقبين

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ر ب	الجُوْرَابِ	ج د م	م. مجر مین
, , ,	عَادِ بْبَ		تجوِمِیْنَ مجوِمْنِهَا
. כ נ	المحرَّداً	ج ل س	الجآلي
ح ر ف	مُتَحَرِّفا	213	بَعْوْعٌ
ح د م	المحروم	, , ,	الْجُمُومُونَ
, , ,	الْحُرُّوْمُوْنَ	, ,	مُخْتَمِعُوْنَ مُ
· · ·	عَوَّمُ .	, , ,	بقر بحثم
ے س د	تخشؤرا	اج ن ف	مُتَجَانِفٍ مُتَجَانِفٍ
ح س ن	تخين	ج د د	م. و مجنون مجنون
	م. م. م.	٠ . د	الجُمَّامِدُوْنَ
. , , ,	تخيينين	, , ,	الجُامِدِينَ
ح ش د	عَشُورَةً	ج ر ب	مُوْدِ
ح من ذ	عَمَنَة	, , ,	ني. الْجِيْبُونَ
, , ,	تغيين	ج و د	مُنتَجَادِدَاتُ مُنتَجَادِدَاتُ
	تخصِنَات	ے ب ب	تُنَّة
ح ض د	تحضرا	٦ ج د	عَجوراً
. , , ,	مُحْضَرُ وْنَ	ح د ث	مو مدي
, , ,	المحفقرين	اح ذ ر	عَدُورا

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ت ۲	عُنْوُم	ح مض د	وه عنصر
خ ذ ل	عَدُولا	ح ظ ر	عَنْلُوْداً
خ ر ج خ	تغرّجا	. , ,	المختفل
. , ,	عُوْجَ	ح ف ظ	عَفُوظِ
, , ,	مخر مجون	ے ك م	4
, , ,	عُخْرَ جِينَ	, , ,	مُعَكَمَاتُ
, , ,	الخرجين	ح ل ق	تُعَلِّقِينَ
خ د ی	تخزى الكآفرين	335	يُعِلَيْ
خ س د	الخييرين	, , ,	عَيْلًا
- خ د س د	عَصْوْدٍ	ے م د	تخؤدا
خ د س ر	تخفترة	ح و ز	مُنَحَيِّراً
خ ف ی	لمشتغن	ح و ط	تجنيط
خ الد	عَلَدُونَ	, , ,	تجيفا
خ ل ص	تخلصا	ے ی ص	يَبني
, , ,	مُخْلِصُونَ	حی ض	الجينني
, , ,	تخلصين	ح ی ی	عَبَاحُ
خ ل ف	عثلفت	, , ,	تغاى
, , ,	الخلفون	خ ب ت	الخضتين

Root	Word	Root	Word
د م م	مُدْهَامَّتَانِ	خ ل ف	عْنَلِنيٌ
د عب ٺ	مَدِ ْبِنِيْنَ		عُ تَلِفُونَ عُخَتَلِفُونَ
ذ ء م	مَذْوُما		تختلفين
ذ ب ذ ب	مُذَبْدَبِيْنَ	. , ,	مُسْتَخْلَفِيْنَ
ذع ن	مُذْعِنِيْنَ	خ ل ق	عُلِقًة
ذك ر	مَّذُكُوْراً	خ م ص	غفست في
	٠ مُدَكِّرُ ·	خ ذ ق	المُتُحَنِقَةُ
, , ,	مُدَّكِر	خ ی ل	عُنَالِ الْحُنَالَا
۱ ۲ ۲	مُذْمُومٌ ما	د ب ر	الْمُدِّبِرَّاتِ
ر ب مر	وتاريو يو معر ب ص		4
	و-رسوه : متربصون		مُدْبِرًا مُدْبِرِيْنَ
	الْمُرَّ بِّعِيْنَ	د ث ر	الْمَدَّكُرُّ
ر ج ع	مَرْجِعُكُمْ *	د ح د	مَدْعُوراً
	مَنْجِعُهِم	د ح ض	الْمُرَحَضِيْنَ
ر ج ف	الْمُرْجِفُوْنَ	د خ ل	مُدْخَلَ
د ج ۴	الْمَرَّجُوْمِيْنَ		مُدْخَلاً
ز ج و	مَرْجُوَّا	٠ , د ر ر	مِدْدَاداً
, , ,	مُوجَوْدَ	د ر ك	مُدْرَكُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
د مش و	مَرْحَاهِ	, 5 ,	بِالْمُزَّحَةِ
	مَرْمنَاتِي	, כ נ נ	مَرَةً
, , ,	مترينيا		مَرَدًا
رع ی	الْمَرْعَىٰ		مَرْدُوْدٍ
, , ,	مَرْعَاهَا	ر د ف	مُرْدِفِينَ
رغم	مراغا	ر س ل	مُزيِل
ر ف د	المرفود		مُرْسِلُوا (النَّاقَةِ)
ر ن ع	الْمُرَّ فُوْع		مُرْسِلِيْنَ
. , ,	مَرْ فُوْعَةٍ ؟	, , ,	مُزيلَة "
ر ف ق	يرمكن	, , ,	الْمُوْسَلُوْنَ
	المرَافِقِ	, , ,	المُؤْمَلَاتِ
	مُرْ تَفَعًا	ر س و	مُرْسَاهَا
ر ق ب	م، يَقِبُونَ	ر ش د	مُرْشِداً
ر ق د	مَنْ قَدِناً	ر ص د	مَرْمَدِ
ر ق م	مَنْفُوْمٌ		المرصاد
ر ك ب	مُمَرَاكِبًا	ر من من	مر موص
ر ك م	مَزَيْرُمُ *	ر من ع	مُرْجِنَعَةِ
ری ب	مُرْمَاتِ	, , ,	المرَّامِنعَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ح د	الْمُتَخَوِيْنَ	ر ي ب	مُرِيْبٍ
س خ ر	المُسَجَّرِ	ز ج ر	مره بروا مرد جو
, , ,	مُسَخَّرَاتِ	ذ ج و	مربحاة
س ز د	مَسْرُ وْرًا	ن ح ن ح	بمزخزحه
س ر ف	خشرك	زم ل	ألمز ممل
, , ,	مُسْرِ فُوْنَ	ز ی د	مَنِيْدِ
	تشرفين	س ا ل	مَسْتُولاً
ا س ط ر	مَسْعُكُودِ	. , ,	مَسْتُولُونَ
	مُسْتَعَلَوُ	س ب ح	الْمُسَبِّحُونَ
س غ ب	مَشْغَبَة	, , ,	المسبين
س ف ح	مَنْفُوْما	س ب ق	مَسْبُو فِيْنَ
	مُسَافِيْنَ	י ט יי נ	مَسْتُوراً
	مُسَافِحَاتِ	س ج د	مَسْجِدٌ
اس ف ر	مُسْفِرَةً	, , ,	تساجة
س ك ب	مَنْكُوْب	س ج د	لمسجور
س ك ن	مَسْكُوْنَةٍ	س ج ن	الْمُسَجُّو نِينَ
, , ,	مَسْكَنِيمْ	س ع د	سَنْحُوْدًا
·, , ,	مَسَاكِنُ		سحورون سحورون

Root	Word	Root	Word
ش ء م	المكأمة	س ك ن	المشكنة
י י ש מ	مُفْتَبِها مُتَقَابِهِ	. , ,	مِسْكِينِ
	متقابع		<u>مَ</u> سَاكِيْنِ
, , ,	مُقَضَابِهَاتٌ	س ل م	مُثلِنة
ش ح ن	المشحون	, , ,	مُسْلِبًا مُسْلِيَنْ
ا ش ر ب	مَشْرَبَهُمْ	, , ,	مُسْلِيَنْ
	مَضَادِبُ	, , ,	مُسْلِماًيت
ش رق	الْمُشَرِقُ		مُسْتَسْلِكُونَ
, , ,	الْمَشْرِ قَيْنِ	س م ع	مُسْبِع
, , ,	مَشَادِقِ	, , ,	م. مُسنَمِده
	مُشْرِفِيْنَ		مُسْتَمِعُونَ
شرك	مُشْرِكِ	ا س م و	مُسَتَّى
	مُشْرِكُوْنَ	س ن ن	مَسُئُو ْنِ
, , ,	مُشْرِكِيْنَ	س و ه	المُدِي المُدِي
	مُشْرَكَةِ	ا س و د	مُسْوَدًا
	المشركات		مُسْوَدَهُ
	الْمُشْرِكَاتِ مُشْتِرِكُوْنَ	ایس و م	مُسَوِّينِ
شع د	المُشَعْرَ	, , ,	مُسَوَّمَةٍ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص د خ	عِمْرِخِكُمْ *	ش ف ق	مُشْفِقُونَ
, , ,	بمفرخق		مُفْفِقِينَ
ا مس ر ف	مَعْرِفا	ش ك ر	مَشْكُودا
	مَضُرُوْفاً	ش ك س	مُتَفَاكِمُوْنَ
ٔ من ف ر	معنفرا	ش ك و	كِفْكَاةِ
ا من ف ذ	مَعْفُوْلَةٌ	ش م د	مَشْهَدِ
ا من ف و	مقتني	, , ,	مَهُودٍ مَشْہُودٍ
, , ,	مُعَسَىٰ الْمُسْطَلَىٰ	ش ی د	مَفِينَٰدِ
من ل ح	المكيلج	, , ,	مُفَتَّدَةٍ
, , ,	مُعْلِحُوْنَ	ص ب ح	مُصْبِحِيْنَ
, , ,	المعليبين	. , ., ,	مِعْبَاعُ
ا ص ل و	مُعَسَلُ	, , ,	بمَصَابِبْحَ
, , ,	المُصَلِّينَ	ص د ع	مُنْصَدَّعا
ص ن ع	مَصَانِعَ	ص د ق	درو یا مصدق
ص و ب	مَصَانِعَ مُعِيْبُهَا	, , ,	المُصَدِّقِينَ
, , ,	مُعِيْبَة	, , ,	المنعتذين
ص و د	المُعَوِّدُ	, , ,	المتُصَدُّقاَتِ
ص ی ز	المُعَيِرُ		المُصَّدِّقاَتِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
طمن	مُطْمَعُلِّينَ	ص ی ر	مَعِيْدَكُمُ
ط م ر	مُطَبِّرَةً	ض جع	المُنَاجِع
	المُعْلَمِرُونَ	, , ,	الْمُنَاجِع مَفَاجِمِيمْ
. , ,	الْمُتَعَلَّمِيِّ ثِنَ	مض ر ر	المفتعكرة
. , ,	المطَّبِرِينَ	, , ,	مُعَنَادٌ
طوع	مُعَلَاعِ	ا من ع ف	مه يه م. مستعنمفون
. , ,	الْمُطَّوِّعِيْنَ	, , ,	مُسْتَعَنْمَفِيْنَ
طوی	مَطْوِ يَاتُ	, , ,	مُعَنَاعَفَةً
طی ر	مُسْتَطِيرُ آ		ألمنيفون
ظلم	مُظْلِياً	ض ل ل	مُعِنِلُ
, , ,	مُطْلِبُوْنَ	, , ,	المُعِنَّلَيْنَ
	مَظْلُوْماً	طنن	ِلْعُلْفَقِيْنَ
ع ت ب	المُعْيَيِينَ	ط ل ب	الْمُطَلُونِ بُ
ع ج ز	مُعَاجِزِيْنَ	طلع	مَطْلِعَ
	مُعَاجِزِيْنَ مِمْنِجِزِ	, , ,	مُطَّلِمُوْ نَ
, , ,	مُعْجِزِيْ	ط ل ق	المُعْلَقَاتِ
	مُعْجِزِيْنَ	طمن	مُعْلَمَتُنَّةً
3 2 8	مَعْسَدُوْدٍ		مطمئين

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ر ف	مَثرُونَــةُ	3 3 8	مَعْدُودَةٍ
ع ز ل	مَعْزِلٍ		مَعْدُوْدَاتِ
ع ش د	مِعْشَادَ	ع د ر	مُعْنَد
, , ,	مَعْشَرَ		، ورو. المعندونَ
ع ص ر	المغيرات		المُغْتَسَدِيْنَ
ع ص ی	متمسنة	ع ذ ب	معستقيهم
عطل	مُعَطَّلَةِ	, , ,	مُعَدُّبُوهُا
ع ق ب	مُعَقِّبَاتُ الْمُعَقِّبَاتُ		مُعَذِّ بِيْنَ
, , ,	مُعَقِّباًتُ	ع ذ ر	مَعْــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
ع ك ف	مَنْكُوْ فَا		مَعَاذِيْرَهُ
ع ل ق	كَالْمُلَّنَّتُ		الْمُمَّذِّرُوْنَ
ع ل م	متلوع	ع د ج	مَعَادِجُ
, , ,	مَعْلُوْمَاتِ	ع د د .	مَعَرَّةُ
	مُعَلَّا	, , ,	المُنَرَّ
ع د و ای	المتعال	ع ر مض	مُعْرِضُوْنَ
ع م د	منعمدا		مُعْرِّ حِنْيْنَ
3 7 6	مُعَثَرِ	ع ر ف	مَعْرُووْ فَكُ
	مُعَثَّرِ المُعْمُودِ	, , ,	مَنْرُوْ فأ

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ اف ر	مَنْفِرَةً	ع ر د	مَعَادِ
, , ,	المُسْتَغْفِرِيْنَ	ع و ذ	مَمَاذَ
غ ل ب	مَغْلُوبٌ	ع د ق	الْمُعَوِّ قِيْنَ
غدد	مَغْلَوُلَةً	ع د ن	المشتَعَانُ
غ ن م	مَفَانِمَ	عی ش	مَعَاشاً
غ ن ئ	مفنون	, , ,	مَيِبْفَة
غ و د	مَغَادَاتٍ		مَعَابِشَ
	المفجرات	ع ی ن	مَعِيْنِ
غ ی د	مُعَيِّرًا	غ ر ب	الْمُغَوْبِ
	فَالْمُغِيْرَاتِ	, , ,	المُغَرِّبَيْنِ
ف ت ح	مَفَنَّحَةَ	, , ,	المُفَارِبِ
, , ,	مَفَاتِح	غ د ئ	مَعْرَ قُوْنَ مَغْرَ قُوْنَ
ف ت ن	الْمُفَتُونَ	, , ,	المُغْرِّ فِيْنَ
ف ر ر	المفرج	غ ر م	مَغْرَيا
ف ر مش	مَغْرِوصنا	غ س ا	مُغْتَسَلُ
ف ر ق	مُتَفَرَّقُ	غ ش ئ	المُغَشِّيِّ
, , , , ,	مُنَفَرُ قُونَ	غ من ب	المُنْفُنُوبِ المُنْفُنُوبِ
ف زی	مُفْيَر		مُغَاجِنياً

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ب مض	مَقْبُونَة	ف ری	وه يروه ب مفترون
ق ب ل	مُتَقَابِلِيْنَ	, , , ,	مَفْتَرَى
, , ,	خشتفيل		مُفْتِرِينَ
ق ت ر	المقتر		مُفْتَرَبَاتٍ
ق ح ۴	مُقْنَحِمُ	ف س د	المفسيد
اق د ر	مَقْدُوْرا	, , ,	مُفْسِدِيْنَ
, , ,	مِقْدَارَ	, , ,	مۇسىدۇن مفسيدۇن
, , ,	مُغْتَدِدٍ	ف مس ل	مُفَعَّلاً
	مُقْتَدِرُوْنَ		مُفَصَّلَاتٍ
ق د رس	المقدَّسِ	ف ط ر	تمنُّفَعِلا
, , ,	المقدَّسَة	ں ع ل	مَنْعُولًا
ق د م	الْمُستَقَدِّمِيْنَ	ف ك ك	مُنفَكِينَ
ق د ر	مُعْتَدُونَ	ف ل ح	المُفْلِحُوْنَ
ق ر ب	مَفْرَبَةِ		المفلحين
	الْمُعَرَّبُونَ	ف ر ز	مَفَاداً
, , ,	المُقْرِيْنَ		مَفَازَةٍ
	مُسْتَعَرُّ	ق ب ح	المقبوكين
	مشتفزا	ق ب ر	المقاَبَرَ

VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ل ب	مُنْقَلَبٍ	اق ر ف	د. مُقَّرِ فُونَ
	مُنْقَلَبٍ مُنْقَلِبُوْنَ مُنْقَلِبُوْنَ	ق ر ن	مُغُ رِ نِیْنَ
	مُتَعَلَّبَكُمُ مَفَالِدُهُ		مُقْبَرِ نِيْنَ
ق ل د	مَقَالِيْدُ	ق س ط	المُقْسِيطِيْنَ
213	مقمون	ق س م	مَقْمَوْم
ق م ع	مَقَامِعُ		فألمقس كأت
ا ق ن ع	مَفَامِعُ مُفْنِعِيْ مُفْيْنا مَفَامُ	, , ,	المقنسِمِيْنَ
ق و ت	مَفِيْنا	ق مس د	مُفْنَصِدُ
ق و م	مَقَامُ		مَقْتَصِدَهُ
	مَقَامِیْ	ق ص ر	مَقْصُوْ رَاتُ
	المفآمة		مَقَصِّرِ بْنَ
	لمقيم	ق ض ی	مَفْعِنِبًا
, , ,	مُقِيْم الْقِبَيْدِينَ	ق ن ط ر	المقنطرَةِ
	مُسْتَفِيمًا	ق ملع	مَعْطُوعٌ
ق د ی	الْمُعْوِيْنِ الْمُعْوِيْنِ		مَفْطُوْعَةٍ
ق ی ل	مَفِئلاً	قع د	مَقْمَدِ
ك ب ب	مَفِيْلاً مُكِتُ	, , ,	مَقَاعِدَ
ك ب ر	منتكبر	اقع د	مُنْقَمِر

Root	:	Word ·	Root	Word
ر ن	1	مَكَأَنِّ	ك ب ر	ٱلْمُكَدِّنِ
	,	مَكَانَتِكُمْ	. , , ,	مُسْتَكْبِرًا
ی د	1	مَكَا تَكِكُمُّ الْمَكِبْدُوْنَ	, , ,	مُسْتَكْبِر بْنَ
ی ل	এ	الْمِكْيَالَ		مُسْتَكُبُرُوْنَ
<u>ال</u> ك	4	مَلَكُ	ك ت ب	مُسْتَكْمِرُا مُسْتَكْمِرُان مُسْتَكْمِرُون مَكْنُوبا مَكْذُوْب الْمُكَذِّرِب
	,	مَلَكَيْنِ	ك ذ ب	مَكُذُوْبِ
, ,	•	الْلَائِكَةِ		الْمُكَدِّبُوْنَ
ج ا	J	مَلْجَأ		الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ
ے د			ك ر م	الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ مُمَّرِمٍ مُكَرَّمَةِ
	J	مُلْنَحَدا مَلُمُوْنِيْنَ مَدَ		مُكَرَّعَةِ
, ,	,	الْلَكُونَة	. , ,	مُكُرَ مُوْنَ
ق ی	J	مُلاَقِ	, , ,	مَكْرَمِيْنَ
, ,	,	مُلاَقِ مَلاَفُوا	ك ر م	'مَكْرَ مِنْهَنَ مَكُدُّ وْهَا
, ,	,	مُلاَفِيْكُمُ مُلْقُوُنَ الْلُقِيْنَ مُدُونَ	ك ظ م	مَكْظُوْمٌ
, ,	,	مُلْقُونَ	ك ل ب	مَكُفُلُوْمٌ مُكَلِّبِيْنَ مُكَلِّبِيْنَ
, ,	,	ٱلْكَيَيْنَ	ك ل ف	المتكلفين
, ,	,	الْمُلْقِياَتِ	ك ن ن	مَكْنُوْنِ
۰, ,	,	الْمُتَلَقِّبَانِ	ك و ن	لَكُاناً

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن س ا	مَنْسَأَةَ	7 1 3 3	مَأْجُوْجَ
ن س ك	مَنْسَكَا	م ا ی	مِأْقَة
, , ,	مَنَاحِكُمُ مَلْمِبًا	, , ,	ۗ مِأْ تَنَيْنِ مُيُّدُكُمُ
ن س ی	مَنْسِبًا	ا م د د	مُدِّكُمُّ
ن ش ا	الْمُنْفِيثُونَ	ا ۹ د د	35%
, , ,	المنشكأت	ام د د	مستير
ن ش ر	مُنَشَرَةً	م د ی	الْمُمْتَرِيْنَ
. , ,	مُنْشَرَةً مُنْشَرِ بْنَ	م س ك	مُستَمْسِكُونَ
, , ,	مُنتَشِرُ	ن ٿ ر	مَنْتُورا
ن مس ر	الْمُنْصُورُونَ	ن ج و	مُنَجُّوْكَ
, , ,	كمنتقير		مَرَجِي مِي مُنجُومٌ
, , ,	مُنْتَهِرٌ مُنْتَهِرِيْنَ	ن د ي	المُنَادِ
ن مض د	مَنْصُودٍ مَنْطِقَ	ن ذ ر	مُنْذِرُ
ان مل ق	مَنْطِقَ	4, 6, ,	مُنْدِرُوْنَ
ن ظ ر	مُنْظُرُونَ		مُنْذِريْنَ
,	المنظَرِينَ	ن ز ل	مُثْذِدِ بْنَ مُتُولًا
	مُنْتَظِرُوْنَ	. , ,	مُنْزِلُوْنَ
, , ,	الْمُشْظَرِ ْبنَ	, , ,	ٱلْمَوِلِيْنَ

ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن و ب	مُنِيْب	ن نس ر	مُسْتَنْفِرَةً
, , ,	مينيين	ن ف س	الْمُتَنَافِسُوْنَ
ن و ر	المنيني	ن ف ش	المنفوش
ن و مس	الْمِنِجُو مَنَاصِ مَنَام	ن نبع	مَنَافِعُ
ن و م	مَنَام	ن ف ق	المتفيقين
, , ,	مَنَامِهَا		المنأفقات
م ج ر	مُهَآجِرُ		الْمُتَأْفِقُوْنَ
, , ,	مُهَاجِرَاتِ		المنآفيين
, , ,	الْمُأْجِرِ بْنَ	ن ق مس	مَنْقُومِي مَنْقُومِي
ه د ي	مهنسد	ن ق م	معرورة مُنْتَقِمُونَ
	م. مهتدون	ن ك ب	مَناكِيها
	المُهَنَّدِئ	ن ك ر	مُنْكِرَةً
, , ,	المُهْتَدِيْنَ		المنكر
1 3 .	مريع فيه وري	, , ,	مُنْكِرُ . الْنُكُورُ الْنُكُورُونَ
, , ,	الْمُشَهِّرُ ثِينَ	ن م ج	مِنْهَاجا
٠ ن م	مَهْزُومُ	ن د ی	المنتهى
مطع	مهطيين	٠, , ,	منتهآما
۵ ل ۵	مَثِلِكَ	, , ,	موجيع منهون

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ز ن	مَوْزُوِّي	۵ ل ۵	مهليكؤا
	الْمُيْوَانِ		مثلكي
, , ,	الْمُوَاذِيْنَ	, , ,	المككن
ا و س خ	المؤسيع	ه م د	را مهير دور
و مس ی	مُوْمي	ه م ن	المينية
و مض ع	مَوْمُوْعَةُ	ه و ن	تميين
	مَوَاعِنِيهِ	, , ,	أينينا
و مش ن	مَوْضُونَوْ		عَهَانَا
وطا	مَوْطِئا	می ل	مَبِيْلاً
وطن	مَوَاطِنَ	ر ب ق	_ مُوبِفاً
رع د	مَوْعِدُ	ر ث ق	موثيقا
	مَوْعِدا	, , ,	مْيثَاقً
• • •	مَوْعِدُمُ	, , ,	مِيثَاقَهُ
	مَوْعِدُهُ	ر د د	مَوَدَّةً
, , ,	مَوْعِدِيْ	و د ع	مُسْتَوْدَعُ مُسْتَوْدَعُ
, , ,	الْمُؤَمُّودِ	و ر ث	مِيْرَاتُ
	الْمِعْبَادُّ	و ر د	َ الْمُؤَرُّرُدُّدُ الْمُؤَرُّرُدُّدُ
وعظ	مَوْعِظَةً	و ر ی	فَالْمُؤْرِ بَاتِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ل د	مَوْلُوْدٍ	و ف ر	مَوْفُوراً
و ل ی	الْمُوَّلُ	و ف ی	الْمُوْفُونَ
	مَوْلَاكُمْ *	. , ,	مُنَوَقِّبُكَ
	مَوْلاَنَا	و ق ت	مَوْ قُوْ تَا
, , ,	مَوْلاَهُ	·	مِيْقَاتِ
	مَوَالِي		مَوَاقِيْتُ
, , ,	مَوَالِبُكُمُ *	و ق د	المُوْ فَدَةُ
و م ن	مُؤْمِنُ	ر ق ذ	الْمُؤَقُّوكَةُ
ی س د	مَيْسُوْدًا	و ق ع	مُوَافِعُوهَا
	مَيْسَرَةِ	, , , ,	يقواقع
	المبتير	و ق ف	مَوْ قُوْفُونَ
ی ق ن	مُوْقِبُونَ	و ق ي	المتفون
, , ,	مُوْقِنِيْنَ		الْمُتَّقِيْنَ
	بِمُسْقَيْقِيْنِ	و ك ا	مَّنَكِئُوْنَ
ی م ن	المُنْتَنَةِ		مُنْكِئين
			ؙؙمُنْكَأ
(******)	(*******)	و ك ل	الْمُتَوَكِّلُوُنَ
		, , ,	الْمُتُوَكِّلِيْنَ

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Program of Islamic Studies

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Vocabulary of the Holy Qur'an

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